

SEATTLE AND CALIFORNIA WORKERS BEGIN NATIONAL HUNGER MARCH TO WASHINGTON TO DEMAND UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

WORKERS
OF THE WORLD,
UNITE!

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ALL OUT TO DEMONSTRATE AGAINST GRANDI AT 1:30 P.M.

The Cruel Fraud of Hoover's Unemployment Relief

THE cruel and criminal results of the Hoover method of "relieving" the wants of the millions of unemployed become clearer as the campaign of the various divisions and sub-divisions of the Emergency Unemployment Committee headed by Gifford continues.

In New York City, after a week or two of the campaign, Gibson, heading the drive, announces that the \$12,000,000 called for originally will be far too little and the quota is set at \$18,000,000. In other words, the philanthropists of big business who have been placed in charge, according to their own admissions, underestimated the immediate needs by 50 per cent.

Furthermore, the campaign has been organized so as to put the maximum burden on the workers still employed—and not on the bankers and billionaires of the mammoth corporations, trusts and mergers. For instance, it is reported that the American Telephone and Telegraph Company of New York City contributed \$386,000. But the same report shows that the company contributed \$86,000; \$300,000 came from the employees.

House-to-house collections are being conducted in working-class neighborhoods. Al Smith calls on workers to "make sacrifices equal to those of war time." Police, churches and bosses are using coercive methods to force contributions. Those workers still employed at cut wages and part time are being forcibly assessed in order to take the burden from those responsible for mass unemployment—the capitalists.

How are the sums extracted from the workers distributed?
How are the unemployed and their families relieved by the rich committee leaders? How much dribbles through the hundreds of grasping fingers to the homeless and hungry?

Philadelphia is typical.
There the so-called Lloyd Committee has been in charge of the Bureau of Unemployment Relief; \$2,000,000 were secured to take care of 27,000 families from last June until Jan. 1, 1932. Relief has been given out in sums of \$1.50 per week for single persons and \$5 for a family of five. Some paragon have been given as low as \$1 per week.

The Jewish Welfare Society, which takes care of a limited number of special cases, after reducing its payments to the limit, announces that \$3.22 per week for a single person and \$12.82 for a family of five is a level below which it cannot go and pretend to be relieving distress.

Connected with these facts which show that the Hoover plan is a permanent hunger plan, are the statements of Standard Statistics Company, which show that dividends of 550 big corporations, from 1929 to 1931, have been reduced only from \$1,900,000,000 to \$1,400,000,000. Dividends have been paid out of reserves acquired by the sweating speed-up of workers now thrown into the streets.

The whole Hoover "emergency unemployment relief" drive is a shameless fraud. It is a cruel and criminal attempt to drive the living standard of American workers farther down to the cooie level, to place the whole burden of the crisis upon the toiling and hungry millions.

Fight for Workers' Unemployment Insurance equal to full wages. Fight for \$150 cash winter relief. Support the National Hunger March to Washington to place these demands before Congress on Dec. 7.

Wipe Out Shortcomings of the National Hunger March

By A. W. MILLS.

IT is still time to correct the shortcomings in the preparations for the National Hunger March to Washington.

What are these shortcomings?

1. A FORMAL approach to the Hunger March. In many Districts the National Hunger March is considered in terms of trucks, marchers, housing and feeding, etc. While these arrangements are important, they do not make up the contents of the March. The National Hunger March must be viewed as a mass mobilization of the unemployed and employed workers in the struggle for Unemployed Insurance and winter relief. Every city must see the struggles of masses of unemployed workers.

2. Unemployed Insurance shoved to the background. The leaflets which reach the National Committee, as well as the calls issued for the conference, show a definite tendency of underestimating the importance of the central slogan of the March—UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AT FULL WAGES. The local struggles are not linked up with the central slogan. This is especially evident in Minneapolis, Boston and other Districts.

3. INSUFFICIENT ORGANIZATIONAL RESULTS. With the exception of a few cities, little organizational results are apparent. There are Districts where the preparations for the Hunger March are going on without a single Unemployed Branch in existence (New Haven). If, as a result of the preparations and the march itself, we do not strengthen our organization, if we do not build block committees, committees on the bread lines and Unemployed Councils, the whole Hunger March will be of no value.

4. Very little work in the A. F. of L. locals. This is evident everywhere. So far, only the locals where we have groups, adopted resolutions endorsing Unemployment Insurance. There is no real drive in the A. F. of L. The Unemployed Branches did not make sufficient effort to penetrate in the A. F. of L. locals and other working-class organizations. The United Front Conferences will be of no value if we do not reach new organizations in the struggle for Unemployment Insurance.

5. NO FOLLOW UP OF THE RESULTS OF THE PUBLIC HEARINGS. In nearly all the cities where Public Hearings were organized, they were successful as far as the exposure of the misery is concerned. We did not sufficiently utilize the hearings for organizational results. Neither did we popularize the results of the hearings and utilize them for reaching into new territories to build Unemployed Block Committees and strengthen the existing ones.

Let us remember that no matter how great the numerical strength of the March may be, if we do not utilize the National Hunger March to develop a MASS MOVEMENT among the unemployed, to build the Unemployed Councils and involve hundreds of thousands of employed and unemployed workers in the struggle for Unemployed Insurance and immediate relief, the March will not bring the desired results.

Jobless Paper Workers to Hold Mass Meeting

The Paper Workers League of the Trade Union Unity League, that recently led a successful strike against wage cuts in the Blyeco shop, have

called a meeting of unemployed paper workers for Tuesday, November 17, 8 p. m. at 73 Ludlow St.

The meeting will take up practical proposals for a struggle for immediate relief for the paper workers.

2,000 SPOKANE WORKERS CHEER DELEGATION IN ITS START FOR DEC. 7 FIGHT

March Is Beginning of Nation-Wide Mobilization to Demand Immediate Relief and Unemployment Insurance

Many Cities Active In Preparing Hunger March; To Demand Rich Pay to Feed Jobless

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 15.—The first group of hunger marchers to proceed to Washington, D. C., for the national drive on December 7th to demand relief for the millions of American unemployed are already en route. They have passed Spokane, Washington, and are on their way to Minneapolis. They will reach Minneapolis Nov. 26, and from there will proceed to Milwaukee and then to Chicago. They will join the Chicago hunger march column on the way to Washington, D. C.

Two thousand Portland workers assembled at the protest demonstration of the Unemployed Council against war and unemployment. The delegates to the national hunger march were given a send-off and the demands of the National Committee of Unemployed were ratified. Resolutions demanding the freedom of the Ballard strikers, Ben Boloff and against the terrorization of the Lawrence strikers were adopted after an appeal by Paul Munter, defendant in the next criminal syndicalist case, speaking for the International Labor Defense.

Fred Walker spoke for the Unemployed Council. The council, which has procured the secret reports of a stool-pigeon of the Civic Emergency Committee (the committee that supervises so-called unemployment relief), made the name and activities of this stool known. His name was Cairn and he is at present president of the National Veterans' Association in Portland. He broke up the

Demonstration Saturday to Protest Armed Attack on USSR

Protest War Plans and Secret Pacts of Imperialist Robbers Against Soviet Union

NEW YORK. — On Saturday, November 21st, at noon, tens of thousands of New York workers will demonstrate against the feverish preparation of the imperialist bandits for armed invasion of the Soviet Union.

Today, it is clear from the attitude of the United States imperialist government, the Japanese and French imperialist governments, that as far as the Soviet Union is concerned, there is unity. The United States and Japan are openly working together; the French government supports Japan and her demands on China; the British government is licking the boots of Japan in order once again to rectify the mistake in which it was maneuvered by the U. S. into appearing as opposing Japan.

The League of Nations at its session today will not demand the withdrawal of Japanese troops from Manchuria, but on the contrary, will declare that Japan is justified in "protecting her interests."

This proves clearly that the splitting up of China has been decided upon and that all of the forces of reaction in China with Chiang Kai Shek at their head will be used to batter down the revolutionary workers and peasants led by the Soviets of China.

France has been given the leadership in Europe to mobilize her vassal states. The Soviet Union has no troops in Manchuria, despite the lies of the capitalist press, but is prepared to defend every inch of her territory. The imperialists are determined to smash the Five Year Plan and by means of war, to get out of the crisis. The danger of war is growing more acute every day.

On Saturday at Union Square the workers of New York must answer program of Hoover, who with the aid of Green, Wolf, Thomas and Muste, is trying to push the American workers into another world slaughter, aimed at the Soviet Union and the colonial masses.

All out on Union Square Saturday at noon. Organize and stand ready to defend the Soviet Union against armed invasion! Support the Chinese Revolution! Fight for Unemployment Insurance and demand relief! All war funds to the unemployed!

(Signed) Communist Party, New York District; Young Communist League; Friends of the Soviet Union; Trade Union Unity League; Unemployed Councils; Anti-Imperialist League; Workers Ex-Servicemen's League; League of Struggle for Negro Rights.

Workers' Correspondence is the backbone of the revolutionary press. Build your press by writing for it, about your day-to-day struggle.

U. S. Gov't Pushes Drive for Financial Blockade of Soviet

Lies of "Insolvency" Exposed As Soviet Union Deposits Millions Here to Meet Obligations

The Wall Street government has moved further to put into effect the economic boycott against the Soviet Union announced some days ago in the capitalist press. Saturday's New York American carried on its financial page, the following report from Wall Street:

"There was a persistent rumor, which really was a revival of an old story, that Russia is financially bankrupt. Although lacking confirmation, the rumor was sufficient to send Case Threshing down sharply.

"It was argued that suspension of payments by Russia would cost

Case millions." Saturday's New York Daily News peddled this lie in more vicious form, by way of a cable from the lie-factory of Riga. In the face of the fact that the Soviet Union has just met obligations in the United States amounting to \$6,000,000 this cable spreads the lie of insolvency.

"The Latvian press today published a sensational report from Moscow stating that the insolvency of the Soviet Government was officially admitted by V. M. Molotov, president of the Communist Council and right-

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Chicago Red Squad Raids Offices of Communist Party

16 Arrested, Including Bill Gebert, District Organizer; Attempt to Stop Hunger March

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 15.—The police department red squad raided the Communist Party district office Saturday afternoon arresting sixteen workers including Bill Gebert, district organizer, Herbert Newton, member of the district committee, Lawson and Kling.

Following this the south side headquarters of the Party was also raided. On the previous night Paulsen and Saffron were arrested in their homes and taken to the detective bureau. All are held incommunicado with no charges yet placed against them.

Terror On South Side. On the South Side in the Negro workers district where Captain Stege reigns, there is complete terror with workers being stopped on the street and searched. Some homes are being raided. The police also have instructed jail keepers not to rent halls to militant workers' organizations.

During the past month a total of 294 arrests were made in Chicago, and 23 face trial Monday, November 16th.

Word has just been received that Bill Gebert and Saffron were taken by Sheriff Robinson of Franklin County to Benton, Ill., and are at present at the Benton jail where they

are held on \$5,000 bail. The probable charges are criminal syndicalism, although there is no verification of this yet.

The basis of this latest attack is an attempt to stop the anti-war activities and the preparations for the national hunger march, as well as renewed activities in Southern Illinois.

The Party in Chicago is organizing a protest campaign with a large mass meeting on Wednesday, November 18th. Attempts are being made to secure Ashland Auditorium.

Leaflets are being issued and resolutions are to be offered to all workers' organizations protesting against this latest reign of terror and calling on them to send wires to states and city officials demanding the immediate release of all the arrested workers.

A delegation is being formed to visit the Chicago city hall on Monday.

Despite the terror, all work for the anti-war demonstrations and in preparation for the national hunger march on December 7th are being intensified. A Nat Turner meeting, has already been called for November 17. This meeting, as well as the anti-war demonstrations will be utilized to protest this latest reign of terror of the Chicago bosses.

Organize Mass Protest Against War on Nov. 21

Robber Imperialists Meet in Paris Today to Push War on Chinese Masses and Soviet Union

Japanese Socialists Endorse Seizure of Manchuria, Partitioning of China

The Council of the League of Nations will convene in Paris today with the stage completely set for the further speeding up of the war moves against the Chinese masses and the Soviet Union. Dispatches from the main imperialist centers indicate that the Wall Street government has succeeded in further consolidating the anti-Soviet front. A Paris dispatch in Saturday's New York Evening Sun is headed "France Veering to Tokio Side." This simply means that Briand has abandoned his pretense of protesting, as Chairman

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men's League, League of Struggle for Negro Rights, International Labor Defense and other militant working class organizations, has issued a call to all workers, American and Italian, to demonstrate Monday, 1:30 p. m. at Pier 95, West 55th St., against the bloody fascist regime in Italy, and the Hoover hunger and war conspiracy against the workers.

NEW YORK.—Masses of workers will meet today at Pier 95, at the foot of West 5th St. and 12th Ave., Hudson River, at 1:30 to demonstrate against the agent of Mussolini who has come to the United States for the purpose of cementing the plans and preparations for war against the Soviet Union. The U. S. Government is well aware that Grandi will meet with a reception worthy of the bloody regime that is oppressing the workers in Italy and therefore declares that Grandi will be taken off in a boat in the harbor and whisked to New Jersey, where a train will take him to Washington.

A united front of the Communist Party, Anti-Fascist Alliance, Trade Union Unity League, Anti-Imperialist League, Council for Protection of Foreign Born, Workers Ex-Servicemen's League, League of Struggle for Negro Rights, International Labor Defense and other militant working class organizations, has issued a call to all workers, American and Italian, to demonstrate Monday, 1:30 p. m. at Pier 95, West 55th St., against the bloody fascist regime in Italy, and the Hoover hunger and war conspiracy against the workers.

WORKERS! DEMONSTRATE TODAY AGAINST FASCIST GRANDI

BULLETIN. Charles Lindbergh is to fly the fascist foreign minister, Vito Grandi, from New York to Washington today, it was announced by the State Department last night.

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NEW YORK.—A so-called anti-fascist meeting which was called yesterday by a group of labor fakers composed of Muste, Bert Miller, Carlo Tresca, the republican, Dr. Fama and the ex-socialist Judge Rankin, pretending to make a protest against Grandi, was broken up when the socialist and anarchist thugs upon signal from Bert Miller attacked M. L. Malkin, a member of the International Labor Defense, who asked for the floor to urge the workers to rally on the streets today in the anti-fascist demonstration called by the Communist Party.

Hundreds of enraged workers arose, singing the Italian revolutionary song "Bandiera" in protest when Malkin was denied the floor.

The majority of the workers at the meeting demanded that Muste, who was chairman, give Malkin the floor. Muste tried to silence Malkin, but when he saw that Malkin had the united support of the workers, told him to come forward, whereupon Muste's lieutenant, Miller, gave the signal to his agents to attack Malkin and the workers who supported him.

The Muste group began swinging chairs at the workers that were nearest them, the workers defending themselves well giving the social-fascists a good dose of their own medicine. The police, who were called by one of Muste's agents, arrived shortly after the attack on the workers began. Many workers, it is reported, were arrested.

The police emergency squad was called out. The meeting was disrupted by the gangsters of the Amalgamated and the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union Local 89 of which Niffo is the head. There was a second fight. The meeting was finished with the protection of the police.

Workers! The war danger against the Soviet Union GROWS HOURLY! What does the visit of GRANDI from fascist Italy to HOOVER mean? Principally to bring ITALY within the new anti-Soviet bloc formed by America with France and Japan, and also to use Italy (as Germany is being used) to America's advantage in keeping France subordinate to America within this bloc! Grandi comes to pay homage to and get orders from Wall Street, which has more than \$1,000,000,000 invested in Italian fascism!

Workers! In a military way, the Soviet Union is being encircled by this band of imperialists, these secret diplomats who are GAMBLING WITH THE LIVES OF YOU AND YOUR LOVED ONES!

More evidence comes daily! The whole pack of wolves, ready to fall upon each other over the prey at any moment in a NEW WORLD WAR, are driving all the while NEARER TO WAR ON THE SOVIET UNION! From all capitals of imperialism there is appearing LIES ABOUT "SOVIET BANKRUPTCY." It appears in the Berlin press! In Paris! In Washington, too! And Hoover's government openly tries to lay down a CREDIT BLOCKADE! One lie follows another about "Soviet financial difficulties." BUT THEY ARE LIES! Lies meant to blind you to Soviet SUCCESS IN BUILDING SOCIALISM! Lies meant to create a credit blockade as ONE MORE STEP TOWARD WAR!

These capitalist war-makers who starve you in unemployment and cut your wages, would make you CANNON FODDER IN THE COMING WAR! PROTEST! Rally to the November 21 Anti-War Demonstration! Support the National Hunger March! Organize and strike against wage cuts! WAR ON CAPITALISM!

Workers, Beware of Lies About "Peace!"

WORKERS, the entire capitalist press on Sunday played up the fairy tales from Washington, Paris, Geneva, London and Tokio about the heavenly "peace" that is about to descend upon Manchuria.

What does that mean? It means that they are all lies! It means that the gang of world bandits which calls itself the "League of Nations" is due to meet today. And because it has allowed Japan to invade and make war upon China for two solid months, the toiling masses of the world are beginning to see the fraud of the League of Nations posing as "peace maker." So something must be rigged up to give the APPEARANCE of peace. Thus, workers, there is this sudden clatter about "peace" and "compromise"—FOR MONDAY! BUT AS SOON AS THE LEAGUE MEETING IS OVER—MORE WAR!

China is being torn to pieces! The "peace," such as there can be that is "established for Monday," is possible only by American imperialism forcing its Nanking lackey, Chiang Kai-shek, to practically surrender Manchuria to Japan by "consenting to Japanese occupation."

It was for this reason that U. S. Minister Johnson "spoke in Chinese with Chiang Kai-shek for two hours" on Friday. The Associated Press says it was SECRET, but understood "that Mr. Johnson was conveying United States wishes that a compromise be reached with Japan."

This was foreshadowed on Friday, when a dispatch from Washington (!) declared the "England Favors Japan NOW," and proceeded with the following shameless statement as to what the League of Nations (!!) would do:

"Japan has defied the League and there seems nothing that the League can do about it. Pressure upon Japan having failed, pressure will probably now be directed upon China."—N. Y. Post, Nov. 13.

Being "unable" to punish the robber, the police will now punish the victim! Such are the "blessed peace makers" of Washington and Geneva! But, workers, there is MORE BEHIND ALL THIS! What dirty diplomatic lies are these? On Saturday "London Hears" that Stimson has "found a peace formula." Yet on Sunday this is "denied on high administrative authority" at Washington! News that General Mah at Tsihsihar has "accepted Japanese ultimatum for peace"—that means he surrenders—is featured in the SAME PAPER as his statement that he

Downtown Hunger March To Be Held on Nov. 18th to Include Many Now Starving To Demand Cash Winter Relief and Demands for Jobless at Municipal Lodging House

Downtown east side unemployed workers and their families, jobless at the Municipal Lodging House, and unemployed of the city employment agency will take part in a sectional hunger march upon the Department of Public Welfare, at Leonard and Lafayette Sts., Wednesday, Nov. 18, at 1 p. m.

Specific demands for the jobless men and women at the Municipal Lodging House includes no separation of children from mothers who apply for aid at the house. These mothers are to be paid immediate cash relief to keep their family intact.

About 10,000 leaflets will be distributed for the hunger march. Organizer Scores Tammany.

Clarence Silver, organizer of the Downtown Unemployed Council, in urging a turn-out for the hunger march, scored the action of Tammany Hall in refusing to appropriate the \$15,000,000 promised before elections. Silverman said:

"Just as the Unemployed Council pointed out before the recent elections the Tammany Board of Aldermen made a deliberate pre-emption move by saying they would appropriate \$15,000,000 for relief of the unemployed. We said at that time that it was to get the votes of the unemployed. And now after the election Mayor Walker, at the last meeting of the Board of Aldermen said when the matter of appropriation came up 'there is no need for this now' and made a motion that practically shelves the matter."

"This brazen bit of playing with the miseries of the unemployed and their votes must be answered by the unemployed masses, especially of the downtown sections by our Hunger March on the 18th. The fight for winter relief must be redoubled."

Starting from 7th St. and Ave. C the unemployed under the banner of the Downtown Unemployed Council will march to Rutgers Square, there to be joined by the East Side Unemployed Council and workers from the job agency and the Municipal Lodging House. From Rutgers Square the hunger marchers will go to the offices of the Department of Public Welfare to present their demands to Commissioner Taylor.

Starving in Delegation. Twenty starving families with their children, workers from the Municipal ward, are the delegation to present the demands. The demands include immediate \$150 cash payment for winter relief, the opening of the St. Marks hospital for the unemployed, and immediate cash relief for the starving families at the hunger march and reduction of the salaries of officials of department of welfare to \$4,500 a year, the remainder to go to the unemployed.

Demands for the workers who are registering for jobs include: carefree to be paid to and from homes and work by the city committee; free lunches to be served in the offices; no discrimination and a committee of unemployed to distribute the jobs.

NEW YORK LABOR CONFERENCE FOR NATIONAL MARCH

Unemployment Insurance, Dec. 7 March Main Agenda Points

NEW YORK.—The Labor Conference called by the Unemployed Councils of the state of New York for Sunday, November 22 at 11 a. m. at the Stuyvesant Casino, Second Ave. and 9th St. will elect the New York state delegates for the national hunger march on Washington, December 7. The conference is expected to be one of the largest of its kind ever held here.

Delegates from Unemployed Councils, mass meetings of employed and unemployed, unions, fraternal organizations, shop groups and Negro and youth bodies are now being elected for the conference. A number of American Federation of Labor locals, notably in the building trades, have elected delegates to the conference.

The chief points of the agenda at the conference will be the struggle for unemployment insurance in the state, the national hunger march and the struggle for federal unemployment insurance.

LABOR UNITY IS TO BE MONTHLY

Organ of TUUL Will Become 32 Page Magazine

Along with the establishment of the new 32 page Labor Unity monthly magazine which is to be something new in the history of the American Labor Movement, will come the setting up of a Trade Union Unity League Press Bureau and Service, to supply the revolutionary and Labor Press with news and articles on the economic struggles of the American Workers, the Trade Union Unity League announced yesterday.

Coincident with the publication of the January issue of the new Labor Unity, which goes to press December 5, will begin the plan to develop union papers and the TUUL shop organs, together with local unemployment papers. All these will receive their direction from the new monthly Labor Unity magazine.

Leaders of all the revolutionary unions and leagues, and of the Trade Union Unity League, will write in the first issue of the Labor Unity magazine of the struggles going on or soon to come in their industries. The National Hunger March to Washington, which will have been held a week before the new Labor Unity appears, will be thoroughly analyzed by those who directed the march. The Lawrence and mining strikes will be also analyzed.

Not only the leaders of the unions and league, but also rank and file workers will write for the new Labor Unity, for it is planned to develop the workers correspondence and news of the daily life of the unions to a greater extent than ever. The subscription rates to the Labor Unity magazine will be \$1 a year and 50 cents for six months.

Money should be sent to Labor Unity, Room 414, 2 W. 15th St., New York City.

The New Central organ of the TUUL will have a big birthday celebration at a banquet and entertainment which will be held at Manhattan Lyceum on Saturday night, December 5. Many well known leaders of the revolutionary movement will be there including William Z. Foster, William F. Dunne, Ben Gold and others.

National Textile Union Calls for Stronger Organization

LAWRENCE, Mass., Nov. 15.—Continuing the work of organizing the textile workers here against discrimination and to force the withdrawal of the wage cut, the National Textile Workers Union has issued a call for an enlarged National Council meeting to be held Sunday, Nov. 22, in Boston, Mass. After a long and militant battle 25,000 Lawrence textile strikers were betrayed by the United Textile Workers and A. F. of L. officials into accepting a 10 per cent wage cut.

The call issued under the name of J. P. Reid, president, and Anna Burlak, assistant secretary, reads as follows:

"The Lawrence textile strike, after five weeks of heroic struggle on the part of the workers has been broken and betrayed by the leaders of the United Textile Workers.

Bronx Jobless Reveal Extent of Misery at Public Hearing

Hundreds of Workers Pack Ambassador Hall to Hear Testimony of Jobless Families

Between seven and eight hundred workers, men, women and children, crowded Ambassador Hall to the doors on Friday, to give and hear the testimony of the Bronx unemployed. Bronx officials of government and charity organizations had been invited to attend this meeting and to give answers if they could to the unemployed. But not one such official dared to come and hear the public testimony offered at the meeting.

About a dozen workers testified and several children. Many more in the crowd wished to testify against the emergency employment committee, the charities, the association for improving the conditions for the poor, landlords and city officials, but time did not permit.

All the testimony was damning evidence against the city charity and city government.

Mother of 11 Testifies.

A widow, mother of 11 children, in answer to the questions asked, stated that she received from the charities fifteen dollars per week, out of which she is expected to buy food, pay for rent, gas and light, and clothing for eleven children and herself. Of course it cannot be done and she had been sending her children to the stores to beg for bread, milk and potatoes to help along. All the children were in rags and wearing torn sneakers which offered no protection whatever against the cold or wet. The charities advised her to put her children in an institute and to go to work. This she does not want to do but she fears that she will be forced to it. At the same time she declared that she believed it would be impossible to find work when so many are out of work.

A Negro woman of 62 years of age stated that she had paid her last money for the rent which is twelve dollars per month and had not had any food in the house for several days having had to give every cent for the rent. She said she was willing to do laundry work or any kind of house work but that because of her age it was hard to get anything to do. She was in despair. "It is true," she said, "that I am an old woman but I don't want to starve and I am willing to work."

A number of workers brought their dispossess notices with them. Several brought registration cards to show that they had registered with the emergency relief committee but had not yet received any jobs. One Negro worker told of staying up all night for several days in order not to lose his place on the line.

All Appealed to Charities.

All the workers said that they had appealed either to the charities or to the Association for improving the conditions of the poor and in every case they had been told that nothing could be done for them. A newspaper reporter asked to have the following statement made at this public hearing: that Mrs. Lyle, head of the A. I. C. P., (above charity association),

"MERCHANT OF VENICE" OPENS SHAKESPEARE SEASON; ROYALE

The Chicago Civic Shakespeare Society will open its third season this evening at the Royale Theatre. The repertory this season will include but three plays: "The Merchant of Venice," "Julius Caesar," and "Hamlet."

In addition to Fritz Leiber, Helen Menken, Tyrone Power, William Faversham, Viola Roache and Pedro de Cordoba, who will play the chief roles — the cast will also include such well known favorites as Whitford Kane, Gordon Burby, France Bendtsen, and Edith Campbell. The repertory for the week follows: Monday evening 7:30 Wednesday evening, Saturday matinee, "The Merchant of Venice"; on Tuesday evening and Friday evening, "Julius Caesar"; for Wednesday matinee, Thursday evening and Saturday evening, "Hamlet."

Plumbers Meet to Form Union

The plumbers section of the Trade Union Unity League which has been growing lately because of its activity, has sent out a call for the formation of an alteration Plumbers' Union at a meeting to be held Thursday, Nov. 19, 8 p. m. at 108 East 14th St. This meeting will be preliminary to a mass meeting to be called by the plumbers.

A statement issued by the plumbers section points out that the conditions of the plumbing workers, especially the alteration plumbers, is growing worse, and that the A. F. of L. union was thoroughly graft ridden and boss controlled held out no hope or interest for them.

AMUSEMENTS

The Theatre Guild Presents REUNION IN VIENNA. A Comedy. By ROBERT E. SHERWOOD. MARTIN BECK ST. & 8 AVE. Even 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

The Group Theatre Presents The House of Connelly. Under the Auspices of the Theatre Guild. Mansfield. Theat. 47th St. Even 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

THE THEATRE GUILD presents EUGENE O'NEILL'S Trilogy. Mourning Becomes Electra. Composed of 3 plays presented on 1 day "ROMECOMING," "THE HUNTED," "THE HAUNTED."

WOONSOCKET MILL STRIKERS WIN IN WAGE-CUT FIGHT

Return to Work and to Build Local of the N.T.W.U.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Nov. 15.—Strikers of the Cherry Brook and Jarrett yarn mills voted to return to work upon the basis of the acceptance of the strikers' demands by the bosses at a meeting held Friday, Nov. 13.

At a meeting of the workers of the two struck mills held Thursday night a strike committee was elected to place the strikers demands to the bosses. Friday morning the strikers put the following demands to the owners: the return of the average 10 percent wage cut that precipitated the strike, no discrimination and recognition of the mill committee, seeing that the workers were determined in their demands and fearing a militant strike the bosses acceded to the demands of taking back 10 per cent of all cuts, and informal recognition of the committee of mill workers. Some workers received more than 10 per cent wage cut, but they agreed to the 10 per cent return.

To Build the Union. A meeting held Friday night voted to return and immediately begin to build the mill local of the National Textile Workers Union. A drive will start this week to organize the workers into the union.

Organization of the workers of the Bernon Worsted and Snyder Worsted mills, also owned by the Jarrett brothers will start at the same time. Workers of these mills also received wage cuts, but lacking organization and leadership, did not strike.

Most of the victorious mill strikers are women and girls and the strike committee was composed of eighteen women and four men.

RAID PROVIDENCE COMMUNIST OFFICE

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 15.—Last Thursday the headquarters of the Communist Party was raided and everything in it wrecked.

The action of the police, together with the extra legal forces, is not an isolated event. The activities of the Communist Party during the last week in organizing the unemployed workers into Unemployed Councils and forcing the city administration to call a special session of the City Council for tonight to take up the unemployment situation. The delegation of the Unemployed Council will appear before the City Council tonight, while a huge demonstration will be held outside.

The delegation will demand unemployment relief and also denounce the action of the police as an open provocation against the workers. The unemployed workers of the city are highly indignant against the police for this action.

STRIKERS WIN IN HALF HOUR

(By a Worker Correspondent) STATEN ISLAND, N. Y.—On Thursday, Nov. 12, workers at the Brewer Dry Dock Co. won a strike in half an hour.

The bosses wanted to pay us straight pay for overtime and when we demanded double time for overtime the bosses refused it—so we struck.

Mr. Morell, the boss, came to us and pleaded that we return to work at the old scale, but we answered him with an emphatic NO. When he saw that the workers would not agree with him he got awfully sore and called the superintendent. The superintendent came, but when he saw the large crowd of determined workers he decided to pay time and a half for overtime. We held out for the original demands, but the boss got in touch with a Negro worker who was isolated from our group and convinced him to accept the time and a half proposition. This started a move to accept a partial victory. We went back, winning half of our demands.

This points out clearly that the Negro and white workers must always fight together.

Editorial Note:—The Negro worker who went back to work first is not to be censured. The blame rests on the shoulders of the white workers who allowed their fellow Negro worker to become isolated from the main body of the strikers.

WOONSOCKET MILL STRIKERS WIN IN WAGE-CUT FIGHT

Return to Work and to Build Local of the N.T.W.U.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Nov. 15.—Strikers of the Cherry Brook and Jarrett yarn mills voted to return to work upon the basis of the acceptance of the strikers' demands by the bosses at a meeting held Friday, Nov. 13.

At a meeting of the workers of the two struck mills held Thursday night a strike committee was elected to place the strikers demands to the bosses. Friday morning the strikers put the following demands to the owners: the return of the average 10 percent wage cut that precipitated the strike, no discrimination and recognition of the mill committee, seeing that the workers were determined in their demands and fearing a militant strike the bosses acceded to the demands of taking back 10 per cent of all cuts, and informal recognition of the committee of mill workers. Some workers received more than 10 per cent wage cut, but they agreed to the 10 per cent return.

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NEEDLE UNION HOLDS SERIES OF HUNGER MARCH MASS MEETS

Active Dressmakers Meeting Wednesday

NEW YORK.—In connection with the Hunger March a series of unemployed meetings will be held during the coming week. Meetings of the unemployed dressmakers and unemployed furriers will be held on Monday, at 2 o'clock at the union hall, 131 W. 28th St. On Tuesday, Nov. 17, at 10 a. m. a meeting of unemployed milliners will be held in Bryant Hall, 6th Ave. and 42nd St. Executive N.T.W.U. Meets Monday.

A meeting of the executive council of the N. T. W. U. will take place on Monday, Nov. 16th, at the union office, 131 W. 28th St., at 8 p. m.

Important problems concerning the union will be taken up. Dress Shop of Berman and Smith on Strike.

The dress shop of Berman & Smith, 213 W. 35th St., is on strike. Needle trades workers are asked to help picket this shop.

Open Air Meetings of N.T.W.U. This Week

Several open air meetings will be held this week in the garment center in various blocks and buildings. The first open air meeting will take place on Monday, at 12 o'clock noon at 36th St. and 8th Ave.

Meeting of Negro and white dressmakers will be held Wednesday, Nov. 18th, at 7 o'clock at St. Lukes Hall, 125 W. 130th St.

Newark Workers Hit Jim-Crowism at Restaurant

Place Barred Negro Worker

NEWARK, Nov. 16.—Last Monday night, F. E. A. Welsh, New Jersey state organizer of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, was told that he would not be served at the Russian restaurant on 53 Broome St., Newark, because "some of our white customers object to Negroes eating here."

On Wednesday night, a committee composed of Comrade Welsh and representatives of the Communist Party Young Communist League, and the Unemployed Council went to the restaurant and demanded that Comrade Welsh be served together with the other customers. The woman in charge of the restaurant refused to do so. The owners were immediately notified that the place would be boycotted, that the Communist Party and the LSNR would call upon the members of the Russian Mutual Aid Society to stop their patronage, and a demonstration would be held before the restaurant within a few days.

The restaurant is owned by some Russian individuals and not by the Russian Mutual Aid Society. This latter organization, a workers mutual aid organization which owns the building in which this restaurant is housed, has only rented the restaurant rooms to this individual. Practically the whole trade of this restaurant is dependent upon the patronage of the members of the Russian Mutual Aid Society.

At the Nat Turner meeting held in the hall under the restaurant Sunday, this act of discrimination was exposed, and the workers mobilized for a demonstration before the restaurant within a few days and for Negro Rights.

Police Raid Offices of Mine Union in the Brownsville Section

BROWNSVILLE, Pa.—On Nov. 4, state police raided the headquarters of the National Miners Union, searching every one present, confiscating all documents, then raiding the house of Philip Giambattista, the organizer of the National Miners Union in Brownsville, arresting him and holding him on deportation charges.

The International Labor Defense has sent a telegram to Governor Pinchot condemning this outrage, and demanding the immediate release of Philip Giambattista and the return of all documents.

Attorney Margolis is taking the necessary steps to conduct the legal fight against deporting Philip Giambattista to Fascist Italy.

Dr. MORRIS LEVITT SURGEON DENTIST

Southern Blvd. cor. 176th St., N. Y. Phone: Treatment 3-1286 Special low prices for workers

CARL BRODSKY ANY KIND OF Insurance

799 BROADWAY, N. Y. C.

Patronize the Concoops Food Stores and Restaurant

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"Buy in the Co-operative Store and help the Left Wing Movement."

JADE MOUNTAIN AMERICAN and CHINESE RESTAURANT

Open 11 a. m. to 1:30 a. m. Special Lunch 11 to 4...35c Dinner 5 to 10...55c 197 SECOND AVENUE Between 12th and 13th Sts.

HEALTH FOOD Vegetarian Restaurant

1900 MADISON AVENUE Phone University 4-9081

All Comrades Meet at BRONSTEIN'S Vegetarian Health Restaurant

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Job's Restaurant SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHERS

A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet 302 E. 124th St. New York

Rational Vegetarian Restaurant

199 SECOND AVENUE bet. 12th and 13th Sts. Strictly Vegetarian Food

MELROSE DAIRY VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT

Comrades Will Always Find it Pleasant to Dine at Our Place. 1757 SOUTHERN BLVD., Bronx (near 147th St. Station) TELEPHONE INTERVALE 6-9140

What's On—

DAY Violet Union Printing Industry will be the topic of a lecture by I. S. Rosenberg at the Irving Plaza, 15th Street and Irving Place. All typographical workers invited.

Workers Dramatic Council. Will have a meeting at the Workers Center, 35 East 12th Street, on night at 8 p. m. Workers groups are asked to send delegates.

ILD School. Will be held in Room 205, 50 East 10th St., 7:30 p. m.

Nat Turner Group, LSNR. All organizations are invited to send two delegates to the Finnish Workers Hall, 15 West 125th Street, for the establishment of a Liberator Campaign Committee.

Brownsville Branch, I.L.D. Will have a regular membership meeting tonight at 118 Bristol St., Brownsville. Important matters are to be taken up.

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EX-SERVICEMAN CALLS ON VETS TO SUPPORT WORKERS' STRUGGLES

Disabled Vets Must Fight for Increase in Pension Under General Law

Capitalist Politicians and Pension Bureau Heads Fight Against Increase

(By an Ex-serviceman.)

DAYTON, O.—Hey, you ex-regulars who have been discharged from the regular army, navy and marines by reason of disability in the line of duty and who now are receiving \$6, \$8, \$17 and \$24 per month; When you put in for an increase under that fake law called General Law, your bosses in the Pension Bureau will send you before one of their tools. When the latter sends his report to the crooks called the Reviewing Board in the Pension Office, in five weeks the ex-soldier will get a notice that his claim for increase under the General Law has been rejected, on the ground that the evidence on file shows that a rate of pension in excess of \$24 a month is not warranted by the degree of disability from T. B., or whatever the case may be.

Increase Only for Killers.

Then the soldier goes to see his Congressman, who is working for the capitalist government that is operated by Wall Street. The Congressman tells the soldier that it is hard for him to get the increase, because he has no war service. That means that you never killed a worker who had done you no harm.

Must Organize.

All of you General Law men who have tried and tried to get an increase in your pension to help sup-

Miners Fight Blacklist in Fox Ridge, Ky.

(By Worker Correspondent)

FOX RIDGE, Ky.—In regard to the strike of October 2nd, the local sold of 98 per cent until ten or twelve of the men began to weaken and talk about going back to work. We talked to these men and tried to encourage them all we could, but it did no good. The boss heard of these men talking about going back to work. Then Guss Smith, a member of the local who was supposed to be a good union man, hired to the company as a guard. Smith is Deputy Sheriff. He did everything he could against the N. M. U. Smith also heard these men talking about going back to work. Then the boss and Smith got these men to sign a paper to go back to work. These men returned to work on October 27th. The boss then said there were 17 men that he would not let work for him any more.

Denver Jobless Force Charities to Act

Dear Comrades:

Denver, Colorado.

On November 6th, a widow and her family were called into court because they were unable to pay a miserable eight dollars rent and refused to move as they had no other place to go.

About 60 members of the Unemployed Council went to the court to show their disapproval of this family being thrown out of their home. The judge told the woman that she would have to get this money quickly or move out. He directed her to go to the charities.

A committee of about fifty went with her to the Community Chest and went with her into the office. The woman in charge, after hearing the demands of the committee, called up the Salvation Army and advised these fakery to do something about this case as she was here (at the

Death List Grows at Boulder Dam Site

(By A Worker Correspondent)

LOG VEGAS, Nev.—The Six Companies, which is building the dam here, buries its dead 33 miles from the river instead of in Boulder City. No doubt the company is afraid of the effect a graveyard might have on the Boulder Dam workers. If the workers would always have the graves of their comrades before their eyes they might decide to strike for better and safer conditions rather than run the risk of joining their dead mates beneath the sod.

It is plain from the way the workers are dying on this job here that there will have to be another cemetery staked out soon, unless the workers are to be buried in tiers or a mausoleum is built.

If the profit-mad Six Companies

Struggle Spreading in Ky. Mine Fields

Four Mile, Kentucky.

Dear Comrade:

Say, they sure are getting everything stirred up just rife now up in here. Thomas left my house this morning, going over on Straight Creek. There are four places come out over there on Straight Creek now and they have got everything all over the Harlan fields going just right, too, and we are working for them to come out here most any day. They have got a soup house at Straight Creek now. I tell you, hard times is facing everybody, not just one, but everybody, and it looks like we are going to have to fight the battle to win it too or dying trying it.

I guess you already heard about Mr. Grace and them getting caught and them beating up, didn't you? The old sorry things thought they had them real, but thank God, they didn't. They made their escape. I tell you it is mighty hard to kill a good old union boy when he's holding up for his rights, ain't it? They worked three days last week

'Liberator' 1 Cent in Bundles During Drive

Despite the refusal of the Post Office to grant mailing privileges to The Liberator, official organ of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, The Liberator is determined to establish a basis for mass circulation. During the period of the drive for 10,000 new readers, it offers a new price of one cent (1c) a copy for bundles of ten and over to all L. S. N. R. groups, Red Builders, organizations, and all unemployed workers wishing to sell the paper. This enables them to get twice as many copies for the same price.

Order a bundle today. Write to The Liberator, Room 301, 50 East 13th Street, New York.

Organize Mass Protests Against War on Nov. 21st

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

of the League Council, the Japanese occupation of Manchuria. A London dispatch to the New York Times gives concrete proof of the agreement reached between the imperialist robbers. It declares:

"There is a well-defined feeling in diplomatic circles in London that the United States and Japan have reached an understanding concerning a Manchurian formula whereby the Japanese may be satisfied without any impairment of the dignity and prestige of the League of Nations Council.

British Accept the U. S. 'Formula' "It is further understood that Sir John Simon, the British Foreign Minister, has accepted the formula, which has been discussed by him with Ambassador Dawes. Mr. Dawes, who left for Paris this morning, will probably submit the proposed terms for settlement to Aristide Briand tomorrow, and one possibility is that M. Briand will offer the formula as his own to the Council when it convenes Monday."

Dawes Gives U. S. Orders to Nanking

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A Paris dispatch reports that General Dawes conferred on Friday with the Japanese ambassador in that city. On the same day Nelson T. Johnson, United States Minister at Nanking, conferred for two hours with the United States tool and hangman of the Chinese masses, Chiang Kai Shek. Johnson also conferred with the Nanking acting foreign minister, Frank Lee. The dispatch says:

"Statements on the conferences were not issued, but it was assumed that Mr. Johnson was conveying the United States wishes that a compromise be reached with the Japanese."

These "wishes" amount to actual instructions from the Wall Street imperialists to their Nanking lackeys who, under American instructions, have given the fullest co-operation to the Japanese occupation of Manchuria as a base against the Soviet Union and have met with a murderous terror of the protests of the Chinese masses, declaring martial law in Hankow, Shanghai, Peiping and Nanking, following anti-Japanese demonstrations by students and workers.

Japan Ambassador Says Japan Bars Interference

These developments have been followed by an official declaration by the Japanese ambassador to Washington, Katsuji De buch, will bar outside interference. In a dispatch to the New York Times from his Washington correspondent, the Japanese ambassador is quoted as saying:

"Japanese opinion will not permit the subcommissioner the question of Japan's position in Manchuria to any outside authority." Expose Plot to Use White Guards

The war moves of the imperialists against the Soviet Union were further exposed in a Peiping dispatch received in Moscow. An Associated Press dispatch from Moscow declares:

"Peiping dispatches published here today said that documents found in the possession of a white guardist arrested upon his arrival from Harbin give conclusive proof that Japanese military authorities are preparing provocative action against Russia."

"The dispatches said the seized documents showed white Russians to be co-operating with the Japanese in these purported preparations."

The dispatch further states:

"An uprising, supposed to be engineered as an 'emancipation movement', was to have been preceded by the direction of guardists sent by brigand elements, under the direction of the guardists sent to Tsihsihar and Khalhar, documents carried by the arrested men were said to have revealed."

"In the meantime, the Japanese imperialists are receiving ample 'justification' for their murder of Chinese workers and peasants from the Japanese socialists, members of the notorious Second International, that boasts the murder of the Indian and African masses, MacDonald, as one of its shining lights. The Japanese newspaper 'Asahi,' published an article by Akamatsu, the general secretary of the Japanese socialist party, in which he writes, among other

U. S. Government Pushes Drive for Financial Blockade of Soviet Union

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

hand man of Dictator Josef Stalin." The "Communist Council" referred to is the Supreme Council of National Economy. How stupid is this lie is shown by the admission in the financial columns of yesterday's New York Times that:

"To meet obligations maturing at this time the Russian Soviets have deposited \$4,500,000 with bankers in New York. It was learned yesterday. This is in addition to \$8,000,000 which was disbursed on Nov. 1."

Amorg Nails Lie

In a statement mailing as lies the rumors of Soviet insolvency, the Amorg Trading Corporation points out that while the Soviet Union considers the credit terms now available in the United States unacceptable, the Soviet Union is meeting its obligations. The drastic decline in purchases in the United States, the statement says, "is not a general condition in Soviet foreign trade and contrasts with the large gain in orders placed in European countries, where the conditions are more favorable." The statement quotes figures of heavy purchases in European countries, and adds:

"These facts indicate that European industrialists, who presumably are studying the Soviet economic situation as closely as are the business interests in this country, pay

no heed to the baseless rumors periodically circulated in regard to an approaching 'crisis' and 'financial difficulties' in the Soviet Union."

Workers! Protest War Moves! Demonstrate Nov. 21.

This call by the Wall Street government for a financial boycott against the workers' and peasants' government further exposes the leading role of the American imperialists in the present sinister moves to plunge the world into another and bloodier world slaughter. The imperialist bandits are attempting to save their shaky system by pushing the masses into a bloody inferno, aimed at the destruction of the Soviet Union and its successful Five Year Plan, aimed at the further impoverishment of the working class and the crushing of the rising struggles of the colonial masses. The American workers and poor farmers must answer the imperialist war moves with tremendous protest demonstrations on Nov. 21. In their lies of Soviet "collapse," the imperialists are trying to soften the contrast which the masses themselves are drawing between successful Socialist construction in the Soviet Union and the misery and hunger in the imperialist countries as a result of decaying capitalism and the efforts of the capitalists to solve the economic crisis at the expense of the toiling masses.

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"Great Britain, America and the other imperialist countries exploit China, why, therefore should a weaker imperialist country, namely Japan, not take part in this exploitation? If Japan were to refrain from exploiting China, then the other imperialist countries would quickly take its place."

This social-fascist scoundrel declares roundly that Japan must have Manchuria as the natural resources of that territory are necessary to Japan's industrial progress, and he appeals to his "comrades" to support the claims of Japanese imperialism in Manchuria without reservation.

Japanese Attack Near Tsihsihar

A United Press dispatch from Tsihsihar published in yesterday's New York Enquirer, reports the Japanese in an advance on the city of Tsihsihar. The dispatch says:

"Fighting between the Japanese and Chinese forces entrenched in the important Anganchi-Tsihsihar territory broke out today."

"Enforced by the arrival of artillery, armored cars and airplanes, the Japanese began their drive to seize the key city of Tsihsihar, the only capital in Manchuria still controlled by the Chinese."

Japan Raising More Troops

In the meantime, Japan is rushing additional troops to Manchuria. A Tokyo dispatch reports:

"A fresh brigade of Japanese army troops left for Manchuria today."

The cynical attitude of the Japanese military is shown in the following Mukden dispatch:

"General Honjo and his interpreters laughed with amused tolerance when asked if it would be possible for the Japanese forces to withdraw by Nov. 16."

Report Japan Calls Home Reserve Officers

A dispatch from San Francisco reports that "Japanese reserve army officers, of whom there are scores in San Francisco, besides many others in California cities, were to be called home by their government because of rapid developments in Manchuria."

Japanese Metal Workers Fight Police

In the meantime, the Japanese imperialists are concerned at the growth of the revolutionary movement in Japan. Tokia dispatches report:

"Striking metal workers of the 'Muto' factory in Tokio demonstrated on the streets yesterday, carrying Red flags and singing revolutionary songs. They are out to secure the reinstatement of victimized workers and to prevent the carrying through of a 20 per cent wage cut. A violent collision took place and lasted an hour and a half when police tried to disperse the demonstration. Twenty policemen and many workers were injured."

A dispatch from Shanghai reports the growth of the revolutionary movement in Korea, with increasing demonstrations against Japanese. The dispatch says:

Growing Revolutionary Movement in Korea.

Despite the oppressive terror instituted by the Japanese authorities, de-

velopments immediately. Elect representatives. See that they attend. All attending, must send in notification immediately to the National Bureau. Instructions will be forwarded to all delegates, those who do not get instructions, report not later than 9 a. m. at the office, 775 Washington Street, Boston, Mass."

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Growing Revolutionary Movement in Korea.

Despite the oppressive terror instituted by the Japanese authorities, de-

Textile Workers Urged to Strike at New Pay-Cut

LOWELL, Mass.—The bosses of the United States Bunting Co., the Amis Worsted Co. and the Royal Worst Co. announced on Nov. 14 that they would slash the wages of the workers in their respective plants 10 per cent Nov. 23. A similar wage-cut has been announced to take place in the Lawrence Manufacturing Co. in Lawrence.

Only a few days now remain before the bosses will attempt to put over the cut. The workers in the mills will have to act quickly to stop it. Organize committees of action in every department of the mills. Organize mill committees composed of workers from every department. Get in touch with the local of the National Textile Workers Union. Strike against the cut.

Southern Workers Mobilize for Anti-War Meets Nov. 21

Part of Nation-Wide Demonstrations

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Nov. 15.—While the local press is crying for war on the Soviet Union the Communist Party and the Young Communist League here are preparing for a district wide anti-war protest demonstration on Nov. 21. Thousands of local leaflets distributed throughout the state of North Carolina and Virginia. Charlotte, N. C., will be the center of the campaign in this part of the South against the organized slaughter of the workers by Wall St. and the Hoover machine. The workers of this section remember the last World War that was "to end wars." They know they found on the return those who came back unemployed, bread lines, segregation, Jimcrowsism, worse starvation than the workers had ever seen.

Throughout the United States on Nov. 21, there will be similar demonstration, led by the revolutionary workers organizations, to rally the workers against the war preparations and the imperialists' drive for war against the Soviet Union.

The Party in Charlotte is arranging a citywide demonstration, one meeting with the farmers in Martinsville, Va., and one in the city of Danville, Va., where just a few months ago the workers were involved in one of the bitterest struggles that the textile workers of the South ever had.

In the Soviet Union wage increases and the universal introduction of the seven-hour day. In capitalist America wage cuts and the slave stager plan.

spite the mass raids and arrests, the revolutionary movement in Korea is steadily growing. The dissolution of working class organizations and the closing down of Korean schools by the Japanese authorities has developed into a system. Arrests are now being made for nothing more than the singing of revolutionary songs. No less than 120 young peasants were arrested recently in the province of Hangjoong for this crime.

According to a report from Japanese sources a Communist organization has been discovered amongst the railwaymen in Seoul. The organization is said to have maintained close connections with similar organizations in Hobeon, Pusan, Hoinin and Funian. Anti-Japanese demonstrations are becoming more and more frequent.

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2,000 Spokane Workers Cheer Delegation in Its Start for Dec. 7th Fight

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

militant growth of the United Veterans' Employment League and was not known to the workers until the council exposed him. Many veterans were present and heard the reports. One stool-pigeon looked very desirous of knowing just where the council got the report!

An alternate to the hunger march, Gerard Carlin, young worker, was sentenced to 60 days for vagrancy. This was not known to the council until the day of the meeting. A resolution demanding his release was adopted. A good collection was given by the workers to the support of the march. Many young and women workers were present. Several joined the council. Portland will mobilize thousands for the National Demonstration on Dec. 7.

The hunger marchers from California left today en route to Salt Lake City through Carson City. They will then go on to Denver, Colorado, Lincoln, Omaha and Kansas City. They are expected to arrive in Kansas City Nov. 27. From there they will proceed with the Kansas delegation to St. Louis, arriving at that place on Nov. 28.

Mass demonstrations are being held all along the route.

The Daily Worker requests the hunger marchers who are already on the way to write in daily reports of their mass demonstrations and other events along the way.

Minneapolis March Nov. 20.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 15.—The Unemployed Council and the United Front Hunger March Committee have sent a letter to the Mayor and City Council demanding a special session of the City Council on Friday, Nov. 20, to hear the demands of the unemployed delegation for the relief of the 63,000 unemployed workers of Minneapolis. The letter also demands the withdrawal of all police from the line of march. The Hunger March will start with a demonstration at Bridge Square at 1 p. m., before proceeding to the City Hall.

With the city systematically cutting down on the \$1 per week allowances given to each unemployed worker for groceries, and discrimination shown in refusing relief to foreign-born, Negro and non-resident workers, thousands of workers are indignant at the refusal of the Farmer-Labor administration to feed the unemployed.

The City Hunger March will also be a demonstration for social insurance equal to full wages for the un-

employed, and will rally the workers of Minneapolis to support the National Hunger March to Washington, D. C. The National Hunger March delegation will receive a rousing send-off at a mass meeting and entertainment on Thursday evening, Nov. 26, at the Humboldt Hall, 1917 Glenwood Ave. North.

Eric City Council Dodges Unemployed

ERIE, Pa., Nov. 15.—At an unemployed demonstration held Friday morning in front of the City Hall, attended by 250 workers, a delegation of five was sent to the City Council to present demands for immediate winter relief and cash relief.

When the delegation reached the council chamber the council had "disappeared" for a "recess," somewhere and not returning as long as the delegation was in the City Hall.

It is clearly a case of running away from the unemployed. However, another mass demonstration will be held at the next council session and the unemployed will see to it that the "city fathers" are not going to duck the next time.

When the organized of the council, Leo Mittelmeier, who headed the delegation, in his report to the mass meeting, stated the Unemployed Council will carry on its mass activity and continue to demonstrate until the City Council is willing to give a hearing, the workers enthusiastically applauded.

Build Indiana Unemployed Council.

ANDERSON, Ind., Nov. 15.—The unemployed workers of Anderson are preparing to strike against the chain-gang labor imposed on them by the charity and city agencies. They will demand 40 cents an hour in cash instead of \$2.75 in grocery tickets now paid them for two days' work.

In preparations for the National Hunger March to Washington on Dec. 7 an unemployed branch of over 300 members has been established in this city, the home of the Delco-Remy (General Motors) Co.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Nov. 15.—Two thousand workers demonstrated in a mass protest against the attempt of the boss courts to railroad Robertson and Leach, leaders of the unemployed, who were arrested for helping put back the furniture of an evicted worker on Nov. 9. There are now 1,000 members in the six Terre Haute unemployed branches. The six unemployed branches have been built up in the course of the preparations for the National Hunger March.

National Textile Workers Union Calls for Stronger Union Organization

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

meetings immediately. Elect representatives. See that they attend. All attending, must send in notification immediately to the National Bureau. Instructions will be forwarded to all delegates, those who do not get instructions, report not later than 9 a. m. at the office, 775 Washington Street, Boston, Mass."

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All greetings and contributions will be acknowledged in the columns of the NEW LABOR UNITY.

WHEN WAR COMES

This is the fourth of a series of articles (compiled by the Social and Economic Department of the Red International of Labor Unions) which give in clear outline, the forecast of what war will bring, the conditions that will ensue and the historic developments that will mark the transformation of the capitalist war into civil war, developments in which every worker will find it necessary to act as an agent of that transformation. Let all understand, then, that the developments which are today but forecasts, will tomorrow be grim realities—which must be faced—Editor.

It will be absolutely impossible to foresee how it will all end and who will come out victorious—only one result is unmistakable—there will be general exhaustion and the creation of conditions that will bring about the final victory of the working class.

Such are the prospects in store for us if the system of mutual competition in armaments is carried to the extreme and yields its inevitable fruits. There, kings and statesmen, that is where you are leading old Europe with all your wisdom! And if you feel that there is nothing left but to start the last war dance—we have no objection. Let the war even throw us back perhaps for a decade. Let some of the positions we have won be taken from us. But if you release the forces which will later be beyond your control, then no matter how things may go, you will be overthrown at the end of the tragedy, and the victory of the proletariat will either be won or be still as inevitable.

Despite all the "plans" of the war economy, the preparation of reserves, etc. (rather as a result of these "plans" subordinated to serve capitalism during imperialist war), the pressure on the broad masses of the toilers will become absolutely intolerable soon after hostilities have commenced.

How "Civil Peace" Is Maintained

As each month goes by more efforts will be made to beat down wages, to use "civil peace," patriotic "enthusiasm" and "scares" that the mobilization and militarization of the enterprises are menaced to cut and keep on cutting the nominal wages of the basic masses of the workers. Simultaneously, there will be a steady and rapid rise of prices (an inevitable result of the

financings of wars) and consequently a corresponding fall in real wages.

An insufficiency of the first articles of necessity will soon make itself felt in the bulk of the countries and their illicite sale to the bourgeoisie at fabulous prices will be seen. For the working class, employees and the wide strata of the petty bourgeoisie the "planned" economy will soon become simply "organized starvation."

Simultaneously, rationalization and intensification of labor will be speeded up to an unheard of degree. The new impetus will start from that degree of intensification of labor which it would appear could not be intensified further, and at many enterprises the workers will utterly exhaust themselves literally during the space of a few years. All that will be left of the labor protective measures, as well as all limitations on working hours, etc., will be annulled and forgotten.

The Dispersed Front

Further, we must remember the influence the "dispersed front" (which had no place in the last war) will have, e.g., the constant risk and danger to which everyone will be exposed. The whole country will experience the tension and nervous strain of the front, will live in constant expectation of a sudden attack. One prominent American chemist has said that directly war is declared he will hasten to the front, as this will be the safest, the quietest place during the war of the future.

The latter part of this statement is hardly true, for monstrous engines of mass extermination will be set in motion at the front too; but it is true that there will be no great difference in this respect between the front lines and the rear. Indeed, the close and numerous connections between the rear and the front will rapidly tend to equalize the feelings and the general mood obtaining in the armies and among the workers "at home."

Despite the vigilant efforts of the military dictatorship, despite, too, the powerful influence of capitalist and reformist agitation and propaganda will exercise (which undoubtedly will again successfully convince a considerable section of the toilers at the beginning of the war that they are fighting for the "motherland"), all these factors will gradually, but steadily and irrevocably, undermine the "civil peace," unstable as it already is.

(To be continued)

"BUSINESS IS PICKING UP"

By BURCK



It's Too Bad

"My dear sir—Your attention is invited to the enclosed literature with the view of enlisting your sympathy and support in a campaign to secure national recognition of Christ the King, God the Father is the source of all authority in civil government; Jesus Christ His Son is the divinely appointed Ruler of Nations; submission to His Rule is the nation's duty and privilege, the only guarantee of national prosperity."

We knew that they would bring the "prosperity" in somewhere. You will perceive that we are quoting a letter. It is signed by W. J. Coleman on the letterhead of "Witness Committee, Reformed Presbyterian Church of North America."

Well, if these are the "reformed" guys, what are the hardshells like? All they want is a King, and the first step is to get the U. S. Constitution changed to "recognize" monarchy in the form of religion. Listen to their lament:

"It is a striking and lamentable fact, however we may account for it, that there is no recognition of God in the National Constitution."

Well, we don't care! But this sort of thing shows you that under capitalism you can expect to run across anything prehistoric, like a dinosaur trotting up Fifth Avenue.

What Can You Expect?

We were overjoyed to learn that the Young Communist League is very much ALL RIGHT—O—but that was, or is, in Minnesota!

There the Y. C. L. has a lot of fine farmer lads who after long days in the fields still find time for work in the League, says the Y. C. L. District Organizer, Have they time for study, too, Comrade? Don't forget that!

Yes, we're proud of Minnesota. And we are also proud of the many fine girls and boys right here in New York who have the makings of our future Party in their hands.

But we can't say that we were otherwise hurt to learn that a group of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights in this benighted city has removed a Y. C. L. member from the executive "for inactivity" and a mass organization of youth had to explain to the Y. C. L. that another League member conducted himself so stupidly sectarian and snobbish that it was forced to exclude him from its ranks.

When non-Party workers reluctantly take such steps it appears to us that the League itself might find time to translate self criticism from abstraction to action.

Night Hawk

In the N. Y. (Porno) Graphic there is a chap who is an engaging liar, writing under the name of "The Night Hawk," who is supposed to get into the gangs of the underworld, the smugglers and so on, and "expose them."

Actually, he gets no further than the Harlem speakeasies where, with the help of liquid imagination, he elaborates the material on gangland that can be found in any public library.

In the issue of Nov. 11 he tells a tale that should give the fascist dictator of Cuba the jimmes. He says there are 40,000 "Red Russians" in Cuba, all "waiting for the opportunity to be smuggled into the U. S. A."

Firstly, we will bet, well . . . anything, that there are not 40,000 people of Russian birth in Cuba, let alone "Red Russians." And the fake of the story is evident when we consider that the Night Hawk talks like it was the easiest thing in the world to get smuggled into the U. S. if you have the kale, and he says they have it in wagonloads—yet there they stick, those 40,000 "waiting."

They certainly must be desperate characters if they want to get into this starvation ridden land! So the Night Hawk says—"Fiery youngsters and girls feverish with thoughts of the Third International." We never saw a girl get a Second International fever, so it may be true, but it sounds funny.

And then: "You can see them"—the whole 40,000, no doubt—"afterward" bargaining the crowds in Union Square, New York!

Did you ever see a worse liar get paid for such rubbish! O'd man McFadden must be short of sense and long on dollars to hire such pinheads.

Incidentally, the World-Telegram, which writes such heart-rending editorials against bosses laying off workers, has not long ago fired nearly all the old workers it took over from the "World." So, being a snake is no guarantee of a job these days.

About these "Red Russians" though. We have been telling you that Doak would spring deportation charges against the American born. And now the Doak has charged Bill Dunne with being a "foreigner"! He was around a strike, and that is enough to make anybody a foreigner. So if you are an American, you better be able to prove it or pick out a country to be deported to that has a climate that agree with you.

China by Japanese imperialism!

Withdrawal of all Japanese troops from Manchuria, and the whole of China!

Abolition of all unequal treaties!

No recognition of the imperialist loans to the Kuomintang government!

Away with the imperialist forces from China! Confiscation of all property of the imperialists in China!

Defense of the Soviet Union against the imperialist attacks!

Fight against the attack of the imperialists and the Kuomintang on the Chinese Soviet districts and the Red Army!

Fight against the second imperialist world war!

Confiscation of the land of the big landowners; introduction of the 8-hour day; shattering of all Kuomintang groupings, the lackeys of the imperialist robber states!

Long live the Chinese Soviet revolution!

The Central Workers and Peasants Revolutionary Committee of the Chinese Soviet Republic.

September 20, 1931.

In the Soviet Union wage increase and the universal introduction of the seven-hour day.

In capitalist America wage cuts and the slave stagger plan.

Appeal of the Central Chinese Soviet Government Against the Robber Campaign of Japan Imperialism

The Japanese imperialist troops stationed in Manchuria, during the night of September 18th, occupied Mukden, Chang-chun, Yungkow, and the towns on the Southern Manchurian and Mukden-Antung railway line. They bombarded the arsenal, the north quarter, the houses in Mukden, the public buildings of the occupied towns and the most important strategic points; they disarmed the Chinese troops, and killed and wounded hundreds of the Chinese population and soldiers. The Japanese troops are continuing their advance on the province of Kirin, on the districts through which the Kirin-Chang-chun, and Peking-Mukden railway lines pass, and have already occupied the towns of Kirin, Jaldj and Chen-Ming. Japanese marines landed on the coast of Tsingtau, Yingtai, Tientsien, Chinwangtao and Fulutau. The Chinese North Eastern fleet was surrounded by Japanese warships. Chinese gun-boats at the mouth of the Ya-Lu-Kiang river have been destroyed by the gun fire of the Japanese fleet. Japanese troops have arrived from Korea and troops are being mobilized in Japan itself. The present goal of the Japanese advance is Northern Manchuria, Eastern Mongolia and the provinces of Chihli and Szuantung.

This aggressive action of the Japanese imperialist troops was long planned and prepared by the Japanese government. The Chinese Soviet government previously repeatedly declared that the imperialist robber states would never abandon their endeavors finally to colonize China and divide it among themselves, until the working masses drove the imperialist robbers out of the country and shattered the Kuomintang government of the Chinese bourgeoisie and landowners, who capitulate to the imperialists. The present measures of occupation and oppression on the part of the Japanese government are the continuation of its aggressive imperialist policy towards China which commenced already with the Sino-Japanese and the Japan-Russian wars, with the dictated treaty containing the notorious 21 points, and with the Tsinan blood bath. The precursors of the present occupation of Manchuria by Japan of the present occupation of Manchuria and the future attack on Inner Mongolia and North China, were the pogroms in Wan Bau Schan and the massacres in Korea in general, the bloody events in Tsingtau and the affair of Captain Nakamura. The "counter-measures" of the treacherous Kuomintang government consist in concealing from the masses the enormous importance of these events, keeping the masses calm and peaceful, and thus patiently to await the complete enslavement of the Chinese people by imperialism.

The intentions of the Japanese imperialists are perfectly obvious. With the occupation of Manchuria they aim at consolidating their rule in Manchuria and Mongolia, bringing the Chinese people still more under the yoke of their exploitation and oppression, in order to increase their own profits and thereby overcome the economic crisis in their own country, and beyond this to prepare the imperialist war for hegemony in the Far East and the war against the Soviet Union. The present events are a warning signal for the world proletariat; they are the harbinger of a second world war, of a war against the Soviet Union! As a result of recent events the oppressed and exploited masses of China are more and more coming to realize that the fight against the robber campaigns of the imperialists against China is inseparably connected with the fight against imperialist war, with the defense of the Soviet Union.

That the action of the Japanese imperialists has assumed such an open and unrestrained form is solely because the reactionary Kuomintang government, ever since its existence, has continually groveled in the most shameful manner before world imperialism; because, as for instance in the negotiations on the occasion of the various body attacks of the imperialists in Nanking, Hankow, Tsinan and more recently in Wan Bau Schan, it has sold the interests of the Chinese people. The Nanking government has always endeavored to suppress the revolutionary mass movement against Japanese imperialism. Thus the occupation of Manchuria can take place with the toleration of Nanking govern-

ment; in fact it is a result of its treasonable foreign policy!

The Chinese Soviet Government declares before all the oppressed and exploited masses of China:

Just as it did on the occasion of the bloody attack of the Japanese troops in Tsinan, so also this time the Kuomintang government is betraying the interests of the people of Manchuria, Mongolia and North China to the Japanese imperialists and leading the whole of China further on the way of colonization.

Oppressed masses of China! Do not place your hopes in the Kuomintang government taking any steps against the Japanese imperialists! They wish to force the revolutionary masses to their knees before imperialism! They will go begging to the robbers for peace; they will order their own troops to allow themselves to be peacefully disarmed by the Japanese troops, in order thereby to prove to the Japanese government their shameful capitulation!

Do not cherish any illusions that the various military cliques of the Kuomintang will conclude peace among themselves and unite against the Japanese attack! They will seek to outdo one another in their betrayal of the interests of the people, and thus smooth the way for Japanese imperialism.

Do not give any credence to the lying phrases of a "cooperation of all classes for the common fight against the outer enemy." The capitalists have already made use of this opportunity in order to put forward their slogan of "increased output of the workers."

Do not have any confidence in the League of Nations or the Kellogg Pact preventing the acts of robbery of Japanese imperialism! These are the institutions of the imperialist robbers themselves!

Only the oppressed Chinese people themselves can, in the common fight together with all exploited classes and peoples of the world, overthrow the rule of world imperialism and bring their robber-plans to naught!

The exploited masses of China must recognize: Whilst the various military cliques of the Kuomintang, the bourgeoisie and the landowners, together with the imperialist Powers, are forging their plans how best to exploit and oppress the Chinese masses, and are themselves prepared to sacrifice the interests of national independence to the imperialists (the occupation of Manchuria is an example of this), the Chinese Soviet government which is leading the masses for the carrying out of the agrarian revolution and for the anti-imperialist fight, is striving with all its forces for national emancipation, for the overthrow of the rule of all imperialists in China!

In the Soviet districts the positions of power and the privileges of all the imperialists have been consistently and ruthlessly abolished. The fight of the broadest masses against imperialism is promoted and protected by the Soviets.

Already for a year the Kuomintang troops, accompanied by the aircraft and gunboats of the imperialists, have been conducting a campaign against the Soviets, against the revolutionary workers and peasants and their red army. They wish to smash to pieces the only anti-imperialist Power, the Soviet government. Therefore, the reactionary Kuomintang government, immediately after the Japanese occupation of Manchuria, declared: "The Red Bands must be exterminated root and branch." They realize that without the "extermination of the Reds" the broad mass fight against Japanese imperialism cannot be crushed, and as a result Japanese imperialism cannot be appeased.

But the broad masses of the workers and peasants and all the oppressed and exploited sections of the population have in these years, in the midst of the agrarian revolution and of the anti-imperialist fight, demonstrated their inflexible determination and their unvanquishable power. The Soviet Power of the workers, peasants and poor population has been set up in districts in the provinces of Hunan, Hupei, Honan, Kiangsi, Fukien, Kwantung, Anhwei, etc. The continual victories of the Red workers and peasants army and the defeat and demoralization of the Kuomintang troops evoke a real panic

mood in the Nanking government. All this is a first step on the way to the final victory over imperialism and the rule of the Kuomintang. The robber-attack of the Japanese imperialists can only increase the indignation of the revolutionary masses and extend the anti-imperialist fight. No pacification maneuvers and measures of suppression by the Kuomintang can in any way alter this. The dockworkers on the quays in Shanghai where the Japanese ships are berthed, protest by a strike; the Chinese students leave the Japanese Tung-Wen-school; the defense detachment of the Mukden mine-thrower factory has fallen in the fight against the Japanese occupation troops.

The Soviet government expresses its revolutionary sorrow and sympathy for these victims of the mass fight against Japanese imperialism. It believes that the development of this fight will stir up the broadest masses of the oppressed and exploited. The workers will link up the fight against Japanese imperialism with the fight for the overthrow of the Kuomintang rule, for the setting up of the Soviet power; they will rally round the fighting banner of the Soviet government.

The Japanese imperialists must be called upon immediately to withdraw their troops from Manchuria, and the whole of the Japanese military sea, land, and air forces from China, to give back without compensation the Southern Manchurian railway, and the Japanese concessions in Port Arthur and Dairen. All the privileges of the Japanese imperialists, all unequal treaties which the counter-revolutionary Chinese governments have concluded with them, must be annulled.

Only thus can the basis of the Japanese imperialist attack on China be completely destroyed.

The Chinese Soviet Government, supported by the whole of the oppressed and exploited population of China, will not recognize any treacherous treaties and secret agreements concluded by the Kuomintang government with the Japanese imperialists as a result of the occupation of Manchuria.

The Chinese Soviet Government further points out that it is necessary that the working population of China, in this fight against the Kuomintang rule, against all treacherous and capitulatory views, and groupings, against all imperialists, unite with all classes oppressed, and exploited by world imperialism, with the colonial and semi-colonial peoples, and especially with the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union and Japan.

In the Soviet districts of China, the broadest revolutionary working, and peasant masses, led by the Chinese Soviet Government, stand in the midst of the fight against the Kuomintang militarists who are supported and led by the imperialists. This fight is at the same time an anti-imperialist fight for the emancipation of the people. The brutal action of Japanese imperialism in Manchuria is also directed against the advancing Soviet Revolution in China, and also aims at setting up and consolidating the direct rule of Japan in North China for the purpose of fighting against the Chinese revolution!

Workers and peasants of oppressed China! Will you allow yourselves, under the rule of the Kuomintang, to be enslaved by Japanese imperialism? Or will you, under the leadership of the Soviet Power, take up the irreconcilable fight against Japanese imperialism?

The increased revolutionary fights, just as the barbarous rule of the imperialists and the Kuomintang, are forcing you on to the path of the Soviet revolution. Unite for the common fight in the territories of the Kuomintang rule! Workers, down tools! Peasants, revolt! Students, school children, strike! Small shopkeepers, close your shops! Soldiers, mutiny! Wage a common fight against imperialism, for the overthrow of the Kuomintang reaction, the lackeys of imperialism! Take part in the revolutionary civil war! Extend the front of the fight for emancipation!

Thus the Soviet revolution becomes the only force for putting an end to the acts of violence of Japanese imperialism, for finally crushing the position of power of imperialism in China! Away with the forceful occupation of Man-

ORGANIZE TO CONTINUE THE STRUGGLE!

STATEMENT OF THE UNITED FRONT RANK AND FILE STRIKE COMMITTEE, LAWRENCE, MASS.

The splendid general strike of the Lawrence textile workers, which started on October 5, was broken on November 11, 1931 in the Arlington and American Woolen Co. mills by the United Textile Workers Union.

The Lawrence strike was not only a struggle against a 10 per cent wage cut, it was a blow struck against the whole national wage cutting offensive of the employers. The full forces of the Lawrence workers must now be mobilized for the support of the workers of the Pacific mills who still remain out on strike.

The U.T.W. which handed out a 35 to 40 per cent wage cut to the Philadelphia hosiery workers and is now supporting the 10 per cent wage cut in New Bedford, was called to Lawrence by its employers to put over the wage cut here. They never officially recognized or endorsed our strike. The employers needed the strike-breaking services of the U.T.W. because last February the workers won a partial victory through the strike led by the National Textile Workers Union.

The employers mobilized the united forces of the government, church leaders like Rev. MacDonald, Milani, Fowler, the press and the U. T. W. and American Union leaders for their strike-breaking moves. On the day that the U. T. W. leaders were called into Lawrence, the federal government threw into Jail Edith Berkman, and W. T. Murdoch, the two N.T.W.U. leaders who helped to win the strike last February. The local government turned over the City Common to the U.T.W. misleaders and suppressed free speech on the Common for the Rank and File Strike Committee and the N.T.W.U. The wholesale arrest of strikers, the clubbing and trampling of men and women on the picket lines by the mounted police of Peter Carr, were the chief results of the secret conspiracy against the strikers hatched in the conferences of Gov. Ely, the U.T.W. leaders and the Citizens' Committee.

The U.T.W. made the first big break in the strike in the Arlington mill where they had control of the situation. They carried through their betrayal at a time when our strike was being successfully spread to other woolen and worsted mills in Maynard, Webster, Woonsocket, etc. After they created the first big break the U.T.W. told the strikers to "scab" if in your judgement you think it best." They then proceeded to call meetings of the various crafts and language groups to take back to work votes. This was their method of breaking the strike after the Rank and File Strike Committee and the N.T.W.U. had defeated their arbitration schemes and their attempt to put thru a general fake vote together with the Citizens' Committee. When the employers decided that the time was ripe because of increased hunger to stampede the workers back to the American Woolen Co. mills on Tuesday Nov. 10, the U.T.W. put its final touch on the sell-out by refusing to speak to 8,000 strikers on the City Common and tell them to continue the strike. The officials of the American Union Inc. worked hand in hand with the U.T.W. officials in putting over this sell-out.

These reactionary unions covered up their strike-breaking moves with the radical speeches of the socialists (Muste, "Red Mike" Shulman, Alfred Esker Lewis, etc.). These little brothers of the big labor fathers quit the strike in the last two days in order to leave the ground clear for the final sell-out steps by the U.T.W.

The National Textile Workers Union came forward with the only fighting program for winning the strike from the beginning. It stood for the united action of all the strikers, organized and unorganized, regardless of union affiliation, under the central leadership of a United Front Rank and File Strike Committee. The National Textile Workers Union was the only union which honestly fought for victory in our strike and could not be bought or intimidated. Because it

was unable to sufficiently mobilize the masses to put its correct policies into effect the Rank and File Strike Committee and the N.T.W.U. were unable to decisively expose and defeat the U.T. W. sell-out.

While the U. T. W. was actively engaged in selling out the strike the Rank and File Strike Committee made its final attempt to consolidate the strike. It sent delegations to the meetings of the U.T.W. and American Union Inc., on Tuesday night and presented its program for consolidating the strike and picketing the Wood Mill on Wednesday morning, Nov. 11. The rank and file of these unions showed their sympathy with the proposals, but the officials frustrated this attempt to consolidate the strike. The failure of the picket line on Wednesday morning and the continuation of the back to work stream into the A.W.C. mills made it clear that the employers and their U.T.W. agents had broken the back of our general strike. On this basis we recommend to the remaining strikers of the Arlington and A.W.C. mills that they adopt an organized retreat back to the mills.

A drive against all attempts to discriminate against strikers must now be carried through. The workers in the mills must unite with those still out to demand no discrimination against any worker on account of his strike activity. Committees of workers, of those in the mill and those still out, must be formed to go to the boss and demand that every striker be taken back to his job.

Organization is necessary to continue the struggle for the return of the 10 per cent wage cut. The fact that the workers came out on strike unorganized was a fatal weakness in our strike. The employers will also be encouraged to put over new wage cuts. It is significant that on the very day that our strike is sold out the announcement of a 10 per cent wage cut is posted in the New Bedford mills. The drive against these cuts will be organized by the N.T.W.U. Take out the fighting membership card of the National Textile Workers Union. Build an N. T.W.U. local in every mill. The N.T.W.U. is in Lawrence to stay and will always keep a sufficient force of organizers here.

Unite the workers in the mill to fight for the return of the 10 per cent wage cut, against coming wage cuts, against all department grievances and discriminations by establishing a United Front Mill Committee. This committee consists of delegates from all departments representing all the workers, organized and unorganized, regardless of union affiliation.

The Rank and File Strike Committee calls upon the workers of New England to continue their support of relief and defense for the Lawrence strikers. The relief work will be kept open to feed as many needy strikers' families as possible. We insist on our demand for unemployment insurance and immediate winter relief. We demand that the school children be provided free warm food and necessary clothing. We demand free gas, light and fuel for the unemployed workers. These demands to be granted by the government at the expense of the rich. We must develop a mass campaign for the defense of all strike prisoners. Free Berkman, Murdoch, Donigian and the others arrested in the strike!

The Lawrence workers have received a temporary setback. They are not defeated. They are going back to the mills organized to continue the struggle against the greed and exploitation of the mill owners. With united ranks we go forward to fresh battles and real victories!

—United Front Rank and File Strike Committee, 234 Essex Street, Lawrence, Mass.

Adopted on Nov. 11th, 1931.