

By Demanding That the Bosses Give Up Wealth, That the Government Use All War Funds for Relief for the Unemployed, You Are Dealing Capitalism a Big Blow

# Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.  
(Section of the Communist International)

WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE!

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## 4,000 HUNGER MARCH THRU AKRON IN SNOW STORM

### Briand, Henderson, Push War Plans Against Soviet Union

#### Another "Solemn Manifesto"

TWENTY-SEVEN capitalist nations, through their premiers or foreign ministers, have signed, at Geneva, what is honorably called a "solemn manifesto." As usual, while the newspaper headlines say it is a "pledge to keep peace," the text of the manifesto itself says nothing of the sort. What it does say is that those who sign it are "more determined than ever (sic!) to use the machinery of the League of Nations to prevent any resort to violence."

This might mean most anything—but certainly does not mean a pledge to keep the peace. If all these capitalist diplomats are "more determined than ever" to keep the peace—against what malevolent mystery are they contending that insists on war in contra their fervid wishes for peace?

But—they are not, please take note, "more determined than ever" for peace. The "solemn manifesto" does not say that. It says that they are more determined than ever—to use the machinery of the League of Nations. And for what? Not to keep the peace themselves, but to "prevent" any resort to violence. One does not find anywhere a "pledge" to keep peace themselves, but a determination to "prevent" violence—evidently violence coming from somebody else, not the signers of this "solemn manifesto."

This "solemn manifesto" would be solemn nonsense were it not artfully designed to cover up the war moves at Geneva and lull the masses into a false sense of security. The chief success of imperialist France so far in this conference is the apparent winning over for the Pan-Europe idea of Briand, which is and can be no other than a Pan-Europe capitalist war against the Soviet Union, of British imperialism, represented by the "labor" government's foreign minister, Arthur Henderson.

Of course this strengthening of the League is, by coincidence, not only aimed at the Soviet Union, but also at Britain's greatest imperialist rival, the United States. It is not for nothing that the Kellogg Pact was not mentioned in this "solemn manifesto" suggested by Arthur Henderson, to the effect that the "machinery of the League of Nations" would be used to "prevent and resort to violence." Yet it was immediately to the benefit of Briand, who had spilled the diplomatic beans as to war plans against the Soviet Union, that the "solemn manifesto" be signed.

This is clear even to a political infant. A "European Union" without the Soviet Union would be territorially and politically absurd. Yet Briand left it out. More: When the question was raised of inviting the Soviet Union, Briand protested that there were some questions to be discussed "in which intimate and fraternal collaboration with the Soviet is impossible"; and added that, for example, the matter of Article XVI of the League covenant, might be discussed.

Now it happens that Article XVI speaks of the duty of member governments of the League of Nations, to allow the passage through their territory of armed forces directed against any other nation which "refuses to accept the League's decisions." The Article was especially written to compel Germany to permit French troops passage through Germany to aid Poland against the Soviet Union whenever Poland wishes to create a dispute and the Soviet "refuses to accept the League's decisions."

After that remark, Briand certainly needed a "solemn manifesto" to pull him out of the hole. But no worker anywhere, either in Europe or America will be fooled by all this rather reeking and obvious maneuver about "peace." Workers will know that the more such hypocrites are flouted by capitalist diplomats, the more danger there is of war.

Especially is the imperialist world massing its forces around the Soviet Union, eagerly seeking an excuse to loosen the horrors of war against it before successful socialist construction emerges too impregnable to attack. American workers, therefore, will not be fooled by the "solemn manifesto" of Geneva, nor the Kellogg Pact of Paris, nor any other pacifist device, but will stand guard over the fortress of Communism in a capitalist world, the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics!

#### WALL STREET BEHIND MOVE FOR MURDER

Use "Peace" Slogans to Fool Working Masses

In Geneva under the very same slogans of "peace" which rang through the air on the eve of the World War in 1914, the imperialist powers are preparing an attack against the Soviet Union. Every measure taken at this gathering of 27 capitalist nations, just concluded, was specially directed against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

While the open leadership of this war preparation is in the hands of Briand, whose war role was exposed by the Moscow wreckers trial, and Arthur Henderson, Labor Minister and imperialist agent, Pertinax, famous political writer on the French capitalist newspaper, Echo de Paris, says that the guiding reins are in the hands of British and American financiers.

"The idea of this final declaration to give some kind of appearance and substance to the colorless and mediocre work accomplished by the European commission belongs to Henderson," said Pertinax. "The British Foreign Minister took pleasure from financiers in England and especially from the American financiers. It is a fact that the great slump on the New York market is periodically accelerated by news dispatches representing a European war as imminent. Mussolini and Hitler have been pictured as ready to throw their countries into war on the morrow."

In order to cover up these war preparations...

#### Part of N. Y. Demonstration on January 20



#### Oklahoma Governor Orders All Jobless Meets Smashed

Unemployed Proceeding to 'Open Warehouses,' 'Workingmen's Army' Rank and File Joins Unemployed Councils; Organizing Fast

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Jan. 22.—William H. Murray, recently inaugurated as Governor of Oklahoma, and who was elected on a much ballyhooed platform of "liberalism" and "friendship for labor," has come out openly and bluntly as the fascist he really is. In one of the first public instructions issued since he took over office two weeks ago, he "warned" sheriffs, mayors and police against permitting fascist meetings of unemployed workers. He gave as an excuse for this fascist order, the lie that "large sums of money for unemployment relief will be available within a few days."

The truth of the situation is, that

#### THREAT TO SEIZE POWER IN FEB.

Kill Communist on His Doorstep

(Cable by Inprecorr)

BERLIN, Jan. 22.—Wilhelm Hoerschel, Communist worker, was shot dead yesterday by fascists in a Cologne suburb. The bourgeois press reports the attack was absolutely unprovoked. Hoerschel was murdered on his own doorstep. Thanks to the energy of passing workers, five fascists were captured.

Yesterday evening a closed meeting of the higher fascist officials was held in Berlin. The leader, Goebbels, announced that the fascist fighting groups, armed to the teeth, were impatiently awaiting the signal for attack. A fascist putsch (armed uprising) is probably at the end of February, perhaps under the cover of International Unemployment Day, which is set for February 25.

Discussing the putsch prospects, Goebbels announced that the Reichswehr (republican army) was behind the fascists, but resistance from the police is expected. Little is feared from the Reichsbanner (socialist guards) because although it is numerically strong, the leadership is cowardly. The chief resistance is expected from the Communists. Goebbels said the latter must be wiped out more thoroughly than in 1919. Over 20,000 in Berlin alone must be exterminated. The struggle must be short and merciless. Within 60 days Hitler must rule unchallenged.

#### NEW GAINS BY REDS IN CHINA

Give "Severe Blow" to Nationalists

The news of an important victory of the Red Army in China is being suppressed in most of the capitalist newspapers. A cable dated Jan. 21 to the New York Herald-Tribune from Shanghai, hidden away at the bottom of the page, tells of the recapture of Tungku, the Communist center in Kiangsi province which was taken on Dec. 20 by a division of Chiang Kai Shek's troops.

This cable states that on Dec. 29 the Communists badly defeated the 5th Division which was holding Tungku. "Tungku," says this cable, "is the most important Communist stronghold in the Yangtze Valley. When the Reds were driven out of the city early in December it was found that they had established a Communist college, a hospital, a bank which was issuing Red notes, and political headquarters."

"Their recapture of this stronghold is a severe blow to the government's campaign to eradicate the Communist movement." In fact, this is about the tenth success "severe blow" administered by the Red Army to Chiang Kai Shek's 900,000 troops. Through defeats, desertions and hostility of the peasants, the entire Nationalist army has been rendered practically helpless.

#### SEIZE FOOD AFTERWARDS; 3,000 MARCH ON STATE LEGISLATURE IN DENVER

#### INVADE SENATE IN COLORADO

6,000 Take Part in Jobless Demonstration

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 22.—Three thousand hunger-marched through the streets of the capital of the state of Colorado yesterday, and 6,000 joined in the demonstration before the capitol building.

A committee of 12 were elected by the jobless and went before the state senate to demand relief for the starving.

Swarms of jobless packed the gallery to back up with their presence the demands made by Charles Guyann and Allander, the spokesmen of the unemployed.

During the demonstration there was one arrest, Fred Reskin of the Council of the Unemployed.

#### FRANCE-ITALY OPEN RACE ARMS

"Parity" Negotiations Are Smashed

PARIS, Jan. 21.—An open naval armament race will now go on full force between France and Italy as the result of the complete breakdown of all negotiations between these two imperialist powers over the question of "parity." Neither France nor Italy signed the London Naval Treaty, which itself provided for practically unlimited armaments, but took up negotiations separately. These have failed.

An Associated Press dispatch from Rome says: "Official sources say Italy is prepared to build gun for gun with France in naval construction this year, because there appears to be little hope of renewing the construction truce which expired last month. This, it is said, is independent of Italy's normal program."

The delegation left with the party remark that thousands of workers would be damn glad to have black bread. The delegation reported back to the workers standing in the falling snow that in order to eat they must help themselves.

After the meeting was adjourned 3 groups of workers went to the restaurants and ate their meal and then told the cashier to charge it to the city council and walked out.

The Second Akron conference for unemployment insurance will be held in Akron at the Akron Workers Center on Jan. 25 at 3 p.m.

#### 10,000 Demonstrate; Are Told Capitalist Law Says 'Starve'

"Must Help Ourselves" Eaters, "Charge It to City," Get Groceries

AKRON, O., (by mail)—Four thousand Akron and Kenmore workers and unemployed marched through the streets Tuesday in a snowstorm, four abreast in a solid line to the city hall to demand immediate relief to the unemployed.

The march started from Kenmore with about 75 workers from Barberton (4 miles from Kenmore and 8 miles from Akron). In an icy wind 500 Barberton and Kenmore demonstrators marched to Perkins Square in Akron singing and shouting their demands.

At Perkins Square, Ferrel, secretary of the Unemployed Council was chairman with DeRemer, Cowan and West speaking, and at 3:45 p.m. the line formed and marched four abreast through the heart of Akron to the Armory lawn across the street from the city hall. Here the workers that were on the sidewalk joined in the demonstration, now numbering 10,000. Delegates were selected and went into the council chambers while the meeting continued on the outside. The delegation of nine went into the council chamber and waited until 4:15 the appointed time and then took the floor denouncing the city council as tools of the bosses and for their lying promises and told them that the workers of Akron and Kenmore are not going to starve while the warehouses are filled, but will organize and take what they need.

The chairman of the city council then attacked "socialism and economic theories," said the city "is doing all it can" and that the unemployed demands are "impossible because they are against the law of private property," and that "to realize your demands we must change the system to a system of black bread."

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#### CONFER ON DRESS STRIKE, JAN. 31

All Worker Groups to Send Delegates

NEW YORK—Hundreds of workers' organizations are determined to help make the coming strike of the dressmakers a success. A victorious strike of the dressmakers will enable the workers in other trades to fight for better conditions. It is therefore in the interests of every worker and every workers' organization to do the utmost to help the dressmakers in their coming strike.

A conference of workers' organizations will be held Jan. 31 at 2 p. m. in Webster Hall, to discuss ways and means of giving assistance to the dressmakers' strike. Reports indicate that this conference will achieve good results. Every branch of the International Workers' Order, every workers' club, every section of the working class movement should be represented at this conference.

Tonight at 7 p. m. there will be a meeting of active needle trades workers at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St.

#### ORDERS TO SHOOT GIVEN EMPLOYEES

(By a Worker Correspondent) NEW YORK.—I had a business appointment with a friend of mine in the Hall of Records the same afternoon of the City Hall Unemployment Demonstration on January 20. My friend arrived in time to see the beatings that the police gave the Unemployed and he overheard a man say to another (the speaker seemed to be the Superintendent of the building or an Assistant) that they were giving strict orders to shoot to kill any of the demonstrators if they dared to come into this building. Do you get the tremendous significance of this—You know that this Hall of Records is located right opposite City Hall and there was a chance of some of the demonstrators being forced by pressure of the police

#### SERIO TO SPEAK AT MASS MEETING

To Fight Persecution of Foreign Born

In a determined counter-attack against the government persecution of the foreign-born the International Labor Defense has called a mass meeting for tonight at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., at 8 p. m. to mobilize workers to save eight of their comrades who now face deportation to death or long imprisonment in fascist countries.

Four of these workers, Guido Serio, Eduardo Machado of Venezuela, Saachi Kenmetsu, Japan, and Tao Husan Li, China, will address tonight's meeting and call for a struggle to defeat the campaign of the Department of Labor which during 1930 deported 16,631 workers and intends to increase this number in 1931.

Other speakers will be J. Louis Engdahl, national secretary of the International Labor Defense; I. Amter, district organizer of the Communist Party, and Robert W. Dunn.

#### Boss Press Reports Admit Lenin Big Meet

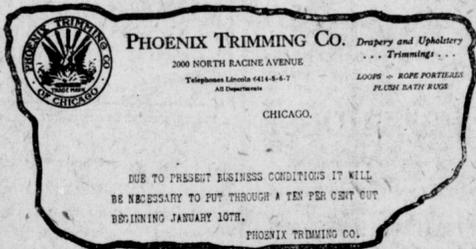
(By a Worker Correspondent) Two reporters of one of the New York capitalistic dailies were so astounded by the peasant and band music that they admitted ruefully, "that it was a shame that we couldn't give you fellows a break with our sheet but that the office would give us hell were we to bring in the right stuff." However, they consoled this correspondent with the statement that they'd try to be easier than the other capitalist papers, at the same time assuring us that were we to have this sort of band and dramatics at each demonstration, Communism would rise by the thousands.

Fortunately it did not work out this way, and if any of the workers did enter they could have been shot with a wonderful excuse that they tried to destroy the City's records. Another page in the History of the Country of frame ups.

#### Series of Terrific Battles on Philadelphia Picket Line

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 22.—Ten hostery mills are now on strike and the workers are determined to continue mass picketing in spite of police attacks. Yesterday 300 mass pickets were clubbed away by an army of police and Bell detectives. Guns were pulled by the detectives and strikers were beaten up where they lay on the ground. Some lying on the ground were badly injured. Eleven were arrested in addition to those already jailed. The day before a regular battle was staged by mass pickets with the police and detectives in front of Schlatter and Zander Hosiery Co. mills, where 600 workers are on strike. Twenty pickets were arrested that day.

#### One of Thousands of Such Notices



The huge wage-cutting campaign by the bosses and their government that is today sweeping the country can only be halted by the militant struggle of the workers under revolutionary union leadership. The story of the wage-cutting in this Phoenix Trimming Co., a copy of the notice which appears above, will appear in the Saturday issue of the Worker Correspondence page.

## Sentence Two Red News Builders to Six Months in N.Y. for Selling Daily Worker

HELP COMPLETE THE \$30,000 EMERGENCY FUND IMMEDIATELY

Our appeal for funds to liquidate the deficit is beginning to show that the workers and the various working class organizations are intensifying their campaign for funds. The Finnish workers' clubs in addition to donations of \$500 and \$100 noted in our appeal, advanced \$200 additional. The South Slav Workers Club in Youngstown, Ohio, in the mill center, donates \$100. The Bulgarian Bureau of the Communist Party in Detroit, notified us that its donation of \$300 for the Daily Worker was sent to the District of the Party.

It is through the continuation of this intensified work that we will be able to liquidate the deficit and save the Daily Worker.

The viciousness of the capitalist class against the Daily Worker is beginning to be shown more openly. Two Red Builders selling the Daily Worker in the subway stations in New York were sentenced to 6 months. But the Red Builders Club of New York is determined that there will be more Red Builders and more Daily Workers sold.

Comrades, these are trying times for the press of the working class. These are critical times in the struggles of the workers. Without the Daily Worker we cannot properly mobilize the masses of workers to struggle against hunger and starvation.

Comrades, carry on this intensified work to fill the quota to liquidate the deficit. Send funds to the Daily Worker, 50 E. 13th St., New York City.

#### Mellon Tells Starving Vets Gov't Millions for Bosses Only

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Andrew Mellon, secretary of the treasury, who handed his friends and himself over \$2,000,000,000 in income tax returns, now refuses to grant the war veterans who are starving by the hundreds of thousands any cash bonuses, which they demand. Mellon said that if the bonus demand was complied with it would cost \$2,100,000,000, and, of course, the capitalists need all this money now to prepare for another war. The same answer is given to all other unemployed workers who demand unemployment insurance. Millions can be found for war preparations, for tax-return presents for Mellon and the big corporations, but not a cent for the workers war veterans and other unemployed.

Mellon's letter stating that this demand if complied with would have "far-reaching consequences" came only after 50 veterans from a number of states marched to the Capitol demanding the cash bonus. They were led by a number of Congressional fakers who are trying to get votes by exploiting the demands of the war veterans.

NEW YORK.—Admission was made here at the Regional Office of the Veterans' Bureau at 225 W. 34th St. that hundreds of thousands of war veterans are starving. Over 60,000 cases were taken up in New York alone, and Richard Harris, liaison officer of the Veterans of Foreign Wars in New Jersey, said "This condition is general throughout the country." Commander W. J. Rauschkolb, of Big Six Post 1522 of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, said: "At least 90 per cent of our members need the money now!" Which means, of course, that 90 per cent of the war veterans are on the verge of starvation.

Yet the same fakers who yell for bonuses are preparing for another war to kill off millions of workers. The only organization fighting for real relief for war veterans, the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League, demands that all war funds be turned over to the unemployed; that the ex-servicemen organize as workers to demand relief through militant action.

#### Ex-Servicemen in Mass Meet Tonight

NEW YORK—Tonight, at Ukrainian Hall, 15 E. Third St., at 8 o'clock, Emanuel Levine, formerly of the U. S. Marine Corps, will speak on the subject of "Fake Veterans' Organizations." General discussion will follow.

All ex-servicemen are urged to attend and complete the formation of their own permanent organization by electing a National Executive Committee and to proceed to form Posts of Ex-Servicemen in every state of the Union.

A large number of letters received from ex-servicemen from all parts of the country desiring to be organized into the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League is the motive force behind this national organization drive.

#### Hoover Honors Grafting Dead

Pres. Hoover will join in the ceremonies dedicating the \$750,000 mausoleum of President Harding at Marion, O., who died just in time to avoid further graft charges in the Teapot Dome scandal. \$750,000 is a neat little sum for the corpse of a corrupt swindler in the country's oil wells.

Unemployed workers who demand funds for bread are clubbed and beaten. The Daily Worker shows how to fight for unemployment insurance. Latest news on 60,000 circulation drive pg. 3.)

DAILY NEWSIES GET SIX MONTHS

Judge Hands Down Vicious Term

NEW YORK CITY.—Two unemployed workers were tried in the 8th District Magistrate's court yesterday for selling the "Daily Worker." The workers Clarence Turner and Lorenzo Stokes, both members of the Downtown Unemployed Council and of the Red Builders' Clubs, were sentenced to 6 months on Welfare Island, by "impartial" Tammany Magistrate Burk.

Clarence Turner, a young seaman, was arrested on January 19, for selling the Daily Worker in the Bronx subway train. He was charged with making insulting remarks in reference to the United States government, and for thrusting dailies into faces of passersby on the subway. Lorenzo Stokes, young Negro worker, also a member of the Council and a member of the Young Communist League, a garage worker by trade, was arrested by IRT officers and taken into the Men's Room on the East 180th St. station. There he was given the third degree by six burley officers of the law, who used steel level in beating him. In so doing a window was broken, they charged the worker with breaking it.

Magistrate Anthony Burk, said that they were not merely Daily Worker sellers, but were militant agitators, and were forcing their opinions on the passersby in the subway. The court didn't like the fact that Turner, had gone through the car calling: "Extra, Daily Worker, read all about Hoover's Prosperity."

When sentence of six months was pronounced the spectators in the court room, not our comrades, boomed the severity of the sentence. The whole affair is clearly seen as an attack upon the "Daily Worker."

3 Shoe Workers Open Forums This Sunday

NEW YORK.—The open forum started some time ago at one point in the city has proved so successful and so important to the shoe workers in their campaign against low wages and long hours and speed up, that the Independent Shoe Workers Union is now holding three, regular Sunday forums.

On Jan. 25, Fred G. Biedenkapp will speak on "Shoe Workers and the Labor Movement", at 61 Graham Ave., Williamsburg. J. Magliacano will speak on "The Present Shoe and Slipper Situation", at 1472 Boston Road, Bronx. Another prominent shoe worker will speak at Brownsville Labor Lyceum, Brownsville.

All meetings start at 11 a. m. promptly, all are welcome, and everybody can join in the discussion.

Labor and Fraternal

FRIDAY—

Will hold a lecture at 8 p. m. at their clubrooms, 133 Second Ave. Subject: "The Five-Year Plan of the Soviet Union." All workers should have the meaning of this great masterpiece of the Soviet Workers. Pay for your ticket according to the size of your pocket. The club invites all workers to come every evening between 7 and 11:30 p. m. and take part in all sports and in discussions on the problems of workers.

Harlem Prose Youth Club Meets at 1423 Madison Ave. All workers invited.

Steve Katozis B. I.L.D. Meets at 7:30 sharp at 108 E. 14th St. Important business.

A special meeting of the district bazaar committee of the I.L.D. takes place at 799 Broadway, room 410 to be on time, come at 6:30 p. m. sharp.

District Labor Defender Committee Meets at 6 p. m. at 799 Broadway, room 410.

Proletarian Literature Will be the subject of a lecture at the Prolab, 33 E. 10th St., at 8 p. m. One-half proceeds to Daily Worker.

Open Forum in Bronx At the Bronx Hungarian Workers Club, 785 Westchester Ave. "Some American Writers." Admission 10c.

Fraction Meeting Of the Food Workers Industrial Union at 37 E. 12th St. at 8 p. m. Bring Party books. Assignments made.

United Depositors Committee Meets in Brooklyn at P.S. 34, cor. Stone and Glenmore Aves., at 8 p. m.; in Harlem at P.S. 73, at Lexington Ave. and 166th St., at 8 p. m.

The "Noisy Mice" Workers Club Meets at 8:30 p. m. at the Cooperative House, 2700 Bronx Park East. Subject: "Health Protection in the Sewer Union and in the U.S." Admission free.

SATURDAY— Party Given by C. Richard at 29 W. 14th St. for the benefit of the Daily Worker. Apt. 2. Admission 25c.

Masquerade Ball Given by Otto Corvin and Hattie Carnegie Branch I.L.D. at 8:30 p. m. at 785 Westchester Ave.

Concert and Dance Takes place at the Italian Workers Center, 2011 Third Ave. (bet. 110th and 111th St.) at 8 p. m. All proceeds to the Daily Worker. Enjoy yourself and build the Daily at the same time. Typical Italian evening will be spent by all.

SUNDAY Attention Elizabeth, N. J. Open forum every Sunday at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 106 E. Jersey St. "The Five-Year Plan." Admission free.

Brownsville Workers School Open forum every Sunday at 8 p. m. "Crisis, Unemployment and Bank Failures." Questions, discussion. Admission free.

THE ADVENTURES OF BILL WORKER



NEGRO DEFENDS SELF FROM MOB

Lenin Meet to Expose Lynch Terror

On Saturday morning, Jan. 17, Stephen Stanton, Negro Porter, 600 West 125th St., was attacked by 12 Tammany Hall Democrats, members of the Patrick Dowdy Club. The rowdies resented the fact that a Negro held what they termed a white man's job as superintendent of the building. The Democrats had attended a feast of plenty food and liquor at the Pennsylvania Hotel. Dressed in dude clothing, they are alleged to have resented the fact that Stanton accidentally struck a door of the Democratic club.

When he was attacked there was nothing for him to do but defend himself. Later he had to stab one of them to death, four others on the hospital. After the fight he escaped to the streets where more than 200 members of the Andrew B. Keating Democratic Club came to assist their fellow democrats, and except for the aid of a white worker, William Barton, 550 West 162nd St., Stanton would have been lynched by the mob.

The Negro superintendent issued the following statement concerning Stanton and the hate being stirred up against Negroes by Tammany Hall. His statement was published in the Amsterdam News of today.

The Negro republican fakers and others are pretending to be doing something for Stanton. This and other mob terror activities will be exposed at the Lenin Meeting tonight at Madison Square Garden.

Negro and white workers expose the bosses terror against the workers. This and other cases will also be dealt with at the Mass Protest Meeting against lynching at St. Lukes Hall, Monday, Jan. 26, 8 p. m.

Primo Carnera at the Hippodrome

Primo Carnera, Italian heavyweight champion, begins a one week engagement at the Hippodrome Saturday. The other vaudeville acts include: Charles Withers, who presents "Walter's Opry," Raynor Lehr, Bert Walton, Frank and Eddie Monroe, K. T. Kuma, Gangler's Novelty Circus, and Waxberg and Sherman in "Figuratively Speaking."

Janet Gaynor and Charles Farrell are featured on the screen in "The Man Who Came Back." Kenneth MacKenna and William Holden are other prominent players.

Richard Barthelmess, is to be seen at the Cameo Theatre today in "The Lash," his latest screen offering. It is adapted from the novel, "Adios," by Mary Astor and Marian Nixon play important roles in the film.

In Lawrence Weber's production "The Gay 90s" featuring Victor Moore, will open at the Longacre Theatre the week of February 9. This is the farce by William A. Grew and Harry Delf which was previously titled "She Lived by the Firehouse."

WOMEN TO CONFER SUNDAY, JAN. 24TH

To Map Out Program of Struggle

The militant working women of New York City will gather at a conference on Saturday, Jan. 24, 2 p. m. at Irving Plaza, to discuss the problems confronting the working women and to mobilize for a mass campaign for International Women's Day. The conference will give its answer to the attempts of the bosses and the bureaucrats of the A. F. of L. to the campaign for the dismissal of working mothers.

The working women from American Federation of Labor organizations, as well as women of the unorganized shops and working women of fraternal organizations are called to this conference to give their answer to these reactionary slogans and policies of the bosses and their agents.

The conference will work out concrete plans for drawing the mass of working women into the struggle in support for the coming dress strike and the struggles of other workers in the shops and factories, and will map out a mass campaign against the high cost of living, high rents, and to organize the working women in support of the demands of the Unemployed Council and the revolutionary trade union movement.

DEMAND MARTI'S RIGHT OF ASYLUM

Defense of Worker Is Fought

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Officers of the Panama Mail S. S. Venezuela, are today accused by International Labor Defense representatives of refusing the demand of U. S. Immigration authorities for the return into their custody of Augustin Marti, prominent Central American revolutionary leader, who had been held in San Pedro, pending deportation until the sailing of the Venezuela on January 14th.

The International Labor Defense claims that the immigration officers at San Pedro had consented to waive their dismissal of a writ of habeas corpus, and that when the immigration officer boarded the ship, an officer refused to give Marti up, saying, "Now we've got him we're going to take him back to San Salvador."

Marti is a native of San Salvador, prominent in the revolutionary movement for many years. Imprisoned because of his activities in San Salvador, he went on a hunger strike in protest, continuing it until the authorities believed he might die. Fearing that such a death would result in sympathetic demonstrations, the San Salvador authorities deported him from his native land. He was refused admittance in Nicaragua and in Mexico, and when he was landed at San Pedro, U. S. immigration officers arrested him there.

The International Labor Defense has demanded for Marti the right of political asylum in this country, and when the immigration authorities who had previously delivered Marti to the Captain of the Venezuela attempted on a writ of habeas corpus to secure him back, this was refused. He is now enroute, possibly to San Salvador, or, according to the International Labor Defense, possibly to Nicaragua, where he would be subject to immediate execution because of his revolutionary activity in that country.

Protests against U. S. cooperation with Central American fascism have been made by the International Labor Defense, which has wired Washington, demanding the right of political asylum for Marti, and country-wide protest is gathering momentum at this newest high-handed behavior on the part of the immigration officials who acted as self-appointed custodian jailors, and the actions of the officers of the S. S. Venezuela who acted in league with San Salvador fascists to return him to jail in that country.

STEAL MILLIONS IN BANK OF U.S.

But Steuer Covers Up Real Robbery

NEW YORK.—What the Daily Worker published weeks ago, when the Bank of the United States crashed, is now dribbling through in a fake white-washing investigation engineered by the Tammany grafters, through the criminal lawyer, Steuer, now going on.

It is brought out that \$37,498,290 in fake loans was handed out, and that most of this money can never be gotten back. The directors of the bank themselves robbed the bank of \$4,510,217 through "loans."

The real story of the bank robbery, amounting to at least \$100,000,000, will never come out in this "investigation." Steuer, who is conducting the questioning of the bank officials, is a close friend of the bankers. He was bribed at the beginning by getting his \$54,000 out of the bank after the bank was closed, and when nearly 400,000 worker depositors were deprived of their savings.

What Steuer is keeping quiet is the fact that "loans" and graft went to Tammany politicians and judges. For printing these facts, the Daily Worker was accused of "wrecking banks through rumors."

MANY AFFAIRS TO AID DAILY FUND

Many affairs are being held throughout the city this Saturday and Sunday for the building of the Daily Worker. In Newark, the Women's Council has arranged an affair for this Saturday evening, at 93 Mercer St. All Newark workers are invited. Splendid entertainment has been arranged.

The ALDLD No. 212 Branch of Bayonne has arranged a dance at the L. A. U. Clubhouse, 197 Avenue E. Bayonne this Sunday night. A Sokvino Production will be shown on Sunday evening at the headquarters of the Middle Bronx Workers Club. There will also be a one act play, "The Life and Death of Ella May Wiggins" by Children of the IWO Children School No. 2. Comrade Deikel will recite, and Comrade Burck of the Daily Worker staff will draw cartoons.

Workers are urged to attend these affairs and help in the raising of finances toward the \$30,000 Emergency Fund.

Jobless Call All to Come to Their Affair

NEW YORK.—The Down Town Unemployed Council, which is always to the front when it is a matter of demonstrating for relief, fighting evictions or collecting signatures for the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill, is now to hold an affair to raise money for its organization and to give the workers an entertainment. There will be a dance, with entertainment furnished by the Young Communist League and Workers' Laboratory Theatre, at 131 West 28th St., Feb. 6. The Down Town Unemployed Council thanks Sadie Van Veen and the Workers' Laboratory Theatre for co-operation in this affair. Admission is 25 cents in advance and 35 cents at the door. All invited.

Workers Contribute to the Daily Worker At a Farewell Party

NEW YORK.—Members of Lodge Branch 24, International Workers' Order, assembled in the gymnasium of the Co-operative Colony, 2700 Bronx Park East, had good-bye to Comrades Solof on their way to the Soviet Union. The comrades issued the following statement:

"Wishing them a good-bye, we are sure they will continue in the Soviet Union their organizational work, and with their technical knowledge, will contribute to the success of the Five-Year Plan. "At the same time, our central Communist organ, the Daily Worker, has its seven years' jubilee. We are greeting the Daily as the revolutionary working-class paper in English, which fights for the emancipation of

WIR MEDICAL AID AT ALL MARCHES

Tag Days for Funds for This Work

The New York District of the Workers International Relief reported today that thirty-seven bruised and battered workers were given medical treatment at W.I.R. medical stations after Tuesday's demonstration in front of City Hall, when police clubs gave Tammany's answer to the delegates of the Unemployed Council, who presented the demands of the militant unemployed to acting Mayor McGee.

A corps of doctors and nurses were mobilized to take care of the demonstrators. The medical aid is one feature of the activity of the Workers International Relief, and a medical unit of doctors and nurses will accompany the Hunger Marchers to Albany on February 15.

In order to prepare financially for the Hunger March, National "Solidarity Tag Days" will take place January 31, and February 1, when the entire membership of the W.I.R., the T.U.U.L., the Unemployed Councils, and affiliated organizations, will mobilize their membership to collect funds, in order to make the protest against hunger, effective and successful, in order to provide food, shelter, etc. for the marchers.

To date, relief for the Hunger Marchers is being organized in Boston, Detroit, and Philadelphia, as well as New York.

There will be another meeting at the Tammany fake employment agency at Leonard and Lafayette today at 10 a. m.

Under the auspices of the Down Town Council, and to raise money for organization purposes, a dance and entertainment will be held at Workers' Laboratory Theatre, 131 W. 28th St., Friday night, Feb. 6.

SPECIAL ELECTION SIGNATURE DRIVE

More Sections Must Help in Drive

The call of the Communist Party (Section 8) for help in the emergency collection of 3,000 signatures to put Fred G. Biedenkapp, Communist candidate in the 9th Congressional District, on the ballot by January 27 midnight, has resulted in an excellent response thus far. The difficulties of collection, however, are the biggest obstacle, and unless substantial help is received immediately from other Sections of the Communist Party and Young Communist League, and especially from the sympathizers and friends of the Party in Brownsville and East New York, there is grave danger that we will be unable to reach the required number of signatures in time.

The District Committee of the Party has issued the instruction that all members of the Communist Party in Section 7 are released from other activities until Tuesday, and that they are to report in the Section 7 headquarters, 105 Thatford Avenue, near Pitkin Ave., in Brownsville, nightly from 5 p. m. to 9 p. m., on Saturday from 1 p. m. on and on Sunday from 9 a. m. on. Last night an additional headquarters in East New York at 962 Sutter Ave., near Cleveland St., was opened for those who live in that section. Those who travel from New York or from other parts to Brooklyn should report to the latter headquarters, which is nearest to the signature collection territory.

The special election was caused by the death of a capitalist politician named O'Connell in East New York.

FIGHT EVICTION OF TWO FAMILIES

NEW YORK.—The Unemployed Councils of New York will fight evictions at 84 E. 170th St. tomorrow. Two families, one with six children and one with three, are faced with evictions, to make their way as best they can, to freeze or not.

The Down Town Council of the Unemployed held good meetings yesterday and the day before at Leonard and Lafayette. On Tuesday the crowd marched with banners to join the City Hall demonstration. In fact, it was their arrival, parading down Broadway across from the hall, which signalled the raising of placards by the hunger marchers around the hall. During these two days the Down Town Council has collected 450 signatures to the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill. At the demonstration they sold 65 Labor Units and Daily Workers. They took in new members and held an indoor meeting at 27 E. Fourth St., yesterday.

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Cooperators! Patronize SEROY CHEMIST 657 Allerton Avenue ESTABLISHED 1915 BRONX, N. Y.

DR. J. MINDEL Surgeon Dentist 1 UNION SQUARE Room 803 Phone: ALgonquin 8119 Not connected with any other office

DR. J. LEVIN Surgeon Dentist 1501 AVENUE U, Ave. U St., B.M.T. At East 15th St., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Rational Vegetarian Restaurant 189 SECOND AVENUE bet. 12th and 13th Sts. Strictly Vegetarian Food

HEALTH FOOD Vegetarian Restaurant 1600 MADISON AVENUE Phone: UNIVERSITY 8866

John's Restaurant SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet 302 E. 124th St. New York

Advertise Your Union Meetings Write to The DAILY WORKER Advertising Department 50 East 13th St. New York City

Daily Worker Readers!

HELP BUILD MASS CIRCULATION FOR YOUR PAPER!

VOLUNTEER

This Sunday, 10 A. M.

To visit workers' homes to get them to read our paper, to get signatures for the Unemployment Insurance Bill—To acquaint the workers with our movement and to mobilize them for struggle!

VOLUNTEER AT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING STATIONS:

- DOWNTOWN—27 East 4th St.—64 West 22nd Street
HARLEM—308 Lenox Avenue—BRONX 569 Prospect Avenue
BROOKLYN: Williamsburgh, 61 Graham Avenue—136 Fifteenth Street
Brownsville, 105 Thatford Avenue—962 Sutter Avenue.

FOR BETTER VALUES IN MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S Suits and Overcoats go to 17.50 22.50 PARK CLOTHING CO. 93 Avenue A, Cor. Sixth St.

Last Day! LEO TOLSTOY'S DRAMATIC NOVEL "The Living Corpse" WITH PUDOVKIN, DIRECTOR OF "STORM OVER ASIA," IN THE LEADING ROLE PRODUCED BY MERRAHOPHIL OF MOSCOW 8TH STREET PLAYHOUSE 52 WEST 8TH ST. Between Fifth and Sixth Aves.—Spring 5095 POPULAR PRICES—CONTINUOUS NOON TO MIDNIGHT ALL RUSSIAN PROGRAM—AMERICAN PREMIERE "Gateway of the Caucasus" "Pranks of Jack Frost" "Morozko" A Soviet Fairy Tale Sovkino Newsreel Latest views of events in the USSR 5TH AVENUE PLAYHOUSE 66 FIFTH AVE.—Algonquin 7661—Direction: Joe. H. Fleider POPULAR PRICES—CONTINUOUS NOON TO MIDNIGHT

MORNING FREIHEIT COSTUME BALL Saturday Eve., January 24 at Madison Square Garden TICKETS 75c; IN ADVANCE 50 CENTS at MORNING FREIHEIT 35 EAST TWELFTH STREET, NEW YORK

AMUSEMENTS

MIDNIGHT GUILD W. 52nd. Even. 8:40 Mts. Th. & Sat. 2:40 Elizabeth the Queen Lynn Fontanne Alfred Lunt Morris Caroway, Joanna Roos and others MARTIN BECK TERRA West of Broadway 45th St. Evs. 8:40. Mts. Th. & Sat. 2:40

CAMEO 4257 Broadway STARTS TODAY Richard Barthelmess "The Lash"

DRAPER The Actor-Manager, Inc. present In her Original Character Sketches PROGRAM CHANGED DAILY COMEDY THEATRE—PRICES \$1—\$3 11st E. of W. Mts. Th. & Sat. 2:30 Evenings (including Sunday) at 8:30

CIVIC REPERTORY 14th St. 6th Av. 8:30. 9:15. Mts. Th. & Sat. 2:30. 7:15. 7:45. GALIFIANE. Director: THEATRE CLOSED THIS WEEK—Re-opening Mon. Eve., Jan. 26 "CAMILLE" Seats 4 weeks adv. at Box Office and Town Hall, 113 W. 42 Street

HIPPODROME 6th Ave. & 43d St. BIGGEST SHOW IN NEW YORK 8 ACTS "The CRIMINAL CODE" with Walter Huston

ON THE SPOT with GRACE WILBER and ANNA MAY WONG EDGAR WALLACE'S FURTEST THE. 48th Street, West of Broadway Even. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30

Sovkino Production and Concert THIS SUNDAY EVENING—JANUARY 25, 1931 1622 Bathgate Avenue, BRONX, N. Y. Proceeds for the DAILY WORKER ADMISSION 25 CENTS Arranged by the Middle Bronx Workers Club

Proletarian Support for Communist Press SOVIET COSTUME BALL Saturday Evening, January 31st, 1931 WORKERS CENTER 35 East 12th Street

JAZZ BAND ADMISSION 25 CENTS Arranged by Unit 2, Section 1; Downtown Young Communist League Proceeds for the DAILY WORKER and the YOUNG WORKER

CONCERT AND DANCE THIS SATURDAY EVENING—JANUARY 24, 1931 93 Mercer Street, Newark, N. J. EXCELLENT CONCERT—Ray Life, soprano in revolutionary songs; WEX, Cartoonist of the DAILY WORKER staff! Other numbers: Proceeds toward the \$30,000 Emergency Fund of the DAILY WORKER

BAYONNE WORKERS ATTENTION! DANCE THIS SUNDAY EVENING JANUARY 25, 1931 L. A. U. CLUBHOUSE, 197 Avenue E. corner 19th Street FUNDS TOWARD THE BUILDING OF THE DAILY WORKER!

# LETTERS FROM THE SHOPS

## Crisis in Arkansas Worsens As Stores Close and Farmers Starve

### Boss Press Keeps Up Endless Flood of Lies About "Upturn"

(By a Worker Correspondent)  
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—The "Arkansas Democrat" every day carries on its front page right under the masthead a news item usually captioned "Business Improving," giving isolated, small examples about how industry is reviving, jobless getting work, etc. This is whistling to keep up one's courage. Anything to fool the people to maintain "business psychology." Facts however tell a different story.

It is estimated that at least 1,000 stores and business establishments have closed shop during the past months and that scores of closing-out-sales are now taking place. Some streets are actually empty and deserted. This terrific collapse in business is due to the drought and the general weakening of United States and world capitalism. The chamber of commerce here is engineering the business "booms" referred to above. Anyone disagreeing with it is a "red" of course. Incidentally we can report another bank closed its doors in Little Rock today (Jan. 17).

## Ford, Press Fool Thousands About Take On

Detroit, Mich.  
Dear Editor:—Just a few lines to inform you in regards to a lot of boloney. A friend of mine went out to the Ford plant after reading the news in the papers to report for work. So when he got there, there were so many people, one could hardly budge, but was told to wait. In the meantime the newspapers were notified to come out to take a picture of the crowd. After taking a picture of the crowd they hired a few perhaps for a few days or weeks and told the rest of the gang to go home. And that same day the papers came out with pictures on the front page announcing that Ford took on over 100,000 men which is a lie.

## Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill

The Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill proposes:  
1.—Unemployment insurance at the rate of \$25 a week for each unemployed worker and \$5 additional for each dependant.  
2.—The creation of a National Unemployment Insurance Fund to be raised by: (a) using all war funds for unemployment insurance; (b) a levy on all capital and property in excess of \$25,000; (c) a tax on all incomes of \$5,000 a year.  
3.—That the Unemployment Insurance Fund thus created shall be administered by a Workers' Commission elected solely by employed and unemployed workers.  
All who sign the lists now being circulated by the Workers National Campaign Committee for Unemployment Insurance or its subsidiary organizations, demand that congress shall pass the bill, in its final form as (possibly) amended by the mass meetings which ratify it and elect the mass delegation to present it to congress, or as (possibly) amended by the mass delegation itself. The final form of the bill will follow the general line of the three points printed above.

All workers are called upon to help collect signatures for this bill. Get the co-operation of all workers you know in the signature drive. All organizations should activate their members in the collection of signatures. Write to the National Campaign Committee for Unemployment Insurance, 2 West 15th St., New York City, for signature blanks.

## Little Rock, Ark., Active in Section of Militant Farmers; Bundle Increased to 50 Daily

Comrades in Little Rock, Ark., are quick to understand the need of the Daily Worker in the area where recently starving farmers of England, Ark., armed themselves and marched in a body, demanding food from the England storekeepers. From F. B. we received the following letter:  
"Comrade D. Z. is now getting 15 copies every day. We want to order for our unit here 50 copies of the Daily Worker. Inclosed is money for one week. We will increase size of bundle as quickly as forces are developed for efficient distribution of the papers."

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# INTERNATIONAL NEWS

## El Salvador Dictator fails Four Workers

The movement to organize unions to fight for better conditions in Salvador has been met by brutal persecutions by Romero Bosque, the agent of Yankee imperialism in power. Many organizers and leaders of the attempt to liberate the workers from the miserable conditions to which they are subjected have been arrested. The Red Aid (I.L.D.) organized a protest and the masses responded. More than 200 were rescued from the prisons. Four are still in jail.

Petitions for better conditions, describing the feudal system by which the workers are exploited, were sent to the government. The answer of Romero Bosque was to describe the workers' conditions as seen from the comfortable position of the bourgeoisie. The Communist Party responded with an accurate description of the real suffering of the masses. This was ignored by Romero Bosque.

On the day of the trial of the four comrades still in prison, demonstrations for their freedom took place all over Salvador. This brought forth more severe persecutions of the workers. Many more were arrested, revolutionary organizations were attacked and the leaders imprisoned.

It is a struggle of class against class. Workers the world over must unite against the white terror of Salvador and the conditions which the fascist Romero Bosque and his government impose on the masses.

Help free our imprisoned comrades!

BUENOS AIRES.—The death sentence imposed by the fascist Uriburu and his tribunal on the three chauffeurs, Ares, Montero and Gallo, for attacking a scab during a recent strike, was commuted to life imprisonment.

This was the reaction of the fascist dictator to the protests of the proletariat. Demonstrations were dispersed by the armed henchmen of the government. It was, however, working-class solidarity which forced the would-be executioners to commute the death sentence.

Such cowardly "kindness" and "clemency" must be fought against. Ares, Montero and Gallo must be liberated from the living death to which they have been condemned. Workers the world over must unite to free the victims of "capitalist justice." Particularly the American workers, since Uriburu is a "friend" of Wall Street.

Several times the Daily Worker has read from my friend and I found that this is the only paper which really defends the interest of the workers. Therefore, I enclose 50 cents to save the Daily Worker.

—E. N. Lincoln, Nebraska.

## "ISVESTIA" RAPS BOSS PRESS FOR LIES ABOUT "FORCED LABOR" IN USSR

### Is Preliminary to the Boycott Against Soviet Goods; Imperialists Make Slaves of Colonial Masses

#### "Keep Your Feet Off the Table," Izvestia Tells Ham Fish, Jr.

Sarcastic and biting comment in the Moscow press greeted the publication of the Fish Committee report. Izvestia, in an editorial headed, "Skyscraper of Impudence," says that the "ninety-page report of the Fish Committee demonstrates the most complete failure of the Right Honorable Representative, his assistants from the American Secret Service and their White Guard emigre gangs. Izvestia goes on to say:

"To oppose recognition of the Soviet Union and simultaneously to demand official investigations of conditions existing in said union—that is literally a skyscraper of impudence. We are learning to do things on an American scale, but insolence on a scale like this we never expected from people who ought to realize that they represent an important State administration. When Mr. Fish asks the American government to demand the right of investigation of our lumber camps we can only reply: 'Take your feet off the table, Mr. Representative, you are not in your own home.'"

"Izvestia" points out that the Soviet Union is the only country in the world where labor is really free and where the exploitation of the working masses by the capitalists has been abolished. In the capitalist countries the "freedom to work" meant simply the freedom to work or starve, and even this freedom ceased to exist during times of great unemployment like the present. In the Soviet Union all workers had the right to work, and, further, the duty. The overthrow of capitalism had made an increasingly improved standard for the workers possible.

Not even the most progressive capitalist countries could compare with the Soviet Union with regard to the amounts expended by the state on education, culture and social services. Real freedom exists in the Soviet Union and it is this fact which causes the fury of the bourgeoisie and produces such satirical scenes as the conservative diatribes, the representatives of British colonialism, the internationally notorious slave-holders and oppressors of the colonial peoples, as the defenders of the workers. Last summer in Geneva the 12th session of the International Labor Office of the League of Nations dealt with the question of slavery and forced labor in the colonies. An exhaustive report was made concerning the various forms of compulsory labor still in operation in the colonies. Great Britain was in the lead as slave master. These facts, however, did not prevent the hypocritical torques from shedding crocodile tears at the "terrible" conditions of labor existing in the Soviet Union.

A "study" was ordered to unemployment, the commission "being apprehensive in regard to the unemployment position in Europe and the very grave consequences it is producing." In short, the combined capitalist governments are preparing to ward off proletarian revolution while they prepare for war against the workers' republic.

The definite steps taken were the following:

1) A committee to unite the European wheat importing and exporting countries in order to smash Soviet wheat exports and thereby they hope to endanger the Five Year Plan advance.

2) In order to bolster up the rich peasants in Poland, Bulgaria, Rumania, Denmark, Hungary, etc., against the poor peasants who see in the Soviet Union the beneficial results of the farm collectives, a committee was formed to discuss the matter of credits.

3) Finally, a committee was formed to discuss "the general organization of the European union" against the Soviet Union. Which means, of course, the actual military preparations for intervention.

For this work, Arthur Henderson, the British labor minister, thanked Briand, who together with the French General Staff is working to put Czarism back in power in Russia. Henderson thanked Briand "especially for the final success" of "a very successful session."

Protest Suppression of "Young Worker"

BUFFALO.—A resolution condemning the act of the post office in banning the Young Worker from the mails was enthusiastically adopted at Buffalo and Jamestown mass meetings addressed by Comrade Soderberg of the International Labor Defense.

The workers' willingness to fight on behalf of the class war prisoners was shown in their great response to an appeal for a collection made by the speaker. Almost \$90.00 was collected at the meeting and several new members were taken in.

The International Labor Defense in District 4 is now progressing rapidly and point by point the 8 months plan is being rushed into effect. Good response is being received by workers' fraternal organizations here in Buffalo as well as throughout the District.

People who live in glass houses shouldn't even toss pebbles about on account of a possible hail storm of bricks. The U. S. cry of horrible prison conditions in Soviet Russia brings down tomorrow an avalanche on the actual situation of convicts who produce goods in U. S. prisons. Don't miss tomorrow's article.

(To Be Continued.)

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## "Genial" Rolph Gives More Breadlines

San Francisco, Cal.  
Editor Daily Worker:—I know I should get kicked for not writing in more often but every day I read the Daily Worker and scan the letters from the shop for no other reason than to see what the comrades from the health and "shion" are doing towards building up the Daily Worker paper in the country.

Now that our smiling faker (Governor Rolph) has taken over the duties of the poor ignorant taxpayers are relying on him alone to give us back that myth called, ah that is "prosperity."

Yes the breadlines are stretching out yonder and day by day it is coming near. By that I mean the inevitable crash of imperialism and the dictatorship of the masses.

Well, comrades I don't see where it is hurting our movement because it only shows the workers how much truth there is in our program and what the capitalist press really is. In other words we don't need to expose the bunk the bosses hand out. They are actually dumb enough to expose themselves and workers everywhere are looking for leadership.

—UNEMPLOYED

## Arnold Window Glass Fools Workers

Springdale, Pa.  
Dear Comrades:—It is not often that I write to the worker correspondence but today I witnessed something which I think is worth mentioning. The Valley Daily News came out Saturday, January 17 with blazing headlines giving information to the effect that the Arnold Window Glass Company had hired two hundred and fifty men and that they would hire many more on Monday 19th. On that date there were about one thousand workers gathered between midnight

and 7 a. m. and not a solitary man was hired.

Shows Up Bosses.

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## Canadian Locomotive Workers Laid Off

Kingston, Ont., Canada.  
Dear Sir:—Just a line from here reporting on conditions. The Canadian Locomotive Works in this town laid off 400 and will lay off another 100 in two weeks, turning a complete shut down. No more orders, making a total of 1,100 out of work in Kingston. The free employment bureau here is run by a parasite by the name of Stroud who carries a union printer's card. All transients in search of food are sent by Stroud (who tells

them of the good soup to be had across the street at the kitchen. Persecute Jobless.

A Presbyterian minister (from China on pension) makes his headquarters in the kitchen lecturing about pie in the sky.

It is common talk they intend fingerprinting all transients. In Toronto any one seen applying for keep at a police station is 'vagged' 6 months and then deported.

Fifty thousand acres of bush land is to be cleared in the Province of Ontario by 'vags.' The place is already nicknamed "Beulah Land."

Organize Everywhere

This movement is not confined to Oklahoma City. Everywhere in the state the workers are organizing to demand and secure relief. In Duncan, a spontaneous gathering of more than 500 workers and farmers took place and formed an organization under the name of "Workmen's Army." Their leader, who was misguided and under reformist illusions refused to line up with the Unemployed Council and the United Farmers League. The revolutionary workers approached the workers, explained the national campaign for unemployment insurance, and showed them the Daily Worker, which they read with great eagerness. The overwhelming majority of the workers in this town have lined up with the Unemployed Council in the fight for unemployment insurance.

In Webb City and in Little Rock the workers are also organizing. Unemployed Councils have been formed. Mass meetings held in both these towns, and the Daily Worker is now in receipt of information that the England, Ark., action of the farmers was led by a members of the Oklahoma City Unemployed Council.

The workers and farmers of Oklahoma know that only through organization can they get relief, and they are organizing at "breathless speed" under the revolutionary leadership of the Unemployed Council.

## Now get back to this friend of mine. He belongs to the same lodge as one of the officials, he is as high as one can go, 32nd degree. Thinking he could get on at Ford's I drove him up to this fellow's home and after talking for awhile he said it was impossible to get him a job and what the papers had said was paper talk just to kid the public alone.

Here is another instance where a workers served his master very well only to be fired. Altho he tells me he is a republican he talks nothing but Bolshevism. This fellow invented a machine he said to take the place of 25 girls. After he got through with it, his masters rirn't give him anything and told him he could have his job and after he insisted on being paid for his invention they gave him the air. That was his reward, he is close to fifty.

Conditions are rotten. Lots of suicides, hold up murders. The murderers are jailed and blackjacked. —A.C.

Comrades in Little Rock, Ark., are quick to understand the need of the Daily Worker in the area where recently starving farmers of England, Ark., armed themselves and marched in a body, demanding food from the England storekeepers. From F. B. we received the following letter:  
"Comrade D. Z. is now getting 15 copies every day. We want to order for our unit here 50 copies of the Daily Worker. Inclosed is money for one week. We will increase size of bundle as quickly as forces are developed for efficient distribution of the papers."

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# LIEBKNECHT, LUXEMBURG—WORKING CLASS LEADERS

By I. AMTER.

ON January 15, 1919, the social democrats of Germany brutally murdered Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, two revolutionary leaders of the German working class. Karl Liebknecht fought against the world war, spoke and voted against the war budget. Drafted into the army, he issued a manifesto to the German workers telling them that their enemy was at home—the bosses. On May Day, 1916, Liebknecht appeared in civilian clothes and rallied the workers of Berlin, particularly the young workers, at open mass demonstrations against the imperialist war. For this he was arrested by the kaiser's officials, and sentenced to four and a half years imprisonment. The revolution—that is the driving out of the kaiser and the establishment of a capitalist republican government with social democrats at its head, freed Liebknecht.

But he was to lead a peaceful life. Liebknecht fought and exposed the social democracy, its treachery through the four years of war, its treachery in forming a republican government, its treachery to the Councils of Workers and Soldiers, formed after the pattern but not with the content of the Russian Soviets. Liebknecht fought and incurred the bitter hatred of the social democrats who seized him and murdered him in cold blood.

Rosa Luxemburg, leader of the Polish workers, had to leave Poland to escape banishment to Siberia where the czar's court wished to send her. With a period of bitter fight against the bourgeois socialists behind her, she fought against the world war, issuing document after document, and together with Liebknecht established the periodical of revolutionary Marxism—the International. Hunted and finally seized by officers in the employ of the social democratic government, together with Liebknecht she was murdered by the enemies of the working class.

These two leaders—together with the great leader of the working class revolution—Lenin—are the embodiment of the revolutionary insight and fighting spirit of the working class. Lenin, the man who after Marx, laid down the line and strategy for the Proletarian Revolution, amplifying and elaborating Marx's theories in their application to the period of imperialism; Liebknecht, the working class leader, who bold and unafraid, faced the entire mob of his (at that time) social democratic colleagues in the Reichstag, denounced them and their imperialist masters, went into the streets, after release from prison, and rallied the youth against the bloody war; Luxemburg, the writer and speaker, who, not being in touch with the Russian comrades, made some serious errors, and yet helped to lay down the line for the separation of the German working class revolutionists from the reformists.

Today, the significance of the work of Liebknecht and Luxemburg in the revolutionary movement of Germany comes more to the fore. With social democracy in the progress of 11 years having turned openly social fascist, and in Germany being the sole prop of the semi-fascist Brüning government, the role of Liebknecht and Luxemburg, together with that of Clara Zetkin and Mehring, in laying the basis for the now powerful Communist Party of Germany cannot be overestimated.

Today, the social democrats and socialists the world over are conducting a vicious fight against the revolutionary workers, just as they did in Germany after the world war, when they divided the workers who organized into Councils of Workers and Soldiers (there was not yet a Communist Party), and then disbanded the councils when the Weimar republican constitution was adopted. Today, the social democrats support capitalist "democracy" against the rising rebellion of the workers, who are suffering from

mass unemployment, hunger, wage slashes—witness Germany, England, Poland, Yugoslavia, etc. They support and in many cases direct the operations of the imperialist governments, as, for instance, the British Labor government, massacring the workers and peasants of India, Egypt, Palestine, etc. They support the imperialist government of Holland (in relation to Java); France (leading in imperialist preparations generally, and in expeditions against Morocco, Indo-China); in attacks on the revolutionary workers of the United States, Poland, Yugoslavia, Bulgaria, Belgium, Scandinavia. They support the imperialist actions in the colonies, and above all are the front-line fighters against the Soviet Union. No lie, no slander is too low for the social democrats. The revelations at the trial of the leaders of the so-called "Industrial Party" in Moscow, showed the connections of the social democrats with the imperialists in preparation for armed intervention in the Soviet Union. No press attempted to ridicule the trial more than the socialist press. And let us not forget that it was the second international which, in its manifesto of May 1 and one of more recent date, called for war against the Soviet Government.

Liebknecht and Luxemburg, in taking up the fight against the traitors of the working class in 1914, together with Lenin, who long before than time began and led the fight against the reformists, impress upon us with great emphasis our tasks today, now that the imperialist world is preparing for war to get out of the crisis, and for armed attack on the Soviet Union. This task becomes all the more necessary, in view of the war preparations of the U. S. government—federal budget \$1,127,000,000 for 6 months, or more than any time in the history of the country, the report of the Fish Committee, which is directly in preparation for war—the united front which is forming in China of the imperialist powers for open support of the warlords against the advancing Chinese Red Armies, etc.

Lenin, Liebknecht and Luxemburg—and above all the Communist International—have shown us that in our fight against imperialism we must also fight against the traitors of the working class. Not one fight taking place after the other, but a single fight on two fronts. Just as the struggle of the workers against the bosses and their government in strikes, etc., cannot be separated from the struggle against the fascist and social fascist trade union leaders, who are tools in the ranks of the workers, carrying out the wishes of the bosses to smash the ranks of the workers, reduce their conditions, etc. So in the struggle against imperialism war, our guns must be drilled at the enemies on the two fronts.

Lenin, Liebknecht, Luxemburg—three heroes of the working class—are dead but that for which they lived and died, is livelier today than ever before. The struggle against the traitors, the imperialists and all their lackeys, the struggle for the revolutionary unification of the working class are the demand of the day. Not individual leaders will lead the working class. Liebknecht and Luxemburg did not live to participate in the organization and activities of the Communist International, although they and a few other German revolutionists were the heart of the Spartacus movement of Germany, out of which developed the German Communist Party. But their lives were the personification of that which will lead the working class to victory: devotion to the working class, unending courage, and with the aid of the Communist International, the correct line and policy. Not individual leaders, but the Communist Party furnishes the leadership for the struggle—the unified revolutionary struggles of the masses in the capitalist and colonial countries against world imperialism, and its tools and allies, the socialist parties and the reactionary, fascist trade union leaders.

# A Criticism of the Revolutionary Press

By HARRY GANNES.

WITH one exception, there has been a distinct improvement in the revolutionary working class press and trade union organs published in the English language. The exception is the United Farmer, official organ of the United States Farmers' League, affiliated with the Farmers' International. The best of the papers considered in the present article is undoubtedly Labor Unity, official organ of the Trade Union Labor Unity, from an examination of recent issues of the Young Worker, Working Woman, Labor Unity and the Southern Worker, it is clear that the problem of reaching the workers in language understandable to them, by getting down to concrete problems of the daily struggles instead of phrasemongering and mechanical repetition of resolutions is being realized. By no means should this be understood as signifying there are no shortcomings. A talk with the editors of nearly all of these papers brings the frank admission of such shortcomings. But the problem is being hammered out.

The great lack of all of these papers is the ability to act as effective organizers. There is too great a similarity in the articles published in all these papers. They seem to follow a stilted form. They copy from one another. The worker correspondents are encouraged to follow a routine style instead of giving free expression to what they think, what they see and what they question. With the exception of Labor Unity and the Southern Worker, the language could be simplified and enlivened to get away from the usual phrases that deaden these papers.

Each of these papers has a special function. But a reading of them without knowing the title of the paper would be very confusing. The articles are interchangeable. This does not mean that the problems touched are not fit for publication in each of them, but they must be treated especially in, for instance, the Young Worker, the United Farmer, the Southern Worker, etc. The United Farmer, which comes out irregularly, tries to make up by printing long articles. They are written in a very dry manner. For instance, the story on the trial of the Moscow wreckers is not connected with the conditions of the American farmers so that it is made a part of their life. It is something foreign to the farmers in America, as presented in the United Farmer. The whole paper smacks of an attempt at being too theoretical. It does not reflect in a specific manner the devastating crisis on the farms. The plight of the southern poor farm-

ers, Negro and white, is barely touched upon. The December issue would not give you an inkling that what occurred in England, Arkansas, when armed Negro and white farmers, on the verge of starvation, demanded food and got it, could happen. The paper is badly gotten up. There is a good deal of farmers' correspondence, but it is not handled to advantage, and there are no editorial notes directing organization of the farmers.

**The Working Woman:** The last two issues, December and January, have improved in content, but they are badly gotten up and are difficult to read. There are not enough articles on specific industries in which tens of thousands of women are employed. While there is general propaganda against hunger and unemployment in the January issue, it does not do sufficient to mobilize the working women for the hunger marches and the struggle for relief undertaken by the Trade Union Labor Unity and the unemployed councils. A grave fault is the fact that the worker correspondents have discovered that by the use of carbon paper a large number of copies of their letters can be made and the same letter gets into several of the revolutionary papers. It is the duty of the editors to build up special corps of worker correspondents among the women workers who feel that the Working Woman is the proper weapon in their struggle to organize the toiling women. Just by adding the word "women" in a story that appeared in the Daily Worker or Labor Unity does not make it of special interest to working women. There should be more fresh material written by working women.

**Labor Unity:** This is the best gotten-up and most attractive sheet of the lot. Its cartoons by Quirt are splendid and of a good agitational character. The paper is easy to read and appeals to the workers. It has a big variety of articles from the shops, from the breadlines, from the revolutionary unions in the struggle, and has especially effective in organizing for the hunger-marches. Labor Unity has been most successful in getting away from the stilted phrases of the other papers. The greatest shortcoming is in guiding the way for organization. The column, "We Want To Organize" is too general and does not devote sufficient space to organization. There is also a tendency to the development of "professional" worker correspondents. There is not enough on the Red International of Labor Unions and its tasks. Very little news is given (it could be brief) of other

sections of the R. I. L. U.

**Southern Worker:** In spite of the fact that this is a four-page paper in small form it bubbles with the life and struggle of the workers and farmers in the South. The articles are short and breathe the conditions of the southern masses. They are easy to read. There is plenty of workers' correspondence. The editorials sometimes are too long and there are not enough of them, though Jim Allen's column makes up for them and is good. The best criticism of the shortcomings of the Southern Worker was made by the editor himself, Jim Allen, when he said it is not sufficiently an organizer for the Communist Party. It does not take up concrete questions of organization often enough. There is a lack of educational material and reference to pamphlets and books for those of its readers who want to learn more about Communism and Marxism and Leninism. There should be a column on Party life, telling the readers, from week to week, what the Communist Party is doing elsewhere; what its world task is—not in this fashion, but in a simple way so that the reader feels the international struggle. There should be a column dealing with theory in a simple way, with references to pamphlets and books and where they can be obtained.

**Young Worker:** Though the Young Worker has improved in dealing with the problems of the working youth, it is woefully lacking in unemployment mobilization for the fight for unemployment insurance. With the war danger finding its way into the capitalist press nearly every day, outside of the usual phrases that have appeared in the Young Worker from time immemorial, you would never suspect it from just reading the Young Worker. Lenin's outstanding advice to the Communist youth was to "Learn! Learn! Learn!" The Young Worker overlooks this lesson. There is no consistent theoretical study-material, no reference and discussion of the great Marxist-Leninist classics. This does not have to fill the paper. It can be in the form of short articles written so that young workers can understand it, but the material is lacking. A question and answer column would be valuable.

There is a good sport page. The workers correspondence is lively and good.

When the mailing privileges were taken away the appeal to "Defend the Young Worker" failed to stress the necessity of mobilizing the youth to distribute the paper in the shops and factories, to insure its circulation among the widest strata of working youth.

### Gathering Signatures for Our Unemployment Insurance Bill Lays the Basis for a Mass Movement Against Capitalists and Their Government. It's An Important Task

### Workers! Join the Party of Your Class!

Communist Party U. S. A.  
43 East 125th Street,  
New York City.

Please send me more information on the Communist Party.

Name .....

Address .....

City .....

State .....

Occupation .....

Age .....

Mail this to the Central Office, Communist Party, 43 East 125th St., New York, N. Y.



# The Program of the Indian Revolution

The "Lefts" in the National Congress

THE Indian National Congress as a whole was organized by the Indian capitalists. It became the greatest brake on the organization of the Indian masses for the revolutionary struggle. As a whole it frankly defends the interests of the capitalists and landlords, and seeks by every means to come to an agreement with British imperialism, satisfactory to the rich classes in India. There is, however, in the fold of the National Congress a special brand of bourgeois nationalists, who pose as "lefts," and are therefore the most dangerous enemies of the rising Indian masses. This is the group headed by Jawaharlal Nehru, Bose and others. The difference between this group and Gandhi's is this: Whereas Gandhi wants the revolution to commit harakari, the young Nehru wants to kill it with poison.

The "left" nationalists penetrate into the trade unions where they hamper the workers' struggle against the bosses. They promise the peasants land (of course, with due regard to the interests of the landlords) AFTER the revolution. They support Gandhi's teaching of non-violence "not on principle, but as a policy." As if it matters to the Indian workers and peasants whether they are betrayed "on principle" or on grounds of "high policy!" One of these phrasemongers, a well known "left" nationalist politician, Jammadas Mehta, in the name of the Trade Union of Railway Employees of which he is president, recently declared against the general strike, resolved upon by the All-India Trade Union Congress. What are his reasons? Of course the most plausible: trade unionism in India is weak, says he, and stands in need of "constructive, sober work, and not ultra-militant activity." This worthy was immediately canonized by the imperialist press. In spite of his alleged "anti-imperialist" activities, for his spherically treacherous attitude towards the general strike.

All this shows how right are the Indian Communists when they declare in their Platform of Action:

"Ruthless war on the 'left' national reformists is an essential condition if we are to isolate them from the workers and from the mass of the peasantry and mobilize the latter under the banner of the Communist Party and of the anti-imperialist agrarian revolution in India."

Hated of British rule now permeates the whole Indian people through and through. A United States government official, who last year toured Eastern countries, states in his book: "People of twenty years residence there (i.e., in India, Ed.) told me they had never seen India so stirred up." Under these conditions anybody who wants to win the ear of the Indian masses must talk against British imperialism. Then how are the Indian masses to distinguish between their real leaders, who will lead them to final victory, and false friends, who are bartering away their interests behind their back? There is only one way to learn this, and that is the path of revolutionary class struggle. Not from demagogic oratory, but from the painful experience of the actual struggle carried out from day to day for higher wages, lower land rents, help to the unemployed, and so on, will the Indian workers and peasants learn the treacherous role of the "left" nationalists.

These day to day struggles will arouse the class consciousness of the Indian workers and peasants, organize them and steel them for the coming onslaught on imperialism and its Indian allies. For without persistent day to day work of organizing the masses into trade unions, peasant leagues, etc., there can be no victorious revolution.

This is what the supporters of terrorism in India do not understand. Today a good many revolutionary youth in India, despairing of the leadership of Gandhi and other misleaders from the National Congress, are resorting to bombs. News of killings of British Indian officials and

their native satellites fill the Indian papers. The National Congress condemns these terrorist acts as "dastardly outrages," thus only confirming its class affinity to British imperialism. Not so the Indian Communist Party. The Indian Communists do not question the sincerity, the devotion, the self-sacrifice of the Indian terrorists. But they do question whether theirs is the right way to the victory of the revolution. No, answers the Platform of Action:

"This emancipation of India cannot be achieved by a terrorist movement. The supporters of the terrorist movement of our country do not see and do not believe in the struggle of the broad masses of the people, and do not understand the connection between the agrarian revolution, the struggle of the working class and the overthrow of British domination. They try by brave and single-handed terrorist acts to achieve victory over British imperialism.

"While recognizing the devotion and self-sacrifice of the terrorists in the cause of national emancipation of India, the Communist Party declares that the road to victory is not the method of individual terror but the struggle of the widest possible masses of the working class, the peasantry, the poor of the towns and the Indian soldiers, around the banner and under the leadership of the Communist Party of India."

The Indian Communist Party—The Fighter for Socialism

From what has been said before, it is clear that the Indian Communists show the Indian masses the only possible path they must traverse in order to achieve their freedom from British imperialism. Without a strong political party, as organizer and leader of the masses, it is impossible to defeat the powerful imperialist robber. There is no other group or party in India which is capable of understanding the conditions of the struggle and which will really organize for it the workers and peasants. But the Indian Communist Party is something even more than that. Above all the Communist Party is the Party of the working class. And because it is the Party of this most consistently revolutionary class, the Communist Party fights not only for the abolition of imperialist and landlord domination, but for the abolition of all kinds of exploitation including CAPITALIST exploitation. The Indian Communist Party is thus a part of the international proletariat which, under the banner of the Communist International fights for the WORLD SOCIALIST REVOLUTION.

The dogs of British imperialism strain every effort in order to isolate the Indian workers from the international struggle of the proletariat. In spite of that, the Indian workers already have had occasions to feel the solidarity of their brethren in other countries with their struggles. Right here in this blessed country, of American imperialism, where the Indian workers suffer from triple exploitation—as workers, as foreign born, as subject of an oppressed colonial country—they know that it is only the American Communist Party that fights for their interests just as for the interests of the American and Negro workers.

The Indian workers in America will do well to study carefully the Platform of Action of the Indian Communist Party. It will help them to understand the struggle of the working class both here and in India. And when some of them will return to their home country, it will be a powerful instrument in their hands for the mobilization of the masses under the leadership of the Indian Communist Party, to fight for national liberation and the establishment of an Indian Soviet Republic.

It is also the duty of the membership of our Party in the U.S.A. to familiarize themselves with and particularly to help the Indian workers understand the Platform of Action of the Indian Communist Party

# Lessons of the B. & D. Fur Strike

By JUNE CROLL.

HAVING been forced to give into the demands of the fur workers who went on strike Jan. 3 against a 20 percent wage cut, the D. & B. fur manufacturers have been trying ever since the day the strikers returned to their jobs, last Friday to demoralize them and prepare the ground for a return of the cut. The D. & B. workers came out on strike Jan. 2 together with the workers of the National and Eastern Fur against the common attack of the bosses on their already miserable wages. The cut would bring the wages down to \$13 for women workers who do different work from that of the men, although it is terribly fatiguing, and dangerous to their health. The men would be receiving \$20 per week if there were a full weeks work which there isn't.

This was the first real strike in Danbury in years. The fur workers were not only completely unorganized but had for the most part never heard of a union. Then there were the language and national differences. The bulk of the workers came of four nationalities, Syrian, Portuguese, French and Slavish. In spite of these difficulties their inexperience in strikes and the bitter cold the wage cut so enraged the workers whose conditions were already so unbearable that they put a most militant struggle particularly at the D. & B. Shop. Picketing commenced at 6 a. m. and earlier with almost every striker on the job. Throughout the day 5 different strikers took their turn at picketing the shop every hour. Twice the boss sent for the committee offering a compromise of a 10 percent wage cut but the committee in the name of all the strikers stood firm. Finally last Thursday at the third conference the boss agreed to the withdrawal of the cut and no discrimination against any of the strikers.

The fur strike settlement committee as well as the organizer June Croll warned the D. & B. the cut back by first firing the workers who had shop however that the boss would try to bring been the best fighters against the wage cut riding the shop of its leaders and that it was necessary job in order to prevent another cut. This sary therefore to protect each and every work-was agreed to and a shop committee elected, representing all departments to act on behalf of the shop. The workers had learned one lesson, how to strike and win. They learned the need of a union. 75 percent of the shop joined the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union before they returned to work, and the whole shop voted to contribute almost a hundred dollars per week to the relief fund for strikers of the Eastern and the National for as long as they remain on strike. They understood that their interests could be protected only if they united with workers in other fur shops but they still had faith in the bosses' word and his "explanations," and had not yet learned that firing the best strikers after a strike settlement would be followed by a return of the wage cut. The boss therefore able to get away with firing three workers.

Who had been employed some three months ago the first selected for persecution was a worker to replace another cutter who was doing some carpenter work in the shop temporarily. This "carpenter" had also been out on strike and active.

It was therefore difficult for the workers of the D. & B. in spite of all the efforts of the union and the more awakened workers in the shop, to realize that this was just a trick to get the workers used to the idea that the boss can fire whom he wants out of the shop for their activities in the strike. Although some workers proposed ? ? ? ? ? of work between. The workers having taken no action on this case the boss proceeded to terrorize them by firing two others and stated that they were only temporarily laid off. The workers of the shop feel that these two day workers really did not have any work and since the piece workers are dividing what work there is among themselves, for the time being, they cannot, due to their lack of experience and misplaced faith in the bosses' word see that the boss is preparing to fire the most active ones also and that he is doing this in co-operation with the other fur manufacturers who are determined to prevent the establishment of a union through terrorizing those still on strike against being active for fear of what will follow.

More and more workers are however rapidly learning not to trust the bosses and there is a strong healthy backbone of workers in the D. & B. carrying on the work of the union. The strikers of the National and the Eastern, far from being discouraged by the laxness of the D. & B. workers are learning from their mistakes and have tripled the strength of the picket line in the last few days so as to make impossible for the boss to pick any as being most active for he would have to cripple his production entirely. There would be so many to fire. And were they fire a few many staunch fighters still remain in the shop ready to take up the strike again to protect anyone from losing their jobs. The D. & B. had been out only a few days when the settlement came.

The Eastern and the National in the 10 days of their strike have learned how to stick together and fight for each other. They have had more training in unity and it is having its effect in spite of the fact that the two shops still on strike are controlled by the Lee Hat Co., famous for having spent tens of thousands of dollars several years ago to prevent the establishment of a union in his shop. Whereas during the first week of the strike the bosses of the Eastern and the National "proudly" ignored the strikers entirely thinking that it would be an easy matter to bribe them back to work. All like one they have given one answer: "We will return only after you agree with our settlement committee to withdraw the wage cut and not to fire anyone for being active in the strike." Not one has returned to work.

As far as the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union is concerned the Syrian workers who of fighting workers it has ever led in a strike. The lies spread around by the American Federation of Labor officials according to the local be organized because they don't stick together are an attempt on the part of the A. F. of L. to workers, concerning the Syrians that they cannot cover up their services to the very manufacturer who broke up the hatters union in the Lee Hat shop several years ago in sabotaging the organization of the fur workers.

In spite of the combined efforts of all reactionary forces, the bosses, the government, the officials of the American Federation of Labor, the National Citizen Clubs and the Y. M. C. A., the strike continues in high spirits. With workers contributing relief the strikers will, as the strike song goes, stick together till they win.