

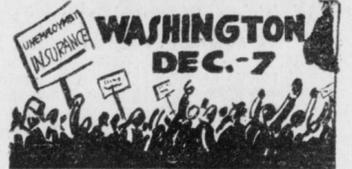
CELEBRATE 14th YEAR WORKERS RULE, NOV. 7 AT BRONX COLISEUM

WORKERS
OF THE WORLD,
UNITE!

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)



VOL. VIII, No. 265

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1931

CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents

U. S. RUSHES 'OBSERVER' TO DIRECT ANTI-SOVIET MOVES IN CHINA

Why Do the Bosses Want to Run the Communists Out of Lawrence?

LAWRENCE workers, you have come out on strike against wage cuts, it is for you to decide what the mill owners' newspapers are aiming at in calling for the Communists to be run out of Lawrence.

Isn't it funny, that all the big shots of the U.T.W. are welcome, welcomed by Governor Ely, welcomed by the mill owners, welcomed by the mill owners' papers, but the Communists are to be run out?

What does this mean, anyway? Did Governor Ely get excited about the wage cut? No! He only got worried when you struck against the wage cut!

Then, what did the A. F. of L. come into Lawrence for, when its convention, at Vancouver, B. C., denounced strikes as "barbarous"? Did the A. F. of L. then send its organizers into Lawrence to LEAD "barbarism" to success? Of course not! They were sent to MISLEAD and BETRAY your strike. That's why THEY are welcome.

Can you doubt it, when these very same "organizers" in the Full-Fashioned Hosiery Workers' strike in Allentown, Reading, Philadelphia, actually forced a wage cut of nearly fifty per cent that even the bosses had not demanded!

Here you are, workers striking in defense of your simple right to live, for a piece of bread. Does the law, any law, suppose to PROTECT your right to strike and to picket, work? THEY DO NOT!

Instead of that, the very people, the capitalist mill owners, their servants in public office—the very ones supposed to UPHOLD the law, are breaking the law to "run out the Communists."

THEY made the laws. The law, the capitalist law, SAYS you have the right to strike, to picket, to organize. But when you really DO STRIKE, DO PICKET, and DO ORGANIZE—and when you refuse to be BETRAYED, then the capitalists violate their own law to break your strike, to drive you back to work at starvation wages!

Workers, you have the DECIDING voice! And you will NOT give up your right to strike, to picket and to organize! You will defend your leaders and yourselves against the mill owners' murderers—for ONLY by militant mass action, on the picket line and in defense of your rights, can you save yourselves from complete slavery to the mill owners!

Unite in defense against all enemies! Defend your leaders against assassins of the bosses!

Demand An Accounting from Green and Woll!

MATTHEW WOLL and William Green, vice-president and president, respectively, of the American Federation of Labor, are against workers unemployment insurance, the National Hunger March, and support the war drive against the Soviet Union.

Their New York "labor" bank failed Friday.

When the now defunct Federation Bank was launched, headed by President Green and Vice-President Matthew Woll, the late and unlamented Peter Brady, Sullivan of the New York State Federation of Labor, and a choice collection of lesser labor racketeers, the Wall Street press gave it a great send-off.

"It marked a new era in the relations of capital," etc., etc., ad nauseam.

Last Friday the Federation Bank failed for \$13,000,000. The Wall Street press chronicled this sad fact in discreetly modest news items the day following—and has remained silent on the matter since.

Thousands of workers have been robbed outright by this gang of crooks. Savings have been lost and union treasuries emptied. The close union of the Federation Bank officials with Wall Street, the National Civic Federation and the government could not prevent the crash—even though the bank was organized to fool and plunder workers and to help create illusions that would make workers easier prey on the job for the big capitalists.

Matthew Woll's daily denunciations of the Communists and the Soviet Union and his open attempts to incite boycotts and war against the Soviet Union did not prompt his masters to save his bank—even though they run the risk of opening the eyes of new thousands of workers to the true character of these bosses' agents. Now they are covering up their contemptible thievery from workers as best they can.

Workers of the A. F. of L.: Demand an accounting from the fakers who lost your money. Raise the question of these "labor" bank failures in every local union.

Expose, and throw out of the labor movement, these fat vultures who prevent your fighting against wage cuts, who fight against unemployment insurance and who are helping Hoover-Wall Street government prepare a new imperialist war—war against the Soviet Union which they will demand that YOU fight and support!

Support the National Hunger March!

Nov. 7th Celebration to Greet Achievements of Soviet Union

Workers to Demonstrate for Defense of the Workers' Republic, and Against Starvation in the United States

NEW YORK.—While tens of thousands of unemployed and employed workers are preparing for the local and Washington hunger marches in the fight against mass hunger and death forced by the bosses government of capitalist United States upon millions of workers, the workers throughout the world are preparing to celebrate this November 7, the 14th Anniversary of the working class government in the Soviet Union, the only country that abolished unemployment. Negro and white workers will demonstrate their determination to struggle with all their power against the imminent imperialist attack on the workers' fatherland, and to fight the mass hunger regime of the capitalist exploiters.

The mass celebration called by the Communist Party of New York for November 7th at the Bronx Coliseum, will also be a demonstration of the solidarity of the workers of all countries against the imperialist oppressors. One of the features of the Coliseum celebration, besides the speech of comrade Browder and the special

Lawrence Strikers Keep Up Mass Picketing

WAR THREAT IS CAUSE OF WHEAT RISE

Speculators Buy In Cooperation With the U. S. Farm Board

Crisis Is Deepened

Bankers Will Gain From Increases

The capitalist press admits now that the buying of wheat, which is greatly in preparation for the attack on the Soviet Union, is being done under the leadership of Arthur W. Cutten, one of the leading wheat speculators in the country. The New York Times reprints "rumors" that this buying is being done for the Federal Farm Board—in other words for the United States government. The Times reports that "Mr. Cutten is reported to have the encouragement of the Federal Farm Board which holds close to 200,000,000 bushels of grain acquired in the course of its price stabilization program."

Chairman Stone of the Federal Farm Board denied that the buying of wheat had been based "on any sort of understanding between the private operators and the Farm Board" but admitted that the speculators were directly responsible for the increase in prices. Despite the evasive denials of Stone it can be stated that the operators bought because they knew that the price of wheat was going to increase.

The capitalist press tries to "explain" that the rise in the price of wheat is due to a turn in the economic crisis. No such turn has taken place nor is there any sign of any turn from the steady worsening

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Order Hunger March Leaflets At Once!

The National Hunger March leaflets are just off the press. The leaflets are ready for shipment at the rate of 1,000 leaflets for \$1.10, postage collect. Because of the limited number of leaflets printed all orders must be sent immediately accompanied by money orders. These money orders should be made payable to A. W. Mills, 2 W. 15th Street, Room 414, New York City. If you want leaflets, act at once.

Call Nation-Wide Drive Against Hoover-Laval Secret War Pacts

The first steps have been taken to develop a gigantic nation-wide campaign against the Hoover-Laval secret pacts and the imperialist war drive against the Soviet Union, the Central Committee of the Communist Party announced today.

Hundreds of thousands of anti-war leaflets will be issued. Mass meetings throughout the country are being organized for Nov. 21 under the auspices of the Party, the Young Communist League and the Trade Union Unity League. Resolutions against the Hoover-Laval pacts and imperialist war will be introduced in all unions and other working class organizations. These resolutions will call for the setting up of Joint Anti-War Committees.

Wage cuts, hunger and starvation, the growing suppression of strikes and workers' organizations, the drive against the legal rights of the masses—all burning issues before the workers, and all part of the imperialist war preparations, will be brought forward in the anti-war campaign.

A special Anti-War issue of the Daily Worker is to be published for November 11 and a pamphlet on the war danger by Earl Browder will be issued at once.

Wages, Tonnage Increase on Railroads in U.S.S.R.

Communist Party Throws Forces Into Making Transportation System Meet Industry's Needs

(Cable by Inprecorr)

MOSCOW, Nov. 3.—With coal, metal and many other industries nearing the fulfillment of their quota of daily production program, the railroad workers under the leadership of the Communist Party are making heroic efforts to bring transport into line with the growing demands.

Shipments of construction materials for new factories and cities growing up all over the country, whose territory is twice the extent of the United States, are continually increasing; shipments of coal for cities, the fall harvest and goods to meet the rising standards of the city workers are also increasing. The railroad program calls for the movement of 66,000 freight cars daily. In proportion to equipment, this is a far heavier traffic program than that of America.

Freight Traffic Grows

The Soviet freight traffic has expanded in the first two years of the Five-Year Plan from 156,000,000 tons to 238,000,000, as compared with 132,000,000 in 1913, making an eighty per cent growth above the pre-war level.

The volume of the freight traffic has taken second place in the world. Nevertheless, the fact that the original quota for industry and collective farms in the Five-Year Plan which has been more than fulfilled, has created heavy demands on the transport system for which they have not been fully prepared to expand at the new tempo required.

In June of this year, the Central Committee recognizing the vital part

Hoover Program for "Business Recovery" Aids Billionaire Banker-Bosses, Robs Hungry Millions

and unemployed by more? How can the entire working class, who are getting their wages cut, buy more? How can the mass of the working population, who have had their income reduced to half, buy more? The Hoover program is nothing but hypocrisy intended to cover up the depth of the crisis.

Who has the Money?

Who is hoarding money? Is it the 12,000,000 of unemployed? Is it the workers who have had their wages cut? The starving masses of unemployed and employed workers have already exhausted their last pennies. The capitalists, the bankers, the rich are hoarding money which they have robbed through the toil of the masses. The Hoover government is against even taxing these rich to relieve the suffering of the unemployed; they try to cover up this hoarding on the part of the rich, they try to sidetrack taxing the rich by calling upon the penniless, starving masses to stop hoarding money.

"Faith, Hope and Charity!"

The Hoover government calls for more faith in the banking institutions of the country. The bosses have no faith in their own banking institutions, because they know from the inside what the situation is; they know that if the real truth were published the largest banks would be shown to be bankrupt, only the keeping of the fictitious value on bonds and securities, only through trickery

POWERS PUSH DIVISION OF CHINA BY WAR

Canton and Nanking Help the Robbers Cut Up Country

FIGHT FOR SPOILS

Japan Is In Permanent Occupation of Manchuria

Translating into definite action the secret agreement with Japan for the division of China and war against the Soviet Union, the American imperialists have rushed an "overseer" from Harbin to Tsitsihar, near the Chinese Eastern Railway. The main function of this "observer" is to feed the myth of Soviet military movements in North Manchuria. This myth was created in an effort to justify the steady advance of Japanese troops towards the Soviet frontier and to prepare the way for the general attack on the Workers' Socialist Republic. The "overseer" is no less than the American consul general at Harbin, George C. Hanson. Secretary

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

SHOE WORKERS TO HOLD MASS MEET To Take Up Drive in the Shops

NEW YORK.—The Shoe and Leather Workers Industrial Union calls on all slipper workers to come to the mass meeting of slipper workers to be held in Manhattan Lyceum, 64 E. 4th St., on Thursday, November 5, at 7 p.m.

The purpose of this mass meeting is to solidify the gains of the union in its organization drive in the slipper trade and to mobilize the workers for further activity.

The mass meeting will lay the basis for a much broader organization campaign in the slipper trade by recruiting new forces into the union.

Partial Election Returns

As we go to press the first election returns are coming in. In the borough of Manhattan Levy, Democratic candidate for Boro President, received 217,948 votes in 800 out of the 925 election districts. Carrington, the Republican candidate, has 56,604 to his credit, and Norman Thomas, the "Socialist", 40,414. The Communist votes are not given. In Brooklyn all the Democratic candidates were elected. The elections in other cities are following the same line—a defeat for Hoover and a sweep for Democrats.

Strike Spreads; Police Chief Hints Lynching

LAWRENCE, Mass., Nov. 3.—The picket lines were excellent this morning, with nearly as many as yesterday, although the custom has been for heavy picketing only on Monday. Watt and Sylvia of the U.T.W. arrived at the Arlington Mill, where two hundred pickets were singing National Textile Union songs. They placed themselves at the head of the line and O'Brien and the police called Martha Stone, United Front Rank and File Strike Committee picket captain, out of the line and told her: "This line is going to be led by the A. F. of L. and you take your gang and get out or you will be arrested."

Stone placed herself in the center of the line and continued picketing, whereupon the cops yanked her into the car and took her to the station, where she was quizzed extensively by Chase of the Immigration Department and McDonald, head of the vice squad, and others, and then charged with vagrancy. Her case is to be continued to Nov. 12 and she is now released on \$200 bail.

O'Brien told Stone, "You and Bledenkapp, Cantor and Pizer get out of town right away or I will not be responsible for what happens."

This morning at 8 o'clock the Arlington Mill Co. called the superintendent

Communist Nominee for Mayor Fights for the Strikers

LAWRENCE, Mass., Nov. 2.—At the end of Monday's city council session, a former Mayor, William White, who is running now for mayor again, proposed in the course of a campaign speech for himself, that the "citizens committee," the A. F. of L. leaders, the bosses and the city council go to the armory, "look the doors and settle the strike."

Peter Carr, police commissioner, alderman and member of the citizens committee, informed the council that "a program which the strikers can not refuse has been decided upon, and will lead to a settlement. This makes it impossible for us to consider White's proposal." Carr said that he could not divulge any more about it. It is now clear that he referred to the proposal worked out by Ely and A. F. of L. leaders for the strikers to go back with that cut.

White had urged the council to "take a stand in the strike." The Communist candidate for mayor rose from the audience and spoke: "You heard this plea that you do something. I believe that you have already done something. You have taken sides with the mills against the men. You have denied the right of the workers to meet..."

That was as far as Bramhall could get. They forced him to his seat.

Bramhall has applied for a permit to hold street corner campaign meetings. The city solicitor ruled that the law does not now specify who can give a permit, and he told Bramhall to apply to the police. That means no permit.

tendent of all the loom fixers who are skilled labor and section hands who are straw bosses into the mill for a meeting, and proposed that they work up the Australian ballot of all Arlington strikers on the question of returning to work and meanwhile come back themselves. The loom fixers and section hands unambiguously rejected the proposition.

For days the company agents have been agitating among the workers of the Stevens Mills of Stevens and Sons in North Andover, a suburb of Lawrence, to take a vote on coming back to work with the wage-cut. Last night, at a call of the mill management, 150 did meet and listened to arguments of the company agent, that, despite the cut, a minimum wage of \$18 weekly for men and a sliding scale for the low paid women workers would be installed. The resentment of the strikers present was so great that no vote on the proposition was attempted. The company is trying to call another meeting to

Relief for Lawrence Mill Strikers Is Progressing

Call Relief Meeting

Haverhill Workers Aid Strike

LAWRENCE, Mass., Nov. 1.—Collection activities by the relief committee of 30 of the United Front Rank File Strike Committee and the Workers International Relief already show that the united front in relief is finding response. Members of locals of the United Textile Workers are endorsing the policy that relief should be given to all needy Lawrence strikers and their families, and are opposed to the policy that relief shall only be given to members who belong to the United Textile Workers or the American Textile Workers.

Sunday the leading Italian Co-Operative in Lawrence, by an overwhelming vote, endorsed the united front policy of relief. Three hundred stockholders attended the meeting, almost all of them being textile strikers. John Ballam addressed the meeting for the United Front Rank and File Strike Committee.

To Hold Relief Conference.

M. E. Taft has been placed in charge of collections throughout the New England states, with headquarters in Lawrence. He is field representative for the Workers International Relief in Lawrence.

A united front relief conference will be called in Lawrence, to which workers' language organizations will be invited and all mill committees, department committees, representation from the rank and file of the U. T. W., the American Union and delegates from the National Textile Workers Union.

Collection committee of textile strikers are to be sent to New England cities. Local W. I. R. conferences will be called in as many cities as possible. Plans are being made to send a caravan of autos loaded with strikers, their wives, sons and daughters, for a tour of New England.

Relief Work Spreads.

Relief contributions are increasing. The Cape Cod Agricultural Workers Union are forwarding vegetables. Boston workers are collecting food and shipping it to Lawrence almost daily. Boston held a house to house collection. Lynn, Chelsea, Fitchburg, Gardner and Roxbury are active in collections. Two hundred pounds of meat will come forward from Boston Tuesday. It was decided Monday that the National Textile Workers secretaries and the W.I.R. shall undertake shop collections at all textile mills outside of New England.

Alfred Wagenknecht of the National office of the W. I. R. has been in Lawrence three days, helping the collection campaign and organizing distribution.

Haverhill Workers Aid Strike.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Nov. 1.—The workers of two Italian clubs here, the "Liberty" and the "Garibaldi", gave a fine response to a relief collector, for the Lawrence strikers. They did not know of the relief committee, but they were all for the National Textile Workers Union. They raised \$18. This is typical of the spirit of the workers in other Massachusetts towns and shows real solidarity with the strikers.

Give your answer to Hoover's program of hunger, wage cuts and persecution!

day. One thousand are on strike in the Stevens Mill.

Strike Spreads.

The whole printing department of 70 workers struck yesterday in the Slater Co. mill at Webster, Mass., against the declaration of the management that the printers' A. F. of L. union was no longer recognized and that a general wage-cut for all the 500 workers in the mill was going into effect. There is much strike sentiment among the rest of the workers in the mill, which is mostly unorganized.

5,000 Workers Elect Delegates To the National Hunger March

Pledge Fight on Starvation; to Demonstrate Today for Relief; Mass Hearing Nov. 5

Five thousand workers assembled yesterday afternoon at Union Square at the call of the Unemployed Council.

After listening to the speakers from the council, the workers accepted with great enthusiasm the plans for the National Hunger March to Congress.

They selected 20 delegates to the City Labor Conference which will be held on the 22nd of November for the final preparations of the Hunger March. A good proportion of the delegates are Negro workers.

Resolutions protesting against discrimination against Negro workers, foreign born workers and young workers and for relief were passed unanimously.

The splendid spirit of the workers found expression in their readiness to support the activities for the National Hunger March. Although all of them have been unemployed for a long time, they contributed to the fund for the Hunger March. Thirty dollars was collected at the demonstration for the hunger march. The 2nd demonstration was held at Rutgers Sq. at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. 10 delegates were elected to the Labor Conference for the 22nd of November.

The workers boomed the Socialist sign at the "Forward" building opposite the square. They expressed determination to carry on the fight for immediate winter relief and for unemployment insurance.

A third demonstration was held at 5 p.m. in the afternoon at Jefferson and Monroe streets in the heart of the Negro section of the lower East Side. The street was packed with workers. Many women were leaning out of the windows. About 50 work-

BOSSES' THUGS BEAT UP MANY RED WATCHERS

Capitalists Fear the Growing Revolt of Workers

The following instances of gangsterism with the aid of the Tammany police, in addition to the open fraud that is being perpetrated by the boss politicians, are evidence of the growing fear of the bosses of this city that the workers are supporting the Communist Party more and more:

At 1723 Madison Avenue, Matthew, Candidate of the Party and a watcher at the election place, was beaten up by cops and gangsters and thrown out.

Hammie Snipe, a Negro comrade, sent as watcher, was ejected from the same place by the Tammany gangsters inside the polling place with the remark that they wanted "no niggers" there. A delegation of workers went down and wrongly compromised upon a white comrade acting as watcher. As soon as this was discovered by the section committee, another delegation went back with Comrade Snipe. Snipe went in and functioned and the gangsters and the cops had to keep their hands off.

At 114 West 137th St., Campbell, a Negro Communist watcher, remarked that each voter was told by the boss politicians to vote Republican or Democrat. Campbell protested and was thrown out by the cops and the gangsters. A delegation of workers put Campbell back on the job as watcher.

At 1267 Fifth Ave., the curtain was continually opened with the chairman of the Election Board looking in. The Communist watcher protested and a policeman threw him out. Some more Tammany cop gangsterism.

At 37 West 111th St., a Spanish comrade acting as watcher was thrown out by gangsters with the police actively cooperating.

At 29 East 104th St., the Party is altogether off the ballot, although there is a candidate for Borough President, Assemblyman and Alderman running in the District.

At 117 St. Nicholas Ave., Matthew, a Communist candidate, is not on the ballot.

In Brownsville at Saratoga Avenue, Cor. Dover Street, and at P.S. 148, Riverdale Ave., the Communist candidates are off the ballot.

At 111th Street near East River, 1 West 115th St., 113 East 101st St., 400 East 100th St. (P.S. 99), the machine doesn't work at the Communist row, and all that the Tammany, Republican and Socialist watchers can recommend is "Vote for another ticket." These are the maneuvers that the boss politicians of this city are carrying out in order to keep the Negro and colonial workers of Harlem from voting for their Party, the Communist Party.

9 Communist Leaders Tried; Canadian Masses to Protest

Bennet Gov't in Attempt to Crush Revolutionary Movement to Put Thru Hunger Regime

TORONTO, Canada, Nov. 2.—Nine Canadian Communist Party leaders faced trial today in the Ontario Supreme Court, charged with being members and officers of an unlawful association and seditious conspiracy. The court rooms were crowded and police and detectives in large groups patrolled the city hall court. Mounted police patrolled the neighborhood. Norman Summerville is counsel for the government and Hugh MacDonald for the defense.

The motion of the defense to quash the indictment was defeated. Particulars of the indictment were delivered to the defense counsel for examination. The prisoners were released on bail for the next 24 hours to prevent their appearance at a protest demonstration today.

Special correspondents of workers and the Finnish daily, Vaapas, was excluded from the court. Defense conferences are being held in many cities and a nation-wide workers' jury has been elected for a proletarian verdict.

Printers of the leaflet for the Toronto demonstration, to be held today, were charged with contempt of court and summonses are being issued for all those responsible for the leaflet. Thousands of workers are preparing demonstrations on a nation-wide scale tonight against the terror drive to outlaw the Communist Party by the federal, provincial and municipal governments.

WORKER BEATEN UNCONSCIOUS AT CRUSADER STRIKE

Red Builder Dying in Bellevue Hospital

At a spontaneous mass picket demonstration on Sunday night, a worker who was selling Daily Workers was severely beaten that he has been unconscious for the past 24 hours. He lies in Bellevue Hospital with a policeman stationed at his bedside and if he recovers the police will attempt to frame him on a charge which they refuse to name. This is a duplication of what happened last year when Steve Katovis was shot while picketing a Bronx food market. The demonstration at which the worker was beaten was the second of the day. The earlier one passed without any trouble.

The Food Workers Industrial Union which is leading the strike is calling upon all workers' organizations to demand that those responsible for the brutality of the hired gangsters and the police be called to account. Since the beginning of the strike last week a number of workers have been beaten. There is one gangster stationed at the door of the Crusader cafeteria on 14th St., who is particularly well-known. He has been used by the bosses in many strikes and works hand in hand with the police department. He is about 6 feet tall, heavy set weighing about 250 lbs. and has a very fat nose.

Another worker, John Russo, was arrested at the demonstration and tried yesterday morning even though he didn't have a lawyer. When a lawyer did arrive he forced a mistrial to be declared and the case will be brought up again in Yorkville Court on November 10.

Terrorizes Wife of Peterson in Order Eliminate I. L. D.

White Klansmen, Negro Reformists Threaten to Lynch Negro Woman Unless She Changes Attorneys

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 2.—In their efforts to eliminate the militant mass defense policy of the International Labor Defense and carry through the legal lynching of Willie Peterson, the Ku Klux Klan and the Negro reformists, working hand in glove, have brought pressure to bear upon the wife of Peterson to force her to turn over the case to a firm of lawyers selected by the Klan and the reformists.

Mrs. Peterson had previously signed an agreement with the I. L. D. to defend her husband, an unemployed sick miner who is the latest victim of the bosses' attempts to frame up some innocent Negro worker in connection with the murder of two society women last August 4. Mrs. Peterson hunted for the office of the I. L. D. several days. When she finally found it, she told the I. L. D. representative she would trust no one but the I. L. D. to handle the case. When it became known that she had turned the defense over to the I. L. D., she was visited by a group of white Klansmen and Negro reformists who threatened her with lynching if she did not at once turn over the case to the lawyers of their choice, Roach & Johnson.

Under pressure of the terror, Mrs. Peterson notified the I. L. D. that Roach & Johnson would handle the case, even though she knew of the close connections of J. T. Roach with the firm of Roderick Biddow, N. A. A. C. P. attorney in the Scottsboro case, who is defending Dent Williams, brother of one of the dead girls, and who almost murdered Peterson in his cell when officials permitted him to smuggle a revolver into the prison during an "interview" with Peterson.

The I. L. D. has answered this attempt of the Klan and the Negro reformists to betray Peterson with an intensified campaign among the white and Negro workers in this city. 15,000 leaflets have just been issued exposing the frame-up from the time of Peterson's arrest, to the attempt to murder him in jail, right up to the present attempt to deprive him of militant defense in the lynch courts of the bosses. The leaflet exposes the traitorous role of the Negro reformists, and links up their present betrayal with their betrayal of the 9 Scottsboro boys, their attack on the Camp Hill croppers whose union meeting was murderously shot up by Alabama land owners. The leaflet calls for a tremendous mass protest against the efforts of the bosses and their tools to push through the legal lynching of Peterson under the pretext of "defending" him.

SERIO AND GRACE AT MOHEGAN 14th ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION NOV. 6th

NEW YORK.—Guido Serio, militant Italian worker who was recently saved from deportation to fascist Italy, and Jim Grace, one of the outstanding leaders of the miners' struggles in Harlan county, Ky., will be the chief speakers at the celebration of the 14th Anniversary of the Russian Revolution, to be held in Mohegan Colony, N. Y., this Friday, November 6, at 8 p.m.

The celebration will also be a farewell to Serio, who is sailing shortly for Soviet Russia. After a fight of a year and a half the International Labor Defense with the support of tens of thousands of workers, recently forced a reversal of the original de-

NOT GOING TO PRAY BUT TO FIGHT, SAYS MOTHER OF 2 SCOTTSBORO BOYS

Mrs. Wright Cheered in Hoboken Mass Meet; Returning Soon to the South

HOBOKEN, Nov. 3.—Mrs. Ada Wright, mother of two of the innocent, framed up Scottsboro boys facing execution in Alabama, spoke here last week and received an enthusiastic reception. The meeting, which was held under the auspices of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights was well attended. Many workers joined the L. S. N. R. and the International Labor Defense.

Mrs. Wright, who is soon returning to the South, used the meeting as an occasion to thank the militant workers, white and Negro, who have rallied to the mass fight to save the 9 boys. Mrs. Wright said: "Dear Friends and Comrades: "I guess you all know me. I am the mother of two of the Scottsboro boys—Andy and Roy. I am sorry that I didn't know about your wonderful organization many years ago—when I was a young girl. I didn't even know about it until after the boys were arrested. You know that you

FURRIERS TO VOTE FOR JOINT COUNCIL

Elections All Day on Wednesday, Nov. 4

NEW YORK.—Registered furriers were urged to take part in and elect rank and file workers to the Joint Council at elections to be held Wednesday, 187 West 29th St., first floor, the entire day until 9 p. m. in a leaflet issued by the Rank and File Opposition of Registered Workers.

The leaflet says in part: "Elect the most capable and class conscious workers to the Joint Council, who will be able to carry through the program of unity above the heads of the traitors. This will help to make an end to the program of exploitation, unemployment, hunger and need, boss terror and clique domination of the furriers."

"I used to pray a lot in the church. All I knew was to pray. But they didn't even let us speak on the steps of the church. They say 'Get off those steps.' Yes, I used to pray a lot. One of the sisters says to me, 'Sister Wright, pray for your boys!' Yes, I used to pray, I said, 'pray' And she says, 'Don't you know that prayers are the keys to heaven,' and I says, 'I don't know, sister, because I have never been there.'

"Prayer won't help me or the boys. They would have died in July—but they didn't die. Why? Only because of your wonderful organization. And I want to thank you all for your help and how wonderful you have treated me. I just hate to go back to the South.

"Now I am going back to the South and I am going after some of those old preachers. They used to say to me, 'Sister, have you got a dollar for the church?' But when they ask me for a dollar now maybe they'll hear something they won't like.

"So, comrades and friends, I'm going back to the South, not to pray. I'm going back to fight! And I'm going back to my girls, and especially the boys I must see in the South.

"And I want to thank you all for how wonderful you have all been to me. And I'm going to tell all of them down in the South about your wonderful organization. The preachers never told me anything—never taught me anything. You have taught me lots. I used to believe in the church, but that is finished. I believe in you. And I'm going back to tell them about you and not to sit down and pray, but to fight."

FURNITURE UNION CALLS A MEETING

To Organize Council of Unemployed

A membership meeting of the Furniture Workers Industrial Union will be held at 108 East 14th St., Thursday, November 5, at 8 p. m.

The question of the strike against the lockout at the State Parlor Suit Co., Brooklyn, will be discussed at the meeting.

The union pointed out that the outcome of the strike was important to the growth of the organization and urged all furniture workers to be present at this meeting.

All unemployed furniture workers, members and non-members of the Furniture Workers Industrial Union, are urged to come to the headquarters of the union at 795 Hudson Ave., Brooklyn, Wednesday where an unemployed council will be organized. The meeting will start at 2 p. m.

HEALTH FOOD Vegetarian Restaurant

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Ancestors Fought in 1776; Faces Death by Starvation

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 2.—Telling how her ancestors fought in nearly all the American wars and helped build up the United States while she now faces starvation and dog-like treatment from the charity fakers, Mrs. Joe Annakins of 1525 N. Ninth St. sent the following letter to the Unemployed Council here:

"Dear Sir I am writing to let you know I am an American & on the verge of starvation in my one land of my forefathers who got to free this country in 1776 & lost too grandfathers & uncles in battle & they were interpreters & were high officers in the War of 1812 & now their children and grandchildren are left here to starve & be thrown out in the cold by other nations in our old age. I am 62 years old & have spent my best days doing good for this nation & to be thrown down by the Providence & the Welfare of St. Louis I was out on a vacant lot for three weeks & am close to it again the 25 my rent is up & we have no way to get it. Have not had only 6 weeks work since March, 1929. I went to the Provident for aid. They told me to go to the Dr. & get a bad test before they could do any thing for me. The Dr. said it's food and work you people want go home I got medicine to take after meals but I have no meals so what am I to do now I have a bad case of heart trouble there are 3 in my family."

EXPULSION COMMUNIST GIRL FROM SCHOOL

Was Active in Leading School Struggles

NEW YORK.—Rose Tekulsky, 18, Young Communist, of 1034 St. John Ave., the Bronx, has been expelled from the Morris High School because school officials discovered a Young Communist League book in her purse. The expulsion is the result of her leadership last year in the activity of the students for better conditions in the lunch room and class rooms.

Upon registering this year, Rose was made to sign a pledge saying that she would not enter any Communist activities in the school. Merely having a Y.C.L. book in her purse, however, was considered "crime" enough to have her expelled.

Sam Strong, head of the youth department of the International Labor Defense, is organizing Morris High School students to defend the right of Rose Tekulsky to attend the schools.

Marine Workers Force German Consul to Pay Strikers' Fare Home

PHILADELPHIA.—The seamen of the German ship, Holger, who struck recently against a wage-cut and were replaced by scabs hired through the Seamen's Church Institute of New York, would have been left on the Philadelphia beach to starve had it not been for the mass pressure exerted by the Marine Workers' Industrial Union

AMUSEMENTS

THE THEATRE GUILD PRESENTS EUGENE O'NEILL'S Trilogy

"Mourning Becomes Electra" Composed of 3 plays "HOMECOMING," "THE HUNTED," "THE HAUNTED"

All 3 plays are presented on same days, commencing at 5:15 sharp. Dinner intermission of one hour at 7. No matinee performances.

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8 RKO ACTS LEV AYRES in "SPIRIT OF NOTRE DAME" Inc. HARRY SAVOY

Get Material for Red Week Collection Now!

In connection with the call of the Workers International Relief and the Hunger March Committee of the Unemployed Council, printed in the press of November 3rd, the WIR calls upon all organizations, workers' clubs, to immediately send their representatives to the Workers International Relief to get their material, instructions, collection boxes, and to set the campaign of Al Smith in forcing workers to pay the bosses' charity.

FSU MEMBERSHIP THURSDAY NIGHT Soviet News Reel and Reports

NEW YORK.—The general membership meeting of the Friends of the Soviet Union to strengthen the organization and to make preparations for participation in the 14th Anniversary Celebration of the Russian Revolution at the Bronx Coliseum will be held at the Manhattan Lyceum Thursday, Nov. 5, at 8 p. m.

The immediate danger of capitalist intervention in the Workers' Fatherland makes it of vital importance for every member to attend this meeting and to bring along his friends.

There will be an activity and financial report of the last six months, by Ray Ragozin, the District Sec'y. A report on the International Situation, and the immediate war danger will be made by the national secretary of the Friends of the Soviet Union, Marcel Scherer.

Open discussion and questions will follow all these reports. A new Soviet news reel will be shown at the end of the meeting.

NEIGHBORHOOD THEATRES EAST SIDE—BRONX

RKO Always a Good Show

JEFFERSON 125 St. J. Ave. Wednesday to Friday —On the Screen— 8 ACTS

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EVERYBODY'S WELCOME

The Group Theatre Presents The House of Connelly By PAUL GREEN Under the Auspices of the Theatre Guild THEATRE, 45th Martin Beck St. & 8 Ave. Mat. Thurs & Sat. Penn 6-6100

ANN PENNINGTON, ALBERTINA RASCHI GIRLS & BALLET; OTHERS SHUBERT THEATRE, 44th St. W. of B'way Ev. 8:30. Mts. Tues. (Elec. Day) & Sat.

November Issue of "The Communist Is Ready"

The November issue of The Communist makes its appearance today. It is a 14th U.S.S.R. anniversary issue. The articles in this issue analyze the deepening of the crisis of capitalism in this country and throughout the capitalist world; take up the current problems of mass work; take up the struggle against social-fascist tendencies, against capitalist theories of "planned economy"; and analyze the successes of the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union in the building of Socialism. No Party member or revolutionary worker should permit himself or herself to be without this issue. The contents is as follows:

What Means the Fourteenth Anniversary of the Revolution? By Robert Minor.

Some Problems of Mass Work, by Earl Browder.

The March of the Revolution, by Wm. Z. Foster.

The Struggle for the Masses, by A. Lovozsky.

The Latest Phase of the British Crisis in its Reverberations in the United States, by Alex Bittelman.

The World Credit Crisis Is Growing, Leading Editorial from Pravda, September 29, 1931.

Capitalist Theories of "Planned Economy", by Harry Gannes.

The Present Struggle in Cuba, by O. Rodriguez.

The Philosophical Discussion in the C.P.S.U. in 1930-31, by D. S. Mireky.

Cultural Compulsives or Calverton's Latest Caricature of Marxism, by A. Landy.

District, Section and Unit literature agents should see that their orders are placed immediately for this issue of The Communist and that every member of the Party is given the opportunity and urged to buy it. Individual workers and comrades can get The Communist by sending 25c to Workers Library Publishers, P.O. Box 148, Station D, New York City.

Leo Carillo in 'The HOMICIDE SQUAD'

With Noah Beery Mary Brian

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WORKERS' HEADQUARTERS—LABOR TEMPLE

15 WEST 126th STREET Telephone Harlem 7-8750 RESTAURANT, POOL ROOM, STEAM BATH, SWIMMING POOL, HALLS FOR RENT FOR ALL OCCASIONS

Hoboken, New Jersey WORKERS ORGANIZATIONS of New Jersey are asked to keep Nov. 28th Date Open Hoboken Daily Workers Readers Club Will Have Its First Annual Dance

Job's Restaurant

SPECIALTY ITALIAN DISHES A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet 302 E. 12th St. New York

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159 SECOND AVENUE 8th, 12th and 13th Sts. Strictly Vegetarian food

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Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 12 A. M. Employment Bureau open every day at 6 P. M.

JOBLESS IN MANY CITIES PREPARE FOR NAT'L HUNGER MARCH

Union Heads Take Lead in Cut of Rail Workers Wages

Wages of 1,250,000 to Be Cut for "The Good of the Rail Road Workers"

NEW YORK.—Officials of the railroad brotherhoods at Washington took the lead in putting over the wage cut program of the railroad companies in a declaration made by 22 presidents of railway workers organizations saying they were amenable to a discussion on wage cuts for 1,250,000 workers.

The declaration, demagogically enough, disguises the intention of the railway union heads to effect a quiet wage cut by saying that the wage cuts to be discussed would be "temporary" and that the subject of unemployment would be introduced. The gist of the argument that the railway labor misleaders put forth cautiously is that such moves as they contemplate would constitute "stabilization" of the industry. The slogan of the union heads is in essence: "Wage cuts for the sake of railway workers!"

The Washington correspondent of the New York Evening Post, while trying to bolster up the demagoguery of the union misleaders says in regards to their attitude to the proposed wage cuts:

"The action, while by no means conclusive evidence that the railroad brotherhoods will agree to a wage cut, was regarded as a hopeful sign indicating a RATIONAL ATTITUDE toward present conditions and suggesting the possibility of some compromise arrangements by which the financial conditions of the railroad can be improved and security brought to employees."

Use Unemployment Threat to Effect Cut
A trump card that the twenty-one union heads hold in their attempt to quickly effect a wage cut and force the workers to accept it, is their hypocritical and demagogic talk about getting unemployed workers back into the shops and trains. The same organizations that have done nothing to halt the rapid discharge of nearly three quarter millions of railroad workers within the last year, will attempt to use the unemployment issue as a sword over the heads of the employed to carry through the employers' program without making any

\$4,000,000 Palace in Moscow to Hold Theatres and Clubs

The latest undertaking in the Five-Year Plan to raise the cultural and living standards of the Russian workers is the building of a \$4,000,000 Palace of Culture in Moscow. The palace will contain two theatres and a club. Twelve thousand people will be able to use the building at the same time. The Palace of Culture, which will be ready for use next May, is being put up on the site where once stood the Simonov Monastery.

POWERS PUSH DIVISION OF CHINA BY WAR

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

Stimson's "profound concern" over the alleged Soviet troop movements indicates the leading role which American imperialism is actually taking in the division of China and the anti-Soviet campaign.

The Japanese army continues its occupation of strategic points in Manchuria and its savage offensive on what the imperialists call "bands of bandits", who are in reality Manchurian peasants and workers fighting against the imperialist attack.

Japanese Extend Occupation.
A capitalist despatch from Dairen, South Manchuria, admits that Japan is moving to tighten her position in Manchuria and is planning further bombardments of Chinese towns and populations. The despatch states:

"Not only is a renewed bombardment probable at Chinchow, Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang's temporary capital, but the Japanese authorities foresee the likelihood of what they term a 'military necessity' of sending strong forces to Chinchow with the avowed intention of driving Marshal Chang's military remnants south of the Great Wall into China proper."

Militarist Aid Occupation.
As neither Marshal Chang nor Chiang Kai-shek and the Nanking government have raised a finger in opposition to the Japanese seizure of Manchuria, it is clear that those against whom the Japanese forces are to be sent are the peasants, workers and disbanded soldiers who have united to oppose the advance of Japanese imperialism.

The Japanese imperialists have announced plans to take over control of the Chinese banks in Manchuria under the pretext of "stabilizing" the currency. The Japanese authorities plan "to provide silver bars for coinage in Mukden beginning November 15."

The only area from which there has been any withdrawal of Japanese troops is in the Kirin section where a puppet government has been set up which assures complete control to the Japanese imperialists. The troops withdrawn from Kirin are being used to facilitate the conquest of other sections of Manchuria.

Mass Resentment Grows.
In the meantime, the anti-Japanese movement continues to gather headway among the workers and peasants. So complete is the boycott of Japanese goods that business is practically at a standstill. The New York Times correspondent reports that Soviet goods are being favored not only against Japanese products but against those of America and other imperialist countries.

The so-called "peace conference" in Shanghai between the Canton and Nanking militarists has collapsed as a result of pressure brought by the British imperialists on their Canton tools to protect British holdings in China against the combined attack of Japanese, French and United States imperialism.

Chiang Kai-shek, acting on instructions of Japanese and American imperialists has turned down the Canton demand that he resign from his positions as president and head of the Nationalist armies. The conference between the two sets of militarist tools of the different imperialisms was marked with the sharpest recrimination and abuse. The Canton delegates accused Chiang of aiding the Japanese occupation of Manchuria and Chiang retorted with similar accusations against the Canton government. Both admitted that the Japanese occupation was of a permanent nature.

TALKS OF WAR WITH ENGLAND

Cohalan Calls for Big Navy

NEW YORK.—Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, speaking before the Government Club meeting at the Hotel Astor Monday night gave expression to the growing struggles between American and British imperialism in the fight for world markets and the British colonies. He called for huge expenditures in building up an American navy superior to that of the British imperialists and declared:

"On every side in England the cry goes up that America is the enemy that must be overcome, by trade wars and tariffs, if possible, but by guile and force if necessary. England is stripped for the fray. Her navy remains today, in spite of her desperate financial condition, by far the strongest in the world." For both the American and British

500 CHILDREN, ADULTS DEMONSTRATE FOR AID IN SCHOOLS IN DETROIT

Public Hearing in Philadelphia Reveals Extent of Mass Suffering of Jobless

Tampa Police Arrest Organizer in Attempt to Cripple Fight for Relief

DETROIT, Mich.—Five hundred adult workers and children, Negro and white demonstrated Monday before the Board of Education for immediate relief, for food, clothing, shoes and school supplies.

A committee of children and representatives from workers organizations were told to return on Wednesday when a meeting of the board will be held.

A militant crowd listened to John Schmieles, Communist candidate for mayor; Minne, a young Pioneer, a young Negro student and others.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Approximately 200 Negro and white workers attended the public hearing held at the Italian Progressive Institute, 1208 Tasker St., under the auspices of the Philadelphia Unemployed Councils.

Workers testifying at this hearing brought out the misery and starvation existing among the unemployed workers in this city.

Woods acted as prosecuting attorney of the Unemployed Councils.

Another hearing will take place on November 6 at the Garvey Hall, 2109 Columbia Ave. This will be followed by a main hearing to take place at Girard Manor Hall, Friday, November 13, 8 p.m. Letters have been sent to Mayor Mackey, Lloyd Committee, local councilmen and congressmen, and prominent liberals. Twenty-five thousand leaflets are being issued in connection with these hearings.

In line with the preparations for the National Hunger March, the Unemployed Councils and the W.I.R. have arranged a joint Tag Day to be held on Saturday and Sunday, November 14 and 15.

On Saturday, November 21, a gala pageant and dance will be held at Turngeminde Hall, Broad and Columbia Ave., 7:30 p.m., as a means of raising funds for the National Hunger March.

On November 22 a general conference, under the auspices of the United Front Hunger March Committee will be held at 929 Arch St. Calls for this conference have been issued to A.F.L. locals, Negro churches, fraternal organizations, clubs, etc. This conference will make the final selection of the 200 delegates to be sent by the Philadelphia Unemployed Councils to Washington on December 7. Also, as part of the preparation for the hunger march, a series of local demonstrations will be held in front of the Lloyd Relief Committee, City Hall, and homes of local congressmen and councilmen, who have refused to take a definite stand on the question of unemployment insurance.

TAMPA, Fla.—Police arrested three local leaders of the revolutionary movement leading the fight against the eviction of an unemployed worker. Jim Nino, Nilo Lima and Mike Comas, organizers of the Communist Party, the Young Communist League and a Red Builder respectively, are now held under bond.

The comrades were active in preparing the unemployed here for the National Hunger March and despite their arrest the work is going on with redoubled efforts.

Macomb County Hunger March.
VAN DYKE, Mich.—The Macomb County Hunger March to the county seat, Mt. Clemens, will be held November 10. A meeting will be held at Clemens Park at 2 p.m. and from there the unemployed marchers will march on the Board of Supervisors and present their demands at 2:30 p.m.

Charities Advise Jobless to Leave Town

(By a Worker Correspondent)
AKRON, Ohio.—An ex-serviceman, who made applications to the charities here for relief, was told to go back to Pittsburgh, where he came from or starve.

This man worked in the Goodrich Rubber Co. for 7 years and paid his allotted amount to the community chest out of his wages each year. He left Akron to work in Pittsburgh, but returned to Akron about 10 months ago.

The bosses forced him to pay a sum out of his pay for seven years and now they refuse to give him aid. The Wellington St. Branch of the Unemployed Council, along with Branch No. 1, are taking this case up to the city authorities. We will bring mass pressure to bear and force relief for this worker.

Boston Prepares for National March.
BOSTON, Mass.—Preparing to send 50 unemployed workers from here as the representatives of this district to the National Hunger March on Washington, December 7, the Unemployed Councils of Boston have arranged for a series of meetings to take up the problems of struggle for local relief and for the national

Relief for Lawrence Strikers Progressing

Rhode Island Relief Meet Sunday
PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 1.—A mass meeting under the auspices of the Workers International Relief Center intended for 100, and many were turned away, Sunday. From these unemployed textile workers, \$13.50 was raised to feed the Lawrence strikers.

This meeting followed one of 600 at the steps of the City Hall Friday night. Sunday at the Workers' Center there will be a state wide conference for relief, called by the W.I.R. Delegates from machinists' locals and other A.F.L. unions, as well as from the T.U.U.L. unions and workers' fraternal orders will attend.

A wholesale bakery here is going to ship truck loads of bread to the Lawrence strikers. The bakery workers volunteer to bake it free, and have demanded that the company furnish flour. The company agreed.

AMERICAN CABLE WORKERS STRIKE AT CUT IN WAGES

Railroads Cut Wages of Salaried Workers; Prepare Further Cuts

NEW YORK.—The operators of the All American Cables, Inc., 67 Broad Street, struck Monday morning against a 10 per cent wage-cut. From the temporary strike headquarters set up by the workers at the St. George Hotel, Brooklyn, the strikers announced that they had tied up the company's lines to South America and the West Indies. The Office Workers Union of the Trade Union Unity League calls on the strikers to stand firm in their demands and urges the spreading of the strike to the Western Union Telegraph and Cable Co., where the operators also received a 10 per cent slash yesterday morning.

These wage-cuts are only a part of the systematic wage-cutting campaign that has been going on for the past year in the cable companies. The New York Times reports that "other cable companies have reduced wages here and there in the past year."

CHICAGO SENDS CORRECTION (Telegram to the Daily Worker)
CHICAGO, Ill.—Twelve thousand unemployed workers participated in the Cook County Hunger March as many thousands greeted and cheered the marchers from the sidewalk. This was not published in the Daily Worker.

ROCKFORD SLASH PAY
NEW YORK.—The New York Central Railroad, which is preparing negotiations with the rail union heads and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers officials to put over a wholesale wage-cut for all railroad workers, slashed the wages Monday of all the non-union salaried workers 10 per cent. This is the second cut for the salaried workers, the first one ranging from 10 to 20 per cent. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad also announced Saturday a 10 per cent cut for all salaried workers. The Pennsylvania, Delaware and Hudson and other roads have made similar cuts.

The Mobile and Northern Railroad states that there will be a 10 per cent cut in all contract wages. The Railroad Workers Industrial League calls for the organization of committees in all departments to take organizational steps at once to strike against the wage-cuts.

MEETING IN ROCKFORD, ILL., PLANNED.
ROCKFORD, Ill.—The 14th anniversary of the Russian Revolution will be celebrated here, November 7, at the Vega Hall, 15th Ave. and 9th St., at 7:30 p.m.

Andrew Newhoff of Chicago will be the main speaker. A musical program has been arranged. Admission will be 15 cents and unemployed free.

Hoover Program for Business Recovery Aids Billionaire Banker-

Bosses, Robs Hungry Millions.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

and juggling can the banks show that they are "solvent." The bosses' government, through banking pools, is guaranteeing the big banks and the rich their wealth. But the masses of workers who had deposits have already been robbed of them by the banks. "Thousands of banks with workers' deposits have gone bankrupt. In the Bank of U. S. in New York City alone more than 400,000 depositors, workers and small tradesmen have lost their hard-earned dollars.

Covering Up Wholesale Robbery.
The whole campaign of propaganda as to the "soundness" of the capitalist institutions and the "program of prosperity," of "more faith," "more buying," is but a smoke-screen to cover up the robbery of the masses and the placing of the whole burden of the crisis on the masses and the turning of the crisis itself into a good business for bankers and the big capitalists.

The other points of the Hoover program are a direct attack on the employed workers, the complete refusal to help the unemployed. It calls upon the employed workers to share their one or two days work with the unemployed and thus further lower the living standards of the entire working class. Faced with 12,000,000 unemployed, with the deepening of the crisis causing more unemployment, with new speed-up schemes to enable the capitalists to compete in the world market, the Hoover government sees only the "stagger plan" as the solution. Only the workers must bear the price of the mad capitalist system with its crisis and suffering for the masses. The capitalists must continue to make huge profits and receive big dividends.

Attacks Low Paid Gov't Workers.
A new feature of the Hoover program is an attack on the poorly paid government employees. Their wages are to be cut. Many of them are to be laid off and the stagger plan to be introduced. This is done under the cover of aiding the unemployed. In reality it is to be a wage-cut and speed-up for the poorly paid government employees, so that the Hoover government can continue to spend billions for war without further taxes on the rich. But the government officials, with their high salaries of tens of thousands of dollars per year, are not to be interfered with. This is the Hoover program.

Forced Labor—Starvation Wages.
Public works, says the Hoover government, must be pushed. Yes, this has been said again and again. Appropriations have been made. But few workers gained employment. Most of the money went to the grafters. But this is not all. Under the cover of the public works the government is helping to introduce forced labor.

The workers must answer the plan of Hoover and all its supporters by a program of struggle. They must oppose the whole system of forced labor and the stagger plan. They must unmask the whole flood of propaganda as the "prosperity." They must unmask the fakery of this plan and resist the attempt to solve the crisis at their expense. They must organize and fight. Fight for immediate relief. Fight for an immediate sum as winter relief. Fight for unemployment insurance. Fight against discharges. Fight for a shorter workday without a reduction of wages. Fight for a tax on the rich to relieve the unemployed. Fight against the wage-cuts which the Hoover government now openly supports.

The unemployed workers must organize into Unemployed Councils. The workers in the A. F. of L. unions must repudiate the A. F. of L. leaders and their stand against unemployment insurance adopted at the last convention at Vancouver. Employed workers must unite to beat back the Hoover starvation program.

The National Hunger March to Washington to present demands of the starving masses at the time of the opening of Congress on December 7th must become the rallying center of all unemployed and employed workers. It must show to the bosses and the Hoover government that the starving millions will fight for their rights, will fight for unemployment insurance.

WAGES, TONNAGE INCREASE ON THE SOVIET RAILROADS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

played by transport in the Five-Year Plan, adopted a detailed resolution for reconstruction of the transport system with special care for the heavy autumn and winter traffic. The most important measures, applying the six conditions of success as outlined by Stalin, are the elimination of the personal irresponsibility for locomotives, a radical improvement in the hastening of repairs, introduction of cost accounting and the strengthening of discipline.

Wages Soar Upward
At the same time wages were increased an average of thirteen per cent and a new system of wages on the basis of productivity was advocated. Since then the improvements in the transport system have still been insufficient because the new measures have not been completely carried out. Freight car movements are

nearly 12,000 below the program. Therefore, the Central Committee and the Council of Peoples Commissars took energetic measures on the 5th of October, replacing the former Commissar of Transport with Andreyev, formerly head of the Workers' and Peasants' Inspection. The earlier program for transport reorganization has been reaffirmed and enlarged in the spirit of Bolshevik self criticism.

Overcoming All Obstacles
The freight car movements have increased to 56,000 cars daily which is still 10,000 below the program. The railroad workers and the whole Party are determined, as emphasized at the last plenum of the Central Committee, to overcome all obstacles and shortcomings and fully apply the conditions for the success and guarantee of the increased tempo in transport by the 14th Anniversary and complete and fulfill the program in the near future.

WAR THREAT IS CAUSE OF WHEAT RISE

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

of the economic crisis. The Annalist index of business activity last week was at the record low for the present crisis.

Wheat Buying For War Purposes
The increase in the price is not the result of a turn in the economic crisis, but as the result of the approaching war crisis, the intense preparations being made by the capitalist class for the attack on the Soviet Union. It is for this reason that the speculators are buying wheat with the cooperation of the Farm Board and for the United States government. The purchases of Cullen were started, according to the capitalist press, as far back as August—showing that the knowledge of preparations for the attack on the Soviet Union were known to the speculators as much as three months ago.

The anti-Soviet character of the rise in the price of wheat is openly stated by the British capitalist press in its attempts to win leadership over the anti-Soviet capitalist front. The Daily Express of London, which is owned by Lord Beaverbrook, states that the price of wheat has risen "because the bottom has fallen out of the Five Year Plan."

Farmers and Workers Face War.
In order to align the farmers of the United States in the war preparations, the capitalist press is talking of the millions that the farmers will gain because of the increase in

wheat prices. The millions of dollars increase in the wheat supply will go not to the farmers but to the speculators. The slight increase in value that the farmers may get will be paid for by them through the slaughter of millions of farmers and farmers' sons in the attack of the capitalist class against the Soviet Union if the capitalist class is permitted by the working masses to go thru with the attack. Workers and farmers: Defend the Soviet Union against the attack of the capitalists and the speculators!

The Soviet Union is the star of hope of the workers and farmers throughout the entire world!

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DAILY WORKER GREETINGS HONOR ROLL GREETINGS We, the undersigned through the 14th anniversary edition of the DAILY WORKER, greet the workers of the U.S.S.R. on the 14th anniversary of the Bolshevik revolution. The success of the Five-Year Plan and the advance in the economic and cultural fields have strengthened our determination to advance our own struggles against the growing attacks of the boss class. THE DAILY WORKER, the Central Organ of the Communist Party, is the mass organizer of the American workers and farmers in this fight. NAME ADDRESS AMOUNT Dollars Cents Cut this out, get busy, collect greetings from workers in your shop, or factory, mass organization, and everywhere. Twenty-five cents and up for individuals, \$1 and up for organizations. Mail immediately to get into the November 7th edition of the Daily Worker. DAILY WORKER 50 East 13th St., N. Y. C.

HOW TO ORGANIZE SOCIALIST COMPETITION

By V. I. LENIN.
(Written in 1918).

CONCLUSION.

The rich and the scoundrels are two sides of the same medal, the two main categories of parasites fostered by capitalism; they are the principal enemies of socialism. The entire population must take them under special surveillance, must take them ruthlessly to task for the slightest infraction of the regulations or laws of socialist society. Any sign of weakness, hesitation or sentimentality in this respect would be the greatest crime against socialism.

In order to render socialist society immune against these parasites we must organize millions and millions of workers and peasants to support voluntarily, energetically and with revolutionary enthusiasm, the accounting and controlling of the amount of labor and the production and distribution of commodities. And in order to organize this accounting and control, make it completely accessible, completely within the power of every honest, intelligent, capable worker and peasant, we must be able to awaken their organizing talents from their own midst, must stimulate and organize on a national scale, the spirit of emulation in achieving organizational successes, must see to it that the workers and peasants understand clearly the difference between the needed advice of an educated person and the needed control by the "common" worker and peasant of the slovenliness so common with "educated" people.

This slovenliness, untidiness, inaccuracy, nervous haste, this tendency to talk instead of working, to undertake everything and finish nothing, is one of the attributes of "educated" people and is by no means the result of this bad nature and even less of malice. It is the result of a lifetime of habit, of the very conditions under which they work, of fatigue, of the abnormal division between mental and physical work, etc.

Among the mistakes, deficiencies and blunders of our revolution, these mistakes and others begotten by the sad, but at the present moment unavoidable, characteristics of the intellectuals within our midst and the lack of sufficient control of their organizing work by the workers, have played quite an important role.

The workers and peasants are still "shy" and they must get rid of this shyness, and they will undoubtedly get rid of it. It is impossible to get along without the advice, and the guidance, of the educated people, the intellectuals, the specialists. Every worker and peasant who is at all intelligent will understand this perfectly and the intellectuals in our midst can not complain of insufficient attention and comradely respect from the workers and peasants. But the guidance and advice is one thing—the organization of practical accounting and control is another. Intellectuals give the best advice and guidance but are laughably, ridiculously, disgracefully incapable of carrying out the advice and directions, of exercising practical control and seeing to it that the work is transformed into action.

This is where the leadership of the practical-organizer "from among the people," from among the workers and toiling peasants, cannot be dispensed with. "Pots are not made by gods"; the workers and peasants must particularly note this truth. "They must understand now that everything hinges on practice, that we have entered upon the historical period when theory turns into practice, is animated by practice, is corrected by practice, is checked by practice. It is the time when Marx's words: 'Every step of the practical movement is worth a dozen programs' are particularly true. Every step towards registering the wealthy and the scoundrels and placing them under surveillance, towards really restraining them and reducing their number, is more important than a dozen debates on socialism. Because 'all theory, my friend, is gray, but everlasting is the tree of life.'

We must organize competition among the practical workers and peasant organizers. We must fight against every stereotyped form and against every attempt to establish uniformity from above, as the intellectuals are inclined to do. Democratic and socialist centralism had nothing in common with uniformity or the establishment of uniformity from above. Fundamentally, radically and materially, unity is not disturbed by variety in detail, in local peculiarities, in methods of approach to the work, in means

of realizing the control, in ways of destroying and rendering harmless the parasites (the rich, the scoundrels, idlers and hysterical intellectuals, etc.). On the contrary, this assures unity.

The Paris Commune was a striking example of the combination of initiative, independence, freedom of movement and energy of the rank and file and voluntary, unsterotyped centralism. Our soviets are proceeding along the same lines. But they are still "shy," they have not yet developed, they have not yet become absorbed in this new, great constructive work of creating socialism. The soviets must set to work more courageously, with more initiative. Every "commune," factory, village, consumers' organization, supplies committee must come forward, compete with the others as practical organizers of accounting and control of labor and the distribution of products. The program of this accounting and control must be simple, clear, intelligible to every one that every one should have bread; that every one should wear good shoes, wear decent clothes, live in warm houses, work conscientiously; that not a single scoundrel (shirker) remain free but sit in prison or do hard labor; that not a single wealthy man, violating the regulations and laws of socialism, evade the scoundrel's fate. In all justice, the rich man's fate should be: "He who does not work, neither shall he eat." That is the practical commandment of socialism. That is what we now have to organize in a practical way. These are the practical successes which our "communes," our worker and peasant organizers, and particularly our intellectuals must take pride in (particularly since they are too accustomed, much too accustomed, to take pride in general instruction and resolutions).

Thousands of ways and means for the practical registering and control of the wealthy, of the scoundrels and the parasites, must be worked out and tested in practice by the communes itself, by the small nuclei in the villages and in the city. Here, variety is the guarantee of vitality, the pledge of success in the achievements of a general single aim to free the land of Russia from all pests, from scoundrels, rich men, and other pernicious insects who infest the country like bugs and fleas. In one place, imprison a dozen rich people, a score of scoundrels, half a dozen workers who are shirking work (like those hooligans, the Petrograd composers who are dodging work, particularly in the Party printing shops.) (At the beginning of the October Revolution the printers in the main supported the Mensheviks. Those who were working on the Bolshevik Party press sabotaged the work—Ed.) In another, make them clean the latrines. In a third, give them a yellow ticket when they leave prison so that the whole nation will be able to keep their eye on them as dangerous people until they have been reformed. In a fourth, shoot one out of the idlers, on the spot. In a fifth, adopt a combination of different ways and means, as, for example, putting those elements, scoundrels and hooligans who can be reformed, on probation, as a means of reforming them rapidly. The more varied the means, the better, the richer will be the general experience, truer and quicker will be the success of socialism, and practice will produce with greater facility—for only practice can produce—the best ways and means of carrying on the struggle.

In what commune, in what section of a large city, in what factory, in what village are there no hungry people, no unemployed, no rich loafers, no scoundrelly bourgeois lackeys, saboteurs who call themselves intellectuals? Where was more done to increase the productivity of labor? To construct new good houses for the poor? To house the poor in the houses of the rich? To see that each poor family is well supplied and that every child in the family has a bottle of milk every day? These are the things for which the commune, the productive-consumers' society and the co-operatives of the Soviets of Workers', Soldiers' and Peasants' Deputies must compete. It is in this kind of work that the organizing talents must display themselves in a practical way and come to the surface in work of the state administration. There is much talent of this kind among the people. The talents have been suppressed. They must be helped to develop. These talents and only these, with the support of the masses, can save Russia and save the work of socialism.

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"Back to the Land"

—by BURCK



By HARRISON GEORGE

THE Hoover-Gifford Commission, in its "Program for Business Recovery" has started a movement "Back to the land"—as the boss papers say in headlines.

That was only one of its ten recommendations, but more space and enthusiasm was given it than some others.

Now, workers, let's see what this is all about. Hoover says that the "surplus city idle" would "cheerfully be provided for"—understand that? "Provided for" says Hoover, in return for assistance in farm work.

So, the city unemployed should work—no, they'll be FORCED TO WORK, as we'll soon see, WITHOUT PAY. Hoover tries to get around that by adding "in some cases with moderate cash compensation"—O, VERY "moderate"! And only "in some cases"! Which will be no cases at all if the big capitalist farmers, who are the ONLY ONES that require farm workers particularly in the winter, have their choice.

Indeed, Hoover lets the cat out of that bag, by virtual admission that he expects no wages to be paid for this FORCED LABOR, when he explains that these jobless city workers might do work that has been postponed "because of LACK OF CASH FOR WAGES."

This ought to be welcome to the big capitalist farmers, he adds, not only because they "seldom lack necessities" and have hearts overflowing with "sympathy," but because it is an "easily-recognized business proposal."

Undoubtedly! Slavery has been a "recognized business proposal" by the slave-owners of all times!

And this slavery will NOT be left to the choice of the jobless city workers, either. Because Hoover recommends that "local relief organizations" fix up a "board" to see that they go. And if a jobless worker refuses to leave his family in the city and go to a farm—why then, the "board" will see that neither he nor his family gets any relief!

Just to think, workers, that this same Hoover and the whole capitalist class he represents, INVENT LIES about "forced labor in the Soviet Union" and pretend to shed gobs of tears about the "poor Russian workers." But they ORDER FORCED LABOR IN AMERICA!

If you remember that between 1920 and 1927 alone, there were, according to the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2,875,000 workers THROWN OFF THE FARMS INTO THE CITIES, because there was NO WORK ON THE FARMS, and that fully FIFTY PER CENT OF ALL FARM WAGE WORKERS ARE NOW JOBLESS, you will see what miserable hypocrites and liars Hoover and his Commission are!

The small farmer, already near or completely starving from the crisis, who depends upon the small wage he might get by working his daylight hours for some big capitalist

farmer, will face the competition of SLAVES, captured in the cities and FORCED TO WORK WITHOUT WAGES!

But that is only ONE of Hoover's outrageous "recommendations." The others are equally AGAINST THE WORKERS! Take, for example, the proposal of "spreading work," which is an alias for the "stagger" plan.

Hoover demands that it be done more. He is sore because some employers "have as yet made no consistent effort" to "spread work." Why not, he asks, when—"The American Federation of Labor whose endorsement has already been given, can be expected to support this plan."

Oh, yes, the A. F. of L. officials can be depended on to support ANY dirty attack on the workers! That's what this "spread work" and "stagger" plan is. You can see that by asking a couple of simple questions:

Do you work to get "work" or work to get wages? Hoover don't say anything about "spreading wages," but that is what it means. It means that if one worker is working a ten-hour day for \$30 a week, another worker should be put on for five hours a day, the first one cut down to the same time, and both get \$15 a week.

That don't cost the boss a cent. It might bother him a little breaking a new hand in, and that's the reason some bosses don't like it. But it relieves ALL CAPITALISTS from meeting the demands for real and adequate unemployment insurance and relief! And that's why Hoover insists on it.

The next question is, HOW LONG DO YOU THINK IT WILL LAST? That's where the rub comes! For you, the workers, MUST LEARN THAT THE PROSPERITY OF THREE YEARS AGO WILL NEVER, NEVER COME BACK! All statements to the contrary are LIES!

Then what happens? Then the standard of living of ALL workers is PERMANENTLY CUT IN TWO, your "American standard" is shot all to hell! And if you accept it without a fight the bosses will NEVER STOP CUTTING! Even that half will be cut in half! YOU WILL BE DOOMED TO LIVE LIKE A CHINESE COOLIE!

Only—the Chinese coolies are right now FIGHTING TO RAISE THEIR STANDARD! They have revolted, they are forming Soviets, organizing their own Red Army to bring in a new deal and a better life!

What are YOU doing here, in America, to prevent YOUR OWN slavery, the "spreading" or "staggering" of your wages, the reduction of your standard to a crust of bread, a pair of overalls and a pig-pen for a "home"?

Workers, join the Unemployed Councils! Demand Winter Relief of \$150 for each jobless worker and \$50 for each dependent! Insist on Unemployment Insurance at the full wage, paid by the capitalists and managed by the workers! And unite all support possible around the National Hunger March on Washington, where the jobless will put these demands under the noses of Congressmen and ask them: WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO ABOUT IT?

Uneda Blood on Nabisco Biscuits? How Morgan Profits from \$14 Girls

By LABOR RESEARCH ASSOCIATION.

"NO, we have not cut wages.—Not yet." The guide in a freshly-starched white uniform added the last two words with emphasis, as he guided a visitor through the great plant of the National Biscuit Co., Morgan's subsidiary of the National City Bank, largest biscuit corporation in the United States, largest user of sugar and flour in the world, employing in all 25,000 workers. On the walls of each department posters in big blue lettering read:

"What are YOU Doing to Increase Uneda Sales and Thus Protect Your Job?" But Nabisco has cut wages. Only a few years ago girls in the packing departments of Nabisco's 66 factories out over the country were able to earn \$24 a week on the piece-work system. By changing from piece-rates to time-rates, the company was able to put over an indirect wage cut and reduce the packing girls' pay to \$18 a week or less. Starting at only \$14 a week in New York City and less in other centers, the girls find their wages stay for months at this low rate. If the girls have to wait for more belts to start, that time is deducted from the pay envelope.

Keeping Up With the Machines. "They have to keep up with the machines," the guide admits.

Thus the belts do the speeding-up, formerly done by the effort to earn more under the old piece-work system. Steadily, relentlessly, for 9 hours a day, 44 hours a week, the conveyor system, in the packing and icing departments, moves the boxes and the biscuits and other materials past the workers who must not take their eyes off the job. Fingers must move instantly to guide the filling, folding and finishing of a box. To talking. There isn't time. On each machine a white-uniformed supervisor watches every detail and keeps up the speed of production. Only at two stated times, one in the morning and one in the afternoon, can the worker leave the machine to go to the toilet—when a relief girl comes

to take her place. The 50-minute lunch period is not long enough for a girl to change her blue and white striped uniform, get outdoors for a breath of fresh air and get back again into uniform.

Only young girls can keep up with the pace of the belts. Older women, at lower pay, are used for inspection and examining jobs,—looking over the crackers as they fall down the shoot from the baking department on the floor above.

Blood On the Biscuits.

Blood on the biscuits sometimes, in spite of all the inspection. This is because the edges of trays and of moving boxes rub off the skin from girls' hands. Some girls try to protect their hands with pieces of surgeon's plaster, which itself pulls off the skin when it is removed at night. Icing may cover the blood stain and the belt moves on.

In the baking and flour departments only men are used. For baking, too, the speed is relentless, the moving belt timed exactly with the heat of great ovens holding 6 sheets of dough at a time. In some Nabisco plants the number of men serving the ovens has been cut in half, so that each man is speeded-up to do twice as much as before. In the flour department, flour dust fills the lungs, and some workers find their arms covered with sores from skin irritation.

Profits Over \$22,000,000.

Who profits from the work of these men and girl workers in Nabisco plants? Back of the company stand the Morgan-Baker banking interests, with several representatives of J. P. Morgan as directors, including the president of Morgan's First National Bank.

Profits in 1930 were even greater than in 1929. A total of \$22,879,000 in net earnings for 1930 exceeded by a million and a half the profits of \$21,423,000 for 1929. A stock split-up during the year meant that on the basis of \$25-par stock, earnings in 1930 amounted \$8.50 a share on common stock, as compared with \$8.21 in 1929. Total assets were over \$128,000,000 in 1929.

Build the "Liberator"

By EARL BROWDER.

THE LIBERATOR is the most important weapon of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, its weekly paper which is at the same time agitator, propagandist, and organizer of the struggle. Its importance is given to it by the importance of this struggle.

Struggle for Negro rights is important not only to the 12,000,000 Negroes. It is a fundamental social question, directly affecting the lives of the total 120 million inhabitants of the United States. The working class as a whole must take up the struggle against the national oppression of the Negroes, for equality and the right of self-determination, as an essential part of its own struggle for liberation.

That is why the Communist Party is a part of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, its most active and leading section. The Communist Party does not leave the liberation of the

For the first six months of 1931, net income, after payment of taxes, exceeded \$9,406,000. "The showing of the company is due to the constantly increasing efficiency of all departments," announced the president of the company in a letter to stockholders in January, 1931. In other words, speeding-up of workers and cutting of wage-rates has increased the profits going to owners who never set foot inside the Nabisco plants.

Workers of Nabisco can protect themselves against this increased exploitation, not by boosting the sales of Uneda biscuits, but by organizing in the Food Workers Industrial Union.

Negro masses to themselves alone; on the contrary, it proclaims that the white workers must take a leading place in the fight for Negro rights. And while the League of Struggle for Negro Rights is a broad non-party organization, the doors of which are open to every white and Negro individual and organization which unconditionally fights for Negro rights, at the same time the L. S. N. R. recognizes that its program is identical with the Communist program on the Negro question, that the Communist International first definitely formulated this program in applying the principles of Marx and Lenin.

"The Liberator" is the paper devoted exclusively to the development of this struggle for Negro rights. Therefore, the present efforts being made to extend the circulation and influence of "The Liberator" demand the energetic support of every revolutionary worker, and especially the white worker who has heretofore neglected the problems of his Negro brother. That deadly poison of white chauvinism, popularly known as "race prejudice," which the capitalist class deliberately cultivates to keep the working class divided against itself, is the special enemy which must be overcome in building up "The Liberator."

Everybody to the task of extending the circulation of the "Liberator," fighting paper of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights!

In the Soviet Union wage increase and the universal introduction of the seven-hour day. In capitalist America wage cuts and the slave stagger plan. Attend the November 7th celebration mass meetings.

DESERTERS AND TRAITORS EXPELLED FROM THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN SACRAMENTO, CALIF.

V. G. Moss, J. Walker, and James Black have been expelled from the Communist Party as disruptive anti-Party elements, who have sabotaged the working class revolutionary movement, who have stooped in their anti-proletarian and anti-Party efforts to the basest means, including vile slanders against the Section and District leadership of the Party, anti-Semitism, and even threats of police action and association with known stool-pigeons and with spy suspects O'Brien, Kelly & Co.).

To confuse honest workers and to antagonize them against the revolutionary movement, V. G. Moss circulated a kind of petition against the Section Organizer of the Party, and brought it into the Unemployed Council meeting, trying to disrupt the Council. But after an explanation was given to the workers, they turned against Moss, and the meeting was a success.

By a resolution, adopted unanimously by the Communist Party membership meeting in Sacramento, held on October 7, all workers and workers' organizations have been warned against these class enemies and to cut them off from the working class movement organizationally and politically.

Approved by Central Control Commission, Communist Party of the U.S.A.

Over 11 million unemployed in capitalist America. Unemployment liquidated in the Soviet Union. Attend the November 7th Celebration mass meetings.

Red Sparks
By JORGE

Mattie Woll, Dramatic Director

Mattie Woll, vice-president of the A. F. of L., president of the Union Labor Life Insurance Co. and director of the Federation Bank, in his article in the November issue of "The Railroad Trainmen," makes the following sage observation:

"I know of no more dramatic experience in the history of American finance than that the depositors of American savings banks, largely the laboring people, have grown to the enormous army of 13,000,000 persons."

That is what Woll calls a "dramatic experience." But the said depositors have been staging another "dramatic experience" trying to get their money out of said banks. And in this Woll, as official of the busted "labor" bank, is obviously functioning as a "dramatic director."

We Displease Thomas

While Norman Thomas has received the approval of Fish, he (Thomas) is peeved because the workers who lost their savings in the Bank of U. S. don't like him, in fact they boo-ed him.

This, says the Rev. Thomas, is the work of these terrible Communists, and so he launches a lie (quite preacher fashion) to the effect that the Daily Worker "misquoted" him. But his entire letter was read to the depositors' meeting, just as written, and the Daily Worker is not responsible for the boo-ing it got. It merely recorded the fact that it WAS boo-ed.

The letter speaks for itself, in saying that "depositors who picked the wrong capitalist bank" should not be indemnified "out of the public treasury." Maybe he meant that they should have used a nice "labor" bank, like the Federation Bank which went bust also.

They are ALL "capitalist" banks under capitalism, so under his idea, the depositors can whistle—in spite of the fact that the state supervision is SUPPOSED to insure their safety. Mrs. Max Steur insured her's all right. She had \$55,000.44 in the Bank of U. S. and—after closing time the day before the bank shut up, got out the \$55,000—and left the 44 cents.

So Thomas is a bright boy in leaving the question doubtful by saying "if the responsibility of the state can be proved" and then backing out from that by irrelevantly dragging in "the needs of the unemployed come first." The way it is, neither the jobless nor the depositors get what's coming to them. But that don't bother the "socialist" Thomas.

What Is Progress?

One lone—and utterly mistaken—objector was heard from concerning our comment on Edison, which said nothing against Edison but lit into the capitalist system which prevents the development of countless other Edisons, and which retards the use of what Edison invented.

With even the far-from-complete spread of technical education among Soviet workers, these workers are creating a greater storm of inventions, and the most modern of modern machinery is welcomed (for instance something "advanced" America still don't use, the electric plow, is being introduced in the Soviet Union), while every effort is made to INCREASE production.

Meanwhile, we see such an outstanding spokesman for capitalism as Silas H. Strawn, president of the U. S. Chamber of Commerce, advocating in a speech over the radio on Sept. 9, that:

"The great problem that now confronts the world is to gear down the productive machinery so that it will synchronize with the consumptive capacity."

This reactionary proposal was hailed as a great idea. (We must mention here that what he says is "consumptive capacity" is the "buying capacity," which is quite different). But even when such a reactionary proposal is put forward as something fine for the workers, it is still a reactionary proposal.

We caution workers not to be deluded into thinking that the word "reactionary" is limited to lynchers, strike-breakers and fascist violence against the working class. Here, for example, in the N. Y. Times of Oct. 31, we find the following quotation from an article praising the Kellogg Food Products Co., of Battle Creek, Mich.: "A few weeks ago when the development was announced of a new machine which would have displaced 100 workers and effect a considerable saving in operating costs, Mr. Kellogg refused to have it installed. 'This is no time to displace workers,' he said."

In spite of the "charitable" excuse, this is reactionary, and we will bet that it is hypocritical to boot. Because capitalists aren't built that way, and what is doubtless the case is that by speeding up the workers at low rates the philanthropic Mr. Kellogg finds that he can make more profit than by going to the expense of buying the machine.

And that, too, is reactionary obstruction of progress, just as in China where one may see 20 men—and women—pulling a great load of lumber where a motor, or even horses, might do it.

But even giving credit for a doubtful sentiment of consideration for the 100 workers who might be thrown out of work by the machine, still it is reactionary not to install it. Because ultimate progress, and even the narrower interest of these 100 workers, require this machine to be used and the workers to fight to socialize it.

Progress demands that the machine be used, the workers freed from the labor BUT benefit from the social ownership of the machine. Yet the boss is "good." He makes the workers slave for his own profit and poses as a "philanthropist."

They are not SECURE even in the socially unnecessary work they might be doing by preventing the installation of the machine. The job is not theirs, but the company's, and by retarding mechanical progress they are laying the basis for a real shortage in production through a reversal of progress—a retrogression that can not possibly benefit the workers.

If this is not so, then it is perfectly sensible and progressive to abolish railroads and go in for the ox-cart, to destroy the steam shovel and use leopards, etc., etc. Capitalism is become openly reactionary (it wasn't once), and the only progressive thing now to do is to overthrow its rule.