

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)

WORKERS
OF THE WORLD,
UNITE!

Speed the Signature Collection Campaign
for the Unemployment Insurance Bill.
Unemployment Insurance Must
Be Won Now!

Vol. VII, No. 307

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False 'Friends' of the Jobless

ON Monday the United Press sent from Washington a news dispatch beginning with the following paragraph:

"The American Federation of Labor has reversed its position against unemployment insurance and will on record next month as supporting establishment of 'reserve funds' by employers, state and government agencies for benefit of workers in slack times."

It is added that this was "revealed" by Edward P. McGrady, a general organizer of the A. F. of L., who says that the plan will be considered by the Executive Council meeting at Miami on January 12.

Another Washington dispatch to the N. Y. Times states that Senator Wagner is soon to introduce a bill in Congress for a joint House and Senate Committee—"to make a general study of the unemployment insurance systems in use by private interests in the United States and by foreign governments."

On top of this, the N. Y. Times of Monday says that "after consultation with leading economists and authorities" the American Association for Labor Legislation has "prepared a bill to alleviate distress during periods of unemployment that will be presented to twenty State Legislatures this winter."

In this announcement, also, a policy of "setting up in prosperous years a reserve fund" is mentioned, as it is in the McGrady statement. Indeed it seems the A. F. of L. organizer's words and those of the so-called "American Association for Labor Legislation" flow from the same source. Among the "authorities" consulted by the Association are capitalist college professors, leading capitalists and the social fascist "socialist" trade union leaders, Sidney Hillman and Leo Woiman of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers.

Workers should be warned against jumping to the conclusion that the reactionary leaders of the A. F. of L. have suffered a change of heart on unemployment insurance. Green, Wolf & Co. are as reactionary today as they were yesterday, and will be the same tomorrow as they are today. They are firmly devoted to the interests of the capitalist class as opposed to the interests of the working class, and no amount of brave words should convince workers to the contrary.

The question naturally arises, why this sudden flutter? Why the pretense of "reversal of position"? These scoundrels have reasons for the seeming change of front. Firstly, along with their masters and pals, the big capitalists, they expected a return of "prosperity" and hoped to bluff the thing out.

The deepening of the crisis upset this plan, and with the army of unemployed mounting by millions and turning to the Communist Party and the Trade Union Unity League for leadership in struggle against capitalism for real unemployment relief and insurance, these servants of Big Business are pressed to make an attempt to sidetrack the movement. From long experience these labor lieutenants of capitalism have learned that the most effective way to oppose a mass movement is to rush to the front of it—and lead it into futility along channels harmless to capitalism.

That rank and file pressure of worker members of the A. F. of L. in compelling these reactionary bureaucrats to make a pretense, is shown by the fact, to cite one example among many, that half the fifty-four delegates at the Seattle Unemployment Conference, were delegates from A. F. of L. unions. The reactionary bureaucrats want to head off this movement of the rank and file. And the rank and file members of the A. F. of L. should clearly realize that the purpose of the maneuver of the Executive Council bureaucrats is not to help their struggle for unemployment insurance, but to lead it to defeat and betrayal.

With the terrible winter of starvation and cold driving great masses to desperation, all this hypocritical pretense, this fake show of solicitude for the workers by the capitalists and their "labor" lackeys will increase. But no worker should be fooled by it.

Just as Green and Hoover got together a year ago to deceive the workers with promises that there would be "no wage cuts," so now there is this hypocritical deceit of a "reversal of position" on unemployment insurance.

In this connection, the faker McGrady, in sending up this "trial balloon" announcing the "reversal of position," lets drop the admission that President Green lied about wage cuts both a year ago when the "no strike—no wage cuts" agreement was made, and later lied again at the A. F. of L. Convention. He did not intend it as an admission, of course, nor did he tell the full truth as to wage cuts, but he went so far as to say that:

"Wage payments in industry in the first half of 1930 were below 1929 by \$707,000,000, while dividend payments increased over 1929 by \$350,000,000. Wage earners incomes were cut 12 per cent, while stockholders' dividends increased 28 per cent."

Workers, especially those in the A. F. of L., will thus see the shameful mockery of Green's pretensions that "wage scales were maintained." With this and all the other records of betrayal, all workers, including A. F. of L. members, will understand the necessity of intensifying and uniting their struggle for unemployment relief and insurance under the banner of class-struggle unionism of the Trade Union Unity League.

They will understand that the A. F. of L. bureaucracy is a greater enemy of their interests than ever, precisely because of this fake "reversal of position."

What Is Happening in Your City?

FROM many big and important industrial cities, not to mention the hundreds of smaller places, the Daily Worker receives no news of the unemployment movement.

Is this because nothing is being done to fight for unemployment relief? Are the workers quietly starving? Are the charity agents of the bosses filling all needs?

The Daily Worker does not believe any of these questions can be answered affirmatively. We are quite sure that struggles are developing, and that a little leadership will bring mass struggles. We are sure that immense numbers of workers want to sign the lists for the Unemployment Insurance Bill. We know that the workers are accumulating a fighting spirit. We know that the miserable charity crumbs are filling the workers with fury, and not quietening them.

We therefore come to the conclusion that our reporters in many cities are not on the job. The Daily Worker is not being supplied with full information.

We call upon the workers everywhere who read this paper, to get together and appoint correspondents. And we call upon all Party committees to do their duty in this respect. We will begin in a few days to call the roll of those cities who are absent from the fight.

RADAMSKY SINGS AT TOWN HALL

The famous lyric tenor Sergei Radamsky, who has just returned from a two and a half year concert tour through the Soviet Union, will make his first appearance in Town

Hall Friday evening, Dec. 26, at 8:45 p. m.

In the Soviet Union Comrade Radamsky gave over 200 concerts. A large part of his program on Friday night will consist of new Soviet songs, which have never been heard in this country. The Moscow Izvestia stated in reference to Radamsky's concerts, "The recitals of Mr. Radamsky are of great benefit and educational value to our young singers."

"YOUNG WORKER" SUPPRESSED BY HOOVER GOVT

Post Office Revokes Second Class Mailing Rights

NEW YORK.—Another step in the attack against the working class started by the Fish committee was made today with the curt announcement of the postal authorities that the "Young Worker," official organ of the Young Communist League of America, could not receive second-class mailing rights.

The application for second-class rights had been made by the "Young Worker" in April, but it was not until today that the business office of the "Young Worker" received a letter dated Dec. 20 stating that their rights had been "revoked."

Meantime the paper had been published in Worcester, Mass., and sent through the mails pending the official receipt of second-class rights. At no time during the period between April and December, eight months, did the post office question the right of the "Young Worker" to use second-class rights.

Part of General Attack. It is evident, even according to the unofficial admissions of the Worcester, Mass., postmaster, that this attack on the "Young Worker" is directly due to the agitation of the Fish committee against the Communist Party and the whole working class. This is the third revolutionary organ to be barred, on one pretext or another, from mailing rights due them. "Vida Obrera," Spanish organ of the Communist Party, and the "Young Pioneer" have already been attacked by Hoover's postal agents.

Y. C. L. to Fight. Immediately upon hearing of this the National Executive Committee of the Young Communist League laid plans for a nation-wide fight against the revocation of the "Young Worker."

Funds are needed to carry on this fight to issue the "Young Worker" despite the Hoover government, to carry on the fight for unemployment relief and against the danger of a new war, of an armed attack of the Soviet Union. Rush funds to the "Young Worker," 43 E. 125th St., New York.

LANDLORD EVICTS MOTHER OF TWO

NEW YORK.—An unemployed woman worker, Mrs. Singer by name, mother of two children, out of work for nearly a year, is being dispossessed because she is unable to pay her rent for full last month.

Abraham Siwan, the landlord, has refused to accept part of the rent with a promise to pay in a few weeks when Mrs. Singer definitely expects a job. The woman begged him not to evict her. She asked him how he would like to have his wife working. He told her that his wife didn't

Red International Greet Needle Workers' Session

Radiogram Read at Mass Meet Tonight at New Star Casino; Foster, Hyman Speak; Greet General Executive Board Meeting

NEW YORK.—A radio message from the Red International of Labor Unions secretariat and the International Needle Trades Committee of the R. I. L. U. will be read to the thousands of workers of New York who will gather tonight at New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave., to hall the national session of the general executive board of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union.

The reading of the message of greetings to the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union.

CITY TRIES STOP PIONEER CIRCUS

Fear Exposure of Religious Bunk

NEW YORK.—After forcing the Irving Plaza to cancel their contract with the Young Pioneers for an anti-Christmas circus, and after the Pioneers had secured the Central Opera House for the affair, the city authorities informed Central Opera House that they either cancel their contract with the Pioneers or risk their license.

The city authorities seem to realize quite well how closely their entire system is connected with the religious propaganda in the public schools, the press, etc. They well understand the influence of the Young Pioneers among the workers' children. It is for this reason that they do everything in their power to stop the activities of the Young Pioneers, especially their anti-religious activity. At the same time, they seek to keep up and spread the illusion among the workers' children about "religious freedom" and "democracy" in this country. Therefore such underhand tactics are employed.

Despite all these threats and maneuvers, the Pioneers are going on with their preparations for the circus. It will not merely be a circus, but will be a demonstration of the workers and their children against religion, the police, and the city authorities.

The Communist Party, New York District, calls upon all workers and their children to demonstrate their solidarity with the Young Pioneers.

LEAGUERS PLAN PROGRAM The Young Communist League is preparing an anti-religious program that promises to be a wow, for their dance on Christmas Eve, Dec. 24, at the New Harlem Casino, 116th St. and Lenox Ave.

Besides a god Negro band, and an interesting program, Comrade Gil Greene, representing the General Office, will speak.

have to work, so why should he worry.

The tenants of the house are organizing a rent strike and the Bronx Unemployed Council is mobilizing its forces to prevent the eviction.

COPS DRAW GUNS, CLUBS AGAINST WORKERS WHO DEMAND THEIR DEPOSITS

PHILA. BANK CRASH HITS MANY

Demand Workers Paid Full Deposits Immediately

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 23.—A provisional committee of workers and small business men depositors of the Bankers Trust Co. will meet tonight to organize a broad committee which is planning action to fight for the return of the depositor's money: The Bankers Trust Co. crashed on Monday. It had 19 branches, and more than \$50,000,000 in deposits, with 138,000 depositors involved, mainly workers and small business men.

The demand being put forward by the provisional small depositors committee are: 1. Pay the workers first, and the city deposits last. 2. An immediate loan by the State, without interest to repay the depositors in full.

The committee is warning the small

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

50,000 Depositors; Is Second Big Crash In 2 Weeks

NEW YORK.—Another big New York bank crashed Tuesday morning. The Chelsea Bank and Trust Co., with seven branches, \$20,000,000 in deposits and over 50,000 depositors, was closed by the State Banking Department when depositors began besieging the bank in order to withdraw their money. The bank officials up to within an hour of the closing of the bank attempted to "assure" the depositors that "everything was all right." Nevertheless, 10,000 lined up in front of the main branch of the bank at 48th St. and Seventh Ave. and they could not get their money.

At the Harlem branch, at 2298 Seventh Ave., the depositors rushed the door of the bank and smashed the glass in the windows. The police rushed the crowd and some of them drew their revolvers against the indignant depositors. At all other branches long lines and groups of sullen depositors stood at the closed doors. Some of the cops drew their blackjacks against the workers who found they could not get at their hard-earned money.

As in the case of the Bank of the United States, Broderick, Tammany superintendent of banks, said he examined the statement of the bank, and it was O. K. He also said he had examined the statement of the Bank of the United States for 15 months and everything was all right. Nevertheless, the 400,000 depositors are today without one cent of their deposits.

The bank officials are trying to

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

SUPPORT "LABOR SPORTS" DEC. 25

Sportsmen Play for Benefit of Bill

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—Tomorrow at 12 sharp at Dyckman Oval, rain or shine, there will be a field, arranged by the Labor Sports Union as a counter demonstration to the fake unemployment games of the bosses. The sport feature of this demonstration will be a special exhibition game between two teams of picked soccer players. One of these picked teams will represent the best worker athletes of Brooklyn, the other to represent the best worker athletes of New York. The preliminary game, to start at 12 sharp, will be between two of the best teams from the Metropolitan Soccer League, the Pirates, a fast team of Negro workers, against the Bronx Workers. Comrade Anter will speak in the name of the March 6 delegation that served in the bosses' jail for leading the unemployed workers in their demand for work or wages on March 6. Comrade Nessin will address the workers in the name of the unemployed workers of Greater New York who demonstrated on Oct. 16 before the City Hall for immediate relief.

All workers must repudiate the bosses' fakes and come in great masses to demonstrate against their hokum, showing the bosses that they cannot fool the workers with their tricks.

All funds raised at the demonstration by sale of tickets (25 cents) goes for the organization fund of the Unemployed Council to fight against evictions, and for the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill.

STRIKE AGAINST WAGE CUT. BOSTON.—Workers at the Fitz-Henry Machine Company came out on strike against a 25 cents a day wage reduction, and for the payment of double time for overtime work which the company tried to do away with.

20,000 DEPOSITORS US BANK ORGANIZE

Draw Up Program of Demands; Flaunt Lawyers

NEW YORK.—While long lines of depositors are allowed to trickle into the various branches of the Bank of the United States, to go through a lot of red tape so that they can get a "loan" of 50 per cent of their deposits, at 5 per cent interest, a committee of 50 representing 20,000 depositors met Monday night at Irving Plaza and drew up plans to demand the immediate return of the full deposits to all small depositors.

Despite attempts by lawyers and Tammany politicians to interfere with the organization of the small depositors, an executive committee of 25 was appointed. A program was worked out. The committee of 25 will meet again Wednesday night, 8 p. m., at Irving Plaza Hall to take further action.

The following program was adopted at the meeting of the 50 depositors who were elected at a series of mass meetings of 20,000 depositors in the Bank of the United States:

1.—A committee of 25 shall present themselves before the mayor and Chief Magistrate Corrigan to protest against police brutality in the treatment of depositors standing in lines before the 60 branches scattered throughout the city.

2.—That the same committee request the mayor and the chief magistrate to furnish depositors with some hall or open place where they may hold a large mass meeting and where they may present State Superintendent Broderick with 12 questions.

3.—That 12 pointed questions be drafted for Mr. Broderick to answer. These questions will be so worded and projected that no evasion will be possible.

4.—If as a result of this inquiry, it is found that the Bank of United States is solvent, then a demand shall be made to Governor Roosevelt and Lieutenant Governor Lehman that the banks shall be reopened and depositors paid in full. If the investigation reveals that the bank is insolvent, then the committee shall demand that the Governor appoint a Moreland commission to prosecute officials of the Bank of United States for criminal negligence.

5.—If all these measures fail to give satisfaction, a mass demonstration by the 400,000 depositors shall be held throughout the city for the purpose

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

\$7 PER WEEK WAGE IN FLORIDA

FLORIDA.—The Federal Women's Bureau found that only 16 per cent of the white women and none of the Negro women in Florida has a working day of eight hours. Many work 80 hours a week and almost all work 7 days a week.

More than two-thirds earn between \$7 and \$20 a week, with one half receiving less than \$15.

School for Cops, How They Learn!

In almost every trade some time must be served in apprenticeship. This is true of boss copping. Of 295 men who passed civil service examinations for Newark policemen it was found that all but 131 already had police records.

One aspiring law-enforcer had nothing to point to with pride except that he had stolen a locomotive. Strange tales carved out of boss corruption and labor racketeering by Allen Johnson start Saturday. (Pick up the latest on the 60,000 drive page 3.)

Demonstrate Against Fake Unemployment Games of Bosses, Thursday, 12 Noon!

I. L. D. Wins Stay of Five Days in Deportation of Serio

NEW YORK—A stay of five days on the deportation of Guido Serio to fascist Italy has been secured by Carol Weiss King, attorney for the International Labor Defense, after the decision by Federal Judge Wm. Bondy had been rendered sustaining the Department of Labor to send the anti-fascist leader back to the black shirts in Italy where he would face an almost certain death for his activities against Mussolini.

Workers Must Aid. This stay stops the deportation for only five days unless an appeal can be taken to a higher court. The International Labor Defense states "that although we probably can delay the deportation of Serio to Italy through an appeal, the workers have learned through their experience with the boss class courts that only mass activities on part of organized working class groups can stop any legalized murders. Nothing can be expected from the courts, and even hypocritical liberal judges like the one in the Serio case who promises 'justice' to the workers always prove in the end the executioners of the leaders of the working class."

The decision in the Serio case assumes great importance not only because of the deportation of this mil-

tant leader but that from now it will be much easier to deport to fascist countries and elsewhere any worker who shows signs of discontent and joins the ranks of left wing organizations. The I.L.D. points out that at present there are 55 cases pending of workers up for deportation for their militant activities. Many workers have already been deported to various countries during the past year. These figures do not of course, take into account deportations of unemployed who are picked up by the police on "vagrancy" charges or some frame-up in order to get rid of them as they are liable to cause discontent amongst the rest of the unemployed. A case in point is the deportation of 6,500 unemployed Mexican workers out of Texas. The I.L.D. also points out that about every five weeks a deportation train reaches New York City with hundreds of workers in it to be shipped to various European countries.

The International Labor Defense calls "upon all workers for the defense of this ardent militant by organizing mass protests and demonstrations, otherwise Serio will be immediately sent to Italy and a black shirt death."

HUNGER MARCH IN MILWAUKEE MON.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 23.—The struggle of the Milwaukee workers for Unemployment Insurance and for immediate relief is taking on a more militant form with more and more workers involved. Already the first returns of the petitions to Congress for Unemployment Insurance shows that we have about 5,000 signatures collected.

At the same time the mobilization of workers' organizations, trade unions, etc., for the united front conference to endorse the Unemployment Insurance Bill is going ahead at full speed. The conference will be held at Harmonic Hall, 5th St. and W. Mineral on Sunday, January 18, at 2:30 p. m.

The socialist party through its organ, the Milwaukee "Mileader," has recently issued a number of open letters to President Hoover, stating that if he wishes to prevent the workers from supporting the revolutionary movement, he had better urge Congress to pass a bill for "Liberty Loan for the Jobless." The Liberty Bonds are to be sold mainly to the employed workers and petty bourgeoisie and are to be used as funds for public construction work. So it is clear that the socialists are carrying out the policy of the capitalists in the present crisis to place the burden of the crisis on the workers' backs.

In this situation the Trade Union Unity League and Unemployed Councils must organize more and more masses for struggles. We must expose, in particular the socialist alderman who helped to arrest the committee which came to the Common

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Red Revel Dance in Brooklyn, Dec. 31st

Preparations for the Red Revel Dance given by Section Six, Communist Party is going ahead full speed. The dance will be held Wednesday eve, Dec. 31st at the Workers Club Hall, 765 Flushing Ave., Brooklyn.

The workers present at this dance will be able to greet the new year as a year of renewed battles of the working class against unemployment and starvation.

Tickets are sold at 35 cents and every worker is invited.

LABOR AND FRATERNAL ACTIVITIES

On December 24 (Christmas Eve), District 2, Y.C.I. will hold a Christmas Religious Dance at New Harlem Casino, 124th St., and Lenox Ave. Admission 50 cents.

An 8-Day Drive for the New York Workers Center. and for the printing press has been authorized by the Central Committee. The drive will open with a banquet on the 11th of January and will continue with a banquet for seven days. We urge all organizations not to arrange any affairs during this drive.

Food Workers! Important function meeting Wednesday, Dec. 14th, at 35 E. 12th St.

The Red Banquet. To greet the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the U. S. A. on the occasion of the moving into the new Workers Center, 8th floor, Rep. Building, 100 W. 4th St., Sunday, Jan. 11, 8 p. m. All workers' organizations are urged to elect two delegates to this banquet. Speakers will be Foster, Minor, Browder. Delegates, representatives of the revolutionary press and workers' organizations.

The Manhattan section of the Food Workers Industrial Union will have a meeting Friday, 8 p. m., at 16 West 21st St. All members come.

Bronxville Workers School Open Forum. 105 Thatford Ave., Bklyn., Sunday, Dec. 28, "Youth in Industry." Al Kaplan. Questions, Discussion.

Concert and Picture "Two Days." given by the Workers Center of Jersey City, Sunday, 8 p. m., at Ukrainian Home, 160 Mercer St., Jersey City. 50c, Children 15c.

Red Spark Athletic Club. (Formerly Freiheit Sport Club) The Red Spark Athletic Club has finally after a long struggle, obtained club rooms at 135 Second Ave., near St. Marks Pl. Members and sympathizers are urged to watch the Daily Worker for further notices.

Metal Workers Attention! A very important meeting of the Metal Workers Industrial League will be held Friday, 7:30 p. m., at 16 W. 4th St. All are urged to attend this meeting. Coming conference discuss-

LESNOW BOSSES NEGOTIATE

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 23.—The Lesnow shirt bosses have been forced to open negotiations with the 400 strikers. The unbroken ranks of the strikers, the failure to get scabs, the militant picketing in defiance of all attacks by thugs and police, the sentiment aroused in New Haven among the masses of workers, all contribute to this. The negotiations are now going on. Many girl shirtmakers are joining the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, in recognition of its leadership in this struggle.

Delegation to New York. At Monday's strike meeting at Hamilton and Collis St. the strikers elected four of their best to go to New York on Wednesday for the purpose of gaining the support of the New York workers. The strikers intend to let the whole country know that shirtmakers in New Haven receive the miserable average wage of \$11 and many only \$7 and \$3 per week. With the 15 to 20 per cent wage cut declared by the boss, wages are not enough to keep alive on.

The meeting also insisted that the delegation tell the New York needle trades workers who are having a huge mass meeting on Dec. 24, opening the General Executive Board meeting and in preparations for a dressmakers strike in a few weeks, that pretty soon there will be a strong union established in New Haven also.

At the meeting Sunday of parents and relatives of the strikers, a resolution was passed demanding the immediate release of June Croll, organizer of the N.T.W.I.U., sentenced to 60 days. The meeting also demanded the withdrawal of police from the strike area. Several hundred names (CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Legion Says Salvation Army Starves Veterans

NEW YORK.—Major Henry J. Amy, head of the American Legion "welfare committee," accuses the Salvation Army of discriminating against ex-service men, now starving in large numbers without any help from the capitalist class they risked their lives for in 1918.

The major also accuses the Salvation Army of distributing the Daily Worker, which would indeed be one of the seven wonders of the world if it were true, which it is not.

THE ADVENTURES OF BILL WORKER



MASS RALLYING TO DEC. 26 MEET

For Defense of the Soviet Union

NEW YORK.—On Friday, Dec. 26, at 8 p. m. a Mass Protest Meeting will take place at the New Star Casino, 115 E. 107th St., New York City.

The Friends of the Soviet Union, N. Y. District, calls upon the workers in the shops, factories, unions, and fraternal organizations to come and demonstrate against the interventionist war plots of international imperialism as were revealed by the eight conspirators in the Moscow trial who were in direct link with the general staff of France, Great Britain and other imperialist nations with the aim of crippling and destroying the already successful carrying out of the Five Year Plan of Socialist Construction.

The workers must organize to defend the Land Where the Workers Rule. They must repel every attack by the pope, banker, or corrupt labor-leader of the capitalist class.

Workers, rally to the defense and recognition of the Soviet Union!

Robert Minor will make his first public address since his arrest and imprisonment as a result of the unemployment demonstration on March 6th.

Lem Harris, newspaper correspondent in Moscow, recently returned from the Soviet Union, will relate his experiences in his travels in the Soviet Union. Lem Harris worked in two Soviet factories in the Ukraine and on the Verbuld Soviet Farm.

Moissaye Ogin of the "Morning Freiheit" will give an up-to-date presentation of the success of the Five Year Plan.

There will also be a concert and entertainment.

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B'KLYN MEET TO SMASH EVICTION

Order Jobless Worker To Be Out Dec 29

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Morris Paster, father of two children, of 32 Monroe St., who has been unemployed for the last six months and unable to pay the rent, has been ordered by the landlord, Samuel Tenzer, and the judge from the Lee Ave. Court to be evicted Monday, Dec. 29.

This worker, in the belief that Jimmy Walker's committee at Bushwick and Stagg would help the unemployed, came there for aid only to hear a representative of the mayor's committee say: "Sorry, but we cannot do anything for you. You must pay the rent."

Morris Paster is a presser in the children's clothing. He has made every attempt to remain in the house, offering to pay to the landlord \$5 a week for his back rent.

It was all to no avail. The court, at the instruction of the landlord, decided that Morris Paster's family is to be put out on the street Monday.

The Williamsburgh Tenants' League and the Unemployed Council of the T. U. U. L. has at once stepped into the case to mobilize workers and tenants in the building and in the neighboring buildings for a fight to smash this eviction.

Through its activities the Williamsburgh Unemployed Council during last week forced the Detan Realty Co., which had ordered the eviction of Mrs. Silbert, a jobless mother of two children, to stay the eviction.

A rent strike of the tenants of 32 Moore St. will be organized and led by the newly organized Tenants' League unless the landlord, Samuel Tenzer, withdraws the eviction proceedings.

In a leaflet issued to all tenants in 32 Moore St., and neighbors, the Williamsburgh Tenants' League states in part: "We can stop evictions if we organize and refuse to pay rent to those landlords who evict workers from their homes. We can stop evictions if we organize and put the furniture back into the worker's home when the marshals put it out on the street."

The leaflet further appeals to all tenants from 32 Moore St. and all tenants in the neighborhood "to come to the Williamsburgh Tenants' League meeting for the mobilization against this eviction" Friday, Dec. 26, at 8 p. m., at the Workers Center, 61 Graham Ave., Brooklyn.

Begin to organize the workers in your factory. Use the conditions, speed-up, wage-cutting schemes to mobilize the workers for struggle.

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Police Alien Bureau Arrested as Model Case

NEW YORK.—Halling as a "model case" for police procedure by Mulrooney's newly created "Bureau of Criminal Aliens," the arrest yesterday of an unemployed foreign-born worker, the bosses' press further expose the reactionary character of the new bureau as a weapon not against racketeers and criminals but against foreign-born workers.

The first worker arrested by the bureau was Fred Miller, a German worker, who was picked up at Times Square because "without any visible means of support." Miller was taken to the West 47th St. station, where police checked up on him and claimed his name was Frank Gildar and that he was a deserter from a German ship. He will be turned over to the immigration authorities for deportation.

The bosses' press boasts that Captain F. McDermott, head of the new police arm, has already initiated a system of co-operation with the federal government to facilitate the deportation of foreign-born workers.

"ROAR CHINA" IN FINAL WEEK AT BECK

This is the final week of "Roar China," the Soviet play at the Martin Beck Theatre, where it has been playing since Oct. 27. Due to the massive stage settings necessary—the forepart of a battleship and a number of Chinese junks are used in the production—the play can not be sent on the road, but will close at the Beck this Saturday night.

"Elizabeth The Queen," now at the Guild, will be transferred to the Beck on Monday, Dec. 29, to make way for the new play by Clare and Paul Sifton, "In the Meantime," opening on that date.

"Nina Roa," the musical romance of Otto Harbach at the Majestic

7th Anniversary Celebration

OF THE DAILY WORKER

SATURDAY EVENING JANUARY 10

A UNIQUE REVOLUTIONARY CONCERT

Selections from:
New Revolutionary Folk Songs
" " Operatic Arias
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" " Workers' Songs

VOCAL SELECTIONS

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69 WEST 66th STREET
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ADMISSION 80 and 75 CENTS

ARTISTS' COSTUME BALL

NEW YEAR'S EVE
PLAYBOY'S FETE FUTURISTE
CUBIST COSTUME CARNIVAL
IN GREENWICH VILLAGE

At Webster Hall—Wednesday Evening
119 East 11th St. December 31

Tickets in advance \$3.00 — — — At door, \$5.00
By mail from PLAYBOY, 32 Union Square
Dancing at 10—Till Dawn Telephone Stuyvesant 9687
Costumes Obligatory

RED INTERNATIONAL GREETS THE NEEDLE WORKER'S SESSION

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE) striking to stop "reorganization" (day-offs, wage cutting, etc.).

It was discovered that in this contract shop, Katzman and Salzman, the workers were getting less wages than even in the Foremost. Katzman & Salzman is an International Ladies Garment Workers company union shop, but all the workers came out on strike yesterday at the call of the N. T. W. I. U.

The industrial union has won a strike at the Estelle Frocks, 43 West 25th St. After five days' strike, the

Theatre, and "Up Pops the Devil," the Albert Hackett—Frances Goodrich comedy at the Masque, will resume their engagements this evening, after a week's rest.

"Five Star Final," Louis Weitzenkorn's newspaper play, will be presented by A. H. Woods on Friday night at the Cory Theatre. Arthur Byron heads the cast, which includes Berton Churchill, Malcolm Duncan, Merle Madder, Frances Fuller and King Calder.

Fritz Leiber and his players will begin their season of Shakespearean repertory Thursday night under the auspices of the Chicago Civic Shakes-

employer agreed to union wages, hours and conditions, except in the case of one Negro girl, who was being worked 45 hours a week for lower pay. All the strikers voted to carry on until she was given the same as the rest, and yesterday the firm agreed. The 40-hour week is won here.

The last meeting of the great volunteer propaganda committee has worked out plans for daily propaganda work in the various markets, and the work is going on.

Ruth Draper will return in her annual engagement at the Comedy Theatre, opening on Friday evening for a period of only four weeks. Among her initial character impressions for the opening bill will be "A Dalmatian Peasant," "Opening a Bazaar," "In a Church in Italy" and "Three Women and Mr. Clifford."

AMUSEMENTS

Theatre Guild Productions

ELIZABETH, THE QUEEN
GUILD W. 82d. Evs. 8:40
Mats. Fri. & Sat. 2:40
Moves to Martin Beck Theat. Dec. 29

LAST WEEK
ROAR CHINA
MARTIN BECK THEATRE
Evs. 8:30 Mats. Fri. & Sat. 2:50

RKO
THEATRE
A GOOD SHOW

COHENS AND KELLEYS
in Africa
With George Sidney & Charles Murray

CAMEO 42d St. NOW
West of Broadway
"Africa Speaks"
Strangest Adventure ever filmed

ARTHUR HOPKINS presents
"THIS IS NEW YORK"
A new comedy by Robert E. Sherwood with LOIS MORAN

Playmouth 17th St. 45th Street
West of Broadway
Evenings 8:40 — Mats. Fri. & Sat. 2:30

"UP POPS THE DEVIL"
Comedy Hit with ROGER PRYOR, SALLY BATES & ALBERT HACKETT

MASQUE 45th St. Theat. W. of B'way
Mats. Friday and Saturday 2:30

CIVIC REPERTORY 14th St. 6th Av.
Evenings 8:30
5:00, \$1. \$1.50, Mats. Th. & Sat. 2:30

EVA LEE GALLIENNE, Director
Tonight CHADLER SONG
Temp. Night ALISON'S HOUSE
Seats (wks. adv.) at Box Office & T.N.Hall, 113 W. 43

Hot Dog Jamboree of Red Builders News Club, 27 East 4th St., Sunday, 3 p. m.

MORNING FREIHEIT COSTUME BALL
Saturday Eve., January 24
at
Madison Square Garden
TICKETS IN ADVANCE 75 AND 50 CENTS

MORNING FREIHEIT
35 EAST TWELFTH STREET, NEW YORK

ARTISTS' COSTUME BALL
NEW YEAR'S EVE
PLAYBOY'S FETE FUTURISTE
CUBIST COSTUME CARNIVAL
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Costumes Obligatory

DEWEY 9214 Office Hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sunday: 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

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Bet. 19th and 18th Sts.
Strictly Vegetarian Food

HEALTH FOOD
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Office and Headquarters:
Labor Temple, 645 East 84th Street
Room 11
Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 10 A. M.
Employment Bureau open every day at 8 P. M.

FOR RENT—Furnished Room, Large, Heated. — 317 EAST 13TH ST. SIKKIND

WANTED—Furnished room in Manhattan or Bronx by a worker (male). Address Daily Worker, Box 10

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

BOSS AND REACTIONARY UNION PRESS WORRIED BY 5-YEAR PLAN ADVANCES

"Reichsbote," Organ of Blackest Reaction, Admits Soviet Growth

Christian Union Sheet Says Workers in USSR Are Gaining Higher Living Standard

MOSCOW.—The "Reichsbote," the organ of Germany's blackest reaction...

"The Five Year Plan is in reality much more than an economic program...

"The 'Turks' railway, connecting Turkestan with Siberia, is indubitably a brilliant technical performance."

"At the present time the Soviet Union employs 300,000 foreign-born experts of highest and medium skill..."

"The 'Aufwärts,' the organ of the German Christian Trade Unions, publishes an extremely interesting article on the Soviet Union..."

"The impending collapse of the Bolshevik system in Russia has been frequently prophesied..."

"At no time have economic conditions played such an important role as at the present. The reason of this lies in the progress made in the..."

PHILA. BANK CRASH HITS MANY

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE) depositors against lawyers and politicians who are attempting to betray them.

The bank officials of Philadelphia are trying to hand out the bank that the closing of this huge institution 'does not affect' other banks in Philadelphia.

Huge crowds gathered at the banks. Samuel H. Barker, president of the bank issued a series of "optimistic" statements, but no money was handed out to the depositors...

Lesnow Bosses Forced to Open Negotiations

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE) are already signed to demands on the mayor to this effect.

At this meeting, old men and women heard for the first time in their lives of organization, and nodded their heads in approval as Tom Di Fazio, N.T.W.U. organizer told them of it.

Bounce Amalgamated Faker. The "Amalgamated" company union tried to step into the situation, but when Goss, an agent of the A.C.W. tried to help the bosses demoralize the ranks of the strikers, they showed him he had better beat it.

The Societa Seafarers St. Maria dela Vergini, a religious order typical of the hitherto unawakened masses of workers in this center, held a special meeting Dec. 21 and passed a strong resolution pledging full support to the strikers, scoring the wage cut, and denouncing police terror.

1931 CALENDAR FREE!

Quotations from Marx, Lenin, etc., in the first annual Daily Worker Calendar for 1931. Free with six months subscription or renewal.

BRIEFS FROM ALL LANDS

BERLIN, Dec. 22.—Yesterday afternoon hunger demonstrations took place in many parts of Berlin.

Erfurt police prohibited open air meetings and demonstrations until January 15th.

PARIS, Dec. 22.—Fifteen Communists in the Sante prison have gone on a hunger strike against the treatment of several political criminals.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—Lead miners of Australia have refused a new agreement which provides for longer hours and a lower basic wage, based on a sliding scale dependent on the market price of lead.

Sixty-two Jewish pickets were arrested at the Petahiova orange grove strike. They are charged with violence and smashing windows of planters' houses, as well as resisting arrest.

20,000 DEPOSITORS US BANK ORGANIZES

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

of enlisting the sympathy of the public, and demanding the payment of deposits in full. Preparations for this mass demonstration will go forward as soon as possible, so that, if need be, it will be organized and not an haphazard affair.

The chairman of the meeting was Seldenberg, the secretary was M. Greenbaum. Other members of the committee are: Cohen, Sonenshein, Yellin, Licht, Chajpalsky, Tenderson, Silverberg, Latovsky, Weissman, Levin, Castleman, Berg, Schneider, Shiedeman, Nelson, Tishman, Wallan, Beber, Franklin, Roseman Levin and Kaitov.

Boro Park Depositors Meet. On Tuesday night, 40 worker-depositors of the Boro Park branch of the Bank of the U. S. met at Boro Park Workers Center, 1373 43rd St.

In Bath Beach, 150 worker-depositors of the Bath Beach Branch of the Bank of the U. S. met on Monday night. The sentiment was unanimous in support of the proposition that a tremendous mass movement of hundreds of thousands of depositors must be developed.

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BUSINESS ADMITS HOOVER IS FAKING

Wonders Now Whether It Is Bad Policy

NEW YORK.—Among themselves the capitalists admit freely the fake nature of the Hoover building program, for which congress has just appropriated \$116,000,000.

Now a question has been raised among them as to whether such fakes may not do capitalism more harm than good. To be sure, the jobless may be fooled at the moment, but what when they realize they have been swindled?

The Commercial and Financial Chronicle, a big business periodical not intended for the common working and jobless man to read, says in its issue of Dec. 20:

"May we call attention to one possible effect of making these plans for work which we cannot fulfill—a deeper dissatisfaction among the masses? Take the millions appropriated and to be appropriated for public roads! Can a good concrete be mixed and laid in freezing weather? Take public buildings! Have the sites been procured, and can they be without, often, condemnation proceedings?"

(Condemnation proceedings take at the minimum two years and average about five.)

HOOVER PROJECTS ARE LONG COMING

Commerce Chambers Report Building Slump

NEW YORK.—A calm admission that the Hoover building program is not actually providing work for the jobless, that private building has fallen off so much more in 1931...

The Strauss firm estimates that this \$3,300,000,000 of this construction work is held up "for various reasons." It can only "hope" that the reasons will be eliminated.

Yesterday also ex-Police Commissioner Wood, the head of the Hoover committee on unemployment stated that the jobless should "not waste energy and money going to look for work in other places."

The closing of this \$25,000,000 bank within two weeks after the crash of the \$265,000,000 Bank of the United States in the heart of the financial center of the United States shows the rapid development of the crisis...

The total number of depositors involved in New York bank failures is over 460,000, and with their families they represent more than a million people.

It is reliably reported that the closing of the bank was precipitated by the recent capture by government officials of several large cargoes of liquor, the purchase of which had been financed by the bank officials.

CHICAGO I.L.D. BAZAAR SUCCESS

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—The Chicago District I. L. D. Bazaar, which was held on Dec. 12, 13 and 14, was successful, due to the good work of the I. L. D. branches and the many workers' organizations affiliated to the I. L. D.

J. Pitts, who won a Ford at the Bazaar, made a substantial contribution to the I. L. D. in sympathy with its purpose.

DEMAND WAGE INCREASE

OTTAWA, Ont.—The Civil Service of Ottawa—an organization of government employees—demands a flat increase of \$180 a year for all Dominion government workers.

BAKERS MEET TODAY

NEW YORK.—All bakers, members of the Food Workers Industrial Union will meet today at 3 p. m., at 16 West 21st St.

50,000 Depositors; Is Second Big Crash Within Two Weeks

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE) blame the closing of the bank on "rumors." On Monday night the bank officials ordered the arrest of two depositors for "spreading false rumors."

In order to try to stop the run on the bank Broderick issued a statement in which he said: "They have plenty of money to satisfy all depositors." This proved to be a lie.

The fact that the run on the bank continued after Broderick's "reassuring" statement shows that the workers are losing faith in the fake statements of the Treasury politicians when it comes to a question of the safety of their hard-earned money in savings banks.

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LETTERS FROM THE SHOPS

HAPPY REFUSES WAR VETS "HELP"

Legion Gives Apples to Ex-Soldiers

(By a Worker Correspondent.) CHICAGO, Ill.—Ex-soldiers begin to turn from red, white and blue to red. They begin to see Hoover's fake promises and lies. The American Legion membership is dropping...

Standard Oil Co. Cuts Gas Station Workers in Wages

(By a Worker Correspondent.) BROOKLYN.—Just to let you know that the Hoover and the bosses' agreement of non-pay-cuts is being realized and how. Here in Brooklyn the Standard Oil Company is playing one of the dirtiest tricks possible on us gasoline station workers...

MANY RACKETS IN MCKEESPORT, PA.

Mayor and Police Run Joints

(By a Worker Correspondent.) MCKEESPORT, Pa.—There is plenty of crooked stuff being pulled in McKeesport, Pa. Here is some of the dirty work pulled off on workers who give their last few nickels to the number racket.

NO "LABOR TROUBLE" JUST FIRED UNIONISTS

NEW YORK.—When the lather went on strike at Woodhaven Blvd. and Jerome Ave., Woodhaven, L. I., the boss put an advertisement in the World for 40 lathers. There are plenty of them, unemployed, in New York, and the crowd assembled. But when they got to the job they found police and stool-pigeons on hand.

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1176 Subscriptions and Renewals in Week Is Best Record for Paid in Advance Column in Drive

The total increase for the week in the Daily Worker campaign for 60,000 circulation shown in tables today is 1,410. However, this figure is stimulated by a distribution order by District 10, Kansas City, for 1,000 on three days, which is reflected in a daily increase of 500.

Several districts showed increases during the week. The total daily increase in District 10, Kansas City, amounted to 647, 500 due to its distribution order, the remaining increase being 147. California increased by 276, 200 of which was due to its distribution order.

DECREASES NOT SO NUMEROUS; N. Y. DOWN

Decreases this week were not so numerous as during last week. New York dropped 250 daily. Lessened sales by the Metropolitan News stands on several occasions when the paper was late were principally responsible for this drop.

732 NEW SUBS AND 444 RENEWALS IN WEEK

Of the increases shown in this week's tables subscription gains have become important. During the week 1176 new subscriptions and renewals were obtained. Those dropped from the list amounted to 245 leaving a net gain 487, highest subscription gain in one week during the drive.

With 1176 workers paying for the Daily Worker during a week's time it is obvious that the need for the Daily Worker has been heightened by the crisis. Workers are ready to pay for the Daily Worker in spite of wage cuts.

EVERY DISTRICT BUT ONE SHOWS INCREASE

Every district shows increases in subscriptions during the week with the exception of District 11, Agricultural, which lost 5.

December 13 Overdue4657 December 21 Overdue4174 Paid in advance.....4694 Paid in advance.....5642

Total9329 Total9816

DAILY WORKER PREMIUMS MUST HELP CAMPAIGN

In order that every possible subscription will be obtained in this campaign the Daily Worker is offering two excellent premiums: "The Five-Year Plan of the Soviet Union," by G. T. Grinko, a \$2 International Publishers' book, is free with one year's subscription or renewal to the Daily Worker.

The 12-page 1931 Daily Worker calendar, which is drawing the praise of everyone who sees it, is offered free with a 6 months subscription or renewal. Every red worker must have one of these calendars. The demand has

Summary by Districts.

Table with columns: District, Sub, Dec. 12, Renewals, Dec. 12, Total, Dec. 21, Total, Increase or Decrease.

Summary by Cities.

Table with columns: City, Sub, Dec. 12, Renewals, Dec. 12, Total, Dec. 21, Total, Increase or Decrease.

Final Quotas by Cities.

Table with columns: City, Subs, Bundles, City, Subs, Bundles.

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Table with columns: District, Sub, Dec. 12, Renewals, Dec. 12, Total, Dec. 21, Total, Increase or Decrease.

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Final Quotas by Districts.

Table with columns: District, Subs, Bundles, District, Subs, Bundles.

Hunger March in Milwaukee Monday

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE) Council to present its demands. It was the socialist alderman, Gauer, who testified against our comrades and helped to send Comrades Burke and Clark, the leaders of the unemployed of Milwaukee, to jail for 20 days.

On Monday, Dec. 29th, at 2 p. m. a Hunger March of men, women and children will start at Haymarket Square, 6th and Vliet Sts., and march to the City Hall. When at the same time the committee of the unemployed will present the demands to the Common Council, at the same time thousands of workers in the line of march demanding bread and milk, no evictions, free gas, electricity of the unemployed, etc. The workers are more determined than ever to force the capitalists and their socialist servants to act.

Working men, women and children, join the Hunger March to the City Hall, on Dec. 29th at 2 p. m.

CAMP AND HOTEL NITGEDAIGET

PROLETARIAN VACATION PLACE OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR Beautiful Rooms Heated Modernly Equipped Sport and Cultural Activities Proletarian Atmosphere

FIRST ANNUAL DAILY WORKER CALENDAR FOR 1931

Seven striking half-tone pictures of the class struggle never before published, including: An unpublished picture of Lenin addressing Moscow workers. Views of the biggest strikes and demonstrations in the U. S. Five smashing cartoons of the class struggle. Historical data on the big events of the class struggle. Important questions from Marx, Engels, Lenin, etc. 12 pages—one for each month—printed in two colors on heavy paper, size 2 1/2 x 14. Neatly bound. Indispensable in every Red worker's home.

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DAILY WORKER

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Form for Red Shock Troops \$30,000 Daily Worker Emergency Fund. Includes fields for Name, Address, and amount.

Out this out and mail immediately to the Daily Worker, 50 E. 13th St., New York City

CHICAGO BEFORE ELECTIONS

By BILL GEBERT.

The present city administration of Chicago is controlled by multi-millionaire Insull, fascist leader of the Chicago Federation of Labor and Al Capone gang. Mayor Thompson is only figurehead. The real chief of the city government is Sam Eitelson, Mr. Insull's political spy who is city corporation counsel. The co-leader of the Insull-Thompson controlled city council is Oscar Nelson, vice-president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, "unofficial chief of Police" was "Jake" Lingle, Chicago Tribune "\$65 a week" reporter who was connected with Al Capone, a gangster. Lingle was led and his connection with Al Capone and a police department was exposed and it was found also that this "poor reporter" made a fortune of \$85,000. Al Capone also controls several unions of the A. F. of L. and has in his organization "labor union department" in charge Danny Stanton.

Here we have a fusion of finance capital, publican party, fascist leaders of the A.F.L. and gangsters in control of the city and in unity war on the workers in which every part of its machine plays its own role.

Insull-Nelson-Capone administration is an administration of terror against the workers, a vast administration giving millions of dollars of money to Insull. The weekly income of the Chicago rackets of Capone, Aiellos, Guskis and Moran gangs is over \$8,000,000. This is divided among gangsters, politicians, police and prohibition agents. Income from the rackets, together with grafts of city funds provides for the upkeep of huge political and gangster machines in each precinct and ward which completely dominates and controls the elections and is used in attacks on the working class. This is very clearly demonstrated during this year's terror against the Communist Party, Trade Union Unity League and unemployed workers. The gangsters as well as the "Red Squad" and "Bomb Squad" participated in the raids on the Trade Union Unity League and Communist Party headquarters, wrecking the headquarters and attacking the workers. In the attack on unemployment demonstrations also, the gangsters are mobilized. In these attacks the leaders of the A.F.L. played an important role. Durkin, the building trades publically praised the brutal attacks of the police and gangsters on unemployed workers. Gangsters of the Painters Union murdered Comrade Hanzel Weisenberg on June 28, while he was distributing leaflets to the members of the painters local. Special persecution and terror is carried against the Negro masses. Mass meetings in Negro neighborhoods are systematically attacked by the police. Comrade Lee Mason, Negro worker and Communist Party candidate for Congress in the Fourth Congressional District was beaten up in an anti-Negro open air mass meeting and died as result of this beating. A Negro unemployed worker, Mitchell Gray, was shot by the police in the Negro neighborhood. A number of other workers have been shot by the police.

Mass arrests of the workers made during the year. Early in the Spring a whole mass meeting of 700 unemployed workers was arrested and many workers were beaten up; under the cloak of arresting gangsters after the killing of Lingle 1,200 unemployed workers were picked up on the streets of Chicago and hundreds of workers were arrested during demonstrations and mass meetings. Hundreds of cases are pending in Chicago courts against workers for their participation in working class activities.

While this is being carried out on the one hand, on the other hand Insull grabbed by open bid of the city administration the traction franchise which gives Insull full control over the city transportation as well as a "gift" from the city of \$61,000,000 traction fund and provides for a special assessment as a further donation to Insull in all totalling \$100,000,000. This traction franchise also means an increase of taxes of the workers and petty bourgeoisie and increase of unemployment as Insull carries the process of rationalization to the limit.

While Insull receives this generosity from the city administration, 29,961 houses and lots have been sold for delinquent taxes and there are

about 250,000 houses and lots on the delinquent list to be sold. It is clear that these houses and lots belong to the workers and petty bourgeoisie. This goes together with mass eviction of the unemployed workers. Between two and three hundred evictions take place daily. Judge Samuel Trude who is working overtime issuing eviction verdicts declared the other day in court:

"I cannot help it—it is the law. I must break up these homes. I must destroy the fundamental basis of civilization."

This frank admission of the capitalist judge and police terror against the unemployed workers gives a clear picture of how capitalism is solving the problem of unemployment.

There are 450,000 unemployed workers with a large percentage of Negro unemployed workers who are starving. There is "not a penny" in the city treasury for these unemployed workers but there are hundreds of millions for Insull. Further plans of the Insull-Thompson-Nelson administration is further expenditure of money for the police forces in the fight against unemployed workers who demand immediate relief. Police Commissioner Alcock announced that he will add 3,500 more police to "face the unemployment situation." He covers this vicious plan of increased terror against the workers by saying it is to "create more jobs." This is in line of the Hunger Commission of Governor Emmerson, of which John Fitzpatrick, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor is a member.

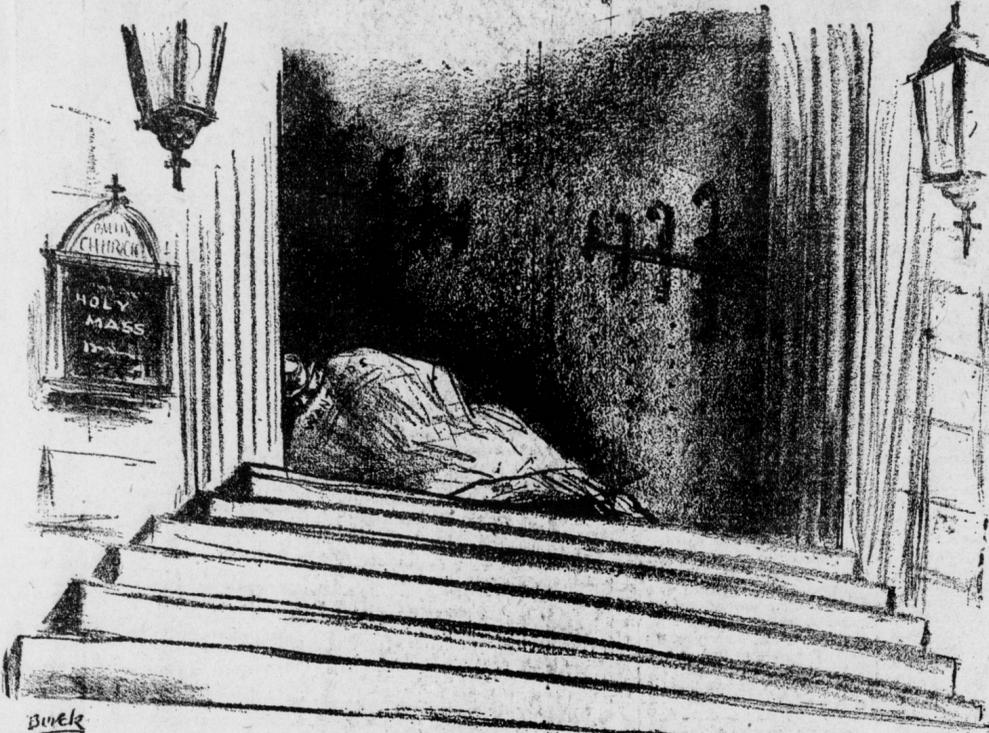
Mayor Thompson is spending a million dollars for a so-called "Boost Trade Campaign" which is the opening to spend millions of dollars to control the elections in Spring. The democratic party is appearing "in opposition" to Thompson, representing interests of different capitalist groups and trying to show to Insull that it will serve him as good as Thompson. Likewise inside of the republican party there are a number of capitalist groups supporting different candidates and also linked up with different gangsters.

The Communist Party in entering the election campaign will expose the present city administration and all fake opposition to it of socialists, liberals, etc., showing the workers that this opposition is only an attempt to fool the workers and mislead them and to enable the bourgeoisie to keep control of the discontented masses, white and Negro workers. The Communist Party entered the election campaign and will carry on first of all the struggle for immediate relief for the unemployed—against evictions, shutting off of gas, electricity and water in workers' homes, against paying taxes by workers who "own" some shacks, for turning over for unemployed relief (to be administered by the workers) city funds and special taxes on big business to the amount of \$75,000,000, and will carry on a fight to expose and smash graft, to mobilize workers to fight for the rights to strike, organize and assemble as these rights today have been taken away from them. The Communist Party stands as the organizer and leader in the struggle for the rights of the Negro masses who are subject to special persecution. The election campaign of the Communist Party will concentrate its activities in mass organizations, trade unions, and in shops, linking up the struggle of the workers in shops against wage cuts, lay-offs and speed-up, in struggle against fascist gangsters—the Insull administration of the city.

To carry through these tasks the Communist Party will mobilize masses of workers in support of the Communist Party candidates and for this purpose a city wide ratification conference is called for Friday 8. This conference will be preceded by a mass campaign for signatures. The Communist Party needs 25,000 signatures to put its candidates for mayor, city clerk and treasurer on the ballot. Hundreds of signatures are needed in every ward to nominate candidates for aldermen. In every working class ward the Communist Party will nominate candidates and will hold mass ratification meetings of the workers of that particular ward. The election signature campaign and preparation for a mass ratification conference begin at once. Every Communist, every sympathizer, every class conscious worker must be mobilized in this campaign in support of the platform of the Communist Party in April, 1931, elections in the city of Chicago.

HE'LL EAT PIE IN THE SKY . . .

By BURCK



VERDICT

OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE SOVIET UNION IN THE JUDICIAL INVESTIGATION INTO THE CASE OF THE COUNTER-REVOLUTIONARY ORGANIZATION, "THE INDUSTRIAL PARTY"

(Continued)

In this way the reorganization of the "Engineers Central Committee" into the "Industrial Party" was completed towards the end of 1927. The judicial investigation revealed the fact that one of the factors accelerating this development was the desire of the "Engineers Central Committee" to mobilize all the counter-revolutionary elements of the technical intelligentsia in a struggle for power. Other very important factors in this process were the influence of such foreign counter-revolutionary organizations as the Trade and Industrial Committee (Torgprom), the association of former Russian capitalists under the leadership of Denisov, Riabushinski, Tretyakov, Konovalov, Gukassov, Nobel, Mantachov and others with its seat in Paris, and further, the influence of the most aggressive imperialist circles in France.

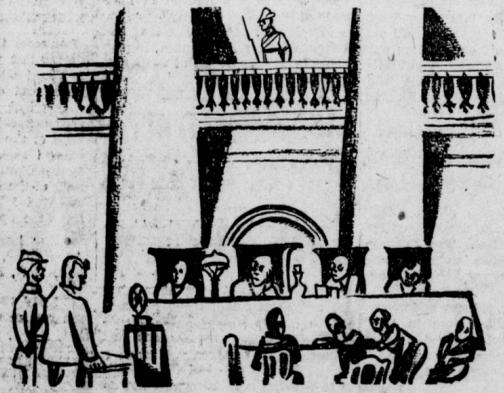
The Industrial Party based its criminal sabotage activity on a program whose chief aim was the destruction of the Soviet power and the restoration of the power of the capitalists and landowners by the establishment of a military dictatorship. The military dictator was to have been the white guardist General Lukomski or the leader of the Central Committee of the Industrial Party, Paltchinski. The economic part of the program of the Industrial Party provided for the return of the factories, etc., to their former owners, or where such undertakings had been reconstructed, the compensation of the former owners by the issue to them of shares. In this way the action of the Industrial Party would have more than compensated the former owners by giving them the increased values created by the heroic efforts of the toiling masses of the Soviet Union in the refitted, reconstructed and newly-built undertakings. On the field of agriculture the program of the Industrial Party was the restoration of the large landowning system and the consolidation of the rich peasant undertakings, the return of the land to its former owners, or otherwise the compensation of the former owners from a special fund formed by the transformation of the Soviet industrial undertakings into joint-stock companies. The methods used to carry this program into operation were different at different periods of the criminal activity of the Engineers Central Committee and of the Industrial Party. In the original period of its criminal activity, for instance at the time of the introduction of the New Economic Policy, the Industrial Party (Engineers Central Committee) concentrated its efforts to secure a capitalist degeneration of the Soviet power. A number of the accused spoke of this attitude of the Industrial Party (Engineers Central Committee) in their statements in the preliminary examination and during the judicial investigation: "The New Economic Policy was to lead to the degeneration of the Soviet power." The accused Kalinnikov declared: "When the N. E. P. was introduced in 1921, the engineers began to cooperate gladly with the Soviet power for the reconstruction of the economic system, because they were convinced that the reconstruction of industry would inevitably lead to the restoration of the bourgeoisie, because they could not conceive of a reconstruction of industry with any but capitalist methods." The accused Ramzin said the same and declared: "The N. E. P. was regarded by me and the overwhelming majority of the old engineers as the beginning of the degeneration of the Soviet power."

It was, however, not long before the Industrial Party was compelled, in view of the successful development of the socialist constructive work in town and country, to recognize that its hopes for the degeneration of the Soviet power were baseless. The accused Kalinnikov declared: "In 1926 the reconstruction period in industry, and transport was practically at an end. . . . The technical intelligentsia, convinced that the result of the N. E. P. with the conclusion of the reconstruction period must see a transformation to a bourgeois basis for the policy of the Soviet power, observed the beginning of the new constructive period on a socialist basis in a very hostile fashion. Their hopes that the N. E. P. would be continued in the new period of construction were not confirmed." This explains the search for new ways and means of the struggle against the Soviet power, and the gradual development to the preparations for an armed overthrow of the Soviet power with the forces of the internal and external counter-revolution. Completely isolated from the masses of the toilers and without any support from these masses, the Industrial Party was soon compelled to realize that its hopes of a coup d'Etat with the exclusive means of the counter-revolutionary elements within the Soviet Union were baseless. From this moment on the Industrial Party concentrated on the preparations for a military intervention against the Soviet Union and to this end took up organizational connections with the interventionist organizations both inside and outside the Soviet Union (the Social-Revolutionaries, the Constitutional Democrats, the Rich Peasant Group Kondratyev-Tchayanovski, the Menshevik group Suchanov-Gromann inside the Soviet Union, and abroad the Torgprom, the Milukov group and the French interventionists, etc.).

In the first period of the existence of the Engineers Central Committee, the contact between this organization and the representatives of the Trade and Industrial Committee in Paris took the form of individual relations between the individual members of the first named organization and the former owners of the factories. For instance, Paltchinski maintained connections with Meshcherski; Fyedorov with Morozov, Konovalov and Riabushinski; Tchayanovski with Denisov and Meshcherski; Rabinovitch with Dvorzhantchik; Lartchev with Bardygin; Strichev with Nobel, Gussakov and Mantachov, etc. But from 1927-28 on these relations became more organized and systematic, whereby the Industrial Party completely subordinated itself to the leaders of the Torgprom and finally became the paid agents of this organization and of the foreign interventionist powers. It was in this period that Ramzin's first meeting took place with Riabushinski at the instructions of Paltchinski and the Engineers Central Committee. At this meeting (in the second half of

1927) not only such questions as the turning of the Soviet undertakings into joint-stock companies, and the form of their future administration were discussed, but also the negotiations being conducted between the Torgprom and the governing circles of France for the organization of an armed intervention against the Soviet Union to take place in 1928. At this meeting Riabushinski conveyed through Ramzin the demand of the Torgprom and of French capitalist circles that the Industrial Party should increase its work for the internal preparations for an intervention.

Considerable progress in this direction was made in 1928 when a number of members of the Central Committee of the Industrial Party (Ramzin, Lartchev, Fyedorov, Sitnin and others) visited the leaders of the white guardist organization in Paris. As a result of this visit a concrete and detailed plan for the methods of the intervention preparations was worked out, with the tasks of the Torgprom, the aggressive militarist circles in France and the Central Committee of the Industrial Party specialized. The negotiations between Ramzin and Lartchev in October, 1928, in Paris with the leaders of the Torgprom Denisov, Riabushinski, Nobel, Gukassov, Konovalov, Starinkevitch and Mantchov were of special importance in this respect, as also were the discussions between Ramzin and General Lukomski, Colonel Joinville and Colonel Richard. As revealed during the judicial examination of the accused Ramzin and Lartchev, the conferences with the Torgprom paid special attention to those events which had interfered with the activity of the Industrial Party, such as the discovery of the sabotage organization in the Don Basin, the Schachty trial, and the discovery of the sabotage organization in the transport industry. The Torgprom (Denisov and Riabushinski) was



greatly interested in these questions because they complicated the sabotage work of the Industrial Party. Denisov exercised pressure in order to secure from that time on more attention for the metallurgical industry in order to bring about acute disproportions and to diminish the usefulness of the capital being invested. Nobel and Gukassov put questions concerning the carrying out of sabotage to prevent the installation of new equipment, and to throttle export. They pointed out that they had given the general instructions for the sabotage activity in the oil industry to Strichov (a member of the Industrial Party) during his stay in Paris. With regard to the general situation of the Torgprom and the Industrial Party, Denisov pointed out that the work must be continued at all costs despite the discovery of individual sabotage organizations. Denisov also stressed in particular the fact that although the date of the intervention had been postponed from 1928 to 1930, there was no question of it being abandoned; on the contrary, that intensive preparations were being conducted abroad for the organization of the intervention and in consequence the sabotage activity of the Industrial Party in the Soviet Union was of the greatest importance. At this conference the chairman of the Torgprom, Denisov, announced that French governing circles had decided on the organization of an armed intervention against the Soviet Union. Denisov also announced during the discussion of the intervention preparations, that a special military commission had been formed under the chairmanship of General Jeannin, the former French military representative with the Staff of Kolchak, and that this commission was already at work.

The Paris conference in October, 1928, was of decisive importance because:

1. The main lines of the work of the sabotage organizations, of the Torgprom and of the French interventionists were laid down and agreed upon.

2. The forms of the connections between the Torgprom and these circles were laid down in detail and the tasks for the preparation of the intervention were distributed. At the same time the form in which the sabotage activity of the Industrial Party was to be financed by these circles and by the Torgprom were laid down.

(To be continued.)

Red Sparks

By JORGE

A Lesson On Culture

One comrade asks us a question, to wit: "Is it a political advancement to be the secretary of the organization secretary and agit-prop (combined in one person) compared to being the secretary of the I.L.D. The job as secretary of the org-sec-agit-prop will entail correcting the very faulty grammar and still worse construction of the org-sec-agit-prop. As I.L.D. secretary I myself write leaflets and letters. Which is politically higher?"

Now this is a stunner. But as we turn the matter over in our hatrack, we recall that the sharpness of wit necessary to political development is more rapidly developed by analyzing and correcting the mistakes of others than just dashing off something ourselves and calling it a day.

Another contributor's suggestion may, if you can only avail yourself of it, prove helpful. She suggests that all good children should listen to Heywood Brown over the radio. He gives such lovely talks about the moving virtues of Eno Effervescent Salts, and, she adds, he has a pretty Harvard drawl.

"Harvard is a college where Gentlemen are educated. Of course you can never have a Harvard Drawl. Still, it is improving for you to hear the drawl. So that when you meet a gentleman who uses it, you will know that you must call him 'sir.' Always say 'Yes, sir,' when he speaks to you, especially when he uses the customary Harvard address to members of the lower classes: 'My good man.'"

This will about finish our lesson on culture for this evening, only we wish to remind the comrade that another Harvard man tried the famous Drawl on our Party recently, and tried to "My good man" us. But we threw him out the window. We refer to Mr. Weisbord.

Any Bones, Any Rags, Any Bottles?

If you are in the junk business you may be interested in the field opened recently in the line of czarist "remains."

It seems that the czar has more lives than a cat. He is regularly and irregularly killed all over again at frequent intervals in the capitalist press, but now his "remains" are subject to being rolled around the world in old trunks and boxes.

The other day it was "revealed" in rather big type, by some festive liar by the name of Franklin Clarkin "former vice-consul of the United States in Siberia" (which was an office of questionable repute), that he, Clarkin, had known that his consul-general, named Harris, was a bosom friend of Admiral Kolchak (an admiral who was sailing around Siberian prairies until he was hoisted on the bayonets of his own soldiers), took an old box for Kolchak to deliver to a General Hrovath at Harbin.

And bless us, if Clarkin don't say that the box contained the bones and things of the czar's whole family. Then he adds that he next heard of it in Shanghai, and later he heard it was in Trieste and still later that somebody had rolled the bones clear to Rumania.

So we were all keyed up for weeping over that, when along comes another story by General Janin of the French General Staff, who says in a book that he had published in Czechoslovakia, that he was the one and original bone-roller, and who adds that Mr. Clarkin is a hot-air merchant and no expert in bones.

Moreover, he says that he took the "remains" to Paris, and when the czar's cousin, King George of England, refused in the most scandalous way to receive and cherish the bones of his beloved cousin, he, Janin, put them away in his own family safe deposit vault.

It is all very distressing, but we don't see what can be done about it. After all the old despot is awfully dead. So he don't care much which liar claims his bones. And neither do we. Also we think it pretty cold propaganda to get up a war fever against the Soviet Union. But that, comrade workers, is what the capitalist press publishes these bone stories for.

Planetary Influence

The stars have it in for us next year, according to the capitalist press accounts of the prophecies of Mme. Praya of Paris. The lady is known as a "seeress," which means that she "sees things" before they happen, which is more than remarkable.

Of course, we shouldn't be impolite to the old girl and ask her brutal questions as to why she didn't notify us in advance of the bank failures, the anti-Soviet plots hatched right here in Paris and a lot of other things.

Nor can we regard her prophecy of war in 1931 beginning in Eastern Europe as anything but plagiarism, since we have been saying the same thing right along without any help of the planets. She says, however, that the planets are all fixed and we can't dodge. But we blame Poincare instead of picking on innocent planets.

We are living now "under the depressing influence of Saturn," she says, although we would call it capitalism. Then she says that we will "emerge" from that only to "go under the influence of Mars." In short that the planets are stacked against us and we can't avoid it.

This is all very interesting hokum, but remains hokum. For if you give us a good strong Communist movement, we will put all the stars out, "influence" and all. But then we must remember that this kind of mysticism is duck soup to capitalists who don't savvy social forces and still think that hard times are caused by sun spots.

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The Tempo of the Five-Year Plan and Sabotage

By G. T. GRINKO,
Peop's Commissar of Finance, U.S.S.R.

ACCORDING to the control figures, the total amount of capital investments in state industry and electrification is to amount in 1929-1930 to 4.3 billion rubles, as against the 2.7 billion rubles contemplated by the Five-Year Plan. In other words, the capital investments in state industry during the second year of the five-year period will exceed by almost 1.6 billion rubles the amount projected by the Five-Year Plan.

This provides food for thought for all those who, with a zeal worthy of a better cause, have filled the bourgeois press of Europe with a clamor about the alleged fantastic computations of the Five-Year Plan, its alleged artificially inflated indices, etc. On the contrary, the maximum, or as they are usually called, the "optimum" figures of the Five-Year Plan, proved to be below the actual tempo of construction as it is being carried on in real life. It follows that the general amount of capital investments in state industry during the five-year period will be substantially greater than the amount indicated above, but it would be premature at this time to venture any guess as to the extent by which it will be exceeded. It is enough to say that whatever the excess of capital investment may be, it will be directed mainly toward the further strengthening of the position of heavy industry.

Why has the program of the Five-Year Plan been thus surpassed? In the first place, the Party and the Soviet Government made all their computations with the greatest caution, and the organizations charged with projecting the work were even more circumspect, bending perhaps a little too much to the side of conservatism. In addition, new forces and factors—the ever-growing eagerness on the part of the toiling masses—have entered into the arena of economic construction in the Soviet Union. As a method of stimulating creative effort within the socialized sector, the rising wave of socialist rivalry has shown itself to be richer in positive results, even at this early stage, than could pos-

sibly have been expected. In the third place, at the initiative of the delegates to the V All-Union Congress of Soviets, it was decided to adopt a regime of continuous production in all branches of state industry and administration. This makes possible not only a superior utilization of the basic capital of industry, but also the reduction of the operation of plans using obsolete or deteriorated equipment. It also paves the way for securing a greater reduction in the cost of production, a more rapid elimination of the goods famine, unemployment, etc.

Finally, no little significance must be attached to the exposure and liquidation of counter-revolutionary sabotaging organizations in some branches of Soviet industry. As was shown during the trial of the Donetz Basin mining engineers—which was made the pretext for brazen demonstrations against the Soviet Union in which the Social-Democracy of Western Europe shamefully joined hands with the bourgeoisie—the sabotaging efforts of the counter-revolutionists, coming from the ranks of those intellectuals who were among the highest technical personnel, consisted mainly in intentional underestimation of the productive capacity of the available basic capital, in unreasonable and wasteful direction of capital investments, and in disarranging the general course of the productive process of the country.

From The Five Year Plan of the Soviet Union, by G. T. Grinko, one of the original collaborators on the Five-Year Plan of Socialist industrialization, a complete account of the Plan, containing the first two years of its operation and a political estimate of its place in world economy.

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