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(Section of the Communist International)

WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE!

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PATERSON SILK, DYE WORKERS' GENERAL STRIKE TODAY

The German Crisis and Its "Saviours"

THREE weeks and a half ago Hoover "saved" Germany! Only now, however, the servile "thanks" given by the Bruening Government to Hoover for this "salvation," has turned sour.

Then with Reichsbank President Luther on his knees at the Basle "Bank of International Settlements," Germany was going to be "saved" over again by the B.I.S. allowing Germany to keep for a while longer the \$100,000,000 it recently borrowed.

On Tuesday, the N. Y. World-Telegram, managed to squeeze in a hopeful headline: "Bankers Begin Hoover Plan" over a story from Basle that began by saying—"The Hoover Plan was made effective today, when the council of the Bank of International Settlements agreed on a method by which Germany's unconditional Young Plan annuity may be made to the bank in monthly installments. Germany will pay 41,666,666 Marks tomorrow, etc.

That "tomorrow" came. But there came also from Basle, a dispatch saying: "Officials of the Bank of International Settlements said this afternoon that so far Germany had paid nothing of the amount due from her today. Directors of the bank appeared disconcerted by the failure to receive payments. The bank had decided that Germany must pay the 41,000,000 Marks. . . . France had instructed her bank to collect her part of the payments and reloan it to Germany. . . ."

This paying and reloaning is some of that "simple international bookkeeping" which Hoover said, after France first knocked his "plan" on the head, would be the "final step" in "saving" Germany. But when Wednesday the 15th came, Germany did not pay until after midnight, and only after a tremendous lot of international telephoning, during which the bankers were putting the boots to Germany. The bankers at Basle were "disconcerted." And Wednesday's dispatch continued thus:

"Confusion prevailed regarding the German payments and two viewpoints existed. The first was the Anglo-American interpretation that the Hoover plan means suspension of all payments today. The second, held by the French, possibly supported by Italy, was that Germany must pay and the money would be immediately reloaned to her."

The "unconditional" payment was finally blacked out of Germany at the eleventh hour, and this—so it is said—"settled the question" as to the continuity of the Young Plan as desired by France. But it also started a new argument as to whether the whole Young Plan should be scrapped, the Hoover Plan having failed to stop "all" payments, as it supposed to.

Thus, after all, the famous "Hoover Plan" not only has all capitalist diplomats and bankers quarrelling over what the hell it means, but the further it has gone the deeper and more catastrophic the crisis it was supposed to "solve." And from this new muddle, we are asked to believe that the London conference of "experts" to be followed by a joint pow-wow of these "experts" with the diplomats, will "really" solve something.

Workers should think how much trust they should have in "bankers," "experts" and "diplomats"—in the leaders of the whole world capitalist class, which, having brought about this ungodly confusion and disaster, expect the tolling masses of Germany to be "peaceful and orderly" and wait for these insane thieves and parasites to figure out something new in the line of robbery and deceit!

Not the bankers, but the German masses will settle this crisis. The German masses, with the example before their eyes of victorious socialist construction, no unemployment, rising wages, the seven-hour day and bread and freedom—in the Soviet Union, are preparing, under leadership of the powerful Communist Party of Germany to settle accounts once for all with the mighty bluff of revolution!

1,500 Miners March on Steubenville for Relief

KEEP MILL CLOSED IN R. I. STRIKE

Vote to Stay Out On Strike; Reject Fake Vote

Police Attack Pickets Strike Solid; Very Few Return to Work

BULLETIN. PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 21.—The Weybosset Mill was kept closed despite the company announcement that it would reopen today, on the basis of a fake vote that only fourteen decided to stay out. The real workers' vote showed 469 for strike and 49 against until noon yesterday.

Mass picketing was broken today by a huge police line. Forty who went in will be taken out by the noon picketing. The strike is standing solid.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 20.—On Sunday the workers of the Weybosset Mill overwhelmingly defeated the attempt to sell out their strike. The Olneyville Businessmen's Assoc., and a political fool of the American Woolen Co., Alderman Duffy, led the move to sell out the 600 strikers. These reactionaries announced that they would take a vote on returning to work Monday. At the request of a committee representing the non-union element of the strikers, the press announced that "petty" officials of the Weybosset Mill would be in the polling place to see to it that the workers had "a fair vote."

The Strike Committee in its meeting on Saturday immediately saw that this was a fake vote which would be taken and counted by the company. They decided to defeat the company move by taking a real workers' controlled vote on Sunday on the question of standing solid in the strike for the return of the 12 1/2 per cent wage cut. On this basis the following statement was issued by the Strike Committee:

"Smash the bosses' fake vote! Stop the sell out! Stand firm for the 12 1/2 per cent wage cut return; for no discrimination and for the recognition of the Mill Committee!"

"Fellow workers of the Weybosset Mill: We, the Weybosset Mill workers, (CONTINUED ON PAGE FIVE)

Boss News Agency Admits Attack on Croppers Aimed To Smash Their Union

World-Wide Demonstrations August First to Protest Murder of Croppers and Frame-Up of Scottsboro Negro Boys

NEW YORK.—Open admission that the murderous police terror against the Negro croppers around Camp Hill, Alabama, who dared to protest against the Scottsboro legal lynching, was aimed at smashing the union of the croppers and crushing their resistance against the robbery of the big landowners and storekeepers is contained in an Associated Press dispatch from Camp Hill. The dispatch, which was published in yesterday's New York Evening Post, declares:

"Thirty-four Negroes arrested in connection with efforts of Tallapoosa County authorities to break up the share croppers' Union" were in jail today on the charges ranging from conspiracy to murder to carrying concealed weapons while the International Labor Defense and Police Chief J. M. Wilson of Camp Hill engaged in a duel of statements."

As a result of this brazen terrorizing of workers who dare to organize to resist the robbery of the rich landowners, one Negro cropper is dead, murdered in his bed by the police, five were wounded, four are missing and are believed to have been lynched by the landowners and their police agents, and scores of croppers are being railroaded to jail and possible death sentences on the most vicious frame-up charges.

Preliminary Hearing Monday! The arrested croppers are to have a preliminary hearing next Monday in the Camp Hill, Ala., boss courts. The International Labor Defense and the League of Struggle for Negro Rights are defending the croppers and are sending counsel to Camp Hill for the hearing. These are the same organizations that are defending the nine innocent Scottsboro boys.

World-Wide Demonstrations August First.

In the meantime, protests from workers and their organizations throughout the country are pouring in to Chief of Police Wilson of Camp Hill, Ala., and to Governor Miller at Montgomery, Ala. The workers of the whole world stirred to burning mass indignation by the Negro boss terror against the Negro people are preparing for

(CONTINUED ON PAGE FIVE)

"NO LOOM MUST TURN, ALL OUT"

Fakers Fearful, Plan Strikebreaking for Bosses

To March to Halls Demand More Pay; 8-Hr. Day; End Speedup

PATERSON, N. J., July 21.—A call for a general strike of all silk and dye workers in Paterson beginning at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning was issued by the United Front General Strike Committee and the National Textile Workers Union, 205 Paterson St.

The call addressed to all "dye workers, silk workers, men, women, young workers, jaquard and hat-band weavers," says: "Strike! All out! The time has come. No loom must turn. The bosses have driven us to hunger and now we will answer with our best weapon." It is expected that 20,000 workers will be affected.

Fakers Active The Joint Board of the Associated Silk Workers met last night and took up the question of calling a strike on Wednesday at the same time that the United Front General Strike Committee and the National Textile Workers Union is calling the strike of Paterson silk and dye workers.

The overcrowded meeting held by the United Front general strike committee on Friday night and the rapidly spreading sentiment convinced the fakers of the Associated that their talk about there being no basis for a strike in Paterson was all nonsense. All Paterson has been kept up only waiting for the vote for general strike.

Especially among the right wingers in Paterson, Socialist and Socialist Labor Party, there has been the greatest scepticism as to the power of the general strike committee to call a strike. The meeting, however, convinced them that a strike was definite in Paterson and therefore a group of these right wingers went up to the Joint Board of the Associated and proposed that the Associated call a strike on Wednesday. When they arrive at the meeting of the Joint Board, they were told that the Joint Board also was considering it. A delegation of the workers went to a meeting of the general strike committee only to find that it had just adjourned after it had unanimously voted a general strike Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. If the fakers of the Associated and the U. T. W. think that they will make their way into the United Front General Strike Committee, they are sadly mistaken. These reactionary leaders who have twice blocked unity of the rank and file of the silk and dye workers, rejecting their delegation of Paterson and Allentown and branding the strike a Communist trick, have no place in the rank and file strike committee.

Smash Strikebreakers The United Front General Strike Committee has issued a statement saying it "calls upon the rank and file of the Associated and U. T. W. to come out on strike together with the rest of the workers of Paterson and to elect their delegates to the General Strike Committee. March to the hall in your section; line up with the fighting silk and dye workers of Paterson. Certainly by now you have seen through the treachery of your leaders who stand in the way of the United Front of the rank and file. Throw these leaders overboard for it is perfectly clear that by breaking the United Front they have prepared to break the workers on the interests of the bosses. Smash their hold and join the workers on the picket line fighting against hunger and miserable wages."

Where To Go The following are the halls the strikers will march to in a body

5,000 Back Up Demands of Miners; United Front Meets Push Action Program

To Hold United Front Conference in South Illinois, Sunday

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 21.—The National Miners Committee of Northern West Virginia has ordered 2,000 National Miners Union application blanks and thousands of copies of strike literature for the Purglove mines which are owned by the Taplin interests, who are also the owners of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Co. mines here.

The United Mine Workers of America made a scab agreement at the Purglove Terminal mine, near Pittsburgh. The UMWA scale in the Purglove mines is 30 cents a ton. The Purglove miners are joining the National Miners Union as a result of the National United Front Conference.

Next Sunday the Southern Illinois united front district conference will take place at Belleville, Ill., or St. Louis. William Z. Foster will be a speaker. Mass meetings will be held throughout the district. Tom Myer-sough will follow speaking in the name of the Miners National Unity Committee of Action.

The seventeenth warrant has been issued in Canonburg as the result of the breaking up of the scab meet of the UMWA at which Fagan, Murray and other scab officials of the UMWA were to speak. Thompson of the National Miners Union is among those for whom warrants have been issued.

(Additional News on Page 3.)

6500 TAKE PART IN MASS MEETING

First of Its Kind in Steubenville

BRIDGEPORT, Ohio, July 21.—Fifteen hundred striking miners, their wives and children marched on Steubenville this morning to Courthouse Square. Joined by 5,000 Steubenville workers, a meeting was held and a committee elected who County Commissioners, all in face of the ultimatum of Mayor Conroy that the march and meeting would be broken up by all forces at the disposal of the city and county.

This first meeting is the first of its kind in the history of Steubenville—a stronghold of the Wheeling Steel Corporation, where not even during the steel strike was it possible to hold a mass meeting.

The hunger marchers paraded through the steel workers section in an impressive demonstration with workers on foot from 5 a. m. many munching dry bread as they walked.

The County Commissioners reiterated their proposal to the hungry workers to send their children to the poorhouse and referred them back to the State government. One commissioner asked permission to speak at the meeting. This he was refused. He was told by Bill Calvert, chairman of the committee. "This is not our policy. If you want to make a speech, organize a meeting yourself."

The speakers were Sivert, Bohus, Calvert, Carr of the National Miners Union and Triva of the Trade Union Unity League. Truhar of the Women's Auxiliary, Jones, a Negro woman, and Harvey for the Communist Party.

The demands for immediate relief of \$10 weekly for five dependents, unemployment insurance, defense of the Soviet Union, release of all class war prisoners, Mooney and Billings and others, protest against the massacre of Alabama Negro share croppers, against the legal lynching of the Scottsboro boys were unanimously adopted at the meeting.

WILLIAM SIMON, 16-YR. OLD MINER KILLED BY SCAB

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 21.—William Simon, a sixteen years old member of the National Miners Union was shot and killed last yesterday at the Gaylord mine near Martins Ferry when three scabs in a machine opened fire while passing through the picket line. Joe Peterlin, the murderer, was arrested in order to keep him safe from the wrath of the miners.

Hundreds of miners demonstrated at the Yorkville jail. The Belmont County prosecutor justifies the murder and is all set to release the murderer. The youth committee is mobilizing youth protest meetings calling all young miners to reply with a stronger participation in the picket lines and a harder struggle against the UMW and operators for their demands.

A mass funeral for Simon is now being prepared. At the Graveside Mass committee meeting fifty miners and women are to be elected to picket the Columbus statehouse, and the Governor's mansion demanding removal of all armed forces, and cessation of increasing terrorism.

Two miners were killed and three seriously wounded in the last two days by the bosses' mine guards. The entire fraternal delegation of 85 miners from Wellsburg, West Va., to Steubenville were arrested by state police.

Workers Correspondence is the backbone of the revolutionary press. Build your press by writing for it

ANTI-WAR MARCH IN BRONX SAT.

Step in Preparation For Aug. 1 Meet

Thousands of workers will demonstrate on Saturday, July 25, at 3 p.m. at 138th St. and Brook Ave. against imperialist war preparations and for the defense of the Soviet Union. This demonstration is prepared and organized under the leadership of the Communist Party, by a United Front Anti-War Committee elected at a United Front Anti-War Conference held on July 17, where 65 organizations were represented by 75 delegates.

The Negro and white workers who will participate in this demonstration will demand that all war appropriations shall be turned over for the immediate aid of the unemployed.

The police department of New York did not answer as yet the request of the Anti-War United Front Committee requesting a permit for a demonstration and parade. This indicates that they will refuse a permit and try to make it impossible for the workers to stage a demonstration.

Permit or no permit the Bronx workers will demonstrate on July 25 at 3 p.m. at 138th St. and Brook Ave.

Brownsville Anti-War Conference

The Brownsville United Front Anti-War Committee has called a conference of all working class organizations of Brownsville Thursday, July 23, at 1844 Pitkin Ave., at 8 p. m. The conference will lay the plans for mobilizing the workers of Brownsville for a mighty demonstration against war and for the defense of the Soviet Union. The demonstration is planned for Thursday, July 30.

Organizations that have not elected delegates are asked to do so immediately. Individual workers should come and help plan the mobilization of the workers in their house and vicinity.

RUSH THOSE HALF DOLLARS TO DAILY

Need \$5,000 to Go Over the Top

What will be your answer to the New York Daily News?

This gutter-sheet, owned by the powerful McCormick interests in Chicago, in an editorial in Sunday's issue, calls in unmistakable terms for a war against Soviet Russia.

The Daily Worker on Monday exposed this editorial, which was printed on the very day that Premier Laval of France and Chancellor Bruening of Germany came to an "understanding"—an understanding that means slavery for the German masses and war against the Soviet Union.

Workers, you have shown what the Daily means to you during this, the worst financial crisis in our history. Don't let the Daily slide back again! A flood of half dollars, plus Tag Day and coupon book money that's still outstanding, will raise the \$5,000 that will keep the Daily going through these tough summer months.

Answer the Daily News TODAY! Answer with half dollars to the Daily Worker, 50 E. 13th St., New York City. Strengthen the fight for the defense of Workers' Russia! Every half dollar is a blow at the imperialist war-makers, a blow at Fish, Woll, Hillquit and the entire anti-Soviet crew! Demonstrate August 1! Demonstrate now with half dollars to the Daily!

Relief Stations To Be Open to 10 P. M.

The following stations of the Penn-Ohio Striking Miners Relief Committee will be open until 10 p. m. every night except Sunday for the collection of food, money, shoes and trousers for the striking miners. Central Station: 240 E. 9th St. Other Stations: 830 Westchester Ave., 237 East 106th St., 11 Clinton St., 140 Neptune Ave., 61 Graham Ave., 1844 Pitkin Ave., 48 Bay 28th St.

"Goose Egg Pay Checks" Show Fight On Hunger; Miners Need Relief Now

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 21.—Pay slips and pay envelopes are piling up in the Pittsburgh relief office filled with the coal operators' goose eggs and kisses. Goose eggs and kisses are what the miners call the 000 and which appear at the bottom of the pay slips. Go into any mining camp and dozens of miners approach you, pull their pay slips out of their pockets, as if proof is needed that for months and years they have almost never seen any of the almighty dollars coined in the U.S.A.

These pay slips are the symbols in this strike. They unmistakably prove this to be a strike against starvation. Actually it is not necessary to read these pay slips. Go into any mining camp, look at the children, look at the miners' wives, at the miners themselves; go into any miner's home and in hundreds of instances you will not find a pinch of salt. Sit in at a discussion with any of the dozens of relief committees that pour into Pittsburgh from the mining camps and hear their tales about the suffering babies in the camps and hear them plead for any kind of canned milk, eagle brand preferred.

In one strike section the relief committee was fortunate enough to develop a milk route among the farmers and 15 gallons come in every few days for the babies. But only in one or two farming sections are

Strikers Babies Are Without Milk—Starving!

dairy farmers found. How will the other babies live?

The Women's Auxiliaries of the National Miners' Union, which are being rapidly organized, are giving attention to the strike problems as well as relief problems. Today a phone call from a camp notified the central relief committee that a serious case of child birth had to have hospital attention at once. Problems like this pile up every hour during the day. We call upon you to help settle them to aid these starving men, women and children who are fighting the murderous coal operators who are starving them to death. There must be organized in all the cities, industrial centers, towns, relief committees affiliated with the Pennsylvania-Ohio Striking Miners' Relief Committee. These women's relief committees, composed of wives of workers, farmers, women in industry, will readily understand what problems these fighting miners face in their homes. For this gigantic strike tens of thousands of women can be mobilized as relief collectors, going out day after day into workers' and farmers' homes, soliciting small storekeepers, etc., storing up pounds of food, cans of milk, and shipping tons of food to Pittsburgh.

Funds must also be collected. Every penny, dime and dollar counts very big at this time in this big strike.

The Women's Auxiliaries of the National Miners' Union calls upon all working women and women's organizations to organize the most thorough strike relief collections that this country has ever seen. In every few blocks, in every city and neighborhood, a relief headquarters must be established, where food can be stored when collected, and all the women in the neighborhood must be organized to make collections day after day.

A total of 150,000 miners, miners' wives and children are now involved in this strike. You can clearly see the gigantic task before us. In the name of all dependents of the striking miners and the women's auxiliaries we earnestly call you to action. You can effectively help to silence the guns of the blood-thirsty coal and iron police, deputies and thugs, you can help to stop the murdering and wounding of striking miners as occurred in Wildwood and Arnold City a few days ago by gathering tons upon tons of food, and many dollars, and send them to the Pennsylvania-Ohio Striking Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. These collections will feed the strikers and their families and thereby strengthen their picket lines and help to win the strike. Do your part!

ONLY TWO DISTRICTS HAVE REACHED QUOTAS; DISTRICTS 3, 7, 13 ARE STILL FAR BEHIND

The Daily Worker drive went over the top during the past week and now stands at 102 per cent, a gain of 2 per cent over the previous week. This, despite the fact that only two of the 15 districts have fulfilled their quotas. But these two, District 2 (New York) and District 17 (Birmingham), have surpassed their quotas by such a wide margin that the drive has gone over the top. District 2 has raised more than half of the total contributions.

Reflected in the figures for this week's circulation can be seen an increase in bundles sales in district 2 which shows that the Communist Builders in New York have taken advantage of the starting explosion in this week's drive. The Daily Worker on the maneuvering of the imperialist war mongers in Germany and the coming war. New York starts the list of increases this week with an increase of 202, mostly due to the splendid way in which the Red Builders have been selling the paper on the streets. All districts should encourage street sales in the coming week. Especially now that workers everywhere are beginning to turn to the Daily for the truth about the coming war, must new slogans be devised to catch the ear of the membership, be shouted at the worker's neighborhood street corner and the paper sold to thousands of new readers.

FINANCIAL—CIRCULATION

Table with columns: District, Circulation, % of Quota, Increase. Lists districts 1 through 17 with their respective figures.

RECEIPTS DROP AGAIN; TURN IN COUPON BOOKS, GET HALF DOLLARS!

Workers who do not want their names published because of possible persecution should contribute in sending in their contributions. Collectors should ask those who contribute whether they want names printed.

Table with columns: District, Name, Amount. Lists contributions from various districts and individuals.

UNITY ACTION PROGRAM PUSHED IN MINE MEETS

To Hold United Front Conference

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., July 20.—Organization for a strike movement in Central Pennsylvania, the old "District 2" of the United Mine Workers is racing forward. The first of the series of district conferences provided for by the National United Front Conference held July 15-16 in Pittsburgh has taken place. It was Sunday (July 19) in Hager's Hall, 630 Maple Ave., Woodvale, a suburb of Johnstown, Pa. Three hundred and fifty delegates from 16 mines representing 6,000 miners gathered there. Among them were delegates from the nearby Sagamore mine and two other nearby struck mines. The United Mine Workers claims to be leading these strikes, but the delegates from the strikers declared that the miners themselves accept the Program of Action of the National United Front Conference and they will be in the united front organization built up in Central Pennsylvania, striking under the leadership of the National Miners' Union.

The conference voted complete support of the Program of Action. Miners told of the horrible conditions of starvation—the same that are driving miners to revolt everywhere. The conference decided to hold mass meetings this week and local conferences to reach every mine in Central Pennsylvania, to organize locals of the National Miners' Union and united front committees, to prepare for strike in every Central Pennsylvania mine, and to hold another conference next Sunday at the same hall, in which all shall be represented, and in which the district strike demands will be formulated.

Speakers at the conference were William Z. Foster, Carl Price and Mills. The prestige of the National Miners Union is very great in Central Pennsylvania, because of its leadership of the Western Pennsylvania-Ohio-West Virginia strike. The National United Front Conference has made a tremendous impression on the miners. A large number of applications blanks for joining the N. M. U. was requested by the conference executive. Thousands of leaflets are being distributed, calling the conference next Sunday. Organizers are being sent into Central Pennsylvania by the strike headquarters in Pittsburgh. Frank Borah, secretary of the National Miners Union, will be a main speaker at next Sunday's session.

STUEBENVILLE, Ohio, July 21.—Stuebenville authorities are preparing an armed attack on the hunger march of unemployed, and striking miners in Jefferson county. The march is to arrive at 10 a. m. today from Adena, Piney Fork, Dillonvale, Bradley, Smithfield, Yorkville, Tiltonville, Rayland, Brinkert and Mingo Junction. It centers on Steubenville where it is planned to hold a meeting from the courthouse steps.

Mayor Conley of Steubenville today interviewed the Hunger March Committee, regarding a permit for the march, and not only refused the permit, but declared war on the hunger marchers. He stated: "No God damned marches or meetings will be held in this town. I run this town, and no constitutional rights go. If you march in here tomorrow morning, we are prepared, and we will give you all we've got."

The committee informed him that the march would be held according to schedule. Previously the county commissioner had told the committee that no foreigners or even citizens who are not residents of the county, would not be allowed in the march.

Boss News Agency Admits Attack On Croppers Aimed to Smash Their Union

Workers Will Defend Themselves!

The colored and white workers of Alabama will defend themselves against racial and economic oppression in spite of the terror of the landowners and their agents, and in spite of the traitorous activities of the N.A.A.C.P. leaders and other Uncle Tom reformists. In his statements to betray the struggles of the Negro People, William Pickens has gone so far that some sections of the boss press find it difficult to agree with him, as is to be noted in Monday's editorial in the so-called "liberal" New York Evening Telegram. This editorial sharply criticizes those who "raise the ever-ready cry of Communism" to justify the police attack on the croppers. Pickens and Walter White, in statements to the boss press on Sunday both attempted to justify the police attacks by saying that the Communists had been agitating the croppers. The Telegram says of Pickens' treacherous attacks:

"We wish we could go all the way with William Pickens, field secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, when he says: "It must have been the aim of the Communist agitators to deliberately muddle the matter and stir up trouble. It is a desperate and vain effort to win the so-called 'Negro proletariat' to the Communist Party. They misunderstand the situation and the psychology of the American Negro and of the South."

The colored and white workers of the United States forging a fighting alliance against the white ruling class, will also raise the demand for the unconditional release of the arrested croppers as well as of the Scottsboro boys. They will demand that if croppers are brought to trial they be tried before a jury of workers, at least half of whom shall be Negroes. And in face of this fresh terror and bloody persecution of the Negro workers, the working class will support more militantly than ever the demand of the Negro majorities of the "Black Belt" for the right of self-determination, the right to form and control their own government.

Section conferences are now being held throughout the Eastern Ohio and West Virginia fields, which are electing united front committees and officers and preparing to carry out the Program of Action of the National United Front Conference of Miners in Pittsburgh last week.

CASTLE SHANNON, Pa., July 21.—Twenty men on the night shift of the Pittsburgh Terminal No. 2 mine here walked out Saturday night, when the company removed the "snappers" who are the men who drag the ropes and couple them to pull out the cars. The company now proposes that the miners shall do all this extra labor without pay.

BRIDGEPORT, Ohio, July 20.—At Tiltonville this morning, deputies attacked and tear gassed the picket line of 200. Three women were severely clubbed, and a number of the pickets were arrested during the fight with the deputies.

Keep Mill Closed In R. I. Strike

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POOR FARMERS MUST ORGANIZE AND FIGHT FOR TAX MORATORIUM

Banks Own Land; Foreclosures Force Families From Farms

Cut Off School Buses; Children Must Walk 20 Miles to School

SEATTLE, Wash.—Here are a few facts from the agricultural areas of Washington that if read with understanding by farmers in the state will wake them up to the need of organizing. Over in the Yakima Valley of this state, there is what is known as the "richest agricultural area in Washington, watered by the government's vast reclamation, irrigation projects" (Valley chamber of commerce's usual line). There is in the heart of this area a project known as the Tieton project. This is one of the oldest in the state and one of the first that the government ever undertook.

This area (Tieton) contains some 32,000 acres and over 1,300 families. Land is admirably adapted for the production of some of the finest fruits. This land must be opened by the raising of alfalfa, clover, etc. This takes time and money. This is necessary to open the land for orchard pursuit. Present return on common farm products is about \$25 an acre. Of this \$3 goes for water, \$5 for taxes and \$5 additional for construction charges (on the building of the irrigation ditches, dams, etc.). A total of \$13.

A careful survey was made of 100 families. Of these one-fourth were leaving the land "under pressure" (presumably bank foreclosures, etc.). That the average income on which a family must be raised and the general expenses of the farm be paid comes to about \$500 which is not sufficient. The petition asked for a two-thirds reduction in the construction charges for ten years. It pointed out that the future prosperity of the orchard land was assured (Not seeing that this was the reason for the "pressure" of the banks who want to own the land when it is in such condition); that most of them were Americans (they found out this

waage cuts in the factories and on the railroads of Council Bluffs. Many small factories have been closed down in the last week in Council Bluffs. For instance, Griffin Wheel Works shut down, laying off 75 workers. A. L. Root & Co., a honey factory, has laid off over two thirds of their workers Wednesday and in a few days expect to shut down the factory completely. The workers that are still working, are working from 5 to 7 hours a day with wage cuts corresponding with the reduction of hours. The eight railroads that concentrate in this region and make this a railroad town have been laying off workers every week, speeding the ones on the job and in some cases cutting their wages through individual wage cuts and cutting wages on a department scale.

When the workers of Council Bluffs demonstrate on August First against the attack on the Soviet Union, they will at the same time demonstrate against these wage cuts and lay-offs and against the speed-up that the bosses are pushing maintain their profits.

Doak Boasts of Terror Scheme Machado Gets Stay as I. L. D. Appeals

TRY TO QUASH INVESTIGATION

Gov. Refuses See ILL Barberton Committee

Break Up ILL Meeting in Philadelphia

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 20.—The International Labor Defense has sent a letter of protest to Governor White protesting the long drawn out delay that has already occurred in the "investigation" of the Barberton terror and demanding that he see a committee from the ILL in connection with the case.

The "investigation" of the Barberton case has been going on for the last two weeks and as yet the question of the abduction of C. Louis Alexander by the Barberton police has not been answered. Governor's "Investigator" Refuses to See Committee

When Tangeman, the representative of the governor in the case, was in Akron in connection with the case, he conferred with the Chamber of Commerce—the parties actually responsible for the terror prevailing against the workers. In spite of the numerous attempts that the committee of the ILL has made to see Tangeman, it has been unable to do so.

NEW PHILADELPHIA, Ohio, as a result of the wage cuts that are continually taking place and the general attack upon the standard of living of the workers, the civil rights of the workers are being interfered with. For example, at a recent meeting called by the ILL the city officials refused permission for some of the committee of the ILL.

The sheriff of Tuscarawas County, Harry C. Smith, broke up the meeting by arresting the speaker on the flimsy charge of "resisting an officer." The sheriff also kicked a worker in the stomach and this worker has since been confined to bed.

The first committee tried to see Governor White on July 8 but he cancelled the appointment. The ILL is determined that the governor shall hear the committee in regard to the Barberton terror and will send the committee to him on July 22.

COUNCIL BLUFFS ANTI-WAR DAY

Unemployment Grows—More Wage Cutting

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., July 21

The Communist Party, the Unemployed Council of this city and the Trade Union Unity League are organizing a demonstration on Aug. 1, the International Red Day. The meeting will be held in the main park of the city, Balyris Park, starting at 7:30 in the evening, Saturday, Aug. 1. While it will be a demonstration against war, demands will be made for the relief of the unemployed by the city and county. It will also be a mobilization against

involving militant foreign-born workers. The I. L. D. is fighting to secure the right of voluntary departure to Soviet Russia for all these workers as they would be certain to be put to death if returned to the terror governments of their native countries.

No race hatred in worker's Russia by Patterson, in July Labor Defender.

The steel barons shoot children in the July Labor Defender.

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Allentown Lines Up for the Fight Against the U. T. W. Misleaders

By I. AMTER.

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—For 12 weeks, the Allentown silk workers have been on strike. Fighting militantly on the picket line, these workers, in the main Pennsylvania Dutch and Italian-American workers, and mostly young workers, 18 to 24 years of age, have been conducting a splendid fight. There has been no strike of any dimension in Allentown in 59 years, and the spirit of organization and militancy show clearly that the workers can and will fight.

Not knowing of any other organization but the United Textile Workers, the Allentown workers wired four times to New York, and at last an organizer was sent down and they joined the U.T.W. For a period there was militant picketing, but the U.T.W.—that is A. F. of L.—organizers are not interested in picketing, for that means conflict, and the A. F. of L. leaders, working hand in hand with the bosses, want the strikes to peter out and the spirit of the workers to be crushed. Have Green and Woll, together with Norman Thomas, not said that this is not the time for strikes? Did Green not promise Hoover that there would be no strikes? Therefore, the policy of the leaders of the A. F. of L. is to prevent strikes and to SELL THEM OUT when they take place.

This selling-out does not always take place openly. Sometimes, as in Philadelphia in the upholstery workers, the workers are forced by the A. F. of L. leaders (Muste gang) to go back to work at a 14 per cent wage reduction, with the threat of revocation of their charter if they do not return to work. The charter was then revoked. At other times, the organizers make a "settlement" and then leave town after selling out the workers, as in the case of the Danville textile workers. This was the action of Gorman, the organizer of the U.T.W. Or as in Marion, N. C., and Elizabethton, Tenn., where the U.T.W. with Muste organizers, sold out the workers three times.

In Allentown, the organizer of the U.T.W., McDonald, is a 74-year-old man, well trained in A. F. of L. methods. Although he has not directly opposed the workers, he has done everything to make their strike activities impossible. He agreed with the police to put only 10 men on the picket line. This means that scabs can enter the mills without trouble. But the workers found their own methods of stopping scabs, and the number working in the mills is small.

The Allentown workers know that Allentown work is being done in Paterson. That is, Paterson workers, without knowing it, have been doing work for Allentown bosses. Twice Allentown workers went to Paterson to see what could be done about it. But nothing could be accomplished. On Saturday, July 11, forty-five Allentown workers went to Paterson to attend the mass meeting and bring the greetings of solidarity to the Paterson workers who were organizing for strike. Their spokesman, Marsh, made a militant speech, pointing out the miserable conditions under which the Allentown workers work.

At this meeting he emphasized that the Allentown workers, the rank and file, intended to put forth THEIR OWN demands—8 hour day, 5 day week, 25 per cent increase in wages. This showed clearly that the Allentown workers were not satisfied with their leadership and intended to fight for their own demands. At the conference held in Paterson on Sunday, July 12, where the Allentown and the Pawtucket, R. I. workers were enthusiastically greeted, it was decided that a delegation of Paterson workers should go to Allentown in order to propose a UNITED STRUGGLE of the Paterson and Allentown workers against the miserable conditions and low wages.

The delegation went to Allentown, and when they appeared at the meeting of the Shop Chairman, who constitute the Strike Committee, Mr. McDonald, the 74-year-old fossil of the U.T.W. tried to prevent the Paterson rank and file committee, representing the United Front General Strike Committee, from speaking. The shop chairman would not listen to this refusal and the speaker presented the proposals of the Paterson workers. Outside the hall, stood hundreds of workers, who could hear through the open windows. When McDonald attacked the Paterson delegation as Reds and Communists, cries were raised by the workers outside of "Throw him out." This was a signal and Moser, representative of the Central Trades and Labor

Council, left the meeting. After this meeting, the workers outside the hall wanted a report of the meeting and went to another hall. While the meeting was on, Rev. Weber, a minister, a socialist, entered the hall, and asked for the floor. This was granted, whereupon he proceeded in the same manner as his colleague, McDonald.

The rank and file of Allentown elected a big delegation of 175 to go to Paterson to attend the strike meeting on Friday, July 17. There they were enthusiastically received and called upon the Paterson silk and dye workers not only to go on strike, but to forget the past, when Allentown continued at work when Paterson was on strike. The Paterson workers recognize in these young Allentown workers the splendid American fighters that they are, and the meeting unanimously voted GENERAL STRIKE during the coming week.

At the National Silk Conference held in Paterson on Sunday, July 19, a national struggle outlined. Paterson, Allentown, Pawtucket, Central Falls and Putnam were represented. There are silk mills in other sections notably the Antracite, Egypt, Pa., which wanted to go out on strike long ago, but McDonald, the A. F. of L. faker, told the delegation that went to Allentown for help, to go home.

The Allentown workers are beginning to understand what treachery of the A. F. of L. means. When the second delegation came to Paterson, they went to the Associated Silk Workers, who told them they could do nothing for them. When they went with the Paterson delegation of the General Strike Committee to the membership meeting of the Associated on July 17 and to the U.T.W., and were refused admittance, they learned another lesson that all the workers must learn: not only the A. F. of L., the Associated, the U.T.W., but the socialists and Mustetes want nothing to do with the struggle to improve the conditions of the workers. Only the fighting united front led by the unions of the Trade Union Unity League, like the National Textile Workers Union, which unites the organized and unorganized workers on a platform of demands and a program of struggle—only such a united front can lead the workers, defeat the bosses and their agents, and win a victory.

The Allentown workers must learn the lessons of their experiences: the U.T.W. leaders are misleaders. They sell out the workers openly, or let them wear themselves out and get discouraged, so that they can then send them back to work on the same or worse terms. Only those are real leaders, who really lead the workers on the picket lines, on the battlefield, giving advice and counsel and direction.

The Allentown workers must learn the most important lesson of all and that is that they must have the strike in THEIR OWN HANDS. A leader who balks their decisions, who does not want to unite the struggle of the workers, who wishes to prevent the United Struggle of Allentown, Paterson, Central Falls, Pawtucket and Putnam, who does nothing for Egypt, and does not try to extend the struggle to other silk centers, is carrying out the general policy of the leaders of the A. F. of L. This policy is to let the workers be beaten in single sections, instead of building up a broad struggle that will lead to victory.

This policy of the A. F. of L. leaders is in the interest of the bosses, who have their chambers of commerce, and manufacturers' associations, they have the support of Wall Street, and the government. Governor Pinchot, who is trying to break the miners strike, with the aid of the United Mine Workers, the coal and iron police and state troopers, is finding that the miners will NOT accept his intermediation. Pinchot has also tried to break the Allentown strike, with the aid of the U.T.W. officialdom. But this has not succeeded.

Allentown workers: Your U.T.W. leaders are misleaders, working in the interests of the silk manufacturers. THROW THEM OUT, as the workers outside the hall in Allentown said. THROW THEM OUT AND TAKE THE STRIKE INTO YOUR OWN HANDS. You are lining up with the rank and file United Front Committee of Paterson and the other textile centers. Make this ONE GENERAL FIGHT of the United Front of the rank and file silk and dye workers against the bosses and their agents in the ranks of the working class, the A. F. of L. and Muste leaders.

CARRY ON!

By BURCK



Burck

Socialist Traitors In the Imperialist War

"The President of the Committee on the Constitution, Philip Scheidemann, leader of the majority of the Social Democratic Party, which of late seems to be an obedient government party, at least a miscellaneous servicable government party. Five years ago this same Herr Scheidemann was horrifying blues and blacks by his flippant description of the Kaiser as the crowned dilettante." (N. Y. Times, May 7, 1917)

The social fascists betrayed the workers in the last war. The socialists are part and parcel of the imperialist war front against the Soviet Union. Smash the united front of the capitalists and their tools the socialists. Rouse fellow workers to participate in the mighty demonstration for the defense of the Soviet Union. Demonstrate on August First.

Certainly there can be no reason for the workers and farmers of this country to support such a rotten system in which exist conditions such as are admitted by one of the leading republican politicians, the former secretary of the republican state committee in Kansas, Mr. Steigler, who is quoted by the capitalist press as saying that conditions of the Kansas farmers are such that "Many farmers will not harvest their wheat, others are dumping it on their fields to rot."

Just think of it, when over ten million unemployed workers and their families are suffering hunger, the robbers and speculators who are protected by this capitalist system, have put the farmers into such a position that they are compelled to leave their wheat to rot on the field!

In this situation, Hoover's Federal Farm Board which was established to protect the bankers when wheat was selling for 73 cents a bushel, refuses any aid for the poor farmers. On the contrary, it decided to "dump" on the market 200,000,000 bushels of wheat and 1,300,000 bales of cotton, to help the speculators and to ruin millions of poor and tenant farmers.

The conditions of the poor farmers in other fields are no better than those of the wheat farmers. Everywhere they are in the same condition of starvation. And still the capitalist government not only refuses to give them even the smallest aid; in addition, it piles up taxes upon the poor farming population, making them pay for its huge war preparations and on top of that, it gives its services through the sheriffs and the courts for the bankers and rich landlords to collect their debts from the poor farmers, tenants and croppers.

The white farmer and tenant is no better off economically than the Negro farmer or tenant, although the white farmer has seemingly more political rights, whereas the Negro farmer and tenant have been denied practically all political rights.

In the face of these conditions the toiling farmers, both white and Negro, must organize themselves to fight, not only for their immediate economic demands—against taxation of poor farmers, against foreclosures, against evictions, for the cancellation of debts, for the abolition of ground rent and confiscation of land of big landlords, but by making these immediate demands rallying points for the millions of toiling farmers for the struggle against capitalist war preparations against the Soviet Union and for the revolutionary struggle against the capitalist system and for the establishment of a workers' and farmers' government.

August First is an International Day for the struggle against the war and for the defense of the Soviet Union.

Toiling farmers throughout the United States, join in this day to demonstrate against your exploiters and for your demands. Join with the industrial workers to demonstrate against the imperialist war and for the defense of the workers' and farmers' republic, the Soviet Union. Join the revolutionary fight against the capitalist system and for the establishment of a workers' and farmers' government.

A War for Bread

By JIM ALLEN

THE armed struggle now raging in Tallapoosa County, Alabama—in the heart of the Black Belt—between Negro croppers, tenants and poor farmers and armed posses of deputies and white landlords is a desperate struggle against starvation and feudal tyranny.

Led by the Croppers Union, the Negro toilers, supported by the poor whites in the section, are defending themselves with breech-loader and shotgun against a raging, terroristic band of 600 white landlords, deputies and business men mobilized from Tallapoosa and Lee Counties and armed with machine guns and rifles.

While only one Negro share-cropper—Ralph Gray—is definitely known to have been killed and six others wounded, while defending Gray in his cabin against a posse of deputies who had mortally wounded him in an encounter on the road, scores of other croppers lie wounded in retreat in the backwoods. Of the thirty-two Negro toilers thrown into the Dadeville jail four of those wounded have "disappeared." According to Police Chief Wilson they have gone "cutting stove wood"—with a lynch mob accompanying them. The lynch mob is on the rampage—terrorizing and burning. The Mary Church, in which the Negro toilers held a Scottsboro protest meeting last Wednesday night, was burnt to the ground in broad daylight and the torch has been applied to a number of cropper's cabins, with the deputies reporting that they did "not know whether they were occupied or not."

The croppers are putting up a stiff fight for their lives. Sheriff J. K. Young was critically wounded and two other officers were wounded in a gun battle when the Negroes were defending themselves and the mortally wounded Gray from the lynch mob. Three croppers and three Negro women, who were wounded in this battle, were thrown into jail together with the others. An armed lynch mob is surrounding the jail supposedly to prevent a jail break and repel a rumored attack by the croppers, but—more likely—to carry through a wholesale massacre of the prisoners. The lynch mob is scouring the country in search for the organizer of the Croppers Union and others of its leaders, using bloodhounds and they are armed to the teeth. The Negro huts throughout the area are deserted.

The skirmishes started Wednesday night when deputies attempted to break up a mass meeting called by the Croppers Union to protest the Scottsboro legal lynching and draw up demands for food from the landowners. Despite the landlord's terror another meeting was held at Dadeville, county seat, on Thursday night, with over 500 croppers attending.

The southern newspapers are playing up the struggle as a struggle between the Negroes and whites. The Birmingham Age-Herald has a scream headline "Armed Negro Red Threat Heard." Saturday morning's Chattanooga Times, under the headline "Alabama Posse Moving Toward Red Gathering" reports that an army of 600 white mobsters are moving on another meeting of 500 Negro croppers to "settle the racial difficulty."

The struggle of the Negro croppers is for bread and against death from starvation. On July 1st all the food allowances granted the croppers by the landowners were cut out. The only means of sustenance for the croppers and tenants was the meagre allowance of fatback, corn and flour—ranging from one dollar's to two dollars' worth a week for an entire family—advanced by the landowners. By July 1 the crops had been "put by"—planted and plowed—and by cutting off the allowances the landlords served notice on the croppers—Negro and white alike—that now they had the choice of starving on the land while the crops they put by were maturing, or starving elsewhere. It was an effort by the landowners to drive the croppers off the land and take their entire crops when harvesting time came. Then they could employ day labor at 50 and 25 cents a day. The croppers have nowhere to turn for food. They haven't got a red cent.

The Croppers Union, which first began organizing here about two months ago, rapidly grew to take in croppers from practically every farm

and plantation in Tallapoosa County and some in Lee County. Their prime demands are the continuation of the allowances until harvest and settlement at that time with the landowner. The meetings broken up by the deputies and the landowners were probably mobilization meetings for mass demonstrations at the county seat for relief and for the continuation of the allowances. This cry for bread is being met with an army of terror.

Following the cutting off of the allowances the landlords offered some of the croppers the alternative of working on their truck patches at 50 and 25 cents a day, or at the saw mills at \$1 a day. They put many of "their" croppers to work on the county roads and in the whiteman's cemetery to pay off the landlord's road and school taxes which are \$5 each.

A white worker from Camp Hill writes the following to the SOUTHERN WORKER, just a day before the fighting began: "The white bosses of this place has got a gang of Negro boys and men working in the white boss cemetery to pay their taxes. They don't have anything to eat and have three bosses over them seeing that they don't get any rest until 12:30. Then they only give them 30 minutes to try to find something to eat. By a white worker who is looking after the condition of the work class because he knows he will soon be treated the same way. We workers must get together."

Another white tenant farmer from Camp Hill, who together with his family of five lives on \$1 a week which his daughter makes cooking out, writes at the same time: "Wake up Croppers Union, let us get together."

While in this section there are but few white croppers and poor farmers, they seem to be taking sides with the Negro croppers. They may yet be heard from at any time, giving their active support to the struggle of the Negro toilers for their lives.

The Scottsboro legal lynching plays a prominent part in the struggle. The fight of these croppers of Tallapoosa for food becomes immediately a fight against the whole system of national oppression against the Negroes in the South. In an area where four Negroes speaking together make a "dangerous crowd", the significance of mass meetings of 500 as a mass defiance of the lynch law system can readily be understood. To the starving croppers of Tallapoosa, Scottsboro had become a symbol of the whole system of oppression and persecution to which they are subjected. The fight for food had broadened out almost automatically into a struggle against white ruling class tyranny.

This struggle is but the beginning. Similar conditions prevail throughout the Black Belt, where between seven and eight million Negro croppers, tenants and poor farmers form the majority of the population. The meagre advances are being cut off, wages for day labor have fallen as low as 15 cents a day in some sections of South Carolina. The misery of the mass starvation on the farmlands is bringing things to a breaking point. Bigger and bloodier struggles are predicted before the summer is over. For these courageous croppers struggling against starvation and tyranny there must be the broadest possible support from the masses of Negro and white workers throughout the country. The Tallapoosa croppers have made "Scottsboro" the rallying point for a deeper and more basic struggle against the domination of the white ruling class.

FIGHT STEADILY FOR RELIEF!

Organize Unemployed Councils to Fight for Unemployment Relief. Organize the Employed Workers Into Fighting Unions. Mobilize the Employed and Unemployed for Common Struggles Under the Leadership of the Trade Union Unity League



Imported

Somebody in St. Louis sends us a couple of leaflets published in London, England, warning all and sundry in the form of a question: "The Jew to Enslave the World?" and another titled: "Prohibition, a Step towards Jewish Communist Revolution."

We are Jewish enough to know the difference between matzoh and pumpernickel, but that's about all. But the comrades who sent these leaflets in don't seem to know that in Europe the fascists are in their need to summon every dark and reactionary prejudice to their side against the workers, quite commonly blabbering the nonsense that Communism is a Jewish invention.

We didn't pay a great deal of attention to the recent Zionist confab in Europe, but have the impression that the grand shindig that developed there, was between two sections of orthodox Jewry as to which could be more counter-revolutionary and anti-Communist.

On the other hand, there seem to be a lot of Communists in Central China, where the Chinese Red Army is licking the tar out of Chiang Kai-shek's "picked troops," although a Chinese Jew is something that don't exist any more than hen's teeth.

But capitalism requires the support of every race prejudice and gives us the A. F. of L.'s campaign against "foreigners," and puts a Doak in the Department of Deportation.

"Socialist" Economics

When Ramsay MacDonald made a speech to the "seven-power conference," he gave the cause of the world crisis in the following terms, according to the N. Y. Journal of July 20:

"MacDonald attributed the present crisis to the fall in prices."

Y'see! The cause of limburger cheese is attributed to the smell. And this is "socialist" economics!

More, as the leader of the Second ("socialist") International, which pretends to have the interests of the masses at heart, simple people might think that MacDonald would welcome a fall in prices, so the poor would buy more and eat better.

But it is precisely because the "socialists" are not interested in the poor people eating, but only in capitalists making profits, that Ramsay got off this piece of idiocy, which compares pretty well with Hoover's explanation to the farmers—first, that the Soviet hedging sale of 7,000,000 bushels of wheat on the Chicago market last year caused such a crisis that the Farm Board had to buy 200,000,000 bushels, and second, when that failed to work and prices dropped down to the present 23 cents a bushel, that the war debt moratorium will "soon" bring prices up again.

"Let's Be Pre-historic!" Says Hearst

William Randolph Hearst is fanning the flames of patriotism against "perfidious Albion"—which means England. And it all comes about thusly:

In connection with the 200th anniversary of George Washington cutting down the cherry tree or something next year, and also to help some Republican party politicians who didn't get elected last election to get some graft in spite of that fact, Congress or something decided to celebrate the anniversary of the surrender of Cornwallis to Washington at Yorktown.

Money is being squandered like water (not to feed the jobless, oh, dear, no!) but to stage a giant pageant, even rebuilding the Yorktown houses to make 'em look like they did when Cornwallis surrendered. And in the pageant, naturally, Cornwallis was billed to appear and hand over his sword to the cherry tree hero.

But along comes the State Department and says: "Nix on that stuff! That might offend England!" So they're going to have a turkey dinner without any turkey, that is, the surrender of Cornwallis must take place without any surrender.

"In connection with these plans," writes a member of the Workers Ex-servicemen's League, "we recollect that the American Legion has invited, through Ambassador Dawes, the Prince of Wales to be guest of honor at the coming Leon convention next Fall."

And he goes on to explain that the old 1776 patriotism must in these days be smothered to make way for the patriotism of all capitalist parasites against the Soviet Union. "The patriotic orgies (the Yorktown celebration in this case), always the forerunners of attacks on the working class," as he well puts it, go into a contradiction.

The celebration is aimed to stir up patriotism for American capitalism. But American capitalism is just now bending all efforts to get an understanding with England for joint attack on the Soviet Union, and the Yorktown celebration has to be castrated accordingly. As an old English poet put it:

"Ah, let not Britons doubt their social aim,
"Whose ardent bosoms catch this ancient fire!"

But Hearst wants the old pre-historic patriotism; wants America to make war on the Soviet Union, sure! But also on Great Britain. Fight 'em all, is his slogan. So he gets sarcastic and asks: "When is the State Department going to abolish the Fourth of July?"

He needn't worry. It is used now to make speeches against the "reds," and remains useful for Fish & Co. All patriotism, now that on that issue, as the member of the Ex-servicemen's League relates in calling all worker-veterans to join the League and demonstration on August First against the war preparations.

That's a good idea. But unless the Communist Party in New York really gives some leadership and the Party members in the League stop dodging the day to day work of the League, the fine response it gets will be wasted. There is too much passing the buck on this important task.

Farmers: Join the Fight Against Imperialist War

By H. PURO.

REALIZING that they are unable to overcome the world-wide economic crisis by shifting the burden of this crisis to the backs of the workers and poor farmers, the capitalists are coming out more and more openly for a new imperialist war as the only solution for the present plight of world capitalism. And, what is more significant, they are trying to set aside their own differences and prepare a joint attack against the Soviet Union, the only workers' and farmers' republic.

Hoover's moratorium is being put forth for the purpose of enabling capitalism to undertake this joint attack. In order to prepare the toiling masses of workers and farmers to be slaughtered in the war against the Soviet Union, the capitalist politicians, newspapers and propagandists are carrying vicious attacks against the workers and farmers. They are trying to make the workers and farmers believe that the Soviet Union is to blame for their miserable conditions. For this purpose they make the charges of "Russian dumping." By this "dumping" charge the capitalists are trying to hide from the toiling masses the fact that the workers and farmers are building socialism in the Soviet Union for the sole benefit of the toiling masses. They want to hide the fact that the workers and farmers in the Soviet Union are now consuming more goods than ever before, and that the sole aim in increasing industrial production and putting agriculture on a collective basis is continually to raise the living standard of the working masses.

Because by abolishing capitalist profiteers, exploiters and landlords and by building socialism the workers and farmers in the Soviet Union have become their own masters, the capitalists in every country have become terribly frightened. The revolutionary example given by the

Russian toilers indicates that as soon as the workers and farmers in the capitalist countries follow this example, the end of capitalism will come.

The present economic crisis both in industry and agriculture has caused a great awakening of workers and poor farmers to whom capitalism gives not even the barest chance to live. These masses are becoming more and more rebellious against capitalism and are looking toward the Soviet Union as an example of what they themselves should do.

The capitalists realize this and therefore they work overtime to poison the minds of the workers and farmers by instituting "dumping" charges and trying to make the workers and farmers believe that the Soviet Union has caused the unemployment of ten million workers in this country and the miserable condition in which the United States farmers find themselves. By this vicious propaganda the capitalists are trying not only to prevent the revolutionary awakening of the masses, but to prepare them to be drawn into war against the workers' and poor farmers' republic.