

OUT ON THE STREETS ON AUGUST FIRST!

JOIN THE WORLD-WIDE PROTEST OF THE WORKING-CLASS AGAINST IMPERIALIST WAR.



Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.
(Section of the Communist International)

WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE!

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The London Conference Leads to War

THE London "Seven Power Conference" has failed. Before it started the capitalist press cried out in alarm that, if it would fail—a new world war would soon begin.

The American capitalist press now says nothing about war—but it admits, cautiously, with every headline trying to lay the blame on French imperialism, that all plans for "saving Germany" have failed. The London, England, "Times"—voicing the attempt of British imperialism to put the blame on others, states:

"So long as the United States Government declined to discuss war debts, and the French Government declined to discuss reparations, it was clear that no real progress could be made toward a permanent settlement of the economic problem of Germany."

This, then, is the net result of the hypocritical "Hoover Plan" on war debts and reparations: American imperialism will not give up the gigantic sums due it on war debts; and French imperialism will not give up reparations. There is clearly nothing left to discuss, although the Hoover Government continues to lie shamelessly in claiming that the "Hoover Plan," which by now nobody understands—is "adopted."

Even the most optimistic capitalist papers, such as the N. Y. Times (July 23) are compelled to contradict the stupid lies coming from the White House. The "Times" says:

"A published report from Washington to the effect that 'leading American bankers' had signed an agreement to carry out the administration's proposal for 'freezing' current short-term credits to Germany, was emphatically denied by all the institutions mentioned as well as by other important banks not specifically included in the report."

Thus, workers, you see the chief executive of this nation caught outright in a lie because a lie is his first refuge to cover up the failure of all his stupid plans to save—not Germany—but the \$3,000,000,000 of American capital invested in Germany.

Thus, worker, before your eyes is seen the failure and folly of the "great men" of capitalism. And remember, workers, that this failure was foretold by Maxim Litvinoff, speaking for the Soviet Union before the "European Commission" at Geneva on May 18. Litvinoff warned that—"Great armies are prepared at a moment's notice to plunge into bloody conflicts." But every proposal of real peace and disarmament by the Soviet Union is ignored by the imperialist war makers.

Opening the London conference, Ramsay MacDonald, the "socialist" lackey of British imperialism declared that unless the conference succeeded, the capitalist world faced a spread of "the Red peril"—a "peril" only to capitalism and its "socialist" servants—over central Europe.

Workers, you must expect an immediate thousand-fold increase of war propaganda against the Soviet Union, because these rival imperialist bandits, utterly unable to find any solution for the bankruptcy of their economic system, which throws tens of millions of workers and toiling farmers into starvation and consequently into a revolutionary attempt to overthrow these parasite plunderers of the masses, find it impossible to maintain their rule without violence against the toiling masses.

The workers and farmers, starving amid the boundless plenty of capitalist "over-production" and knowing that in the Soviet Union those who toil are assured food, shelter and clothing, knowing that in the Soviet Union there is no unemployment, nor wage cuts, but the seven-hour day and increasing wages, will not forever stand intensified hunger.

The imperialist world would therefore put out this beacon light of hope for the workers of the world! They would destroy the Soviet Union because it gives inspiration for revolution to the enslaved masses of Germany, now preparing to overthrow their slave drivers!

Workers, we warn you that only your hottest protest will cause the liars and war-makers to hold their hands! Organize in your shops, in your trade unions, everywhere uniting the employed and unemployed, the organized and unorganized, the youth, adult and women workers, to join in the world-wide demonstrations against capitalism on August First!

Onto the streets on August First!
Strike against wage cuts! Demand unemployment insurance!
Defend the Soviet Union!

Spread Paterson Strike; Mass Picketing Is On

Workers Respond Splendidly; Everybody in Paterson Is Talking General Strike; Unemployed Are Militant

PATERSON, N. J.—Mass picketing is spreading the strike of the silk workers which began yesterday morning. Strike committees are visiting mills urging workers to go out on strike.

To help the bosses and keep the workers confused the United Textile Workers, and Associated Silk Workers, affiliated to the A. F. of L., have decided to leave the tentative strike date of their organization at August 3, with the capitalist newspapers saying this is not definite and so-called strike action may be called off altogether.

The "Daily News Record," one of the organs that speaks for the silk bosses quotes McMahon of the United Textile Workers Union, as saying the employers and workers should get together to "save the industry." McMahon is concerned about protecting the bosses' profits.

The Paterson "Call" plays up statements issued jointly by the UTW and the ASW which call on the workers to be "loyal" and not go out on strike until it pleases the A. F. of L. scab officials—if at all.

The response of the workers to the call of the National Textile Workers Union is splendid. All that is needed is to send committees to the workers and they are ready to come on strike. One of the strikers went into the alley between two large silk buildings and called out strike. The workers came to the window, motioned that they were coming down. In two minutes they were in the street and went to the strike hall to carry on the strike.

A group of young textile workers went to the Weidman plant with some children, all of them shouting strike. The workers in Weidman flocked to the windows, indicating clearly that they are ready to go out, provided a committee goes down to lead them out.

The workers recognize the need of a union. Though the strike is being conducted by the United Front General Strike Committee and the National Textile Workers Union, many a worker has spoken emphatically about the need of a union and that union is the NTWU.

Everybody is talking strike—general strike. The children are infected with the spirit of strike, and go to the mills calling on the workers to come out. The movement for the strike is strong, the only impediments being the lack of trained forces and yet, the proposal of Mayor Hinchecliffe for the workers to join the strikebreaking Association. The workers know what the Association is doing to break the strike at the present time, and will not be fooled.

One of the most promising factors in the situation is the militancy of the unemployed. Although no special effort has been made to mobilize the unemployed for the strike, they are on the picket line, fighting militantly. Those workers who believed that the unemployed are a hindrance in strikes at the present time, are being quickly educated. The unemployed are one of the most powerful

forces arrived with machine guns, tear gas and all the paraphernalia of war looking for "Communists" who were singled out by the renegade Miller. Among those who were beaten and thrown out was Carl Hacker, secretary of the New York District of the International Labor Defense, who had come there with Jacques Bultenkant, attorney for the I. L. D., to offer legal assistance to the 22 strikers who had been arrested during the day.

On the night before, the strikers fired their lawyer, O'Connor, of the American Civil Liberties Union, who, in addition to taking \$200 of their money, had tried to break the strike and settle it at the bosses' terms.

The New York I. L. D. and the T. U. U. L. denounce this attack on the strikers' meeting by the police under the leadership of the Lovestone-Muste renegade, Miller. They stand ready to support the strikers in a militant struggle for their demands.

Ten members of the Unemployed Council in Albany were arrested recently for stopping strikebreakers from being shipped to White Plains. The strike committee which is running the strike at a mass meeting of the membership was kicked out, but through manipulations when a new strike committee was elected most of them got back on again confusing the membership and carrying out the same ruinous policies.

2,000 R. I. STRIKERS AT RALLY

Greet Burlak; Pledge to Carry Fight to Victory

Mill Offers "Increase" From Picket Line

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 23.—Over 2,000 General Fabrics and Royal strikers and sympathizers crowded into the Woodbine and Fountain lot in Pawtucket last night to express their solidarity with the strike and to welcome back Ann Burlak, organizer of the NTWU.

Burlak came back to the strike area at 4:42 p. m., immediately upon her release from the East Boston immigration station where she had been held for a week despite the fact that she was an American born citizen.

An hour before her arrival the word had passed around that she was coming. Almost spontaneously about 6 or 7 cars rode from house to house in the bowery of Central Falls informing the workers. About 200 strikers greeted Ann with cheers for the union when she arrived in the station. A spontaneous parade with the singing of strike songs followed.

At the Woodbine meeting, Nat Kaplan, District Organizer of the Communist Party, pointed out that the Party was active in work of all Rhode Island strikes. Tremendous applause greeted his remark that the capitalist government had acted as a strike breaker. He called upon the strikers to participate in the August First demonstration against imperialism and for the defense of the workers' fatherland—the Soviet Union. The demonstration will take place August 1st, at 7 p. m. at Elm and Central Sts., General Falls.

Cheering by the entire crowd greeted the announcement of Ann Burlak (CONTINUED ON PAGE FIVE)

BRONX ANTI-WAR DEMONSTRATION TO BE HELD SAT.

BRONX, N. Y.—Police were forced to retreat from their former position and grant a permit for an anti-war demonstration in the Bronx.

Thousands of workers will gather tomorrow, Saturday afternoon at 3 p. m. at 138th St. and Brook Ave., to protest against imperialist war preparations and to demand that all war appropriations shall be turned over to feed the unemployed millions of this country.

Mass organizations under their own banner will participate in a march which will be led by the band of the Workers' Defense Organization.

The Pioneers, members of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights branches, the Communist Party, many fraternal organizations, workers from the Giant, Puce and other laundries, from the Ramsey Shoe, Cuttler and Hammer and other factories of the Bronx will also participate in the demonstration and march.

All out Saturday, July 25, at 3 p. m. at 138th St. and Brook Ave. for the defense of the only Workers and Farmers Government, the Soviet Union.

Yesterday the Prussian government categorically rejected the Communist demands. The Central Committee of the Communist Party therefore decided to take over the leadership of the peoples' referendum and to secure the dissolution of the Prussian Diet. As the Communist decision means a victory for the referendum, the bourgeois press is deeply moved and the Vossische Zeitung calls for a prohibition of the referendum as an attack against law and order at a most critical moment of rescue work.

NEW YORK.—The London conference of the leading imperialist powers along with the representatives of German capitalism closed Wednesday (CONTINUED ON PAGE FIVE)

United Front Meets to Spread Mine Strike

'We Have Launched A New Offensive! Send Food Now!'

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 23.—The Central Rank and File Strike Committee meeting here sent the following telegram to the Striking Miners Relief Committee at Room 330, 799 Broadway, New York City:

"Central Rank and File Strike Committee at its session today decided to telegraph greetings of solidarity to New York and Philadelphia Relief Committees and urgently request that all workers of these two cities rally in the largest number possible for the tag days. Help us win the strike against starvation by immense collections for food and tents and milk for babies.

We have launched a new offensive and are taking preparatory steps. Other coal fields will be drawn into the strike. Therefore your aid must multiply speedily.

"Tomorrow we bury another striker shot by thugs on the picket line. Answer this murder by gigantic tag days in your cities and an immense money collection for strike relief thereby helping us to fight on to victory. Comrades! All out on tag day!"

"CENTRAL RANK AND FILE STRIKE COMMITTEE."

3,000 Detroit Workers Protest Police Murder of Ala. Croppers Endorse Aug. 1 Demonstration

Demand Arrest of Sheriff and Death to Police Lynchers, the Release of Scottsboro Boys and Negro Jury for Croppers

DETROIT, Mich., July 23.—Militantly expressing their indignation against the murderous police and landowners' terror against Negro croppers at Camp Hill, Alabama, 3,000 workers demonstrated here yesterday before the City Hall. One-third of the huge crowd were Negro workers.

The workers were addressed by white and Negro leaders of the revolutionary movement who exposed the vicious terror against the croppers. They showed that it was an effort by the landowners to smash the resistance of the croppers to the robbery of the landowners and storekeepers, as well as to silence their protests against the attempted legal lynching of the nine innocent Scottsboro boys. One cropper, Ray Gray, was murdered by the police when a meeting of the Share Croppers Union was attacked, five were wounded, four are missing and are thought to have been lynched by the police, while sixty are held in jail and are being railroaded to long prison terms or possible death.

The demonstration here unani-mously adopted a ringing resolution denouncing the police-landowners' crime and demanding the arrest of the sheriff and punishment of the police lynchers. The resolution also demanded the release of the Scottsboro boys, and a trial before a jury of workers, at least half Negroes, for the arrested croppers who are to have a preliminary hearing in Camp Hill this coming Monday. The attorneys of the International Labor Defense and the League of Struggle for Negro Rights are defending the framed-up croppers.

The big crowd enthusiastically endorsed the preparations for world-wide demonstrations on August First against the capitalist system with its lynch terror, its race hatred, its mass unemployment and misery, its wage cuts, and its preparations for a war of intervention against the Soviet Union.

NEW YORK.—The preliminary Anti-Imperialist Conference of New York will take place tonight at 7:30 sharp at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place.

It is expected that many trade unions, fraternal workers' organizations, Latin-American, Chinese, Filipino, and other colonial organizations of New York will be present. The conference, called by the Provisional Committee, is to consolidate the anti-imperialist forces of New York and form the New York Branch of the Anti-Imperialist League of the U. S. A.

With the actual armed intervention of Yankee imperialism against the Red Army and Soviet Districts of the Chinese workers and peasants and the army of liberation of Nicaragua, etc., and also intensified war preparations against the Soviet Union, the conference will adopt a resolution to appeal to all workers and anti-imperialists of New York to participate in the Anti-Imperialist War Demonstration on August First at 1:30, at Union Square.

For Negro Liberation. A resolution to protest against the Scottsboro lynchings and the recent murder of Negro share croppers of Alabama will also be presented to the conference. The conference will pay special attention, besides others, to the movement of the Negro masses in the United States, which is closely connected with the anti-imperialist struggles in the colonies, particularly in the Caribbean countries where the Negroes constitute almost one-third of the native population.

The conference also has the close cooperation of the Trade Union Unity League of Greater New York. J. Steuben, assistant secretary of the Council promised to see that "revolutionary unions and leagues as well as the minority groups in the A. F. L. locals are represented."

All delegates must come on time tonight at 7:30, at the Irving Plaza. Those organizations that have not elected their delegates yet must appoint immediately today their delegates to tonight's Anti-Imperialist Conference. Individuals interested in the anti-imperialist struggles are also invited to attend.

Central Rank and File Strike Committee Points Way

Coal Production Down Fayette County Meet for Strike Demands

BULLETIN. PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 23.—A successful picket line was held this morning at Castle Shannon where the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Co. has its mine number two. The miners continue to walk out. Production has been reduced from seventeen railroad cars last Friday to five today. The operators are making desperate attempts to find scabs in Pittsburgh.

The Fayette County coke-coal region will hold its united front conference soon to formulate demands and issue the call for a strike. Forty-six delegates from twelve mines have already been elected. These mines all belong to the Frick, Ral-zev, Hillman and Republic Steel Companies. Many more mines will be represented.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 23.—The second big dent, and the biggest so far, in the Pittsburgh Terminal seab agreement made under Governor Pinchot's auspices by the United Mine Workers—was reported amidst applause and enthusiasm to the full meeting of the Central Rank and File Strike Committee here today (July 22).

Mine No. 2 of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Co., located at Castle Shannon had 270 men in it yesterday—slaving along under the wage cut rate of 42 and a half cents a ton, and harassed by continually increasing amounts of unpaid labor. This morning a fair sized picket line was placed in front of the mine, and 170 of the miners refused to go in. Of the 100 (approximately) who did go down, many said they were only taking their tools out and would not go down tomorrow.

The large force of special deputies, whose terror campaign against the miners had much to do with driving the men into the U.M.W. trap in the first place, were neatly fooled. They were all rushed to Coverdale, where picket lines have been maintained for some days, since part of the men walked out. Undoubtedly the deputies will be back at Castle Shannon tomorrow, but the strike is spreading again through the Pittsburgh Terminal Mines.

The fiasco made by the U.M.W. chieftains Murray and Fagan at Cantonburg, Sunday, has further reduced prestige of the U.M.W. The fact that the Pursglove miners,

(CONTINUED ON PAGE FIVE)

SPEED FUNDS TO DAILY WORKER Needed in Mine and Textile Strikes

Another strike! In Paterson the silk and dye workers have gone out on strike against hunger and slave conditions. They join their brothers in Rhode Island, the coal miners in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, the battling working class everywhere.

Show your solidarity with the silk strikers by sending your half dollar to the Daily Worker today! Collect half dollars from your shopmates and friends! Put all your efforts into raising the quota of your district! Half dollars to the Daily will blow the Paterson silk bosses and the traitorous officials of the Associated Silk Workers. Speed every cent to the Daily Worker, 50 E. 13th St., New York City.

T.U.U.L. PICNIC MEETING TONIGHT. All delegates of unions and leagues of the T.U.U.L. and members of the One Big Picnic Committee must come to the enlarged meeting of the Picnic Committee to be held tonight at 8 p. m. Take notice that the address of the meeting is changed to the headquarters of the Needle Trades Union at 131 West 28th St.

Tag Days Funds Must Be Turned In Immediately

Collections Will Aid, Give New Life to Striking Miners

NEW YORK.—Final instructions for the Tag Days, Saturday and Sunday, July 25th and 26th have been issued by the Penn.-Ohio Striking Miners' Relief Committee at 799 Broadway, Room 330.

Just as soon as the boxes are filled on Saturday and Sunday, the relief committee announces, workers should return the boxes immediately to the nearest relief depot. When the Tag Days are over, workers are under no circumstances to wait until Tuesday or Wednesday to return the boxes, but are to bring them in on Monday morning.

Pamphlets and buttons for mass distribution are to be obtained at all the collection depots, to be distributed free of charge.

Thousands of workers must appear on the streets of New York, Saturday and Sunday, with a collection box for miners' relief.

The amount that is collected on these Tag Days will have an immediate effect on the health and energy of the striking miners.

Help these miners and their families fight starvation! Aid them in their tremendous struggle against the coal barons.

Call at the following stations for collection boxes:

New York: 799 Broadway, 16 W. 21st St., 131 W. 28th St., 196 E. Broadway, 143 E. 103rd St., 11 Clinton St., 350 E. 81st St., 301 E. 29th St., 110 W. 116th St., 15 W. 126th St., 253 Lenox Ave.

Brooklyn: 962 Sutter Ave., 61 Graham Ave., 127 Osborn St., 1844 Pitkin Ave., 1373 43rd St., 140 Neptune Ave., 48 Bay 28th St.

Bronx: 785 Westchester Ave., 830 Westchester Ave., 2109 Arthur Ave., 1400 Boston Road, 2700 Bronx Park E.

Astoria, L. I.: 23-78 Steinway Ave. Newark, N. J.: 90 Ferry St.

MUSTE, MILLER PROPOSES SELL-OUT OF STRIKERS

Directs Cops in Attack on T.U.U.L. Representatives

NEW YORK.—Bert Miller, renegade from the revolutionary movement, acted as director of operations in an attack by police and detectives on the representatives of the New York District of the International Labor Defense and the Trade Union Unity League at a meeting of the striking road workers of White Plains, N. Y., Wednesday night.

At the meeting, held at strike headquarters, 41 Lexington St., Miller, trying to hide his identity under the name of Benjamin Mandel, brought before the strikers a set of proposals that constituted a brazen sell-out of the strike. Miller spoke as the representative of the Conference for Progressive Labor Action, the Musteite group which, since the start of the strike about two weeks ago, has been making strenuous efforts to betray it. Instead of the \$5 minimum day's wage that they have been demanding, Miller-Mandel offered them 50 cents an hour, while overtime would be voluntary with no stipulation for extra rates. Instead of recognition of their independent union, Miller told the men to go back to work and that the contractors would agree "not to interfere with the union." Miller said that a wage of 55 cents an hour would "break" the contractors and certainly "this we don't want to do at this time."

So incensed were the strikers over these proposals that when A. Rubin, organizer of the Trade Union Unity League, asked for the floor to expose this sell-out, the workers demanded that he be allowed to speak; whereupon Miller-Mandel with his bodyguard, a White Plains detective who sat on the committee platform, began a fight to oust Rubin. The dick drew his gun and threatened to shoot. Rubin was thrown out while the strikers jeered the detective and his aides. Soon after that, 25 po-

lice arrived with machine guns, tear gas and all the paraphernalia of war looking for "Communists" who were singled out by the renegade Miller. Among those who were beaten and thrown out was Carl Hacker, secretary of the New York District of the International Labor Defense, who had come there with Jacques Bultenkant, attorney for the I. L. D., to offer legal assistance to the 22 strikers who had been arrested during the day.

On the night before, the strikers fired their lawyer, O'Connor, of the American Civil Liberties Union, who, in addition to taking \$200 of their money, had tried to break the strike and settle it at the bosses' terms.

London Meet A Failure; Crisis In Germany Sharper Than Ever Before

LONDON, July 23.—The conference of the seven imperialist powers was concluded at noon today. An agreement was reached of a limited plan to maintain Germany's short term credits. It was also agreed to renew the 25 million pounds Reichsbank credit due August 15th for a further 90 days. The action through consortium banks acting through the Bank of International Settlements was intended to prevent the withdrawal of existing foreign credits. It was also decided that a committee of experts work out detailed measures required to carry out the Hoover moratorium. Delegates included in an orgy of self congratulations at the conclusion.

Today's Liberal News Chronicle

Big Bank Topples; More Wage Cuts for Workers

writes: "The immediate results of a German economic collapse would undoubtedly create political disorder of the gravest kind, probably a Communist revolution. Whatever the outcome of such a revolution it would inevitably involve political disturbances throughout Europe, for many years and imminent danger of civil or international war."

BERLIN, JULY 23.—The Rote Fahne appeared again yesterday after suppression for a fortnight.

T.U.U.L. PICNIC MEETING TONIGHT. All delegates of unions and leagues of the T.U.U.L. and members of the One Big Picnic Committee must come to the enlarged meeting of the Picnic Committee to be held tonight at 8 p. m. Take notice that the address of the meeting is changed to the headquarters of the Needle Trades Union at 131 West 28th St.

PATERSON MAYOR RAISES "RED" CRY IN EFFORT TO BREAK STRIKE

PATERSON, N. J., July 23.—The Communist Party section of District 2 here, has issued the following statement in connection with the general strike in the silk industry:

"Mayor Hincliffe, mayor of Paterson, N. J., has shown that the bosses of Paterson are afraid of the strike of the silk and dye workers. Hincliffe has called upon the workers to join the Associated Silk Workers, who only the day before the strike began, appealed to the workers not to go on strike, but to wait till such time as the Associated leaders might consider it 'practical'."

"When the silk and dye workers read the statement of the Associated, they branded it as strike-breaking. The Paterson workers know that the United Front Strike Committee appealed twice to the rank and file of the Associated and United Textile Workers to join the general strike. Twice they appealed to them to elect rank and file delegates to the General Strike Committee—and twice they were turned down by the strike-breaking officials of the Associated and U.T.W."

"The strike-breaking character of these officials is all the clearer, when one remembers that the Allentown silk workers are members of the U.T.W. and these workers have entered into joint struggle with the Paterson workers against the bosses."

In order to extend the united front struggle in Paterson, an Allentown delegation on July 17 went to the Associated and U.T.W. in Paterson, together with the delegation of the Paterson General Strike Committee, but their appeal was turned down by the officials.

"Strike-breakers, stoopigeons of the bosses—that is what the Associated and U.T.W. officials have proven to be, and that is what the workers of Paterson are calling them."

"Mayor Hincliffe, representative of the big utility interests of New Jersey and associated with the silk industry, now calls upon the workers to join this strike-breaking outfit. In pathetic words, he admits that conditions are 'not good' in Paterson and that the workers should have the right to organize. Yes, they will organize, but they will not join the strike-breaking union, the Associated with its socialist leaders. They will join only the union that together with the General Strike Committee is leading the general strike in Paterson, namely the NATIONAL TEXTILE WORKERS UNION."

"The silk and dye bosses are taking this strike very seriously. They know that the workers will fight, that conditions, wages and hours in the mills are rotten. They know that the workers are fighting against the bosses, their strike-breaking lieutenants in government, and their stoopigon labor agents."

"Following the line of the bosses in every industry where workers rise in revolt against conditions, these strike-breakers think that they can frighten the workers by raising the cry of Communists and Reds. The day of such tricks is over. The workers will fight, and the Communists are proving to them that they are the only, the true and the best leaders of the working class. The Communists are on the picket line, in the fight everywhere leading and participating in the struggle. It is the role of the Communists—to organize and lead the workers in struggle against the bosses and all their agents."

"Workers: The situation is clear. It is the united front of the workers against the united front of the strike-breakers. Build up your union, the National Textile Workers Union! Build up your party, the Communist Party! United, the workers will win against the bosses and their agents!"

What's On—

- FRIDAY**
- Brooklyn Workers' Club**
Mass meeting at 1510 Eastern Rd. on August and imperialism, 8:30 p.m., July 24. Prominent speakers from the Labor Movement.
 - Trade Union Unity League**
All delegates of T. U. U. L. groups and members of the Big Picnic Committee must come to the enlarged meeting of the P. C. to be held at 16 W. 21st St., July 24, 8 p.m.
 - Young Defenders No. 1**
Will have an open-air meeting for Miners' Relief and Defense at 161st St. at 8:30 p.m. on July 24.
 - Steve Katoivis Branch I.L.D.**
Indoor meeting at 257 E. Tenth St. at 8 p.m. on July 24.
 - Steve Katoivis Branch I.L.D.**
To have an open-air meeting at Tenth St. and 1st Ave. at 8 p.m. on July 25.
 - German Arbeiterbund**
There will be a meeting and a lecture by Ernest Kornfeld in the Queens County Labor Lyceum July 23 at 8 p.m. on the "Economic Struggle" in the German Trade Union.
 - Intervor Youth Branch I.W.O.**
Is having a social and dance at 2188 Bryant St., 17th St. to-night at 8 p.m. All proceeds to go to Miners' Relief. Admission 15 cents.
 - I.W.O. Branch 500**
Will have a meeting at the Workers' Center, 25 E. 12th St. At this meeting there will be a lecture and a discussion on the German Crisis and the War Impact. All workers invited. Comrades who were not examined should come for the address of the doctor.
 - Brighton Workers' Club**
To have a mass meeting July 24 at 141 Neptune Ave., Brighton, at 8:30 p.m.
 - Mapleton Workers' Club**
Lecture to be given at 1654 66th St., Brooklyn, 8 p.m., sharp July 24.
 - August 1 Pageant**
Rehearsal July 24 at Workers' Center, 25 E. 12th St. on second floor, at 8:30 p.m.
 - F.S.L. Brownsville B.C.**
Will hold an open-air meeting at Bristol and Pitkin Aves. at 8:30, sharp. All workers invited.
 - Young Defenders No. 1**
Will hold an open air meeting July 24, 8:30 p.m., at 161st St. and Prospect Ave., for Miners Relief and Defense. A miner from the strike fields will speak.
 - Workers Exersicvemen's League**
The W.E.L. speaks to all members to be at an important membership meeting, this Friday, 8 p.m., at 79 E. 10th St.
 - Cleaners and Laundry Workers**
Will have a monthly membership meeting July 24, 8 p.m., at 121 W. 21st St.
 - Trade Union Unity Council**
All delegates of unions and leagues of the T.U.U.L. and members of the One Big Picnic Committee meeting, to be held at 16 W. 21st St. tonight at 8 p.m.
 - Downtown Unemployed Council**
The D.U.C. of 134 E. 7th St. will have two open-air meetings July 24. One at 7th St. and Avenue B, and another at 4th St. and Avenue B.
- SATURDAY**
- International Workers Club**
will meet July 25, 8 p.m. at the Huronian Workers Home, 250 E. 84th St.
 - Joe Hill Branch, I.L.D.**
is having a beach party July 25 on 4th St., Brighton Beach.
 - Attention Medical Workers**
All medical workers who have some spare time are asked to report to 35 E. 12th St., on the third floor, July 25, 5-3 p.m. Help needed in preparation for August 1.
 - Young Defenders No. 1**
The Y. D. will hold an evening July 25, in Van Cortlandt Park. There will be games, songs, and fun, including refreshments. Admission free! The group will meet at 8 p.m. at 257 E. 10th St., co-operators at 242 St. and Broadway.
 - Brownsville Branch, I.L.D.**
A four luncheon will be given July 26 at 2 p.m. at 2745 W. 5th St. Admission 25 cents. Proceeds for Prisoners' Pledge fund, one is in store for all.
 - The Brownsville Branch, I.L.D.**
challenges the Brownsville Youth Center in raising the most money for Miners' Relief.
 - Emblem Literary Club**
Sunday, July 25, there will be a debate on Communism at 5:30 p.m. at 149 W. 136th St. All revolutionary workers are to attend and to come early. Admission is free.
 - Tag Day**
The Miners' Relief Committee asks all Brownsville organizations to take tag boxes for the Saturday and Sunday Tag Days at 134 Pitkin Ave.

TRIMMERS STRIKE IN SOLIDARITY WITH BLOCKERS' STRIKE

For seven weeks the blockers and trimmers of Berg and Arnoff, 40 W. 38th St., have been striking against a wage cut. The bosses tried to make the blockers take the cut first and when they refused they were locked out. The trimmers refused to work while the blockers were on strike and also went down. The workers have been conducting a militant picket line and will continue until the strike is won. The shop chairman has stated that the workers will only go back to work on the decision of the rank and file strike committee of blockers and trimmers which has been conducting the strike thus far. The workers demand the complete reinstatement of the blockers.

ACW STOPPAGE IS SET FOR WEDNES.

To Strengthen Grip of Hillman Clique

NEW YORK.—Simultaneous with the drafting of an agreement between the Amalgamated Clothing Workers and the manufacturers that will outlaw strikers, and introduce the privilege of changing to cheaper lines, the Hillman bureaucracy is now preparing for a stoppage in the industry for the sole purpose of extending the stranglehold of the company union upon the workers.

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at
PLEASANT BAY PARK
SUNDAY AUGUST 2

Parades of organizations with bands and banners led by the striking miners, furriers and textile worker from Paterson will be reviewed by

Wm. Z. Foster
Who will speak on the
MINERS STRIKE

Wonderful program of entertainment details to be announced

Organizations order tickets from:
T. U. U. C. PICNIC COMM.
16 WEST 21ST STREET
Phone CHelsea 3-0963

Tickets in advance 25 cents
At gate 35 cents

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EYES EXAMINED BY REGISTERED OPTOMETRIST
Now in TILYU Theatre Bldg.
1607 SURF AVE.

ALL COMRADES MEET IN—
LEMILICH'S
VEGETARIAN AND DAIRY RESTAURANT
2702 MERMAID AVENUE
Cor. of 27th Street, Coney Island

Militant Tampa Cigar Workers Start Daily Worker Club Moving Tampa Sales of Daily Going Up Now

A challenge to all other districts must be the meteoric action of the Tampa Cigar Workers in their support for the fighting organizer, the Daily Worker. Recently they whizzed into the revolutionary atmosphere at its dawn moment when the Daily Worker, suffering the throes of its first crisis, with a flash of \$500, wired across the country, to save their paper. Today the heartening and welcome news comes that they have taken up the call to organize clubs of readers, friends and sympathizers of the Daily Worker with the establishment of the first Daily Worker Club in Tampa, Florida. Surely this is a feather in the cap of the revolution. It follows the letter of A. M. B.

TOTALS ON TUESDAY SLUMP BADLY; CLEVELAND TO HOLD PICNIC AUG. 2

Workers who do not want their names published because of possible persecution should indicate this in sending in their contributions. Collectors should ask those who contribute whether they want their names printed.

Table with 4 columns: District, Total, and sub-totals for various regions like New York City, New Rochelle, etc.

2,000 Rhode Island Strikers At Rally

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

that Paterson silk workers had voted to go out in general strike on Wednesday. The Paterson silk strike will have a profound effect in many other silk centers. The NTWU plans to call a New England silk conference in order to spread the struggle.

PUTNAM, Conn., July 23.—The M. Salzberg silk mill here feeling the solid stand of the strikers has already been talking of conferring with the workers. M. Salzberg, head of the plant, made statements to the press offering a "substantial increase" in wages to the employees, a 48 hour week with three 8-hour day shifts for the weavers and a 55-hour week for the finishers.

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NEGRO REFORMISTS RUSH TO DEFEND BOSS TERROR AGAINST STARVING ALABAMA CROPPERS

Calhoun in Associated Negro Press Dispatch Justifies White 'Supremacy', Admits Class Interests of Reformists with Capitalists

At the international working class rallies to the now world-wide fight for Negro rights and against the hideous persecution of the Negro people the tools of the bosses within the Negro race are rushing forward in a frenzied attempt to betray the struggles of the Negro masses, defeat their militancy and force them to accept the frightful conditions imposed by Jim-Crow capitalism.

Admits Class Interests With Bosses The fear of these Uncle Tom reformists that the Negro masses will fight back against the murderous attacks and in so doing will jeopardize both the comfortable living and the standing of the bosses within the Negro race is rushing forward in a frenzied attempt to betray the struggles of the Negro masses, defeat their militancy and force them to accept the frightful conditions imposed by Jim-Crow capitalism.

UNITED FRONT MEETS TO SPREAD MINE STRIKE

working for the same boss in West Virginia, are joining the National Miners Union, aroused the enthusiasm of the members of the Central Rank and File Strike Committee, and will do the same for the Pittsburgh Terminal miners. The Strike Committee today made arrangements for a joint conference of delegates of the strikers and men still at work in Pittsburgh Terminal mines, and delegates of the Purslove, West Va., miners.

STRIKER DIES OF STARVATION

NEW YORK.—Tragic proof that thousands of the striking miners are starving was provided on Tuesday when a miner walked into the Pittsburgh office of the Penn.-Ohio Striking Miners' Relief Committee, asked for a piece of bread, and then dropped dead of starvation.

LETTERS FROM STRIKING TEXTILE WORKERS SHOW DETERMINATION TO WIN

A SCAB IS A RAT—(By a Worker Striker) Weybosset Mill.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—At 8 o'clock this morning (Friday) when the Weybosset picket line was heading for the meeting at the hall, 1765 Westminster St. two scabbers were seen. One scabber, of course, was fat Alice Horrace. The other was lanky Emma Rine.

SOLID FOR UNION BY Bloom Worker, Putnam

We walked out on July 13th, 800 strong. We struck because we are fed up on staying on a 65 hour week schedule. Being solidly in the union we can win a 48 hour week with no cutting in our wages. We picket every day.

AGAINST DISCRIMINATION By Salzberg Worker, Putnam

Our strike of 300 workers started when the company tried to discriminate against a member of the N. T. W. U. When the mill committee could get no satisfaction from the company officials we walked out solid. We are going to win.

FIGHT TO THE END By General Fabrics Worker

"They tried to starve us back to work. We answered with relief. They tried to terrorize us back to work with clubs and tear gas. We kept up the fight. They tried to fool us back to work with Anna Weinstein of the U. S. Department of Labor. We ran her out of town. Let the company grant our demands and we'll go back to work."

BEYOND PICKET BY Royal Mill Striker

My suggestion is that we form a march and try to get as near to the mill as possible. We must picket despite all the cops in the world. The papers are lying when they say 400 are scabbing. Out of 1300 strikers only 100 have tried to scab.

Notes for Workers on Strike

(By a Worker Correspondent) PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Be Careful of the guy who starts off with: "I hear that... etc., etc." and then tells a funny story of some kind. Tell him to go to the Strike Committee and tell them. If it is true they will tell it to the world.

Kansas City Unemployed Council Growing

Dear Comrades: The Central Branch Council of Unemployed Executive Committee had called a meeting at the home of a comrade out near the Union Depot recently. When they got there, they found that through a misunderstanding the comrade had notified the Rosedale Branch that there was to be a new Branch organized, so this militant branch had spread the word and the house was full of workers from the immediate neighborhood waiting for an organizational meeting.

Toil 16 Hours Daily in N. J. Tile Plant

Keasby Heights, N. J. Workers of Raritan Hollow Tile Co. are working as much as sixteen hours a day. Two days work is done in one. In many cases one man does the work of two and three. They are forced to go into hot kilns to take out or set in tiles.

August First Demonstrations

August First Anti-Imperialist War Mass meetings are being arranged in every city and town of District No. 2. The following meeting places have been reported thus far: New York City: Union Square at 1:30 P. M.

I enclose a 50 cent piece to build the D. W. Sustaining Fund. (Put cross here) or monthly sum of... I pledge myself to WRAP ME UP AND SEND TO DAILY WORKER 50 E. 124th St., N. Y. C.

London Meet a Failure, Crisis in Germany Sharper Than Ever Before

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE) a complete failure so far as plans for "curing" the German crisis were concerned. The capitalist press all along had heralded the conference as advancing to its goal. Its conclusion shows glaringly that the conflicts between all the powers have sharpened.

The possibility of the closing of another leading bank tomorrow and also the apparent failure of the London negotiations for the relief of Germany's economic plight again conjures up visions of an impending aggravation of the financial situation in Germany.

the backs of the workers, through a new wave of wage cuts: "Business circles are now demanding further cuts in wages to equalize the position of German producers on the world markets, and permit German manufacturers to make a better fight for foreign markets. However, it is widely feared that such a step would hasten the growth of political radicalism within the country."

The Associated Press reporting on the vote for calling of the Reichstag, presented by the Communist fraction, and supported by the fascists and Nationalists (the latter two joining in order to mislead the masses as to their intentions) was voted down getting 243 votes, with 267 votes being necessary to put the demand over. The socialists backed the Bruening fascist dictatorship.

Don't Let Ailing Kidneys and Bladder Ruin Your Entire Bodily Health. You'll be sorry if you don't act at once to curb kidney and bladder trouble. A serious breakdown in your health may occur. Take action at once. Get Santal Midy from your druggist. It has been prescribed for half a century by doctors throughout the world. Santal Midy

Speaker after speaker hammered away on the main theme—now that the strike movement and the organized movement in support of the strike is spreading into new territory, now is the time to finish the job in Central Pennsylvania, now is the time to build tighter and more effective organization, establish more rigid responsibility, and clean up the Pittsburgh Terminal, Pittsburgh Coal and Vesta mines—the spots where the strike it not fully effective.

Advice on the formation and activity of local defense committees was given by Stern, I.L.D. district secretary. Every attempt, by mass pressure, is to be made to get arrested men out without bail, fines are not to be paid except in unusual cases. There are over 900 arrests since the strike started.

Alfred Wagenknecht spoke of the necessities of further strengthening of local relief committees as the national campaign, although improving, can not begin to provide the food needed at present to save the miners' families from starvation.

Many Starving There are many unemployed workers whose families are at the point of starvation and about to be evicted from their homes for not being able to pay rent. These workers go to the factory each morning to ask for work, but they are only turned away. Workers! How much longer are you going to let these rotten conditions exist? Organize!

Wage Cuts They are paid twice a month. The work is piece work and the workers often don't know how much is coming to them. A short time ago there was a wage cut. In some places where piece work is in existence, they have to put out more tiles per hour for a were slugged and beaten up. Delegates elected to this convention were murdered by the Lewis-Fagan gunmen. Lewis and Cappellini establish a reign of assassination in the anthracite. In the present strike, the U. M. W. maintains its scab agreement in Pittsburgh Terminal and other mines, while its allies, the deputies and state police use clubs, gas bombs, and guns to force the miners to accept it, and all the wage cutting, unpaid labor, starvation and slavery conditions that are written into it.

The United Mine Workers, the operators, or their press, come into court with unclean hands when they accuse the strikers of violence. The striking miners, fighting for their very lives, must insist on the right to picket against strike breakers, whether U. M. W. officials or ordinary scabs. The National Miners Union must claim the right to picket, to assemble, and to demonstrate for the miners' strike.

War on the Chinese Front!

By R. DOONPING.

IMPERIALIST war preparations are going on at feverish speed in every capitalist country on the globe. But war clouds have already burst into an ugly storm in China. There is already war on the Chinese front!

War has been such a frequent occurrence in China lately that superficial observers are likely to underestimate its importance, disregard its connection with world issues and dismiss it merely as another local "disturbance." But, as a matter of fact, no war in China can be correctly regarded as merely a local affair, and the present war, more than any former Chinese wars, has a deep international meaning and, indeed, can be considered as an integral part of recent developments in world politics.

There are in the military sense, five armed forces in China, the Manchurian army, Chiang Kai-Shek's army, the "buffer armies" of Shih Yu Shen, etc., the Canton group and the Red Armies. But politically, there are essentially only three groupings, the two counter-revolutionary cliques, one serving Yankee imperialism and the other the Anglo-Japanese "alliance," and the revolutionary Soviet forces of the workers and peasants. The four counter-revolutionary armed forces, and the two reactionary political groupings, are constantly entangled in inevitable contradictions and are busily maneuvering and counter-maneuvering and even engaged in armed struggles against each other, but they have a common hatred for the revolutionary workers and peasants. Because, socially, there are only two camps, the camp of the imperialists, landlords and capitalists, and the camp of the workers and peasants. This basic social alignment is far from being obscure to the reactionary groups. It underlies all their maneuvers. It is not for no reason that the cannons boom loudest on the Kiangsi front where the two basic social forces are in direct armed contact.

That the fight between the two basic social alignments is the main issue in China, while all other issues occupy merely a subordinate place, is admitted even by T. V. Soong, Minister of Finance of the Nanking Government and Chiang Kai-Shek's right-hand man. Soong, in an official report, clearly states that "the present campaign of armies of the National Government against Kiangsi Communists is only a prelude to a life-and-death struggle between the Chinese social and economic system and the Communist system." (N. Y. Times, July 16.)

Thus, there is only one major front in China and that front is not an isolated front but a sector of the world-wide front in the struggle between the oppressor and the oppressed, between the forces of black reaction and decay and the forces of Red revolution and progress.

Wall Street imperialism, owing to its dominant position as one of the foremost capitalist powers, plays a particularly sinister role in this world-wide struggle. While Mellon and Stimson are pulling diplomatic strings in Paris and London, doing their best to "organize" European capitalism against the rising tide of the German Revolution and feverishly preparing for a desperate armed attack against the Soviet Union, American airplanes, machine guns and ammunition, handed to Chiang Kai-Shek with the open approval of the State Department at Washington, D. C., are massacring Chinese workers and peasants on the Kiangsi front! Deportation campaigns are launched in the United States to send revolutionary Chinese students and workers (Li and Hsi) to their death at the hands of Chiang Kai-Shek. Under the very eyes of American "advisers," Senators and Congressmen in China, countless numbers of revolutionary Chinese workers and peasants, including the leader of the Chinese Communist Party, Comrade Hsian Chung-Pa, are tortured and butchered with the utmost cruelty.

The anti-Communist war in China is part and parcel of the world campaign against Communism, fought with the weapons of lies, armed attack and white terror. China, being one of the weakest links in the imperialist chain, naturally witnesses the struggle in its highly developed stage and in its most acute form. But the fight is world-wide. The Kiangsi front is not a front in a Chinese war, but a Chinese front in the approaching world war!

The Chinese red forces, steeled in battle and experienced in prolonged warfare, fight bravely and intelligently. The recent reported orderly retreat of the Kiangsi Red Armies into Fukian does not signify defeat, despite the boastful reports of Chiang Kai-Shek. The Chinese front of the world struggle is taking the form of a somewhat prolonged civil war. The world proletariat can substantially contribute to bringing about a speedy victory! Let the demonstration on August First be a mighty protest against imperialist war and a world-wide revolutionary mobilization for intensified struggle on all fronts!

"THEY DON'T WANT OUR ORGANIZIN' CHIEF!"



By BURCK

Red Sparks

By JORGE

A "Closed Incident"

We are not responsible for the "foreign-sounding names" of the persons in this story, who, from the Buffalo Times of July 16, nevertheless seem to be 100 percents all of them. Also, the incident is thoroughly American, including all its lighter phases, such as murder and police atrocity.

Three young lads, Henry Buszkowski, Edward Borkowski and Edward Krajewski, went auto riding the night of July 5, to-O, look!-to "Liberty Park" in the town of Cheektowaga, N. Y. We again warn you that everything is 100 per cent American and that there is no reason to think that the Polish Question has become entangled with the Five Nations of the Iriquois.

Leaving the car a bit, somebody stole Henry Buszkowski's coat with his auto driver's license. He notified the Cheektowaga police, who first assured him that he could drive without it, and then pinched him for doing as instructed.

The desk sergeant notified Henry's mother, who arranged bail with another 100 per center, a Justice of the Peace named Pawlak, from there to the jail. We now yield the floor to a lawyer for Henry's mother, who said that she and Henry's sister, on arrival at jail:

"... were kept waiting for more than an hour without seeing the boy. Suddenly an ambulance drew up. The two women were told to wait outside. In a few minutes the ambulance physician came out and told the mother that Henry was dead and that he had hanged himself."

The lawyer entered the case because Henry's family don't believe Henry "hanged himself." He was healthy, had a good job and had no reason to kill himself. But Police Chief Emil Coppola (which is long for "cop"), another 100 per center and he said he did.

But it seems, according to a certain doctor who performed an autopsy, that Henry must have not only "hanged himself" but beat his own brains out before he did it!

That was rather awkward for the police, but they got the County Examiner, a Mr. Kujawa, to say that "as far as he was concerned" it was suicide and that the case "is now a closed incident."

We are not interested in this case as a "labor case," it isn't. But workers should learn that the capitalist police, urged and ordered by the boss class to ever more savagely against revolutionary workers as the capitalists grow more fearful of revolt, become mad-dogs against the masses, ready to strike down anyone who has no "pull" as anti-social as a rattlesnake and worthy of the same respect.

Why Not Read Lenin?

To cover a number of questions recently sent us, about socialism, the dictatorship of the proletariat, and to explain that Stalin's speech is not any "backward step" as the capitalist papers say, we quote the following few paragraphs from Lenin's book, "The State and Revolution":

"Marx, not only with the greatest care takes into account the inevitable inequalities of men; he also takes cognizance of the fact that the mere conversion of the means of production into the common property of the whole of society—'Socialism' in the generally accepted sense of the word—does not remove the shortcomings of distribution and the inequality of 'bourgeois justice,' which continue to exist as long as the products are divided according to the quantity of 'work performed.'"

"But these defects (Lenin here quotes Marx) are unavoidable in the first phase of Communist society, in the form in which it comes forth, after the prolonged travail of birth, from capitalist society. Justice can never be in advance of its stage of economic development, and of the cultural development of society conditioned by the latter."

And so, in the first phase of Communist society, generally called Socialism, 'bourgeois justice' is not abolished in its entirety, but only in part, only in proportion to the economic transformation so far attained; that is, only in respect of the means of production. 'Bourgeois law' recognizes them as the private property of separate individuals. Socialism converts them into common property, and to that extent and only to that extent does 'bourgeois law' die out. But it continues to live as far as its other part is concerned, in the capacity of regulator or adjuster dividing labor and allotting the products among the members of society.

"He who does not work, neither shall he eat"—this Socialist principle is already realized. "For an equal quantity of labor an equal quantity of products"—this Socialist principle is also already realized. Nevertheless, this is not yet Communism, and this does not abolish 'bourgeois law' which gives to unequal individuals, in return for an unequal—in reality—amount of work, an equal quantity of products.

"This is a 'defect,' says Marx, but it is unavoidable during the first phase of Communism; for, if we are not to land in Utopia, we cannot imagine that, having overthrown capitalism, people will at once learn to work for society without any regulations by law; indeed, the abolition of capitalism does not immediately lay the economic foundations for such a change.

"In the highest phase of Communist society (Lenin again quotes Marx—Jorge), after the disappearance of the enslavement of man caused by his subjection to the principle of division of labor; when, together with this, the opposition between brain and manual work will have disappeared; when labor will have ceased to be a mere means of supporting life and will itself have become one of the first necessities of life; when, with the all-round development of the individual, the productive forces, too, will have grown to maturity, and all the forces of social wealth will be pouring an uninterrupted torrent—only then will it be possible wholly to pass beyond the narrow horizon of bourgeois laws, and only then will society be able to inscribe on its banner: 'From each according to his ability; to each according to his needs.'"

It seems necessary to repeat Lenin at this length, because too many folks simply will not read; yet they are always ready to pop up with what the lawyers call a "fixed opinion"; or, in some cases, they have read Lenin but haven't learned anything particular, and get troubled in their insides every time some pig of a bourgeois journalist solemnly declares that the Soviet Union is "going back to capitalism."

Support the Struggles of the Colonial Peoples

By L. AMTEE.

THE demonstration of 200,000 workers in Manila was a stab at the heart of American imperialism. This is the first time, on a major scale, that the Filipinos have demonstrated for independence. True, after the Spanish-American war, the movement for independence was strong, but was misled and betrayed by the national bourgeois leaders. There have been revolts of the mountain tribes, but these were put down by the Philippine constabulary. These were called "revolts of backward, savage" people, but it is clear that the Chinese Revolution has inspired the Philippine workers and peasants, and the crisis has driven them to action. The Manila demonstration, therefore, must not be regarded as a machination on the part of the nationalists, not even to please an American senator, who plays "revolutionist." This demonstration is the result of a mass movement caused by the desperation of the masses of workers and peasants, who, for the present, are being led by the national bourgeoisie. This revolt will turn into a revolutionary movement, led by the Communist Party, which is being organized throughout the country.

In Cuba, the revolutionary movement is suffering the horrors of hell. Machado, the butcher and tool of American imperialism, is trying to crush the revolutionary organizations of the workers and peasants. Many hundreds of revolutionists have been murdered. The Communist Party is illegal, and the revolutionary unions face suppression at all times. But, despite the terror, the crisis in the country, due to the sugar over-production, is driving the workers and peasants forward. Despite butchery and massacre, the Communist Party carries on its work.

In Nicaragua, the revolt of the "outlaws" cannot be put down, and the marines know that their task cannot be ended. The situation in Nicaragua and Panama continues to grow more serious for the imperialists, for the crisis weighs down on the shoulders of the workers and poor peasants.

Mexico, South and Central America are going through the world crisis. This is being put on the shoulders of the workers and peasants. The world coffee crisis, affecting Brazil; the slashing drop in the price of copper and potash in Chile, the closing down of production, both agricultural and industrial, throughout South America, have driven the South American country into bankruptcy. This has caused alarm in Washington, just as the threatening collapse of German capitalism shocked the imperialist capitals of the world. And just as Hoover proposed a "debt holiday" for Germany, with a stake of about three billion dollars in Germany, so, too, in South America, where close to six billion dollars of American money is invested, with trade amounting to hundreds of millions (which has been seriously hit by the crisis), a "moratorium" is being proposed. This has rejoiced the hearts of the South and Central American capitalists, who think that in this way the crisis will be overcome, just as Hoover, Bruening, MacDonald and Laval think it will be overcome in Europe. This will be in vain. The crisis will only break with greater severity, and the crash will be complete.

To avoid revolution, the imperialists, who see ruination for their system, are heading toward war. This is being intensified every day by the growing success in fulfilling the Five Year Plan in the Soviet Union. No more can the capitalists speak of the "breakdown" of Soviet economy. They see the menace to their system, with starvation, misery, over-production, wage-cuts, speed-up in their own countries, while the new system of Socialism grows with gigantic steps in the Soviet Union. Therefore, war is being prepared with intense haste against the Soviet Union, the most energetic proponents of it being the fascist leaders of the American Federation of Labor, the socialist party and the Musketiers.

It is the duty of the American workers to support the colonial workers and peasants in their struggle against the bloody terror in Mexico, South and Central America. As long as the colonies remain, the fascist terror will continue. The American workers cannot get free from the yoke of capitalism but through the united struggle with the colonial masses.

The District of New York has the special duty of helping the Cuban workers and peasants in their struggle against the murderous fascist Machado government, the agent of American imperialism. This support must be given not only in demonstrations and resolutions, but in material support to the masses through their revolutionary organizations.

On Friday, July 24, at 8 p.m., at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place, the Anti-Imperialist League of New York is calling a conference to link up the organizations of the workers of the Latin-American countries in New York with the organizations of the American workers, in JOINT STRUGGLE against American imperialism and their tools in government in Latin America. This struggle is not only against the capitalists and their capitalist agents, but likewise against the leadership of the A. F. of L. and the "socialist" party, who support the savage attacks of American imperialism, and of the fascist governments on the revolutionary workers and peasants of Latin America.

Select delegates to this conference and make it not only an expression of revolutionary opposition to imperialism, but also an instrument of revolutionary activity against the enemies of the workers and peasants, not only of Latin America, but likewise of the United States.

Down with world imperialism!
Demand the independence of the colonies!
Defend the Soviet Union against armed intervention!
Support the coming German Revolution!

PARTY LIFE

Conducted by the Org. Dept. Central Committee, Communist Party, U. S. A.

Our Immediate Tasks Among the Workers on the South Side of Chicago

By D. R. POINDESTER (Section 2, Chicago).

ON the south side, we have a working-class neighborhood where we should have the best class solidarity. Instead we find that the bosses have been able to keep up their segregation and Jim-Crow policies. A wave of hate still exists in the minds of the whites who live in the section between 31st and 70th Sts., the hot-bed of the boss-prepared race riots of 1919. It is here the bosses have repeated again and again that the Negro was responsible for this onslaught in which many working-class lives were needlessly lost. This lie which has gone on uncorrected has caused much abuse to the Negro, who has fallen victim of many murderous attacks by the hands of encouraged hoodlums, who make it their duty to interfere with any colored worker who might by some chance pass through this territory. There are two cases on record where defenseless Negroes were actually murdered and a score or more where they were viciously slugged. I myself, am one of their victims.

Last evening, as I was returning from a meeting at about 11 p.m. I was accosted by a gang of these "gentlemen" and was asked: "Nigger, where are you going?" and "What are you doing in this territory?" I told them that since they were not officers, I thought it was not their affair. They then began slugging me—some seven or eight of them, afterwards reinforced by five more who were sitting across the street and who came armed with the chairs on

It Is Clear to the Miners!

By ANN ALLEN.

ON SUNDAY, the girls from the mining patch and thereabouts, do not have to get up so early, to give out relief after the picket line. Sunday morning they can sleep.

But the girls do not sleep on Sunday morning. These are not times to think of comfort, and one's own little house. The girls take mops and brooms, hot water and strong-smelling soap, to the two-roomed, white-washed relief headquarters of their union. They scrub from the floor to the ceiling. When they are finished, everything is spotlessly clean. White-washed walls are without a spot. Everything is in its place. The floor shines. They cover the little table with a gay piece of oilcloth and place exactly in the middle, the oil lamp. This is their self-imposed work today, for their union, the N. M. U., that is leading them through this difficult life and death struggle. The girls admire their work.

Throughout the week, there are many difficulties in this relief headquarters. For the first weeks, there was plenty milk for the families with babies. And although some days passed when there was no bread, the fact that the children were not crying for food, was something to be glad for, and the picket line was not impaired. But now, relief was not coming in the same quantities as before, and women with drawn faces, and men, with dark lines in their faces stood before the relief headquarters and doggedly insisted that they must have food, that they did not want to scab. But sometimes there was no food—and the strike was in danger. The miners and their wives thought and said, what were the workers in Philadelphia, in New York, in Cincinnati, Los Angeles, Minneapolis, doing that they could let the miners go hungry and imperil the strike? The socialists and the U. M. W. offered food. But "no poison, but working-class relief" was the miners' slogan. And what answer could the workers who had done little or nothing give?

In Santiago, a miner and his family of five small children, had lived three days on one loaf of bread. A miner from a neighboring town, who would not scab, came to get some food from a sympathetic grocer, and could not return to his shack alone. He was weak from hunger, and had to be carried. What answer could the workers give?

The daughter of a scab said "My daddy is working. He didn't want to go back. But we kids only got greens from the relief, and my daddy said to my mother 'I can't see them kids starve in front of my eyes.'" The girl talked with tears in her eyes. She wanted to be a member of the Miners Children's Clubs, but the kids would not take her in. "My daddy won't join the United Mine Workers though, although his boss says he has to. My daddy is for the National." Repeat this case by the thousands, and

which they had been sitting. They were stopped only by the screams of a working-class woman and her thirteen-year-old daughter, who came to my rescue. Bleeding and bruised, I was assisted by them to the street car and given care, since I had lost what little I had during the fight. Although this attack was made right in the light, where there were many workers resting, no one raised a protest except the woman and her little daughter. My benefactors told me they had witnessed three similar attacks on Negro workers in less than a month.

These attacks serve to further disunite the white and Negro workers in this neighborhood. These attacks, therefore, serve to slow up the revolutionary movement in the south side. It is up to us, then, to begin a drive against this damnable white chauvinism.

Firstly, a strong educational campaign must be carried on by the class-conscious white workers in this vicinity, closely allied with the class-conscious Negro workers.

Secondly, the whole working-class press should carry on a campaign viciously condemning these atrocities.

Thirdly, white and Negro workers must organize themselves into defense corps. The workers in Section 2 must give this their immediate attention.

Long live the solidarity of the Negro and white workers!

On with the fight to destroy chauvinism in the ranks of the working class!
Onward toward the building of workers' defense corps!

you too will know the immense strategic importance of relief—the immense necessity that relief from the fellow-workers of the miners, be poured by the truck-loads and train-loads into the strike fields. What answer can you fellow-workers give?

In the little room, the lamp was lit. Twilight. And seven, the pick of the strike and relief leadership were waiting. They had militantly fought on the picket lines. They had tirelessly grappled with the problems of relief. These seven, miners and their wives, were becoming working-class leaders through the necessity of the time. Two sat on the wooden bench. The others sprawled on the floor, waiting. The lamp flung strong, grotesque shadows, of two women and five men.

One of the well-known strike leaders enters, and all look at him, wondering why this special meeting had been called for so small a group. He greets them with the word "comrade" that they use to each other now in the strike field.

"Comrades," he says, "we are going to talk tonight about some things that you already know. Then about some things that are new to you. Then we will discuss, and you will give me your ideas."

The organizer seats himself on the bench, and begins. "We have called you seven here tonight, because you are the leaders of this strike in this section. The best fighters, the most trustworthy. The most class-conscious—the most fit, to be entrusted with the additional tasks that face workers, who know their interests are not, and never can be, the same interests of the bosses."

The seven look at him curiously, and listen keenly. The organizer begins to tell of conditions, and one girl whispers to the other "Let's go to the dance at the Corners when the meeting is over," then she too, cannot help but listen. The conditions are those they know, "old vividly. The Hungarian" in the corner nods h's head in affirmation. The young American stops twirling his cap. The whole picture is painted—of starvation, rebellion against starvation—of fight, and strike. But the organizer does not merely tell of conditions. He tells of the cause of those conditions. He speaks very simply. "Comrades, you must know that there are two classes—"

He speaks of class interests, of the anarchy of capitalism, of the slavery of the worker who sells his laboring power, of the exploitation of the boss, who owns the means of production, of the agencies that the boss uses to keep the worker in slavery. The organizer speaks of the struggle of the proletariat for power. He speaks of the Soviet Union, of six hours a day for miners, of rest periods, of bosses' palaces turned into rest homes, of socialized production. He speaks of the Russian Communist Party—of the life that will be under a working-class society. It is dark outside now. More than an hour and a half has passed. The seven are motionless, listening. Hungarian, Slovak, Russian, the four young Americans listen. They nod, when a special point seems peculiarly and personally clear.

"And here, after the strike" the organizer says "there will still be coal operators, whether or not we win our \$5 a ton. There will still be special deputies, judges and their injunctions. There will be capitalist newspapers, and bosses' schools. There will be very rich men, and those who are starving. After our strike this system of slavery will enable the bosses to exploit us and our fellow-workers yet to cut our wages, and use all the agencies, of state and federal government to keep us in slavery."

The organizer speaks of the republican and democrat, the socialist party, and makes them laugh at his pointed allusions. Then the organizer explains that there is a Communist Party in the United States, leading the workers. He tells of the Daily Worker, the only paper that has supported the miners' strike. He tells them that most of the strike leaders are Communists. Why? Because the Communist is always the leader in the working-class fight. The organizer tells again of the historical duty of the working class to overthrow this dying system. He explains how the Communist Party leads this historical fight of the working class for power.

"Here in—do you think there must be a Communist Party, to expose the bosses, and their maneuvers against the working class—to give the best possible leadership to all our strike activities? Do you think that you must become the basis of a powerful Communist unit in this

Lies for the Imperialist War

"A service that in the stormiest hours of America's life and the bloodiest days of the life of the world has kept our people at peace with all the earth; a service that has kept homes happy, family circles unbroken while the old world staggers beneath its weight of mourning and death—This triumph of yours will not be told in history by a great debt, a mammoth pension roll, vacant chairs at unhappy firesides and Decoration Day services to place flowers upon the mounds of those who achieved it, but it will be told in the victory of matchless diplomacy, and of irresistible logic, presenting in an unequalled manner the everlasting principle of justice." (Woodrow Wilson, Sept. 3, 1916)

These damnable lies were told seven months before the United States entered the last imperialist war. The same lies are being told now as the imperialists are preparing for the attack on the Soviet Union. Throw these lies in the face of the bosses liars. Defend the Soviet Union! All out on August First in a mighty demonstration against the imperialist war preparations.

section that will assure leadership to the struggles of the working class here? To devote your time, your lives to this cause—to stop being miners, rank and filers, to begin to be leaders of the working class? There is silence, then the miners discuss.

The Russian speaks, "I have felt the lash of the czar's cosacks," he says,—and speaks intensely saying that what was done to the czar must be done here.

"Well I am young," one young American says, "I have no experience. But I am glad I am young—so I can give the rest of my life to the abolishing of this damned capitalist system—" he stops shyly, alarmed at the determination of his voice.

The girl with shining eyes speaks, "Well, I think the same as my brother here. My father worked in the mines all his life. Worked, and we starved. Days went by, and we were hungry. Then this strike came, and I thought I was doing all I could. But I'll stay a Communist until I die!"

The other young American speaks, "He is blond and powerful looking. 'I can't talk exactly what I want to say,' he blurts out, 'but if my father could speak to you now, he could tell you some stories—' He had his back broke in the mines. He was a fighter, and I guess that's why I'm a fighter. I think we got to start the Communists here, and stick to it. Because I'm a worker—I'm part of the working class. And what else could I do, but to fight for them forever—?' He stops, and the rest speak. Tell of their own hard lives—tell of the Daily Worker, what it taught them.

The organizer, the Communist, gives them application cards. They all sign. A date is set for the next meeting. They all leave the relief headquarters together. And the girls do not go to the Corners where there is a dance. They say little to one another. But all walk together. They part from the organizer reluctantly, and all shake hands warmly. There is a different feeling between them now. They are all Communist workers entrusted with the task of ending working class slavery.

A Party unit has just been born there in— These miners are determined to take up the strike problems as Communists. They feel their connection with the working class all over the world. They know their immediate task is to win this strike—to win against terror, against the bosses and their deputies—to win against hunger, and the deadly U.M.W. and Socialist relief—to win against all the capitalist forces united against them. Relief, milk, greens, meat, bread, no longer means merely food, relief to them—these Communists, but agencies that will aid them win a working class victory. Milk, greens, bread, now mean weapons with which they are fighting the bosses. These new Communist look to the class conscious fellow-workers of the miners. They believe that those awake to this fight must devote their energies, their lives to helping them win this victory—because they now know it is a step forward to the final victory of the working class.

Fellow workers of the miners! There is only one answer you can give them! It is clear to the miners that you must send food, money, relief at once, to win this working class fight, the significance of which the miners in the scrubbed relief headquarters now understand. Send relief in large quantities, to Pennsylvania-Ohio Striking Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Victory for the miners!