The great American \$100 billion hoax

By Cedric Belfrage

THE most gigantic hoax in history is now all set to be perpetrated upon the The most gigantic hoax in history is now all set to be perpetuated upon the much-hoaxed American people, in a desperate effort to shore up an economy bogging down in unsolvable dilemmas. The nature of this \$100,000,000,000 hoax of "atom defense" has now been admitted by an authoritative publication which does Americans a service by speaking for big business with more frankness than tact. the year the pump-priming Marshall

"BILLIONS FOR ATOM DEFENSE WILL BE NEXT PUMP PRIMER" is the headline on the story in the June 16 U.S. News & World Report. Here is the essence of the hoax as U.S. News reveals it:

Making a place to hide from the A-bomb is to cost billions, remodel the U.S., open the biggest public-works plan in history.... Build-up of sentiment for civilian defense is scheduled to start later in 1950. Planners are busy now deciding what to sell the country and how to sell it. They figure that they have hold of a program that, in years just ahead, can serve as a vast pump-prim-ing enterprise in the event armament, for-eign aid and other Government activities are not big enough to keep husiness at a high level.... Plans now being drawn up include Gov-

Are not big enough to keep business at a high level.... Plans now being drawn up include Gov-ernment outlays for public works that would cost 100 billion dollars . . . (and) other billions in private funds to be spent for the defense of factories and families. in the event of a business slump, the planners will have a pump-priming pro-gram ready geared to defense in the atomic age.

CEMENT'S THE THING: What the CEMENT'S THE THING: what the plan boils down to is to "save" monop-oly capitalism by setting it to work dig-ging its own grave. "Shelters," U.S. oly capitalism by setting it to work dig-ging its own grave. "Shelters," U.S. News finds, "are vital in an atomic blast"; the nation must therefore be prepared to duck under 12 inches of concrete (21 inches in the case of fac-tories). For war industries, "mines, caves, tunnels are recommended." The picture is of a future. Amongo first dig picture is of a future America first dispicture is of a future America first dis-persed geographically and then dug into holes. For those businessmen whose pumps will be thus primed at the people's expense—especially those in the cement business—it is a picture of some years more of fabulous profits before final catestrophe (or certified before final catastrophe (or certified insanity mercifully intervenes)



Washington Post

Svengali

First step in selling the hoax is an intensified nation-wide campaign to instil fear in the people—fear of a so-cialist country across the world which has never replied in kind to almost daily American threats to atomize it. this month with featured articles pointing out that an atomic attack on the America of today would "produce approximately the same panic and de-struction as were caused at Hiroshima." Since "latest intelligence reports" show such attack is no such attack is Times says editorially: in the offing, the

Obviously it will not be possible to get a big and complex job done quickly with-out some very powerful stimulus both to officialdom and to the public. The one real stimulus that would do the job, of course, is fear.

The Times set "mid-1952" as "the latest date by which the U.S. must have an operational air defense system . . . operating on a 24-hour basis." 1952 is

the year the pump-priming Marshall Plan is scheduled to end. If export of Coca-Cola sags that year, it will be bonanza time for the cement business.

I SPOT, THOU SPOTTEST: How army brass is touring the country spreading A-bomb jitters was told in the first story of the "atom defense" campaign in the GUARDIAN April 19. Since then the movement has gathered momen-tum. The country is divided into 20 defense areas, 8 controlled by the army and 12 by the National Guard. In the 27 states as yet having no legislation under which "defense" plans can be financed and implemented, the heat is on to make good the defect.

• In New York City Mayor O'Dwyer announced last week that a "compre-hensive" defense plan was almost ready. In the state, 95% of 22,000 volunteers needed to man 616 airplane-spotting posts are already recruited.

• In San Francisco, west coast mayors and officials met last week to "blaze a trail" for the rest of the country, with San Francisco's Mayor Elmer E. Robinson warning that coast cities are 10 hours' flying time from Soviet bases. Office of Civilian Mobilization chief Paul J. Larsen said "from 12 to 15 milchief lion volunteers" would be needed for civil defense. He told the mayors that "for purposes of planning it was as-sumed 20 U.S. cities would be bombed the first day and bombing would con-tinue over a three-year period." Admit-ting that bursting A-bombs would "have an effect on the blood count, bone marrow and so on," Larsen gave this reassurance: "The medical profes-sion is studying the matter." U. of Cali-fornia Medical School Deap Dr. Stafford fornia Medical School Dean Dr. Stafford Warren, however, suggested prompt evacuation of cities in the event of an attack, and added that he would "want Geiger counters going all the time on everything I ate."

Secy.-Treas. Eddie Tangen of the Marine Cooks & Stewards (CIO) made this comment on the mayors' meeting:

"It might have been productive if the mayors had discussed re-establishment of trade with China. West Coast workers are far more likely to die from starvation than from atom-bomb attacks."

• In Pennsylvania, recruiting of 13,-794 men and women to man 627 plane spotting posts began last week. In spotting posts began last week. In Louisiana Brig. Gen. Raymond Hufft, spokesman for a National Guard defense committee, told visiting Faul Larsen his state's program would be ready in June. In Iowa, plans for recruiting hundreds of spotter volunteers were completed last week.

AN IDEA FROM OREGON: "Mock A-bomb raids" are set to be carried out shortly on Chicago, Seattle and Washington to test their defenses. There won't be any planes, but local author-ities will be given "details" of the "at-tack" and then figure out what they would do to remove debris, control traf-fic, put out fires, etc.

Said the Oregon Journal, commenting on Seattle's coming ordeal:

Atomic war, if it comes, imposes a new and literally awful condition. The paralyz-ing effect upon the normal functioning of life in every particular will never be fully comprehended antil experienced.

If it could be understood "even a little," the paper added, "this nation's whole strength would now be dedicated to preventing such war."

Even a little understanding certainly Even a little understanding certainly would help. Whether the hoax can be carried through to its fantastic and disastrous conclusion depends on the extent to which unreasoning, man-from-Mars fear can be maintained and intensified among Americans.



Vol. 2, No. 30

NEW YORK, N. Y., JUNE 21, 1950



"... and THEY say MONKEYS are the craziest people!"

What the primaries mean to progressives PAGE 3	IN THIS ISSUE Book: "High Treason"
Negro unionists fix goal for all labor PAGE 5	

Won't you help, Mr. Acheson?

Dear Mr. Acheson:

We have heard a lot of speeches lately—yours and the President's. War isn't imminent, you both keep telling us, but we must be "prepared"—for the situation is grave, the menace of "Soviet aggression" still acute.

If our country is menaced, we're just as worried as you are. So we've ead all the speeches carefully, looking for evidence of this menace you and Mr. Truman speak about.

For the life of us we can't find any. But we can't believe responsible people like you and Mr. Truman would speak this way without evidence. So that's why we're asking you now if you won't tell us whether—and when—the Soviets since the war have:

(1) Established military bases at our borders;

(2) Borne down on Canada, Mexico or Peru and transformed them into ublics; People's Rep

(3) Incited by radio, thanks to their powerful "Voice of the Soviet on," Hawaii, Alaska and Puerto Rico to free themselves from the capital-Union," H ist yoke;

(4) Organized reconnaissance trips with Privateers flying over our American sky;

(5) Advocated, in speeches delivered by members of the Supreme Soviet, intellectuals, or scientists. the dropping of a Soviet atomic bomb on the U.S.A.

We did some research work in the papers and didn't find anything like this anywhere. There must be something rotten in the news services. Won't you help us out, so we can get our facts, dates and menaces straight?

Respectfully, THE EDITORS OF THE GUARDIAN.

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NATIONAL GUARDIAN



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Editor

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Vol. 2. No. 30 -178 JUNE 21, 1950

THE MAILBA

No takers, Mr. Mebane

<section-header><section-header><text><text><text><text> Rev. Clarence Duffy

Rev. Clarence Duffy BROOKLYN, N.Y. Mr. Mebane wrote: "Three para-straphs of the [Stockholm] appeal oraty: "We consider that sole and oratry: "We consider that sole and the would be the first..." Mr. Mebane hand the U.S. as booms against the Japanese people. Mr. Mebane has done a remark-able job of misquoting the passage. The appeal asys very clearly: "We wall regard as guilty of war crimes against humanity that government which first uses the atomic weapon against any country." Edge Goldberg, Edue, Director Bighton Beach YPA

EAST BURKE, VT. Publication of the Mebane letter was convincing enough. Start my subscription where his left off. \$1 Arthur Cloutier

Arthur Cloutier NEW YORK, N. Y. The bombs thrown on Hiroshima and Nagasaki, killing hundreds of thousands of people among whom were tens of thousands of children, was a war crime. You cannot blame all Americans for that, but you can justly blame those who did it. By the way, Mr. Mebane, after throwing the bomb on Hiroshima, which you justify as a war necessity (it was not), was it also necessary to throw the bomb on Nagasaki? Bamuel Halbstein OTTAWA. ILI.

OTTAWA, ILL. Daniel Mebane's tirade against the GUARDIAN was no surprise to me. Democratically, as well as other-wise, the New Republic has finally sunk to the level of the stone-throwing Pharisces; if not, perhaps, even lower. Seeing that the witch hunt is now on, and remembering the fact that Henry Wallace was once NR's editor, such a letter was the cheapest of ALL subterfuges, written lest its one-time "left of center" position might be remem-bered against it by the witch hunters. OTTAWA, ILL.

"Knowing what was IN man" (Jn. 2:25) it was easy for Jesus to predict these days: the days when those who would speak the traith (politically, as well as scrip-turally) would be hounded by the spineless, and brought before the

so-called benefactors. But t what? As irony would have a testimony against these ctors themselves. Mat. 10:21. J. T. Cox for just it, for

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: U.S. and

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request. Single copies 5c. Re-entered as second class matter March 17, 1950, at the Post Office

Executive Editor

Prison mail held up

NEW YORK, N.Y. Enclosed is the Mother's Day double postcard issued by the Na-tional Committee to Free the In-gram Family and my card to Mrs. Ingram, which was returned to me

by the Reidsville, Ga., prison au-thorities, According to Mrs. Maude White Katz, secretary of the Com-mittee, cards are being returned both to individual senders and in batches to the Committee. Protests are being requested—addressed to Gov. Talmadge of Georgia and Pres-ident Truman. Isn't there a postal violation which could be invoked against the prison officials for this obvious mallicous withholding of mail?

Elise Burke Council of American Women

Let Matthews know

Let Matthews know WASHINGTON, D.C. The GUARDIAN is to be com-mended for its support of Lt. Har-old K. Thompson Jr., USMC, in his general court martial proceedings now before Secy. of the Navy Math-ews for review. Thompson has been under continous arrest at Quantico, Va., on suspicious charges arising from his association with the Progressive Party and his de-fense of enlisted personnel under court martial charges and those exposed to racial segregation within the Marine Corps. The public should ask Matthews a few questions about the case.

Australia says 'Yes' MELBOURNE, AUSTRALIA It gives me pleasure to send you' fix subscribers (one each for the trenton boys) from this country, from cities 3,000 miles apart: Dar-win, Perth and Melbourne. A few works ago I was doubtful what ould be done to establish a fair durated with fascist legislation, autralia. As you must know we are threatened with fascist legislation, autralia de ght for our own "vanishing civil liberties." How-ever I explained the "G" to a few people, and asked if they were in-trest.

We wish you every success in your many and valiant fights ... say helio to Harry Bridges for us . . and feel now a greater kinship than ever before: united against fascism, united for world peace. Nance Macmilian

Australia says 'Yes'

John E. Rudde ex-Marine Office

mail

C886.

Peace, it's beautiful

Peace, it's beautiful NEW YORK, N.Y. Your excellent article about the peace campaign has brought won-ferent results. We have had re-quests from 26 states for informa-tion about our work and for peace patients. In many cases the writer has said: "We read in the GUAL DIAN that we could get petitions from you." There is certainly no people from end to end of the United States. It is good to know there is one widely read newspaper for whom here word "Peace" is beautiful and American, for whom the defense of peace is not subversive. Encoder Moore, Director Poor Based, Condersta States.

Stover shows how DES MOINES, I.A. Enclosed is my check for \$40 for subscriptions to the Guardian for the enclosed list of names. I want you to know that we greatly appre-ciated the good articles on the farm question, particularly the ar-ticles by Lawrence Emery. You are doing a wonderful job; for God's sake, please don't give up. F.W. Stover, President Iowa Farmers Union

The bootstrappers report

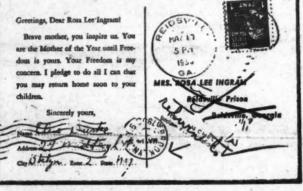
The bootstary LANSING, MICR. Just one more week of final ex-ams and I will get busy on this. Don't worry, I haven't forgotten-bon't sending me a list of about sending me a list of pribers from this area to con-Miguel P. De Cruz subsc tact?

FOND DU LAC, WIS. I always give my copy to various people to induce them to sub-

scribe. I shall certainly do all I can to increase the circulation. Wm. Geo. Mobray MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. Meeting has been held of some on list and it appears likely that some support for sustaining fund will be forthcoming. Women's Pro-gressive Club meets on June 20 and will take action. Judge Edward P. Totten

Delinquents, note!

PITTSBURG, PA. That final notice to delinquents frightened me. I don't want to be lopped off. The extra \$4 is for the best paper—to help keep it best. Wish its were more.



into more and more hands!

YEAR ago in this column NATIONAL GUARDIAN reprinted excerpts from our founding statement of Oct. 18, 1948. When we did so, we had grown from an original 5,000 readers

This week, a year later, we address 100,000 readers with these ne reminders of why the GUARDIAN came to life:

• Our editorial point of view is for the continuation and evelopment of the progressive tradition set in our time ranklin D. Roosevelt. develo

• We believe in expanding freedoms and living stand-ards for all peoples as the essential foundation of a world securely at peace.

• We believe, with FDR and Henry Wallace, that peace can be secured only by seeking areas of agreement among nations, rather than seeking areas of disagreement. nt among

• With FDR, we believe that: The Hberty of a democracy is not safe if the people tolerate the growth of private power to a point where it becomes stronger than their democratic state. That, in its essence, is fascism.

N the 20 months since the GUARDIAN came into existence with this credo, the liberties of the people have taken a constant buffeting at the hands of government acting on the instigation of private power; and the job of seeking areas of agreement among the nations of the world has come to a standstill.

But against this apparent tide of reaction, the readers of this publication have built a GUARDIAN circulation 20 times what it was when we published our first issue. 4hic

Perhaps this has happened (we would like to think) because of the excellence of the GUARDIAN. But as journalists we must search more deeply for reasons.

This has happened, rather, because of the uniqueness of the GUARDIAN.

THE GUARDIAN has become, in thousands of people's minds

THE GUARDIAN has become, in thousands of people's minds throughout the country, "the peace paper." It is the one and only peace paper reaching the people of every state, every major city, and some 5,000 communities of the country. We are deeply proud of this distinction, and we are just as proud of the many thousands of readers of this paper who have stinted and scraped, telephoned and written to friends, climbed stairs and rung doorbells in their neighborhoods to win more and more people into the family of "the peace paper."

OUR efforts together, readers and staff, have had an enormous Our entorts togetner, readers and stan, have had an enormous influence on the fact that today throughout America there are dozens, hundreds of grass roots peace movements, not all agreeing with one another on all points by a long shot but most certainly determined on one common objective, and that is to As one GUARDIAN reader expressed it, after attending the

Chicago Mid-Century Conference: "The 1,500 delegates and observers convinced me that not war but peace is inevitable."

WELL, now summer is a-coming in, and folks start thinking about vacations. Fine. We have earned ourselves a little respite.

But please, people, don't take a vacation from the mag-nificent job you have been doing, as individuals and groups, in bringing more and more readers into the family of "the peace paper

Our joint effort is paying off; we can't afford a letdown even

And getting "the peace paper" into more and more hands— spring, summer, fall and winter—is the best way we know of to win it.

'You see, I have a son, too' The talk of war is awfully close these days. Even in these last few weeks it has moved from CAPITOLA, CALIF.

This is a letter I wrote to John Gunther a few weeks ago:

e. Mr. Y. Stemberg

I have just read your book on the death of your son Johnny. It was painfully moving. I ex-perienced with you the desperate search for help, the clinging to hope, the preciousness of Johnny's last

Johnny's last months. The words of Frances, Johnny's

of Frances, Johnny's mother, could have been mine. You see, I have a son too, an only child—a boy of 14. Not as brilliant as Johnny, but bright. His teachers tell me I have a boy to be proud of—but even if he were not he proud of other even if he were not he would be infinitely dear to me, as Johnny to you, were he even a mediocre student.

JERRY GREENHOOT

I write on his account. On behalf of my boy -and my sisters' children and my friends' chil-dren-and the millions of children who ask, as Johnny did, for the right to live.



the uncomfortable future into a fearful pos-sibility. It made me think when I read your book: at least the Gunthers are spared the dread I feel. I said I wrote because of my son Jerry. But I speak for Johnny too. If he had lived he would

be nineteen now. Scientist that he was, the character of war today would be only too clear for him. If Johnny were alive he would be speaking—fighting—for peace. If he were alive he would ask you to use your talent and your public to fight for peace.

That is what I ask you to do. In memoriam for your son, speak while there is yet time. The more obvious things to do are essential.

Speak to your senators, your Congressman—the many others in high places who will give you an ear because of your prestige. More than that —use your pen. Write on peace, immediately, now, through as many avenues of publication as your commend as you command.

I think we should have further top-level scussions with the U.S.S.R.; even that is only die a beginning in the fight for peace, but we must

Will you take Johnny's place? Will you do at you can? Mrs. Flora Greenhoot what you can?

June 21, 1950

Help put 'the peace paper'

REPORT TO READERS

What the primary results mean: A challenge to progressive America

By Barney Conal

REPUBLICANS need to win only seven of 36 U.S. Senate seats to be filled in the fall elections to capture control of that chamber; erucial primary tests in Ohio, Illinois, California, Pennsylvania and Iowa give them cause to be pleased and hopeful. Of the 36 senators up for re-election, 23 are Demo-crate crats

Republicans and their Southern Democratic allies Republicans and their Southern Democratic alless have suffered no serious setbacks and have won a few striking strategic victories. Even apparent upsets like Claude Pepper's defeat in Florida and Joe Grundy's in Pennsylvania were victories for the party

FLORIDA: George Smathers, who beat Pepper, was supported by nearly all of the press and all of or-ganized business, which is as much statewide political machinery as ever existed there. Indicative of what is happening in Harry Truman's party was Smathers' post-election statement: though he campaigned like a Republican Joseph McCarthy, he found it not in-consistent to term himself a "staunch Truman Democrat."

PENNSYLVANIA: Republicans worked the Smath-ers-McCarthy tactic in reverse. James H. Duff was played up as a liberal maverick fighting the bad old Grundy machine. Actually Duff, as Governor, was in control of the Republican Party's machinery and patronage. His victory was not an upset. It was a knockout blow by the "modern" Republicans against an already weakened factional enemy.

NORTH CAROLINA: Democratic Frank Graham's victory, despite all his Pepper-like backtracking, is in even greater doubt now than before the primary. The June 24 runoff, in which he will be opposed by reactionary Willis Smith, will decide.

OHIO, IOWA, CALIFORNIA: Most revealing fact of the primaries in these states was that the Republi-

cans not only outpolled the Democrats but also gave their incumbents majorities which dwarfed anything the Democrats received. The Democrats had the contests, but the Republicans had the voters.

OREGON: Even here, where for the first time there were more Democrats than Republicans on the registration books, public interest, even among Democrats, centered on the Republican primary where another supposed maverick, Wayne Morse, was blessed with nation-wide publicity.

SUMMING UP: Thus the results so far have given the Democrats none and the Republicans at least four new or renovated figures to be publicized as men of presidential timber: Warren, Taft, Duff, Morse. Peculiar to all of these candidates, with the



exception of Taft, is their "sound liberalism". -the exception of Tart, is their "sound inberaism"—the Republican strategy for attacking the Democrats on their now exposed and almost destroyed left flank. There are three new glaring weaknesses in the Democratic Party's relations with the voters: • It is losing its once crusading spirit on social issues; after four years of unfulfilled promises, its weifare patter sounds hollow in the precincts.

• By adopting what was once exclusive Répub-lican property, red-baiting and jingoism, it is fright-ening its own people and permitting the Republican press to turn its own red-baiting against it, making

Democrats in many places fearful to admit publicly their affiliation.

• By their welfare-into-warfare program and budget, they are becoming identified by more voters as the War Party.

MENE, MENE, TEKEL: The more than 400,000 votes MENE, MENE, TEKEL: The more than 400,000 votes Communist Bernadette Doyle amassed in California single-handed (in a non-partisan election) on the simple issue of "peace for America's children" is the first large handwriting on the wall. Her question, in a race for a state-wide school post: "What welfare can there be for our children if there is no peace?", must inevitably take on national stature. The longer the two major parties and their press make peace subversive, the more explosive it is likely to become. Any slight break in the bipartisan foreign policy front or any series of strong showings by indepenfront or any series of strong showings by indepen-dent "peace-issue" candidates could work haves with the machine Democrats at the polls.

James Roosevelt, scemingly half a million votes behind California's Gov. Earl Warren, might pick up twice the votes Miss Doyle corralled by reverting to his father's foreign policy.

PEACE ISSUE IN MIDWEST: The religious and pacifist Midwest, only mildly aroused by the Brannan plan (as the small vote in the Iowa Demo-cratic primaries and the opposition even among Democrats reveal), is the base of the Protestant churches' anti-atom-war programs. Given the peace issue, the Midwest is likely to find that party labels are the easiest of hurdles.

For the progressives of America, the primaries reveal a chafing uncertain electorate impatient with and puzzled by the demagogic hogwash and becom-ing as anxious as the British for a voice on the "atom-war vs. peace" issue. Miss Doyle's surprising showing is likely to be their cue: to make peace and the welfare of a peace state their platform in every possible contest.

foot traffic. Unmentioned was the fact that the police tried forcibly to seize the mike, force O'Brien from his car.

the mike, force O'Brien from his car. O'Brien was cleared on two counts, found guilty of obstructing foot traf-fic, even though defense attorney Oliver S. Allen, PP state chairman, proved beyond doubt that at no time till he was arrested had O'Brien set foot on the sidewalk. O'Brien was fined \$10. An appeal will be taken this week in Suffolk Superior Court in Suffolk Superior Court.



Hungry Europe balks at U.S. policies

"THERE can be no peace in a world half-hungry and half-overfed," the Indian delegate told the recent Stockholm Conference of Agricultural Producers. Two-thirds of the world's 2,200,000,000 people are hungry, with Asia and Latin America hardest hit, the UN's Food & Agricultural Organi-zation announced last week. In Marshall Plan Europe there is 10%

In Marshall Plan Europe there is 10% less food per person produced than be-fore the war, according to Marshall Plan reports. Sen. Benton (D-Conn.) declared in Washington that Italy un-der the Marshall Plan shows "a picture getting poorer." He said he was "great-ly discouraged" because the U.S. has spent \$3,000,000,000 in aid there.

DOWN, DOWN, DOWN: A survey of the UN's Economic Commission for Euthe UN's Economic Commission for Eu-rope (ECE), discussed in Geneva, pre-dicted a further drastic downward re-vision of Europe's living standards when the Marshall Plan ends—if pres-ent U.S. plans (based on more cold war) are carried out. Western delegates prodded the U.S. to answer the Soviet offer of long-term grain agreements with the West. West Europe needs coarse grains to rebuild its livestock industry and non-dollar wheat to get out from under the dumping of the U.S. wheat surplus. wheat surplus.

For example, France, compelled by the Marshall Plan to increase its wheat acreage, how has a surplus for export but cannot sell to Western Germany, a traditional customer, because the Marshall Plan requires Germany to buy dollar wheat—paid by U.S. taxpayers. INDEPENDENT ACTION: In Wash-ington, the Agriculture Dept. sneered at the Soviet offer. The ECE took no

PEACE

"Peace" is nice word, cold warriors told

TOP U.S. officials last week ordered Administration spokesmen to talk peace, not war—a significant tribute to the growing strength of the worldto the growing strength of the world-wide peace movement. In an address at Dallas, Texas, Secy. Acheson used the word "peace" 19 times. But con-servative columnist David Lawrence noticed that Acheson still "talks more like a secretary of war than a secertary of peace." of peace."

Newspapers, long committed to cold-war talk, found the directive even more difficult to implement. Former Interior Secy. Harold Ickes wrote to the N.Y. Times complaining of its editorial treatment of Sen. McMahon's recent disarmament resolution. The Times edi-"Abandon all hope of peace ye who read these columns." The **Times** proved it in an obstinate, irrational reply.



Szpilki, Warsay

Military circles, worried by Europe's increasingly outspoken opposition to fighting a U.S. war against Russia, evolved a new propaganda line to the effect that new atomic weapons will eliminate the necessity of mass armies —an effort to counteract resentment caused by the London decision that Europe must provide the foot soldiers for the Atlantic Pact's "balanced forces.

Other peace developments:

FTALY: In Florence, Torres Bodet, Mexican director of UNESCO (UN Edu-

cational Scientific and Cultural Organization), suddenly resigned because UNESCO had turned down three proposals to work actively for peace. He finally withdrew his resignation under pressure from UN Secy. Gen. Lie and after securing a gentleman's agreement that UNESCO members will work for an improved peace program.

an improved peace program. U.S.S.R.: In Moscow, the Supreme Soviet took up the annual budget which allots almost twice as much to social, cultural and educational purposes as it does to the military. (The U.S. budget gives 7% to social welfare, etc., 48% to preparing future war.) "Peace is Keynote of Supreme Soviet" was the N.Y. Times headline on its Moscow story. story.

DENMARK: In Copenhagen Dr. Niels Bohr, one of the world's leading atomic physicists, wrote an open letter to the UN demanding that all nations drop atomic secrecy as a prerequisite to achieving a stable rather than an armed peace.

U.S.A.: Dr. Philip Morrison of Cor-nell University signed the World Peace

U.S.A.: Dr. Philip Morrison of Cornell University signed the World Peace Appeal with these words:
"As one of the men who with their own hands assembled the atomic bomb, I have never lost confidence that the people of the world will permit no such weapons by ending the wars which heing their terror."
The U.S. Youth Sponsoring Committee for the World Peace Appeal launched a drive for 1,000,000 signatures, rolled up 50,000 in three weeks. Representatives of AFL, CIO and independent unions from N.Y., Chicago and Detroit presented to Trygve Lie 150,000 signatures as the first installment on a pledge of 5,000,000 American signatures.
The West Virginia Methodist Conference, meeting at Charleston, endorsed a report calling for the U.S. to cooperate with the UN in outlawing atomic and biological weapons, and for the dissemination of peace literature throughout the churches.

BOSTON, MASS.

Billion \$\$\$ bank busts peace rally

CLOSE by a First National Bank branch in Boston's garment dis-trict last week, Walter O'Brien, director of the Progressive Party of Massachu-setts, was addressing 1,500 garment workers on peace, rent control, jobs and discrimination. A guard from the



Action. Paris

PEACE - FRENCH STYLE

This is how the world peace pledge— declaring an international criminal any nation that first uses an atom bomb—is being circulated in France. Signatures are solicited on a family basis, with a special space for the children.

bank (the FNB last week was in 24th place in a list of 50 corporations with assets over \$1,000,000,000) approached the sound truck and said to O'Brien: "You'll have to get out of here; you're disturbing the bank."

O'Brien continued speaking and the guard, who is also a regular city cop, with other police shunted O'Brien off to jail. The crowd shouted their disapproval.

IN A DARK ALLEY: Next day a leaf-IN A DARK ALLEY: Next day a leaf-let explaining what happened was dis-tributed on the scene. A policeman said to a distributor: "Some dark night a bunch of guys should get you in an alley and beat hell out of you."

O'Brien was held in \$325 bail, charged with using a sound truck with-out a permit, failing to move his car at the request of police, obstructing

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action. But Britain announced it would double its Soviet wood imports to build houses without draining dollar re-sources. Without the Bonn govern-ment's permission, the West German state of Lower Saxony concluded a trade agreement with East Germany. Russia and Finland sizened a six-year Russia and Finland signed a six-year pact (Finland's biggest ever). The N.Y. Times reported from Finland that the pact "removes the spectre of unemployment in this country.'

The world over, the U.S. and its cold war satellites are squabbling among themselves and running into difficulties:



Front, Brussele

Street corner in Europe BRITAIN: The Labor Party rejected the proposed French-German steel pool—a U.S. idea to make the U.S. dom-inant in West Europe's economy, while providing, as Business Week reported, "Western Europe with most of the arms it needs." Britain refuses to enter the "Western Europe with most of the atms it needs." Britain refuses to enter the proposed cartel without satisfactory guarantees for its own quotas of steel production and foreign markets.

JAPAN: Gen. MacArthur banned as "persona non grata" a London Times reporter. He had written that the re-cent ban on Tokyo demonstrations was unconstitutional, that the Japanese police had asked to be relieved of their guns because they feared retaliation if Japan went left. Through pet reporters, MacArthur was whipping up sentiment to retain U.S. armed forces and bases in Japan after the peace treaty, and even hinting the U.S. should do some-thing about Formosa.

PHILIPPINES: U.S. puppet President Quirino announced he favored more U.S. troops in the island, then reversed and attacked "U.S. imperialists." Peasand attacked "U.S. imperialists." Peas-ants under Communist leadership are fighting for land reform against a cor-rupt reactionary government, and are growing constantly stronger. Unpopu-larity of the U.S. policy in Asia was seen behind Quirino's sudden caution.

4 . A.

SOUTH AFRICA: The Assembly passed the Race Areas bill which will drive the nation into ghettos where natives and Negroes will be segregated. The African National Congress set a "Day of Protest" June 26. Indian and Pakistani organizations seek to bring the question before the UN. The South African government was also pushing a law to outlaw the Communist Party. savagely repressed protest demonstrations

UNITED NATIONS

Non-political aid plan gets under way

DELEGATES from Italy, Jordan, Cey-DELEGATES from Italy, Jordan, Cey-lon, Austria, Switzerland, Finland, Monaco and many other countries gathered at Lake Success last week to talk about UN technical aid to under-deve'oped areas. All Slavic UN mem-bers except Yugoslavia, and non-UN-member East European states who are members of the Economic Commission for Europe were absent because the for Europe, were absent because the

delegate from Formosa was there. The press misinterpreted the sub-ject of discussion by referring to it as "UN's Point Four." The UN technical

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aid program has been going on for four years and has nothing to do with Truman's Point Four: no political strings are attached to the aid.

That U.S. efforts to bend UN's pro-gram to fit Washington's foreign and colonial policies have had small success was indicated by the amount—\$12,000,-000—that Washington threw into the UN pot. This was naturally the largest on pot. This was naturally the largest single contribution, but it is a drop in the bucket compared with Washing-ton's political spending abroad. Never-theless U.S. pressures have managed to keep UN's program from developing on any major scale.

CROCODILE TEARS: Delegates from some countries (Chile, Pakistan) em-phasized self-help. From India and other Latin American countries came the view that too much money was being spent in Europe. Most under-developed countries are ex-colonies, wary of political domination through foreign capital.

Paradox of the conference was that most of the "overdeveloped" countries offering money aid and "know-how" offering money aid and "know-how" were the same imperialists who occu-pied the underdeveloped ones for cen-turies or decades, but gave no money or "know-how" then. Thus Britain or "know-how" then. Thus Britain showed itself full of solicitude for Bur-ma, Ceylon, India, Pakistan, etc.; France, for Viet-Nam, Syria and Leba-non; the Netherlands, for Indonesia. The colonial powers still have large interests in these lands and are not averes to expenditures which might in averse to expenditures which might increase the value of their investments.

Significantly, no-one paid any atten-tion to the African colonies, which could not rate as "underdeveloped" un-til they threw out the British, French, Portuguese, Belgians and Italians. But a total of \$20,012,500 was raised for the first 18 months to aid many countries that need it badly.

WASHINGTON

Mt. Fair Deal sires Soc. Sec. mouse

Washington only some tatters were left of the Fair Deal program and the President's bold campaign prom-ises. Congress, trying to clear the decks for mid-summer adjournment, would, it was clear, take no action on liberaliza-tion of unemployment insurance, on insurance, on health insurance, on federal aid to education, Taft-Hartley repeal, the Bran-nan plan, civil rights.



But the Senate was set to vote on reform of the Social Security system. The bill it was to vote on would, if passed, as seems likely, give the Fair Deal a crumb to boast about in the fall elections. GUARDIAN's Washington correspondent John B. Stone last week compared the Senate's inadequate So-cial Security bill with the Administra-tion's original proposals;

WORKERS COVERED: Proposed—ad-dition of 20,000,000 workers to the 35,000,000 now covered, and liberaliza-tion of payments. Senate bill extends compulsory coverage to only 8,300,000. and voluntary coverage (on the part of the employer) to another 1,700,000.

OLD AGE PENSIONS: Proposed minimum for man and wife over 65 (now \$10 a month)—\$37.50. Senate bill minimum-\$15; \$150 maximum man-and-wife payment to be retained, as proposed



WHO PAYS WHAT: Senate will prob-ably go along with House version of the legislation, passed last year, rais-ing amount of worker's annual wage taxed from first \$3,000 to first \$3,600. This would cost both employers and workers another \$9.0 year. workers another \$9 a year.

SENATE RAISES: In one respect the Senate bill improves on the earlier Administration proposal. A man covered for 12 years (rare at present), whose average income was \$100 a month, now receives \$42 a month if he and his wife are both over 65. Average payments are much lower—about \$38 or \$39—because few persons have been covered that long. Administration proposed to lift this group to payments of \$69.50; Senate bill makes it \$75.

FARMERS: Coverage extended to farm workers, if employed by a single em-ployer for 60 days during a quarter of a year, and domestic workers if employed in a private house for 24 days in a quarter. Non-farm self-employed are covered except physicians, lawyers, dentists, osteopaths, chiropractors, optometrists. Christian Science practitioners, naturopaths, veterinarians, cer-tified public accountants, architects and professional engineers.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE: Program ex-tended and liberalized, but not any-thing like Truman promised. The Sen-



ate Finance Committee reported that it

Was "greatly disturbed by the increasing bur-den on the general revenue caused by de-pendency in the U.S. Federal expenditures are running at a rate of \$1,100,000,000 un-year for public assistance as contrasted to expenditures of less than \$800,000,000 un-der the old age and survivors' insurance system. Your committee recognizes that the bill which is recommended for passage does not do the whole job. Public assist-ance can be reduced to a minimum only if the present aged have their needs met by some other program."

Rent control mascara

Yielding to the real estate lobby, the Administration asked for extension of rent control only until the end of the year—a gesture to save face for the Fair Deal program until after the elec-tions. Even this emasculated measure met strong opposition within the Democratic Party, and was passed only when Democratic whip Scott Lucas (Ill.) conwhen vinced committee chairmen they might lose majority control of the Senate in the November elections, and with it their chairmanship, if they didn't pass the bill.

Respectable contempt

The House Lobbying Activities Com-ittee, headed by Frank Buchanan D-Pa:), tried to investigate three exmittee, (D-Pa:), treme right-wing organizations: Joseph P. Kamp's Constitutional Educational League, Edward Rumeley's Committee Constitutional Government, and for Merwin K. Hart's National Economic Council. Financial supporters of Hart include the DuPont family, James Rand of Remington Rand, General Motors officials and others; of Kamp's League, Sears Roebuck, Greyhound Bus and other industrial companies.

The Committee's efforts to subpena records of these outfits met with out-right refusal from Kamp, partial re-fusal from Rumely and reluctant com-pliance by Hart. But the Committee has made no move as yet to cite Kamp

and Rumely for contempt as progressive organizations have been. (Kamp started a four-months prison term last week for refusal to answer questions by the House Campaign Expenditures Com-mittee in 1944.) A Committee questionnaire sent to 166 industrial corporations, asking data

on funds spent trying to influence Con-gress, roused the ire of some business men and congressmen. An official of the Inland Steel Co. refused to answer. Some congressmen demanded left-wing groups also be investigated. Buchanan said he would investigate unions and such organizations as American for Democratic Action.



Marcantonio enters the race to win

BACKED by assurances of an.unprecedented mobilization of American Labor Party forces and finances from Labor Party forces and mances from now until election time, N.Y. Congress-man Vito Marcantonio this week pitched into the three-party coalition against his re-election with the hope expectation of beating it come November.

In advance of a press conference making the race definite, Marcantonio told the GUARDIAN:

aking the GUARDIAN: "We are going into this fight with a peo-ple's coalition against a coalition of politi-cians and fakers. "The leaderships of the Republican, Democratic and Liberal parties, by mak-ing a deal among themselves in support of a so-called coalition candidate against the ALP, have deprived the people of their re-spective parties of the opportunity to choose their own candidate in their own party primary elections. "The politicians and the fakers are hid-ing behind the very convenient Wilson-Pakula law [excluding all but enrolled party members from primary, candidateles except by party consent] to deny their members a free choice. "They do not dare let me enter their primaries; so the people of the 18th Con-gressional District must wait until Novem-ber to express their disgust with the gang-up tactles of this coalition of politicians and fakers."

The N.Y. press was sharp-shooting at the Marc candidacy even in ad-vance of his press conference. It started with a dope story in the N.Y. Post-Home News of a split between ALP and Communists over alleged proposals to abandon the Marcantonio campaign for one in behalf of former City Councilone in behalf of former City Council-man Benjamin J. Davis, convicted Communist leader, for a State Assembly seat. Marcantonio promptly called the stories pure fiction and wishful thinking.

HE DON'T: Two other political nouncements in New York promised



JAMES G. DONOVAN Three zeros in one

dramatic new possibilities to the electoral scene. Governor Thomas E. Dewey announced he would not be a candidate for re-election this fall. Dewey's with-drawal left Lt.-Gov. Joe Hanley as the most eligible Republican available.

Dewey's announcement had scarcely left the front pages when a trial bal-loon was launched by the influential Affiliated Young Democrats for selec-tion of former Postmaster-Gen. James A. Farley to oppose Hanley.

A Farley candidacy has wildfire pos-sibilities among machine Democratic

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leaders, who have been shying away from other trial-balloon proposals in behalf of erstwhile liberals like Frank-lin D. Roosevelt Jr., Assistant Secretary of Interior Oscar Ewing and Supreme Court Justice Robert H. Jackson.

MORE BACKSLIDING? First reactions were that Farley's big corporation con-nections (Coca Cola, N. Y. Central R.R.) and his bitter opposition to FDR from 1940 on would discourage labor and liberal support.

liberal support. However, the coalition candidate against Marcantonio, James G. Dono-van, is a Farley Democrat; so the chances were that back-sliding laborchances were that back-sliding labor-liberal leadership would go along simi-larly on Farley for Governor if the Democrats decided on him. The rank-and-file decision, as Marcantonio point-ed out in connection with the gangup in the 18th Congressional District, would not be forthcoming until Flow. would not be forthcoming until Elecon Day. ALP's candidate for Governor will be tion

chosen along with candidates for Lt.-Governor, U.S. Senator and other state-wide offices at a state convention scheduled for Sept. 6 at N.Y. City Center Casino.

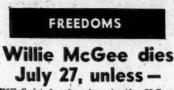
KANSAS CITY, KAN.

PP sets activities

HE Progressive Party of Kansas will The Progressive Party of Kansas with not run statewide candidates this fall, but it won't be idle. It will nomi-nate or endorse candidates for local office, a week-end Working Conference in Kansas City decided. It also set out a 7-point program, with the fight for peace heading the list. Delegates en-dorsed the Stockholm Peace Resolution and decided to work with all groups and organizations bucking the cold war

They demanded immediate passage of fair employment practices legisla-tion; protested recent Kansas City relief cuts and called for a minimum of \$100 a month; unanimously endorsed the resolutions and program of the February national convention of the Progressive Party; pledged support to the United Packinghouse Workers, CIO, in its drive to unionize the Swift and Wilson packing companies.

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THE fight for freedom in the U.S. was many-sided. Some fought in the courts, trying to hold off the legal lynching of Willie McGee in Mississippi or the Martinsville Seven in Virginia, or the jailing of more progressives.



Still others rang doorbells in their neighborhoods. Threats of greater as-saults came from legislators. Here are reports from some of the fronts:

McGEE-11th HOUR: Willie McGee was due to die in the electric chair July was due to die in the electric chair July 27, framed on a charge of rape. For four and a half years the Civil Rights Congress had kept him from the chair. Even now CRC was still fighting. New data was on hand, CRC officials said, that would warrant a new trial. They planned legal steps to get him one. But CRC Exec. Secy. William Patter-con was not relying on the courts Ha

son was not relying on the courts. He

MG: "The courts of the country have turned a deaf ear. Every arm of government in jimcrow America is playing its part in car-rying out a policy of terror against the Negro people."

Then he referred to the Martinsville Seven. Four of them are to die July 28, the others a week later.

The Governors of Mississippi and Vir-ginia can grant clemency. Their ad-dresses: Gov. Fielding M. Wright, Jackson, Miss.; Gov. William M. Tuck, Richmond, Va.

THE HOLLYWOOD 8: Authors Dalton Trumbo and John Howard Lawson were on their way from the Federal Jail in Washington to a prison in Ashland, Ky. The remaining eight of the Hollywood Ten paused in New York for a rally in

CHICAGO

Town Hall on Monday night. On Tues-day some at least were to appear in Federal Court in Washington. HOMES FOR MARTYRS: Here is where other U.S. political prisoners are being held:

eing held: Dr. Edward Barsky, Federal Reformatory, Petersburg, Va.; Howard Fast and Dr. Lyman Bradley, Federal Prison Camp, Mil-polnt, Va.; Dr. Jacob Auslander, Federal Correctional Institution, Danbury, Conn.; Eugene Dennis, Dr. Louise Miller, Harry Justiz and Manuel Magna, Federal Deten-tion House, West St., New York City; Mrs. Ruth Leider, Mrs. Marjorie Chodorov and Mrs. Charlotte Stern, Federal Prison at Alderson, W. Ya. James Lustig and C&C Chairman George Marshall are still being held in Federal Jail, Washington, D. C.

The courts continued to snipe at Civil Rights defenders. Indiana's Su-prome Court last week convicted for contempt Judge Norval K. Harris of Sullivan County Circuit Court, co-chairman of the National Non-Partisan Communist Leaders. Judge Harris had beaten off earlier legal attacks. This time the charge was that he had defance of a Supreme Court order. The prosecution meanwhile filed its brief against the appeal of the Com-munist leaders. The appeal comes be-fore the Court of Appeals in New York on Wednesday, June 21. The courts continued to snipe at

ACLU helps Thompson

New support came during the week for Marine Corps Lt. Harold K. Thompson, whose court-martial proceedings on trumped up charges were first ex-posed in the GUARDIAN.

In a letter to Secy. of Navy Matthews the American Civil Liberties Union made these two points:

We have noted from the records that there is uncontradicted testimony to the effect that at least two witnesses for the prosecution... were coerced... through the use of threats of jall sentences on spurious charges

charges, We also note sworn statements in af-fidavit form, which we have not seen con-tradicted, to the effect that the Navy was tapping wires of Lt. Thompson and listen-ing in on conversations between him and his attorney...."

The case is now before Matthews for review.

Lt. Thompson was court-martialed after he tried to resign from the Corps to devote himself full-time to Progressive Party work. He is still under post arrest at Quantico.

Bridges citizenship revoked The citizenship of Harry Bridges, preisdent of the International Long-

shoremen's and Warehousemen's Union,

NATIONAL GUARDIAN



JUDGE NORVAL K. HARRIS Snipers at wor

was revoked last week. Bridges is now appealing a sentence of five years' im-prisonment. The government charged him with perjury in denying he was a Communist. The Bridges Defense Com-mittee said of the revocation order: "No surprise. All legal rights have now been swept aside in this persistent per-secution of an incorruptible labor secution of an incorruptible labor

PEEKSKILL

Non-interventionist cops blameless, says Grand Jury

LAST summer the audience at two concerts by Paul Robeson néar Peekskill, N.Y., were beaten and stoned. Close to 250 were injured, many seri-

ously. Last week a Grand Jury, after eight Last week a Grand Jury, after eight months of investigating, found the vic-tims the prime culprits. Those who attacked the concert-goers, without hindrance by state and local police, were mildly criticized as "misguided patriotic citizens." Police were exonerated.

ated. The concert, the presentment charged, was "used by the Communist Party as a proving ground . . . for re-hearsing its strong-arm forces." Those who rallied to defend the concert-goers were "shock troops of a revolutionary force which is controlled by a forcing force which is controlled by a foreign

Sealed indictments were handed up, reportedly for at least one of the concert-goers

Negro conference decides: Jobs and FEPC hold the key to peace

By Rod Holmgren

ON June 10-11 900 trade unionists met in Chicago's Packing House Labor Center to discuss Negro rights. They came out with much more than a Negro rights program — a program based on the conviction that these rights are the key to peace, civil liberties and the rights of all labor. This was the program:

• Start the wheels rolling for \$10,000,000,000 five-year federal projects to build schools, hospitals, housing and roads, provide the cultural services the nation needs—and provide 10,000,000 jobs. The con-ference saw programs for unemployment benefits, social security and pensions as meaning little so long as jobs shrink.

• Let every union write into each contract it signs an FEPC clause which would forbid discrimina-tion because of race, sex, religious or political beliefs in interviewing or hiring job applicants, and would block discrimination in promotions, upgrading, ap-prenticeship, job training and layoffs.

The conference drafted such a model clause. It will be circulated to all unions. Church and civic organizations of all kinds, all creeds, all political trends will be asked to endorse it.

HOW TO DO IT: Put before the delegates in the last hours of the conference, the program touched off demonstrations of enthusiasm. Delegate after delegate testified to the needs of his community for the things such a program could provide, the needs of his fellow-workers for jobs. Speaking of Congress's failure to enact FEPC, Nellie Stone, vice president of the AFL Teachers Union in Minneapolis,

Said: "For once Republicans spoke the truth when they blamed the Democrats and Democrats spoke the truth when they blamed Republicans—because that show was a reat bi-partisan deal." The truth of truth of the truth of truth of the truth of the truth of truth of truth of truth of the truth of truth

United Public Workers, who presented the program, outlined to the GUARDIAN a plan for implementing it and spreading back home the enthusiasm of the delegates:

• Set up Trade Union Councils for Negro rights all over the country, patterned after those in Harlem and Chicago.

• Let each union set up its own councils on

• Get the program before every political party and every civic organization in the country. Guinier prepared to stump for it. He said he would take the program before the executive committee of the Pro-gressive Party when it meets later this month. Officers of several internationals have already invited Guinier to address their conventions this year. CROSS SECTION: Delegates at the conference in-clude 317 from CIO internationals or locals, 59 AFL delegates, 393 independents; 70% were Negro; 25 to 30% were women; over 100 were from locals in the deep south. Large delegations came from the Food, Tobacco and Agriculture Workers, the Farm



In the outdoor arena next to the Packinghouse Labor Center delegates discuss the special problems of Negroes in the South.

Equipment and United Electrical Workers, Packing-house, Auto, Steel, Mine-Mill, Fur, United Office Workers, United Public Workers, Longshoremen and Marine Cooks and Stewards. Many of these were

Marine Cooks and Stewards. Many of these were represented by their international board members. There were 26 delegates from railway unions. These figured in Guinier's report, for he singled out the railways as an example of the steady, fatal whittling-down of Negro workers, their confinement to less-skilled, lower-paying jobs. He pointed out that in 1890 there were 6,000 Negro firemen, in 1919, 4,000, in 1940, 2,000; in 1950 far less. Of the 125,000 Negro railroadmen there is now not a single Negro engineer, telegrapher, dispatcher, ticket agent, in-formation clerk or typist. formation clerk or typist.

was never far from the over-riding question of peace. Said conference chairman Charles Collins, vice-president of Local 6 AFL Hotel and Club Employees, New York:

New York: "Only in peace can we have equality. The purpose of this meeting is not to place the blame for the cold war-but to end it." Conference high-spot came Saturday night, when Paul Robeson, fresh from the London meeting of the World Partisans of Peace Executive Committee, spoke at an open-air rally. He called upon the dele-rates to

spoke at an open-air rally. He cancer upon the space to "place keyro trade unionists in the front ranks of a crussiant to secure at least a million signatures of Negro Americans to the Stockholm Appeal for Peace. . . One simple reason why I know that we shall win is that our friends are much more numerous than our enemies. They will have to build many, many more falls—not only here but all over the world—to hold the millions who are determined never to give up the fight for freedom, decency, equity, abundance and peace." The delegates gave this promise: "No war, hot or cold, merits the support of the people inferences and peoples, if it would further grind us in the dust, and if it would extend the domination of Rankinism beyond the South onto other peoples of the world who surely want an part of it."

NATIONAL GUARDIAN

NEW YORK 15,000 rally against city's union-busting

T rained coldly and steadily in New York City last Thusday evening, but e demonstration went on as schedthe aled. Pickets estimated at 15,000 completely circled City Hall Fark and de-manded a stop to the "worst union-busting, anti-labor vicious attack ever launched against union members in city.

Fighting back was the United Public Workers Union with a large member-ahip among the city's 160,000 civil serv-ice employes; supporting it were the American Labor Party, civic organiza-tions, and 74 AFL, CIO and independ-ent unions



Mayor O'Dwyer refused to meet with a delegation of six national and local trade union leaders, offered to permit one of them to confer with a detectiveaide. The offer was spurned. The Mayor left the hall before the demonstration reached its peak.

CALL OFF THE WAR! Marchers demanded reinstatement of eight sus-pended teachers, all of them leaders or executives of the Teachers Union executives of the Teachers Union (UPW), and an end to a war of attri-tion against UPW members and leaders in the Dept. of Welfare.

This is the box-score in the Welfare battle. which the union contends amounts to a lockout: 10 fired for union activities; 31 given punitive transfers; 79 fined; 52 given below-average ratings; 5 demoted; grievance machinery destroyed; a 24-hour a day thoughtcontrol imposed.

The school crisis grew worse through the week. Reports that Superintendent of Schools Jansen, in a conference with high school principals, had threat-ened teachers with "insubordination" high charges for refusing extra-curricular activities without adequate salary in-creases, brought a tough reply from the union. Such a move, it warned, would bring "drastic counter-action" which "may lead to a situation that would make it impossible to reopen the schools in the fall." The after-schoolhours stoppage continued.

O'DWYER'S PAYOFF: 'Teachers' tem pers were not improved when the Mayor appointed to the Board of Higher Education two of his former campaign treasurers. They said he had made the Board "an agency for the crude award of political favors."

Trial proceedings against the sus-pended eight were set for July 5 with Theodore Kiendl presiding as a spe-cially-appointed trial examiner at scially-appointed trial examiner at \$1,300 a month. Teachers protested his selection bitterly. His law firm is one of the biggest and richest in the country, includes J. P. Morgan & Co. among its clients, and for 80 years has excluded Jews from partnership. The eight are all Jews.

all Jews. **PROTESTS POUR IN:** From abroad came support. The World Federation of Trade Unions filed formal protests with the U.S. Embassy in Paris and with the U.N. Leading European educators and scientists protested to the N.Y. Board of Education. Fordham University bestowed an honorary degree on Board member George Timone, ardent Franco sup-porter and father of the resolution de-nying recognition to the Teachers Union. The Fordham citation praised him for "total fulfilment of the law of

him for "total fulfilment of the law of ove without stint or measure" and "total exercise of the corporal works him for of mercy.'

CHICAGO

100.000 names wanted

for peace, progress

PROGRESSIVE Party members in Illinois were on a double-barreled peti-tion drive last week. They were after 100,000 signatures on a peace petition patterned on the Stockholm Appeal, and a like number to put PP candidates on the ballot in fall elections. The Cook County Central Committee met to designate state and county offi-

cers and to name statewide candidates. SPECIAL SESSION: It was believed last week that the state legislature would meet in a special session. Main would meet in a special session. Main purpose was to give Illinols cities op-portunity to take advantage of local option features in federal rent control legislation. But Chicago politicians would use the session to get an extra bite of state funds from the city: down-state politicions were building together state politicians were huddling together to head them off.

WAR ON JIMCROW SCHOOLS: On another front the National Assn. for the Advancement of Colored People

was pressing a court fight to end school school jimcrow in ten Illinois counties which are violating a new state law barring state funds to counties maintaining segregated school systems.

PROTEST RALLY: The Deadline for Freedom Committee was preparing a mass rally to protest the jailings of Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee board members, the first two of the Hollywood Ten, George Marshall of the Civil Rights Congress and Eugene Den-nis, general secretary of the Communist Party. Speakers will include Gale Sondergaard, Vincent Hallinan (Harry Bridges' attorney), Rev. Richard Mor-ford. The time and place: 8th Street Theater, Friday, June 23, 8 P.M. dergaard, Bridges'

LABOR

NMU yields to blacklist

N 1944 the National Maritime Union climaxed a five-year battle-to win a contract clause providing against any discrimination because of race, creed or color. That clause, the hiring-hall and the system of rotating jobs seemed to guarantee a seaman his right to a job. If the union sent him, the company hired him.

Earlier this year the Supreme Court outlawed the hiring hall. Last week NMU president Joseph Curran in effect surrendered the hiring hall and opened the way for full use of the waterfront blacklist, known to exist in company files. In an agreement with Atlantic and Gulf Coast shipowners he gave them the unlimited right to reject any seaman, and agreed that preference be given to seamen proven "sober a reliable" in the previous employ other companies.

One seaman said: "That means the hiring hall will be a company employment office with the union paying the rent." Another commented: "It puts the union label on the blacklist." Negroes, Puerto Ricans and other targets of discrimination would be unprotected

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under the terms. Technically the agree-ment must come before the member-ship but no one on the waterfront expected opposition to be tolerated by Curran supporters.

Guildsmen, crafts solid in World-Telly strike

THE plant of Scripps-Howard's largest paper, the New York World-Telegram and Sun, was shut down tight last week. Before it marched a solid picket line of the New York Newspaper Guild. Across the street the pressmen, type-setters, photo engravers, stereotypers watched the line, smiled and would not break it.

It was the first time in 50 years that the newspaper unions acted together. Some were AFL, some CIO, some Inde-pendent. All were 'united. It was the first time a New York newspaper was forced to shut down.

Louis Donato, Secy.-Treas. of the Allied Printing Trades Council, said: "The publishers are responsible for driving us together."

"NO-MAN'S-LAND": Each union had its quarrel with the publishers. The World-Telegram, which had recently absorbed the open-shop Sun, had one of the worst contracts in the eity. The Guild demanded that it conform to the best eity-wide standard best city-wide standard.

The printing unions, whose contracts expired last September, found the pub-lisher firmly resisting their demands. When representatives of New York Typographical Union Number 6 (Big Typographical Union Number 6 (Big Six) met with the Publishers' Assn. and federal mediators last week they were told that negotiations were futlle, be-eause Big 6 had already violated its agreement not to support any strike that did not involve their members. Big Six answered that it had violated no contract, that it never agreed to send its members into a "no-man'sland," and that no provision had been made for the "family of a printer should he be killed or injured."

Other labor developments:

OIL WORKERS: The Oil Workers Intl. Union (CIO) in its organ The Oil Worker found the "Democratic Party long on promises and sweet talk and terribly short on bringing home the bacon." They threatened to bolt. The editorial said that "the budding maiden that is been editional baction" has been that is labor political action" has had too many "broken dates." The union further charged that Texaco was violating labor laws under the protection of "a very close tie-in with NLRB General Counsel Robert Denham."

CIO last week expelled the American Communications Assn. and the Intl. Fur and Leather Workers Union. Fur had already withdrawn. ACA said it would appeal to the next CIO convention.

CALENDAR

New York

pieces? Help us give a push to the peace movement. Native African and Caribbean dances Sat., June 24, 8:30 p.m. at George's Roof Terrace, 223 Sth Av., NYC. Donation 50e. Liz and Rhoda. A WORLD AT PEACE, or a world in

Chicago

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POTS & POCKETBOOKS **Health food stores** and what's in 'em

By Charlotte Parks

Some can eat, but hanna' meat, And some hae meat, but canna' eat, eat, But we have meat, and we can save let the Lord be thankit. Robert Burns THE old gentleman who, when asked by the butches to

Robert Burns The old gentleman who, when asked by the butcher if he wanted sugar-cured ham, shot back: "I want ham that ain't never been sick," should have accompanied me on a visit in Greenwich Village to Damer's Natural Food Center, "Store of 1001 Health Food Products," 21 W. Eighth St. There are sim-ilar shops in most fair-sized cities, and many of them par-cel post more food than they sell over the counters. I have bought whole wheat flour (waterground) here for several years, but something new is the large assortment of whole-grain breads. They're cellophane-wrapped, thin-sliced and very reasonably priced—with salt or without. And cakes! Dainty tea wafers, fruit, nut and loaf cakes. Pies with whole wheat crusts—airy-light.

with whole wheat crusts-airylight.

light. DIETS VS. PILLS: Doctors prescribe more diets than pills these days. Folks with heart conditions, or those who want to forestall them, are on salt-free diets. You will gape at the variety of salt-free canned soups, cheese (all ordinary cheese contains salt), salad dressines, vegetable juices in cheese contains sait), salad dressings, vegetable juices in many varieties and combina-tions. Especially interesting is a new type of canned tuna fish, saltless and fat-free—just right for the reducers. For these and the diabetics, are canned tends or diabetics at canned fruits and juices with-out sugar-even several kinds of tempting candies that do not endanger the waist-line.

NUTRITION AND FLAVOR: Everything on sale is especially picked for nutritional content and fine flavor. Congress and

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the UN today are considering the effects of soils and fertili-zation on food values. The pediatrician tells the mother to give her baby so many ounces of orange juice, but the actual amount of vitamins and mineral content will vary greatly. Our tastes are now

supported by the scientists. Prices may seem a trifle high in these special food shops, but you get genuine value for your money. "Cheap food makes cheap men," say nutrition ex-perts. There is food that keeps one alive, and food that makes life worth living worth living. life

And don't forget to look over the books on health, nutrition and cooking that these stores carry—as well as the latest pamphlets and magazines on eating for full health and en-joyment.





The summer suit situation

Chances are you'll find cut-price sales on men's suits com-paratively early this year. Cool weather till now has held up busi-ness. Here are comparative costs of different types: cotton seer-suckers, \$18 up; rayon tropical worsteds, \$25-35; wool tropical worsteds start at about \$35.

PASTE WAX ON ASPHALT TILE: Many homes now have asphalt tile in the kitchen and other rooms. The National Bureau of Standards warns that paste waxes and other cleaners using certain solvents will injure these tiles. Water-emulsion or liquid self-polishing waxes free from oils are recommended instead. Before you use a polish on asphalt tile, try it first in an obscure corner.

Shopping question

CO-OP PRODUCTS: "In your column you disregard consumer cooperative products. They compare favorably with Sears and Ward and the best in other lines. The pressure cooker, for ex-ample, follows specifications of the Presto. The co-op lightweight iron is another excellent buy. The GUARDIAN has little to gain by boosting Sears and Ward, whereas we in the consumer co-operative movement are fighting right along with you in the economic field." —M. G., Montebello, Calif.

You apparently haven't noticed that we have recommended co-op products from time to time, particularly soaps and cleaning aids, which rate among the best values in the country. It is correct that the co-op pressure cooker is made by the same firm that makes the **Presto**, but sells for less than that brand. We reported that last year. The co-op iron also has excellent speci-fications at \$9.95. It has a soleplate area of 29.3 square inches, which enables faster ironing, and an eight-foot cord, compared with only six on many irons.

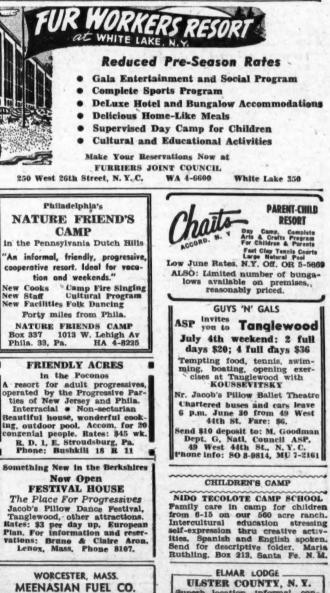
The reason we mention the mail-order houses more frequent-ly is that they have more of their own-brand appliances, and these are more widely available. Co-op appliances can be ordered from catalogs available at any co-op food market. RESORTS

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"HIGH TREASON"

The traitors are not the people

By John T. McManus

F you are 40 or so and sometimes have the vague feeling, listning to radios or reading the papers these days, that you have been through all this before—don't get alarmed

about your mental state. You have indeed been through it all before, in the years 1919 through 1929—the same "Red" hysteria fomented by big business, duti-



fully promoted by fully promoted by the same J. Edgar Hoover; the emas-culation of trade unions; deporting of alien "radicals"; frame-ups of those frame-ups of those refusing to bow to thought - control; then the great looting by corpo-rations and corrations and cor-rupt government until the whole of America fell to its knees in the crash and depression of 1929-33. The whole story is in Albert Kohn's

ALBERT KANN ALBERT KANN 40 you will learn from this book that you are

"The Fur and

Leather Workers"

By Phillip S. Foner

A dramatic, action-charged history of a heroic struggles of the militant nk-and-file fur and leather workers build a democratic, progressive ion — the most outstanding in the

being played for a terrific sucker by these same forces today, because they bank on your not knowing that it all happened before. The same profit-mad interests and many of the same public officials are raking up the same old bugaboos to scare you out of your right to progress and democracy in your own country.

progress and democracy in your own country. THEN & NOW: Here are just a few of the significant parallels to be drawn from this re-markable work: • J. Edgar Hoover, in 1919 the 25-year-old head of the General Intelligence Bureau, fore-runner of the FBI, compiled a list of 500,000 "ultra-radicals" in the U.S. (The other day Hoover mentioned 450,000 present-day Amer-icans as similarly "dangerous".) • Thirty years before the present FBI and its network of stoolpigeons and provocateurs, A. Mitchell Palmer's Dept. of Justice in 1919-20 printed copies of the Communist Manifesto and planted them at gatherings they set out to raid. raid.

• In 1920 Hoover's agents paraded raid vic-tims in chains through the streets of Boston. (Just the other day 11 citizens, on their way to jall for defending their anti-fascist convic-

the rank

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tions, were posed in handcuffs in Washington U. s. Royal for the press.)

• In those days Jane Addams, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Charles Chaplin, Norma Tal-madge and other greats were vilified as "tools of the Reds." (Make up your own list of today's targets.)

• A small but important group of legal and academic minds fought the witch-hunts of 1919-20, but super-patriot Arthur Guy Empey 1919-20, but super-patriot Arthur Guy Empey (Over the Top) sounded the witch-hunters' key-note: "My motto for the Reds is S.O.S.—Ship or Shoot". . . And Judge Webster Thayer of Massachusetts, who sentenced Sacco and Van-zetti to death on a robbery frame-up despite overwhelming evidence of their innocence, gloated to a colleague: "Did you see what I did with those anarchistic bastards the other deav?" day?

• And when Harding's Attorney General Harry M. Daugherty was finally brought to trial after the great looting spree of the early 20's, he complained: "I was the first official to be thrown to the wolves by the Red borers of America

• Al Capone, the ex-pimp who became the absolute monarch of a criminal empire taking the public for \$100,000,000 a year, added this two cents' worth:

"Bolshevism is knocking at our gates. . . . We must keep America whole and safe and unspolled. We must keep the worker away from red literature and red ruses; we must see that his mind remains healthy."

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erences and cross-references. We repeat today what we have been telling our readers since the editors of the GUARDIAN first read **High Treason** in manuscript form months nths ago: This is the one work published since the war

which every progressive must read and own. It is a verifable bible, complete with concordance, for any and everyone genuinely con-cerned with getting at the root facts behind the headlines and trends of today and the forces hacking at the roots of democracy in America in our time.

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