



Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Fish Committee Plans Deportation and Crushing of All Workers Organizations As a Preliminary War Move. Answer This Assault on the Workers By Demonstrations August First! Build the Communist Party!

Vol. VII., No. 171

Published daily except Sundays by The Communist Publishing Company Inc. 28-29 Union Square New York City N. Y.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JULY 17, 1930

Subscription Rates \$6 a year everywhere excepting Manhattan and Bronx New York City and foreign countries there \$8 a year

Price 3 Cents

## FISH WITNESS BOASTS OF U. S. ATTACK ON UNIONS

### National Cash Register Company Arbitrarily Cuts Wages of 6,000 Employees

#### Organize Anti-War Committees in the Shops!

AUGUST 1st is international fighting day against imperialist war; it is a day when the workers in all countries will rally their forces for struggle against unemployment, against wage cuts, against speed-up in the factories, against the determined efforts of the capitalists to force starvation and destitution on the toiling masses, against the preparations which the imperialist powers are making for war on the workers' Soviet Republic, against the bloody suppression of the revolutionary national independence movements in the colonies, against the feverish preparations which the capitalist governments are now making to embroil the world in another imperialist war.

The Hoover administration in Washington is rapidly preparing to become a war administration. Hoover's chief concern since taking office has been preparation for war—war to win more colonies as sources of profit for American banks and corporations, war against the Soviet Union, war against the working class at home and in the colonies.

The London "Disarmament" Conference, concocted by Hoover and the "labor" premier of Great Britain, MacDonald, was a conference merely to fix the terms for the next war. Just as professional prize fighters, together with the managers and promoters, meet in advance of a fight to determine the weights, the weighing in time, the size and weight of the gloves, etc., so did the representatives of the United States, England, France, Japan and Italy meet before the outbreak of the war which they are preparing to determine the number of battleships, cruisers, etc., the size of the guns, etc., which they intend to use in the imperialist blood-bath (most probably against the Soviet Union) now immediately before us.

The present special session of the Senate is called for the sole purpose of ratifying this infamous London war document. Under its terms the military expenditures of the United States government, already \$2,800,000,000 a year, will be increased by more than another \$1,000,000,000 to provide for more cruisers, more submarines, more destroyers.

At the same time unemployment and wage cuts increase. And accompanying them goes hunger, evictions, poverty, starvation for increasing thousands of workers. No worker is secure. Workers who have held jobs for years in a factory suddenly and unexpectedly find themselves in the army of jobless. Old workers, more rapidly than ever before, are thrown on the scrap heap. Young workers and women, thrown out of jobs by the thousands in the radio and other such luxury industries, when given the jobs on which old workers have proven themselves "too slow," are driven at a speed that soon ruins their health and forces them also into the "too slow" category of workers who now number hundreds of thousands in the United States.

Masses of unemployed workers, constantly walking the streets in search of jobs, are used by the bosses as a club to beat down the conditions and wages of those still in the factories. The last big corporation to slash the wages of its slaves is the National Cash Register Co., piling its 10 per cent cut on top of the cuts already made by General Motors, U. S. Steel, and other huge American corporations, proving conclusively that contrary to the fake promises of "no cuts" paraded by the A. F. of L. strikebreakers, a general wage slashing campaign has started which will reach all workers in all industries before the next few weeks have passed.

With this economic offensive against the workers goes a political offensive. The breaking up of the March 6th demonstrations and the arrest and three year prison sentences given to Foster, Amter, Minor, and Raymond in New York, the six month sentences given to Fisher and others in "socialist" Milwaukee, the Powers-Carr case in Atlanta, the Imperial Valley cases in California, and many others occurring in all parts of the country about the same time, marked the first stages of the efforts of the government to aid the bosses in crushing the growing resistance of the workers to the attempts to systematically worsen their conditions. A second stage has been reached in the murder of Levy, Weizenberg, and Gonzalez, in the increased lynching terror against the Negroes, and now in the threats of the Fish Committee for special police to hunt down revolutionary workers, special anti-Communist laws, and new waves of deportations.

This offensive of the bosses is a single entity. Their preparations for war, for attacks against the Soviet Union, for the bloody crushing of the growing revolutionary tide in the colonies; their mass layoffs, speed-up and wage cuts in the factories; their terroristic lynchings of Negroes; their beatings and sluggings of militant workers; and their threats of even sharper repressive measures, all go to make up the plan by which the big capitalists and their government hope to solve the present world capitalist crisis, daily being accentuated by the economic crisis.

The workers must answer. Their answer must be organization and militant struggle. Organization in the Communist Party and the Trade Union Unity League; organization in workers' defense corps—and revolutionary struggle to turn back this offensive of the bosses, their government and social fascist agents. The next nation-wide step in the developing counter-offensive of the workers will be in the demonstrations against imperialist war on August 1st.

Under the slogans: "Organize and strike against wage cuts," "Not one cent for armaments; all funds for the unemployed," "social insurance for all unemployed, injured, sick and old workers," "Demand the release of the unemployed delegation"—the masses of workers in the shops, factories and mines must be mobilized on August 1st. Anti-War Committees should be set up in the factories now which should organize the workers in the shops to march in a body to the demonstrations which will take place after work in all cities on August 1st.

#### MARCH AGAINST FINNISH TERROR

Demonstration, Sat., July 19 at 11:45 a. m.

NEW YORK.—Aroused to the danger of the attack on the Finnish revolutionary workers by the unleashed white guard fascist terror now raging in Finland, workers here will rally to a mass demonstration to be held before the Finnish Consulate, 5 State St. (near South Ferry) Saturday, July 19, at 11:45 a. m.

Unrestrained, and with the connivance of the police and social democrats, fascist bands have roamed around the country, seeking out and kidnapping and murdering militant revolutionary workers. Directly supported by the bourgeoisie the white guardists are resorting to open murder to wipe out all vestiges of revolutionary working class

organizations, especially the Communist Party of Finland, illegal since its inception, to have a free hand in preparing for war on the Soviet Union.

**Finnish Diet Dissolved.**  
The crisis in Finland which the bourgeoisie is trying to shift to the working class is marked by the dissolution of the Diet on the question of a series of anti-Communist measures designed to legalize the fascist murder terror.

The American workers must rally to the support of the revolutionary Finnish workers and peasants now bearing the brunt of a raging white terror.

#### Factory Gate Meeting Before Pan At Laundry

NEW YORK.—The Young Communist League held a very successful factory gate meeting yesterday at Coney Island Laundry. Threats of beatings and gangsterism have been made here freely by the boss. Yesterday the boss threatened to beat up the speaker after the meeting but seeing the readiness of the Young Workers, backed out.

#### 10 PER CENT REDUCTION, HUNDREDS FIRED WITH INSULT, "IT HELPS YOU"

##### T.U.U.L. Urges Strike Against Wage Cuts; Urges Jobless to Join This Fight

##### Form Shop and Department Committees, Unite For Struggle; Demonstrate August First

DAYTON, Ohio, July 16.—The National Cash Register Co. plant here published notices Monday announcing a general ten per cent wage cut of all workers' wages, beginning that day. There is the usual bluff about this being all for the good of the workers, but that doesn't buy anything. Everything the worker wants to buy is just the same price as before.

#### WAR BILLIONS TO RICH BANKERS; JOBLESS GET NIX

##### 70 Per Cent of Gov't Budget Goes for War

WASHINGTON, July 16.—In a statement by Senator Wesley L. Jones, chairman of the Senate Committee on Appropriations, he states that the recent (71st) Congress spent "for preparation for war and for results of war," a total of \$2,811,825,962.85, showing that expenses for war absorb 70 per cent of all government expenditures.

Some of the big chunks of this vast sum are \$619,000,000 "interest on public debt" and \$635,324,000 for "sinking fund and other debt retirement funds"—of which practically if not all, goes to the great bankers who financed past wars and are still coming blood into dividends.

One may compare, in amazement, this huge sum of nearly \$1,500,000,000 paid to bankers to the sum appropriated by the Seventy-first Congress "for burial of ex-service men," only \$225. The capitalist government sardonically provided, however, \$1,000,000 for a commission to build monuments on battlefields, another kind of "monument," the St. Elizabeth Hospital for soldiers driven insane by the horrors of war costing for the past year \$1,513,248.

But there is more war being prepared. (Continued on Page Three)

#### JAILED FOR DEFENDING SELF AGAINST FASCIST

(Wireless By Imprecator)

BERLIN, July 16.—A Communist, Maciac, was sentenced for two years in jail for defending himself against twenty-five fascists with revolver. Although the evidences are such that the court was forced to admit that Maciac was acting in

self-defense, it declared that the shots have exceeded defense rights. Seven fascists are being tried for the murder of the worker, Heimburger, which was committed on May 16th. The chief defendant pleaded drunkenness as an excuse for the murder.

Another group of fascists are being tried for the murder of the workers, Kubov and Roentgenal.

#### SOVIET GRAIN TO REACH NEW LEVEL

(Wireless By Imprecator)

MOSCOW, July 16.—The Soviet statistical department reports that harvest prospects are above average and that important grain districts are to exceed pre-war crop yields.

self-defense, it declared that the shots have exceeded defense rights. Seven fascists are being tried for the murder of the worker, Heimburger, which was committed on May 16th. The chief defendant pleaded drunkenness as an excuse for the murder.

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#### NOTICE TO ALL EMPLOYEES

Effective today, July 14, 1930, the salaries and wages of all employees on the Dayton payroll will be reduced ten percent. This includes all executives, straight time employees, day-workers and pieceworkers.

This is being done as an emergency measure to meet present conditions, and will enable us to continue to give employment to the greatest number of our people.

F. B. Patterson  
J. H. Banning

This Notice Was Posted in the National Cash Register Plant, Dayton, O.

Organize! Strike Against Wage Cuts!

#### N. Y. Communists Call Shop Workers' Meet Against War

NEW YORK, July 16.—Pointing out that August 1 will mark the sixteenth anniversary of the last imperialist war which took the lives of twelve million workers, and warning the workers that a new and still bloodier war is preparing, the New York district of the Communist Party has issued a call for an Anti-War Conference at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th St., on

Thursday, July 24, at 8 p. m., to organize an Anti-War Demonstration at Union Square on August 1st at 5 p. m.

The call in full, is as follows: "August 1st will mark the 16th anniversary of the outbreak of the world war of 1914-1918. The blood of 12 million workers, sacrificed to the bosses' greed, is not yet dried. And already the imperialist governments are rushing with breakneck speed towards another more destructive world slaughter.

"The imperialists are especially preparing for war against the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union, who have achieved tremendous successes in developing their industries and raised the living standards of the masses through the five-year plan of socialist construction.

"The danger of an imperialist world war and of an attack on the Soviet Union becomes more menacing every day. The building of fleets of cruisers and bombing planes are evidences of the feverish preparations of the powers for a new imperialist world war. The London Naval Conference reflected the feverish war preparations.

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#### THE DAILY WORKER AND AUG. 1

For the August 1 demonstrations the Daily Worker again must play an even more effective part in mobilizing and organizing the masses of the workers. Workers in every shop and factory, workers everywhere must get special orders of Daily Workers. Daily Workers must be sold daily wherever workers pass, meet or live. Workers, send in reports of discussions and your activities in the shop for the formation of committees, for the formation of mass united front committees. The Daily Worker must be used as the mass organizer and mobilizer of the August 1 demonstrations.

However, there is a serious danger and shortcoming in carrying out these important tasks. The Daily Worker has called upon the workers to meet a serious financial situation. The successful conclusion of the raising of the \$25,000, which was only a part of the general circulation drive of the Daily, would have overcome much of this danger. To date, about \$15,000 has been raised. We must immediately attain our goal: the balance of \$10,000 must be collected. Not only must these funds be raised for assuring the best co-ordination of the Daily Worker with the mass preparations for August 1, but the Daily Worker must be prepared to move forward after August 1 in the everyday struggles of the workers against imperialist war. The workers must be sure that the Daily Worker will continue its intense activities in mobilizing the workers against American imperialism.

To be assured of this we must rush all funds, donations, subscription lists, with donations, to the Daily Worker.

Make up the \$10,000 deficit immediately. Order special bundles. Sell every day the Daily Worker. Put into practice the slogan of Lenin, "The press is the collective organizer and mass agitator of the working class."

#### Wood Tells of Planting Spies; Lockout Order

##### Testimony Shows War Preparations Include Exile, Criminal Syndicalism and Censor Laws

##### Fight This Menace August 1 By Demonstrating For All War Funds To Be Used For Jobless

NEW YORK.—Open admission that the United States government through its department of labor has engaged in union smashing during the last two years, that it already has gone far on the road of professional labor spying, that the committee at least contemplates "legislation to take care of the native American Communists and other legislation to take care of the foreigners," characterized the sessions yesterday of the congressional committee investigating Communism.

Chairman Hamilton Fish, Jr. notified the press representatives that he "would not call William Z. Foster" because "the Communists might help him to escape," but that the officials of Amtorg, U.S.S.R. trading corporation in America, would be called to testify Tuesday or Wednesday next week.

Near the end of the testimony of Charles Wood, U. S. department of labor "industrial conciliator," Wood stated and the committee suggested that the Daily Worker should be barred from the mails.

Fish and others of the congressional committee cut into the rambling, doddering, hesitant and almost inaudible testimony of Wood to suggest that "most of the Communist activity has taken place since 1925, when the department of justice ceased its active watch over the radicals," which certainly shows a frame of mind on the part of the committee exactly like that of Elihu Root and the Wool-Easley-big corporation National Civic Federation who call openly for a huge secret police force to smash the workers organizations.

Throughout the questioning of Wood yesterday, both witness and congressional committee simply assumed at every point and occasionally flatly stated that the National Textile Workers Union, the United Front Committee of the Passaic strike, the Independent Shoe Workers Union, the Textile Mill Committees in the New Bedford strike the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, and every workers' organization that really fights for the workers—including the Workers International Relief, and the International Labor Defense, is the Communist Party. Every proposal to destroy Communism in America, and much of the testimony dealing with Communism, was really a proposal to smash, and a recital of the labor activities of these militant unions and relief and defense organizations.

Coming events cast their shadow: before them very plainly in the Fish committee investigation. It is going to propose a secret spy system; it is going to propose laws to easily deport foreign born workers; it is in mind some kind of federal criminal syndicalism law to jail American workers who don't kunkel-down properly to the bosses, and it probably has some kind of censorship law on its books.

Better war preparation could not be expected. The working class is to be rendered unionless and voiceless, all leaders in imminent danger of hangman abroad or prison terms at home.

Against this, the Communist Party calls for mass demonstration and protest on August 1, international anti-imperialist war day. The workers then will mobilize not only for the preservation of their fighting organizations, but to demand that the funds gathered for war preparations be used instead for unemployment relief.

Getting Workers Fired.  
Wood, a hollow-cheeked, sotto-voiced, nervous gray clad figure told of following Fred Beal, of the National Textile Workers Union and other union leaders about the country in New Bedford, he conspired with Batty, director of the American Federation of Textile Operatives (which joined the United Textile Workers during the strike) to

(Continued on Page Three)

Protest Government of Hunger On Aug. 1  
WASHINGTON, July 16.—That farm products are falling in price chiefly because the capitalists are cutting wages and throwing millions of workers on the street to starve—with their families, is the conclusion, dressed up in polite language, of the report, as for June 15, of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics of the Department of Agriculture.

Contradicting both the Hoover "hokey" and the fascist strike-breaking publicity of the A. F. of L. "news service," both of which are lying, as one, about unemployment and wage cuts, the government bureau admits:

"Employment and wage payments have been further reduced. Consequently, the buying power of consumers and the industrial demand for farm products is now at the lowest level reached so far in the present depression."

Farm workers' wages fell 2 per cent from April 1 to July 1; being 13 per cent below a year ago, with demand for labor at 81.4 per cent of normal.

Referring to the reduced production in basic industries, it says, in very cautious and "moderate" words: "Some wage reductions, together with the laying off of employees in the iron and steel, automobiles, textile and other industries, has brought the earnings of factory employees nearly 20 per cent below the levels of last year and about 12 per cent below the comparable level of 1928."

Obviously, with the working class getting 20 per cent less income, its total purchasing power is that much less; which shows how idiotic is the "campaign" begun by the American Bakers' Association to "call on the nation to eat more bread"—as a quick remedy to "solve" the wheat crisis.

If, as in the Soviet Union, where the unemployed—though socialist construction has practically left no jobless at all—are given compensation, pay no rent and are really taken care of; if the United States capitalists can be forced to disgorge a little of their millions of profits for unemployment and other social insurance such as the Soviet Union provides for its workers, these workers would be able to "eat more bread."

# FEW MEN IN ONE ROOM CARRY OUT BOSS POLICY REGARDING COMMUNISM

## Fish-Cabinet Disappointed When Lackey Has No "Gold From Moscow" Evidence

### Legislation to Curb Native Workers and to Deport Foreign Ones Hinted At

A little stuffy room is crowded with a handful of Red investigators, exceeded in number by the corps of reporters present. The room will not seat more than 35. There is murmuring and confusion. The witness, C. E. Wood, commissioner of Conciliation of the U. S. labor department, does not speak clearly. He fidgets around and, in the little room, he can scarcely be heard by the reporters and "investigators."

Tall, nervous, well past fifty, this agent of the bosses, ironically wearing a red necktie, talks tediously and incoherently.

Before the Communists can make any progress, Wood says, they must first win over the workers. As a bulwark against the Red menace the old unions can be used.

Chairman Fish asks about the number of native Americans in the movement. Wood replies the number is negligible. We find native Americans mostly in the International Labor Defense and the Workers International Relief.

Fish: Has strike-frequency increased since 1925?

Wood (answers vaguely): Principally violence to promote activities to provoke the police.

Congressman Bachman: Strikes and the movement have been pretty much confined to industrial centers, the movement has not made much headway among the agricultural centers, it makes its spread quicker where there is a large foreign population, does it not?

Wood: Yes.

Do you know generally how movements are financed here—or by Soviet Russia?

Wood: Not one kopek is sent from Soviet Russia.

They next took up the question of the Workers' School.

Exhibit made of Workers' School leaflet. Wood reads.

The word cadre is not understood and someone asks Wood to explain. Wood tells them it is a military unit!

When asked about Negroes who

became interested in Communism, Wood replied that the Negroes liked to talk and pick up a little change as they talk.

Fish: We will go into the subject of Negroes and Indians interested in Communism later and more completely.

When asked if there was anything else, Wood exhibited a shop paper, stating shop papers were very effective among workers.

Fish: Did you bring any clippings or articles from the Daily Worker?

Wood: I didn't, but I have a complete file.

Fish: Would you mind going over the file and getting articles of a revolutionary nature?

Wood: Why, it's all revolutionary. But it's of no importance. The workers outgrow it and then laugh at it.

Bachman: That's the leading Communist paper in the country, isn't it?

Wood: Yes, by all means.

Bachman: Who owns it?

Wood: The Communist Party.

Bachman: You don't think it should be permitted through the U. S. mails, do you?

Wood: No.

Bachman: How is it financed?

Wood: Certain awards from time to time, and the return on buildings, subscriptions, donations.

Bachman: The Communist building is on Union Square, isn't it? Who owns it?

Wood: (Not clear.)

Nelson: What is the circulation of the Daily Worker?

Wood: Less than 12,000. In New York they sell bundles of papers.

Fish: Is it your view the paper is self-supporting or is it subsidized—I don't mean local source subsidy, but foreign?

Wood: It is subsidized locally, not from a foreign source.

Fish: I doubt if anyone in the country could have made the report you have given us. Is there anything you have overlooked?

Wood says he's tired.

## Arrested For Selling Daily Workers At Shop

NEW YORK.—I. Ross, arrested for selling Daily Workers before the West Point Iron Works, at 126th St., has had his charge changed to disorderly conduct. He reports that he has been held two days in the Fifty-third Street Station, in an overcrowded jail, with 20 sleeping on the floor besides those in cots in a cell. The keepers beat up the poorly clad prisoners. Ross distributed what was left of his Daily Workers to the proletarian prisoners in jail, and when he left the discussion was still going strong.

## TO PROTEST EAST SIDE EVICTIONS

### Mass Meeting Friday, July 18 at 8 p. m.

NEW YORK.—Facing immediate evictions from their tenement homes by orders of the Tammany administration, the workers in the neighborhood of Cherry and Montgomery Sts. are rallying to answer the boss politicians by a mass meeting. The meeting, has been called for Friday, July 18, at 8 p. m. at Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton St. under the auspices of Section 1 of the Communist Party.

### Tammany's Real Estate Deals.

Utterly disregarding the fact that many workers are unemployed and have been living at Cherry and Montgomery Sts. for many years, the Tammany graft politicians eager to realize the profits of their real estate deals have served notices of eviction. Aroused to the danger of being thrown upon the streets and having no roof over their heads, or forced into still worse quarters, the workers are demanding that they stay in their present homes until the city provides them with sanitary living quarters at the same rental they are paying now.

### Workers Must Fight.

Pointing out to the workers, in a leaflet distributed today by section 1 of the Communist Party, that only by a mass struggle against the Wall St. Tammany gang can they win their demands, the need for organized is stressed.

Speakers in English and Jewish will address the meeting.

## FOUR FUR SHOPS NOW ON STRIKE

### Demand July Increases Inspired By N.T.W.I.U.

NEW YORK.—The campaign for July increases conducted by the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union is spreading very rapidly. Four company union fur shops are on strike. The workers of these company union shops declared their strikes over the heads of the company union officials, and were inspired by the campaign conducted by the Industrial Union.

The shops on strike are: Diamond & Altman, 214 W. 29th St.; Harris & Hammer, 129 West 29th St.; New Idea Fur Co., 242 West 30th St.; Feinberg & Freeman, 315 7th Ave.

The Industrial Union is calling upon all furriers to support these strikes and help them win July increases as well as follow their example and to declare more shops on strike.

A mass meeting of furriers will take place at Cooper Union, Thursday, next week.

A very important meeting of the Shop Delegates Council will be held today, at Irving Plaza, 15th St., Irving Place. At this meeting a report will be given of the activities in the various trades and plans for future activities will be considered.

A successful conference of active registered cloakmakers as well as Industrial Union members took place yesterday, Tuesday, July 15th, at the office of the Union. About 175 were present of whom a large number were registered cloakmakers.

A plan for starting a campaign in the cloak field to prepare the cloakmakers for a struggle for conditions for a fight against the company union was presented and was enthusiastically accepted and adopted by the conference. It was also decided to make all necessary plans for the mass meeting of cloakmakers in the very near future.

This conference constituted itself as a committee of action to carry out plans of the union in the cloak trade.

### Communist Activities

Section 5 Functionaries Meeting will be held Thursday, July 17, at 8 p. m. at 569 Prospect Ave.

Section 5 Election Campaign Work will be held tonight, Friday, from 6 to 9 and Sunday up to 2 p. m. All comrades are to report.

Unit 1, Section 7. Will have an open air meeting to night at 7 p. m. at 569 Prospect Ave., Brooklyn.

Section 8 Functionaries. Will meet tonight at 7 p. m. at section headquarters, 65 Whipple St.

Dance. Held by Unit 2 and 5 of Harlem, Saturday, July 13, at 8 p. m. at 143 E. 103rd St. Admission 25 cents.

Youth Fraction Needle Trades. Will be held tonight at 7 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26 Union Sq.

Cleaners and Launderers. Fraction will be held tonight at 8 p. m. at 26 Union Sq.

## N. Y. COMMUNISTS CALL WORKERS TO ANTI-WAR MEET

### Prepare For a Giant Demonstration, Aug. 1

(Continued from Page One)

sharpened the antagonisms between the imperialist powers and resolved itself into an imperialist war council for a united attack against the Soviet Union.

"The campaign of hatred against the Soviet Union, under the cloak of a religious crusade, the forged documents of the infamous police clubber, Whalen, the campaign of the fascists—Matthew Woll, Easley, and Hamilton Fish—are all parts of the war preparations against the Soviet Union.

"The danger of an imperialist war is tremendously hastened by the deep world crisis of capitalism, and the growing revolts of the oppressed colonial masses. American capitalism particularly has no outlet from the crisis except increased exploitation of the working masses and armed struggle for control of the world markets.

The subjection of eight million workers to unemployment and starvation, the sweeping wage cuts and increased speed-up, the growth of fascist terror, especially evidenced in the police murders of the Negro worker, Levy, and the Mexican worker, Gonzalez, the new wave of fiendish lynchings of Negro workers; brutal death threats in Atlanta, and inhumanly long prison terms in California, Pennsylvania, etc., is part of the entire campaign to crush the growing resistance of the workers to unemployment, wage cuts, speed-up and the war preparations of Wall Street.

"On August 1st, the international day of struggle against imperialist war, the working class throughout the world will organize to struggle and demonstrate against imperialism, for the defense of the Soviet Union, for work or wages, against increased exploitation and fascist terror.

"This year the Communist Party, which leads the struggle against imperialist war and capitalist exploitation and oppression, enters the election campaign with its platform of class struggle against capitalism. The election campaign of the Communist Party is a struggle to mobilize the masses against unemployment, imperialist war preparations and for the defense of the Soviet Union.

"Workers in the shops and factories! Organize anti-war committees in the shops! Send delegates to the Anti-War Conference, Thursday, at 8 p. m., July 24, at Manhattan Lyceum! Support the election program of the Communist Party! Fight fascist terror of the bosses' police! Not a man, not a cent, not a gun for the imperialist army and navy!

"Support the revolutionary struggles of the Indian and Chinese workers and peasants! Fight for unemployment and social insurance, for the 7-hour day and 5-day week! Fight for the immediate release of the Unemployed Delegation and all class war prisoners! For full independence of Haiti, the Philippines, and all colonies oppressed by American imperialism!

"Demonstrate on August 1st against imperialist war!"

The entire Party organization is mobilized to take the struggle against the acute danger of imperialist war and of an armed attack against the Soviet Union into the shops and factories. The keynote of the Party's agitation in the anti-war campaign is "Organize Anti-War Committees in the Shops."

The Trade Union Unity League revolutionary unions are preparing to take the August 1st campaign into the shops and factories, to mobilize the organized as well as the unorganized, the employed and unemployed behind the anti-war campaign call by the Communist Party and for the organized participation in the mass anti-war demonstration at Union Square on August 1st.

## Jobless Leader Assault Case Put Off Again

For the seventh time the boss controlled officials of the Magistrate's Court, 4th District, 57th St. postponed the cases yesterday of Foster, Minor, Amter, Raymond and Lesten on the trumped up charges of "assaulting a policeman." The trial has been set for July 25, through the efforts of Attorney Brodsky of the International Labor Defense.

This frame up is aimed at adding to the sentence of the previous case. The absence of the District Attorney and necessary witnesses was the spurious excuse made by the court for postponing trial. But while he is not available for the trial of the unemployed delegation, Whalen will be on hand this week to present his forged documents before the Fish Committee to investigate militant workers' organizations and assist the imperialists in their preparations for war against the Soviet Union.

The International Labor Defense urges the workers to smash the attempted frame-up of the jobless leaders by a vigorous protest in the courtroom on July 25.

The International Labor Defense urges the workers to protest this attempted frame up of the jobless leaders in the court room July 25.

Lesten, a seaman, is held on bail, and deprived of a chance to get a job by the setting of the trial every two weeks or so. He has served 30 days for the March 6 demonstration. The other four were sentenced to three years, and are in prison.

## COPS BREAK NEWARK MEET, ARREST TWO

NEWARK, N. J.—A street meeting held by the International Labor Defense and the Civil Liberties Union here was broken up by the police.

The meeting was called to demand the use of the streets of Newark for meetings of the workers. The police were well mobilized to break up the meeting.

As soon as Paul Stark began to address the meeting he was arrested by the police. The workers began to protest and Taylor, from the Civil Liberties Union, who led the protest was also pulled in. At this writing, the charges against these two could not be learned. They will be defended by the I. L. D.

## SPREAD STRIKE OF ILL. MINERS

CHICAGO, Ill., July 16.—Reports received by the Trade Union Unity League headquarters show the following mines are on strike in the coal fields: Ziegler No. 1 and No. 2 of the Bell and Zella Co.; Agoa No. 1 and Agoa No. 12 in Eldorado; Royaltown Peabody No. 18 in West Frankfort.

The west mine in West Frankfort has been completely shut down and 400 miners were thrown out from the mine. The sentiment for spreading the strike is growing daily.

The National Miners' Union held a meeting in Eldorado and prepared to hold meetings in many other mining towns, calling on the miners to spread the strike and to get rid of the Lewis, Fishwick, Howatt and the so-called rank and file Belleville clique of the U. M. W. A., which are leading the miners in the interest of the bosses.

The latest report from Harrisburgh states that State's Attorney Rumsey issued warrants to arrest from 50 to 75 miners who participated in the mass picketing in front of the O'Garra No. 13 Mine, preventing the breaking of the strike. The report states that some miners had wanted to get into the mine to work and had been forcefully stopped by the strikers, and some automobiles had been smashed. There were more than 1,000 miners in front of that mine.

## GERMAN BOSSES GET READY FOR DICTATORSHIP

### Socialist Betrayal Is Further Exposed

Late capitalist press Berlin despatches yesterday report that Hindenburg has granted authority to the Bruening cabinet to remain in power despite the fact that it could not get a majority in the Reichstag.

(Wireless by Inprecorr)

BERLIN, July 16.—Yesterday the Reichstag session proved to be very critical for the government; when the government's finance proposal was discussed. Article 1 dealing with emergency levy on officials was adopted by a government majority because the socialists abstained from voting. The socialist fraction announced that it will grant all necessary taxes providing the government abandons the poll and tax on bachelors and reimbursing the treasury with eight per cent increase in income tax.

Hindenburg sent a letter to the Prussian government, allegedly without the knowledge of the Reich government, cancelling engagements in connection with Rhineland evacuation celebrations in the Prussian Rhineland provinces because prohibitions of celebrations by steel helmets were maintained in Stahlhelm. The socialist premier, Braun, immediately despatched a slavish letter to Hindenburg, assuring that the prohibition will be withdrawn, if Stahlhelm is ready to give assurance that further activities will be held within the law. He also expressed hope that Hindenburg will withdraw the cancellation.

This is the third attack made on Negro and white workers. The first was that of Comrade Alfred Levy, Negro worker murdered by police at the corner of 133rd St. and Lenox Ave. during an anti-lynching protest meeting, and the other was Comrade Gonzalo Gonzalez, Mexican worker murdered while walking with several Spanish workers to the funeral parlor where Levy's body was lying.

gates, featured from the National Convention of the Unemployed in Chicago, July 4-5.

## Building, Construction Workers to Meet Sat.

NEW YORK.—A mass meeting of building and construction workers to take up the problems facing them, will be held Saturday, July 19 at 1:30 p. m.

Just what the building workers must do to fight the terrific unemployment, as high as 75 per cent, existing among them will be answered by the building trades dele-

## Working Women Rally to Aug. 1 Demonstr.

"Millions of women workers in the United States and in the European countries are being trained and mobilized for the next imperialist blood-bath. In some countries the bosses are agitating for conscription laws for women as well as men workers." This is part of the statement issued by the Women's Department of the Communist Party, New York District, in its call to working women to attend the Women's Anti-War Conference to be held July 18 at 7:30 p. m. at 26 Union Square, New York.

In the demonstrations on August 1 women workers will take their place with the men workers in protesting the war preparations of the imperialists and the attacks on the Soviet Union. The Women's Conference of July 18, which will include delegates from factories as well as from women's organizations, will make preparations for this anti-war demonstration.

## BEAT WORKERS AT HARLEM MEETING

### Fight Starvation and Imperialist War

While members of the Communist Party were holding a street meeting at 132nd St. and Lenox Ave., Tuesday evening, Comrade Melvin Green was viciously attacked by a reputed member of the "Back to Africa" movement of Marcus Garvey, self-styled provisional president of the republic of Africa, in which white and Negro members of the African Communist Party are facing death from bullets of the British and other capitalist powers.

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gates, featured from the National Convention of the Unemployed in Chicago, July 4-5.

## Labor and Fraternal

Women's Anti-War Conference will be held Friday July 18 at 7:30 p. m. at 26 Union Sq.

I. L. D. Brighton Beach will have a membership meeting tonight at 8:30 p. m. at 208 Otis Pl. Brighton Beach.

Alteration Painters will meet tonight at 8 p. m. at 13 W. 17th St.

Workers Ex-Servicemen will have an executive meeting to night at 8 p. m. at 26 Union Sq.

Picnic Bath Beach Workers Center will have a picnic Saturday, July 19 at Ulmer Park.

## This Saturday July 19

### I. L. D. Excursion

STEAMER: "MYLES STANDISH"

Leaves Pier A South Ferry Saturday 2 P. M.

BIG PROGRAM DANCE AND ENTERTAINMENTS

GET TICKETS AT I. L. D., 799 Broadway, Room 410—Stuy 3752

"For All Kinds of Insurance"

## CARL BRODSKY

Telephone: Murray 8111 555 East 42nd Street, New York

## Cooperators! Patronize SEROY

CHEMIST 657 Alertan Avenue Estabrook 3215 Bronx, N. Y.

## All Comrades Meet at BRONSTEIN'S

Vegetarian Health Restaurant 558 Claremont Parkway, Bronx

## RATIONAL Vegetarian RESTAURANT

199 SECOND AVE. JE Bet. 11th and 12th Sts. Strictly Vegetarian Food

## MELROSE Dairy RESTAURANT

Comrades Will Always Find It Pleasant to Dine at Our Place 1787 SOUTHERN BLVD. Bronx (near 174th St. Station) PHONE—INTERVALE 9149

## HEALTH FOOD Vegetarian RESTAURANT

1600 MADISON AVE. Phone: UNIVERSITY 5865

## John's Restaurant

SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet 02 E. 12th St. New York

## DR. ABRAHAM MARKOFF

249 EAST 115th STREET Cor. Second Ave. New York DAILY EXCEPT FRIDAY Please telephone for appointments Telephone: LEXING 6027

## DR. J. MINDEL

SURGEON DENTIST 1 UNION SQUARE Room 803—Phone: ALGONQUY 9188 Not connected with any other office

## FOOD WORKERS INDUSTRIAL UNION OF NEW YORK

16 W. 21st St. Chelsea 2974 Bronx Headquarters, 2994 Third Avenue, Melrose 0128; Brooklyn Headquarters, 16 Graham Avenue, Pulasky 0654

The Shop Delegates Council meets the first Tuesday of every month at 8 p. m. at 16 West 21st St. The Shop is the Basic Unit.

## Czech Workers Greet Congress of C.P.S.U.

PRAGUE (I.P.S.).—The striking workers of the Heink factory in Prerov decided in a strike meeting to send a telegram of greetings to the Sixteenth Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, explaining their struggle against wage reductions and for improved working conditions and assuring the leader of the Russian proletariat that the working masses of Czechoslovakia, under the leadership of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia, the Communist International, the Red International of Labor Unions, etc., would follow the example of

## Trotskyists Vote With Social Democrats

MOSCOW (I. P. S.).—In his speech in the discussion on the report of the Central Control Commission and the Workers and Peasants Inspection, comrade Yaroslavskii pointed out that Trotsky had formed a block with all Trotskyists abroad and with all renegades and counter-revolutionary elements. The voting at the Vienna congress of the Freethinkers Association where the Trotskyists had voted for the social democrats and against the Communists, showed that the Trotskyists had finally completely arrived in the camp of the counter-revolution and exposed their real attitude to the Communist International. For this reason the party congress would not answer the declarations of the Trotsky supporters.

## White Terror in China

SHANGHAI (I. P. S.).—According to the reports of the Chinese press, a revolutionary column of 200 men was surrounded and compelled to surrender by government troops. Every tenth man was put against the wall and shot. This occurred on

## Swedish Workers Fight Visiting Fascists

STOCKHOLM (I. P. S.).—A detachment of the Finnish Fascist "Defence Corps" visited Stockholm to make propaganda in favor of the Finnish Fascists. Motor boats full of demonstrating workers put out to sea to give the Fascists a welcome. They carried placards against the

## ANLC IN BIG ANTI-LYNCH CAMPAIGN

### White and Negro Toilers Must Fight Terror

NEW YORK, July 16.—With lynch terror continuing unabated in the South, making life for the great masses of Negro workers and farmers a veritable hell, the American Negro Labor Congress has commenced a big anti-lynch drive to be based on the common interests of the white and Negro workers against their white exploiters.

fight of the Negro masses for self-determination.

This terror has been flaming up for months now and shows no sign of abatement. Eighteen workers have been lynched already this year—seven more than for the entire year of 1929. The customary charge of rape has not been able to stand up in these lynchings, has not been able to cover up the economic cause.

Plan Big Campaign. The campaign includes an extensive circularization of Negro and white organizations, unions, fraternal orders, etc., with a four page leaflet depicting the conditions of the frightfully oppressed southern Negroes and giving statistics, including the economic causes which the Congress declares to be back of most lynchings, of eighteen lynchings which it says has taken place during the first half of the present year.

Preparations for the National Convention of the American Negro Labor Congress to be held in St. Louis, Aug. 30, 31 and Sept. 1, are now well under way.

## Biggest and Best Workers' Outing of the Season!

# Our Build the Daily Worker Picnic-Carnival

Held in Co-operation with  
—All Revolutionary and Sympathetic Workers' Organizations;  
—All Party Communist Papers;  
—All Daily Worker Readers;  
—All Workers from the Shops That We Can Reach.

REMEMBER THE DATE  
**SUNDAY, AUG. 17**  
PLEASANT BAY PARK

## AMUSEMENTS

THE NEW GARRICK GAITIES GUILD W 52d St. 8:30 519-Th 8:30 2:30

ARTISTS AND MODELS MAJESTIC THEATRE 44th St. W of 5th Ave. 8:30 8:30

CAMEO Broadway and 42nd Street "AT THE BOTTOM OF THE WORLD" SENSATIONAL POLAR EXPEDITION New York Premiere

THE NEW GARRICK GAITIES GUILD W 52d St. 8:30 519-Th 8:30 2:30

We Meet at the— COOPERATIVE CAFETERIA 26-28 UNION SQUARE FRESH FRUIT SODAS AND ICE CREAM U. S. S. R. CANDIES—CIGARETTES Fresh Vegetables Our Specialty

# AEROPLANES DROPPED COMMUNIST LEAFLETS TO SHANGHAI WORKERS

## Red Forces Occupied Many Towns and Are Near Swatow

### American and British Destroyers Steaming Up Yangtze River to Suppress Revolts

SHANGHAI (I. P. S.)—Communist agitation in the workers' quarters of Shanghai has increased tremendously lately. Communist placards and leaflets can be seen everywhere. A mysterious aeroplane flew over Shanghai and dropped leaflets calling upon the Chinese workers to fight against the Chinese bourgeoisie and imperialism together with their brothers in India, Indo-China, Korea and Formosa. The authorities have made a series of wild arrests.

Red detachments have occupied the towns of Shenkiang, Shungo and Tayshen in the north of Kiangsu. Peasant unions have been organized there and the land is being distributed amongst the poor peasants under the direction of Soviets.

Fugitive missionaries report that Communist troops have occupied the town of Huoshansien, 150 kilometers north of the capital of Anhwei. They have solemnly destroyed all documents relating to serfdom and the sale of land. All food supplies have been confiscated and a rationing system introduced. The neighboring town of Shuchong has also been occupied. Chow-chow, near Swatow, has also been occupied by revolutionaries. The bourgeoisie in Swatow is in a panic. Yohochow, on the borders of Hunan and Hupeh, has been taken by revolutionary troops, as also have Changkingteh and Sungtse.

The press tries to justify the bombardment of revolutionary troops by American destroyers near Yohochow by declaring that the red troops fired on foreign vessels and confiscated foreign motor boats. American and British destroyers are steaming up the river from Hankow to where red troops are reported to be in action.

## Austrian, Norwegian Workers Visit U.S.S.R.

MOSCOW (I. P. S.)—A delegation of ten Austrian railwaymen has arrived in Moscow. The men were welcomed by representatives of the Central Council of Soviet Labor Unions and by representatives of the Central Committee of the Soviet Railwaymen's Union and by deputations of Moscow railwaymen.

## RUSH GRAHAM TO DEPORTATION

### I.L.D. Calls For Mass Protest Meets

In Norfolk, Virginia, today, International Labor Defense attorneys are preparing their appeal against the recommendation of the local immigration authorities in Washington, urging the revocation of Graham's citizenship papers and his deportation to Jugoslavia.

## CONN. S.P. IN BODY SNATCHING ROLE

### Communists Show Up Socialist Betrayers

NEW HAVEN, July 16.—Last night the local socialists tried to take their turn at "body-snatching" on the question of the imprisonment of Mooney-Billings. However, the speaker, one L. Shulman by name, did his best to evade the entire issue of Mooney and Billings as well as the other issues facing the workingclass. Workers in the crowd, who were aware of the role of these betrayers of the workingclass, asked the speaker a number of questions especially on the activities of the socialists in the breaking up of the unemployment demonstrations in Milwaukee, of the arrests of militant workers in Reading, and of the imperialist role of the MacDonald government in suppressing the Indian revolution.

## Fish Witness Boasts of Attack on Unions

### (Continued from Page One)

"have Beal's head." And Batty, says Wood, "kept his word"; when he saw Beal on the picket line in the 1928 New Bedford strike, he hit him in the face.

When Wood heard that Beal was working in a mill somewhere in the vicinity of Gastonia, he testified that he travelled in his capacity of "industrial conciliator" to that town, and told Chief of Police Aderholt "you must get that man out of here or there will be trouble." Wood, when asked the usual question in the Fish investigation: "How many of them are foreigners?" said of the Gastonia strikers, "None, they are all nice peo, le."

## Elizabethton Mill Workers Are Hard Hit By the Crisis

### Elizabethton, Tenn.

Dear Friends: I received the papers you sent and after reading them passed them around to our friends. Please send some more all along and I will see that the workers get them. The mills here are about out of business. The Bemberg plant is fast dying. All the workers that the A. F. of L. sold out are in hard luck right now and can't be organized with a little effort.

I will give you my co-operation in any way I can in order to put up a clean hard fight against these rotten mill bosses and politicians. If you send me the necessary papers, I'll do my part to get a strong organization. These people are sturdy, fearless mountaineers that will stick, but they have had enough selling out. So write me what you can do to help us.

Sincerely, W. S. Age 43. Born and raised in three miles of these mills.

## Mine Strike In W. Va. Is Still Going Strong

### Van Voorhis, W. Va.

Dear Comrades: We're still holding out 100 per cent in Cassville, W. Va. on Scotts Run. The miners are determined to win their strike against wage cuts. The strike is in committee hands now; mass picketing before the Cassville and Bunker Mine and Conellsville Mine. A strike vote will be taken there today. All the miners are under the leadership of the National Miners' Union, and today we sent 45 Scotts Run W. Va. strikers to Riverville, W. Va. to help the miners there.

The U. M. W. of A. misleaders tried to break in there, but we shattered that all up, and the miners promise to strike with us. We also had a parade of about 600 to 700. The parade was led by the N. M. U. board member in W. Va., Charles S. Close. We marched from one end of Scott's Run, W. Va. to the other end about four miles long and back to the N. M. U. hall in Liberty, W. Va. Then eight cars with strikers went to Riverville, W. Va.

Comradely yours, CHARLES S. CLOSE.

## Lumber Workers Are Hard Hit By Crisis in Lumber Industry

### Raymond, Wash.

Dear Comrades: Things are sure getting tough here in the lumber industry. Most of the camps have shut down and what few are still running are beginning to lay off part of their men.

The camp where I was working has been closed for nearly a month. With our 8 million unemployed workers in the U. S. and things getting so bad here in the lumber industry, we can expect anything to happen this winter.

I see where Yetta Stromberg will speak here on July 4th and 5th and many workers are talking of going to hear this girl speak. I know it is going to be a treat to have a speaker from the outside speak here.

There are a few workers here who belong to the National Lumber Workers Union and many more are going to join through my efforts.

—A LUMBER WORKER.

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Airplanes are circling over the city in war formation to remind the workers to be quiet and lie down and starve.

But the workers are not laying down and the grafters are sure worried.

The airplanes are dropping harmless bombs from a great height that makes such a loud noise that they can be heard several miles. This is intended for psychological effect on the workers. The "dear" people of the Gold Coast are greatly disappointed, however, for the "effect" is not half as much as they would like it.

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## War Billions For the Bankers

### (Continued From Page One.)

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Of course there is a lot of this enormous funds going to purely anti-working class suppression, such as the so-called "intelligence" service of the Army and the Navy, the publication of manuals by the War Department against "reds" and to contradict the mistaken impression of soldiers that the United States is a democracy. Then all the generals and admirals, rear and otherwise, receive high salaries and expenses to tour the country speaking against Communism.

Against this whole outrage, American workers will demonstrate August First, demanding "Not a cent for war; every dollar for the starving jobless."

## Don't Want Any of Hoover's, Green's Lie

### Grand Rapids, Mich.

Dear Comrades: I have been reading a capitalist magazine called the Pathfinder which I found in the street and found out more lies on the Soviet Union. It said that two men went to trade with France and were afraid to go back because of Soviet orders.

We do not believe in Hoover's "prosperity" or Green's lies. Green says in the papers that there are "only" three and a half million jobless. Does this work in with the 8,000,000 jobless.

I will stay with the workers. —T. LINDHOLM.

## Pioneer Sails For Germany

### International Pioneer Congress Opens 23rd

### NEW YORK.—The second children's delegation of Aerica to the International Children's Congress sailed last night.

The delegation this year is made up of only one delegate and a leader. The delegation last year was considerably larger due to the amount of money raised in the campaign. Nevertheless this year's delegation will have just as important things to do as the last one even though it is not as large.

Goldie Dobrinic, a pioneer from Detroit and Martha Stone are the delegate and leader, respectively. Goldie will attend the International Congress at Halle, Germany and Martha Stone will attend the International Leaders Congress which will take place after the children's congress.

Delegations from England, France, Germany, Russia, China and many other countries will be at the congress which opens on the 23rd. They will discuss the work done in the last year and map out work to be done in the following year.

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# M'DONALD SENDS FLEET AGAINST EGYPT MASSES

## Economic Crisis Is Deepening in Egypt

### Two warships of British imperialism, the Ramillies, and the Queen Elizabeth, each carrying eight 15-inch guns, are on their way to Egypt. They were ordered to go there by the "Labor" government of McDonald and Co. because, as the strong resistance the masses displayed on Tuesday in their severe clash with the police and soldiers has sufficiently demonstrated, the Egyptian masses are rising in fearless militancy against British imperialism.

The events on Tuesday, when the demonstrators answered police assaults and resisted the attacks of police and soldiers, despite the Wafdist "advice" "not to break the peace," shows the revolutionary temper of the Egyptian masses, and points to a rapidly developing anti-imperialist mass movement in Egypt.

A strong anti-imperialist mass movement in Egypt, together with the rebellion in Indo-China, the Indian revolt and the Chinese revolution, certainly present a solid front of colonial revolt that will fundamentally undermine the imperialist system of exploitation.

That Egypt is on the verge of a mass revolt is clear to all class-conscious workers who have been watching Egyptian affairs recently. Tuesday's clash, which resulted in 17 killed and 400 wounded, did not come accidentally. It was the sixth outbreak since King Fuad suspended parliament little less than a month ago.

The successive outbreaks, which were used by the Wafdists as a weapon in bargaining with the British imperialists, increased in its fury and militancy and has gradually gone beyond the control of the Wafdists, whose treacherous policies are being more and more ex-

## Police Aid White Guard Organize in West Penn.

### PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 16.—The Russian leader of white guards, Archibald Platon and other White Guardists of Western Pennsylvania were holding an outing in the West Park in Pittsburgh. Thirty-five other preachers were to aid Platon in organizing and mobilizing all forces of black reaction in this part of the state, to establish a White Guardist organization, which will support the aims of the White Guardists in Russia, and to establish again upon the back of the workers the black rule of the Platonoffs, the corrupt Russian Orthodox Church, and capitalism.

When three workers distributed a leaflet issued by the Communist Party exposing the nature of the reactionary outfit, the preachers immediately called the police. Responding quickly the police beat up the workers and arrested them.

posed as the revolutionary temper of the masses rises higher and higher.

The economic basis of the growing radicalization of the Egyptian, of course, is the deepening economic crisis. Egypt is a country of one staple agricultural product, cotton, and cotton is now one of the major commodities that is severely hit by the crisis. As there is no prospect for any rapid recovery of the crisis, the further radicalization of the Egyptian masses is inevitable.

The sending of war ships to Egypt by the MacDonald government, just as similar attempts of imperialist suppression of the revolutionary movements in India, China, and Indo-China, etc., should be occasion of strong protest by the workers and toiling masses of the whole world. These happenings in connection with Egypt give additional importance to the anti-war demonstration on August 1st. On that day, all workers and sympathizers of the cause of the oppressed must turn out to demonstrate against imperialist wars, wars against the Soviet Unions and wars for the suppression of the colonial revolts, etc.

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### F

# The Political Report of the Central Committee to the XVI. Party Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union

## Comrade J. Stalin's Address on 27th June 1930

(Continued)

This is a general survey of the developing world economic crisis.

(b) Today, now that the world economic crisis is developing with annihilating effect, ruing whole strata of middle and small capitalists, impoverishing whole groups of the labor aristocracy and peasantry, and damning the million masses of the workers to starvation, the question arises everywhere: What are the causes of the crisis, where are its bases, how are they to be combated, how destroyed? The most multifarious "crisis theories" are elaborated. Whole projects are proposed for the "alleviation," "prevention" or "liquidation" of the crisis. The bourgeois oppositionists rail at the bourgeois governments, which appear to have "failed to take the necessary measures" to prevent the crisis. The "democrats" throw the blame on the "republicans," the "republicans" on the "democrats," and all join against the Hoover group with its Federal Reserve Bank system, which has proved unable to "cope with the crisis." Indeed, there are some wise heads who observe the causes of the world economic crisis in the "intrigues of Bolshevism." I refer here to the well-known "industrialist" Rechberg, for instance, who has little resemblance to an industrialist as such, but rather resembles an "industrialist" among the literates and a "literate" among the industrialists. (Laughter.)

It is obvious that all these theories and projects have nothing to do with science. It must be admitted that the bourgeois scientists have collapsed utterly in the face of this crisis; and even more than this, they show themselves lacking in even that minimum of insight into life which their predecessors must be granted to have possessed. These gentlemen forget that the crisis cannot be estimated as an accidental phenomenon in the system of capitalist economics. These gentlemen forget that the economic crisis is the compulsory result of capitalism. These gentlemen forget that these crises came into the world simultaneously with the birth of capitalism. In the course of more than one hundred years periodical economic crises have occurred, returning every 12 to 10 to 8 years. During this period the bourgeois governments have tried every shade and variety of device, bourgeois brains of every degree of capacity have exerted their utmost efforts, all to solve the problem of "preventing" these crises. But they have one and all suffered defeat for the reason that within the confines of capitalism economic crises can be neither prevented nor removed. Is it then a matter of surprise that the bourgeois brains of today again fail to find a solution? Is it any matter of wonder that the measures of the bourgeois governments are in actual fact accomplishing nothing toward an alleviation of the crisis, toward an improvement of the position of the million

masses of workers, but lead to fresh epidemics of bankruptcy, to fresh waves of unemployment, and to the absorption of the weaker capitalist associations by the stronger capitalist associations?

The bases of the over-production crisis of economics and their cause lie in the system of capitalist economy itself. The basis of the crisis lies in the antagonism between the social nature of production and the capitalist form of appropriation of the products of this production. One expression of this fundamental contradiction of capitalism is the contradiction between the colossal growth of the possibilities of production, calculated on the winning of a maximum of capitalist profit, and the relative limitation of the solvent demand on the part of the masses of the workers, whose standard of living the capitalists are constantly endeavoring to press down to the utmost minimum limit. In order to gain the upper hand in competition, and to press out fresh profits, the capitalists are obliged to develop techniques, to carry out rationalization, to increase the exploitation of the workers, to intensify the productive capacity of their undertakings to the uttermost. In order not to fall behind one another, all capitalists are forced to strike along one path or another of blind haste in the development of the possibilities of production. But the purchasing powers of the million masses of the workers and peasants, at bottom the chief buyers, remain at a low level in both home and foreign markets. Hence the over-production crises. Hence the well-known consequences, repeating themselves more or less periodically, causing the goods to remain unsold, production to decline, unemployment to increase, wages to fall, and the contradiction between the level of production and the level of solvent demand to increase. An over-production crisis is the appearance of these contradictions in tempestuous and destructive forms. If capitalism were to adapt production, not to the achievement of a maximum of profit, but to the systematic improvement of the material situation of the masses of the people; if it were to apply the profits, not to the satisfaction of the desires of the parasite classes, not to the perfecting of the methods of exploitation, not to the export of capital, but to the systematic betterment of the material position of the workers and peasants, then there would be no crisis. But then capitalism would not be capitalism. In order to exterminate the crisis, we must exterminate capitalism.

This is the whole basis of the over-production crises of economy. An examination of the present crisis cannot however confine itself to these considerations. The present crisis is not a simple repetition of the old crises. It is growing and developing under new conditions, which must be made fully clear before a complete idea of the crisis

can be obtained. It is complicated and deepened by a series of special circumstances, and until clear light is thrown upon these there is no possibility of forming a real conception of the present economic crisis.

What are these special circumstances? These special circumstances consist of the following characteristic facts:

1. The crisis has seized most acutely the chief land of capitalism, its citadel, the United States of America, which holds in its hands no less than one-half of the total production and of the total consumption of all the countries of the earth. It is easily comprehensible that this circumstance is bound to involve an enormous extension of the sphere of influence, an aggravation of the crisis, and the accumulation of extreme difficulties for world capitalism.

2. In the course of the development of the economic crisis, the industrial crisis in the most important capitalist countries has not simply coincided with the agrarian crisis in the agricultural countries, but the two are interwoven, greatly intensifying the difficulties and determining beforehand the inevitability of a general retrogression in economic activity. It cannot be otherwise; the industrial crisis is bound to intensify the agrarian and the agrarian crisis the industrial, necessarily leading to an aggravation of the economic crisis in its totality.

3. Capitalism today differs from the old capitalism in being monopolist capitalism, and this determines in advance the inevitability of the struggle of the capitalist associations for the maintenance of the high monopolist prices for goods in spite of over-production.

It need not be said that this circumstance, which renders the crisis especially tormenting to the masses of the people forming the main consumers of the goods, and reduces these to want and misery, necessarily leads to a prolongation of the crisis, and hampers its absorption.

4. The present economic crisis is developing on the basis of that general crisis of capitalism which originated during the period of the imperialist war, which undermined the pillars of capitalism and facilitated the bringing about of an economic crisis.

What does this mean? It means above all that the imperialist war and its consequences have accelerated the process of decay of capitalism and shaken its equilibrium, that today we live in the epoch of wars and revolutions, that capitalism no longer represents a uniform and comprehensive system of international economics, that side by side with the capitalist economic system there exists the socialist system, and that this is growing, maturing, opposing the capitalist system, exposing by the mere fact of its existence the rottenness of capitalism, and shaking its foundations. It means further that the imperialist war and the victory of the revolution in the Soviet Union have shaken the pillars of imperialism in the colonial and dependent countries, that the authority of imperialism is becoming very brittle in these countries, that it no longer possesses the power to pursue its customary methods in these countries.

It means further that during the war, and after the war, a young capitalism sprang up in the colonial and capitalist countries, and that this has competed successfully in the markets against the old capitalist countries, thereby intensifying and aggravating the struggle for the markets.

And it means, finally, that the war has bequeathed to the majority of the capitalist countries a disastrous legacy of chronic non-utilization of the producing capacity of the undertakings, of an army of unemployed which has become transformed from a reserve army into a standing army of unemployment, a factor which confronted capitalism with a multitude of difficulties even before the present crisis, and has been bound to complicate matters further during the crisis.

These are the circumstances deepening and aggravating the world economic crisis. It must be admitted that the present economic crisis is the most serious and profound of all the world economic crises hitherto experienced.

2. The intensification of the Antagonisms of Capitalism.

The most important result of the world economic crisis is the exposure and intensification of the antagonisms inherent in world capitalism.

(a) The antagonisms amongst the most important imperialist countries are being revealed and intensified; the struggles for the

markets, the struggles for the raw materials, the struggles for the export of capital. None of the capitalist states are any longer satisfied with the old distribution of the spheres of influence and colonies. They see that the comparative forces have shifted, and that the markets, the sources of raw materials, the spheres of influence, etc., must be redistributed. The most important of these antagonisms is the antagonism between the U. S. A. and England. Both in the field of the export of manufactured goods and in the sphere of capital export the chief struggle is between the United States and England. It suffices to glance at any economic newspaper, at any document relating to the export of goods and capital, to receive convincing proof of this. The main arena of this struggle is South America, China, the colonies and dominions of the old imperialist states. The preponderance of forces in this struggle—even the express preponderance—is on the side of the U. S. A. This main antagonism is followed by others, which, though not decisive, are still very important: between Germany and France, between France and Italy, between England and France, etc.

There can be no doubt that the struggle for the markets, for raw materials and fields for the export of capital, will be intensified from day to day, and from month to month, by the developing crisis.

The means used in this struggle are: tariff policy, cheap goods, cheap credit, regrouping of forces and new military and political alliances, increased armaments, preparations for fresh imperialist wars, and finally, war. I have referred to the crisis which has seized upon every branch of industry. But there is one industry which is not affected by the crisis, and that is the war industry. This is growing steadily, in spite of the crisis. The bourgeois states are arming wildly, arming ever more and more. Why? Certainly not for amusement, but for war. And the imperialists need war, for it is the sole means of redistributing the world, and to re-divide the markets, the sources of raw materials, and the spheres of capitalist investment.

It is easily comprehensible that under these circumstances so-called pacifism is at its last gasp, that the League of Nations is rotting away while still alive, that the "disarmament proposals" vanish into the abyss, and the conference for the reduction of naval armaments is converted into a conference on the renewal and extension of the navies.

This means that the danger of war will grow more rapidly than before. Let the social democrats chatter of pacifism, of peace, of the peaceful development of capitalism, etc., the experience gained during the governmental reign of the social democrats in Germany and England proves this fascism to be a mere mask hiding fresh preparations for war.

(To be Continued)

## Some Conclusions from the Chicago Convention

### Mobilize For August First!

By BILL DUNNE

THE National Convention of Unemployed Chicago, July 5th, undoubtedly marked a big advance in our work among the unemployed masses, in the bringing forward of the T. U. U. L. as the leadership of the unemployed, developed directly out of their struggles, in changing the base of the Unemployed masses an integral part of the organization of the unorganized directly by the Trade Union Unity League and its affiliated industrial unions and leagues.

The convention was a decisive proof of the growing radicalization of the working class.

From March 6 to July 4 is four months. Had the preparations for the Chicago convention been on the same scale as for March 6, had there been the same intensity of agitation and organizational work during the four months intervening as there was for the six weeks preceding March 6, there can be little doubt that we would have come very close to having 10,000 delegates at the Chicago convention.

One thousand three hundred and twenty delegates from 21 states, with substantial representation from such decisive industries as steel and metal, transportation, mining, food and building construction, were registered at the convention. The garment industry was well represented and agricultural workers sent a small but very militant delegation of eleven.

The weakness of the work among the unemployed generally, and especially in regard to the actual organization of Unemployed Councils, is shown by the fact that by far the greatest majority of the delegates were elected by unions, shop committees, industrial leagues, minorities in the old unions, local T. U. U. L. groups, workers fraternal and benefit societies, etc., and very few by Unemployed Councils. This means that the organization of the unemployed councils has made but a bare beginning.

The serious work of preparing the convention was begun not more than two weeks before July 4—except in the Chicago district—and in most districts only a week before the convention. Under these circumstances the response of working class organizations represented by 1320 jobless worker delegates, most of whom encountered the greatest difficulties—financial, police interference, etc.—in getting to the convention, is truly remarkable—eloquent testimony to the extent of mass unemployment, to the growing influence of our Party and the T. U. U. L., to the rapid heightening of the militancy of the working class.

#### Wrong Conceptions Refuted.

The tone of the convention, which was one of militant enthusiasm, and the manner in which its organization and general work were carried out, refutes in the most emphatic manner the opinion held even by some Party members i. e. that a gathering of unemployed workers must necessarily be somewhat loose, anarchistic and undisciplined. This was true of the old "bummy" conventions held under the influence of syndicalist elements and consisting mostly of migratory workers, but the class struggle now has reached a far higher stage, the influence of our Party is a power-

ful factor making for the recognition of the need of proletarian discipline.

The order of business of the convention was carried through on schedule. The delegates were housed and fed in a manner that raised the morale of the convention. The industrial conference and the conferences of Negro, youth and women workers were organized and held as part of the convention itself in spite of poor technical preparation and a great shortage of technical forces.

#### Weak Preparations—A Concrete Instance.

The amount of work accomplished by the convention—agitational, propagandistic and organizational—could and should have been spread over a three or four day period and better results accomplished. This was one of the greatest shortcomings of the convention which resulted directly from the general lack of preparation everywhere by our Party and the T. U. U. L.

It was possible in the course of one day to obtain only the minimum results—especially in the industrial conferences. Let us take a concrete instance:

Three hundred and seven steel and metal workers registered at the convention. The steel and metal (including auto) conference. At the National Conference of the Metal Workers Industrial League in Youngstown, June 14-15, 127 delegates were present. At the Chicago convention therefore, there were about two and one-half times as many metal workers present as at the Metal Workers National Conference.

#### Proper Connection Not Made.

This shows that not only did we fail before the Youngstown conference to make the proper connection between the struggles of the unemployed and employed in the steel and metal industry (as in all other industries) but that up to Chicago we had continued this error. Otherwise we would never have permitted ourselves to be placed in a position of having only an hour or two to prepare and hold a conference of steel and metal workers of the mass character that the Chicago conference was.

Had we not underestimated the response of the steel and metal workers to our unemployment program (and this is a result of an underestimation of the extent of rationalization and the depth of the economic crisis in this industry) we would have been able to broaden the base of the Metal Workers Industrial League and stimulate the struggles in the industry far more than we did.

#### Other Shortcomings.

While the large steel and metal workers delegation denotes a big response to our program and activity in this decisive industry, the total absence of textile workers from the convention does not indicate rising employment or lack of the will to struggle among the textile workers. In no industry is employment more severe. The influence of our Party and the National Textile Workers Union, and the will of the workers to fight, has been proved in many important struggles.

The fact that not a single textile worker was at the unemployed convention must therefore be considered as proof that the leadership of the N. T. W. U. does not consider unemploy-

### Two Hearts That Beat As One



### Demonstrate Against Imperialist War Aug. 1

## Woman and Child Labor in Textiles

By VERN SMITH.

IT goes unchallenged that bad money drives out good money. The cheapest money replaces the better until nothing but cheap money circulates.

Wages and payrolls work that way, too. Cheap wages destroy higher wages. It does not exactly work silently. The air is full of the indignant shouts of those better paid workers in northern textile mills, for example, who have neglected to organize themselves or

ment work important or, if it does, is unable to connect it with the general work and struggles in the industry.

#### Another Instance.

A similar instance is brought into the sharpest relief by the fact that there was not a single unemployed miner from the huge anthracite and bituminous coal fields of Pennsylvania present at the convention. West Virginia sent 19, and Southern Illinois 11 but from the state of Pennsylvania with its 275,000 miners there was not a single delegate.

This instance shows the almost complete neglect of unemployment work in this basic industry, by the Party district offices in Pittsburgh and Pennsylvania, by the T. U. U. L. and the National Miners Union. One would suppose that with close to 50 per cent unemployment in the anthracite, and as much as 75 per cent unemployment in many bituminous fields of this state, that at least one Pennsylvania miner would stray accidentally into the Chicago convention. One is almost tempted to think that what work was done among the tens of thousands of unemployed Pennsylvania miners was directed to keeping them away rather than getting delegates to the Chicago convention.

Many other instances of almost total neglect or extremely formal and weak conduct of the unemployment work could be cited; but these are sufficient to show that the radicalization of the working class rather than planned and sustained activity on our part was responsible for the mass character of the Chicago convention. This is true to such an extent that it now constitutes a real danger which we must eliminate from this moment on in carrying out the program adopted by the convention.

(To Be Continued.)

their southern fellow workers, when they find the average wage of \$22.06 a week in Massachusetts. (before the wage cuts) conflicts with an average of \$14.55 (full time) in Alabama, and as the bosses do not raise the Alabama average to the N. H. try to equalize just the other way. Then the South where they boast of "cheap wages," proceeds to cut again, and so it goes.

Likewise when the boss in either place finds, as in Alabama, that he can get women for an average of \$11.45 (full time), he immediately begins to scheme how he can use them instead of his \$14.55 men. Then the unemployed men are rehired again at the women's wage, but Southern Chivalry (nice name for the bosses' swindle game) demands that women be the weaker sex and her wage probably goes down to \$8. (All figures from the United States Department Government Bureau of Labor Statistics.)

#### "Keen On White Women."

"Southern Cotton Mills and Labor," by Myra Page, says: "Because of the practice of sex discrimination in the wages, mill employers are especially keen on having white women in the mills. In the cotton growing states in 1919 women composed 36% of total textile wage earning group." The percentage of all women in industry was 24.5%.

Of course it works the same with children. From the very beginning the textile industry has been a hot bed of child slavery. Every improvement in machinery means that another child can take the place of a man or a woman. Lately the increase in child slavery has been a little slower simply because there is an unlimited supply of the cheapest adult labor. But with increased competition the still cheaper children will be drawn in. The 1920 census shows a little over 6% children in the southern mills. There are laws against very young child labor in some states, which means very little.

So we have cheap southern labor cheapening northern labor's wages because both are unorganized. We have cheap women's labor replacing slightly higher paid men's labor. And we have a cheap child labor competing with, replacing both men's and women's labor,

#### "Women and Children First."

Short markets, competition between groups of textile capitalists as now between England

By A. JAKIRA

AUGUST First is International Red Day against war. On this day millions of men and women the world over will come together in huge demonstrations to express their opposition to the coming new world slaughter and to mobilize their forces for a militant struggle against it.

The workers of the world have not yet forgotten their sacrifices in the last world war, the "war for democracy." The workers paid in the last world war with at least ten million lives, and more than 19 millions maimed and crippled!

At present, the danger of a new world war is greater and more apparent than ever before. The various imperialist powers, unable to solve their own home problems, are feverishly preparing for a new bloodbath. They are busy perfecting the deadly weapons with which to murder greater and greater numbers of workers. They are at the same time unitedly mobilizing their forces for an attack on the Soviet Union, the haven of the workers, persecuted by the various capitalist governments. The imperialist powers know very well that the Soviet Union is a strong barrier against war and that it serves as an inspiration to the workers of the entire world in their struggle against exploitation and oppression.

#### Prepare Openly.

The reactionary forces of American imperialism do not even conceal their preparations for an attack on the Soviet Union. This is apparent from a series of events that took place here recently, one on the heels of the other. The sensation created by the forged "Whalen documents," the senatorial investigation of the Communists and of the various organizations of the militant workers, the order prohibiting the export of airplanes to the Soviet Union, the campaign of the Anthracite coal operators to prohibit the import to this country of Soviet coal, and finally the recent attempts to stop the import of Soviet lumber to this country—these are just a few of the facts pointing to the preliminary steps towards war against the Soviet Union.

In their efforts to prohibit the importation of Soviet coal and lumber, the dark forces of this country—the land of lynchings and most atrocious chair gang and convict labor system—are trying to discredit the Soviet Union in

and America make all this worse. The thousands of English workers on strike have not suffered so much from cheapening of wages on account of women and child labor. They have a period of organization back of them. But if they lose their strike immediately the terrific exploitation visited upon the American women and children will crush down on the English fields. Then we have competition between the bosses of England and America to see who can cut wages faster, with the wages of women and children falling fastest of all, and being used as a lever to force other wages down.

The long three months of the struggle of the Yorkshire woolen workers is a struggle against speed up, wage cuts. It is part of the general struggle of the textile workers the world over. We must help morally and financially. Organize for the textile strikers Solidarity Day, July 19.

## The I. L. D. and August First

the eyes of the American workers by telling them that the Soviet Union is using cheap and convict labor. In this way the employers are trying to cover up their own crime against the workers, whose wages are slashed to the point of starvation.

#### Bosses Attack.

At the same time the powers to be in all the capitalist countries, including the United States, are waging a bitter and savage attack on all those who sincerely oppose the war preparations and who militantly fight against the war danger. Militant workers opposed to war are imprisoned by the thousands and their organizations declared outlawed. This attack on the militant workers is part and parcel of the preparations for the new imperialist war and for an attack on the Soviet Union.

The International Labor Defense, in line with the policy of the International Red Aid the world over, joins hands with all the other forces opposing the war designs of the imperialist powers. It calls upon all its members, district organizations, branches and all friendly organizations to begin energetic preparations for active participation in all anti-war demonstrations on August First, with its own banners, slogans and speakers. It calls upon all workers to strengthen and build the organization, so that it may be in a better position to provide the necessary legal and material aid to those arrested or clubbed by the capitalist police forces because of their anti-war activities. It calls upon all workers to help defend and free the militant leaders of the working class now languishing in the prisons in all the capitalist countries. Defend the militant workers organizations from being outlawed and crushed by the war mongers, defend the Soviet Union!

## The Census Bureau and Chester

CONDITIONS for the workers in Chester are worse today than they were last winter. Five hundred men stand in front of the Sun Shipyards each morning hoping to get a job. Thousands have been laid off at Ford, Baldwin and other smaller plants.

The Census Bureau gives the false number of 1,818 unemployed in Chester. Ford himself laid off a couple of thousand workers. And along with unemployment come wage cuts. At the Irving Woolen Mills on and after June 2nd a reduction of 10% will be made on all piece and time work rates and the mill threatens to close down unless this cut is accepted.

#### And Only 1,818!

Saturday evening Anna Burlak was the speaker at a mass meeting called to protest the Atlanta outrages against the Southern workingclass fighters. The workers were enthusiastic and pledged themselves to support the International Labor Defense. A permanent committee was elected to organize a campaign to demand the release of the Atlanta prisoners. A picnic is planned by the Chester branch of the I. L. D. on Sunday, July 20, at Crystals Farm, 15th street and Highland ave. In Wilmington there is a terrible unemployment situation. Every plant in the town has been laying off workers. Yet the census takers could only find 1,881 unemployed workers.