May 1939

The PEACE AND DEMOCRACY

10 Cents a Copy



WHO IS ENCIRCLED? · By Lucien Zacharoff

AND NOW-

June World 15 Cents a Copy,

FOR PEACE AND DEMOCRACY

TO THOSE who have read and supported The FIGHT for Peace and Democracy over the years, we wish to announce several changes in the magazine beginning with the June 1939 issue. These improvements in format are designed to provide a livelier, better medium for expressing the American people's struggle against the Fascist war-makers. They come as a result of wide reader interest in the problems of the magazine, as well as the active study of the publishers and the staff,

These New Features!

- NAME—The WORLD for Peace and Democracy is a positive title, expressing with clarity the constructive aims of the magasine. The fight for peace goes on—but it has become clear that this fight is conducted on a world scale.
- EDITORS—Dr. Harry F. Ward, Helen Bryan, Margaret Forsyth, Thomas L. Harris, Dorothy McConnell and Dr. Max Yergan will form the Editorial Board of The WORLD.
- SIZE. The WORLD will measure somewhat smaller than the present size. This will facilitate new-setand display, the mailing and handling of the magazine, while still keeping it within the range of large, pictorial publications.
- COVER-A heavy, glossy cover will be added. This will greatly

improve the appearance of the isiagazine and will facilitate display, mailing and handling. This change has been several years in the planning, until financial arrangements could be worked out.

- DEPARTMENTS: Thomas L. Harris, executive secretary of the American League, will write a monthly page of comment on the world pace movement. Other new departments include Drama and Records. A number of further new features are being worked on.
- PRICE—Please note that the price of The WORLD will be 15 vents a copy, \$1.50 a year. After careful consideration, it was felt that the change in price would make possible editorial improvements and a wide increase in circulation.

WITH ALL THE QUALITY OF The FIGHT

The WORLD will bring you the same up-to-date articles by writers of national renown that you have found in The FIGHT. The "new edition" will carry further the excellent qualities of the magazine.

THE FIGHT	Last Chance Offer
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Subscriptions at our present rate of \$1.00 a year will be ascepted until May 31, 1939. After that date, the subscription rate of \$1.50 a year will be effective. Here is your chance to subscribe or to renew your subscription—your last chance at only \$1.00. You will receive, in effect, a \$1.50 magazine for a dollar if you act quickly. Go to your friends who have been thinking of subscripting; urge them to get under the wire.

- Today!

Mey 1939, THE FIGHT

With the Readers

CAST year eye to the approximation page, and pour II are there our collection transparies in undergoing a change. We hope, change to the better. If the editions can read your wishes derayth, it's what you the trackers want. That is, the nations of you. And here, the customer—and the tracports—out downs regist.

WI, thought you should know just how these changes were determined. This insides some consoleration of the flower at magazine making. It is a difficult and learned art, requiring long training, a high degree of skill, a soft princh a ruler, and the ability to read. First, the magazine is designed, which is a lengthtale in stell. Then, were a period of time, the complaints and complications of the complaints and complications of the complaints and complications in the complaints of the complaints of the filled his intartie reference. At lost consisting the complaints are consistent of the results checked by the Gallup Poll. The reast are carefully handlated, and the results checked by the Gallup Poll. The report is drawn up, on our side of the paper. This is so that it may be car up into acceptable.

THIS is done. The editors gather, the office. They thread it all out take notes on the pade. After a thorough discussion, they compare their notes, is found that one intends to enter a school but will investably be rejected another (a middle-of-the-rander) price Yankess and Cincinnati; while third has deleased himself in a sever game series of the-tat-tor.

FINALLY, one of them has a hunch which he defends with unusual fervor He does not say "What if?" but "I only!" He prevails.

NO, that's not quite the was it's done. And yet the question of taste, of the readers likes and diables, in the others that is a second of the second of the

THERE are critain practical considerations. There are developments of the citing industries. There are requirements at distribution. And though we aren't kept a file of your suggestions; a face fisting to them, studied them, took to understand what you meant by them. And when we had gone mery all the interest of the substance of the control of the c

THE result, our new magazine (and not, of coarse, altogether new by any means) youll see soon. We know wou'll read it, for it is for peace and bemocracy. That is the main thing; you will torgive us much so long as we hold to that line. . . . Far, to paraphrase the text, though you speak with the tonger of Life and of Foreign, and have not read, you are become as sounding brass, or a tinkling cymbal.

BUT besides, we hope you like it.

THE FIGHT, May 1939



King Zog of Albania summed up the European scene succincily:
"Two mad dogs, and two damn foots"

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CHARLES PRESTON, derny Lines AARON WOOL, Editorial Amount

The Fight For Peace and Democracy, malicided monthly by the National Executive Committee of the American Loagon to Peace and Domocracy, 268 Fourth Avenue. New York, N. Y. Charman, Herry F. Ward, Vec Chairman, Robert More Lower, Levi Corte, and Control Control, Control, Control Control, Con

The Contributors

LUCIEN ZACHAROFF, a frequent connectative on international developments for inading American and Extra pean problications, was into seen on our pages with These Nata Planes in the March of

ELLA WINTER hors in Carnel, Calisteria, and has bad ample apparentials to see the problems of industrial agreement at time hand. She has constituted in The Pacific Works, and other publication, and recently edited, with remaille Hicks. The Latters of Laurein No. #100.

GEORGE LABARON is an encrubile New Yorker new in Hulliwood.

LEANE ZUGSMITH is the author of Home Is B here You Hung Year Girill Annal, I Time is Remember and The Seconds States, Communications and Junds for the refugees whose pilips the describes may be sent to Laus Bromfeld, charmon Spanish Intellectual Add, Room 1114—381 Fourth Arrange, New York Cits.

IOHN GROTH'S work has appeared

JACK REED expressed surprise when we told him that Bargan Gand 'would produbly continue longer than the magasine." If he will look at the opposite page, he will see that we have been in a the source vindicated.

MORRIS WATSON as a determinant of the control of the American Newson of the Could and a second of the American American Could and a second of the American League in Peage and Denio, pag. He writes that the bodge of the Herera strikers is approximately \$1,000 weekly. Labor received to strongling for get the amount to Cheirage every week. Mores and communication should go to the Hearts Firk Communication Should go to the Hearts Firk Communication Studies.

ree 18 West Randolph Street, Che ago-Hillinos.

Mr. Weitson, incidentally, inspecteds on interesting leafter issued by the missiontion rolders strikers. The leafter proofs that MANY STOP BLYING ANY HEARST PAPER. The cancel subscription Hearst pages admit) and files acute or ploine protests in Publesion M. C. Mings of Hearst Seque-Company of the Company of the Comlete of the Company of the Comlete of the Company of the Comtangent of the Comtangent

DAVID KARR has contributed to several at our recent (sames and has one kan for the American League or version bouldings. His opening to National tests in the United States. He do Grouping was most on an interesting tests in the Committee of the

ADOLE DEHN, a Minnesotan in New York, received a Guzzenheim award the year

BENIAMIN APPELS The Pourhouse has been published by E. P. Dutton & Co. Sections of the book appeared previously in THE FIGHT, titled Hooker and Test Gas.

WALT PARTYMILLER hails from Seattle, Washington.



President Monroe's Message

PELLOW Citizens of the Senate and House of Representatives." James Monroe is preparing his animal message to Congress, to be delivered December 2, 1828, during a period of mational "good feeding." The President discusses the important problems of a young nation taking a period of growth and expansion, highways, fivers and canada, postal service, manufacturing, tarillo, national detense, privacy etc. But the message is dismined by 115 years, the words of Monroe are seldom quoted. Yet how often do we hear the expression, "Monroe Destrine"?

The apmers of this policy achieved a prestige that politicians and statesmenhave since exploited to the full. A thousand different ideas on foreign policy are experienced, all in the name of the Monros Discrime. We can perhaps best understand the Monroe Discrime is we have a picture of the international situation in 1821 and the spirit of the funes. Bolivar was leading the South American peoples in revolt against the Spirits monarchy and to the establishment of tree republics. In Europe, the Girecks were struggling to maintain their independence against the Turkish incasion: a struggle which brought such men as fixton to their support. Monroe himself indicated the spirit of the lines: "A strong hope has been long entertained, tousded on the heroe struggle of the Greeks, that

they would succeed in their contest, and resume their equal station among the nations of the earth."

The anempt of the Holy Alliance to strengthen its position in the Western Heinisphere at the expense of the young South American republics brought shape words from Monroe "... the American Continions, by the tree and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European powers. . The political system of the allied powers is essentially different in this respect from that of America. . We owe it, therefore, to candoc and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and those powers to declare that we should consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this himsphere as dangerous to our peace and safety.

1939. The Fascat Alliance goldsles up one small country after another, increasing the danger to the United States. Nazi spies in America, Fascat infiltration in the Western Heimsphere threaten our "peace and safety. What are we to do to fight this menace and to maintain peace? Unite in the active struggle for peace and Democracy. Write to the AMERICAN LEAGUE FOR PEACE AND DEMOCRACY, 205 Fourth Acromic, New York City.

May 1939, THE FIGHT

Fight

RAMPLING on Altanas, Spain, Corchodocakia, Ethiquia, the dictarons of the Rome Berlin Axis shout their heads off so the effect that Germany and Italy are being "morried" in the democracies. As the make reads in full view of the world to continue advanting in Central and Eastern Europe, in the Balkani and the Meditertraneon Basin, it becomes increasingly bard to find simpletuous even among their sympathizers to believe the fairs tall out the "morriedment."

However, many people of the non-Fascia countries will full to realize that aggression in Spain, East Africa, Mittelburghs, is not on end in itself but a systematic encirclement of France and Europe for their subsequent conquest. Meta Kampt, among other writings and outsions of Hiller makes it all too plain that France is The Europe to be crushed at all costs.

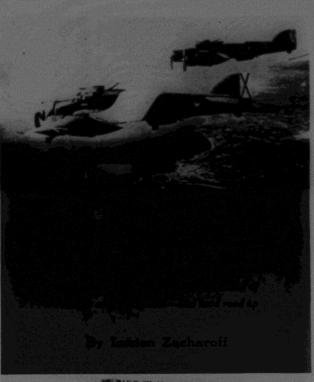
To be sure, the long-christical plan to grab the Soviet Ukraine concerns itself with the junctor plans of them all, but Hiller is fully aware that Moscow is the one spot on earth that will not under an excusursance mide an effort to Appears, that it will call like bloff every time be attempts to blockmal and intumdate. London and Paris could be blockmalled and intuidated because the government found Appearament susting the interests of the pre-Pasive Fort chapter for represent 1 Factor for chapter for represent 1 Factor for the present of the political evolution and military interests of England and France. Nevertheless, they and the reactionary groups who put them into office reared that they would how more be taking a firm stand in defence of Domocraci, whose triangle mathematical in defence of Domocraci, whose triangle mathematical for the political evolution of the free for the political contribution. The first influence in Europe. Its desertion by France trained Paris to a status weaker than that at Prague on the eve of the crass.

The encirclement of France in which Minnch was a crucial step, trok its greatest strate forward with the conquest of Spain. Valuable as that country may be per se, what with its natural resources which the Fascist war machinery can find ready use for, it has even more importance to German and Italy as a strategic base.

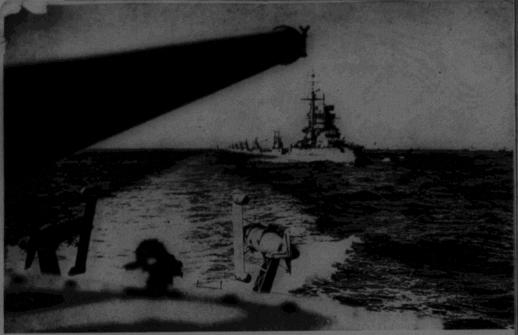
Italy's intervention, material and ideological, into Spain's domestic politics antedates by many years the beginning of the civil war.

In 1926, during the third year of General Primo de Rivera's military dictatorship in Spain, he concluded an agreement with Mussoliin. Newspaper readers abroad learned of it only through an inconscious official communique. The actual contents of the pact rémained unknown.

Above, Italian bombers flying over the coast of Spain; at right, observation of the Armistice anniversary at the Are de Triomphe in Paris







The Italian war feet during recent maneuvers in the Mediterranean. With Spain Fascist, these ships menace France and Britain

Rumors appeared, finding confirmation later, that the agreement had two basic points:

I. Italy received the right, in the event of war, to

establish and maintain a military base on the Balearic 2. Spain assumed the obligation, in the event of

war, to forbid the passing of French troops across

The particular "event of war" that the signaturies The particular event of war that the aguatories fad in mind was not defined in the agreement. But one need not be a profound student of Eurogan geography and politics to grasp that while the Italian base in the Balearies might have occural useful functions, the obligation assumed by Spain—to wit, forbidding French troops from North Africa to zeros her territory—would be endowed with a meaning only in a case when with the aid of Italy's Balearis base, the naval route of the French troops was closed by force-that is, in case Italy found herself in the camp of France's enemies.

The Republic's Action

When the rule of the Bourbons had been smashed in 1931 by the freedom-seeking Spanish people, one of the earliest acts of the young republic was the abrogation, without any wavering and reservations. of that nact, which was deemed unworthy of true

Spaniards.

This move was interpreted in Rome as exceedingly onerous and restrictive to Italy.

The Black Shirts determined to do something

about it. They did plenty, and one of the most noteworthy things for our purpose is a secret protocol signed in Rome in 1934.

The protocol was signed as the result of a conference between four Spanish monarchists on the one side and Premier Mussolini and Marshal Italo Balbo on the other, held at 4 o'clock in the atternoon of March 31, 1934. The document states

After secondar complete information from each recompresent regarding the cortical evolution and make a sendposition, and the secondary control of more and of more,
and the control was incompletely queries in Spain. President
of the Control Mouselini declared.

1. That he will directly soon in all moreousy was the
true parts instead to the extrince Symath regard in their
exertions to coverhoos the regarding and to septice it with
a recovery notested to pract the way for a complete resication of the moneraby (this declaration was solutionly resposited by Marcollin there exists).

2. That as a practical proof of the deShireness of his
mentions, he is easily to put forth 20,0000 roles. 20,000
hand grenades. 300 machine-point, and to extend to Gencial France a subsidy of 1,500,000 poorties.

3. That this missing Mis-but a performancy character and
is to be followed at a proper time by seen mon intensifiedleep in the measure in which it is required by the work or
constitutions.

These were the principles on which the agreement was founded. They were followed by details about transporting the arms to Spain and the distribution

Suffice it to remark that for years Mussolini was clearly disposed to pay for a chance to establish a war base in the Balearics. His payments consisted of money, armament and, first of all, of political

When two years later the Franco rebellion broke

out, General Sanjurjo was slated to head it to-gether with Francia. However, he was killed in an

Among the papers found on him was the draft of an agreement among Spain, Italy and Germany, Its im was not new-it sought to restore and broaden the pact of 1926, which had been annulled by the Spanish Republic

The Italian operative base was to be organized in the port of Mahon on the Island of Minorca. Germany was to enjoy equal rights with Italy at this base. The text of this draft does not indicate, as was asserted later, that there was also planned a second Italo-German base in Spanish Morocco. However, many signs pointed to the presence of

While Italy tried, if not to shroud in silence, at least to minimize the agreement and its long-range significance. Germany discussed its aspects rather openly. Of course, the German writers also attempted to hide the true intent of the pact, so that the German new-paper-readers might not fathom the businesslike progress of war preparations.
At least two books devoted to the agreement have

been published in Germany. One, titled What Is Happening in the Mediterranean (Das Geschehen im Mittelmeer) and written, significantly enough, by the editor of the Berliner Tageblatt, declares

Naval number to Algerts pass in direct proteining to the historic Islands. If the Balestess are second by the enemy the enemy of Francy this will place the mostes under a skeyat. It is not only France alone that can be so threat-ened from the direction of the Balester Edinds. The naval

May 1939, THE FIGHT

In the same of Chrisber 21, 1957, an editornal as the French indicary organ France Militaine this coupling examined the question of possible owner-quences of the setting up of an Itali-German base in the Baltarias. The article concluded:

We must recall also, in this connection, a de-mand set furth and materialized by the Italian General Staff, the substance of which was that from the ery beginning of the Spanish War there be under-

Springboard to Paris

We must recall the heavy German barteries (these batteries were installed at a height of 6,000) dred miles away from the fronts of the Spanish Civil War).

We must hear in mind the demand of the Ger man General Staff, which sought and materialized the seizure of the coast line and of the hinterland of Biscay (as a source of raw materials and as a base for operations against France and England). We must recall the presence in Spain of entire

In substance, Spain witnessed an attack on the life-and-death interests of France, England, the West, France is now threatened with suffocation

The first battles of the Fascist-plotted world war took place on Spanish soil. From the very beginning of the "civil war" the more astute students of European affairs maintained that Franco's victory would spell an initial defeat for France and England.

Liddell Hart, an outstanding British commenta-tor on military matters, whose loyalty to his own ountry and sympathy for France are undisputed."

warned his countermen than crutegically the danger was so clear that he found it difficult to group the ear with which certain characteristic circles in Eng-and near wishing for the Retail Hearth. Captain Hart at that time pointed out that the class inter-ers and some of east holdings were blinding the

The agrabiance at those romarks is equally ap-

What Spain Meant

that it was a more coul war it Spain. It is be-cutting in reasongly slear, now that all Spain his tallen may the Fascist littles and Musselini, throug-

Hirler and Musselini wanted and ninded Spain, as they wanted Central Europe, the Balkins and the Mediterranean Basin, because they want France

usual colonies in the Western Hemisphers were con-fronted with the imperialist encroalments of a ra-picious European power, they found a way to resist

pactons flavopeen power, then found a way to most that power, a way what was calibrated up to a keen leader of one of the colourse in these words. "We have to be a colourse in the same operation." Have much more effective would be the organic tion of the principle of collective wheathy against the couldern aggresses not be a handful of small stress has be all smaller notions must threatened as well as to the great network of England. Frame, the United States and the Sovert Comm, where one the United States and the Sovert Comm, where one tained to blackered and both any ball who invested to from by the pour-losing peoples of the world. Let the French go winners the world. Let the French go winners herd the clear world of the General Gondler. There is no not mad not that soul brails downward. The great French people at the Seele authorized hope, will their plentide arms, a people that has required discussionally elected arms, a people that has required discussionally an orbit bardenistic has been humilisted long remains by the Chamberland Delinder policy of the hospitalistic of people of the free country to the Chamberland Delinder policy of the hospitalistic free great by the Freedin Associated to the minister free great by the Freedin Association of the company of the freeding of the freeding of the properties of the properties of the freeding of the freeding of the company of the

German troops bring a gun into the Siegfried Line on France's castern burde



Associated "Farmers"

By Ella Winter

HILUSTRATED BY WILL BARNET

CODAY in the farm areas, particularly in California. Origin and Washington, commonly Fascions a marching, and it is march

minute in California illustrates the sample basis examine problem of the world today - the problem it adequately treding sheltering and clothing the bearings of workers anti-picketing ordinances inton-dation and financial pressure on the real small fer the law of the land, courage and a stubburn re-usal to be buffaloed out of their rights by lond-

he agricultural worker has little resemblance to the know their farm emphases; hiring is frequently done through a sufficiently, who contracts for so much "stoop labor" to pick betwee or asparagus or an gin ship, and buy and sell. Except that the picking is done in the open air, and that the labor-ers live in tents instead of in city slums, you'd be California farm laborer and the factors worker to day. Oh, tes, except that the processors of the Wages and Hours Act don't apply to agriculture. There's no one to blame but history and evolu-

run for this change in California; for the fact that the small independent farmer is being wiped out. But the small farmers suffer from these changes be social arrangements. The big corporations give their orders from their Eastern offices, their "Russ Build-

Why Won't They Starve?

Then come "economists" like Gaget-Garrett of the Saturday Evening Poor and ask who don't the laborers starve gracefully? That is, allow agriculture to continue growing into a large scale industry loser stages as and when they will to soit their probe crise, and speed more, like water to break amous. The "devil" to these "economists" becomes amountation, against or workers who demand the right to leaf as the corporation owners, in their role of social lights, have demanded said taken? the

criters for papers whose function it is to make the icultural workers of America are demanding for American Democracy the right to continue its ex-stence; the lowest-paid migrants are fighting for Mr. Garrett's American Democracy, while the corpotations are fighting for Mr. Horler's Fascism.

It's as simple as that, and the American people are coming to realize it, but we must realize it more quickly, and act more quickly, it we are to save our country from the swastika the Associated Farmers orange and citrus grove in the country

Associated Fascists would be a better name for these gentry who till the soil from large office buildings and decree serfdom for the agricultural workers ... An expose of a West Coast movement that is dangerous to American Democracy

santed to see what he talked like and how he realls felt. I called on the head of the Associated Farm ers" of one of California's agricultural counties. It was during the Bakersheld cutton strike of last full often wages had been lowered from \$1 to 75 cents. a hundred pounds (making about 59 a week that an average picker could earn for a period of perhap-three months), and the pickers had walked out of the fields. It was a spantaneous strike but they came to the union (the United Canner). Agricul-tural, Packing and Allied Workers of America) and asked for help and leadership, and of course the union did not turn them down. Mr. Associated Reds came in here weeks ago," he told me. "They went up an down the cutton rows, agitatin and rellin the pickers to come out. They d arranged the week an day an hour of the strike, weeks before, and they knew the very row it would start. we lived and where we came from and why we were there. He was already in his mind's eye adding our names to the enormous "blacklist" the Associated Farmers maintain, which you quality for by daring to believe and say that a living wage is part of America's Democracy. When he was inished we asked him who he was "I? Oh. I'm jes" ole X-Y trvin' to get along."

He said he wasn't anti-union. No, sir, "Why

ome of my best friends is in the A.F. of L." He said he had no objections to his workers forming groups, "they can go to church, or form baseball clubs, or better their condition in any way—it it betters ours too." Mr. X explained carefully why wages for cotton-picking could not be higher. There had been a meeting of the Associated "Farmers" a tew months before and in the Fresno botel room wages had been set at 75 cents. (No union men and no cotton-pickers attended that meeting.) But even at that wage, said our informant, growers were

We can't take it all out on the backs of the work-

ers, replied sile Mr. Associated Farmer.

It son't gust crutary that tells you the "Associated Farmers" are Big Business and the utilities. Look

at present for questionable practices; controlled banks in 1947 halding \$1.620,000,000 in assets and

Calchonia Lands, large growers of grapes, prones, peaches and grains, owns more than half a million seres; is worth almost \$14,000,000 and had an in-

come of over N. 200000 in 1980. Kern Country Land Company owned 1.250,000 acres, in California and New Mexico in 1983 and sil the capital stock in 14 canal and irrigation costs panies. (Trigation costs 90 an acre whether water is used or not; farmers have to par this, and there-

Miller and Lux, one of the biggest old corporations in the West, now owns 178,000 acres in three western states; its earnings in 1937 were \$2,087,505.

California Packing Corporation, or CalPak, operates canning and packing plants in 10 states, Hawaii and 45 cities; it has 20,000 acres in orchards, employ 35,000 workers seasonally, and made a profit of close to five million dollars in 1937.

These are some "farmers" of California. The California Railroad Commission reports that the four big railroad companies. Santa Fe. Western Pacific, Urion Pacific and Southern Pacific, were all financing Associated Farmers, as were the Pa-cific Gas and Electric (who kept Tum Mooney in





Francis Lederer, who plays the past of a Nati spy in "Confessions," is a native of Cochodovakia

THAT CRASHING sound you may have beard during the past few weeks was probably a comple of Holls wood goods of taboo trumbling off their pedestals. Two of these hitherto all-powerful Thou Shalt-Nots, which were pried loose from their moorings by Walter Wanger's Blockade has namure, have now here definitely overstured by Warner Brothers. The Tweedledum and Tweedledee of Hollywood taboo, one is called Thou-Shalt-Not-Dissue-Pollitics-in-Morton-Pictures and the other is called Thou-Shalt-Not-Say-Mean Things-Aboura-A Nation Where Hollywood-Flims-Are-Sold-Aboura-Nation Where Hollywood-Flims-Are-Sold-

Forward looking people, both within and without the inistion picture ondustry, have long deplored the reign of these two taboos. It has been argued over and over again that films, like any other medium of expression, should be tree to discuss the great problems of our time. And certainly politics and toreign relations tank high among the history-making questions of the present day.

For the first time in history Hollywood motion pictures point an accusing finger at a world power with whom cat this writing.) Unite Sam has "friendly" relations. The Warner-Brothers Confessions of a New Say micros the government of the Third Reich as a monster intriguing against the peace and Democracy of the world. And the Warners James, already completed and currently scheduled for release, presents in magnificently dramatic form the little understood conflict between young Mexican Democracy and the foreign pupper dictator Maximilian. Few of those who see Jamere, and they will number scores or millions, will fail

In "Confessions of a Nazi Spy" and "Juarez," the Warners attack the great problems of our time . . . A development linked to the progressive activities of the new Hollywood

Two Giant Strides

By George LeBaron

to catch its close kinship with the struggle between Democracy and dictatorship in the world today particularly that phase of the struggle exemplified by heroic Spain.

True "Confessions"

Spy melodramas are not new to Hollywood. But Contention of a Nasi 8py is more than that It is more, even, than an exposi of Nasi exponage and intrigue within the United States. It does what no one a year ago would have dreamed Hollywood would attempt: it names the Nasi chiefs of Germany as its chief villation, and it shows that their

cillains is directly linked with the fundamental straigle between Democracy and Fascisin. Good help is a pictured giving orders to his hencimen, explaining that the way to win a following for Fascisin in the democratic nations is to raise such oligans as "Americanism." This is political claimly at a sort and will make Fasher Couphin and Senator Remolds squires. By the same token, it will clearly the political trinsing of millions of Americans of that they will take a second look the next time some demangage tries to take them in by a specious appeal to natural partitions and national pride.

John Wexley, who with Milton Krims wrote the



Mey 1939, THE FIGHT

screenplay (based in a considerable extent on former Geman Leon G. Turious's hook about the recent Nate up trads in New York), known a thing or two about the incadinations of exactionaries—be dramatized the Scottshore Case in his play They Shell New Dars—and is very proof of the publishin escape of the film. Wealey feels that in producing it without pulling any pointion Warner Brethers have not sells struck a powerful bline in detense of world Democracy, but have greatly advanced the film in duters in America.

Arisoscelli, the film seem tall as proming as a spaintcalle. Associated Film Audiences, which is the organizational expression at progressive sufficiency quinten, recently published as article through set. Hollymost branch which remarked that "the picture follows a discussoriary method, using overest matter than the state of the way of a companied by the wors of a commentative. Thus, as well as being a great contribution to the weight middle timent, it represents a wird technical consultation and the audience of the motion private the use of a new method of intervenising documentary and discounter as several.

From producer Robert Lord and director Anatole Litvak down through the case, which includes Edward G. Robinson, the French import Loa Loss, Paul Lukas, Francis Ledener, Dorothy Teer, and the son of anti-Navi Errestine Schumann-Heink, there has been great enthusiasm during the production of this film. Robinson had previously gone on record as favoring an embarga on reade with Navi Germany. Pancis Lederer, hinri in Carchoslowkis, has taken to the public platform repeatedly in prerest against the Nazi rape of his homeland. Doroth Tree, as a member of the Motion Picture Arists Committee, has been active in aiding the vactim of the Rune-Bettin Tokys Axis in Spain and China Warner Brothers have allocated a huge sum for advertising and promotion. The nation-wide opening May 6th will probably be the picture event of the vear.

Juares will be another great Paul Muni starring vehicle, but the prodigal use of other great name

Left: Juarez, the Indian leader of Mexican Democracy, discusses the people's problems. Seated beside Paul Muni as Juarez is Joseph Calleia as the vice-president

Below: Brian Aherne as Maximilian, the puppet emperor who was installed over the people of Mexico; and Bette



THE FIGHT, May 1939

mass indicates the special depositions the Warnessingach to this film Monti plays the Mexican Indian Benitz Justeen who was the Lincolni and Washington of his people. Brian Almete acts the support emission. Monimizing absolution the Mexican throne through the intrigues of the French crosses. Bente Davis plays to with, the ambigious Empores Carlotta, and John Garchell or the dashing General Data, of Janeer's mistery colf. William General Data, of Janeer's mistery colf. William Directic Acts under Richards Steeley the actual Control of the American Contr

Of Mexican Democracy

The script of this Sim, written by John Hastine (son of actor Walter Histories, Across Miskenser, and Weitgang Beinhard, Gosin of the given Maxis is a brilliant and prodound study of statement. Maxis is a brilliant and prodound study of statement. Maxis militan is comparable allowers as the deallistic room goals which dequared in the villatin of European politics, and who takes on the emperorship in Mirstoria maker the misappretorson that a propin-pheliosite forceols empiremed by the percention of the removal military) has asked from the competition of the French military) has asked from the conjunction of the Consistency of disone right, and the regular of Joseph Conference on accept the prime ministeriship under his best to accept the prime ministeriship under his best to accept the prime ministeriship under his besterious found in the distribution was tricked one his position in the treachers of the French court nevertheless insists on the death penalty for Maximilian as an example in those who challenge the right of the Mexican people to rule themselves.

There are several magnificent scenes in this film. In one, a pure-blooded Spannard who is Juatre's vice-president, rites to persuade Juarer to step out of the presidency, although still retaining real lead-ership because the fact that he is an Indian make at difficult to obtain the support of the "civilized" triendly powers of the world such as the United States. Juarer's answer is a classic of profound political judgment. Yes, he suo, in effect, I am just a poor Indian, looked down upon be the civilized world. But the strangle of my Indian possile for equality, and the struggle of Mexico for Democracy and independence are in ossence the same struggle. So perhaps it would be just as well that I remain president, as a symbol of the tune; of the two.

Later this vice-persident turns on Juarez, and wages civil war against him at the very moment when Juarez is hard pressed to cope with Maximilian's French legions. Being nearer to the American border, the traitor seares the amunitions and artiflere which Abraham Lincoln has sent to Juarez. One of the most intensity dramatic scenes ever filmed shows Juarez going alone and unarmed into the camp of the traitor to controot him. As Juarez approaches, the traitor becomes terrified, and orders his arrest. No one will arrest the solitary Juarez, and he comes on, the populgar and the habreto re-bellious troops gradually gathering behind him. The traitor, desperate, orders his guard to fire on the cinad as Juarez approaches his headquarters. The troops relax to fire. The personal resolutioness and andacity of the people's leader have triumphed, and the rebellion is broken. Juarez turns to the man enemy. Maximilian and the French generals, and finally defeats them. An interesting subtheme in the film is that Juarez, the great democrat, had own an earlier victory over the native Mexican reactions.

These two films symbolize the new Hollywood at its highest stage of development thus far. But the change had been brewing for some time past.



Edward G. Robinson purtrays a G-man in "Confessions of a Naci Sps." Robinson favors on embargo on Germany

There have been accessingle earlier pictures, such as Blackade, which deals forthrightly with problems of our day. But the main expression of Hollowood's progressivien, up to these two Warnes ventures, has been not in film, themselves, but in the civic lite of Hollywood folk, Sonce Holler, Mussilin, and the Mikado went beyork, and since their simpathiers here appeared in their true colors, there has been a steady growth of superous and clear-sighted political activity in the film capital.

Hollywood for Progress

The most striking symptom of this growth is in the activity of the Morison Pacture Democratic Committee. This organization, mumbering among its leaders Melvyn Douglas, Miriam Hopkins, Gloria Smart, and screenwiner Philip Dounne is on of Finites Peter Dunne of "Mister Doules" famel, is an independent both dedicated to the preservation and extension of American civil laberties, so bringing to New Deal to Cultionia, and no companying to liberal candidates in local state, and national elections. It placed an important pairs in recalling for reactionary Democrat, Shaw, as more of Los Angeles, and replacing him with the Iberal Republican, Bowram, who was backed by the good government forces. It was instrumental in the election of the New Deal Democrat Olson to the guernorship of California, and of the New Deal Democratic Olson to the guernorship of California, and of the New Deal Democratic Downey to the United States Senate. The activity of the New Deal Democratic Downey to the United States Senate. The activity

(Continued on page 26)



Our Shame In Southern France

We must help the refugees of Spain, the men, women and children in the French camps . . . An American speaks for the Spanish writers who cannot

By Leane Zugsmith

ILLUSTRATED BY JOHN GROTH

THE AMERICANS who have come back from Spain tell us that at the moment of bring exposed to bombs and shells you don't react the way you had expected. You may be atraid but not the way you thought you'd he atraid. You may be numbed and that on't what you had expected. Anger or resolution may make you forgetful of danger. But under fire, unbeeded and unknown reservoirs open up in human beings to onanown reservoirs open up in duman neutre fortify them and to transfigure them. They say that about the Spaniards and the International Brigade men at the front and about the civilians in the besigned cities. But they don't say that about the homeless betrayed heroes—the Spanish men. women and children, some wounded, some crippled, some pershing of malnutrition or of the cold—in

the concentration camps in France.

There is little to exalt the 460,000 refugees There is little to exalt the 460,000 refuges-berded into primitive encampments on French soil. They lack; shelter, medical case, decent and suffi-cient food, the simplest sanitary facilities. They have barbed wire surrounding them, the "protec-tive" custodianship of the Garde Mobile. Spahia and Senegalese guarde equipped with basoners, rub-ber trunchesons and sabers, the privilege of listening to Franco's traveling loud-speakers through which they are exhoused to remain to Franco Sania. they are exhorted to return to Franco Spain.

Franco's Law of Slaughter

Yes, they are being urged to go back where they came from—so that almost all of them, if nor all, can be killed or imprisoned under Franco's "Law of Political Responsibilities." Thousands of Spaniards have already been slaughtered through this law which condemns virtually amybody in any way associated with the Loyalists. "The text even allows for the inclusion of abstentionists." Georges Bidault writes in the French Catholic daily. L'Aske, "and so the youne was secret there on be received. "and, as the vote was secret, there can be treated as public enemies all those who since 1934 or at the latest since 1936, have not taken any active part the farces sance 1930, nave not caken any active part in favor of the rebels." The English weekly, The War In Spain, continues to quote M. Bidault, as having written: "MM. Daladier and Bonnet would be imprisoned immediately for having been elected by the Popular Front, even Flandin himself could not contradict anyone if he were told that he flirted with the Lett on a later date than October 1st

Can the retugees go back to that? A small num her have been deceived by the French authorates as to where they were being sent, or driven through despair at the death and degradation in the concentration camps—and a handful of them escaped back to France. Can they remain as they are? "We are treated like infected dogs," a Spanish soldier writes from one of the camps. His letter was printed in the Manchester Guardian.

A Soldier Writes

"The food ration here consists of: 8 A.M., a tin of hot dirty water meaning to be coffee; 3 P.M., half a pound of bad bread and a tin of six small half a pound of bad bread and a tin of six small and very bod sardines to be shared among there people. And that's all. Next day, sardines again. We steep in a shelter of 40 yards by 24 yards with straw, more than 300 people. There is no recont to lie flat on the floor but only sideways. Outside, in the open, sleep over 1,000 more. The 'lavators' sawtul.

"The way they dragged us into these holes from the border! I walked without being allowed to stop for over 26 hours. People that fell on the roads and resisted to go on were knocked by the sabers of the guards on horses. It has been some-thing unwritable. I escaped from Argeles-sur-Mer-because it was much worse. The place prepared because it was much worse. The place prepared for us down there was the beach, with room enough tor 70,000. When I got there, there were more than 150,000 and no shelter, just the cold and damp sand, and no food was yet given. In here, I have been two and a half dacs. Five boys have died. Perhaps they were sick already or got ill in marching, but no medical attention was reads.

There is a Spanish disctor, one of the army, working today, but he has no help, no medical material, no medicine, nothing. We'll die like stoon. It would have been better to have been killed by

thinkable and unspeakable. But we will write about it and think about it until the people of the remaining free countries of the world have acted to end it. The people of France—the Popular

from the long interests working at referred con-ditions in the cargin. That is not enough, in-while the Fifth Column in France has been re-loud; nowthing to creatly the releignes. The Faucets are in procession of Spain has the next to repel Note German and Italian Faucet in-vasion to not seen. And it never was confined to

It Is Our War

It is still one war and your war, although the bombs are not falling on us, the dead are not clock-ing our street, we have not been ridded of seccather, not per. It's still our war althrough temigli-we shall nor sieep in graves dug in the artistelling and, we shall not does at dorder more or gits or poliated water, we shall not helploals wanth our

Maybe it is claimly of me to repeat that phrise, but I am not writing with an tows conscience or a tacile pen. I'm writing at sevent-hand, as a processor my fellow writers in someometrical months. one of Spain's greatest poets, never will. He doed a retugue. I want the orders to live mor in countal

them internationally removated, some of them known only in Spain 2s the men and women who carry on the day-to-day tasks of maintaining and

They know, as we know, that there is no lite They know as we know that there is no lit-tion the intellectual under Fascism. The bombir-at Germany and Italy are now burning all over their land. For example Catalam, the language always used by the Catalamian peasants, has now been forbidden in Catalamia. It follows: Professor. Pomper Fabra, the distinguished intellectual who unified the Catalam literary language, is among the refugees. Thirty-four out of the furty-three memrefugees. Thirty-four out of the furty-three members of the great "Institute of Catalan Letteres" field before Franco, among them C. A. Jordana, translator of Shakespeare into Catalan and Paul Romers. Catholic member of Parliament and translator of Dicken into Catalan. The writers, Ratael Discricture of Parliament and translator of Dicken into Catalan. The writers, Ratael Discricture Serrann Plaja, Sancher Barbodo; the sculp-Arturo Serrano Piaga, Sanchez Barbudo; the sculp-tor Enric Casmowes; the painter, Francisco Gali-the archeologist, Professor Busch Gimpera; crle-heated women writers, such as the poet Clementina. Arderin, the novelist Merice Rodureda, winner or the 1937 Government Prize, the novelist Anna Muria; and eleven first-rank professors from the

University of Barcelona are among the refugees.

Perhaps those exhausted teachers or those to mented writers or those tamished scientists, huddled inside the barbed-wire fences, can tell themselves that they are proud of the knowledge that most of er's not expect them to warm themselves with pride or feed themselves with pride; let's not ex-pect honorable memories to heal sick bodies. Instead, let us who live in a country that still cher-ishes the treasures of the mind, look to our own pride. We have the privilege of being able to work for the release of the Spanish refugres. We may have the honor of assisting them to live once more

HITLER'S April Paul joke on the world-bit lite onescene cancellation of permission for barriga countries to broad-out his speech at that date—can best be explained by the fact that he didn't want the pitters German people to listen to his condited after earling to rebend

United States. Although this sounds tar-fershed, the fact re-usation that Harler's beligarent opencies are in-tended onsinly as reightees the Men of Musick and that only him-pensished transcriptoms are broad-east by German stations because Adolf prefere not a disturb his followers, who are petring fed up-sh cannon garnished with butter.

on common garmining with source.

As for the dal and otherwayshided argument that
Germans can't laten to foreign broadcasts because
they are horbidden to do so by the Nasis, note the
fact that fan mult to the American networks from
Germany has increased rembeld during the past year. and consider the following letter which recently was received by the National Broadcasting Com-

"From: Somewhere in Germany

"To: The Speaker of the German Hour,

"New York.
"Before beginning, I must say that I doubt that you will receive this letter, for a severe emourship rules in free and coordinated Germany.

"Here one can do only what is pleasing to the Gentlemen above. But the fact remains that most Genelismen above. But the fact remains that most Germans listen to foreign reports and not to those here, for we have lost faith in our government in spite of the mostro of the Berlin Radio Station. "Urb immer Treas and Redlickher, (Partice always Faith and Honesty). Our government has the state of the state of the state of the state of the always Faith and Honesty). adopted this motto too, but the people know what to think of it. We are also acquainted with the

to think of it. We are also acquainted with the term Treedom'; but we detect the use made of these terms from the bottom of our bears. "Godbleh and of the Jewish pagrooms that the German people acred spontaneously. These words have created bitter freling among the German people. The truth is, the people had to look on with gnashing teeth as Storm Troopers and Black Shirts smashed and plundered everything

There is a deep rift between the people and the government; and here it is proven once again that a minurity rules. The people must bleed and the big shorts bathe in champagne. How long can this

"How stupid they make us, and how they lie to us about everything, above all in these infamous speeches, this self-deification. If we weren't forced to, no one would listen to this swindle. The biggest fraud is always when we have to vote. When half the votes would be NO the results are always YES; and then they say that 99 per cent are behind the Fuckers. At the most, it is 10 percent; and these are the recipients of government salaries. They receive, of course, very high salaries, otherwise they wouldn't cooperate any more.

"I could write much more; but you would only shake your head at some of it and say that it can't be possible. I am thinking just now of the so-called Inheritance Law for peasant land (Dar Erbhofgesetz). They say that the peasant has regained his freedom: what a swindle! In reality he has been expropriated. Today everything is Common Property (Volktgat). The term is no longer Farm Owice, or Factory Owner, but Manager of Operations, a man who can be replaced at any time

"We have come back to the Middle Ages. We are just as ignorant as in those days even though

KADIO

National's fan mail from somewhere in Germany . . . The F.C.C. defines bad programs

me do have newspapers. But Goebbele save that the people will realize the truth—he'll keep the lies for himself.

The most devilide is the education of our couth It a reacher gives religious training he is considered an enemy of the State. The weeding creenous: is performed by a Storm Trooper, and in place of a Bible Text, a quotation from Mem Kampf is read. At other times ther still speak of God, and say 'With God's Help.'

"The impudence with which they lie is unbelievable; but Goebbels rops them all. We thought a short time ago that he was done for—all kinds of rumors were floating about but sou know, of course, that this type of man is the most useful. "Dear Announce, Mr. Marsching, let me know it you receive this letter—I hardly believe you will.

My Address, of course, is false. If you wish to get in touch with me, do so through the Mail Bag on the air. Please say, 'Letter of A.B. received.' then I shall write you in greater detail. I have told a number of people about your broadcasts. They all like to hear you. Just don't mince any

"And don't be trightened by the saber-rattling in Berlin, for the people sympathize with America, England and France, nor with Mussolini. Nor do

"Mit Gruss

"I have just been able to send this letter. Call me please on the 29th, 31st of March and on April 1st—'A.B.—Letter Received.' Please an-



easy miss you one due. You can't imagine how interested I am to know if you will receive this letter. If so, I shall write often."

They Fly Through the Air

NORMAN CORWINS They Fly Through the dir With the Greatest of Love, a spledid anti-Fascier verse drama about an air-raid, is

and anti-pascus versa drama sourch as air-tans, as creating quite a sensation in radio circles. Curwin is one of the five men to whom the net-works must loss for most of their servous drama. The others are Archibald MacLessh, Irving Keis, William N. Robson and Arch Oboler.

que of a relegrant of congratulation from Father Coughlin after the opening of his new series of plays over N.B.C. He has now gone into sectusion until his pride grows out again.

By the time this is printed those New York department store ads for unassembled relevision sets will have some semblance of honesty, for N.R.C. at least expects to be presenting such programs by the first of May. The sets themselves probably are all right to play around with, although the picture is certain to be much too small for comfort. But the ad-writers' intimation that the air was simply bursting with television programs should attract the unfavorable notice of the Better Bus-

Wrong With Radio

THE FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION has indicated that in the future it intends to frown upon and possibly take disciplinary action against stations making use of the following types of program:

- Any form of fortune-telling.
 Astrology, graphology, numerology and other
- 3. Solicitation of funds.
- Libelous or defamatory statements.
- Failure to give all parties to a controversy an equal opportunity to express their views.
- 6. Skerches, jokes or song lyrics bordering on the
- Programs giving effense to racial or religious
- 8. Biased political, religious or racial commenta-
- Blood-curdling shows for children.

- Misoscutiating staws for Canaren.
 Glorification of liquor-drinking.
 Use of too many phonograph recordings.
 Misleading, false or fraudulent advertising.
 Advertising announcements interspersed between numbers of a concert.
- 14. Too much advertising matter.

Query to the F.C.C.: How much is too much advertising matter, please?

H. G. Wells and the Australian government H. G. Wells and the Australian government went round and round during the author's recent visit to the antipodes. Seems that Wells broadcast some caustic remarks about Hitler and Mussolini when he arrived, so Prime Minister Lyons took it upon himself to scold his visitor in a published statement. Wells retorted by charging censorship, whereupon R. B. Orchard, executive of the Australian Broadcasting Commission, called him a "quarrelsome old gentleman." Where's that southern hospitality?

-GEORGE SCOTT

Mey 1939, THE FIGHT

RISIS is Herbert Kline's documentary zecord of the berzyzal of Carchindovakia.
Sergei Eisenstein is Alexander Needs, ha
astitul nound film, is a historical rapestry dealing
with a specific rount in Threemth Century Ruesia. The two films are as far apart in form, execusia. tion and methods as any two motion pictures could possibly be. Yet they have much in common; they possenty see. Let they have much in common; they are both and Pacces fines, both political films. Strangely enough the Sovies historical film is more deliberately political than the contemporary docu-mentary record. In a straneour about the produc-tion of dieaender Newsky, Director Emeratum

says. I do not believe that any period in history witnessed such an ergy of violence to all human ideals as has resulted in recent years from the growing insolence of Fascist aggression. The appro-sion of the independence of the so-called small coon-tries, blood-drenched Spain, dismembered Czecho-

stovakia, China gasping in desperate struggle, these realities appear like a gory nightmare. Nothing could be more terrible." And that final sentence is essentially the spice of Mr. Kline's film.

a essentially the spore of Mr. Kline's flore.

The lack of material, the difficulty of getting good "coverage" has been a major weakness in most political documentary films. Herbert Kline, who gathered the photographic record for Heart of Spain and who collaborated with Henri Carner on Return to Life (both of them for Frontier Films), has a "nose for news." In Crisis he has done a has a nose for news. In Grow he has done a wonderful jub of reporting—a job a thousand times more difficult in film than in any other medium. The picture begins in Prague, immediately after the Austrian Asschlux. Refugees are pouring in: the old bearded Jews with sad eyes receiving help the old bearded Jews with sad eyes receiving help from a Casch relief station; the little Austrian boy reying on someone's donated blazer; the warm scene of the babies bathing, symbolizing the free mingling of all creeds and races in democratic Prague. We are shown the face of the Citizen of Prague. As we see women and young people listening to lec-tures on the methods of defense against a Fascist attack, as we see the horrifying spectacle of a little artaic, as we see the nortrying spectacie of a little child being fitted with a grotesque gas-mask, we begin to appreciate G. E. R. Gedye's remark: "No one living through this summer in Prague could fail to be conscious of something almost sublime in the attitude of the humblest person one met



The Federal Theatre Project's production of "Pinocchio packs them in at the Ritt Theatre in New York

MOVIES

"Crisis" and "Alexander Nevsky" - seven centuries apart, and yet treating the same theme

every day . . . a fine pride in the fact that it was Cacchodowskix which, perhaps by its own death, was going to redeen liberty in Europe." And then the Sudeten sequence—the unforgettable scenes of Nazi terror—the blood stained pillow and the heaten and murdered anti-Fascists. These is also a beautiful sequence at Solidarity, a children's camp, where the famous sature artists, Voskovec and Werich, lead the children in anti-Fascist songs.

ash, lead the children in anti-Fasciir songs.

The film goes on to show us have the May mobilization stupped the Nazi bluff for a time. For the rest it is concerned with the second crisis, when the 'baston of Democracy' was finally betrayed. Here we are given a picture of the force of Nazi pressure: the big show of the many bysterical Nazi mass meetings, the Nazi method in the elections; the Nazi or funeral with its obscene display of vulgarity. Vintuneral with its obscene display of vulgarity. Vin-cent Shearin's commentary is obviously satiric and even vitrolic. Despite this, the Sudeten scenes are the weakers section of the film. The image and sound-track do not blend successfully. The pho-tographer shot these demonstrations in a very me-chanical way; his emphasis was on the abstract beauty of the image, regardless of the content or the intended interpretation of the shor in the final film. This is one of the more subtle aspects of documentary film-making, but it is a crucial one. There is no formula. But other shots in Crisis hint at a solution. Look at the way the final scenes of at a bounton. Code at the way-the refugees are handled to express the feeling of destitution and tragedy; look at the beautiful ren-dering of the final demonstration; or, look at the first cloos of the Nasi speciators watching the parade. In addition, Mr. Kline's structure is much too long-too padded for the story he tells. I understand he has prepared a four-reel version.

Thirteenth Century Nazis

F CRISIS is a document of trageds, then Alex-A ander Neesky is the most aggressive and pointed film that we have had since the coming of sound in film that we have had since the coming of sound in motion pictures. This Jong-awaited picture by one of the world's most brilliant film-makers rells the story of the Thirteenth Century defeat of the Tea-tonic Knights by Alexander Nevsky and the Rus-sian people. Eisenstein calls these knights "the ancestors of the contemporary Fascists," who "under-took a systematic advance eastward in order to subjugate the Slavonic and other peoples, in precisely the same spirit as contemporary Fascist Germany is trying to do, with the same frenzied slogans and

The film is huge not only in the number of people in the cast, but in the way it tells its story. The major part of the picture is concerned with the famous battle on the frozen Lake Peipus, April 5,

1242, where the German invasiers were defeated. The story is told in broad strokes with very little dislique. The manuse of the acting the sets the brilliant photography suggest a popular Solk east. But the most ansating appear of the firm is that it seems like a modern story as current as notice-time's disconnectory film. We must also note the variantificative contribution of the famine Society composer Preliability for his wore. There are par-

Current Films

WUTHERING HEIGHTS (Goldwyn-Unistrangest of all English movels to the screen via a scream, by Hechs and MacArthur, Unfortunately Emily Bronte's novel suffers much in the transfer. The film is quite conventional and quite dull. It doesn't even evoke a real feeling of the famous English moor. Even The Hound of the Backers



(20th Century-Fox) created a more intense nicture of "moor psychology" with less pretentions about

Let Us Line (Columbia): Columbia was afraid to let us know that this film is based on Joseph Dito let us know that this tim is based on Joseph Di-neen's story of miscarriage of justice, Marder is Massachusetts. But despite that, Director John Brahm has given us an artful and warm picture of human beings. It is interesting to note how much Mr. Brahm has taken from Fritz Lang's You Only Live Once. This is more than a typical jail film.

Midnight (Paramount): Another in the series of perennial French films starring Claudette Colbert. This is another variation on the Cinderella table, with Don Ameche as the smiling taxi-driver

The Story of Alexander Graham Bell (20th Century-Fox): This may be Mr. Zanuck's idea of the rôle of the scientist under our society, or how popular science should be presented to the movie fans, or how inventors live and love—but to us it looks like a general whitewashing of some of our "great public

-PETER ELLIS



AND WHEN in the morning they looked at each other with haggard sleepless eyes, they found Dallardo demented. They had no stomach for the morning chicary, but they knew they had to drink it or go hungry. But Dallardo sould not come out to get his. He las still under the bunk, pressed against the wall. He did not He shrank away from their touch and

would not speak to thrus.

Nor had they the least appetite for the real though they either had to reat it ar starve. But Dallardo would not some out for that either. He was deaf to the remonstrances of Antonio and Mena; he kept his silent converse with the wall. The air was charged with electric menace from which he shrank; sight, sound, memory hovered in it. And the shild took refuge in the deepest, darkest corner be could find, shrinking away from it, shutting his senses to it.

It was moving on towards evening, and still Dallardo clong to his wall, his shirt by now wer

"You've got to come out of there," said Antonio for perhaps the bundredth time; "you can't stay there all day."

"Come on out," said Juliu; "no one's going to

Dallardo kept a resolute back to them.

"He's got to come out of there," said Antonio; we've got to make him."

They seized him. Antonio by the ankles and Julio by the shoulders, and dragged him out. He kicked and struggled, screamed in terror, and grabbed the edge of the bunk as they lifted him so that he could not be pulled further; finally they dumped

him on the bunk, where he lay, his face again to

the wall, whimpering.
"Oh all right," said Antonio, in diagust; "keep quiet! Nobody's going to hart you." His own nerves were jangled from the sleepless ordeal of the previous night. He could not cope with much

During the next day and the day after the During the next day and the day after the obblier somewhat recovered, took nourishment, got out of the bunk the few times necessary, and even attempted, weak and shannefaced, to apologice. But his eyes negar left them, his face never lost as expression of terror. He had reached the stage expression of terror. The man tractical the stage where he could not trust anybody, and only blind untreasoning fear had hold of him. Mankind had played him false, and so he could not trust any man. His whole present nightmare was against all reason, and so he could not trust even his reason. son, and so he could not trust even his reason. Everything was conspiring against him. Especially was he affected by steps close outside the door, or the entrance into the cell at mealtimes of the hairy giant with the food. He would cringe away and press back against the wall, his body stiff, his eyes budging, his lips trembling. When at one such time the hairy one, feeling playful, made a mock theratening step toward him, he emitted a shriek, and kept whimpering loudly for over an hour before they could quiet him.

Nights, when the condemned was a deep of the second.

Nights, when the condemned were dragged down the hall, were the worst. His low nervous whimpering would rise to a high-pitched steady wailing. It was acid on an open sore to Antonio, who would clap his hands over his ears, beat his feet or his fists on the floor, gritting his teeth, writhing under the lash of the sound. Once his self-conprol was not enough to contain him; he rose, screaming

"Shut up! Shut up!" and fell on the little man, from whom Julio had to pull him, weak and shaking. Even Julio, always the most calm, began him-self to tell under the strain, glaring at the others through hostile bloodshot eyes, speaking sharply.

WHEN Dallardo did get out of the bunkscrawled cross on the back wall and give himself up to voluble prayers and lamentations, attoning endless paternosters and snatches of Te Deums, even repeating mutilated Latin phrases of unknown even repeating mitinated term pursues of unknown meaning and appropriateness, merely because he had heard clerics using them. He confessed volubly, with much beating of the breast, and Autonio and Julio were treated to harrowing accounts of the poor man's depredations; the few pesetas he occasionally held out of his meager earnings from his wife for the rine he drank during his long wine-shop debates; the half-dozen surreptitious visits he had made in his lite, always under the influence of the vile grape that was his ruination, to the wicked" quarter behind the cathedral, to "Peque's" brothel, "Lola's," and once in a blaze of glory, to "La Luisa"—he groveled now for the blasphemous-hing he had said once in that house—high-class— of the devil. He would writhe in an agony of repentance over what he considered his one real de-parture from marital fidelity (the rest being professional and not in the same category) with a buxom mustached housemaid who had been highly and justly indignant over this assault on her virtue by one so small and impotent, and had only sub-mitted because she could do no better at he mo-

he was. He bared everything, seeking to accom-plish at one blow the paradox of making atonement for the sins that had landed him in his present plight and demonstrating to a just God that there were and demonstrating to a just God that there were really no such sine and it was all an unfair mis-take. His prayers had the effect of a mental catharric, and he always rose from them much relieved. They were very violent; violent in their prostrate start, violent during their duration with much waving of arms and beating of breast, violent in their tearful, relieved conclusion—so violent, in tact, that Antonio was forced to move the slop-lackers. bucket out of the way for fear that the little man would with his gesticulations upset it. But they had a beneficial, purging effect which Antonio and

As the days went by his improvement became increasingly noticeable. His psychological need passed slowly from that of making atonement for his beliefs to that of justifying them; and Antonio found himself forced to listen to long tirades on Socialism, pointless, obscure, consisting mainly of slogans and denunciation, uttered with the tone and emphasis of irrefutable logic. Dallardo exhaus tively examined every angle of his subject, and wen over each point several times in each day's discourse, avoiding only mention of the Church, even as an economic factor, out of fear of antagonizing as an economic ractor, out or ear or arragoments his God at the other end of the cell. Antonio agreed with him implicith, nodding solemnly when-ever a pause in the flood of words around him intimated that the cue for approval had been given. He realized the necessity of giving the little man what solace he could.

"So simple. And logical, istening to be convinced." Another and, Solema

"But some people—some people will not listen. Some people—will not be convenied." His lip trendled. A film of anoisture apeared in his eyes. "Oh, but they will, they will," said Antonio quickly. "They will listen."

quickly. "They will listen.
"As jed"—nagerly—"they will! They will!"
Given time he would have recovered if nothing happened; not fully perhaps—in that atmosphere—but enough to make living with him hearable.
But something happened.

ANTONIO awake one night with a start. It was about midnight; the air around him was a solid swimming black, feelid and opposition. He locked around him. What had wakened hom? What instinct origing him? What slight unfamiliar sound, recorded in his unconsciousness as he

Julio, next to him, was sitting up also. They both listened. A rat squeaked, blumdered against the alog-bucket, and looked at them for a second's fraction with glowing rellow eyes. Drip of water, the fidgety breathing of Dallardo, the pregnant whispering silence of the hall outside.

anaspering silence of the half outside.

And then there was a slight scrape on the outside wall, as of acrambling slow beather a scratching at the bars. Somebody was trying to get upto that window! Julio crouched reuse. Automo-

A loud scratching on the bars, the suck of es-cited panting. Though they could not see, they knew that a face was at the bars, looking in. Then

Julio jumped to his feet, trembling, and started toward the window; and coincident with his ac-tion there was a sudden shor, sharp as a slap. A up scrambling to the window. Two more shots. One came into the cell, missing Julio's head by some miracle, and sprayed the cell with slivers of stone

from the apposite wall. The scream reached its seek then ded dones. These was a second's sharp scretch of clotching, convolutive fingernails on the costy bars, and then a thou on the brinks outside.

east max, and from a third on the service outside. Julia resumband, fromes to the hars. Astronia, knowing that the guards would be there in x mo-ment, keeped up, and origing him be the shoulders, tried to pull him down; but be field like iron, and Astronois binned into his grap and tell, cricking the floor heavily. He rised again, transic, from the Boar feavily. He trees again, France, cross-tice side, because his long against the soil and push-ing with all his strength. Julios hold gave, they reached up against the upposter wall and his rhe flaor. a florir of arms and legs. Antonio plaused his arms and rolled with him violently against the wall under the window, throwing a blanket over

wall under the sendow, throwing a blanket over their protrailing tera as he fid so.

Note too soon. A floolight cut a swart through the dark fell on the door; moved in the floot, to the other wall, lingured x second on Dallardo's reem-hing lips, bulging eyes, moved on again, troubed the cod of the blanket, moved up, touched the edge of an exposed troupered knee. But the angle trum the window finde it impossible to go up more. It flicked once more around the cell, southed again

the hall and crystallized on their door; after the loudest wine had cursing, ratifed and tried the keys until he had found the right one, when they finally opened the door and flashed their torches,

lankers, apparently peacefully solvep.

The owner of the loudest voice kicked them. Get up out of that!"

He was hog-faced and bissared. His open uniform coat was thrust aside by his protruding abdomen, half a shirt-tail was out, his brenches were still open. He smelled of alcohol. He wiped his mouth on the chevrons of his sleeve as he glared at the men, now crouching against the wall.

"Trying to escape, weren't you swine? Trying to escape, ch?"

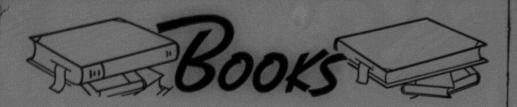
They did not answer. He flashed his torch on the two of them and then on Dallardo. "Which or you did that how come for? What did he want?" (Continued on page 26)

They made no response.

Burgos Gaol

At first, there were three others in the Fascist dungeon with Antonio Moros . . . But they came for Caldeveras, and Antonio's last hope of escaping execution went screaming down the hall . . . Part Three of a story of Franco Spain

> By Jack Reed ILLUSTRATED BY CHET LA MORE



Vermont and Liberty

SEASONED TIMERS, by Duruthy Confold; 485 pages; Harrison, Brace and Gampany; \$2.50.

more competently written than the majority, but calling for no special consideration. But just as we are be-Comothy Hulme's celibate intelligence pages; Reynal & Hitchenck; \$3.00. and the violence of his emotional upset, suddenly the book becomes alive, significant and timely.

Timothy Hulme is principal of Clifing has been a major calamity. When thanks to: of a million dollars, on the condition 2. Coercing millions of Germans to that no Jewish children shall be ad- but Mein Kampf, while all literary united, and that the tutton shall be competition went up in ufficial bonhires. lifts the story out of mediocrity.

this endowment, with its (to Profess room is complete without it, sor Hulme) intolerable conditions, Neither of the two American pubstar Hume) intolerance conditions, Sentier of the law Assertion parabolic shall be accepted or rejected. It is listers bringing out within a day is around this election that the conflict each other two unexporgated English rages. Never for a moment does Timinguage translations shows a desire to the bottom of his heart, be-to add to Hitler's millions. Stockpole-lieve that he and his faithful cohorts intend to turn over all royalities to will win. The material advantages to organizations aiding German refugees, the Academy, and to the town of Reynal & Hitchcock have set up a committee of public figures to administer never for a moment does he waver in the distribution of profits to a fund for never for a moment does he waver in this fight against the teachers who is fight against the teachers who anticipate increased salaries, the students who plan a gymnasium and heated swimming pool, the townspeople who expect prosperity, lower taxes, and plenty of money for all.

In the two-months campaign before

ginning to skim over the pages, a little pages, Stackpale Sant, \$3.00, hored with the eternal conflict between MEIN KAMPP, by Adult Hieler, 994

FRMANY is on the brink of C bankruptcy, brought there by the Nazi misrule. But Hitler ford Academy, a poverty-stricken little is a millionaire, with money in nearly school, to which a break in the plumb a score of European banks, principally

1. Shady real-estate transactio

Ever since the Reich came under ing the poorer young people of the Adolf Hitler's heel, the possession of vicinity in favor of the "gentlemen's a copy of Meis Kampt has been a mark sons"—a battle is precipitated which of political reliability, with few German households daring to refuse the A new trustee must be elected to most unpersuasive traveling book sales-the Academy within two months—a men. Every schoolchild is forced to trustee whose vote will decide whether study the book, no dentist's waiting-

Th HER word competent and facile ever done. And the conclusion, which manner Durothy Canfield has it would be wrong to divulge, tollows written this corp of a Vermont consistently from the action.

In offering this complete domestic and toreign program and crede of the Nazi movement to the American publication and toreign program and crede of the Nazi movement to the American publication in contribution of the Sermont Timber will doubtlesly ship after twenty years of ceither lies are a wide reading. It's that kind start twenty years of ceither lies are wide reading. It's that kind start twenty years of ceither lies are wide reading. It's that kind start twenty years of ceither lies are wide reading. It's that kind start twenty years of ceither lies are wide reading. It's that kind start twenty years of ceither lies are wide reading. It's that kind start of a book. And jux as these readers are doubt of disapproval on the bible of Hit-back to willow an entire egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no foliar egg to find out that it is rotten, and no find find the man defined to the first man def ing, unddenly finds his guard against on a book. And just as these readers seemed the message it carries, so the contrary two editorial out that it is rotten, and no fouler egg encorional entended to message it carries, so the soult of disapproved has ever been hatched by any bird.

If this were all there was to this story, it would be only one of thousands of similar more competently written than the more competently written than the majority, but calling for no special consideration. But just as we are be.

MRIN KAMPE, by Adult Hiller, 669 tant book of our times, and so on, far

anto the night.

But the first complete Mein Kampf in English comes to America fiftren years after it was written and in the years after it was written and in the seventh year of the Nazi regime. Pro-ple in and out of Germany have tasted at first hand the theories and practices of Fascism. Today the book is a be-lated confirmation of the numerous other ravings written and spoken by Hitler and his benchmen, not to mention excerpts from Mein Kampf pub-licized here earlier. So, we have a regurgitation of the cannibal racial doc-trines, of the obscene hatred of France, England, Russia, the United States, and all the other well known spewings of the Fasent Beast.



the election, every character in the sales of both editions, although so far look aligns himself with one oide or the other. The sharp relief in which the utilizers stand our is probably the best thing that Doroth Canfield has been been seen thing that A Doroth Canfield has ever done. And the conclusion, which

Novel of Owners

ROPE OF GOLD, by Josephine Herbit: 429 pages; Harcourt, Brace and Company; \$2.50.

TOSEPHINE HERBST has writ-J ten herself into the culture of America in novels of a passionate America in novels if a passionate integrity. This is an achievement dis-ficult for any artist in transitional periods like the present, when the world struggles parallel the struggle of art to be reborn out of estheticism into the realism of the picket line and the concentration camp, of Fascist wars and villages bombed for peace and religion. This, the author's fifth novel, has

the theme of ownership. Property is the hangman's rope around the throat of the owner class: from dispossessed farmers and shopkeepers at the bottom merly called by the pet name, "the backbone of the nation"-right on up backbone of the nation"—right on up-through the population of faithful struggling little people to the frayed-intellectuals at the top, and their ma-ters the big shuts of business. The latter we see wobbling through the great depression, and in the come-back, dopting the union-busting gun tech-ique of Fascism to save their skinswhich they see endangered by the Wagner Act.

Ruin, bankruptcy, middle-class de feat-the picture is terribly true. These people in the story cannot love, cannot hope, cannot fight, but like those on whom the curse of God has fallen they

May 1919, THE FIGHT

wander dounited, and lost, Their dilemms is summed up in the repo Victoria Chance flings at her has from whom she has separated: Year lamily spoiled everything. Not by loving you too much but by owning neving you too much but by owning things you might controlly have. You might have flung your life into some-thing that mattered, but no, you had to been and how." The spotlight moves all over the map of the United States and down to Cuba, where Vatoria Chance has an assignment to do a series of articles on the sugar mills a series of articles on the sugar milis and where she gets caught in the general strike. The scene is America coming out of the depression, entering upon the New Deal. The book ends with the workers sitting down in one of the plants in the great auto strike.

of the plants in the great auto strike.

One Jeels the negative side of the picture is pretty bravily loaded. And while the social types personalized in the characters stand out in brilliant and living detail, one regrees the further tendency to intellectualize and give a subjective coloring to the larger episodes in which their lives are involved—a method which certainly blutts the drama implicit in the historical background. Still, though one may find fault with Josephine Herbut's art on those grounds, in this as in her art on these grounds, in this as in her earlier books the deep sincerity of her writing, the extraordinary vigor and warmth of detail, the fluidity of her prose have enriched our literature of fiction, permanently

-LILLIAN GILKES

The Brown Danube

SURVEY AFTER MUNICH, by Graham Hutton; 253 pages; Little, Brown and Company; \$2.50.

THE BLOOD-STAINED tidal tration of Danubia-and here we see wave of Fascist aggression in Central and Eastern Europe is brilliantly described, and its underlying political and economic drives are lucidly analyzed, in this compact volume by a former editor of the very influential organ of British conserva- exchange; more and better factories, tive opinion, the London Economist.

The book is in three parts. First Graham Hutton gives us a detailed and exceptionally well organized pic-ture of "The New Danubia," that explosive congeries of nationalities and States whose economic and industrial resources are steadily falling into the resources are steadily failing into the Fascist orbit. The geographic, com-munication and strategic advantages of this complex region between the Rhine and the Black Sea are carefully out-lined, and the balance-sheet of strictly this complex region between the Rhine and the Black Sea are carefully outlined, and the blance-sheet of strictly material gains to Germany from the British policy of "appeasement" is shown to be both impressive—and precarious. If aggression had nothing to fear from the political factors, the Rome-Berlin axis might well dominate the world from the Baltic to the Mediterranean.

tion-more man-power, both for production and war, but less lovalty and steadily increasing hatred, In Part III, on "Politics and Powers," we get a concise but very revealing account of the vast chaos now de-veloping on the heels of Germany's advance eastward. Czech, Slovak,

John Heartfield's photomo

the working out of the grim contra-

Hutton does not pay sufficient atten-

Part II analyzes the mechanics of That is completely to misconce dictions by which Germany, through sictions by which Germany, through violent capture of the wealth of Czechoslovakia, comes nearer to bank-ruptcy. More resources but fewer markets; more gold, but less foreign but fewer customers who can and will pay. And also-a point to which Mr.

> Can such a war end victoriously for the aggressors? The answer may not be long delayed.

-HAROLD WARD

The words are: America is not like The words are America is not like Europe, and thank the Lord for the Aelantic and the Pacific. The authoritist most of the pages of his book dowing that America is bon like Europe. He is very scientific about the proof. He draws a map--- a pretty in the map with the United States care to

the may with the United States our un-inter ventory separate comparison.

When he gets all through with hi-maps, States Chee give to his pro-gram for moircoining peace. Then, de-spite all the bright according to the sextit belove, the program is an old and threadbure one. It's some pure holds-tonium. Can off all relations with the rest of the world the instant way a de-clared. Meanwhile, what does Mr. Chate propose we do in order to al-ternative prevent the necessity of sex-ternary to prevent the necessity of sex-

Chair propose we do in order to attempt to prevent the necessity of severing relations with the rost of the world? The answer is nothing. He done suggest however, that we build up our nave and army in order to defend not only the United States but South America as well, recognising an one of the few hould passages in the book that the defence at owner to the book that the defence of peace in the United States requires the defence of our southern neighbors from the in-roads of Faccian. He even recognizes that guns and hurtleships are not the only implements for detending South American Democracy, pointing out the importance of peace conferences, and defensive alliances. He embodies were alliances. phasizes that understanding with the mintries to the south of us is neces sary "for mutual survival in a storm-swept world." This is an important admission to appear in a book that is otherwise the last word on isolationism. It is an especially important admission when we examine Mr. Chase's reason for advocating for South America a foreign policy which is diametrically opposed to that which he advicates for the rest of the world. The

cates for the rest of the world. The chief reason be gives to his attribule is:

"We are bound together by our geographical isolation."

Then it becomes apparent that all of Mr. Chase's fine concern for maps has not taught him a simple lesson in geography: numely, that New York is two thousand miles nearer Berlin than it is to Burono Aires the chief South is to Buenos Aires, the chief South American seaport; that the geographical isolation occurs only in the fact cat isolation excurs only in the fact that most maps show the North and South American continent on one page and the rest of the world on another page. For in point of actual fact Brazil is nearer Africa than it is The Tyranny of Maps

THE NEW WESTERN FRONT, by Staart Chase; 196 pages; Hercsuri, Brace
and Company; 51.50 and 75 cents.

STUART CHASE is a very
bright fellow. He once wrote
a book called The Tyranny of
Words. Now he has written another
book and in seems that he himself has
fallen under the rule of this tyranny.

The New Western Front's the fact that already Franco is demanding the return of Porto Rico. Yes, Mr. Chase,
and there is an Atlantic and a Pacific; but
the best defence of "The New Western Front" is the defence of world
peace and Democracy.

—HAROLD PATCH

RENDS in Wall Street took pending a general review of land's ship to the root. Secondly, as forecast in this column two seconds

traces, Wall Street has been closely sevartaining its own position.

The verdict is that the European visit in gloomy indeed, and may por-tend a period of Napoleonic conquest which, however, in view of the pres-ent probable line-up, can only end in earinguishment of the would-be con-quero. But if the worst happens over there, stock prices here and busiover there, shock prices bere and bus-ness generally would be severely shocked at first, and atterwards would fluctuate with the furtunes of war. Many astignatics have assumed er-roneously that the World War boom would almost certainly be reenacted, and so are puzzled when current war scares cause a sharp drop in stock prices and bad dreams for the Street. The reason is that present-day war is an entirely different affair from the World War days, and a business boom is by no means an assured propo-sition, regardless of experience. So the Street reasons that a cash position is the safest until the future is more

That this opinion prevails abroad



The Street is gloomy over Europe and America, but sabotages the very solution to the problems

The Street's Self-Sabotage

THUS the stock gamblers consider their plight and tremble in their delemms. Their glosse is deep and it into the wondered that they grow cautious. At the same time, they tion to their problems. More security for the nation through a bigger and broader. New Deal program, a job for ever man at higher swages, and a halt in sale of war materials to aggressors, are simple enough fundamentals. If we had these fundamentals through the cooperation of what the Street calls "venture" capital, the second of the notice reasons for Wall.

If we had these fundamentals through the since and thirdly, the "base Rosseed" cannot appear the proposed W.P.A slash is reflected in the record gold flow and thirdly, the "base Rosseed" cannot give in kill off the progressive New Dasl begilation has not really been going upite as smoothly, as the Tors newspapers have been beasting since the G.O.P banker trout captured greater expresentation in Congress.

A Glowny View of Europe

IN THE international area, the all, although any ten-year-old intelligent child would find it difficult to say why this should be so-mine praise thilly everybody except Chamberlation and his feasier child would find it difficult to say why this should be so-mine praise and his Fascit actions, that anything goes and a solid world war steer the war as war starts, every government titelly everybody except Chamberlation and his Fascit actions, that anything goes and his region and war of negliate against war proise control schemes deviced to hamed possibilities of war since the unrealy fellowed now.

It also must be assumed under the light should be so-mine praise that they are trained in the same pattern would be fallowed now.

It also must be assumed under the light which while was to except the same pattern would be fallowed now.

It also must be assumed under the size of the same pattern would be fallowed now.

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It also must be assumed under the same pattern would be fallowed now.

It also must be assumed under the same pattern w

the mercy deterred and with surey develop in this second quarter-year. There is a spoiled-brat attitude of impatience growing in the financial dis-trict over what is retined "the lack of follow-through in business harmony after the great amount of talk that emanated from government spokesmen recently," The Wall Street Journal says that the responsibility to bring about retrenchment in government about retrenchment in government spending as a means of stimulating business is being tossed back and forth between President Roosevelt and Con-gress, and thus far neither is willing to take that responsibility. It can most readily be seen from the business in-dices why the President refuses to take the responsibility, and it isn't hard to understand why Congress is reluctant. Perhaps the Wall Street Journal should be told that maybe the persistent and indignant country wide protest to Congress from small business and the general public, against sniping at the Roosevelt attempts to raise or at least maintain living standraise or at least maintain riving standards, has something to do with this Congressional reluctance. Business harmony to Wall Street means one thing-rugged individualism; to the nation, another-rugged health.

May 1939, THE FIGHT



At a meeting of the American Newspaper Guildsmen who are on strike against Hearst's Chicago papers

Hearst Learns Hard

The emperor has fallen to a mere hundred thousand, but Hearstism lives on in Chicago, where thugs attack the striking workers... The story of a valiant struggle for human rights against the savage violence of the Father of American Fascism

By Morris Watson

has brought its reckoning. His empire is in hock. The emperor, himself, is reduced to a mere hundred-thousand-

But while the fallen monarch broods at fabulous San Simeon, also in hock, his spirit and his labor policy go marching on in Chicago. Thugs with rub-

on strike to preserve their union which widespread and diverse support. It is on strike to preserve their union which is the American Newspaper Guild. They had a Guild contract. It was can people think of Hearst and all that violated, not once, but many times. A job security clause was ignored. Contractual minimum were not paid, opening from AF, of L and C.I.O. Overtime was chiefed, Employees (Church, civic and welfare group links were corrected, intimidated and fired in interested themselves actively. An

The A long time since the eminent historian, Charles A. Beard, said in the interest of his successors, Lies that no person of intellectual honesty or moral integrity would nouch william Randolph Hearst with a tendrot pole. Since then the Hearst probability together with Hearst high living places and un-American editorial.

The A long time since the workers where the historian confuse the in the interest of his successors, Lies chines become obsolete. Insecure and jittery, the workers wor by retusing to buy products advertisent. By two-to-one majority vote taken in orderly, democratic fashion, they despite the click of the course. No strike in the click of the course, No strike in the click of the course. No strike in the click of the course, No strike in the click of the course. No strike in the click of the course, No strike in the click of the course. No strike in the course of the click of the course. No strike in the click of the course, No strike in the click of the course. No strike in the course of the click of the course. No strike in the course of the click of the course. No strike in the course of the course Advertising lineage in the two papers has dropped 1,670,731 lines up to last March 15th, according to Media records. Circulation has fallen 212,000, the Guild estimates.

Since organization of the American

OURS 15 2 come of herors. Every day, in sine part of the world or another, herors arise. Some gain the recognition they we richly deserve, others arough, work and die on

Our been will have to remain assequences. He is a refuges from Nati terror, a fugitive from the German George, the fair-shooting Hitler sector pulice brigade whose terroristic certifieds have in-

We'll call our character Friez Lieder. Thur's We'll call our character Fritz Lieder. Thus's not his real name of course, but Fritz still has relatives living in Gessnay, and they necessarily most be potnected, for the Geisage is methodically assist. Sharely stire this magazine leaves the printshap, it will be carefully scraminard by Nazi agents in America. This story will be studied in an effort to determine the true identity of Fritz Liedera, In 1935, Fritz was an average critisen of a small need in morthern Germany. He had a job in a top factory. At right arched very morning he used to appear for work. At foretherly he returned to his little enhancement. There Fritz used to

to his little suburban home. There Frita used to sit after a good German dinner that included a stein no two of been and play with his little young-stern. He would delight in residing letters from his son who was studying medicine at the Univer-

Talk of Hitler

rtimes he would amble over to the neighborhosel coffee-house, there to sit and discuss politics with some of his cronies. But Fritz was a jorial plump man and was inclined to laugh at talk of Fascism and of Hitler, a mad Austrian house-

Fritz was a veteran of the World War. For four years, from the time he was sixteen until he was twenty, Frite had served in the Kaiser's army. After the Armstice he had returned home and married Martha, his childhood sweetheart. Times were hard after the War. The Kaiser

was chased out by the German people. A republic was set up. But Fritz didn't pay much attention to it all, as long as he had enough work to keep his family in clothes and tood.

Suddenly all was changed. The talk of Hitler, which he had scoffed at so long, became louder.

"We Are Growing"

In darkest Germany, the people struggle against Hitler by devious means . . . The story of "Fritz Lieder," a German worker who recently left his country after long years in the "underground"

By David Karr

ILLUSTRATED BY ADOLF DEHN

An election took place in which the democratic forces were split; Hindenburg betrayed the Repub-lic; Hitler became Charcellor.

lie; Heller became Chancellor.

There was talk of terror in the big cities. Brownshired men with swastikas on their arms were
weeking shops. Jews were being thrown into jail.
And then something new made its appearance. The
concentration camp. The comparatively clean jails
were already overcrowded with political prisoners.
Those who were under sentence for murder, robbery and other crimes were freed. Into their cells
were cast persons who opposed the Nazi regime.
Into Fritz Laeder's town came the Nazi police.
Doson the naith the marur disappeared mysteri-

During the night, the major disappeared mysteriously. Many of the local trade unionists were unceremoniously arrested and taken away. Leaders of the various political parties were grabbed with the same speed as were Masons, members of fraternal organizations and other non-Fascists.

During the first few weeks some of the more contagons local people attempted to cope with the situation by holding protest meetings in the streets. The consequences were with. More meat for the apen Jaws of the concentration camps.

Gradually the people learned that they must face

the facts realistically. They realized that Hitler could not be fought in the open. Newspapers which attempted to oppose Hitler, found the end swift. Nazi party people were assigned to censur the news. Then all the major news agencies were abolished and the only news that reached the people came from the government news agency and the canned

Building the Underground

The "underground" was the only way left. The underground was clumsy in its beginnings. Fritz was afraid to work with it. Two of his more daring friends were caught in the first few months. As he sold me about it, tears came to his eyes. They glistened and poured unashamed down his cheeks. "That's what made up my mind for me," he said.

"If Willy and Elmer were not afraid, then I was not either. Hadn't we all fought in the trenches rogether during the War?"

Fritz's first assignment was to distribute the new underground newspaper. Scealthily he arose at one o'clock in the morning and made his way to a nearly field. There, under a rock whose location

May 1939, THE FIGHT



Swiftly biding them in his coat, he started for town. Fear was in his heart as he walked. The streets were dark. Not a soul was in sight. Here was a doorstep. Furtively he crept close, glancing from side to side. He slipped the paper underneath and hurriedly moved on. Under every doorstep went a

hursedly moved on. Under every doorstey went paper—thin, bodly printed, but carrying a message. Then with a look to either side, Frist retraced his tootsteps and returned home to bed at four o'clock. The dangers of a large organization soon became apparent. Spies could be found everywhere. In apparent. Spies could be found everywhere. In every factory there were spies. In every offershop and beer-hall they lurked. The underground organization had to be split into tiny sections.

Groups were divided into "cells" of five. In each group was a cell-leader. He knew but one

other person in the movement. One person from another cell. Thus all orders, etc., were communicated. If a spy wormed his way into the or-ganization, he could only catch four persons, whereas before, everyone was in danger.

A Government Job

Fritz was fired from his factory early in 1934, but he got another job. This time, he was working for the Nazi government. His was the task of collecting taxes from the Jews in the city. It was a valuable spot. Here he was in a position to travel freely. He could talk to people, learn their feelings and work accordingly.

The problem which was the toughest to lick. was that of bringing literature for mass distribution into the country. It had to be smuggled in. For

this work, great caution was required.

Sometimes Fritz would get a message,

"Go to the ——— hotel and ask for Mr.

He will invite you up to his room."

There Fritz would meet a traveler. The man

There Fritz would meet a traveler. The man would list a dummy partition from his trunk and produce some finely printed leaflets. The paper was almost as thin as cigarette paper. Fritz would thrust these into his trousers and walk quietly away. That night his cell would steal away and go about the job af distribution. In the morning, the entire town would be wild with talk of the leaflet.

entire town would be wild with talk of the leaflet. The police would drag in all suspects. Held for a few days, they would deny any knowledge of the affair. Usually they were released, but occasionally they would disappear. "Dachau," the word

would sweep through the small community. Another

Perhaps the most glotious job which was done by the cell movement was the victola record

age and instructions. He was to go to a nearby city after first informing his boss that he was ill. Promptle at 4 P.M. he was to set up the portable Promptly at 4 P.M. he was to set up the portable victrola which he was given on a busy street. At 4-93 he was to start playing the twelve-inch record it was part I of the "Romeo and Julier" overture. After thirty seconds he was to shut it off and start selling the records at a price equivalent to fifteen cents in American currency. The records sold like hotcakes. At 4-20 promptly, whether sold out or not, all the "allesmen" were ordered to cease business and return. The reader can well imagine the records of the non-third part of the northern who the data heads. surprise of the purchasers, who that day bought eleven thousand records of the "Romen and Juliet" overture only to have it start on a long anti-Hitler speech after the first few bars. One of the mer even had the nerve to leave a record at the local

Another trick was the use of a large silver coin. Walking through a crowded street, people would drop these plated coins. Persons nearly picking them up were startled at the inscription, "Down with Hitler."

The Voice of Freedom

Most important of course is the radio. The "Voice of Freedom" station continues to harass the Nazis. Two of the stations have been discovered, but others have spring up in their place. Every evening, thousands of German radios turn to 29.8 meters. They used to listen through the usual radios, but it you are caught, the penalty is swift. Now, earphones are used, and the sound is inaudible to passersby in the streets.

One of the finest systems, now out of use, can be revealed. A man climbs to a roof with a short plank, a bucket of water with a hole in it, plugged with chewing-gum and some literature. The plank is placed halfway over the street—the bucket on the roof part, and the literature on the street end. Then the gum is removed. The water seeps out

time, the perpetrator of the scheme is miles easy.

The seapout rosons are cereable bethieve of arrivals. Seamen about the German boars have greater across to sent-Faccio literators than any other group. Arriving in a torough post, they go to designated stations, where they receive car-timo of organities. "Reintee No. 3" are the fricence

is. The cigaretes been with a brany paper storia, which the people have learned to recognize. The white stocke is a signal to kill the butting end and

white anose is a signal to kill the horizing end and rip the cigarete open. There can be found a thin primed paper, explaining some political point or issuing a stricting anti-Passis appeal.

The Gestago have been driven half wild in their attempts to half this activit, but except to a few cases, they are powerless. The people have learned to be cautious from necessity.

In the Factories

Or course, the greatest concentration of activity must take place in the factories. This work is hard. Warchmen have been placed in all monitions factories to guard the premises stretinglit. Yet, it is not unusual upon entering a factor; in the morning to find on the wall a large anti-Hitler poster, or a big leaflet or painted sign calling for

Outsiders would think that the hardest place to spread anti-Facis material would be in a con-centration camp. Ironically enough by means which Fritz declared to reveal to me because of the langer of exposure and a halt in this all-valuable activity, the concentration camps are centers of real literature distribution and conscious study of anti-Fascist activity. This takes place in the crowded "recreation" periods. These people know only too well that their lives are almost hopeless unless they are quick to act; therefore they are daring in the

The underground movement has two songs which perhaps better than anything else give the teelings of the anti-Fascist forces of Germany. One is "The Peat-Bog Soldiers," the song of the concen-

For and wide as the eye can wander.
Post and log are econyclore.
As a long ingo out to cheer us.
Out a long ingo out to cheer us.
Out a long ingo out to cheer us.
Out are standing guine and have.
Be are the Post Boy Solders.
Be he marching with out species to the boy.

The other song also freely sung is called, "The Illegal Whisper," It goes something like this:

As Fritz was speaking the knuckles of his hands shone white in the sun as he crushed his fingernails nto his workworn palms. His, I telt, was the

rit of the real Germany.
"When I left my home," he said, "many poalmost total strangers to me, but who had learned that I was on my way to America, came to me and asked that I give America a message.

Tell the people of America that the people of Germany are not Nazis, that 90 per cent of us are against Hitler. Ask them to give us a chance to prove it to them?"

Mother's Day becomes a day to promote peace . . . Women of Spain and China

wears a carnetion in his buttombole on racial propaganda has gone far wider that day. But it was not until four than people in the East realize Pears ago that the peace movement less and to use Mother's Day has become in official to the needed to the mothers and chill.

But with this emphasis there goes which is tied to the American Havanian and Matson Lines, and a director of the mothers to being home to all of the packs. Telegraph on the Telegraph of the mothers and chill.

Company Mr. McIntosh o a director of the mothers and chill.

During these four years the women have made very practical use of Moth- since the days of the World War. They have not used it as ust a reaffirmation of women's desire And with their proposals for direct among women in the United States, action, they have never list sight of the

BECAUSE of their real belief in peaceful measures and because of their prac-Mother's Day program for 1939. This year they are concentrating in most cities against the anti-scala progagnate at that AD to 25 cents an hour for picking to read and to write. They are learning to take their part with the men in the vast task of developing the interior of China. They are finding opportunities they are bound up with the democratic rights of all groups, and they are hitting at this particular propagnada as at direct threat to our peace. In some communities they are building exhibits of anti-Semitic propagnada, awith the source of that propagnada caysed beside the exhibit. In other places they are astranging radio broadcasts that are an-

OF ALL the days cricintared in the owers to such broadcasts as those of United States, Mother's Day has perhaps the greatest appeal to the greatest. Jewish and gentile, are uniting to fight number of people. All the monthly the dissemination of any anti-racial nagazines that deal with the home in propaganda. The very fact that the any way have regular Mother's Day women all over the country have chostories. Clergemen preach Mother's sentities subject to concentrate on, feats cern for his farming and packing opera-Day sermons. Every man on the street to the conclusion that the wave of anti-

day for peace, and even in those sities deen abroad. We do not know what where such official actions have not in ahead of us in the future for demands and Justianis Company, a director of them taken, peace meetings have been un our money and for our moral supday for peace, and even in those cities dren abroad. We do not know what held as a matter of course. It seems a port. Certainly we know that the last good use to make of the day sear has brought suffering to mothers.

During these four years the women and children abroad that is the greatest wumun from Spain has just been in to see us. She tells us that the courage of for peace, but as a day to educate for the Spanish women during these dark

tical proposals, it is interesting to see China too. Women who have never

Associated "Farmers"

(Continued from page 9)

The interlacking business gaminations have occupated beyond all imagining in recent sears; they are in imagining in recent years, time are in-termingled with citizens' anion simul-ing committees and women's strike breaking partintic" groups, such as Neutral Thousands and Wissen of the Pacific. The same names occur every-others. Take as an example (though he's no "worse" than many others), a

Mr. McIntosh is a director of Cali-Mr. McIntosh is a disector of Cali-tionis Packing Corporation, director of Miller and Lux, and president of the San Francisco and Ferson Land Com-pany. He's a director of the San Jos-quin Power and Light, just merged with the Pacific Gas and Electric, of which he is also a director. He is president and director of the Bank of California, which is the banking con-Merchants Exchange, of the Oceanic and Oriental Navigation Company, which is tied to the American Hawaiian sociation and a director of the Russ Building, where Associated Farmers have their offices

Roping the Innocents

When the Associated Farmers started in 1934, there were few real small peace and in initiate practical measures dats is one of the great miracles of to insure peaks. In some cities Mothors is Day last year was used to spread and mothers need to be cared fur. Not have some sort of front. So they set the boycott against aggressors. The only do they need our money for food about forming firtness—they meed to know the Japan as well as the personal boycott, sympathy and support there is for them to refuse loans and mortgages to tenant to refuse loans and mortgages to tenant farmers, who need the loans to buy seed and pay utility bills; they refused They have never talled in the fact that peace can be insured by peace and full flears. They have never talled in the belief that perhaps we need just in Spain. It is, of course, unfortus one more war to make the world peace out that a war had to be the accasion of the country-side to the country side. for the recognition of the need for markers in the roadway became the red greater opportunities for women. But flag of revolution, in the Salinas lettuce greater opportunities for women. But all least that ene good thing did come strike; caravans of longshoremen were from the war. And it is coming in always descending on peaceful villages. China too. Women who have never to destror them. Anyone suggesting known how to read before are learning that 20 to 25 cents an hour for picking

used he realizes that his interest is with the working farm laborer. The small doupkreper in the country tourse is in he same boat. If the worker makes the same boot. If the worker makes how wages, be cannot spend on the shops around. He cannot buy his children shoes so that they can go to school. Bur the Associated Farmers are in-contable. Not only are they trying to

cut wages in every crop, they are now memorializing Congress to close the ren Federal camps which house a few thousand migratory workers, where the migrants do have a shower, a wooden floor to their tent, some wash-rubs to wash their clothes, and a tew toys and recreation rooms for the children. They are also asking that cash grants of re-

work be stopped.

In this the Associated Farmers seem to be like those Dickens characters who couldn't hear to see Oliver Twist get

Wood, Water, a Shack

Five years ago there was a great cotton strike in the San Joaquon Valles. Twenty thousand cotton-pickers, Mexican, white and Negto, laid down their sacks and refused to go back at the 60-cents-a-hundred they were being paid then. I was present at the hearings be-fore the government commission ap-pointed to arbitrate the strike. Families of cotton-pickers testified that they and their small children picked from sunup, "till the sun she go to sleep, and did not make enough for turtillas. A Mexican was asked whether he had wood, water, or a wooden shack, which the "farmers" said they supplied. I the Tarmers said they supplied. I remember his answer, ringing out over the hall of a thousand people. "Nunca, señor, nunca!" The very trathe cops stood agape at what that hearing revealed, of misers, dirt, disease, inhuman conditions, and vigilante breaking of the law—the minimum wage law for women, the housing laws, the consti-rutional laws about peaceful picketing.

Last autumn, five years later, there were the same conditions, the same violations of the law, the same misery; but the workers were now preponder-antly white workers, "Okies" from the Middle West, the Dust Bowl, pushing on to try to find a living in the Westa living that had been promised them.

For, and this point the "Associated Farmers" try to hide, advertisements for migrant workers appear constantly in the papers in the Middle West-workers are asked, are lured to California, on the promise of work and wages. They come in numbers—in order that the "Farmers" may have an oversupply and so be able to depress wages. Then if government crop restrictions or other causes drive migrants on relief, the "Farmers" complain because they are taxed; and they start a drive to keep migrants out of California on the ground, as the Hearst papers so pret-

(Continued on page 29)

les. I had on orrespaper and was trying to to road him. The fact that he was obting down the male alided through the Time a vertices reader of other people's newspapers. Answer 1000

WAGNER ACT MUST BE AMENDED.

I read and recent this tem until I was sick of it. The hell with in I thought, who doesn't be read something also who diesn't be turn to the hunner.

The reality changed dones the events. The one-torman hadn't switched on the electric lights and the croller was full of donky half-light. No other passengers came on and I got the feeling that I had

passengers came on said I got the feeding that I had seen the man with the encopage before.

"Look up in "be said at last as II we had really known each other bor a long ritte." The best houlding and looking at it, and I don't like it.

I was sure that I had heard his voice somewhere.

I wonder if I know you? I said, staring at him. He want't tall and he won't dort. He want't tall. and he wasn't thin. In the tunny light, I couldn't quite make out the culor of his eyes of hair. He might have had diety-blood have or duck reddish

hair or brown hun. And his face that had first seemed risund, now appeared more or loss equivariance. He could have been firsh or Soutch German or Swedish, Maybe in was Jewish or Italian? There was no relling. He had that kind of face. It don't know you, he said, slapping the back of his hand againer the heraldine. Amend the Wag over Art? he explaided. That means backing up the unions and giving every company tanget unions and giving every company tanget unions. tear gassing link who doesn't want to amend the

What's your trade?" I asked. "I keep thinking

I'm a working mon. That's my trade," he

"Yan're not a miner? I once gave a lift to a more in Pennsilvana—that was when I had a ar."

What, the difference? This is mis stop. He surked at the signal code. Here you can have the dieer." He tossed the newspoper over to me and

His walk reminded me a little of the way seamen walk when ther hit land. But somehow it wasn't that kind of a walk either. He planted each foot solid and careful like a mill worker on the job.

It makes a difference," I called as the trolley pulled to a stop. Maybe if I know your trade,

He turned around. "My union's the Wagner Act." He smiled again. "I joined the Wagner

Act when it first started and I still belong."

He jumped down to the street. The troller whizzed down the tracks and I suddenly knew the answer. "I thought I knew all about that fellow," I said to miself. And I did. He was not only the man who had joined the Wagner Act. He was also the men, the millions of men who had joined the Wagner Act. Maybe it was the funny light that put the notion into my head.

Anyway I picked up the newspaper he had tossed me. With my pencil I inserted one new word in

WAGNER ACT MUST NOT BE

IN STEP LABOR

by attendment or to religible its admin-stration." We have therefore, who mitted to Congress a statement of our rigorous opposition to all of the pro-posed amendments to the Natissal Lailor Relations Act. "After careful examination and consideration of the proposed amendments." our statement reads, "we see that they are designed for the side purpose and effect of de-stroying or weakening the hemitis now employed by fallow inder the present Act, and of breaking down the enforce ment and administration or the Act.

ment and administration of the Act.
"Without attempting to deal with each and every amendment proposed," as coercion, the statement continues, "we should "The amening the statement continues," we should "The amening the statement continues," and the statement of the Act.

The amening the Act.

The amening the proposed of the Act.

The amening the Act.

The amening the Act.

The amening the Act. how several of the proposed amend-ments would operate to the disadvan-

an employer to sign a contract with a ments which would give the employer to the right to petition for an elexion to represent the majority of the workers determine the appropriate bargaining. "Among other crippling amendagent. Such an amendment would ments are those which would re-define

by giving to the Board only the powers of the strongest weapon—the right of investigation and having all cases to strike. The would in effect do away with the Board and call for a change in the procedure before the administration and enforcement of the Act in the hands of the delay proceedings and to cause a break, the contraction of the Act in the hands of the delay proceedings and to cause a break. ment of the Act in the hands of the delay proceedings and to cause a break. Courts. Other amendments would down in the administration of the Act give the Courts the right to review the Other amendments giving the Courts facts as well as the law and thus in fact increased power would also serve the first as well as the law and thus in fact increased power returned in the law and thus in fact as well as the law and thus in fact as well as the law and thus in fact as well as the law and the law

rights have in any way been prejudiced by an order or decision of the Board.

"The proposed amendments calling for crarle elections are entirely unnecessary since the Board may now in its discretion call for craft elections. The only purpose such an amendment could

the American League to Peace and collective action and bargaining by alDemocracy is to "defend the Wagner lowing the employer to bargain with
Act against all attempts to weaken it each of his employees caparately and
by attendiment or in repple in adminto set one group of employees against

like to point out in a general way prive the Board of the right to invalidate contracts is a grave danger to labor organizations. It would allow an employer to sign a contract with a

agent. Such an amendment would prove extremely dangerous to the success of a labor union in the process of organizating the emplorers of a shop of plant. It would enable the employers packing houses, tobacco factories, and plant. It would enable the employers how any of a union's organizational drive but when it still had not gained a majority of a union's organizational drive but when it will had not gained a majority of the employers of a time when a company union a sepscality strong.

"Many of the proposed amendments when a company union as especially strong.
"Many of the proposed amendments which terredom to restrain employees from oiting unions and allowing them to enter the powers and functions but strikes unless favored by a majority of the National Labor Relations Board by giving to the Board only the powers of investigation and having all cases to strike.

Two Giant Strides

(Continued from page 11)

Continued from page 181
wood when placed in contrase with
what happened into years earlier in the
Sinclair-Merrame campuigm. At that
time studie employees, far from having
an independent political visior, were
actually terroired into obyting over a
day's pay for the campuigm of the seactually terroired into obyting over
day's pay for the campuigm of the seactually terroired into object of
paymond parts have been dealed by
Donald Ogden Stewart, which for
orarly four years has been fighting
against the Natio and their American
wropathiers and spress, and for the

against the Nasis and their American sympathieses and agents, and for the preservation of American Democracy. Shortly after the Spanish War broke rout, the Motion Picture Artists Com-mittee, headed by Dashiell (This Man) Hammett, was formed to aid the Loralists, and through it film lu-minaries contributed many thousands of dollars, both in cash and in ambulances, to the cause of the Republic, When Japan invaded China, the committee undertook similar work for the

the Hollywood Committee of Fifty-Six, which is campaigning nationally for twenty million signatures asking an embargo on Nazi Germany. It is also quickly, you hear me persor? Who arging a change in rederal neutrality is he and what did he come for? Ingislation in line with the Thomas Amendment. Joan Crawford, Myrna Julio thirty years younger, eyes and Loy, Bette Davis, Edward G. Robin-mouth open gratesque, making the son, Paul Muni, Alice Faye, Henry clay around him muddy with his Fonda, James Cagney, Pat O'Brien, blood—
Princilla Lane, Miriam Hupkins.

Groucho Marx, Walter Wanger, and the floor to avoid calling attention to the Warner Brothers are only a hand-thal of the filmland notables who com-prise the builtan.

take, however, the cinema itself will remain an even more eloquent spokes mon. That is why the new trend in films, as exemplified by Conferences of a New Sty and James, a of critical importance. A number of other studies are stating to see the reaction to these films. If they are a pronounced surrens (despite the efforts reaction arise will undoubtedly make to knife them), other producers will at once go into production on similarly significant pictures. The Tweedledee and Tweedledous of atoms, although roppied, art not entirely dead. It is up to every progressive and every progressive on progressive and every progressive oris to give Confessions and Joures the tremendous support they deserve.

Burgos Gaol

(Continued from page 17)

Answer me, hijos de pates, or l'Il lrag your guts out!"

"We saw no boy," said Antonio illenly. "We've been asleep." "Don't lie to me, bolshevik dung!"

Newest among Hollywood progressive He signalled to a guard who dragged sive groups, and most glittering in the in a body unceremoniously, by the array of celebrities it has mostered, it seen, and dropped it in the middle of

endment. Joan Crawford, Myrna Julio thirty years younger, eyes and

Dallardo could manage no such con-trol; he looked at the child and then turned his wondering eyes to Julio. The officer tollowed his glance and swung his torch on the tall man.

(Continued on page 30)



May 1939, THE FIGH

BUILDING THE LEAGUE

By Thomas L. Harris

RADIO is being used more and more by League handles with increasing of members who tail to renew—often success. Derivol's reject has just come for no resion that can be observated into the office at this is being written. and the office of the energy against Father regulgible number of lapses. Without Coughlin on March 27th. The first going into details, which will be gladly opench brought in several hundred let-supplied by the National Office, the ters but no contribution toward the "essential feature of Pontiac's scheme is Defroit branch extended the time from fitteen minutes to half an hour which constituen minutes to half an hour which constituen minutes to half an hour which constituent half an hour which constituent half and the executive which constituent half an hour which can be a hour minutes to half an hour which constituent half an hour which can be a hour minutes to half an hour which can be a hour minutes to half an hour which can be a hour minutes to half an hour which can be a hour minutes to half an hour which can be a hour minutes to half an hour which half an hour brought in so much financial response that we have had to ask the assistance of an auditor." We congratulate the Detroit committee, which was organized only nine months ago, on their able both financially and educationally able both financially and educationally. Their appearances over the Hartford Connection branch as

sour that the speaker is presenting. We commend this use of drama to the attention of all those branches interested. in fostering radio programs.

MONEY-RAISING is always a problem. Here is one way that netted the New Brunswick, New Jersey, branch well over \$100:

"First we secured the cooperation of First we secured the cooperation of a local theatre manager, in bringing that very fine anti-Nazi film Professor Mamhock to New Brunswick. We can the picture for four days, and succeeded in selling over 500 tickets through our members. This large sale of tickets netted the branch well over \$100. Besides the excellent financial return, we feel that this showing has

done much in our fight for Democracy.
"To further help our monetary diffi-culties we conducted a drawing which netted the branch \$25."

PONTIAC, Michigan, has a small but most effective branch of the League. They have recently worked out a scheme which does a mazing things for maintaining memberships. The

the containing of the cultison were does which are applied to subscription. The power and prostige of the cultison were about to be justified. But on the following years. United States can and shall be exerted. For in the sommer to give added inshould not be plastimet. But me in the least membership, I is the League nationally to safeguard their (Spanish refugers) petus to the League's work through Detroit branch extended the time from applied such a plan with similar way lives and security. Since Washington the summer months and smalle the fifteen minutes to half an hour which cess, our membership would be tripled.

Detroit committee, with ago, on their success. The Hartford Connecticut management of the general anti-Faccist fight and continues.

Chicago is also making use of the radio, as is Brooklyn. New Jersey and New York City have formed a joint committee to use this most effective committee to use this most effective committee to use this most effective committee to a shall be also believed. Alter Munich' by Clark to the form the radio as in the language with the committee to the shall be also be successed as the committee to the shall be also be successed as the committee to the com

"We can strike a telling blow for world peace by showing the Hitler-Franco-Mussolini combine that the American people have not deserted their democratic brethren in Spain detural affairs. In this way the League

THE Medical Bureau and North THE sommer is some



condemn the Tors government of England' as 'one with Hitler' and urged peace workers to enlost the democratic working people of this coun-

Leaders of Richmond young people Leaders of Richmond young people and others attended the organization meet-ing and beard Miss Eleanor Fowler, executive secretary of the Washington branch, explain the aims of the Amer-ican League for Peice and Democracy. League members, she said, want a foreign policy based on distinction be-tween aggressors and their victims, withholding American economic re-sources from aggressors, granting our resources to victims of aggressor na-tions under conditions to remove risk of our being drawn into war and concerted action to withhold from meading consecut the mean as sake

"Dr. Mitchell of the University of Richmond introduced by the Rev. W. P. Watkins of Highland Park Meth-odist Church, temporary chairman, observed that it is a strange situation today, with all the peoples of the world loving peace and bating war, and all the statesmen crying for more arms."

YOUTH NOTES

The American Youth Congress plans a national conference . . . "Student Nationalists" and Student Union

HAVE you ever watched a group of ... The American Youth Congress boys collected near a corner; boys too should be supported in its effort to lead old for school, too poung to have gained youth to a future which will be promptly appearance in the working world? ... during the promptly appearance of the working world? They stand there day after day, hanging around until late in the night; past. QUIET and ineffective for some time,

Hundreds of thousands of such youth tionalists, Trunitees of thousands of social vocation or over the country are extrained, distillusioned and ready to follow a strong behaled leader who appears to know where he is going, who sympathies with their pilipht and gives them a resum for living. Millions of such youth the pilipht and gives them a resum for living. Millions of such youth the pilipht and gives them a resum for living. Millions of such youth

The American Youth Congress has and race prejudice. New York. The goal of this meeting to build a better and safer world to is to show "How Youth Organizations live in. The A.S.U. has won the re-

Participation in Politics and Govern-

Opportunities for Education.

Recreation and Gultural Activities. Opportunity and Security for Rural

Opportunity and Security for Urban Peace Action.

Better Health and Clean Living.

les, mischierous, reads to fight; playing practicel jokes on each other and annuating the passersby. Do you shake your head annuating the passersby. Do you shake your head annuating the passersby. Do you shake your head and call them "no good leaters transps, future criminals."

Chestal was now to be the companies of the compan Should you speak to them you would "Free America." This group has been find them hold and critical. They most active on the campos, where it is would laugh if you talked of jobs. "You dedicated to the destruction of the see, it's this way Mister, we know all American Sendent Union. To make it calling itself the American Student Na-

The "American Student Nationalhave been earolled in the armies of suc-Hitlers. These destructive leaders play hind their name, but their very activion the weaknesses and half-forgotten tres will expose them; their contempt prejudices of the youth-promising to for Demicracy both in principle and the half-starved young people a glori- practice; labeling progressive groups are future and immertality as "communistic"; creating religious

made great strides in meeting some of The American Student Union has blems in a practical way. This proved itself as an organization of year the American Youth Congress is youth, interested in securing opportunity for all youth to be given a chance will be panels on the following topics: tionalists (Nazi) will not get away Interfaith and Interracial Under- with taking in vain the slogan "Free

Hearst Learns Hard

uration of paying fantastic salaries, the le attempted to concince the people of real fact was that any good newspaper. Seattle that he was the section of the man in his service lived to constant fear attent of a recolution. of the axeman. If the worker was good and his pay was raised, he was good are say one to the attention of the National Labor Relations Hears's traveling payroll-proness. Board, after storms braining through Legend maintains that these gentles which Hears's lawyers dragged one to salary received. Protest of local executives, to whom the names might. The strike was settled on November be flesh and blood or mean the differs. 25, 1936. Later, when the Labor rope, or hid on a warehouse rull of me-dieval art, his hangemen cut a wide trail. Court of Appeals only recently uplied of suicides, foreclosed mortgages and the Board's decision. Unless the man-

An Ancient Score

Except for fear, then, the Hearst strong's widow back salary. papers were lettile ground for organi-zation. But Hearst workers hardly had time to cock an ear toward the Some thought that Hearst had learned root out the leaders. From West Coast genius with the technic of the company papers be fired first Louis Burgess, union. Henceforth, it was to be the papers to their mean principal Hearst strategy for fighting editorial writer, Jennings a reporter, the Guild. Company union domina-both of many years' service. The cases tion is the hardest charge to prove be-Board which was created by the famous Board. The Guild suffered temporary Section 7a of the N.R.A. The Jennings case, heard first, resulted in an order for reinstatement. The Guild the Boston Revord, the Baltimore News is to show "How Youth Organizations live in. The A.S.U. has won the re-rejoiged that the right to organize had the Los Angeles Exeminers, and the A.Y.C. Can Perpare Youth for spect and support of students over the Chiresuship in Our Democracy." There country. The American Student Na-

in Milwaukee had the audacity to de- Board poll by a four-to-one vote over

critic for tourteen wars on the Post Hearst Learns Hard

(Consisted from page 21)

(Consisted from page 21)

Newspaper Gold five years ago about 4 per ceter of its eighteent thousand numbers have been insolded in strikes. Of seven crities in metropolitan control, the control of the many been against thousand numbers have been insolded in strikes. Of seven crities in metropolitan control, for the first page 1. The Part-fartiliproce retirem, four of them have been against the control of them have been against the page 2. The page 2 in the first page 3. The page 3 in the control of the first page 3. The page 3 in the page Hearst newspapers. (This counts the current struggle is against two papers.)
The employees of the chain, whether unganized or unorganized, have always been the sixtims of one of the most rathless labor politics in America. During the Hoover deback thys took firee.

Hearst bearing the Hoover deback thys took firee. Hearst partial the strike in Milwauke. ang the Hoover debatic trips took tirre. Hears settled the strike in Milwauker, successive parties of 10 per cont each while Hearst chiefeld not one penny off his own annual solary at a half-million suffered on the West Coast. By radio, dollars. Though Hearst enjoyed a reputation of paying fantastic salaries, the

Guilty As Charged

men made it a practice to swoop down red berring after another, found the upon a payroll, lay a paper over the management guilty of interfering with, sames and chop off heads according restraining and coercing the employees in the exercise of their rights.

to no avail. When Hearst wanted to rehired, but not reinscared as ordered about it because we tried, it's on use.

They talk of "chances" in Florida, colleges, the American National Party
New York, Frisco, Life is very dull;

(Nati) has created an organization rope, or bid on a warehouse full of mefinal ourcoine. A United States Circuit arement decides to take the matter to the Supreme Court, which is unlikely, it must now pay Lynch and Arm-

> new protective movement among white a lesson. It didn't last long. From collar workers before Hearst began to somewhere in the empire there came a came before the old National Labor fore the National Labor Relations istration to overrule its own board! the New York Journal-American where The Burgess case died. he Burgess case died. the entire complement of white collar In 1936 the Guild Hearst workers workers chose the Guild in a Labor

"Your message makes you the outstanding advocate of, peace in this bour," the telegram declares.

—Regina Rakocsy

—Regina Ra

The Chicago management herded frightened, undergaid girls into the hantily-borned craft unions. It found a few coportunities in the editorial department to form a special union there, called euphemistically "The Chi-cago Editorial Association." A nice tip off as to its parentage came when a committee of Chicago churchmen held hearings to determine the justice of the

The New World, official organ of the Catholic archdiocese of Chicago of the sposure of the fake "jurisdictional which Cardinal Mundelein is the spir-dispute" issue. These A.F. of L. leadwhich Cardinal Mundelein is the spirdispute" issue. These A.F. of L. leaditual leader, has come out for the strike.

ers are aware that Hearst and his sucrepeatedly told the public that thirty The paper offered 's special prayer and word of encouragement to the Hearst employees who are on strike.' The Catholic support han't wavered. A long time before the strike Bishop Bernard J. Sheil, vicar general of the archdiocese, wrote a series of articles for the Evening American Incensed STRENGTH THROUGH JOY by the criticism of the New World, the Hearst management dragged the articles off the shelf and ran them in the struck paper. Bishop Sheil, pointing out that he had no control over the time chosen to print the articles, wrote to the Guild as follows:

"The preposterous and totally false impression was produced that the appearance of the articles at this particu-lar time was in effect a public rebuff on the part of the Catholic bishop to the courageous Catholic members of the Newspaper Guild who joined the strike under the firm conviction that funda-mental moral principles of a Christian and democratic nature had been re-pudiated and flouted by the manage-ment; that there was a gross violation of the Federal law which guarantees the right of collective bargaining to all organized labor; that the attitude of he Chicago Evening American was in direct contradiction to the spirit and the letter of the Encyclicals of Leo XIII and Pius XI."

Protestant and Catholic can unite on fundamental Christian principles. The

organization of women who are deter-mined to use their potent buying-power to secure fair labor standards, also has investigated the strike and deolded to support it.
Some of the A.F. of L. leaders are

And the Colon to the American Newspaper Guild, perhaps loreseeing that this committee can be a potent force roward the healing of lacontributions of the committee has been three decades ago cressors are arch-enemies of labor. In to forty persons are on strike. It doesn't this fight it is not only easy, but nate even bother to tell a little truth in ural, that they join with the CLO order to get over a big lie. It just lies.

semegraphers. editors, one-trainer, one-trainer, progress-crainers, progress-crainers, comments, responsive, progress-crainers, designation of all discussions of the seminorations. It is interestigned and other union the discussions of the strikers, advertising assertion, releptions operators, increalization and screen of the strikers. The committee workers, together in one union compares a largaining unit with genuine bargaining power on any and enteresting assertion that in the management's volcine and extrainers and extress of the strikers. The committee workers, together in one union compares a largaining unit with genuine bargaining power on any and entered the progress of the strikers. The committee was a largaining power on any and entered the progress of the strikers. The committee was a largaining power on any and not rectain that in the matter of violence and extricted the police and ecurits for lastly. If drew from Major Kelly the same that in the matter of violence and extraction that it is the same and the folial stands were "amazingly comer, then, why emplayers seek to build craft union as a bar to the industrial Guild.

"Editorial Associates"

The Chicago management beroded to use their potent buying power to secure last labor standards, discussed the same and the continue the sevent to the surface on the surface of and and hijacked the Guild's sound. There are some of us also see in the huse mobilizing rank-and-file A.F. of L. support for the strike. They drawe it into the Chicago. Cincago struggle something of L. support for the strike. They work through the A.F. of L. Continuities to Scares Cause Guard, damaged to the strike has one the Beaver my Aid the Guild Strikers. Jonathon extent of several hondred dollars. truck. They drave it into the Chicago. Chicago struggle something more than River. It was fished out by the United. mere desire to chise! profits. The

The New Gangsters

because give the police of the strike. The management and the Chicago Editorial Association were repretrial examiner has already submitted an intermediagly the same person.

A National Labor Relations Board trial examiner has already submitted an intermediagly the same person.

A National Labor Relations Board trial examiner has already submitted an intermediagly the same person and intimimetermediage report finding the management guilty of coercion and intimidution, and recommending an order of
reinstatement for first Guild leaders.

The New Perld, official organ of
the mechanical to the discretization of Teaches
the mechanical relations to bodies in the labor
successors in Mon. Energist, Dean
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The thugs are called "guous" by the to smash labor. Why? Because, says

(Continued from page 24)

tily put it, that migrants "lover wages

There are so many things to say about the Associated Farmers. I have seen them in action so often. Walking down the ordinarily peaceful main that September two and a half years ago, I suddenly saw the shopkeepers and hangers-on marching with pickax handles, the cops sending tear gas bombs into the Labor Temple; a small farmer was ruined on this occasion be cause he offered to sign a contract with the union. In 1934 I saw a Filipino ranch-house burned down and the little Filipino workers-who are so useful when they take 15 cents an hour for their stoop labor-run out of town at the edge of bayonets, traffic cops helping the vigilantes, the suitcases of the Filipinos flying open and their pathetic belongings strewn along the roadside. I saw three workers shot down and at Pixles in the bright San Juaquin Valles, and the murderers acquired. And I was at the trial of the eighteen workers who were jailed for long terms because they led a few strikes and and feathering, workers driven from county line to county line, babies dying of starvation, tear gas, beatings, long imprisonments, children born in condi-

tions of filth that turn your stomach,

By Egmargo





emocracy at the Hosel Commodore a law York starry F. Ward, Rockwei pre and others will apeak. \$1.00. WEDNESDAY, MAY 17th Travel in ... SOUTH

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WORLD TOURISTS, Inc.

THE LITTLE man tay, quite atill, on the busik. Occasionally his tengue would strike the root of his mouth, giving forth a hollow clucking sound; his lips quivered constantly. He shuvered now and again; bis ryelish futureed. The world outside his mind was a void. He did not source when Autonia soulder to him.

He could feel the rhythm in his arms as he shook the other. For whole minutes he lost the sense of time, for-got to watch Dallardo's reaction in got to waren Datarawas reason in the conforting, billowing sarge of mo-tion. And for a long time there was no reaction. Then the little man seemed suddenly about to come out of his stuper; his brow kntr; his hands twitched. A look of terror seized his face; he twisted suddenly, convulsively, throwing off Antonio's hands, and then fell back in the bunk, panting feverishly. Gradually he subsided again

He never came out of it again, and when Antonio finally realized it was ecause he didn't want to, he ceased because he dun't want to, are vessed trying to make him. The world in which the cubbler now tound himself was far more pleasant. There was nothing left of Burgos Gaol, not of any of the events leading up to it. At

and always the kide with arrays, cicksea, pellagra, non-eyes. Mind you,
not in duck, underground mining distackies, but in the California austhine,
with arranges hosping brany on acres
and endine acres of averse occurred grees,
with warmth and gluny of biassous and
when he did was properly chasticed
and cowed by the knowledge of how
thereoughly he was despined. His life
was service and warene. Even the
subject of the his inconcer, deaf and dead
with several and concer, and the subject of the several s

side his mind was a world. He did not answer when Antonio spoke to him.

Julio sat luddled in his familiar corner, his eyes open, unblinking, unseeing, as he had been all right. Antonio could not expect any help from him.

He surned his haggard dead-white face to Dellardo in the bonk and bee scape from his forced idleuses and its attendant apprehension and thought, of the face to Dellardo in the bonk and bee scape from his forced idleuses and its attendant apprehension and thought, of the face to Dellardo in the bonk as does not not computation, to keep everyone same and preserve some semblance of normalize in the desire to help. He would watch for footsteps of others, was gone, leave one semblance of normalize in the some semblance of normalcy in the desire to help. He would watch for ing only Autonio and Julio from opcell, julio watched him with glowing eyes every flicker of the other's face. every twitch of his moving, vaguely

to him he would mottee and turn in takin) he knowled her like here, Bacely the bunk; gap and sit up straing.

But it did not come very often, and stier a while it ceased to trouble him bed, nights and days, enveloped comaltogether. Only the pleasant sippletely in her flesh when every slight

The little man lay, quite still, on the bunk





A Resolute Policy

THE PEOPLE want peace; the American people do not cover under a mantle of military glory war's naked horror. America does not seek to escape internal difficulties by the conquest of other nations. The United States has no fortified frontier, no near neighbors who are hostile; this state of peace Americans intend to preserve, against a threat which daily grows more ominous.

against a thread which daily grows more ominous.

Ten years ago our peace was secured by a minimum armament and by pacts and treaties. Today
Fascist aggression driving refentlessly at Manchuria. Ethiopia. Spain. Czechoslovskiń and
Albania has shattered confidence in treaties, conventions and agreements guaranteed by promises which fascist powers have plainly shown they break when convenient. Fascist aggression work-ing furtively in South America and even in the U.S.A. has revealed the danger to our peace.

Surgants that were anogular top years ago, are now inadequate against Fascist aggression. Events compel America to devise a new policy to secure our former goal. Americans have not become more warlike, but they see the necessity of become more warfike, but they see the meessity of taking resolute measures against Fassist aggres-sion. The growing anger of the American people, which is reflected in the recent (failing Poll show-ing an increasing majority in favor of boycott of German goods, is more than moral indignation at Fascist brutality, arrogance and falsebood. It is the realistic anger of a people who see our peace and security menaced.

and security menaced.

An adequate foreign policy capable of defending
American interests requires not merely defensive
military strength, but a diplomalic strength able
to employ the economic power and prestige of
America in our behalf. Every action of Fascism abroad increases the subversive Fascist elements already at w in this country, and an outright

victory for Fascism would almost inevitably lead to the establishment in South America of Fascist regimes as spearheads against the U.S.A. *

It would be criminal fully to wait for a military threat against the continental United States before trying measures in defense. Why incur immeasurable casualties in war, when resolute measures short of war, if applied now, can avert the danger? An embargo upon Fascist enemies to our peace, a factual distinction between victims and aggressors, not open to legal and diplomatic quibbling, a bold use of the U.S. diplomatic and economic prestige would insure our peace for a generation. What risks would such a resolute. realistic and honorable policy incur? The hypo-critical friends of Fascism insist that such a course might anger the Faseist powers into declaring war. Conceivably to vent their spleen the Faseist aggressors might declare a war they would be impotent to wage against us; but today any such declaration of war would be an empty gesture. At present external Fascists can bring no serious military threat against our shores, and an immediate use of our economic power would forever prevent the execution of their threats.

prevent the execution of their threats. Many Congressmen and Senators, though homestly committed to the cause of peace, are not yet clear as to the methods by which our peacecam be preserved. We urge you to write to Washington, on behalf of an anti-aggressor, pro-Democracy foreign policy.—TL.H.

The Source of Anti-Semitism

A MERICANS who believe in racial and religious equality, those fundamental tenets of our way of life, look with abhorrence on the rise of nitism within our nation in recent months.

The findings of modern science, widely agreed popular education, had given the lie for all ti-one would think, to the stopid standers against

one would thus, to the alogist standers against the Jews and other minority naves.
Economic depression, as is well known, can be a feetile breeding-ground of racial intollerance. Be it written in the book of the angels to the reedit of the American people, and of the vitality of American Democracy, that we calcilited very little of this sort of thing through more long

But that which cannot die within, can be attacked from without. This is the plain troit of the budstool growth of race hatred with which we are confronted. Anti-Semitian in America is

are confronted. Anti-Semitism in America is testay a was implement manipulated by the Nauriches of Germany, though their agents the German-American Bund and their trusty Fifth Columnist Father Coughlin. There are more ways of killing a democracy than by cheking it to death. The simplest and best method of combatting lunatic racial theories is still education, the dissemination of the truth about races. We must realize, however—and quickly—that we are duling not with mere ignorance, but with an organized attempt to foment disturbances, divide our people all destroy our national unity. The beneficiary attempt to foment disturbances, divide our people and destroy our national unity. The beneficiary of all this may be reached at Bone-Berlin-Tokyo. "Today Germany is ours-tomorrow the whole world." That would appear to include even

The propagation of anti-Seraitism in the United States today is an act of war or an act of treason. It should be dealt with as such.—C.P.

Eyes on Spain

THE RECOGNITION of France by the THE RECOGNITION of France by the government of the United States a few weeks ago came as a considerable jult. People close to official circles were quite as much surprised as those far away. Certainly there he been no time for the popular feeling of the coap to make itself fell before recognition was nounced. But since it is done, we must around and see whether arything can be found to execution that will be according to that will be according to that will be according to the well week for the code.

cities of Spain. Now in the past there has beassumption that a consul was a more or less gli-fied clerk who existed mainly for the purpos-getting stranded Americans back to their countrior renewing passports when they had expired. But a new conception of the consular service has grown up in recent years. Perhaps Hitler is responsible for it. At any rate he recognized that German consuls were good agents for the propo-

ganda for his own peculiar type of government.

We do not advocate that the consuls of the United States should become propaganda agents. or the democratic form of government. But the for the democratic form of government. But the 1 nited States must learn of what is going on in Spain, and certainly the consuls can be expected to keep their eyes open. We have always been strong believers in the efficacy of expressed strong believers in the efficacy of expressed approval or disapproval of the actions of other countries. The people of America are most concerned that no reprisals be carried out in the new government of Spain. But to express our disappearing. Our pleasure, we must know what is happening. With our consuls in Spain we should receive some knowledge so that we can determine whether recognition should continue or whether it should be withdrawn. D.M.C. it should be withdrawn.-D.McC.



THE WORLD FOR PEACE AND DEMOCRACY

See page 2

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