

The Fish Committee and the Police Plot to Railroad Pickets to Jail and Foreign Born Out of Country; This Is War Preparation; Fight It With Mass Protest Demonstrations in Every City on August 1st!

Daily Worker

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FIGHT FISH CONSPIRACY BY AUGUST FIRST PROTEST

W. Virginia Miners Battle Wage Cuts, Starvation; Need Relief

Prepare for August First!

EX-PRESIDENT COOLIDGE, writing in the Herald-Tribune of today, tears the mask off the London Naval Conference and of other fake peace conferences, and clearly lays down a perspective of war. He says:

"In spite of all the high resolutions, all the solemn treaties, all the carefully prepared organizations set up for the peaceable adjustments of international disputes, the world is arming more heavily than before the war, and we hear too many distinct utterances of hostility. . . . The war curbed for a time but has not greatly changed the spirit of the nations."

This is Coolidge's statement of the case for the American bourgeoisie.

In London, almost simultaneously, Lord Robert Cecil, speaking before the annual conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union, declared:

"... old tendencies, which ultimately lead to war, are beginning once more to assert themselves and, indeed, there are so many signs that there is a trend in this direction that we should be foolish to ignore them."

Speaking further of the London Conference for Naval "Disarmament," he says:

"No one who watched those negotiations can have failed to see how much they were conducted in a war atmosphere."

These are the statements of two outstanding spokesmen of the bourgeoisie of the two greatest imperialist nations. These statements are, simultaneously, warnings of the closeness of war and a phase of the preparations for war. They are efforts to convince the masses of people of each country that war is inevitable and that all phases of the military and other war preparations must be rushed.

This must be a warning to the workers. Just as the capitalists of the United States feverishly rush their war preparations, even to the extent of calling a special session of the United States Senate to ratify the naval building program agreed upon at London, so must the workers rush the preparations for struggle against imperialist war.

The workers of the United States have the task of bringing about the defeat of the Wall Street bankers and industrialists when they attempt to mobilize the masses for another bloody war to protect their trade, investments and profits; we have the task of transforming their imperialist war into a civil war against their government and for the establishment of a workers' government in the United States.

But to accomplish our task we must prepare rapidly. Our work especially in the shops and factories and among the unemployed must be strengthened; shop nuclei of the Party, shop committees of the Trade Union Unity League and of its affiliated revolutionary unions, and special united front anti-war committees must be set up in the shops, mills and mines. Unemployed councils must be established, which in turn must unite the activities in the shops and among the unemployed, and on the basis of a close linking up of the struggle against wage cuts, lay-offs, speed-up, and for unemployment insurance, with the struggle against imperialist war and for the defense of the Soviet Union, must bring a great outpouring of workers into the streets as the beginning of a continuous mass struggle against imperialist war.

Under the slogans: "Organize Strike Against Wage Cuts!"; "Not One Cent For Armaments; All Funds for the Unemployed!"; "Social insurance for all workers!"; we must prepare for August 1st, and for the mobilization of the masses against the imperialist war which the bourgeoisie are frantically preparing.

The Farmers and the Elections

The farmers are today selling their wheat at 64 cents a bushel. This is about 10 to 20 cents below the cost of production. The price of wheat today is the lowest it has been in the last sixteen years.

While the price the farmer gets for his products is much below their cost of production, the prices of the commodities which he needs are continuously mounting and are now much above 1914.

The working masses, however, do not benefit from the fall in the prices of agricultural products. Bread is no cheaper and the cost of living remains the same if not higher.

It is the grain and packing trusts who are now enriching themselves by means of the expropriation of the farmer.

The agricultural crisis did not come suddenly. Capitalist agriculture has been in a chronic crisis throughout the entire post-war period. The growing unemployment only further accentuated the crisis in agriculture.

Capitalism can not remedy this crisis. Even the capitalists are forced to admit the failure of the Farm Board. It could not halt the fall of prices, which are determined by the price on the world market. The wheat bought by the Farm Board did not abolish the fact that over 60,000,000 bushels of wheat are stored in the grain elevators in the United States and 130,000,000 bushels in Canada. The over-supply will be still further augmented by the spring and winter crop, estimated to be 318,000,000 bushels.

Farm relief was the chief issue in the election of President Hoover. The millions of poor farmers now see that they were fooled and betrayed. It could not be otherwise, capitalism lives on the plight of the farmer and the misery of the masses. Otherwise it would not be capitalism, and Hoover was the chief exponent of the interests of the American capitalists.

The government sees the growing discontent and revolt of the farmers. The elections are approaching and it again wants to appear before the farmers with some fake issues. As a solution of the agricultural crisis, the government called upon the farmers to cut their sowing area by 20 per cent. How this will remedy the conditions of the farmers is difficult to understand. Even with the maximum production the farmer could not make ends meet. Yes, they tell the farmer that this will raise the price of their products. This is nonsense and the capitalist economists know this too well. They know that the United States is not the only country exporting wheat; that European and Southern American countries are also increasing their wheat exports; that the price of wheat is determined by the supply on the world market and not by individual countries.

We presume that since the government is so interested in less production then a crop failure would be the greatest blessing for the American farmers. This would be the logical conclusion of the policy of the government. It may not sound logical. But the entire capitalist system is not based on logic, but on the exploitation and profits. The parasitic nature of capitalism becomes still clearer when we take into consideration the fact that millions of unemployed are starving while millions of bushels of wheat rot in the grain elevators. These are the results of capitalism. No matter what schemes and promises the bosses will make they will not be able to solve the agricultural crisis, only the proletarian revolution will do that.

For this end in the present election campaign we must bring the issues of the class struggle to the agricultural laborers and to the poor farmers. We gave much lip service to the poor farmers, but very little was done to organize the farmers, to build the Party in the agricultural districts. Our election campaign must not be confined only to the industrial proletariat, though, of course, it is the decisive factor in the class struggle, but it must also reach the agricultural proletariat and the poor farmers. More activity in the countryside. Special agitators must be sent into the farming districts. Sell the Daily Worker among the farmers. Make the farmers vote and elect Communists in the coming elections.

STRIKE COMMITTEES IN MEET TO SPREAD STRIKE AND BUILD THE N. M. U.

Nearly 7,000 Miners, 50 Per Cent Negroes, in Strike; Prepare Anti-War Protest Aug. 1

U.M.W.A. Company Agents Aim to Bring in a No-Strike Betrayal Policy With Relief

Give Funds to Feed Striking Miners and Their Families

Read the story of the struggles of the West Virginia and Pennsylvania mine workers. Get the truth in the Daily Worker. Their fight is your fight, it is the fight of the whole working-class.

Collect funds in shops and factories—organize tag days—get personal donations—visit fraternal and benefit societies and have them give money—For Miners Relief Committee! Send all funds to the National Miners Union—611 Penn Ave., Room 512—Pittsburgh, Pa.

JERE, West Virginia, July 17.—A joint meeting of the strike committee from sixteen mines of this section assembled here tonight to adopt a plan of spreading the strike and building the National Miners Union. They will also take up preparations for protesting against imperialist war on August 1.

From seventy-five to one hundred delegates will be present representing the workers of the following mines: Cassville, Shriver, Bunker, four Pursglove properties, Connelsville, Osaga, Chaplin, Kelley Creek, Rosedale, Harmar, Arkwright, Throop and Butler. There are from six to seven thousand men in these mines, about fifty per cent being Negro miners.

The last wage cut brought the tonnage rate down to 28 cents, the day rate is from \$3.20 to \$3.60. There is no check-weighmen and the miners are forced to load "two for one." All payment for dead work has been abolished.

A conference called by Van Bittner, fascist chief of the U.M.W.A. company union, is meeting at Fairway today, consisting of subsidized officials and gangster elements of the old U.M.W.A. districts of West Pennsylvania, Ohio, Southern West Virginia, Maryland, South-eastern Kentucky and Tennessee and Northern West Virginia.

The main question at the UMWA meeting is relief, with which these operators' agents plan to penetrate the strike districts, hoping through the terrible starvation conditions to win or neutralize the miners and their families against the National Miners Union.

The poverty of the miners of this region must be seen to be understood. It is comparable only to the situation prevailing in the pellagraridden districts of the Southern textile mills.

WOMEN WORKERS ANTI-WAR CONFERENCE TODAY

NEW YORK.—Tonight, at 7:30 p. m. at 26 Union Square, New York, working women from shops and factories and from working women's organizations of New York and New Jersey will meet in conference at the call of the Communist Party, District 2, to make preparations for the anti-war demonstration on August 1.

NOTIFY JOBLESS LEADERS TODAY OF NOMINATION

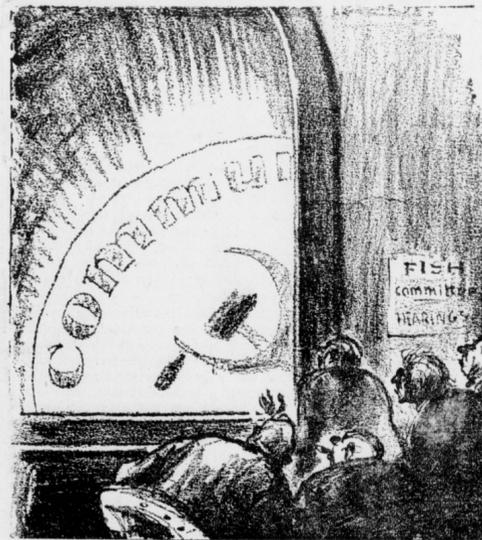
Communist Committee Goes to Their Jail

NEW YORK.—The heroic leaders of the unemployed, still in jail as a result of the demonstration of 110,000 unemployed and employed workers on March 6, William Z. Foster, Robert Minor, and Israel Amter, will be officially informed today of their nomination to head the Communist Party election ticket. A special committee, composed of R. Baker, organizer New York District, Communist Party; J. W. Johnstone, secretary New York District of the Trade Union Unity League; Herbert Newton, American Negro Labor Congress organizer, recently released on bail in Atlanta, Ga., where he is held on a charge of inciting to insurrection and is under threat of a death sentence; J. Perilla, election campaign manager of the Communist Party, and Irving Potash, secretary of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, will leave for Welfare Island from 26 Union Square at 12:30 today.

"The selection of William Z. Foster as candidate for governor, and of his running mates, Amter and Minor, is a challenge to the bankers and capitalists of New York and their Tammany Hall city administration and police thugs. It is an expression of the determination of

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But It Keeps Coming Up!



The New Joshua, trying to halt the rising sun.

Fascist Murder Rages in Finland; Protest Saturday

NEW YORK.—The New York District of the Communist Party calls upon all revolutionary workers to show their solidarity with the working class and peasantry of Finland, the victims of the ruthless fascist terror campaign launched by the Finnish capitalists and landlords in preparation for war against the Soviet Union. The demonstration will be held this coming Saturday at 12 o'clock at the Finnish Consulate, at 5 State St., near Whitehall.

The most brutal campaign of fascist violence against the working class is raging throughout Finland. The diet was abolished officially several days ago. The Finnish government of the bourgeois parties in collusion with the social-democrats capitulated and turned the official government over to the fascist bands. The most ruthless war of extermination is organized against the Communist Party, revolutionary unions, and all class organizations of the workers. The workers' press has been suppressed, the right to organization, trade unions and cooperatives completely abolished. Armed bands of fascist kidnap and murder workers' and peasants' deputies, and working class leaders.

The effects of the crisis of capitalism in Finland are now so intense, with the economic situation worse than it has ever been before and the radicalization of the masses increasing, that the capitalists have decided it is high time to give the fighting organizations of the workers and peasants a death blow. Thus they hope to prolong their rule and also shift the whole burden of the crisis onto the

shoulders of the working class.

The Finnish Communist Party is waging a heroic and stubborn struggle against the fascist terror. Mobilize for the demonstration on Saturday! Down with fascist terror and imperialist war preparations!

Many members of the Universal Negro Improvement Association were present and remained, regardless of the attempts of their leaders to break up the meeting.

Wm. Simmons, a white worker, was blackjacked and this started a general struggle of the workers to defend themselves, another worker, Tsumris, was blackjacked and the Section Director, George Hewitt, Negro worker, was cut on the hand by a police agent.

Four Negro workers have been lynched in this state within the last seven months. One Negro worker, Jesse Washington, is being held in a state prison in Oklahoma, after a mob failed to get him in Shamrock, Texas, last Saturday. More than 50 Negro workers and their families were driven from Shamrock. A large number of Negro workers were forced to flee from Erick, Oklahoma, last Monday.

The police officials have arranged with the merchant to have the Negro worker legally lynched if not burned as John Hughes was at Sherman, Texas, or as William Rainey was at Beaumont.

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Yet the scoundrels of the A. F. of L. officials, to help the bosses put over more wage cuts, say that wage cuts are "forbidden by financial lords" and try to make believe that the 9.1 points fall in wholesale commodity prices has been passed on to the working class retail buyers — a shameless lie. Prices of food, clothing and shelter (rents) are just as high as ever, and in some cases higher, for the workers.

From May to June there were a few, largely seasonal, increases in some trades, but only in twelve out of fifty-four trades, the largest increase being small, 3.9 per cent in clothing. The government reports only eighteen out of the fifty-four reported wage total increases, which must have been so small that the government statisticians were ashamed to give the figure.

In one industry, radio, which is a total collapse since the stock exchange crash, there was a spurt from May to June, it reporting a gain of 11.4 per cent in employment, but — and here is where the rehiring

at lower wages comes in — only 7.5 per cent increase in total payroll.

Thus, any worker should see that the crisis is deepening, that millions are being still thrown out of work, and refused any relief by the capitalist government, while \$1,000,000,000 is being appropriated for warships alone, and hundreds of millions given back in tax refunds to great corporations.

For these reasons, every worker, employed or jobless, should join his fellow workers in marching to the Anti-War demonstrations on August First, under the demand: Not a cent for war; every dollar to the jobless.

Abolish Juries in Labor Trials Says Inspector

Judge Boasts of Prejudice in Ruling Workers Should Be Fired For Political Beliefs

Woll Launches Avalanche of Fake Letters On Congressmen; Fish Has 2 Unionists Expelled

NEW YORK.—John A. Lyons, chief of the "Radical Squad" of the New York police department, in direct charge under Police Czar Whalen of recent political memory, of the clubbing, riding down, jailing and arresting of thousands of unemployed workers in this city, testified before the Fish Commission yesterday. So did Judge Mitchel May, who gained some fame by ruling that contracts with militant unions should be broken, and that the yellow dog contract is a patriotic duty. So did a detective named Wm. Valkenberg, who added nothing to the discussion, and so did Matthew Woll, vice president of the A. F. of L., acting president of the National Civic Federation.

The secretary of the N. C. F., Ralph Easley, was recently complimented in an open letter from Elihu Root for starting the whole congressional investigation.

Lyons is a sharp contrast to the feeble Commissioner Wood, all day witness the day before. Lyons is clear cut, has all his lies well tabulated and ready at hand, tells the truth even, when he thinks it won't do any harm, plays up to all the prejudices and desires of the congressmen on the committee even when it is somewhat to the discredit of local police and legal reputation. Lyons is efficient, a deadly enemy of the working class, poison clear through.

Abolishing Trial by Jury. Lyons almost immediately on taking the stand made a point for abolition of jury trials. He told of 1,200 arrests his cops had made in the fur strike, and hundreds of other arrests in other strikes.

"We find we get better results by making a case of simple assault (against the strikers to be framed.—Ed.) than one of felonious assault. We bring the case before three judges, instead of before a jury. We find juries unwilling, most reluctant, to convict these strikers. They do not

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Demonstrate August 1st!

LESS JOBS, MORE WAGE SLASHES; PROTEST AUG. 1

Working Class Income Off 18.7 in Year

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The statement yesterday made by Francis I. Jones, director general of the Federal Employment Service (not to furnish any jobs, but only to collect statistics), shows how completely ridiculous is the lie of Hoover and his census figures about "2.7 per cent of the total population" being jobless. It also ought to end, for the shameless fascist liars of the A. F. of L., their claim that there have been no wage cuts.

For June, as compared to May, reckoned on reports from 39,903 establishments with 4,976,660 workers in thirteen industrial groups, employment fell off in the one month, 1.8 per cent, while payroll totals fell off 2.7 per cent, showing wage cuts of those left at work. Here the payroll total for one week was at the rate of \$26.50.

In manufacturing industry alone, counted as one of the thirteen groups — where the reckoning was made on reports from 13,375 establishments with 3,172,039 workers, unemployment fell off 2.5 per cent from May to June, while payroll totals fell a full 4 per cent.

Reckoning from the monthly average of 1926 as 100, the comparative figures for June and May, compared with each other and with June last year, show:

Employment (1926—as 100)		
1929	May	June
99.8	87.7	85.5

This clearly shows that employment fell on these comparative figures 2.2 points from May to June this year, and that June this year was 13.3 points below a year ago. This proves how scandalous are the lies poured out of Washington about there being only around 2,400,000 jobless in the whole country.

On how wage totals, the income of the whole working class, have fallen, the same comparative figures, based on 1926, show:

Payroll Totals (1926—as 100)		
1929	May	June
102.8	87.6	84.1

This clearly shows that the total working class income was cut down 3.5 points from May to June this year, while from June last year to June this year the working class wage income was cut down 18.7 points.

Yet the scoundrels of the A. F. of L. officials, to help the bosses put over more wage cuts, say that wage cuts are "forbidden by financial lords" and try to make believe that the 9.1 points fall in wholesale commodity prices has been passed on to the working class retail buyers — a shameless lie. Prices of food, clothing and shelter (rents) are just as high as ever, and in some cases higher, for the workers.

From May to June there were a few, largely seasonal, increases in some trades, but only in twelve out of fifty-four trades, the largest increase being small, 3.9 per cent in clothing. The government reports only eighteen out of the fifty-four reported wage total increases, which must have been so small that the government statisticians were ashamed to give the figure.

In one industry, radio, which is a total collapse since the stock exchange crash, there was a spurt from May to June, it reporting a gain of 11.4 per cent in employment, but — and here is where the rehiring

at lower wages comes in — only 7.5 per cent increase in total payroll.

Thus, any worker should see that the crisis is deepening, that millions are being still thrown out of work, and refused any relief by the capitalist government, while \$1,000,000,000 is being appropriated for warships alone, and hundreds of millions given back in tax refunds to great corporations.

For these reasons, every worker, employed or jobless, should join his fellow workers in marching to the Anti-War demonstrations on August First, under the demand: Not a cent for war; every dollar to the jobless.

Demonstrate August 1st!

Renew, Intensify the Daily Worker Drive

Complete the Drive by August First!

(Statement of the Central Committee, C.P.U.S.A.)

SINCE April 1st a drive has been going on to increase the mass influence and circulation of the Daily Worker, and to put it on such a basis as to insure its regular publication at this time of sharpening class struggles, colonial revolts, and bourgeois preparations for imperialist war and for war against the Soviet Union.

At that time the Central Committee emphasized the role of the Daily Worker as the collective agitator, educator and organizer "which binds together all the thousands of scattered organizations and individuals into a powerful movement, fused with a common knowledge, program and will" capable of waging a struggle against unemployment, wage cuts, and speed-up, against the lynchings of Negroes, for the release of class war prisoners, against the imperialist war preparations, and for the defense of the Soviet Union.

During this period entirely insufficient work has been done in carrying through the program published in full in the Daily Worker of April 1st. Much progress has certainly been made in increasing the circulation; it having been almost doubled in the past three and one-half months. In this respect the New York, Philadelphia and Chicago Districts, in the case of paid subscriptions, and Boston, Cleveland, and California in the case of bundle orders, have greatly improved their work and come the nearest to reaching their quotas. But in the case of the drive as a whole, or in the work of the separate districts, if the great opportunities of the present period are borne in

mind, it is necessary to emphasize the insufficiency of the work done in this campaign.

The whole campaign in its present form must now be brought to a close with the ending of the demonstrations against war on August 1st. In connection with, and as a major part of the mass work in the shops and factories and among the unemployed in preparation for the August 1st remainder of the quotas must be filled in every district. The Daily Worker must be made the most powerful instrument in bringing the masses into the streets on August 1st.

In the first place must be placed the regular, stabilized circulation of the paper, which means securing regular subscribers who have the paper delivered to their home every day either by mail or by regularly established carrier service. The setting up of our own carrier routes, with unemployed workers or Party members as carriers, is essential especially in view of the closeness of the war danger, the threats of anti-Communist laws and the possibilities of illegality for our Party and press.

Next must come the increase in the bundle orders and the development of systematic sales at shops and factories primarily, and also in working class neighborhoods, with the objective to establish regular carrier routes.

These activities to greatly increase the circulation must be given

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JOBLESS DELEGATE MET WAGE-CUTS AND LAY-OFFS ALL THE WAY

Said Workers He Met Are Radicalized and Ready to Fight

Many Workers Took Subscription Blanks to the Daily Worker

Denver, Colo. Editor Daily Worker:— The writer was a delegate to the recent Unemployed Convention. In writing these few lines to let you know of conditions along the road. On the way to the convention, we came from our state (California) in an old Dodge truck and talked to many farmers and workers along the road. In San Bernardino the railroad shops laid off approximately one-third of their force the past month. The railroad workers all the way are affected the same way. In Victorville, Calif., the cement works have been working but half their force the past year. All along the road to the convention we heard the same story, wage-cuts and lay-offs. The farmer is waking up to the fact that he is only a worker. One farmer at whose farm we stopped to make some repairs to the car, when he heard we were going to the convention, scouted up some eggs and a chicken, took half a dozen subscription blanks to the Daily Worker and told us that he and all the farmers in that neighborhood were with us. His words were: "Give 'em hell for me, boys." Workers all along the line took subscription blanks to the Daily from us.

are trying to get workers in the harvest for three bucks. The railroad bulls let us in the wheat belt, but try and get out. They are keeping the workers there to keep the price down to three bucks or even lower. The workers are holding out, but need organization. We have been talking Agricultural Workers' Industrial League to them and most of them are eager to join up. In Colorado conditions are rotten. The workers in the beet fields, most of whom are Mexicans, are fighting back the attacks of the boss class. Many of them are joining the Trade Union Unity League and the Party. In Denver young workers are working in the trunk factory nine hours a day for \$6 a week. Will write further on conditions as I go along. The members of the Young Communist League tell me that they have sent several letters trying to get the Young Worker here, but have not even had a reply. They have a small but active Y. C. L. group here and they need the Young Worker in their task in organizing the youth. They have the core and the opportunity of a strong Y. C. L. group here, as the conditions of the young worker are even worse here than any place in the entire Western country. For the Workers' and the Farmers' Government. UNEMPLOYED DELEGATE. Oakland, Calif.

Severe Drop of Japanese Trade in China

SHANGHAI, July 17.—According to an official report issued by the commercial attaché of the Japanese legation in China, Japanese exports to China in the first five months this year are \$25,744,000 (Mex) less than the same period

last year. This serious drop in Sino-Japanese trade is a clear reflection of the severe economic crisis in China as well as in Japan. The drop in silver prices, of course very greatly accentuates the situation.

87 Finnish Comrades Jailed in Helsingfors

HELSINGFORS, July 17.—The Finnish government dissolved the Reichstag elections which began in

October. Eighty-seven Helsingfors Communists are held in jails here and the persecution continues.

Vienna Communists Fight Off Police

VIENNA, July 17.—Last night the Communist Party, at the graves of the July victims, held a powerful demonstration against the

Schober government. The revolutionary discipline of the workers rendered the attacks of the police ineffective.

SOLIDARITY FOR YORKSHIRE STRIKERS

New York workers will show their solidarity with the 100,000 striking textile workers of Yorkshire, England, next Wednesday evening when they attend the mass meeting arranged by the Workers' International Relief and the National Textile Workers' Union which will be held at Irving Plaza Hall, Irving Place and 15th St.

SOCIALISTS WEAK IN ELECTIONS IN POLAND

WARSAW, July 17.—There was a very low poll in the Sunday elections in Kovel and Sveciany districts for the Sejm. An average of 22 per cent of the voters took part in the elections. The workers and peasants candidate, at Kovel, received 28,500 votes. The bourgeois Jewish Ukrainian block received 10,000 votes. The White Russian workers and peasants list at Sveciany was declared void, although it got 10,000 votes. The socialists only got 6,000 votes.

UNITY LEAGUE, JULY 20

NEW YORK.—"The results developing out of the deepening economic crisis places before our movement many new serious tasks and problems, such as the struggle against unemployment—in accordance with the program adopted at the Chicago convention—the building up of strike movements against the increased system of wage cuts, and speed up; the preparations for August 1st; the continuation on a much more organized plan the membership drive of the T. U. U. L., as well as the Fifth World Congress of the R. I. L. U. and the campaign for its tenth anniversary," says the Trade Union Unity League, announcing a meeting of its National Executive Board. "All members of the National Executive Board are therefore instructed to attend the meeting, which will open up on Sunday, July 20, 10 a. m. sharp."

"War in the Air," Says Big U.S.A. Diplomat

NEW YORK, July 17.—Many in Europe are talking of war between France and Italy, James W. Gerard, ambassador to Germany under President Wilson, said today upon arrival from Budapest. He inferred it was only a question of time before France and Italy will go to war. "It is in the air. It is imminent," he said.

Two Spanish Classes On At Workers School

The Workers School announces the formation of two classes in Spanish. One of these will hold its sessions on Wednesday and Friday evenings, from 7 to 8 p. m. The other on Tuesday and Thursday afternoons from 2:00 to 3:00 p. m. The first session of the evening class will be held on Wednesday, July 23, at 7 p. m. The afternoon class will hold its first session on Tuesday, July 22nd at 2 p. m. Party comrades who wish to learn Spanish should register for these classes at once. No registrations will be accepted after the classes have started.

GARVEY "TIGERS" USE SAME STUNT AS POLICE

NEW YORK.—The Negro nationalists movement in Harlem have established a new division known as the Tiger Division, named after the symbol of Tammany Hall a division of the democratic party. The division interlocks with a military unit known as the African Legion, has "Colonels" and all lower ranks down to privates. The military unit it is said generally "enters the hall where the Garvey meetings are held, marches down the right aisle erect and soldierly every one of them from the fighting colonel to the newest private."

A "major" talked at one of their recent meetings on "how the black soldiers were forced to fight" their fellow Negro and white workers for profits to the capitalist class, but the major used the following words "black soldiers were forced to fight their blood brothers for the sake of money-madness of the white race."

Another military member stated "The Tigers intend to help as many little Negro children as possible to secure food and shoes during this coming cold weather." It is evident that the Tiger division is imitating the Tiger police who threw a few of their graft crumbs to workers' children last week after beating up unemployed workers who demanded work or wages on Union Square March 6th.

A colonel related that he had visited a police chief in Central America, and found him to be a strong Garveyite.

Notify Jobless On Nomination Today

(Continued From Page One.) The Communist Party to make the intensified struggle for work or wages, for unemployment insurance, one of the outstanding issues in this election campaign," says the election campaign committee.

The state nominating convention of the Communist Party, held at Schenectady, May 25, which was attended by hundreds of delegates from shops and factories, unions and working class organizations, enthusiastically nominated Foster, Minor and Amter, as the standard bearers of the Communist Party in the election struggle for work or wages, social insurance, against the imperialist war danger, and for the defense of the Soviet Union. Thirteen thousand workers at the Madison Square Garden demonstration, June 20, on the occasion of the opening of the national convention of the Communist Party, endorsed the Communist election platform with tremendous enthusiasm, and delegated a committee to officially inform Comrades Foster, Minor, and Amter of their nomination.

The Communist Party declares that the railroading and keeping of the unemployed delegation in jail is part of the entire campaign of the bosses' government to crush the growing militancy of the working masses and determined struggle against wage cuts, speed-up, unemployment, and starvation, and the war preparations of Wall St.

PUSH TAX LAW BY INVOKING ARTICLE 18

(Wireless by Inprecor) BERLIN, July 17.—Last night the Reichstag rejected article 20 of the emergency levy whereupon the government announced its intention to decree proposals under a dictatorship, which was declared by invoking article 48 of the Weimar Constitution. The decree for making the emergency levy law is expected Friday.

MACHINE DOES WORK OF THOUSANDS.

WASHINGTON.—Machinery in the government census bureau, operated by 1,000 workers, does work that would have formerly required 10,000 men. The machinery was installed in 1890. Since then it has undergone steady improvement.

Labor and Fraternal

Picnic
Bath Beach Workers Center will have a picnic Saturday, July 19 at Ciner Park.

A.N.L.C.
Mass meeting against lynching will be held Wednesday, July 23rd at Royal Palace, 16 Manhattan St., Brooklyn. Herbert Newton will speak.

Metal Workers
Meeting will be held tonight at 13 W. 17th St.

Levy L.L.D.
Branch will hold a meeting tonight at Sutter and Penn Aves.

Williamsburg I. L. D.
Branch will hold a meeting tonight at Roebling and Grand Sts., Brooklyn.

Communist Activities

Section 5 Election Campaign
Work will be held Friday, July 19, at 3 p. m. and Sunday up to 2 p. m. comrades are to report.

Dance
Held by Unit 2 and 5 of Harlem Saturday, July 19, at 8 p. m. at 17 E. 103rd St. Admission 25 cents.

Section 6 Attention
All comrades are to report at section headquarters, Saturday, July 20, at 11 a. m. at 68 Whipple St. for important work.

Section 5 Speakers
Conference will be held tonight at 569 Prospect Ave.

Daily Worker Agents
Section 5 will meet tonight at 8:30 p. m. at 569 Prospect Ave.

Beach Party
Of the Coney Island Y.C.L. unit will be held Sunday, July 20 at the 28th St. Beach.

Section 4
Election campaign will be held this Sunday at 10 a. m. at 308 Tenth Ave. All comrades are to attend.

BIG ANTI-WAR DEMONSTRATION AT SHANGHAI

Martial Law Declared By Kuomintang Gov't

The workers of Shanghai, the stronghold of the Chinese proletariat, staged three monster demonstrations on Wednesday at Nanjing Road, the main thoroughfare of the city. According to capitalist press reports, the demonstrations were "organized in protest against the activities of China's war lords, who are ruining the country."

This, of course, means that they were demonstrations against the militarist war in China, which is a part of the imperialist war moves all over the world. The demonstrators have shown great militancy, despite the white terrorist measures of the police. The crowd stoned tram cars, foreign-owned automobiles and smashed store windows. The success of the demonstrations send the Shanghai authorities panic-stricken and martial law was invoked yesterday against the workers.

Coming at a time of the severest crisis and rising cost of living, the demonstrations, together with the strike struggles of the tram car and bus workers in the French Concessions, which is in full swing, are excellent indexes of the growing militancy of the Shanghai proletariat.

The demonstrations are excellent preparations for the coming anti-war demonstrations on August 1. Since the militarist war in China is but a preliminary skirmish of the coming imperialist war, the Chinese workers and peasants can be said to have already carried out in practice the slogan of transferring the imperialist war into a revolutionary civil war. This fact adds much meaning and importance to the demonstration on August 1 this year all over the world. In the midst of world-wide preparations for anti-war demonstrations on that day the Shanghai proletariat has certainly made a good start in Wednesday's successful demonstrations.

Downtown Workers Club Plan Carnival Sat.

BROOKLYN.—A carnival and ball will be given by the Downtown Workers Club, Saturday, July 26 at 8 p. m. at Knights of Pythias Hall, 2864 W. 21st St., Coney Island. Proceeds of the ball will go towards the strike fund of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union.

Office Workers Get Ready for August 1

NEW YORK.—The Office Workers Union is rallying its forces behind the August First Demonstration against Imperialist War. On July 23, an educational meeting will be held at which there will be a discussion on "The War Danger." Delegates to the anti-war conference on July 24 will be elected at this time, and the delegates who attended the Chicago unemployment conference will give their report.

TOMORROW JULY 19

I. L. D. Excursion

STEAMER: "MYLES STANDISH"
Leaves Pier A South Ferry Saturday 2 p. m.

DANCE and ENTERTAINMENTS
MOPR MOVIES

Get Tickets at
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Tickets \$1.25 Now; Save 25c

Picnic and Carnival

Given by the
Morning Freiheit
(JEWISH DAILY)

SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1930
ULMER PARK, 25th Avenue (BATH BEACH)

Tickets: 40c at Morning Freiheit, 30 Union Square, New York City

DIRECTIONS—Take B. M. T. West End Train, stop 25th Avenue

RANDOLPH GIVES PARADE INSTEAD OF STRUGGLE

NEW YORK.—The fake labor leaders of the Brotherhood of Pullman Porters, a jim crow company union affair organized by the American Federation of Labor, is planning a series of parades throughout the northern cities. The parades will "protest" against the tipping evil and the debasement of the Negro porters who were prevented from striking by private advice from the Pullman Co. to William Green who later told A. Philip Randolph not to let the workers strike.

William Lloyd Imes, Harlem preacher who was present at a meeting called by the Brotherhood officials to cover up the brutal lynching of a Negro Pullman porter, will have charge of the arrangements. Two workers, a white and Negro both members of the International Labor Defense were arrested at the lynch meeting after they exposed the lynchers.

ILLD EXCURSION TO HOOK MTS. TOMORROW 2 P. M.

NEW YORK.—With the promise of a full day's fun, final preparations for the International Labor Defense excursion to Hook Mt. Saturday, July 19, have been completed. The steamer "Miles Standish" has been chartered to carry the workers up the Hudson River to Hook Mt.

MOPR movies will be a feature that will attract many while sports, various games and good food will help round out a day of recreation. Leaving Pier A South Ferry at 2 p. m. the boat will return with the excursionists at midnight. Tickets are \$1.25 in advance and \$1.50 at the pier, and may be obtained at the ILLD local office, 799 Broadway, Room 410, or at the Workers Bookshop, 26 Union Square.

NEWARK POLICE THUGS SMASH TEST MEETING

NEWARK, July 17.—A test meeting held here last night under the auspices of the International Labor Defense and Civil Liberties Union was broken up by the police. While granting the use of the corner of Broome St. and Springfield to the Salvation Army and the socialist party, the police have continued to break up Communist Party meetings at this corner.

Strike against wage cuts! Demand unemployment insurance! Rally against imperialist war! and for the defense of the Soviet Union on August 1st!

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Jose Majica Operatic Tenor in New Film at the Cameo

Don Jose Majica, young Latin grand opera tenor, makes his audible screen debut in "One Mad Kiss," which opens at the Cameo Theatre today. Majica for eight years has been a star of the Chicago Grand Opera Co., singing leading roles opposite Mary Garden, Galli Curci, Freda Hempel and other famous divas, and he also has appeared frequently in concert throughout the North American continent.



Harry Puck, who has an important role in "Three Little Girls," the Viennese operetta now current at the Shubert Theatre.

"HELL'S ISLAND" OPENS AT GLOBE THEATRE TODAY.

Jack Holt and Ralph Graves will play the chief roles in a new local in Columbia's dramatic offering, "Hell's Island," which is scheduled to open at the Globe Theatre today for its New York premiere. The Sahara Desert forms the background for the drama.

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CRISIS STIRRING POLITICS AND THE POOR FARMERS

Must Join Workers in Sharp Struggle

NEW YORK.—Citing the undoubted fact that "Hoover prosperity is a standing joke in the West," especially among the farmers, who he claims are getting 40 and 45 cents a bushel for wheat, Raymond R. Angell, evidently speaking for the National Committee of the democratic party of which he has been a prominent member, says that the West has "considerable sentiment" for Owen D. Young.

Owen D. Young, one of the old line silk stocking Tammanyites, and chairman of the board of the General Electric Company, is one of the outstanding spokesmen of great banking capital. A lot of laurels have been laid upon his brow for putting over the "Young Plan" to starve the German workers at low wages for the benefit of allied reparations—and Morgan's bank. Unfortunately, by the time 1932 rolls around the Young Plan is likely to be as unmentionable politically as the Dawes Plan, and the laurels on

UNEMPLOYED, SUICIDE

NEW YORK.—Howard F. Hass, actor, whose savings of 15 years on the stage were lost in Wall St., and who couldn't get work because of the movie substitution for acting, killed himself yesterday. Other workers who are unemployed scorn to eliminate one of the bosses' troubles, and organize to fight him.

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A Theatre Guild Production
THE NEW GARRICK GAIETIES
GUILD W. 52d. Evs. 8:30
Mts.Th & Sat. 2:30

CAMEO
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with Jose Majica, Antonio Moreno, Mona Maris and Tom Patricola

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—All Workers from the Shops That We Can Reach.

REMEMBER THE DATE
SUNDAY, AUG. 17
PLEASANT BAY PARK

CLASS STRUGGLE IN FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Text of Declaration Adopted at Conference of Left Wing and Progressive Branches of the Workmen's Circle and Independent Workmen's Circle, March 30, 1930

TO THE MEMBERS AND FORMER MEMBERS OF THE WORKMEN'S CIRCLE, AND TO THE MEMBERS OF THE INDEPENDENT WORKMEN'S CIRCLE

WE, assembled representatives of 157 branches of the Workmen's Circle and Independent Workmen's Circle, declare solemnly, before the entire working class of America and the world proletariat, that the time has come and the conditions are ripe for the building of a separate proletarian fraternal order which is to follow the line of the class struggle and to unite those thousands of workers who can bear no longer the yoke of the existing fraternal orders whose sole aim it is to keep the workers away from struggle and to aid the bosses.

On October 11, 12 and 13, 1929, a conference of the left wing branches of the Workmen's Circle was held in New York. The conference declared that the "time has come when everyone who is in earnest about the interests of the working class, and who wishes to struggle against the bosses and their influence, must shake the dust of the Workmen's Circle off his feet."

The conference also pointed out the reasons why it was no more possible for class conscious workers to remain in the Workmen's Circle. "The Workmen's Circle," said the conference, "which was established under the flying banner of the class struggle, which had written in its program the abolition of the capitalist system, and which therefore gained the love and respect of broad masses of workers in the United States, has in the last few years been transformed into a boss agency serving the interests of capitalism."

The October conference therefore appealed to all left wing and progressive members who are seriously concerned with the interests of the working class to leave the Workmen's Circle. "It is our unanimous decision," said the conference, "that we must leave the Workmen's Circle if we wish to remain loyal to the working class."

The conference was confronted with a great problem as to where to go. There were opinions current to the effect that it was necessary immediately to establish a left wing fraternal order. There prevailed, however, a different opinion to the effect that it was necessary and possible to join the Independent Workmen's Circle. The conference proclaimed this in a manifesto in the following words:

"It would be possible for us to form our own new workers' order which would be what such an organization ought to be. We have realized, however, that there is a possibility for us to transfer ourselves into another order, which in the last years has followed a course diametrically opposed to the course of the Workmen's Circle and which, we hope, may become a real home for the left and progressive wing which is leaving the Workmen's Circle."

"We speak of the Independent Workmen's Circle."

Conference Decides to Leave Workmen's Circle

The conference then stated that, "in the last seven or eight years the Independent Workmen's Circle, especially after the New York convention of 1923, began to move ever closer to the class conscious section of the working class." The conference therefore issued the following slogans:

- "Leave the Workmen's Circle!"
"Join the Independent Workmen's Circle!"
"Help build the Independent Workmen's Circle!"

Immediately after the October conference, as soon as its decisions became known, a telegram arrived from the National Executive Committee of the Independent Workmen's Circle which said: "With open arms outstretched we stand waiting for the thousands of members who, at the conference, decided to join our Order." The telegram rejoiced over the fact that "at last the time has come when the Jewish workers begin to recognize the Independent Workmen's Circle," and it asserts that "with your coming we will be able to build up a strong order to serve the interests of the working class."

With bright spirits and high hopes the October conference, through its elected executive committee, went to work. In a few weeks, from seven to eight thousand members left the Workmen's Circle. Thousands of other members of the Workmen's Circle were ready to form the second line in leaving the Workmen's Circle. Thousands of class conscious, courageous and energetic Jewish workers were ready to transfer to the Independent Workmen's Circle, their proletarian devotion, their readiness to build the order and to turn it into an instrument of the class struggle. It was in the interests of the Jewish workers and of the working class as a whole that the Independent Workmen's Circle should grow. It was in the interests of the Independent Workmen's Circle as an organization that it should accept the former members of the Workmen's Circle and thus become transformed into a real power. An amalgamation of the left wing elements of the Workmen's Circle would have only been of benefit to the working class. Nobody would have been the loser except the bosses with their servants who look with hatred and fright upon every step of the working class and who are intent on breaking its unity and its struggle.

A new spirit, an unusual animation began to be felt among the broad strata of the fraternal orders. Great was the joy particularly of the left in the Independent. Their order was bound to grow! They were not going to be an insignificant provincial organization any longer! They would not lead any more a sleepy indifferent existence, the way they had been leading all these years. They would become stronger compared with the backward, degraded and utterly corrupted elements who still occupied

leading positions side by side with the left wing in the Independent and who still exercise considerable influence over the organization!

The Betrayal by the Leaders of the Independent W. C.

When the conference had convened in October, it had no high opinion about the so-called centrists and the right wing in the Independent Workmen's Circle. It knew that they were a backward element devoid of initiative or courage. It knew that their left phrases, their acquiescing in resolutions endorsing the left movement were neither honest nor earnestly meant. Still, the conference believed that the interests of the organization as such, the will to strengthen the Independent Workmen's Circle, the will to become an important component part of the labor movement, would force these elements to carry out the pledges solemnly made before the entire working class; to open wide the doors of the Independent Workmen's Circle before all those who left the Workmen's Circle.

It soon became obvious that the conference had erred. It had not taken into account the lengths to which a combination of the right clique of the Independent Workmen's Circle with the daggers from the Jewish Daily Forward and the Workmen's Circle bureaucrats can go in trying to break the labor movement. They knew that, for years and years, there had existed an enmity between the Workmen's Circle and the Independent Workmen's Circle, and although it knew perfectly well that when it is necessary to fight against the left wing movement, the right wing of all groups and cliques may form a united front, so that a union of the right wing leadership of the Workmen's Circle and the Independent Workmen's Circle was not at all impossible; still it had in mind that, should only one part of the workers who left the Workmen's Circle join the Independent Workmen's Circle, these elements, combined with the left wing membership of the Independent, would soon form a power that would make to nought all the machinations of the traitors.

The conference had not foreseen into what an abyss of swindle, betrayal and meanness the bureaucrats of the right clique can sink when it is necessary to put stones in the path of the class struggle of the working masses.

The clique of the Independent soon began to put obstacles in the way of new members and new branches joining the Independent. When they saw that, in spite of everything, the workers were storming the gates of the Order and that it was almost impossible to halt their march, the right bureaucrats attempted to seize the national office by force, compelling the Board of Appeals to take over the functions of the National Executive Committee. When this trick failed, they turned to those who always protect and father the right cliques. They appealed to the capitalist courts.

The Injunction

The injunction, and the machinations connected with the court hearings, are one of the blackest pages in the history of the betrayal of working class interests. No lie was too shameful, no slander too hideous, no bribery too low for the clique which applied all this under the direct leadership of its former foe that had suddenly become their advisor and friend—the Jewish Daily Forward and the Workmen's Circle. Their plan was to demoralize the thousands of members who had left the Workmen's Circle. Their outlook was to drag out the hearings indefinitely, to create uneasiness and uncertainty, to split the forces of the progressive and left wing elements that waited to be admitted into the Independent. They thus hoped to evade the left danger.

In order to take the matter out of the capitalist courts, in order to put the question squarely before the members of the Independent, the executive committee of the left and progressive members of the Workmen's Circle decided to agree to a compromise. It yielded to the demand of the right wingers of the Independent Workmen's Circle concerning a special emergency convention with a specific agenda—a convention which was against the statutes of the order, which, however, was agreed to under one definite condition officially recognized by the courts, namely, that all members whose applications were already in the hands of the national office of the Independent should be immediately admitted into the Order without further trouble.

Emergency Convention

With this agreement the left wingers came to the emergency convention. It was for the sake of this specific point—admitting all the applicants without further obstacles—that the committee of the left members agreed to the agenda of the emergency convention—an agenda which, in itself, is a blot on the record of any workers' organization. The convention was not only to elect a new executive committee but also to decide upon a special amendment to the constitution of the Independent to the effect that the national convention was prohibited from endorsing any workers' party or workers' paper and was generally not allowed to establish relations with the labor movement.

It was very difficult for the left wing to agree to such an agenda. The committee, however, yielded on this point for the sole purpose of taking the case out of the courts and putting the question before the branches. Events proved that even then the left wing had not realized how mean and criminal the so-called "left" and "progressives" can be when they surrender to the old betrayers of the labor movement—the Forward Socialists, and the fat Workmen's Circle bureaucrats. The emergency convention took place on January the 12th. Thanks to an open betrayal of five delegates who voted contrary to the instructions of their branches, the capitalist amendment to the con-

stitution was adopted and a black national executive committee was elected. Having thus fortified their position, the right wingers decided entirely to close the doors of the Independent for all those who had left the Workmen's Circle. Today the following branches find themselves outside of the Independent Workmen's Circle:

Forty, in New York; Seven, in Chicago; Six, in Philadelphia, and a number of branches in the state of California, in Detroit, Trenton, Rochester, Hartford, Plainfield, Erie, Stamford, Newark, Atlanta, Miami, Chittanooga, Dallas, San Antonio, Houston, Youngstown, Cleveland, Toledo, St. Paul, Sioux City, Rock Highland, Kansas City, Omaha, Milwaukee, Columbus,

Cincinnati, and many other cities. Not only has the National Executive Committee of the Independent Workmen's Circle refused to admit the above branches, but it has begun to apply the old tactics of the Workmen's Circle: individual members and entire branches are being thrown out of the order or transformed into members at large. Speaking of the Workmen's Circle, the October convention declared: "the Workmen's Circle was sinking lower and lower until it finally buried itself in a hideous morass." This is now true not only of the Workmen's Circle, but also of the leadership of the Independent Workmen's Circle.

The downfall of the Independent has taken place under the leadership of that same reactionary power, the Jewish Daily Forward, which is also responsible for the degradation of the Workmen's Circle, and which was characterized by the October conference in the following words: "It [the Forward] has sunk to the lowest degree of shame and degradation. It has become the evil spirit of the labor movement. This evil spirit it has spread over the Workmen's Circle, transforming it into a place where there reign the interests of the bosses, the ideas of the bosses, and the sentiments of the bosses." This spirit has now been spread also over the Independent Workmen's Circle.

United Front Against All Betrayers

And now not only the former members of the Workmen's Circle as well as the left and progressive members who have not yet quit the Workmen's Circle, but also the left and progressives of the Independent Workmen's Circle, who cannot and will not separate themselves from the sound creative forces of the working class, are confronted with the great task of freeing themselves both of the influence of the black Workmen's Circle clique and of the influence of the Independent clique.

Our conference, representing the left elements of both fraternal organizations, declares solemnly that the time is ripe to organize a new fraternal order for all those who follow the line of the class struggle.

We have been patient. We have tried every possible means. We have gone far out of our way. We were ready to make compromises in order to unite all the left and progressive elements of the fraternal orders. We realize now—and this is obvious to all the workers—that the Independent Workmen's Circle is no better than the Workmen's Circle. Both are boss orders. Both serve capitalist interests.

The October conference declared that the Independent Workmen's Circle had "begun to move ever closer to the class-conscious section of the working class." This remains true as far as the left and progressive majority of the Independent Workmen's Circle is concerned. However, a crystallization has taken place in this order during the last few months. The left have become more class-conscious and more willing to struggle. The right have become more aggressive and have united with the Forward and with the Workmen's Circle. The right are in control. The right have fortified themselves with an amendment making it impossible for the order to serve the class struggle. The right have on their side the courts, the police, the whole capitalist state. The right will go to any length, even as far as breaking the order, to retain their domination, i. e. the power of the bosses over the organization.

It is therefore absolutely necessary for the left and progressive members of the Independent Workmen's Circle to leave that organization and to unite with the former members of the Workmen's Circle in a separate fraternal order.

The situation is favorable. The revolutionary labor movement is growing. The struggles of the working class are becoming more and more stormy. Even the backward elements of the working class begin to stir. When such a proletarian fraternal order is founded, it will be joined not only by seven to eight thousand former members of the Workmen's Circle who have long shaken the dust of that organization off their feet, and not only by the progressive members of the Independent Workmen's Circle who cannot and will not carry the yoke of the black, but also by thousands upon thousands of workers who have so far stayed away from all fraternal orders.

For all these elements we must build a new fraternal order. Out of those elements there will be organized a powerful fraternal order whose aim it will be to serve the workers' interests.

We hereby agree to organize such an order. We appeal to all the workers to join the new order.

The Program of the New Order

(a) The Order must follow the line of the class struggle. Being an organization primarily devoted to mutual aid in the form of sickness, insurance and death insurance, the Order nevertheless does not confine itself to the narrow limits of "benefits" and "cemetery," but it lives and works together with the fighting section of the working class. It declares itself to be an integral part of the proletarian class-front against capitalism. It declares that it is the task of the working class to overthrow the capitalist system and to build in its place a Socialist system. It declares that the road to the Socialist system is the class struggle in all its phases. It is ready to go with the fighting workers in strikes, in the political movement, in all the struggles against capitalism.

(b) The Order recognizes that, having its specific task, it nevertheless supports with its means and membership the struggles of all the economic and political organizations of the working class that follow the line of the class struggle. Among those organizations, the Communist Party occupies the first place in the political field and the Trade Union Unity League in the economic field. The Order also

recognizes the importance of the work conducted by such auxiliary organizations as the International Labor Defense and the Workers' International Relief, which help the victims of the class struggle.

(c) The Order recognizes that the road to the liberation of the working class leads thru Sovietism. The Order declares that the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics points the way for the working class of all the imperialist countries and for the oppressed masses of the colonial and semi-colonial countries. Together with all class-conscious workers the Order declares its readiness to defend the Soviet Union against the attacks of the imperialist states.

(d) The Order recognizes that the imperialist states, seeing the crisis of capitalism which is becoming ever deeper and broader, and which undermines capitalist dictatorship, and seeing the great successes of the Five-Year Plan of Socialist construction in the Soviet Union and the growth of the revolutionary movements both in the imperialist and the colonial countries, are preparing for war against each other and jointly against the Soviet Union. The Order recognizes as its duty to struggle against the war danger together with the entire working class.

(e) The Order recognizes that the capitalist states, seeing they have been unable to withstand the attack of the broad working masses, were it not for the social-democrats and union bureaucrats who are nothing but agents of the bosses within the ranks of the workers and who strive to befool the consciousness of the workers, to weaken their energy, to demoralize their ranks and thus to keep them from fighting capitalism. The Order recognizes that every class-conscious worker who is in earnest about the struggle against capitalism must fight, systematically and energetically, against the union bureaucrats and socialists who are turning more and more into social-fascists.

(f) The Order recognizes that there is one realm where it can develop a particularly fruitful activity—and that is in the realm of culture. The Order is aware of the fact that culture is a powerful weapon in the hands of the bourgeoisie to enslave the working masses, and that where the bourgeoisie, through its schools, its press, its educational institutions for adults, and with the aid of the bourgeois intellectuals, pretends to "spread enlightenment among the masses," it in reality spreads such information and influences the brains of the masses in such a manner as to make them obedient servants of the capitalist system. The Order therefore declares that it is its duty not only to develop its members culturally, but also to develop in a proletarian way, i. e. to give them a culture which will make their brains clearer, their will stronger, their ranks more united, which will mobilize them to struggle against the capitalist system and elevate them to the level of builders of a new society. The fraternal order, being to a degree only an auxiliary organization of the class struggle, can and must utilize this favorable position to help create proletarian culture, without which the class struggle cannot be sufficiently successful. The fraternal order must not only follow the line of the class struggle, but it must devote particular attention to educating its membership so that they may be prepared to conduct the struggle in every realm. In this respect the fraternal order is to follow a line which neither the Workmen's Circle nor the Independent Workmen's Circle ever followed even at a time when they had not yet become hornets' nests of betrayal.

(g) The fraternal order must be built up not only of Jewish organizations but also of organizations speaking other languages. In other words, the Order must be an inter-language, international fraternal organization. There are in the United States large masses of workers belonging to fraternal organizations of other language groups; Hungarian, Finnish, Russian, German, Ukrainian, Czech-Slovakian and other sick benefit societies and similar organizations.

At present those organizations are isolated; some of them are weak; some suffer the yoke of a black fascist and clerical leadership. When the fraternal proletarian order is founded, all of them, entire organizations and minorities of organizations, will join the new Order. In this way a powerful center embracing scores of thousands of workers can be created within a short time.

The line of the proletarian order is the line of uniting the broadest working masses, of freeing them from bourgeois domination, of freeing them from bourgeois influence, elevating them to the level of the class struggle, strengthening their will, illuminating their way, letting them feel the power of organization and of international solidarity, incorporating them as a brotherly section into the great international struggle against exploitation and oppression.

In this spirit and with this belief we commence building the new order.

Workers! The time for building has come. You have suffered much. You have stood the severest test. You have remained faithful to the working class. You have not allowed yourself to be demoralized. You have stood firmly on the basis of the class struggle. Now the time has come to gather all the forces and at last to build up our fortress—a proletarian fraternal order.

Today the foundation is laid for the great building. We know that difficulties will not be lacking. We know that the enemy will try to interfere with our work. The enemy has many means at his disposal and he would not shrink before his worst crimes. Our strength, however, will be in our unity. New forces will come to the fore. New broad strata of the working class will join our Order. New life will begin to pulsate in our ranks. We shall go into struggle. We shall march with our class.

Long live the proletarian order!
Long live the revolutionary class struggle!
Forward to new work, new struggles, and new victories!

THE INTERNATIONAL WORKERS' ORDER

started its official existence on April 3, 1930, when the preliminary charter was issued. On June 19, 1930, the International Workers Order received a permanent charter, and since July 1, it has functioned as a fraternal insurance organization. Beginning with the latter date, the national office is responsible for sick and death benefits of members who paid in for the months of May and June.

Every worker must become a member of the International Workers' Order.

The International Workers' Order is a fraternal organization. It provides its membership with sick benefit, with medical aid during sickness and with other means of mutual aid that can be obtained under the existing system. At the same time, however, the International Workers' Order looks upon itself as upon a section of the working class and is intimately connected with all the workers' struggles. It seeks to be a section of the proletarian class-front.

The International Workers' Order is not a political party. Nevertheless, it is most actively interested in the struggle of the working class against capitalism. It therefore supports every proletarian action which mobilizes the working class in its struggle for its class interests.

The International Workers' Order is not an economic organization. Its direct task is insurance work for its members. Nevertheless, it is vitally interested in the economic struggles of the working class and it supports those workers' organizations and workers' struggles which aim at improving the situation of the workers and at freeing the working class, in the long run, from capitalist rule.

The International Workers' Order is a fraternal organization for sick and death benefit. Nevertheless, it cares for the cultural interests of its members. The National Executive Committee of the International Workers' Order is now busy on a program of a ramified cultural activity among its members and branches. The Order will presently organize a cooperative publishing house. It is making preparations for the publication of a monthly magazine. It is preparing outlines for lectures on social topics. It is preparing a correspondence course in various subjects. In the course of the winter the Order will arrange a number of lecture tours. The Order is in touch with the Jewish workers' schools, with the aim

of transforming them into an important proletarian cultural factor in the life of the workers and in their struggles.

The International Workers' Order is decisively opposed to all the labor betrayers, the company union leaders, the socialists who have betrayed Socialism, the labor fakers who help capitalism suppress the working masses.

The International Workers' Order is a friend of the only proletarian republic, the Soviet Union, where the workers are building Socialism.

There is room in the International Workers' Order for every worker who recognizes the necessity for the working class to defend its interests against capitalism.

The International Workers' Order admits workers of all languages, of every national origin. Branches of the International Workers' Order may conduct their activities in whatever language they find best suited to the work of promoting the international unity of the working class.

In its insurance work the International Workers Order has at the outset introduced the scientific system known as National Fraternal Congress Rates, where every member pays according to his age.

Below is a table showing the monthly payments for the sick benefit fund on sums ranging from \$150 to \$2,000.

The International Workers' Order pays benefit in accordance with the sum to which every member subscribes during his doctor's examination. The weekly rates are \$3.50, \$7.00, \$10.00, and \$15.00. The Order also pays a consumption benefit of \$15.00 weekly. In the United States, the richest country in the world, the country of the most developed capitalism, there is no social insurance for the workers. It is the task of the working class to fight for social insurance, against unemployment, for sickness insurance and old age insurance. The International Workers' Order will help in these struggles.

It is the duty of every worker to join the organization which, besides sickness insurance and death insurance as well as other means of mutual aid, helps the working class in supporting its struggle for its class interests.

Fill out the application printed below and send it into the national office and you will be admitted to one of the 160 branches already existing throughout the country.

PROPOSAL CARD

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER, Inc.
32 Union Square, New York, N. Y.

Fill in this card and hand it to the Branch Secretary

Name Age
Address
Occupation Union?
Male Female
Married? Paid \$..... for..... Month
Proposed by Br. No.

International Workers Order MONTHLY PAYMENTS FOR DEATH BENEFIT INSURANCE

Table with columns: Class, Age, \$150, \$250, \$500, \$1000, \$2000. Rows 1-52.

Class 4 3 2 1 0

Table with columns: Age, \$150, \$250, \$500, \$1000, \$2000. Rows 53-70.

To the rates for death benefits must be added the following assessment for sick and consumption benefit:

- Option A: No sick benefit; only consumption benefit. 14 cents a month.
Option AM: No sick benefit. 37 cents a month.
Option B: \$15 a week consumption benefit and \$7 a week sick benefit. 88 cents a month.
Option C: \$5 a week consumption benefit and \$13.50 a week sick benefit. 64 cents a month.
Option D: \$15 a week consumption benefit and \$10 sick benefit. \$1.13 a month.
Option E: \$15 a week consumption benefit and \$15 a week sick benefit. \$1.58 a month.

In the payments for sick benefits are included all other payments to the National office, such as the Educational Fund, Organization Fund, Administrative Fund, monthly magazine and all other expenditures.

PARTICIPATE IN AUGUST 1st DEMONSTRATIONS!

LETTERS from the SHOPS

Shoe Workers in Union Drive

Philadelphia Shoe Workers Must Also Organize Now

Philadelphia, Pa. Editor Daily Worker:— The shop where I work is one of the foremost of shoe factories of its kind. The management was always one of the most reactionary. Even when the shoe trade was at the peak of good business, and the workers were most needed and scarce to get, the discipline here was kept up to the highest notch. The work was so rationalized that the workers hardly had time to breathe.

Now they keep watchmen on every few workers so that workers should not talk to each other and are very minute-subject to the good mood of this watchman, who is mostly ignorant and brutal like a mad dog.

Last summer it seemed as if the ice was starting to melt when one of the biggest shops, Laird and Schober went on strike. Many of us hoped that at last our sleepy city, Philadelphia, was awakening, but this struggle ending as it done, for our bosses possess and control the political power that is now pressing down the workers than any time before. They choke us by the throat and the shoe workers of Philadelphia are now subject to the most slavish conditions.

How long, shoe workers of Philadelphia, will you wait for the crumb of your bosses who are enjoying all the luxuries of life from your sweat and blood and so cynically laughing at you?

Look at the shoe workers of

Rocketeer Gunman Gets His Reward

Denver, Colo.

To the Daily Worker:— Mike Quintana, notorious professional strikebreaker and company thug, who for 17 years has been doing the dirty work of the Rocky Mountain Fuel Co. and other companies, has been duly rewarded for his long years of faithful service—with a street-cleaner's job in Denver. Thus do the bosses reward this dirty watchdog.

Quintana was one of the Rocky Mountain Fuel Co. paid gunmen who murdered six workers in cold blood during the historic Columbine Mine Massacre on November 21, 1928.

WORKER CORRESPONDENT.

HOMESTED STEEL WORKERS REVOLT

Editor Daily Worker:—

Carnegie Steel Co. at the Homestead Works during the past several years have spent many millions in rationalizing the mills, and their improvement program is not quite finished yet. To cite a specific example of what this means to the workers: The 110-inch plate mill was remodeled six months ago. It was being remodeled before to be the fastest and most efficient mill in the world, employing 365 men. Now, since being remodeled, it produces as much with 185 men, with no wage increase.

All other plate mills are to be rationalized like this one soon. The outstanding feature of this rationalization is the installing of rotary shears manned by one operator doing the work of 13 men, and the mechanized pick-off piling system, three doing the work of seven. This improvement in steel mills practice was brought about not only by mechanization, but by the "Bedaux" production system, which means, in plain language, "slave-driving." Many men are forced to do the work of two to three men.

The speed-up, unemployment, part time, is pauperizing and wrecking their health. To add insult to injury, are the rotten, cheap, dirty tricks of the superintendent and pushers, such as suspending a worker for ten days for a trivial violation of rules, calling men frequently "on the carpet" up at the superintendent's office. The superintendent expects the worker to take his hat off while entering and to be silent and meek while he gets "bawled out," then to slouch out without being permitted to say anything.

The bosses have cultivated an air that when they look at one of the hands they make him feel like two ends. The workers resent all this and are being radicalized, and all agree that something must be done about the way they are being wamped on. Even the old die-hards with 15 to 35 years of service are rapidly losing their cherished illusions of a pension. They have seen their fellow-workers with a score

Brooklyn, fighting so bravely against their exploiters. Let us also organize and join the Independent Shoe Workers Union of the T.U.U.L. Enough being cowards, it is no excuse being discouraged by last year's experiences.

Let us start a new page in our labor struggle with more experiences on our march to final victory over the bosses.

—A SHOE WORKER.

FEAR CANADIAN WORKERS WRATH

Cops Club Workers At Election Meet

Montreal, Canada.

To the Daily Worker:— If anyone doubts that the capitalist class in Canada is in mortal terror of Communism and the Communist movement, he would only need to have been in Place Viger Park on the Champ de Mars in Montreal on the afternoon of Saturday, July 5, 1930.

In this so-called metropolis of a land of political freedom he would have witnessed a display of savage brutality, of hysterical rage, such as would not have entered the minds of Atilla and his Huns.

He would have seen people ordered, with rough and obscene language, to get up from the seats of a public park and "keep moving." He would have seen, on the Champ de Mars, five motorcycles, driven by policemen (who had obviously been "fortified" with a good shot of rum) charge at full speed into a group of about thirty people who were listening to a speech of the Communist candidate for Maisonneuve, who was speaking from the spot where, a short time previously, the conservative candidates had spoken.

He would have seen a banner, held aloft by two young girls (all honor to them) on which was inscribed a demand for the release of one of their comrades, torn from their hands and ripped to pieces as a bull would rip the red flag of the picador.

He would have seen a man chased by two policemen and receive a savage blow that laid his head open, merely because he was the organizer of the Needle Trades Industrial Union.

He would have seen a young man ordered to halt at the point of a pistol; seized by two policemen twice his size and dragged off to the lock-up.

He would have seen a group of girls, under 20 years of age, chased along the whole front of the courthouse building by a squad of police, who pushed them about, prodded them with their clubs, all the while calling them by every foul name their filthy minds could invent.

He would have seen in all this savagery a manifestation of that which possesses the minds of the capitalist class of Canada—fear.

Fear of the revolt of millions of hungry men in every country of the world. Fear that the oppressed, exploited and starving workers will be organized by the Communists into an army of revolution. Fear that the pitiless spotlight of publicity into which the Communist Parties of all the countries have dragged the political trickery, the wage-cutting plans, the selling-out of the workers and the preparations for another bloodiest of mass murder.

The old wolf, capitalism, is at bay. Tittering on his last legs, he stands in the midst of the putrid mess he has made of things. Snarling and snapping his slavering jaws, he takes his vengeance upon those nearest him—the Communists. But not for long.

"Tis the final conflict; Let each stand in his place." Organize to fight! Fight to win! Workers of the world—unite!

J. MACAULAY.

or more years of service thrown on the scrap-heap and expect to be the next.

They talk about what dupes they were back in 1892 and 1919, when together. When alone they are continually muttering curses at the company. Most of them have quit praying to Jesus and counting on the boss's favor. Their illusions are falling like the leaves in the autumn. These conditions precipitate a rebellious and indignant atmosphere which will culminate in a great struggle in the near future. The Metal Workers' Industrial League is organizing shop committees in the works. That will lead the struggle of the steel workers against their miserable conditions and eventually overthrow the bosses' rule forever.

—A STEEL WORKER.

SHOE WORKERS MUST RENEW FIGHT AGAINST SLAVE CONDITIONS, CUTS

Fight the Bosses Tricks, Mr. Woods and All Agents of the Bosses in New Drive

Daily Worker:—

A few words to the shoe workers of Brooklyn, N. Y. Brothers, we find ourselves in a hard and big crisis in the shoe line. Since the United States department of labor sent out letters to the shoe manufacturers they should break up agreements with the Independent Shoe Workers' Union, these manufacturers listened to Mr. Woods and threw out of the shoe shops workers who were in the union, without giving reasons.

Bosses Get Injunctions.

At the same time the bosses got injunctions wholesale and made wholesale arrests of the active members of the Independent Shoe Workers' Union.

Nine months have passed already since the first part of the attack was made and we shoe workers are treated in the shops worse than the wildest animals. That means in the shops where they have a little work.

Cut Wages.

They cut our wages left and right without asking us slaves. If we cannot make a living on such small amount as we get that doesn't bother our bosses.

Every shoe worker knows that lasting is the hardest work in our line. A laster works about 15 years in the trade. After that he must go into a sanatorium. And still our bosses treat us so bad that after 14 or 15 hours a day hard work we can't make a living, and so it is with the rest of the workers fitters, heelers, cutters and machine men. We all suffer under the worse and hardest conditions in the shoe line.

Workers Need Their Union.

Fellow workers, open your eyes and see that the only way to be treated right and to have conditions in the shops is to have a union. The tricks of the bosses in saying they don't want a Communist union and they don't mean to cut our wages is only a fake to make us blind, and in this way to smash the organization and throw our active members in jail.

Our wages are cut so low that many workers in the shops are getting from 40 to 50 cents an hour, with a speed up system, and the conditions in the shops wiped out altogether.

Must Organize Now.

Fellow workers, the season starts now. Don't let yourself be fooled any more by the fakers and bosses when they want to use you for the few weeks in the season. Understand that now is the time to organize shop committees and in masses into the union.

Get active!

Every and each worker must become an organizer and do active work for the organization, and show the shoe workers the dirty tricks of the bosses, their government, their agents and scabs that they used in the last strike. Let's show them that we shoe workers are men and we want to have conditions and wages and we'll fight under the banner of the Independent Shoe Workers Union, 16 West 21 Street.

—LASTER.

Demonstrate against war and unemployment on August 1st! Demand that expenditures planned for armaments be turned over for the relief of the unemployed!

A New York Bootblack



Children, as the one shown above are the typical bootblacks in New York City. This particular child is only nine years old and helps to support his family. Bootblacks and newsboys should organize and fight against the intolerable conditions of the child workers.

N. J. THUGS BREAK WORKERS MEET

Women Speakers Are Kidnapped by "Vets"

New York City.

To the Daily Worker:—

A news item in the New York Times of July 8 gloats over the fact that a mob of Veterans of Foreign War "heroes" manhandled two women at an open-air meeting in New Brunswick, N. J. The capitalist Times admits that four applications were made for a permit to Chief of Police Michael Connor and refused. (A further evidence of the right of "free speech.")

The item says: "Miss Bloomenthal placed a chair. That was the cue for the veterans. The chair went whirling over the heads of the crowd, a flying wedge swept Miss Bloomenthal and Mrs. Collins through the mass of their supporters and into a sedan. The sedan rushed them to police headquarters."

The recorder decided there was no charge to hold them on.

While the Times and its parasites of Park and Fifth Aves. may gloat over the bruises of two courageous women, manhandled and abused by a mob of spineless thugs, the workers will see the outrage in its true light and will double their efforts to hasten the end of a degenerate system that gloats over brutality and barefaced cowardice.

A fitting eulogy to this type of "veteran" could be rendered by "Rasputin," and applauded by the ghosts of the czars "Black Hundreds," but in the hearts of all decent ex-servicemen the cowardly accents of this slimy crew of "patriots" arouse nothing more than shame and disgust and the determination to carry on the fight to expose in all its nakedness to the working masses of the country the lying hypocrisy of the so-called American institutions of "free speech" and "lawful assemblage" and also to show them that V. F. W. stands for "Vagabond Fascist Wantons," whose motto is "Always ready to break a strike or beat up a woman."

A WORKER VETERAN.

Editorial Note:—The V. F. W. is used by the bosses against the working class. No honest worker, who was a victim of the last war for profits, belongs in this organization. Workers who are ex-servicemen should organize into the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League, where they will be able to use their organized strength not to help the bosses slug workers, break strikes, etc., but to help the workers in their struggle against the parasitic bosses and the entire rotten system of capitalism. Feverish preparations are now being made by the imperialist robbers of the world for another war.

The workers must not forget the horrible lessons of the last imperialist war. Fight against imperialist war and the system that produces it! Workers! Defend the Soviet Union, where the workers and poor farmers rule.

Clerks, Auto Workers Join the Butte Strike

BUTTE, Mont., July 17.—Eight hundred clerks, who threatened a few days ago to strike in sympathy with the teamsters' walkout if scabs delivered at their working places, are all now either on strike or locked out. Most business houses are closed down. The auto mechanics are on strike. The total out is about 1,500. The strike started over an attempt to cut teamsters' wages. The auto mechanics also faced a \$1 a day wage-cut.

March from factories, shops and mines directly after work on August 1st to the demonstrations against war and unemployment. Rally your shop mates under the slogan: "Not one cent for armaments; all funds for the unemployed!"

PREPARE FOR AUGUST 1 DEMONSTRATIONS

By H. PURO. THE question of the war danger is not an abstract propaganda slogan of the Communists, as the bourgeoisie and social fascists are trying to make the workers believe. During this third period of post war capitalism, the war danger has become an immediate problem. The present ever-deepening crisis of world capitalism makes new imperialist wars unavoidable. The imperialist powers are seeking a redivivus of world markets as the solution of getting out of the present economic crisis. Antagonisms between dominant imperialist powers are sharpening at a very fast pace, as stated in the Program of the Communist International. "Meanwhile, the inherent antagonism within the capitalist sector of world economy itself has become intensified. The shifting of the economic center of the world to the United States of America and the fact that the 'Dollar Republic' has become a world exploiter, has caused the relations between the United States and European capitalism, particularly British capitalism, to become strained. The conflict between Great Britain—the most powerful of the old, conservative imperialist states, which has already won world hegemony for itself—is becoming the pivot of the world conflicts among the finance capitalist states."

Antagonisms Grow. This antagonism between imperialist states is growing ever faster on account of recent economic crises. However, new imperialist war danger is not threatening mainly between imperialist powers themselves, but in the first place and in more vital form for the revolutionary proletariat—in the form of war against the Soviet Union. The basis for this war against the Soviet Union was stated at the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International as follows: "The capitalist world, powerless to eliminate its inherent contradictions, strives to establish internal associations, (the League of Nations) the main purpose of which is to retard the irresistible growth of the revolutionary crisis and to strangle the Soviet Proletarian Republics by war or blockade."

Certainly this analysis of the Communist International has become true. War preparations against the Soviet Union are going on in the imperialist camps more feverishly than ever before. Behind the London Naval Conference, which was supposed to be a step for the "reduction of naval armaments," there were definite secret preparations of a united attack against the Soviet Union. President Hoover gives definite proof for this, refusing to adhere to his own capitalist Senate's demand to deliver secret documents for examination by the U. S. Senate.

No Reductions. It has become clear during the discussion of ratification of the naval pact, that it does not contain any elements of naval reductions. It only proposes for the elimination of certain out-of-date warships, only in order to build more up-to-date and more deadly naval armaments. The opposition in the U. S. Senate, led by Senator Johnson of California, is only a smoke screen, behind which U. S. imperialism is preparing to arm itself, both against its imperialist rivals (mainly against Great Britain), but before all, against the Soviet Union and against the coming world revolutionary upheavals of the proletariat. The same kind of feverish war preparation is going on in every imperialist country.

Simultaneously with the war preparations in imperialist countries, these imperialist powers are preparing countries directly adjacent with the U. S. S. R., the so-called "Border States," against the Soviet Union. Recent events in Finland, where the bourgeois government is mobilizing armed fascists to finally and completely suppress all revolutionary workers' organizations and for the establishment of a fascist dictatorship, is unmistakable proof of the preparation and mobilization of these "Border States" to participate in the general united attack against the Soviet Union.

Crisis Deepens. The present deepening crisis in capitalist economy, and on the other hand, the victorious realization of socialism in the Soviet Union under the five year plan, is enormously increasing the danger of war against the Soviet Union. The powerful proletarian Soviet Republic is like a haunting spectre for which the whole imperialist world fears, and wants to destroy before it becomes too strong to be destroyed.

Wonderful material improvements in the conditions of workers in the Soviet Union, like the 7-hour day, four-day week, social insurances of all kinds, not to speak of the many cultural and social improvements, in addition to the state power being solely and entirely in the hands of the workers and poor farmers, is a powerful revolutionary example for the workers in every capitalist country, especially in times when millions of workers in capitalist lands are suffering from unemployment and wage cuts. The world bourgeoisie realizes very clearly that the balance of forces is swiftly changing for the final victory of socialism, which involves the shattering of capitalism throughout the world.

Colonial Revolts. Gigantic colonial revolutionary uprisings in China and in India are also challenging imperialist rule in the world and are causing the deepening of the present economic crisis of capitalism. The capitalist world understands clearly that revolutions in China and India have direct encouragement in successful building up of socialism in the Soviet Union. This gives them another reason to prepare to attack this proletarian republic.

When these preparations will lead to active attack against the Soviet Union, depends on a number of factors, among which is very decisive, the awakening and readiness of the world proletariat to offer such a determined resistance that the world bourgeoisie will not dare to raise their hands against the Soviet Union.

The Communist Parties in every country have very big responsibilities for mobilizing masses of workers in every country for struggle against the prepared attack against the Soviet Union by the international bourgeoisie.

Our Party is charged with very big tasks in mobilizing toilers of the United States to struggle against war against the Soviet Union, because the United States is the most powerful imperialist power and is most actively engaged in the preparations against the Soviet Union.

Therefore, we must be prepared for the coming August 1st to mobilize millions of workers for militant demonstrations against imperialist war and especially to combat preparations of an attack against the Soviet Union.

In order that we may be able successfully to mobilize greatest numbers of toilers, we must build a United Front from below. United front committees must be organized everywhere with the workers' organizations, thereby drawing all possible proletarian elements into preparations and into the demonstration itself. But in order that we get the decisive strata of workers to participate in the August First

demonstrations, the main emphasis must be laid to the enterprises. We must organize August 1 United Front Committees in every important factory and work place. The greatest efforts of our districts, sections and units must be concentrated towards organizing these August First factory committees. In addition to this, all other united front committees that exist, must be gotten actively to participate in August First preparatory work and at the demonstration. We must also organize United Front mass meetings of the workers' organizations and at these meetings elect representatives to the August First committees.

Prepare for August First! In our propaganda and agitation in connection with preparing for August 1, we must explain the meaning of the present economic crisis, growing unemployment, wage cuts, etc. to the workers, and how they are definitely connected with the war danger. Especially must we point out how the present Congressional investigation of the activities of the Communist and revolutionary organizations of workers, deportation threats of foreign-born workers, are definite preparations for a war situation by the Hoover government.

Since the A. F. of L., socialist party, Mustelites and other social fascist elements are actively aiding American imperialism in war preparations and in suppressing revolutionary organizations of workers, we must absolutely expose these lackeys of imperialism as enemies of the workers. Also we must expose the role of the renegades—Lovestonites, Cannonites and Halonites, who, by their betrayal of revolutionary fighting line of the Communist International and trying to mobilize workers against the Communist International and against our Party, are actively aiding the bourgeoisie.

Correct Slogans. As to the demands and slogans. These must not be put mechanically from above. We must encourage workers in factory nuclei, factory committees, unions and mass organizations to initiate and formulate demands and slogans, so as to make them real demands and slogans of the revolutionary masses. Of course, the Party must give political guidance in formulating these demands and slogans. Especially must we encourage workers, both employed and unemployed to demand that the millions of dollars used for the military budget, be distributed to the unemployed.

Organize Defense Corps. We must remember that this year, the bourgeoisie is mobilizing its regular forces with added strength in addition to mobilizing all kinds of fascist elements and organizations against our demonstrations. Therefore, we too, must mobilize and organize workers defense guards to combat the attacks of the bourgeois forces—to defend workers' rights to demonstrate in the streets. The organization of these workers' defense guards must be done in a most careful and systematic way.

In our own Party ranks, we must fight vigorously against right tendencies—legality, non-preparation and passivity, in connection with preparations for August 1.

Comrades, our Party Seventh Convention decided to make the decisive turn towards the factories and towards the masses. August First will be a first real test for us as to how far we are able to effect this turn in practice. Therefore, the entire Party must do its utmost to make August First not only the biggest mobilization of the masses than ever before, but also to connect with this mobilization, the building of revolutionary unions and throwing into the Party, through our factory activities, thousands of new proletarian elements.

hiring of the United Railway. Against the leading spirits of that corporation there were pending a number of criminal charges. These charges had grown out of the disclosures of graft and corruption which had ended the career of the notorious Abe Ruef, political boss, and Schmitz, the so-called labor mayor of San Francisco. These charges were annoying to the leading gentlemen of the San Francisco street-car corporation. So they put up one of their lawyers, Charles M. Fickert, as a candidate for district attorney. They spent money lavishly to have him elected. They succeeded. The first official act of the newly elected district attorney Mr. Fickert was to walk into the courts of San Francisco and move the dismissal of the cases against the grafters. The motion was immediately granted.

Fickert and Swanson, the paid hirelings of the United Railways, never had a shred of evidence that justified the arrest of any of those accused; but they arrested them nevertheless and prepared the case against them; the preparations consisted in the manufacture of evidence against the accused.

The Jury in the Mooney Case. The case was tried in the Superior Court of San Francisco, before Judge Griffin. To understand thoroughly the seeming naivete of the jury, which swallowed the most outrageous fairy tales of the witnesses without question, it is necessary to picture the jury system in San Francisco. The list of prospective jurors was made up by the district attorney and the sheriff. Names are added or taken off this list at the discretion of the district attorney.

In every court-room there generally assemble as spectators a class of men and women who try to satisfy their low intellect and perverted cravings by listening to the gruesome stories of murder cases or to the delicate details of divorce cases. This element is largely recruited out of a retired petty-bourgeoisie. Former corner grocers or saloon keepers make up the bulk.

In San Francisco, and for that matter throughout California, a practice developed to recruit the jurors out of this element. They were mostly retired business men with a meagre income. It occurred to them that they could combine the agreeable with the useful. They could listen to the stories they were craving for and at the same time get paid for it by serving on juries. As a result the district attorney's office gradually built up a list of candidates for the jurors wholly recruited out of this element. They were all interested in keeping their "jobs." Since they depended on the district attorney in the matter of keeping their jobs they were always most obliging to the district attorney. Anything the district attorney wanted them to believe they were willing and ready to believe for a consideration of \$2.00 per day. This was the notorious professional jury system in California.

Out of this element, the jurors in the case against Warren K. Billings, as well as in the case against Tom Mooney, were recruited.

The Evidence in the Case. The district attorney's office, that is Fickert and Swanson, maintained that Warren K. Bil-

lings, Tom Mooney and Reena Mooney were driven by Israel Weinberg in the latter's jitney to the place of the explosion and deposited there, on the sidewalk, concealed in a suitcase, the bomb. After having deposited the bomb, they were supposed to have retreated with their jitney just as they had come. The explosion occurred six minutes after 2 o'clock. The suitcase was supposed to have been deposited just about 2 o'clock.

Evidence which did not fit into this theory was falsified by Fickert. Testimony that pointed in other directions was suppressed or disregarded.

According to unbiased witnesses, the bomb was thrown from above, from the roof of a nearby building. This testimony was contrary to Fickert's frame up. It was therefore disregarded. But Fickert was not satisfied with this. With crow-bars and pick-axes he extended the damage done by the bomb on the sidewalk and on the building walls in order to strengthen his theory. The fact that Fickert had ordered this wrecking was established by sworn testimony in the trials. The Supreme Court of California knows it; the Governor of California knows it. Yet with serene disregard of this fact, the Supreme Court and the Governor mumble "something about the validity of the testimony."

One of the major witnesses, a prostitute by the name of Estella Smith, testified against and identified Mooney. When it was proved by sworn testimony that Estella Smith was not at the place where she had sworn to have seen Mooney, she declared that her astral body was there and saw Mooney.

The Supreme Court of California knows this outrageous testimony; so does Governor Young; but with serene disregard of the facts they keep on mumbling about the validity of the testimony.

(To be concluded).

Workers! Join the Party of Your Class!

Communist Party U. S. A.

43 East 125th Street,

New York City.

I, the undersigned, want to join the Communist Party. Send me more information.

Name

Address

City

Occupation

Age

Mail this to the Central Office, Communist Party, 43 East 125th St., New York, N. Y.

GERMANY JOINS ITALY IN DEMAND TO CHANGE VERSAILLES TREATY

This Move Signifies That the Imperialist War Is Very Near

All the Workers Must Rally to the Anti-War Demonstration on August First

The cry for the revision of the Versailles Treaty which was first uttered by Mussolini successively in his speech at Milan, in an interview printed by a Paris paper and finally communicated to the French government in the Italian answer to the Briand proposal for a United States of Europe, has now been echoed by Germany in its answer to the Briand proposal. The fact that Germany has joined the chorus certainly greatly strengthens the demand for a re-division of the world, and accentuates the war danger.

The German bourgeoisie, suffering from a severe crisis and finding no way out, does not mince words in its demand. It first sets forth how Germany suffered "more than any other country" from the "defects in the existing structure of Europe." It describes its situation as "untenable" and demands that the beginning for the formation of the United States of Europe must be the establishment of "principles of integral equality of rights, of equal security for all and of specific harmonization of the natural necessities of existence of the peoples."

This of course, amounts to a demand for the revision of the Versailles Treaty in diplomatic language.

According to P. J. Philip, the Paris correspondent of the New York Times, "many Frenchmen believe" that the Italian and German proposals for the revision of the Versailles Treaty is made "with the connivance, if not the actual good will of England." This is more than probable since it is a well known fact that Italy and England have been quite close together, ever since relations between Italy and the United States have become strained.

The grouping of forces among the imperialist powers are proceeding very fast. All capitalist powers realize clearly the imminence of the war, and almost all the movements on the chess board of capitalist world politics represent the attempts of the two most powerful rivals, Great Britain and the United States, are busy in securing allies for the coming war. The fact that the demand for the revision of the Versailles Treaty has already been openly made by two powers is another important sign showing that war is near.

The working class must not be caught sleeping. Let all class conscious workers rally to the anti-war demonstration on August 1, the International anti-war day.

ABOLISH JURIES IN LABOR TRIAL COP TELLS FISH

Woll Brings His Own Set of Forgeries

(Continued From Page One.)

realize this is not a recognized labor case. Until we educate our juries, I believe we get better results by cases of simple assault, which are tried in the court of special sessions."

It was brought out that the leaders of the March 6 demonstration in Union Square, Foster, Minor, Amter, Raymond and Lesten were convicted, "under our rioting law" by this most useful, no-jury, court of special sessions. Tammany judges do not have to be "educated" any more. They know enough not to listen to the evidence!

The prosecution argument in the Shifrin case was outlined, and the case described as a "typical Communist homicide." Then Lyons calmly pointed out that the jury acquitted Shifrin, and paused for dramatic effect. The congressmen of the Fish committee looked at each other. Plainly something must be done about these juries!

The significant year, 1925, was heavily emphasized in Lyons' testimony, and underlined by repeated questions from the committee. It was in 1925 that the Department of Justice dissolved at least a part of its anti-labor spy system. One function of the Fish committee is to have it revived, bigger and better. So Lyons centered on all the needle trades strikes, four between 1926 and 1929, all the cafeteria strikes, 1929 and 1930, the shoe strike, 1929 and 1930, the metal strike, the window cleaners strike, the dental laboratories strike, everything that happened since 1925.

"Violence." "The strikes were replete with violence." Lyons was not talking about the brutal assaults, day by day, by clubbing and gun swinging police on the picket lines, nor of the occasional outright murder of pickets, as in Katovis' case, by the police. Lyons was talking about the knife gangs, invading shops and threatening workers, the thugs smashing workers' heads with sawed off billiard cues, the hundreds of gangsters' assaults on needle, food, shoe and other workers, committed by the paid gunmen of the International Ladies Garment Workers, the International Fur Workers Union, the United Hebrew Trades, the A. F. of L. food unions. He described all their terrorist actions in lurid detail—and then he calmly blamed the whole thing on the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, the Food Workers Industrial Union, and the left wings in the old unions before these industrial unions were organized!

To hear Lyons tell it there are 15,000 to 20,000 Communists going around with razor blades terrorizing 100,000 other workers into joining their unions. Lyons said they were all Communist unions, and he said the workers went to 26 Union Square (Communist district headquarters) to join! And the 25,000 New York police with at least one gun and one club per cop, to be freely used, as the killing of Katovis and Gonzalez shows, plus unlimited riot wagons, machine guns, tear gas, armored cars had failed so far to free these poor protesting workers from the terrible safety razor blades of the Communists!

"Twas a dramatic tale, and both the Fish committee and the capitalist press swallowed it whole, for reasons best known to themselves, but evidently because it helps in the plans plainly indicated in the "investigation" so far to pass new and stricter deportation laws, to build a federal spy system, to smash the workers' unions and the Communist Party, to make the working class helpless to fight against unemployment, or wage cuts, or the approaching war.

Lyons categorically approved each of these plans during the investigation, in answer to leading questions from the committee.

Against these plans, the workers and unemployed of America will join in the international protest on anti-imperialist war day, August 1. They will demand that the war funds be used for relief of the unemployed.

Lyons has no word to say against the A. F. L. unions which used all the violence he describes, and used it against the left wing.

Instead, he says: "If it was not for the splendid fight waged by the A. F. L. against the Communists, they would probably control now the fur, dress cloak, food and other industries." Of course he means the bloody and unscrupulous war waged by the A. F. L. gangs, the police, the bosses in co-operation, against the militant unions of the T. U. U. L.

Communist Growth. Aside from this, Lyons' testimony was chiefly on the rapid growth of Communism since 1925 ("18,000 paid admission to a Communist meeting on March 16, 1927"), and the sudden increase of Negro, Japanese, and Chinese membership in the Communist Party within the last year. Lyons ascribes this to the fact that the Communists actually fraternize with the colored races on terms of absolute social and political equality. He describes while the southern economy glowered, dances in which white

Renew and Intensify the Daily Worker Drive

(Continued from Page One)

urgent attention immediately in the districts, mobilizing the maximum Party forces during the remaining 15 days of the Daily Worker drive. While the increase in circulation is of the greatest permanent value both from the point of view of the spreading of Communist understanding and from that of the financial stability of the paper, especially in the present period it is urgently necessary that the full financial quota allotted to every district and the payment of all outstanding accounts be reached by August 1st. Until now the New York District with 121 per cent of its quota and Chicago with 88 per cent are the only ones that have at all made a credible showing in the Daily Worker drive for sufficient funds to insure its regular publication during this year. Most districts, particularly Boston and Philadelphia, have permitted huge debts to the Daily Worker accumulate which greatly endanger the paper.

All districts must immediately work out plans to complete their quota and to make payments on these bills in the remaining 15 days. The balance of \$10,000 is urgently needed by the Daily Worker. By August 1st, with the completion of the drive, this full amount must be in.

The Central Committee calls upon and instructs all district organizers and district Daily Worker agents to immediately take steps in connection with the mobilization of the masses for August 1st to intensify the drive to increase the circulation of the Daily Worker to the quotas set on April 1st and to raise the \$10,000 additional needed to meet the pressing financial obligations of the paper.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF U. S. A.

Income For \$25,000 Daily Worker Emergency Drive.

The following table and the total amount received to July 9th, shows that there is still about \$10,000 short on the Emergency Drive. New York has gone above the quota—this is largely due to the successful Tag Day. Chicago is rapidly reaching its quota. The others are lagging behind.

The fact that we have not reached our quota and are so far behind cripples the work of the Daily in mobilizing the workers for the immediate campaigns and struggles against American imperialism.

The \$15,000 that has been received shows that the workers in this crisis are supporting the Daily. The chief source has been from small donations from the workers during the Tag Days and other small individual donations. However, there has not been enough mobilization of the workers to make up the quota. Rush all funds to the Daily and make up the quota of your district.

August 1st will be the last day of the campaign. We must reach our quota. The Daily Worker must be in the forefront on August 1st, and be ready to launch forward immediately after that for new and sharper struggles.

District	Quota	Amt. Collected	Percentage
1. Boston	1,200	356.35	29%
2. New York	6,700	8,121.26	121%
3. Philadelphia	1,500	454.29	30%
4. Buffalo	800	133.05	16%
5. Pittsburgh	1,000	240.88	24%
6. Cleveland	1,350	478.35	35%
7. Detroit	2,650	919.46	35%
8. Chicago	3,000	2,649.45	88%
9. Minneapolis	1,400	273.52	20%
10. Kansas City	500	218.99	44%
11. Agricultural	300	72.38	24%
12. Seattle	600	153.85	26%
13. California	3,100	813.54	26%
15. Connecticut	650	165.50	25%
16. South	125	16.00	13%
17. South	125	7.60	6%
Total	\$25,000	\$15,074.57	

girls called Negro men, "Comrade," and danced with them.

Lyons reported with considerable resentment that the resistance to the police had stiffened rapidly in the last few months. The picket lines, instead of submitting to any kind of slugging, fight back. Police have to be called in from outlying districts to garrison the industrial centers for the bosses. He also complained that moving pictures were made of cops swinging their blackjacks.

A Judge Confesses. Judge Mitchell May is the jurist who ruled in the Schwartz and Benamin injunction case that a contract with the Independent Shoe Workers Union ought to be broken, that a boss should as a patriotic duty discharge every Communist working for him, that the boss did not break his contract by demanding that all his workers sign pledges to inform on any Communists working in his shop, and not to become Communists themselves. Any worker refusing to sign such a pledge, the judge considered in his ruling, was tainted with Communism, and should be fired. That's Judge May's idea of a democracy.

Yesterday May read parts of his ruling, and preceded it with a rather unusual confession for a judge to make.

"I don't know whether the decision that I rendered was strictly unbiased or not," said May. "To the thought of Communism in America is so terrible to every lawyer, I am terrified at the thought that the walls might break down during a time of economic depression. What they (Communists or sympathizers) call upon with fear and trembling."

The Fish committee assured him that he was a good judge.

Woll and His Boswell.

Mathew Woll came with Chester Wright. Wright is the former editor of the Socialist Party, New York Call, now director and editor of the International Labor News, the semi-official A. F. L. news service. Woll is president of that service.

Woll walked in with about seven chapters of a manuscript book against Communism written by the late Samuel Gompers. He gave the manuscript to the committee. Woll's long black hair was oiled back, he thrust out his abdomen, lighted one big cigar from the stub of the one before, and snapped at the press photographer, "Well, where'll it be!"

None of the nervous awe that the school principals showed towards a congressional committee! Aren't we all together servants of the bosses? Didn't me and Easley have the honor of starting this whole thing?

Woll put up his usual argument for prohibition of trade with the Soviet Union, and of course for no recognition. He criticized all American employers who sell goods to U. S. S. R., because these goods develop the country which has kicked the capitalist class.

Woll's testimony wasn't so much.

SROKA, MARR GET 90 DAYS

Make Forum of Court For Rebel Speeches

HAMTRAMCK, Mich., July 17.—The trial of Sroka and Marr ended here today with a sentence, the maximum, of 90 days for each plus \$100 fine. The court room was packed with workers, and the defendants and witnesses used the court as a tribunal, and spoke on the unemployment situation, organization of the unemployed, the Communist Party election campaign, August 1st demonstrations against imperialism war and for the defense of the Soviet Union, the Indian and Chinese revolutions.

The prosecution used the red scare, and the red flag in an appeal of prejudice to the jury to convict.

Police witnesses stated openly that they would shoot the Communists if they had a chance.

The International Labor Defense will appeal the case.

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Farmers Turn Red As Crisis Deepens

(Continued from Page Two)

Young's brow will be rather worried.

It is taken for granted that Hoover is done for, Angell saying that "somehow, there seemed to be an impression that Dwight W. Morrow was being groomed for the republican nomination two years hence."

Angell, figuring that the "wet or dry" fakery might serve as an "issue," says that there is a "feeling" in the West that Young, if a dry, would have backbone enough to remain dry under pressure. Evidently the democrats have not made up their minds yet whether Young should be dryer or wetter than Morrow. But whichever way they think the votes will go, will be their "sacred principle."

Hoover has cooked his own goose, with his pompous chatter about abolishing poverty, his prosperity lie, the ridiculous ass he has made of himself "stabilizing" wheat, has disturbed if not ruined his petty bourgeois support; while his \$1,000,000 cruiser building "disarmament" treaty cannot hide from the workers the fact that he, as the agent of the whole capitalist class, has refused to give a cent to the millions of unemployed, but has given back hundreds of millions to big corporations in tax refunds.

Washington dispatches to the N. Y. Times, evidently speaking with Hoover's authority, says that despite the demand of Senator Capper that the Farm Board buy 100,000,000 bushels of wheat now, that it will buy nothing at all until the production is reduced to consumption level.

That "stabilization" is a fearful mess, is indicated cautiously by a correspondent, who says: "There is a strong impression that those most intimately concerned have reached the conclusion that the stabilization provisions of the agricultural marketing act have been found un-economic and impractical."

While promises are continually made that the Farm Board will "hold off the market," the 60,000,000 bushels of wheat it has, it is secretly selling millions of bushels for export, to save itself from expected further lower prices, cover-

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"I trust you will take action," said Fish.

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I.L.A. SCARED IN NEW ORLEANS

Call Convention To Fight For Low Wages Against Industrial Union

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—Wild because the longshoremen of the east coast, particularly in Philadelphia and Baltimore, are leaving the racketeer union, the International Longshoremen's Association, and joining the Marine Workers Industrial Union for a real fight for real gains, the I.L.A. here has called a conference Sunday at which 3,000 longshoremen are expected. There are 12,000 unorganized on the New Orleans water front, of whom 5,000 are Negroes. The Marine Workers Industrial Union has an office at 308 Chartres St. Rank and file workers at the I.L.A. conference will demand the floor for the M.W.I.U. speakers.

The I.L.A. fakers expect to have Governor Huey Long, who has several times escaped "seachment" because of his office only by clever parliamentary ruses to open their sessions.

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The Political Report of the Central Committee to the XVI. Party Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union

Comrade J. Stalin's Address on 27th June 1930

(Continued)

(b) The antagonisms between the conquering and the conquered states are being revealed, and will increase in acuteness. Here I refer especially to Germany. The crisis, and the sharper struggle for the markets, will undoubtedly increase the pressure on Germany, which is not only a debtor, but one of the largest export countries. The remarkable relations which have come to pass between the victorious states and Germany might be represented as a pyramid upon whose apex there stand America, France, England, etc., with the Young Plan in their hands, with the inscription: "Pay!" whilst underneath lies Germany, exhausting its powers, forced to exert its last forces to pay the milliards demanded as tribute. Do you want to know what this is? It is the "spirit of Locarno." To believe that such a situation will entail no consequences for international capitalism is to understand it is the "spirit of Locarno." To believe that the German bourgeoisie will be in a position to pay 20 milliard marks within the next ten years, and that the German proletariat living under the double yoke of its "own" and "foreign" bourgeoisie will permit these 20 milliards to be squeezed from its veins without serious struggles and convulsions, is to take leave of reason altogether. French and German politicians may keep up the appearance of believing in this miracle. We Bolsheviks do not believe in miracles.

(c) The antagonisms between the imperialist states and the colonial and dependent countries are being revealed and intensified. The growing economic crisis is bound to increase the pressure of the imperialists on the colonies and dependent countries forming the most important selling and raw material markets. It is a fact that the European bourgeoisie is at the present time at war with "its" colonies in India, Indo-China, East India and North Africa. It is a fact that "independent" China is in reality divided up into spheres of influence, and that the clique of the generals, and the counter-revolutionary Kuomintang, mutually at conflict with one another and rivaling

the Chinese people, are fulfilling the will of their lords in the imperialist camp.

The lying tale that employees of the Russian embassies in China are responsible for the disturbances of "peace and order" in China has at last been exploded. For a long time there have been no Russian embassies in either South or Central China. But there are English, Japanese, German, American and other embassies. Neither in South or Central China are there Russian embassies. But there are German, English and Japanese military advisors for the warring Chinese generals. For long enough there have been no Russian embassies here. But there are English, American, German, Czechoslovakian and other guns, rifles, airplanes, tanks and poison gases. And what do we see? Instead of "peace and order" we see in South and Central China an unbridled and disastrous general war in full swing financed by the "civilized" states of Europe and America, and aided by their instructions. A truly striking picture of the "civilizing" activities of the capitalist states. Only nobody knows what the Russian Bolsheviks have to do with it.

It would be ridiculous to believe that these brutalities on the part of the imperialists will be borne in silence. The Chinese workers and peasants have already replied by forming Soviets and Red Armies. It is reported that Soviet Governments are being formed. If this is true, I do not find any cause for wonder. There can be no doubt that nothing but the Soviets can save China from final ruin and impoverishment.

With respect to India, Indo-China, the East Indies, Africa, etc., it is an undoubted fact that the revolutionary movement in these countries, which sometimes takes the form of war for national liberation is growing. The gentlemen of the bourgeoisie are anxious to drown these countries in blood; they depend on the support of the police bayonets, and look to people like Gandhi for aid. There is no doubt that police bayonets are but weak supports. Czarism, too, in its time sought to support itself on police bayonets, and we all know what

sort of support that turned out to be. With regard to helpers of the Gandhi type, Czarism possessed whole flocks of them in the form of liberal compromise-mongers of every kind, but these succeeded in nothing more than in adding to the confusion.

(d) The antagonisms between the bourgeoisie and the proletariat of the capitalist countries too have been brought to light and are be-

coming acuter. The crisis has already increased the pressure put by the capitalists on the working class. The crisis has already called forth a fresh wave of capitalist rationalization, a fresh worsening of the situation of the working class, an increase of unemployment, a growth of the army of permanent unemployed, and a reduction of wages. It is not to be wondered at that these circumstances revolutionize the situation, strengthen the class war,

and drive the workers into renewed class struggles.

The consequence is that among the working masses the social democratic illusions are crumbling and collapsing. After the experience gained during the participation of social democrats in the governments, which have done scab service, organized lockouts and shot down workers, the lying promises of "production democracy" of "industrial peace," and "peaceful methods" in the struggle, sound in the ears of the workers like utter derision. Are there still many workers to be found who believe the lying sermons of the social democrats? The workers' demonstrations of August 1, 1929 (against war danger), and of March 6, 1930 (against unemployment), show that the best elements of the working class are already turning their backs to the social democrats. The economic crisis will deal a fresh blow at the social democratic illusions among the workers. After the bankruptcy and impoverishment following the crisis, there will be but few workers willing to believe in the possibility that "every worker" may enrich himself by taking part in "democratic" joint stock companies. Whatever may be said—the crisis deals an annihilating blow at such and similar illusions.

But when the workers turn their backs on social democracy, this means that they turn to Communism. The growth of the trade union movement working on the side of the Communist Parties; the election successes of the Communist Parties; the strike wave going on under the leading participation of the Communists; the merging of the economic struggles in political protests organized by the Communists; the mass demonstrations of the workers sympathizing with Communism, awakening wide echoes in the working class—all this bears witness to the fact that the working masses recognize in the Communist Parties the sole Party capable of fighting against capitalism, the sole Party worthy of the faith of the working people, the sole Party which it is worth while to join in the struggle for liberation from capitalism. This is the turn taken by the

working masses in the direction of Communism. This is the guarantee that our brother Parties of the Comintern will become great mass Parties of the working class. All that is necessary is that the Communists estimate the situation properly, and make full use of it. The Communist Parties, which carry on an irreconcilable struggle against social democracy, this agent of capital among the working class, and which utterly exterminate those deviations from Leninism which bring grief to the mill of social democracy, have shown that they are on the right path. They must continue firmly on this path. For it is only by doing so that they can reckon on winning over the majority of the working class, and of successfully preparing the proletariat for the coming class struggles. For it is only by doing so that we can reckon upon a further increase of the influence and the authority of the Communist International.

This is the status of the fundamental contradictions of world capitalism, now intensified to the utmost by the world economic crisis.

What do these facts show? They show that the stabilization of capitalism is approaching its end.

They show that the upsurge of the revolutionary mass movement will rush forward with fresh impetus.

They show that the world economic crisis will merge into a political crisis in many countries.

This means that in the first place the bourgeoisie will seek a means of escape from the situation in the further fasciation of home politics, and will utilize for this purpose every reactionary force, including Social Democracy.

It means further that the bourgeoisie, in the sphere of foreign policy, will seek a means of escape in fresh imperialist wars and in intervention.

And it means, finally, that the proletariat in the struggle against capitalist exploitation and war danger, will seek the remedy in revolution.

(To Be Continued.)

Woll's Provocation Should Raise Daily Sales



—By FRED ELLIS

Socialist Construction in U.S.S.R. and 7th Convention of CPUSA

(From the Speech of Earl Browder, June 24)

A WORD about the development in the Soviet Union, which still has not been adequately dealt with in the convention. It is impossible to obtain a proper perspective of the world situation, except in the light of developments in the Soviet Union. What is going on there is perhaps the most important step in the development of the world revolution since October, 1917. We are passing a turning point in the history of the revolution. Let us try to understand what it means. The success of the socialist construction, under the Five-Year Plan, has brought us to a new high level of the world revolution.

This development is based upon the successful construction of industry and especially of heavy industry, which Comrade Lenin taught us is the material basis for socialism. In the growth of industry in the Soviet Union, the foundation has been solidly laid. And now, upon this foundation, we witness the collectivization of agriculture which represents the introduction of a new type of relationships never before seen in history. This is one of the creative contributions of the revolutionary masses. The result of the successful movement for collectivization has been that socialism now in the Soviet Union finds its base not only in industry, but also a constantly growing base in agriculture. The age-old contradiction between town and country, between industry and agriculture, is being wiped out by the proletarian dictatorship.

Profound Changes

This is the great historical significance of the period which we are now living through. The result of collectivization is a profound change in class relationships in the Soviet Union. Formerly in the village were poor peasants, middle peasants, and kulaks. The first were the firm allies of the proletariat in the building of socialism; the last were enemies; while the middle peasants were the object of a struggle for political leadership between the proletariat and poor peasants on one side and the kulaks on the other. With the collectivization movement, we witness the whole agricultural population, or growing large sections of the country passing over the new economic and social relationships which wipe out these old divisions, in which the entire collectivized population of poor and middle peasants, with the kulaks liquidated as a class becomes a part of the socialist order. We see a constantly expanding socialist sector in agriculture, now occupying the most important grain producing areas, in which the class enemy has been deprived of all material basis, in which agriculture itself and the agrarian population gives a new and wider basis for the proletarian dictatorship.

In the peasantry of the collectivized areas we have no longer the old peasants. Class divisions are based upon the position which the class occupies in the productive machinery of the country, and the collectivized peasantry occupies an entirely new position. This new position in the machinery of production inevitably makes them part of the foundation of the dictatorship, the class forces making for socialism in the Soviet Union. It is at the same time a demonstration of that process of the wiping out of class divisions which will be completed with the final victory of socialism.

A Sharp Turn

The tremendous achievements in building socialist industry provided the basis of this sharp turn in policy. It is accompanied by sharpened class struggles. Collectivization can only be successful in sharp struggle against the capitalist elements in agriculture, against the kulaks. Victorious socialist construction made possible the turn from the policy of limitation and squeezing out of the kulaks, to the policy of liquidation of the kulaks as a class, realized in the collectivized areas. The unprecedented rate of growth of industry, especially heavy industry, was the economic pre-

condition of this momentous development. The political precondition was the successful fight against counter-revolutionary Trotskyism and its complete liquidation, and the smashing of the right wing which obstructed the carrying through of the Party line, and reflected within the Party the pressure of hostile class forces.

Opportunist

It is instructive to note the operation of what might be called a "law of gravitation" of all brands of opportunist towards a single platform, in the development of Trotskyite and open right wing elements on the issue before the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. Thus in the past six months Trotsky has dropped his "left" mask and come out openly against collectivization, which he describes as the incubator of a new class of kulaks. He describes the collectivists as the introduction of capitalism under the cloak of socialism. He considers the collective economy as merely a new capitalist form, and says that real collectivization is only possible in ten to fifteen years—some time in the indefinite future. At the same time that he calls for postponement of collectivization, in common with the right wing, which they maintain is made necessary because industry is not sufficiently developed, they also call for a slackening down in the tempo of industrial development. Industry, also, say both Trotsky and the right wing, is being developed too fast. In short, Trotsky comes out with a full-blown right wing opportunist theory. His "left" protective coloring is completely washed off in the flood of the revolutionary upsurge in the Soviet Union. He even comes out against the liquidation of the kulaks as a class—under the formula that classes cannot be liquidated by administrative decree. But comrades, if the October revolution taught one thing, above all, it was that classes can be liquidated by the revolutionary action of the masses, and for 13 years there has been no big bourgeoisie in Russia. Now the most important section of the petty-bourgeoisie, the kulaks, is being liquidated.

"Left" Slogans

Of course, all these theories are the logical result of Trotsky's "left" slogan of the impossibility of building socialism in the Soviet Union. Against the line of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Trotsky proposes another basis for the Five-Year Plan—the basis of collaboration with capitalist governments and with capitalism, using for this purpose especially the development of good relations with MacDonald, Scheidemann, and other social-democrats in imperialist government offices. Trotsky comes out openly with the theory of building socialism with the aid of the capitalist world, as a substitute for the clear Bolshevik line of the C.P.S.U. which is building socialism in the face of all the attacks of the imperialist world against it.

The organized right wing group within the C.P.S.U., led by Bukharin, has been defeated, smashed, disintegrated, beaten by the tremendous successes of the actual carrying out of the Five-Year Plan and the exceeding of that Plan.

It would be a mistake to think that with the defeat of the right and "left" deviations in their organized expressions, the right and "left" dangers are eliminated. They are not. Dying classes, as Marx said, do not leave the field of history without a struggle. These struggles are still reflected within the Communist Party precisely because the Communist Party is not a bureaucratic machine but is connected by thousands of threads with the toiling masses throughout the country.

The 16th Congress

The Sixteenth Congress of the C.P.S.U., which opens in a few days, we know quite well, register no change in the line which has been so successfully followed, but a continuation of that line. Our comrades in the Soviet Union are going to carry through the slogan

The Farm Board Has A Birthday

By HARRISON GEORGE.

THE Farm Board was supposed to celebrate its first birthday on July 16, but more brickbats than bouquets are arriving from the wheat belt as the collapse of the famous "Stabilization Corporation" becomes clear to everyone even to Hoover.

Hoover's cabinet met and adjourned after listening to Secretary of Agriculture Hyde, who told Hoover how he and Chairman Legge of the Farm Board were nearly lynched in Kansas for advocating reduction of acreage. It was reported that the cabinet is "worried" by the wheat crisis.

Hoover, considering this, changed his plans for a vacation. He will "avoid the farm belt" the capitalist press says quite openly, and his train will go through without stopping, taking him to refuge in Glacier National Park, where the glaciers will give him a warmer welcome

of completing the Five-Year Plan in four years. The collectivization has already registered successes beyond expectation. The correction of "leftist" errors, which developed in the great swing of millions into the collectives, is being carried through and guarantees the further healthy growth of collectivization; there has been no "pause," no "retreat" of the C.P.S.U., as our enemies would like to believe, but on the contrary. The correction of errors was in itself a part, an essential part, of the forward movement, one of the stages in the advance of the main line of the Party, of the actual collectivization of agriculture on the basis of the Five-Year Plan.

Those who wish to obtain some idea of the speed of growth of socialism in the Soviet Union, should compare of the yearly rate of growth of Soviet industry with that of capitalist industry. Leaving aside for the moment the present crisis, and the fact that capitalist production is declining almost as much per year as Soviet production is increasing; and taking for comparison the rate of growth of U. S. capitalist production for fifty years when it was growing from an insignificant factor to the greatest capitalist power, we find that Soviet industry grows seven times as fast as the capitalist industry in the U. S. This contrast in the tempo of production growth has the most profound revolutionary consequences.

At the same time we witness the appearance of Soviet coal, matches, oil, lumber, etc., on the markets of the world in successful competition with capitalist commodities. The consequences of this historic fact do not lie in the point of their purely economic effects upon the markets in competition. What is of tremendous significance is the demonstration, by means of this appearance of Soviet production in the world markets, of the deep economic vitality of Soviet economy. It is an expression, as the speed of growth of production is another expression, of the tremendous superiority of Soviet economy over capitalist economy, of planned economy over anarchistic competition.

These tremendous achievements are the fruit of October, the fruit of the seizure of power by the working class in armed struggle against the bourgeoisie, the fruit of the nationalization of banks, railroads, mines, factories, land in the hands of the working class, the Soviet Union, the fruit of the dictatorship of the proletariat, the fruit of the policy of Lenin, of the Bolshevik leadership of the working class.

than the farmers would. Meanwhile Hyde and Legge are going to venture into hostile country in the Dakotas, to try out the program they so signally failed with in Kansas.

A more beautiful picture of the failure of "organized capitalism" could not be found in a month of Sundays. Setting up a "stabilization" corporation for wheat, the Farm Board last fall bought, according to present report, 69,000,000 bushels at \$1.15 to "peg" the price. But the Chicago price has reached 85 cents and farmers are getting 64 cents in Kansas and 53 cents in Montana. The Farmers' Union and its boosters, the renegade Trade Unionists, and the Dakotas who valiantly supported Hoover, the Farm Board, as "co-operatives," "stabilization," and all, can now explain to those they have been swindling just how it all happens.

Samuel McKelvie, ex-governor of Nebraska, who is the "wheat farmers' representative" on the Farm Board, in trying to explain just what stabilization means when the bottom drops out of it, got off the following: "A stabilization corporation should not be used only to take a surplus off the market. There must be a reasonable proposition."

What a "reasonable proposition" might be, McKelvie doesn't say; doubtless he doesn't know. But what he does know is clear: A stabilization corporation should not be expected to stabilize anything, least of all, wheat.

Though McKelvie says that the government "has not sustained a loss, as it still has the wheat"—it cannot eat that wheat, but he may have to eat his words, as last Saturday reports said that the Farm Board had sold 350,000 bushels to Kansas flour mills for 78 cents a bushel that they paid \$1.15 a bushel for last fall. Besides, Tuesday reports said that the Farm Board "have made large sales for export at Kansas City," a total of 2,000,000 bushels changing hands through brokers, and 750,000 bushels going from Kansas City via the Gulf.

What the price is, is carefully avoided in the dispatch, which came from Chicago. But how this conflicts with McKelvie's repetition of the Farm Board's promise "to hold this grain until the price situation has been relieved," is clear as a bell. Since the Agricultural Department last week reported that wheat prices for the next seven years would be lower than in the next seven years, Farm Board holdings would have to wait a long time.

Meanwhile Chairman Legge of the Farm Board gives us the following idea of just how "stabilization" is working:

"We purchased 60,000,000 bushels of wheat because the carry-over last year was larger than ever before. We now control more than that increase in the American surplus from last year's carry-over. It is estimated that a month of the carry-over, this wheat (in storage and wastage charges),"

According to the report, this is a one year affair. He got off the following good one:

"The main point at issue is the determination of whether a new emergency exists in the grain market, or whether the present situation is a continuation of that which the Farm Board 'relieved' in buying the 60,000,000 bushels it now holds. We haven't given the question of stabilization of this year's crop any consideration at all."

In other words, "stabilization" was for 1929, and in 1930 the farmers will have to get along without it, McKelvie adds, as a rather bril-

By BILL DUNNE.

(Continued)

The disclosure before and during the convention of gross opportunist errors in our work among the Negro masses, errors brought into daylight by mass work in this period of sharpening class struggle, was one of the most important achievements of the convention.

These errors were of two kinds: One, open fascism in practice, with strong social fascist characteristics, of the demand for full social, economic and political equality for Negroes. Two, the reformist tendency expressed at the Party fraction meeting preceding the convention, in two speeches—both of which received considerable applause—to the effect that the best way to combat white chauvinism was to drop all reference to Negroes and consider the Negro masses simply as part of the working class.

The open repudiation of the line of the Party and the class struggle unions of the T. U. U. L. occurred among the Lithuanian comrades on the South Side of Chicago. Leading Lithuanian comrades gave Negro delegates quarters with them money to buy food elsewhere to prevent them from eating in the Lithuanian co-operative restaurant on the grounds that their presence was "bad for business."

One immediately thinks of the attitude of the Southern capitalists who lynch Negroes and at the same time give money for the support of Negro colleges and schools—providing of course that they are properly controlled.

This matter was taken up in the open convention by Comrades Dunne and Hathaway, was handled in the sharpest manner and the promise made to the delegates that these elements would be dealt with to the utmost limits of the disciplinary powers of the Party and the T. U. U. L.

This open acknowledgement of errors in the struggle against white chauvinism and the speedy and public correction of these gross errors brought a splendid response from the convention, self-criticism was placed before the

liant after-thought: "The farmers have received more than they ever expected under the stabilization program in the purchase of wheat."

The farmers certainly did "receive more than they expected!" But not in prices. And it is clearly the deliberate intention of the Farm Board to unload now, whether for export or not, as much as they can of what they hold. This will knock prices down still further.

The farmer who pays interest on debt and rent for land, pays out (according to the 1926 estimate) 28 per cent of all he gets to the people who rob him. His taxes are twice as high as in 1913. The monopolies who skin the hide off the workers in the factories do some more skinning when they sell him farm machinery which he must have. The sheriff who lives from his taxes is always ready to take away his property at the behest of the local banker who is an agent of Wall Street. His poverty drives him into debt, and into becoming a wage worker for the richer farmers and corporation farm companies who give him an idea of how it feels to be a wage worker.

The Farm Bloc has swindled the farmers into regarding it and the Farm Board, fake cooperatives and "stabilization," as the promise of paradise to come. They are finding out that it is not paradise, but hell.

The remedy is action by the farmers themselves. They should form, among themselves and by townships, Committees of Action, and write to the United Farmers' League of Bismarck, North Dakota. It has the only program of struggle which will gain the farmer anything. It means struggle, tenants' strikes, taxpayers' strikes, and a big fight over a wide scale. But only by struggle, their own struggle, aided by the revolutionary workers, can the farmers advance their interest.

Some Conclusions from the Chicago Convention

delegates in the most concrete form.

The second error amounts to the repudiation of the whole Comintern policy regarding allies of the proletariat by refusing to recognize the special interests, needs and demands of the Negro masses, as a minority still more oppressed and exploited than the white workers and of course neglected both in theory and practice the necessity to organize the white workers for struggle for these demands as well as confining the struggles of the Negro masses themselves to the narrowest basis.

In practice this theory divides the white and Negro masses, perpetuates white chauvinism, liquidates the slogans of full social, economic and political equality and the right of the Negro masses to self-determination to the point of separation.

This error was dealt with at length both in the fraction meeting and the special Negro conference held following the convention. No disagreement was openly expressed at either one of the meetings but the discussion—and especially the two opportunist outbreaks under the severe pressure of actual mass work—shows that the social and theoretical roots of white chauvinism are still deeply embedded in our Party and that an unceasing struggle must be varied on to destroy them, that this struggle must take the form of open self-criticism and correction before the working class, in the struggle and as a part of it.

The newly elected National Committee, of which eight are Negroes and a majority from the decisive industries, with the fullest cooperation required from all national industrial unions and leagues, Trade Union Unity Central Councils and the Party Committees, has as its main task to use the impetus given to the struggle of the unemployed masses by the convention for the speeding up and consolidation of the campaign for making September 1 (Labor Day) a day of mass demonstrations nationally, of closely uniting the struggle for social insurance, against evictions, against all vagrancy laws, for immediate relief for the unemployed, with the building of the class struggle industrial unions, of making the struggle for Work or Wages a struggle conducted by organized workers—employed and unemployed—of uniting the struggle for the action program of the Chicago convention with the whole struggle against rationalization and the war danger.

We must not repeat the mistakes made following the Cleveland Convention of the Trade Union Unity League—the mistake of not broadening our agitational and intensifying our organization work from the first day after adjournment, the mistake of not mobilizing all available forces, of failing to systematically draw in and develop new forces from the struggle itself.

August 1, International Fighting Day Against Imperialist War, must find the National Council of the Unemployed and every industrial union in the center of the struggle. Then follows September 1, and then the second national convention of unemployed to be held in October.

All of these events are jewels of the class struggle that must not be picked out of their setting. They are all connected by the development of the class conflict, by the deepening economic crisis, by the whole series of sharp class battles, by the growing need of open fighting against the starvation offensive of the capitalists and their government.

Mass agitation, mass organization, mass struggle! When the October convention is held its thousands of delegates should represent a vast network of unemployed councils in all the basic industries, it should mark the inclusion of 50,000 more proletarian fighters into the ranks of the T. U. U. L. and its affiliated unions, it must be made into a high point of the election campaign of our Party.

These are our next tasks in this sector of the struggle for winning the majority of the working class for Communism.