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OF THE WORLD,
UNITE!

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)

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FORCE SENATE COMMITTEE TO HEAR DEMAND FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AT FULL WAGES FOR 12,000,000 UNEMPLOYED WORKERS

Kentucky Miners! Strike!

ALL EYES should be on the Kentucky coal strike which opens the New Year with a decisive struggle. Friday 18,000 miners whose families are slowly dying of hunger will cement their ranks under the leadership of the National Miners Union in a strike which is the hope of the entire Southern working class, Negro and white.

From its very beginning the National Miners Union has been harassed by the Harlan and Bell County coal operators' gun thugs. The miners built up their organization, held their convention, prepared for strike in the sight of the menacing machine guns and high powered rifles. One deputy gun thug failed in his deliberate attempt to murder the N. M. U. member Hutton for distributing National Miners Union leaflets. The spirit of determination, of dauntless courage which marked the preparation for the strike will be increased a hundredfold in the actual struggle.

The Kentucky miners are coming out! The Kentucky miners will fight against hunger and starvation! But the strike must spread! In the coal fields of Tennessee, of Alabama, of West Virginia, the cry of "Strike!" should meet an immediate response. The whole Southern as well as Northern working class are involved in this fight against hunger.

A stirring example of the unity of all southern workers which marked the preparation of the Kentucky strike is shown by the shoulder-to-shoulder fight of Negro and white miners. Not only is there, for the first time in Kentucky history, a Negro miner on an official board of a union, leading a strike of southern workers, but every effort is being made to draw every Negro miner in Kentucky into this common fight against hunger and terrorism which menaces Negro and white alike.

At the District Board meeting of the N. M. U. on Monday a Negro miner brought greetings of solidarity from the Negro miners of Alabama. At the Oxford mine in the Everett section, the superintendent told the Negro miners that if they did not turn in their N. M. U. cards they would be fired. Not a man budged. They declared that if a single man were fired, they would all go out on strike before January 1st! In struggle against hunger and terrorism there is being built up a solid, united struggle of Negro and white workers in the South.

No worker can fail to notice the constant appeals for relief from the Kentucky coal fields. The Kentucky miners must not feel isolated in their fight. Despite all the years of local patriotic propaganda, of constant expression by the bosses of hostility to "outsiders"—by whom they meant militant workers struggling along with the Kentucky miners—the Kentucky miners know the meaning of working class solidarity.

There should be no delay in rushing relief to the Kentucky coal fields. Because they are constantly on the verge of starvation, the need of relief in Kentucky will be tremendous on the first day of the strike. The Workers International Relief is busy, actively collecting relief. There should be no delay. Send your share—now—money, food, clothing—to the Workers International Relief, 16 West 21st Street, New York City.

Support the Kentucky miners in their strike! Smash the hunger and terrorism of the bosses! Rally to the support of the National Miners Union, the leader of the Kentucky miners!

Smash Thru the Front of Lies and Hypocrisy!

THE capitalist press on Monday blossomed forth with the customary tales of "plenty" and "comfort" for the unemployed, which the latter have been hearing for the third winter of hunger and starvation, every time a nickel was donated or a bowl of soup was photographed along with Al Smith.

Monday, the "big" story was that "food and care" would be provided for 250,000 families of Greater New York—"through the winter months"—and all on the sum of \$5,000,000 appropriated by the city.

The miracle of his "five loaves and five fishes" surely has a competitor in this Tammany munificence. For, if 250,000 families are to be given "food and care" for three months, when winter technically ends, on a total of \$5,000,000, the miracle will be accomplished of sustaining life in each family on a sum of a bit over \$6 per month.

But that is optimistic, as we know that there are literally thousands of hand-picked parasites serving as "investigators" of these 250,000 families, who will cut up in administrative salaries a great and hidden percentage of the \$5,000,000. So the "food and care" that reaches the homes of the desperate and starving unemployed will indeed be absurd even to save them from actual starvation.

The inadequacy of all this officially advertised charity is nothing less than murder! And guilty of murder is every last one of those who picture it as "adequate" and use it as an argument against the demand for unemployment insurance!

Even in the same editions, the capitalist editors had to publish a refutation of their own lying headlines, in the form of Washington dispatches saying that chiefs of charity organizations appearing before a Senate Committee had openly declared that charity bodies were helpless before the great and growing need of the starving millions, and one senator declared that "existing organizations of relief had broken down"—the need for aid from the federal government being imperative.

Meanwhile, as a postscript on the refusal of the Hoover administration even to talk to the delegates of the unemployed in the National Hunger March, we are treated to the spectacle of Secretary Mellon handing himself back \$86,938 in tax refunds for 1931, a part of \$65,000,000 given back by Mellon's Treasury Department to the capitalists.

This outrageous piece of robbery, in the circumstances of a huge deficit in the national budget which Mellon and Hoover cite every time the World War veterans ask for a bonus or the word "unemployment insurance" is mentioned, is enough to make the millions of starving workers understand just what class owns and controls the federal government.

It is also enough to make them redouble their efforts to force the whole class of Mellons to disgorge the profits they have robbed from the workers throughout the years of "prosperity" and furnish the funds to pay unemployment insurance and give real winter relief to the starving.

Smash down the front of lies and hypocrisy that protects the rich at the cost of the lives of the children of the poor, now starving in every city in the land! Organize, employed and unemployed alike, to shake the nation with a mighty demonstration for unemployment insurance on February 4!

N. Y. Tobacco Workers Call Meet in Support of 41 Tampa Strikers

NEW YORK.—To rally support for the 41 Tampa, Florida, tobacco workers who were jailed in the recent cigar strike in that city, the Tobacco Workers Industrial League have called a mass meeting for January 1st, at 8 p. m. at the Spanish Workers Center, 4 East 116th Street.

An organization campaign among tobacco workers is being undertaken here. All workers are invited to be present.

Roll up thousands of Daily Worker subs in the fight against wage cuts.

CHANG HANDS CHINCHOW TO JAPANESE

Withdraws, Leaving Guard to Hold Masses In Check

New Nanking Cabinet Kuomintang Prepares New Sell-Out

Among the first acts of the new "united" counter-revolutionary government of the Canton and Nanking groups of imperialist tools were to abandon Chinchow to the Japanese and postpone the abolition of the extra-territorial treaties which has been fixed for January 1. There was no intention, in the first place, on the part of the Kuomintang lackeys of imperialism to abolish these treaties. The setting of Jan. 1 as "the date" for their abolition was only a gesture aimed at heading off the anger of the Chinese masses against the arrogant looting of China by the imperialist bandits, and the betrayal of the masses by the Kuomintang. With Jan. 1 approaching, the Kuomintang betrayers have abandoned the pretense of having a show-down with their imperialist masters.

Marshall Chang Hsueh-liang yesterday began to withdraw his troops from Chinchow. Still attempting to

USSR ENDS YEAR OF GREAT GAIN

N. Y. Times Admits Soviet Against War

In strong contrast to the lowered standard of living of the American masses, the New York Times of Dec. 30th reports that the year of 1931 has been for the Russian workers a year of gain and achievement both in their personal lives and in the industrial life of the Soviet Union.

The only real difficulties that the Soviet Union had to overcome were those placed there by the boycott of the capitalist governments, which made every attempt to crush the Soviet Union by a financial blockade and refusal of credits, spreading bogies about the red trade menace.

Referring to the Japanese war plot. The Times correspondent admits that the Soviet Union has done its best to ward off the imperialist attempts to draw it into a war. He also states that in the coming Disarmament Conference in February, Litvinov will continue to advocate complete disarmament in line with the peaceful policy of the Soviet Union, as against the fake disarmament proposals of the imperialist governments.

Call General Strike in Chile for Demands of Unemployed

NEW YORK.—To support the demands of tens of thousands of starving unemployed, the Chilean Federation of Labor has called for a general strike beginning next Monday. The strike action follows the wholesale attacks against Communist leaders, against thousands of unemployed and their families. The struggle of the unemployed and reached a high pitch recently when the workers stormed the barracks at Valparaiso, Copiapo. Fifty were killed and scores arrested and tortured.

The immediate reason for the calling of the general strike was the government order to evict the 12,000 unemployed and their families from government quarters where the jobless had been living. A United Press cable from Santiago, Chile, admits that the reasons for the eviction order were, first, because the unemployed refused to do forced labor for starvation pay, and second "because

Admit Ky. Officials Rule Through Gunmen

Governor's Committee Says Sheriff Blair's 200 Gun Thugs Terrorize Miners and Try to Stop Union Organizing

Official reports to the governor of Kentucky admit that the Harlan county officials, hired by the coal operators, instigated the attacks of the hired deputy gunmen and supported the drive against the National Miners' Union. John T. Moutoux, N. Y. World-Telegram correspondent in Frankfort, Ky., in a special story on Harlan County terrorism writes: "Brutalities of the law in Harlan County, Ky., center of recent coal mine disorders, are again exposed in a nine-volume report by two com-

Union Officials Force 10 P.C. Wage Cut on 15,000 R.R. Men

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Dec. 30.—The leaders of the railroad shop crafts association committee on the Southern Pacific have put over a 10 per cent wage cut affecting 15,000 shop men and opening the way for wage cuts for 1,500,000 railroad workers.

This cut, according to announcements in the capitalist press, was consciously made as an opening wedge. It will be followed up by other wage cuts. The rank and file were not consulted.

The "Western Worker," published here, whose first issue will be on the streets tomorrow, has a feature story telling of the conditions of the workers on the Southern Pacific Railroad. "Leaving only a very small skeleton force, the Southern Pacific Railroad

Jubilee At Coliseum Jan. 3 Is Daily Drive Halfway Mark

Workers of New York! Keep setting and speeding up the pace in the Daily Worker 5,000 Yearly Sub Drive. Maintain and increase New York's lead in the drive!

Only 3 weeks remain and we have covered only one-eighth of our quota!

Let's increase the tempo of the drive! Over the top for Jan. 18! Let's reach the half way mark of 380 years of subs by Jan. 3rd, the date on which the 8th Anniversary of the Daily Worker will be celebrated at the Bronx Coliseum at eight o'clock in the evening.

This celebration will be one of the high marks of the drive. Be prepared to report for your organization on the progress you have made!

An excellent program has been arranged including the pageant, "Trial of the Yellow Press," music by the W. I. R. Brass Band, selections by the International Chorus, a gymnastic act by the Labor Sports Union, and a special feature, the noted Brooklyn singer Isaac Gladstone, who will offer a repertoire of revolutionary songs.

Admission is 35 cents at the door and 25 cents with the coupon now being distributed.

NEEDLE BIRTHDAY MEET TOMORROW

The third anniversary of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union will be celebrated at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and 3rd Ave., Friday, 8 p. m. The needle trades workers will mobilize at this celebration for the coming struggles, especially for the coming dress strike.

The work of 3 years industrial unionism will be reviewed by Comrade Foster, Ben Gold, Maude White and Lena Chernenko. In the program of the concert, the Artiff will draw cartoons of the past struggles and of the socialist construction in the Soviet Union. Edith Siegal will present a new Soviet dance "Udarnik" with music by A. Adolymon, and "Third Degree," the Prolet-Buehne in "The Belt" and "Tempo." Jacob Schaeffer will conduct the Freiheit Gesangs Verein and the Mandolin Orchestra.

I.L.D. IN NEW ACTION FOR ROY WRIGHT

Darrow, Hayes Refuse to Co-operate to Save 9 Boys

LEAVE ALABAMA Boys and Parents Bar N. A. A. C. P.

(Telegram to Daily Worker) BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 30.—Refusing to co-operate with the five attorneys of the International Labor Defense in the appeal before the Alabama Supreme Court on Jan. 21 against the lynch verdict against eight of the nine innocent Scottsboro Negro boys, Clarence Darrow and Arthur Garfield Hays, "liberal" lawyers, left this city tonight. Darrow announced his intention of returning to Chicago. Hays said he was going to New Orleans.

During the past few days it had been made clear to Darrow and Hays by the eight boys and their parents and other relatives that their co-operation with the I. L. D. would be welcome, but that the boys and all of their relations were unalterably opposed to having the misleaders of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People in the case. The boys and their link took the position that all that the N.A.A.C.P. misleaders have been doing in the case is to attempt to disrupt the defense and help the Alabama lynch courts to advance the boys to the electric chair.

The refusal of Darrow and Hays to co-operate in a real fight to save and FREE the boys came an all-night conference between Darrow and Hays and the I.L.D. attorneys. Darrow and Hays refused to sever their connections with the N. A. A. C. P. in order to co-operate in a united effort to smash the ghastly frame-up against the boys.

Chamlee Issues Statement. General George W. Chamlee, celebrated Southern Attorney, issued the following statement today: "The defendants and their parents, together with the International Labor Defense, have retained me as counsel. All of the parents and kin of the boys further filed

3 Jobless Workers Commit Suicide

Desperate because of prolonged unemployment, James Dobson, a young worker of 225 W. 12 Street, committed suicide by taking poison. He was taken to the hospital but it was too late to save his life. Edna Graham, an unemployed model, living in the same house as Dobson, also tried to kill herself but was revived by doctors.

Another victim of miserable conditions is Frank Lee, a 24-year old Chinese waiter who shot himself in the right temple. So, steadily are thousands of workers going away with himself because of the lack of means of existence.

Workers Will Rally Behind Demands Feb. 4

Bring In A. F. of L. Faker, Grady, In Attempt to Fool Unemployed by Phrases

LaFollette Tries to Prevent Jobless from Stating Their Demands Before Senate

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 30.—Forcing LaFollette Senate Committee to hear the representatives of the unemployed, Herbert Benjamin, secretary of the National Committee of the Unemployed Councils, which was elected by the 1,670 National Hunger Marchers to Washington, put forward the demands of the unemployed for unemployment insurance and immediate cash relief. Senator LaFollette and Senator Costigan of Colorado at first refused to hear Benjamin. Benjamin and the rest of the committee insisted that the demands of the 12,000,000 unemployed be heard.

DANVILLE CHIEF COP FURIOUS AT DEFENSE DEMAND

Had Exposed Jailing of W. G. Binkley

NEW YORK.—Furious because the International Labor Defense sent him a telegraphic protest against the framing-up and jailing of W. G. Binkley, Communist organizer in Danville, Va., demanding his release, J. H. Martin, chief of police of Danville, replied forecasting more frame-ups against workers.

The I. L. D. telegram declared:—"Workers throughout the country vehemently protest arrest and attempt to railroad W. G. Binkley imprisoned on false charges of vagrancy or any other charges that may have been cooked up. We demand Binkley's immediate release."

To which J. H. Martin, chief of police, replied:—"I don't know who the International Labor Defense is and usually pay no attention to any low down anonymous messages but suppose you are also a Red. You foreigners who are seeking to destroy the American government may talk big in New York but we in Virginia are full blooded American citizens and to fully do our duty regardless of your foolish demands and insulting telegrams."

Midnight Party Ends the Center Carnival

Today is the last day of the six-day Carnival for the completion of the Workers' Center.

A midnight New Year's party has been arranged at which the Artef will give a one-act play. The party will continue until the small hours of the night.

E. Berkman Writes of Brutal Treatment Accorded Donegian

By EDITH BERKMAN BOSTON, Mass.—Comrade Bedros Donegian was arrested during the Lawrence strike against the 10 per cent wage cut. The case of Donegian is one of the most vicious of all the arrests during the strike. Donegian has for the last ten weeks been kept in East Boston Immigration Station for deportation to Soviet Russia.

You will say: "America has no business relations with Soviet Russia—he can't be deported!" Oh, well, that is nothing, for that is just what the strikebreaking Commissioner of Immigration, Mrs. Anna C. N. Tiltingast, recommended to the strikebreaking Secretary of Labor Doak. I will try to tell the story of Donegian's arrest. I hope every reader of the Daily Worker will re-tell it to other workers.

Active in Strikes Comrade Donegian comes from Soviet Armenia. He has lived and worked in Lawrence for the last eight years. Being a weaver in one of the mills, he joined the National Textile Workers' Union. During the strike of last February, led by the Nat'l Textile Workers Union, Comrade Donegian, with a few other workers were taken to the police station and lectured by the police on "how to keep a job."

He was told that if he wanted the

10,000 Workers Buy First Issue of Hunger Fighter

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 30.—Over 10,000 workers, employed and unemployed purchased copies of the first issue of the Chicago "Hunger Fighter," in which the main story is an appeal for mobilization for February 4th, National Unemployment Day.

Pointing out that the National Hunger March, in which over 1,600 elected delegates representing millions of unemployed took part, was "a huge victory in the struggle for immediate relief and unemployment insurance," the "Hunger Marcher" goes on to declare that this fight just pushed on to wider fronts.

"The work of the great National Hunger March must go on!"

"The Unemployed Council has decided to follow up this huge march by securing millions of signatures of workers, employed and unemployed, Negro and white, in support of the unemployment insurance bill.

"These millions of signatures will be placed before Congress on February 4th. This day will be known as National Unemployment Insurance Day.

"Millions of workers will take to the streets on February 4th in thousands of cities and demonstrate in support of the demands for unemployment insurance and immediate winter relief of \$150 for every unemployed worker and \$50 for each dependent."

"On with the fight against Hunger! Help collect the millions of signatures! Demonstrate on National Unemployment Insurance Day, February 4th! Join the Unemployed Council!"

Turn Out To "Daily" Jubilee At Coliseum Jan. 3rd!

I. L. D. PUSHES FIGHT AGAINST DEPORTATIONS

Calls On Mexican I.L.D. to Rescue Braulio Oroscio

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—Further proof that Secretary of Labor Doak has already put into practice his proposals for wholesale deportation of militant foreign-born workers comes from California today.

Without even notifying his wife and family, immigration officials took Braulio Oroscio, Imperial Valley prisoner, from his cell in San Quentin and deported him to Mexico. He is now on his way to the port of Acapulco, Mexico, on the S. S. Santa Teresa.

Fearing that Oroscio may meet with torture or death at the hands of Mexico's Wall Street puppet government, the national office of the I. L. D. has called the Mexican I. L. D. to rescue Oroscio from the reign of terror instigated by Ortiz Rubio, Mexican president.

Oroscio is one of the eight leaders of the agricultural workers in the Imperial Valley who began organizing Mexican, Filipino, Japanese, and American fruit and vegetable workers. A meeting was held in El Centro on April 14, 1930, everybody there arrested, chained and herded to jail in trucks. The leaders were sentenced under the infamous California "criminal syndicalism" law up to 42 years in prison.

Later, under mass pressure, these sentences were reduced to 14 years, and still later, the prison board set the penalty on parole at five years. Braulio Oroscio, Carl Sklar, Tatsuji Horieuchi, and Eduardo Herrera are listed for deportation. This is in line with Doak's proposal to make the department of labor and the immigration office an official anti-worker, strike-breaking bureau.

Organizational measures to organize rank and file vestmakers into groups similar to the Rank and File Club for effective struggle in the shops was stressed by the workers.

Many workers participated in the discussion, among them women workers, and showed a militant spirit in scoring the treacherous activities of the Hillman bureaucracy.

The resolution adopted by the vestmakers resolved: "That we protest against the action of the officials of the Union on behalf of the vestmakers, forcing them to accept wage-cuts."

"We further denounce the action of the officials in permitting helpers, non-union members to replace the basters for half wages, thus increasing the profit of the bosses."

"We further demand that the Unemployment Insurance Funds be equally distributed to all unemployed workers and the distribution be made by a rank and file committee who are to be elected by the locals."

"We further pledge to organize ourselves to put up an effective struggle against any and all manufacturers and contractors and any officials who will introduce a wage-cut, and call upon all members of our locals to unite with us for an united fight in the SHOPS AND IN THE LOCALS, IN THE INTEREST OF THE WORKERS AGAINST THE BOSSES AND THEIR AGENTS."

"Be it further resolved that a copy of this resolution be sent to all newspapers for their publication and a copy of it be sent to the Local and Joint Board of our union."

Burck, Marsh Exhibit to Open Friday Eve. at John Reed Galleries

Burck's cartoons which have aroused Daily Worker readers will be on exhibit commencing January 1, and continuing for two weeks at the John Reed Galleries, 63 W. 15th St. Norman Thomas, clerical and we begone, bushy-haired Ramsey MacDonald, daschund (dog to you!) Well, busy Hoover, and others equally ridiculous, march across his drawings. Unemployment, labor fakers, social-fascists, and fake "welfare" workers are exhibited in all their nakedness under the pitiless satire of his crayon.

In the same exhibit will be shown some satirical drawings by the well known artist Reginald Marsh, exposing the capitalist courts.

Vestmakers Pledge Fight on Pay Cuts

Score Hillman Treason to Clothing Workers

NEW YORK.—Two hundred vest makers, members of Locals 16, 262 and 186 of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, adopted a resolution pledging struggle against wage-cuts in the shop at a meeting held Monday, Dec. 21, at Irving Plaza Hall.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Vestmakers' Rank and File Club, with Dominick Pisani, organizer of the Amalgamated Rank and File Committee, as the main speaker.

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Negro Youth's Skull Crushed in Fighting Against Eviction

Cops Use Crowbar and Guns in Fight

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 25.—One young worker, dangerously hurt, and three cops were put in the hospital on Dec. 21 as a result of a fight provoked by the police at an eviction of a Negro worker, William Battle, living at 2332 Sharswood St. Clay Battle, 19 year old Negro worker, son of the worker threatened with eviction, had his skull crushed by a constable who hit him over the head with an iron crowbar. Clay Battle, as latest reports have it, is on the verge of death. Battle was a member of the Unemployed Councils and the Young Communist League.

William Battle had been threatened for some time with eviction, till he received the final notice yesterday. Immediately the Unemployed Council was notified. Six members of the Council, from 2222 Master St., were at the house this morning. Together with the family, they locked themselves in.

The constable and six policemen broke the lock and came in. One of the cops drew a gun and tumbled it against Battle Sr., yelling, "Shoot to kill!" Battle Sr. replied, "Go ahead, you aint got the guts to shoot!"

A fight started. One of the officers handed the constable a crowbar. Thereupon, the constable hit Clay Battle over the head with it. The workers gave a good account of themselves and three cops were sent to the hospital.

Mrs. Battle, upon hearing the cops yelling "Shoot to kill" became frightened, thinking that the cops were really going to shoot. She jumped out of the second story window and broke her leg. The doctor that was called refused to treat Mrs. Battle.

The Battle family consists of nine children and two parents. The older Battle had been unemployed for two years. For that time the entire family of eleven has been living on a \$4 a week grocery order given out by agency. Even this miserable charity was discontinued for periods of time at different intervals.

The house is an old house with no electricity, gas, or toilet facilities within the house.

The Youth Committee of the Unemployed Councils together with the International Labor Defense are mobilizing for a giant protest demonstration in the neighborhood.

A conference of shop chairmen and delegates of knitgoods shops will be held tonight, right after work at the office of the union, 131 W. 28th St., to discuss plans for the organization drive in the knitgoods drive during the coming season.

GABRILOWITSCHE GUEST CONDUCTOR WITH PHILHARMONIC. Vladimir Horowitz, Russian pianist, will be soloist with the Philharmonic Orchestra this Sunday afternoon at the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

For the Metropolitan Opera House next Sunday afternoon Gabrielowitsch will offer the Overture to "Rosamunde," Schubert; Symphony No. 5 in C minor, Beethoven; Scheherazade, Rimsky-Korsakoff.

The next program of the Concerts for children under Ernest Schelling at Carnegie Hall will be given Saturday morning Jan. 9, and will illustrate the uses of the organ, flute and harp in the orchestra. The soloists will be Zoltan Kurthy, John Amans, and Theodore Clair. The program: Allegro from Saint-Saens' Symphony No. 3; Andantino from Mozart's Concerto in C major; Prelude to Act I of Verdi's "Traviata"; Johann Strauss' Perpetuum Mobile and Waltz "Roses from the South."

Isaac Gladstone



Well known Brooklyn radio singer who will offer a number of selections at the Eight Anniversary Celebration of the Daily Worker to be held on January 3rd at the Bronx Coliseum.

GEORGE TO TEACH AGRARIAN COURSE

Registration On At Workers School

NEW YORK.—Since the spring term of the Workers School opened for registration last Monday, a number of workers have already registered for the many courses given. The term will start on January 18 and the number of students in each class and workers are advised to register as early as possible. Registration is now being taken at the Workers School, 35 E. 12th St., third floor.

Among the many courses scheduled for the spring term, a course in Agrarian Problems will be given by Comrade Harrison George, member of the editorial staff of the Daily Worker. Workers are advised to register for this important course.

Charges Against 12 Detroit Workers Off

Workers Pack Court to Protest Arrests

DETROIT, Mich.—Packing Judge Jeffrey's courtroom to capacity, the mass protest of the workers at a hearing December 28, forced the dismissal of charges against twelve workers arrested at the November 28 demonstration. The judge was forced to admit that the police did not have evidence for their charges.

John Schmies, former Communist candidate for mayor, is now out on bail pending an appeal after he was sentenced to sixty days for his part in leading the recent demonstrations of unemployed workers. The appeal will come up January 13.

FIVE THOUSAND DAILY WORKER 12-MONTH SUBSCRIPTIONS BY JANUARY 8th!

THIRD ANNIVERSARY

Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union MASS MEETING and CONCERT

Gropper Prolet Buhne Freiheit Gezangs Verein Mandolin Orchestra Artef, Edith Segal Gendle

—Listen to— BEN GOLD Wm. Z. FOSTER MAUD WHITE

Greet the Plenum of the General Executive Board On New Year's Night JANUARY 1, 1932 at Central Opera House 67th St. and 3rd Ave.

—Tickets— N.T.W.U. Office, 131 W. 28 St. Co-op Restaurant, 2700 Bronx Park East and at all Trade Committees

Tenants League Wins Rent Strike at 592 Beck Street, Bronx

NEW YORK.—Despite threat of evictions, the Tenants League which called a rent strike at 592 Beck St. Bronx, was able to win rent reductions for many tenants. Most of the tenants are either employed or on a part-time basis. A Tenants League was organized and when the landlord refused the demands, a rent strike was called. The landlord was forced to withdraw the eviction notices. The house committee was reorganized.

Tenants Leagues are being organized in other houses in the neighborhood.

Leaders Write in New "Labor Unity" Articles on Struggles in Basic Industries

The January issue of Labor Unity, the new 32-page magazine of the Trade Union Unity League, will contain important articles by outstanding leaders of the revolutionary trade union movement on the important struggles in the basic industries of the country.

William Z. Foster, national secretary of the Trade Union Unity League, tells of the historical importance of the National Hunger March in an analytical article, while A. W. Mills, national organizer of the March, writes on many aspects of the great event.

"The Kentucky Miners Prepare to Strike" is an important and timely article by Frank Borjch, secretary of the National Miners' Union.

Write of Railroad Struggles. Otto Wangerin of the National Railroad Industrial League tells of the fight of railroad workers against impending wage-cuts and the program of action of the N. R. I. L.

John Melton, secretary of the Metal Workers' Industrial League, will start a series of articles on the steel industry and the preparations for struggle against wage-cuts in the industry.

An article by Bill Dunne deals with one of the important struggles of the year, the Boston longshoremen's strike.

Ben Gold, secretary of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, Michael Obermer, secretary of the Food and Packerhouse Workers' Industrial League, are other contributors.

An article on the war situation in Manchuria by S. Willner and one by Harry Hayward on the Negro workers are included.

Subscriptions are \$1 a year and 50 cents for six months. Bundle rates are 7 cents a copy. All orders should be sent to Labor Unity, Room 414, 2 W. 15th St., New York.

SPANISH TROOPS KILL WORKERS. At a demonstration held in Almansa, Spain, the troops of the Socialist government murdered one worker and wounded another, in attempting to break up the meeting. The capitalist press states that the workers attempted to raise a Red Flag on the City Hall.

CLYDE COOK AND LEE SISTERS AT HIPPODROME SATURDAY. The Hippodrome program beginning Saturday includes Jimmy Cagney in his newest film triumph "Blonde Crazy" with Joan Blondell and the personal appearances on the vaudeville stage of Clyde Cook, and the Lee Sisters, Jane and Katherine, all of movie-land fame. Gloria Fey, musical comedy star; the Eony Folies; Bobby May; Helene Heller and George Riley; Johnny Dove and Hector, the pup complete the stage bill.

"The Left Bank," the comedy by Elmer Rice, in which Katherine Alexander has the leading role, will play its hundredth performance tonight at the Little Theatre. Ralph Schaeffer, violinist, appears in recital at Town Hall this Sunday afternoon. Sidney Fox plays the leading feminine role of "Strictly Dishonorable." Universal's comedy now at the Mayfair Theatre, with Paul Lukas and Lewis Stone in featured roles.

Admit Mine Mules Fed While Miners Forced to Starve

Families Live in Two Room Shacks. Have No Clothes, Food

In an admission that mine mules are still better off than mine workers in the Missouri lead mines, the St. Louis Star published a story on the conditions in a mining camp accidentally discovered by an animal protection society agent. The story follows: "To investigate a report that 15 mules had been abandoned to starve in the closed mine of the Annapolis Lead Co., in Iron county, Eric Hansen, executive secretary of the Humane Society of Missouri went to the scene Thursday and found the plight of the citizens in the little town of Annapolis worse than that of the mules."

"The mules had been fed regularly by Mine Superintendent F. P. Shumate pending arrangements for their rescue and were taken to the surface Thursday in good condition.

"Many residents of the town, however, were found to be destitute, Hansen reported. Most of these, he said, were families of miners who have had no work since July and have exhausted their credit at local stores. Families of eight or ten members, he declared, were living in shacks of one or two rooms, with no shoes, no bedding, except blankets, and little food. He notified the Red Cross."

Youth Section of Shoe Union to Hike Sunday

Initiating its birth and activities among the young shoe and leather goods workers, the Youth Section of the Shoe and Leather Workers Industrial Union is having a hike this Sunday, Jan. 3rd to Tibbets Brook Farm. The Youth Section meets Sunday, 10:00 a. m. off the 241st St. Station of the I. R. T. Lexington-Jerome Ave. Line. In addition to this party is to be held in the very near future. Already a basketball team is in formation. We invite all young shoe and leather goods workers to come to our hike.

Zack Speaks on Unions at B'klyn Youth Club

Joseph Zack, secretary of the New York Trade Union Unity Council will speak on "The Development of the Industrial Unions in New York" at a lecture session of the American Youth Club, 78 Thaford Avenue, Brooklyn, Tuesday, Jan. 5, 1932, at 8 p.m.

Zack will tell of the developments in the needle trades industry in regards to revolutionary trade unionism.

AMUSEMENTS

The Theatre Guild Presents REUNION IN VIENNA A Comedy By ROBERT E. SHERWOOD Martin Beck THEA., 45th St. & N Ave. Evs. 8:40 Mats. Thurs. Fri. & Sat.

The Group Thea. Presents The House of Connelly By PAUL GREEN Under Auspices of Thea. Guild MANSFIELD THEA., 47th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

MUSIC George T. Bye presents the Juilliard School of Music Production of JACK AND BEANSTALK A fairy opera for the children ORCHESTRA of 36 Conducted by ALBERT STOESEL 44th St. THEATRE, West of B'way, Evs. 8:30. Matinees every day

Red Builders, help get subscriptions.

Brownsville Women Aid Coney Island Bread Price Strike

The Brownsville Women's Council and the Unemployed Council are cooperating with the Coney Island bread strike by holding open air meetings at which agitation is carried on to boycott bread coming in from Coney Island. At these meetings it is pointed out that if the bread strike at Coney Island is lost the price of bread in Brownsville will go up. Hundreds of housewives are supporting the boycott and are struggling to help win the strike against the high price of bread.

KEEP UP STRIKE IN FISH TRADE

Bosses Trickery Fails to End Strike

NEW YORK.—Due to pressure of a number of bosses in the fish trade who are completely licked by the strike, the president of the Fish Dealers Association recently invited a committee of the strikers to a conference. The president, Wm. Kaufman, is one of the most vicious bosses against the strike and he together with his brother-in-law, Hibernian, who is not a fish dealer, blocked the possibility of reaching a settlement.

Mr. W. Kaufman and Mr. Hibernian are planning to establish a racket control of the fish trade, even to the detriment of the bosses, at the association meetings they are fighting against the settling with the union, knowing well that a settlement with the union would block the racket.

To keep up the waning spirit of the bosses in their fight against the union, they have applied for an injunction to forbid the general strike of the workers.

The spirit of the strikers is excellent and they are answering every trick of the bosses with intensified picket lines and activity. The spirit of the strikers assures the culmination of the strike victoriously.

J. BORUCHOWITZ SPEAKS AT OPEN FORUM OF CLOAK FINISHERS TODAY. J. Boruchowitz will speak at the open forum of cloak finishers today, 1 o'clock at Memorial Hall, 344 W. 36th St. He will speak on the recent elections in Local 9 where the anarchist-Lovestone administration used speakery methods in order to elect themselves into office. Boruchowitz will also expose the role of Roger Baldwin, who was the supervisor in these elections and decided that the elections are valid since there are no provisions in the constitution against speakeries. Despite this decision the administration was forced by the pressure of the workers to call another election.

ANY \$1.50 OR \$1 INTERNATIONAL PUBLISHERS BOOK WITH ONE 12-MONTH SUBSCRIPTION TO THE DAILY WORKER

Mourning Becomes Electra

Composed of 3 plays presented on Jiday HOMECOMING, THE HUNTED, THE HAUNTED PHILIP MERIVALE IN CYNARA WITH Henry Stephenson, Foster Allen, MOROSCO THEA., 45th W. of B'way, Evs., 8:45. Mats. Wed. Fri. & Sat.

ELMER RICE PAUL MUNI With STEPHENSON, FOSTER ALLEN, MOROSCO THEA., 45th W. of B'way, Evs., 8:45. Mats. Wed. Fri. & Sat.

THE CAMEO 42nd St. All Seats 25c & B'way to P.M. 25c "FRANKENSTEIN" The man who made a monster COLIN CLIVE—MAE CLARKE JOHN ROLES—BORIS KARLOFF

TAXI WORKERS EXPOSE WALKER TRICK HEARING

Show Trust Grabbing Taxi Industry

NEW YORK.—In a small room packed with independent taxi owners, lawyers and representatives of large and small fleet owners, Jimmie Walker held an open show yesterday on the Taxi Control Bill that has already been passed!

Lawyers and racketeers pleaded for the independents but Walker made a joke of their legalistic arguments and it was as good as a vaudeville show with his wise-cracks. The independents were laughing at their own funeral and they did not know it. The biggest joke of all was to hear the slick articles representing the various subsidiaries of General Motors, like Parmallee, Keystone, Terminal, etc., hypocritically repeat after each other that they are not in favor of a monopoly and are in favor of the present bill. Walker acted like an end man in a minstrel show in giving them the lead what to say.

Not a word was said by any of them in favor of the taxi-cab driver and their working conditions. Only when the representative of the Taxi Section of the Transportation Workers' Industrial League protested and insisted did he get the floor. He read off a resolution without once getting a wise-crack out of the "worthy" mayor. The resolution brought out the fact that a monopoly is being created, which will eliminate 40,000 cab-drivers, the long hours the men work, and the starvation earnings they get and ended up asking the following to be included in the bill since it is sure that the bill will be signed: No firing for low bookings, no black-list for low bookings, no discrimination in courts and on streets, the eight hour day—to keep every cab driver working—and a living weekly wage.

According to the bill more hearings will be held in 10 days after signing the bill. The hackmen are urged to join up for the fight by becoming members of the Taxi Section, 5 East 19th St. Come up to the office any time. The strike of the Chauffeurs and Helpers of the Manufacturers Express, 284 West 35th St., is still going strong and support should be given on the picket line from 9 a. m. to 6 in the evening every day.

Build a workers correspondence group in your factory, shop or neighborhood. Send regular letters to the Daily Worker.

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER DENTAL DEPARTMENT 1 UNION SQUARE 5TH FLOOR All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

MELROSE DAIRY RESTAURANT Comrade Will Always Find us Pleasant to Dine at Our Place. 1787 SOUTHERN BLVD., BRONX (near 174th St. Station) TELEPHONE INTERVALL 9-9149

Rational Vegetarian Restaurant 192 SECOND AVENUE Bet 12th and 13th Sts. Strictly Vegetarian Food

Phone: Dry Dock 4-4523 Harry Stolper, Inc. OPTICIANS 73-75 CHRYSTIE STREET Cor. Hester St. OPTICIAN for International Workers' Order

Cooperation! Patronize SEROY CHEMIST 687 Allerton Avenue BRONX, N. Y. 01-2-7884

SOLLINS' RESTAURANT 216 EAST 14TH STREET 6-Course Lunch 55 Cents Regular Dinner 65 Cents

RUSSIAN MEALS For Poor Pocketbooks KAVKAZ 332 E. 14th Street, N. Y. C.

Dr. M. B. FELSEN SURGEON DENTIST Extraction Specialist 81 East 162nd Street Corner Prospect Avenue Subway Station Phone: KIPatrick 5-5025

Make the Daily Worker subscription drive a part of all revolutionary activity.

What's On —

THURSDAY 8th Anniversary of Daily Worker Unit 6, Sec. 3, Communist Party, Revolutionary Greetings! Ex-servicemen's League. Branch 2 will hold a very important membership meeting to 27 W. 126th St. at 8 p.m. Discussion on future affair. Members requested to attend.

Bronx Workers Club To hold a discussion on the "Life of Kentucky Miners" at 1610 Boston Rd., 8 p.m. TUTUL members to speak.

New Years Banquet will be given at the Italian Workers Center, 314 E. 104th St., tonight. Dancing. Adm. 50c for banquet and 15c for dance.

Help Complete the Workers Center, 35 E. 12th St.

NEW YEAR'S EVE MIDNIGHT PARTY

New Year's Eve., December 31st, 12 P. M. CABARET PROGRAM DANCING

RED PLAYERS: "Step On It," a strike situation in a shop. ARTEF will perform a one act play from Soviet Life, CITIZEN WOLIA BRENER, by D. Bergelson.

Free Refreshments Admission 50c

Party Recruiting Drive

January 11 - March 18, 1932

NEW YORK CHALLENGES BOSTON AND PHILADELPHIA

The Org Department received the first official challenge in the revolutionary competition in recruiting new members into the Communist Party. Here it is—the first shot!

COMMUNIST PARTY OF U. S. A.
DISTRICT NO. 2

To Boston and Philadelphia Districts of the C.P.U.S.A.

WILL YOU ACCEPT OUR CHALLENGE?

The Party recruiting drive will be in full swing throughout the country during the first part of January. The New York District has already started its campaign and is showing some good results.

In the spirit of Revolutionary Competition, we challenge the Philadelphia and Boston Districts during this membership drive on the basis of numbers, Negro workers, shop groups organized, shop papers, points of concentration, workers in basic industries and unemployed workers. We propose: That a meeting of the Organizer and Org. Sec'y. of the Philadelphia and Boston Districts be held on January 9th at 2 p. m. in New York to discuss the method and the basis of the competition in this campaign to develop the membership of our Party.

The District Secretariat in New York expects a prompt reply from the other Districts in order that all the arrangements are made for the carrying out of the tasks in connection with the Party Mass Recruiting Drive.

NEW YORK DISTRICT BUREAU, C. P. U. S. A.

Boston has lately led the Lawrence workers in struggle against wage cuts; Philadelphia District made headway among the miners in the anthracite. Are you ready to accept the challenge? Answer!

NEW YORK EXPLAINS HOW IT WILL RECRUIT NEW PARTY MEMBERS

HOW AND WHERE TO RECRUIT PARTY MEMBERS.

By L. DAVIS.

The Recruiting Campaign of the Party, which is starting officially on January 11 is different from the past recruiting campaigns. At this time we do not depend basically upon mass meetings and recruiting from street meetings. It is based basically upon the fact of individual recruiting, on the basis of struggles carried on by the workers. This recruiting is to take place within the shops, unions, unemployed branches, mass organizations, etc. This does not mean that we must completely ignore the past form of recruiting, that is utilize large mass meetings and demonstrations for taking in of new members into the Party. But the basic stress must be put upon individual recruiting through our unions and mass organizations.

In order to bring before the workers the problems of the Party and pointing out to them the Party as the leader of the struggles of the workers, it is necessary to use new forms through which to reach the workers.

In the district plan for recruiting, there is a point that deals with the calling of open unit meetings, the unit of the Party located in a particular territory should distribute a leaflet around that territory calling the workers in the neighborhood to an open meeting of this unit, where a leading Party comrade will speak to the workers on the reasons why they, as workers, should join the ranks of the Communist Party. This method will help us greatly in getting the opinions of the workers in relation to our Party, and will help us to bring before the workers of that particular territory, concrete examples in the way the Party leads the struggles of the workers.

CHALOTTE, N. C., DISTRICT SAYS IT CAN AND WILL RECRUIT NEW MEMBERS INTO THE PARTY

THE PARTY RECRUITING CAMPAIGN IN DISTRICT NO. 16.

By DAVE DORAN.

Charlotte, N. C.

It is no accident that the Communist Party of District 16, comprising the Carolinas and Virginia, announces today that it has set itself a quota of 200 new members to be obtained by March 18th. The period between January and March comes during the third winter of hunger in the United States. The announcement by the Party of the recruiting campaign comes at the same time as the announcements by the textile bosses of huge layoffs and curtailment in most of the textile mills. It is clear that the bosses will use the great amount of unemployed textile workers as a weapon to batter down the wages of those left on the job. The ranks of the unemployed will swell. Hunger will roam freely in the shops among the workers as well as among the jobless in the streets.

The farmers and share croppers have had their crops torn from them. Even though they stare right now, plans are being hurried in their face that are calculated to force them off their land by restricting the acreage next year. The big landowners are gobbling up their lands as well as their crops. Death and hunger walk arm and arm through the cotton and tobacco fields, and pounce upon the poor farm toilers. The wave of terror now furiously raging against the Negro workers is aimed against the entire working class in order to paralyze their struggles.

Our Party has tremendous tasks to face. The

continued demands upon the Charities arising from the greater needs of the workers fully exposes the Charities as a boss agency. The American Federation of Labor has discredited itself before the eyes of the workers by its opposition to Unemployment Insurance and its betrayal of the workers' struggles. The eyes of the working class of the South are turning to the Communist Party. Thus the drive for more members comes at a time when the workers are beginning to follow revolutionary leadership and are organizing in revolutionary organizations.

The Communist Party needs strong working class fighters in the South. New working class blood must be drawn into our ranks and trained for leadership in the struggles of the workers for better conditions against the bosses. The Communist Party is the only organization really leading in the fight against wage cuts, unemployment, starvation, lynchings and wars must be rooted in every factory, in every farm area, must become the real leader of the workers in every field constantly fighting for the most immediate demands of the workers, for full equality for the Negro workers, for unemployment insurance for all workers, against bosses' wars, against the rule of the bosses.

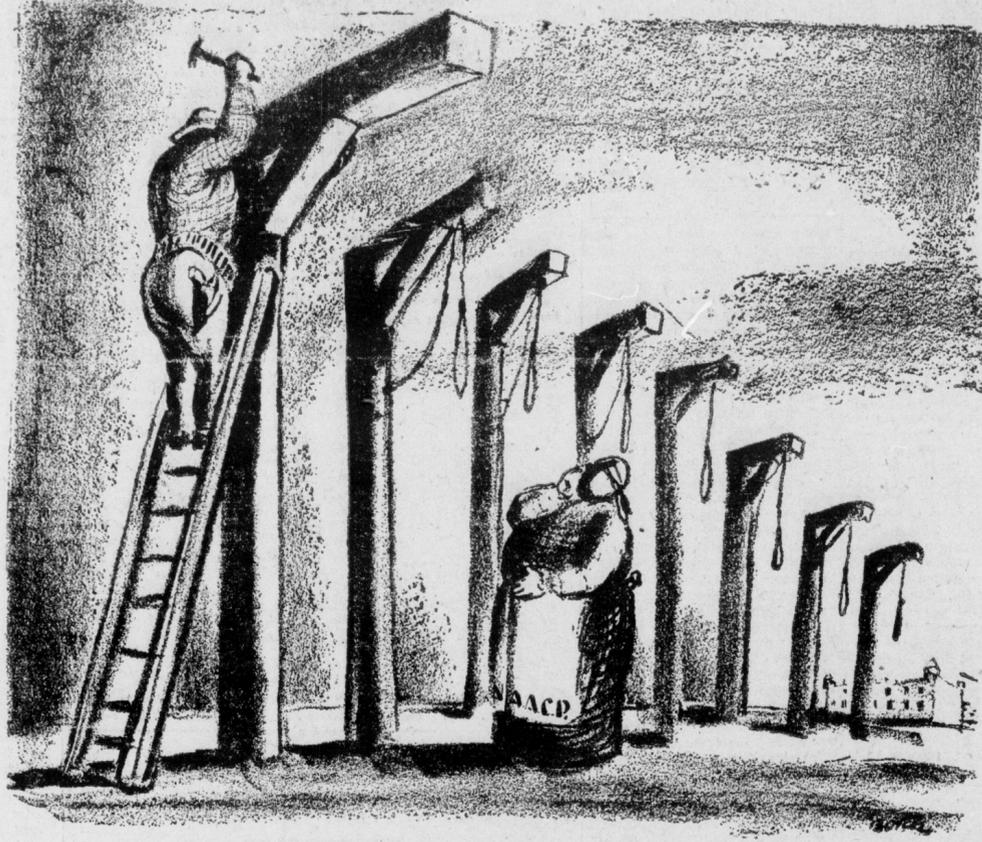
Under the existing conditions, the quota set for District 16 of 200 new members can be realized easily. The quotas are as follows:

Charlotte, 100 members, 40 of them to be white, 60 Negro, 30 to be women.
Danville, Va., 75 members, 50 white, 25 Negro, 30 to be women.
Greenville, S. C., 25 members, 10 white, 15 Negro, 10 of whom to be women.

The slogan for the drive will be "Fullfill Our Quota and Even More!" No more fitting answer can be given the bosses by the workers.

"OH, MASSA, DON'T YOU THINK TWENTY YEARS WOULD BE BETTER?"

By BURCK.



The Liberator Needs Mass Support

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH.

T HOUSANDS of workers, Negro and white, arrested; scores of Negro workers lynched; the endless agonies of chain gangs, penal colonies, convict camps, especially in the South; exposure and resistance to the vicious race discrimination against the Jim-crowed many millions of Negroes—all seek a greater and more challenging voice of raging protest in our militant working class press.

The printed word must be better mobilized for a mighty counter offensive against the savage persecution that labor, Negro and white, has suffered too long.

An immediate task is the winning of tens of thousands of new readers for the Liberator, the spokesman for the League of Struggle for Negro Rights.

Without a mouthpiece to thunder its demands continually the word "struggle" in the L.S.N.R. becomes almost meaningless. This the boss men well know in the South where our press carries on its work in practical liberality. This, the Hoover administration at Washington knows, and already in this period of growing war danger uses the war time laws to deprive our press of its second class mailing privileges.

The boss class sees to it that mailing privileges are reserved for the strong, strictly orthodox publications of capitalism. To fight for the working class is a basis for persecution. But also the mere fact that a publication of labor is weak, desperate for lack of funds, and sometimes unable to publish every issue, the mere omission of an issue becomes the cause of denial of second class mailing privileges. This denial of mailing rights, forces struggling publications to carry an additional expense burden which often forces them to suspend publication entirely. This is exactly what the Hoover-Morgan government intends.

The Liberator, the central organ of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, has been the victim in the past of these vicious attacks. Because it fights for labor, Negro and white, it will be compelled to face these attacks, ever sharper, in the future. In this desperate situation it relies upon the mass support of the working class.

With the struggle to save the lives of the nine Scottsboro Negro boys, the fight for the Camp Hill share croppers, the campaign against the mine owners' efforts to send Harlan, Ky. coal miners, Negro and white, to the electric chair and to long terms in prison, resistance to the persecutions of workers in Atlanta, Birmingham, New Orleans and other sections of the South, we have only begun the attack on the boss class terror.

It is the task of the Liberator not only to struggle against individual persecutions (lynchings, arrests, etc.) after they have taken place, but to carry on continuously, ceaselessly, a fight for the rights of the oppressed Negro masses, for social, political and economic equality, for the right of self determination, and to mobilize for this struggle, the masses of Negro and white workers and poor farmers.

This can only be achieved successfully with a mass circulation reaching everywhere. Especially in the South must the circle of readers of The Liberator grow and broaden.

The Labor Defender, the central organ of the International Labor Defense, greets the campaign to build The Liberator.

The effort to secure 10,000 new readers for The Liberator by January 15 should be easy of attainment. It will be quickly achieved if all those who really believe in and are a part of the struggle for the liberation of the working class from wage slavery will join hands in this Liberator campaign. This campaign takes on increased significance with the development of the war danger (Manchuria); new struggles among the colonial peoples (Cyprus); an ever increasing army of jobless condemned to hunger and death. Build The Liberator to help lead in the battles against this misery and against the social order that created it. Get subscribers for The Liberator, and ask your trade unions, fraternal organizations, branches of the International Labor Defense, and other mass organizations to order a bundle (1 cent for 10 or more) by writing to The Liberator, Room 304, 40 East 13th St., New York, N. Y.

War Debts and the Struggle for Colonies

By HARRY GANNES

"Almost all of the 'conquerors' came out of the war with a gigantic loot. America is strong. All owe to her at present, all depend upon her. She is more and more hated. She plundered all and she plundered in a very specific manner. She got no colonies. England came out of the war with gigantic colonies. France also... all this shows that America cannot reconcile itself to the other countries because there is the deepest friction between them... It is ridiculous to think that the stronger capitalism will not take away from the weakest capitalism the booty robbed by the latter."—Lenin.

WAR debts comprised most of the World War loot of American imperialism. But the growth of the economic crash, the spread of the financial crisis, the collapse of the Young Plan in Germany, the drop of the pound in England, makes this booty an uncertain prize.

American capitalism now wants the more substantial booty of colonial plunder on a vast scale. The whole sick structure of American capitalism cries out for the "cure" of further colonial aggrandizement. In the Congressional discussions on war debts and reparations there was a dominant factor that the American capitalist press conveniently pushed into the background. Two spokesmen for the most important strata of American capitalism called for a re-division of the world colonies—and directed their covetous eyes toward Britain and France.

Congressman McFadden made a violent attack against the Hoover moratorium, which he characterized as a Wall Street plot, naming the leading financial houses involved. But for some mysterious reason he forgot to mention the real force behind the moratorium, namely, J. P. Morgan.

Was there really a division between McFadden and Hoover? In other words, was there a basic difference of interest between that strata of the bourgeoisie for whom McFadden spoke, the small industrialists, the rich farmers, the merchants and Wall Street (that is, Morgan & Co.) whose mouthpiece is Hoover and Mellon? Not at all. It is no accident at all that McFadden's bombastic speech was supported in a more dignified manner by Senator Reed of Pennsylvania.

Senator Reed is the spokesman for the billion-dollar imperialist, Andrew Mellon. Why did McFadden and Reed (later supported by Senator Johnson of California, representative of the rich farmers and Western bankers) make so sharp an attack against the Hoover moratorium? They felt that the dominant clique of Wall Street, because the crisis endangered the huge short-term loans amounting to billions, because of the shaky position of billions in foreign bonds, that in order to save their immediate interests were endangering the war loot of American imperialism, in which the whole strata of the bourgeoisie was interested.

Congressman McFadden and Senator Reed opened up the propagandist drive for the conscious preparation of war by American imperialism for a re-division of the colonies. Both directed their main attacks against British imperialism. Insisting that the European imperialists, despite the crisis, should continue payments on the war debts, because this is Wall Street's share of the colonial plunder, Senator Reed said:

"I shall not point out particular countries, I am not trying to be offensive to any of them. But it is silly for a European power owning far-flung colonies, holding lands all around the circuit of the globe, with museums filled with art treasures worth millions and millions in money to say to us: 'The exchange is against us; our currency is depreciated; we cannot pay America.'"

The Lion Roars Back.

This dart, directed against Great Britain, expressing Wall Street's colonial hunger, touched an extremely sore spot. The British imperialists are fighting a life-and-death struggle to maintain and strengthen their colonial empire. Wall Street looks longingly to the British colonies, because they are the largest and most desirable.

In the United States very little was said about Senator Reed's thrust against the British colonial holdings. But the British lion emitted a loud growl, warning American imperialism that colonial plunder is the spoils of war.

The New York Times reported the Senate and House discussion had the following effect, particularly Senator Reed's thrust:

"Nevertheless, extracts from Senate and House speeches cabled to London are not having the best effect on Anglo-American relations, and their special indignation at the speech of Senator Reed of Pennsylvania, which drives the London Times to an acid editorial report."

"More illuminating was the speech of Senator Reed, a leading Republican, a distinguished lawyer and an experienced man of affairs, who dismissed 'silly' the idea that the payments of war debts could present any difficulty to a country like Britain 'owning far-flung colonies, holding lands all around the circuit of the globe, with museums filled with art treasures worth millions and millions.'"

"He is apparently under the delusion that the possession of these things makes it easy to buy American dollars with which to meet payments in the United States, unless, indeed, the suggestion that we might ship the National Gallery and the British Museum to New York in satisfaction of the claims of the American treasury." "Lest the British imperialists made the mistake that Senator Reed, connoisseur of art though he may be, was particularly interested in the British Museum or the National Gallery with their plundered art works, instead of the boundless sources of these good things which the British have held for so long—namely the rich colonies—Congressman McFadden drew up a more specific bill of particulars.

In what was supposed to be a debate with Norman Thomas, Socialist leader, Congressman McFadden went so far as to name the colonies Wall Street desired, as a first step, from Britain and France. Thomas in the "debate" supported Hoover's stand (that is, the specific program of Morgan & Company on the moratorium question. Thomas's only objection was that the program of Morgan & Co. was such a good thing there should be more of it.

McFadden demanded colonies and bluntly said:

"May I suggest that it would be a welcome gesture of intended friendship if England should offer to transfer to the United States in part payment of her debt to us the colonial possessions which wash our coasts from Florida to Main."

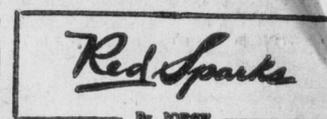
"The territory is extensive. It comprises some 400 islands and the mainland colonies of British Honduras in Central America and British Guiana in South America. The area involved is some 110,000 square miles and the population about 2,300,000.

"The possessions of France in American waters are less extensive than those of England, but are important."

Colonies are not reshuffled in this way. The economic crisis in Britain, the financial debacle, make the requirements for colonies greater, not less. The colonies that McFadden speaks of, situated adjacent to the Panama Canal, constitute Great Britain's most powerful military position for the penetration of the Latin-American market. British imperialism is making a furious attempt to maintain the valuable Latin-American markets and colonies and will not part with them except through war.

McFadden, demagogue that he is, knows the war debts in the present crisis are being revised, that the whole Versailles system is on the verge of collapse. His talk about "trading" colonies for defunct war debts is a means of attempting to arouse popular favor for Wall Street's colonial ambitions. McFadden's argument is: "What could be fairer than this trade?" Should the stubborn British grasps refuse to relinquish these colonies "which wash our shores" then they must be forced to do so by the might of arms. By such means are wars for colonial plunder prepared.

In every part of the world American imperialism



Rather Conclusive

A reader who assumes to take seriously the advertisements in the capitalist press, put in by the N. Y. Telephone Company urging customers to install an extra telephone in the kitchen so that Madam can phone the cook and learn how the turkey is getting along, wrote the phone company as follows:

"Much as we would like to please you, an extra telephone would be an absolute waste in our case:

- "1. Because we live no cook.
- "2. Because our living room is so close to the kitchen that if anything should happen to our potatoes, we would sniff it immediately.
- "3. Because there really is no danger of anything burning in our kitchen, you see, the gas company having shut off the gas."

We might suggest a fourth answer: Because we cannot put in an extra telephone in view of the fact we have no telephone for it to play extra to.

The Saturation Point

"As an Irish reader of the Daily Worker I must register a kick regarding the suggestion of B. Neal of Long Island City, that all the vice squad cops outside Sing Sing should be shipped back to Ireland. He does not seem to know that there is, in Ireland, a secret service force known as the C.I.D.'s who far surpass in black-guardism even the vice squad of New York.

"Please do not recommend sending any of the Tammany Hallcrooks to Ireland, for it is certain the Cosgraves, DeValeras and bogus Irish Labor Party politicians have the New York braves licked as expert pickpockets. Oh, no, Red Sparks, Ireland can get along nicely without importing crooks and politicians.—J. Burns."

Apparently the cops are Irish, too, in Ireland. In fact the cop market has reached the saturation point so far as the workers are concerned, and this goes for the Irish workers in Ireland and in the U. S. as well.

There's plenty of Irish right here in New York, and, we think, still a larger percentage in Boston. And one thing we've been puzzled about is why there are not more—why not an equal percentage—in the Communist Party. The Party ought to represent, in approximately equal percentages, the working class population of the locality.

We do not quite agree with the comrades, who in justified disgust at trying vainly to get stupid party bureaucrats interested in recruiting such desirable elements, conclude that there's a widespread conspiracy to keep them out in the interest of monopoly and a liking to stick to comfortable inactivity. But we are shocked at the way comrades show such a cold, suspicious eye at any worker who happens to be Irish.

One such comrade, who has a touch of the "ould sod" in his speech and the big frame of a longshoreman, tells us of having his application for membership in some weeks now, but without result. And he suspects, from the way the comrades he meets by chance eye him with a chilly stare, that he is regarded with suspicion because he don't eat salmon with his eggs and work in a cloak shop.

Snip out of it! There's a saturation point for cops, be they Irish or Negro. But Irish workers are welcome, and more than welcome in the Communist Party. So let's behave that way.

Beans Will Bring Prosperity

"A plan to drive the depression away with beans, met a rather chilly reception at the District Building today," says the Washington, D.C. "Star" of recent date.

The longer the capitalist crisis lasts, the more nuts there are who come out with all manner of crazy "cures." Someone ought to look up the papers of a year or two ago, and send us in the solemn pronouncements of "leading citizens" on how selling apples on street corners would restore prosperity.

Where are the apple sellers of yesterday? There is a bigger crop of apples than ever, and a bigger crop of unemployed. Where, also, is Heywood Brown's famous "socialist" recipe for unemployment: "Give a job till June?" Where...?

But the beans... It appears that a Californian by the name of Oscar O. Ayers (probably a relative of Sarsaparilla Ayers sent the grand idea to Washington, where it wound up in the District of Columbia administration offices. It was like this:

"Every merchant in every city in the country would display a glass jar filled to capacity with beans. To his customers, tickets would be sold for a small consideration. Each ticket would entitle the customer to one guess at the number of beans in the jar. The revenue derived, after deducting the cost of running the scheme and of giving prizes to the best guessers, was estimated by Mr. Ayers at \$2,500,000 per year."

How the "customers" are to get the cash for buying all these tickets; or, indeed, how they are to be "customers" at all when they have no jobs, is a slight difficulty Mr. Ayers didn't take into consideration, it appears. Ayers says the results might pay the veterans' bonus. And, he might add, the beans could go to soldiers in the next war.

The D. C. authorities ruled that the scheme would be "a violation of our gift enterprise statute"—whatever that is. However, it's about the same kind of thing as a national lottery.

Many folks don't know that about nine out of ten governments, particularly in Latin America, keep going by running official lotteries—but that is all right with Uncle Sam, because it might help them pay interest to Wall Street bankers.

We say "might" because, while they paid for a long time; now they are all busted. Mr. Ayers ought to send his bean idea to Machado, fascist dictator of Cuba, who has exhausted the list of things to be taxed, including births and deaths.

ism is preparing for a new war. The imperialist powers are struggling for a re-division of the colonies. The sharpening of the crisis, the struggles over the body of the last world war, are fast plunging the imperialists toward a new war. These sharpening antagonisms develop along with the intensification of the war preparations of all the imperialists against the Soviet Union. The war in Manchuria has amply proven this fact. Japanese imperialism, despite its antagonisms with the other imperialist powers over the division of China, again and again comes to a common understanding when the question is how to divide the Soviet Union.