



Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)

WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE!

Vol. VIII, No. 151

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1931

CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents

MINE STRIKE SPREADS DESPITE MURDER OF PICKETS

Answer the Murderous Attack On the Striking Miners

STATEMENT OF THE NATIONAL EXECUTIVE BOARD OF THE TRADE UNION UNITY LEAGUE

NOTE:—The statement of the T. U. U. L. was written before the new murderous attack at Arnold. "Mass murder," "shoot to kill" is the policy of the operators, the government and the UMWA to break the strike which is spreading despite all terror.

THE attack on the picket line of the miners at the Wildwood Mine which resulted in one dead and more than a dozen seriously wounded, is an attack not only upon the miners but upon every worker and every workers' organization. This, though the most brutal attack, was not the first one. Those shot in the course of the strike now number over 20. The workers throughout the country must answer this attack of the coal operators, their government and the United Mine Workers officials, who are equally responsible for this brutal murder.

From the very beginning of the strike, the miners have faced the combined assault of the coal operators, the government and the UMWA officials. Previous to this murderous attack at the Wildwood Mine eight strikers had been shot by the Pinchot state troopers and the deputy sheriffs. Scores of miners, their wives and children, were clubbed, gassed and brutally attacked. Many more scores of arrests have taken place in Pennsylvania and Ohio. In Ohio more than a dozen strikers are now held under the vicious criminal syndicalist law. But despite this terror and intimidation, despite the application of the criminal syndicalist law to workers who dare fight against wage cuts, despite the threat of deportation of the foreign born miners, the strike is constantly spreading and already involves nearly 40,000 miners fighting under the leadership of the National Miners Union. Neither the terror of the armed thugs of the government, nor the open strike-breaking activity of the UMWA, could prevent the spread of the strike and its growing militancy. Neither the starvation and eviction program of the operators nor the arbitration schemes of Governor Pinchot could stop the determination of the miners to win better conditions.

The miners of Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia are carrying on a militant struggle against starvation conditions. They have resorted to the weapon of strike in an effort to stop the repeated attacks upon their living standards that have reduced the working miners to the stage of semi-starvation. In this struggle the miners are taking the lead in the fight against wage cuts that are now being carried through in every industry. The striking miners led by the National Miners Union, an affiliated organization of the Trade Union Unity League, are showing to the rest of the workers what steps they must take to defend their interests.

The miners fighting under the leadership of the National Miners Union, are showing how to carry on the fight. They have elected their rank and file strike committee in every mine and a large representative strike committee for the entire strike. They have mobilized the active support of the unemployed miners. Tens of thousands of striking and unemployed miners marched last week on the Washington County seat demanding relief. Thus the struggle of the strikers and unemployed has become a joint struggle against starvation. Similar marches are being organized in all sections of the strike area. They have organized militant mass picketing. They have exposed every attempt of the strike-breaking UMWA to disrupt their strike. They have exposed every attempt to force them back to work under the starvation conditions through arbitration. They know that only the organization of their forces, rank and file participation and control of the strike, can bring victory to the miners.

The coal operators, unable to break the strike thus far through all schemes, have resorted to the injunction. But the miners determined to win the strike, would not allow the injunction to break their strike. They are determined to carry on their fight despite any boss government injunctions. The bosses and their government, assisted by the U.M.W.A., resorted to the most brutal attack on the miners in their efforts to enforce their injunction. They are determined to force the present starvation conditions upon the miners. They are ready to kill the miners, their wives and children, in order to maintain their profits.

This latest attack shows that the coal operators, supported by the Hoover Government, the state government of the liberal Pinchot, the U.M.W.A. officials, are determined to break the strike through force and violence, having failed to break the strike through other means. They are bringing in all their forces against the strike. All workers must now see the danger and the necessity to rally all the possible forces of the working class in support of the miners, for the winning of the strike. Not only the interests of the miners, but the interests of all workers is involved in this struggle. This outrage on the miners must be a signal to all workers to rally more firmly behind the miners' strike. Workers: We must act quickly!

Protest against these murderous attacks on the striking miners. Every possible form of protest must be organized. Protest meetings and demonstrations must take place in every city, town and village. Resolutions of protest should be adopted in all unions, workers' organizations, mass meetings and factories.

We must multiply a hundredfold the immediate collection of relief. Send food, clothing and money to help carry on the struggle to victory. Demand the immediate withdrawal of all armed forces that are murdering and terrorizing the miners.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Receipts Drop, 'Daily' in Danger; Out Tag Days!

Saturday only \$318.06 was received in the campaign to save the Daily Worker.

Sunday and Monday (two days) \$573.91 was received.

Yesterday—\$212.67.

Here is the story of the last four days, typical of the general slump in contributions during the past two weeks. EVERY DISTRICT WITHOUT EXCEPTION HAS FALLEN OFF BADLY.

You have read the appeals of Comrades William Z. Foster, Earl Browder, Robert Minor and Max Bedacht. They are calls to action. Pictures and stories of the miners' battles are being left out because we must give space to our appeal in order to print the Daily at all. The mine strike, the Scottsboro case, the fight against the Michigan alien registration bill—every struggle of the working class is a call to action to save the Daily.

Workers, the Tag Days, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, June 26, 27 and 28, will decide the fate of your fighting paper. We have fallen so far behind in the drive that success or failure in the Tag Days will mean life or death for the Daily Worker. See to it that they mean LIFE!

Mass participation in the Tag Days in every city of the country, mass collection of funds on the streets, in homes, inside and outside shops and factories, will save the Daily Worker. All out for the Tag Days!

But—

While the Daily is waiting for the receipts of the Tag Days it must live. The situation is critical. SPEED EVERY CENT TODAY TO THE DAILY WORKER, 50 E. 13th St., New York City.

Judge Denies New Trials For 9 Boys; Fight Goes On; N.Y. Workers Protest Sat.

BULLETIN.

The eight Scottsboro Negro boys railroaded to the electric chair by the Alabama bosses have been denied new trials by Judge A. E. Hawkins, according to a United Press despatch. The attorneys of the International Labor Defense immediately filed notice of an appeal to the Alabama Supreme Court.

NEW YORK.—The mass fight to free the nine Scottsboro Negro boys continues to spread throughout the country shattering the last hope of the Alabama bosses that by delaying the decision in their courts on the motions filed by the International Labor Defense for new trials for the boys they would undermine the vigilance of the masses.

In New York this coming Saturday the workers, white and Negro, native and foreign born, will again take the streets to voice their indignation against this frightful crime against the Negro people and nine working class children. Workers from all over the city will gather in Harlem for the biggest demonstration ever staged uptown. The demonstration will start with a parade from 130th

Street and Lenox Avenue, marching up Lenox Avenue to 10th Street, west to 8th Avenue, south to 135th Street, east to 7th Avenue, north to 144th Street, east to Lenox Avenue, north to 16th Street. At 16th Street and Lenox Avenue a meeting and demonstration will be held, with prominent speakers from the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, the International Labor Defense, the Communist Party and other organiza-

Scabbing Efforts at Ohio Mine Town. at Provident, Ohio

BRIDGEPORT, Ohio, June 23. An attempted meeting of the United Mine Workers of America at Provident to break the strike was smashed up by enraged miners under the leadership of the National Miners Union last night. The UMWA officials were driven out of town. The U. M. W. A. claimed to have 400 men signed up in the Piney Fork Mine No. 1 to go back to work on Monday morning. The National Miners Union mass picket line of 1,200 kept all but 14 men out of the mine and smashed the United Mine Workers influence, despite the desperate attempts of the sheriffs to stop the pickets. The mass picket line on No. 6 mine at Bellaire employing 600 men will pull this mine tomorrow.

The demonstration is called by the United Front Scottsboro Defense Committee supported by many organizations with white and Negro members.

ARNOLD CITY DEPUTIES KILL MAN AIDING STRIKE RELIEF; TRY TO MURDER ALL THE STRIKE LEADERS

To Smash Injunction Despite Wildwood Massacre

Rage Sweeps Fields

1600 Vesta No. 5 Pulled Out By Mass Picketing

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 23.—The coal operators and the state government of Pennsylvania, fighting to drive the striking miners back to starday, launched a massacre yesterday at Wildwood. Deputy sheriffs, mine guards and office men of the Butler Consolidated Coal Co. defended their injunction against picketing by ambushing and killing Peter Zigarcic, and wounding nine others so severely that they are in the hospital. How many more are wounded less severely, is not known because forty-one including the National Miners' Union section organizer, Tom Myerscough, were arrested. It is known that one woman in the picket line was wounded.

The Butler Consolidated Coal Co. got an injunction last week from the aged Judge Rowand in Pittsburgh, which prohibits not only picketing, but any attempt to request men to strike. The Central Rank and File Strike Committee at its meeting Wednesday last week answered that in this fight against starvation, the miners can not recognize the claim of a court to any right to tell them not to strike, any more than it could recognize any other court order that they should cease to live.

Five thousand striking miners, with their families, gathered on the historic picnic grounds at Cheswick, where on August 22, 1927, state troopers bombed, shot and clubbed a multitude, and because one of them

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Send Delegates to Anti-War Meet Thursday, June 25

A United Front Anti-War Conference will meet Thursday, June 25, at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., at 7 p.m. All working-class organizations are urged to send delegates to this conference, which will be a rallying of the workers of New York for the mass demonstration against imperialist war on International Red Day, August 1. The names of all delegates should be sent to the Communist Party, 35 E. 12th St.

UMWA Scab Policy Is Part of Murder Program

More Mines Close Up Hope to Break Strike By Mass Murder

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 23.—The general policy of terror by coal company gunmen and agents of the operators, on the one hand, while the United Mine Workers of America proceeds to make strike-breaking agreements, on the other hand, is all combined in one program.

The terror which started with beatings, gassings, evictions, injunctions and now is increased by "shoot to kill" orders issued by conferences of deputies.

On the same day that the Wildwood shootings took place, the United Mine Workers announced a tentative agreement with the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Co. Today, simultaneous with the shooting of miners in Arnold City, Pa., the United Mine Workers announces its scale and orders men back to work tomorrow. The scale is not for 45 cents a ton, as the capitalist papers say, but for "the standard rate," which may mean anything. Even 45 cents was the scale before the strike, against which the strikers demand 55 cents.

In this murderous attack of the mine gunmen against mine pickets on a wide front, Governor Pinchot and the United Mine Workers are working hand in hand.

In Arnold City this morning at 7 a. m. 100 pickets formed a line and proceeded toward the regular point of picketing, in an attempt to stop some scabs who were being sent from the closed Arnold Mine to the struck Priedale Mine. The pickets had not reached the picketing point, but were near the store of Mike Filipovich, a sympathizer and active in relief. His basement was used as a relief headquarters. The deputies and coal and iron police appeared, cursing without provocation of any kind. The chief deputy ordered them to shoot, and every cop emptied his pistol at the men running from tear gas bombs which were simultaneously released.

This was a deliberate attempt to kill the strike and relief leaders. The first to fall was Gallegher, secretary of the National Miners' Union Local; the second to fall was James Davis, president of the National Miners' Union Local; the third to fall was Mike Filipovich, shot four times through the chest at a ten-foot range by the chief deputy. Filipovich was instantly killed. Filipovich was unarmed and was not on the

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

Protest Slaughter of Miners, Union Sq. Thursday 5 p.m.

Calling on all unions affiliated to the Trade Union Unity League to mobilize their force for a huge protest demonstration on Thursday, June 25, in Union Square at 5 p.m., to protest the deliberate slaughter of miners fighting against starvation in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, an appeal has been issued to all shop chairmen, section chairmen, rank and file members of T. U. U. L. unions, as well as sympathizers, to join in this protest.

"The murderous attacks by the state police and hired gunmen of the

coal companies against the heroic miners, who are striking against starvation," reads the appeal, "has resulted in two miners being shot to death and many more wounded.

"The struggle of the 40,000 miners is a life and death struggle. Every class-conscious worker must rally his fellow-workers to join in this protest. All out Thursday to Union Square! Smash the murder-force of the bosses! Support the striking miners who are fighting the battles of every American worker against wage-cuts and against starvation!"



THREE OF THE WOUNDED STRIKERS who were ambushed and shot while picketing the Butler Consolidated Coal Co. mine at Wildwood, Pa., Monday, are shown lying on a coal truck, being held without any medical attention by the company killers. They were thrown on the steel floor of the truck and shoved about. Before they were loaded on this truck the men were left lying in the roadway for twenty minutes.



A MINER WOUNDED LYING IN THE ROAD. In an effort to smash picketing the Butler Consolidated Coal Company gunmen fired tear gas bombs at the strikers who were marching on the Wildwood, Pa., mine in defiance of an injunction. The fumes of the gas bombs can be clearly seen.



ANOTHER SCENE from the Butler Consolidated coal company gunmen's armed attack on unarmed strike pickets at Wildwood, Pa., Monday. This shows a miner wounded by bullets and shotgun slugs. Just in front of the automobile lies a blackjack which one of the deputies threw aside so that he could use his gun more freely.

Organization Drive in Fur Trade To Better Conditions

NEW YORK.—The organization campaign in the fur trade which started last week with the declaration of individual shop strikes, has been intensified. This morning, the shops of Silverman & Halperin, 224 W. 30th St., and Morgan, 150 W. 28th St., were declared on strike. In the shop of Silverman & Halperin a worker was discharged, and the workers are working below the minimum wage scale. The people in Morgan are working under a terrible speed-up system, below the minimum wage scale. In both shops the factories giving out their finishing to contractors, which is contrary to the agreement. The union demands both shops take inside finishers, increase wages, and in Silverman & Halperin, the discharged worker be reinstated.

Silverman & Halperin have already settled. The discharged worker has been reinstated and paid for the time lost striking. The boss is making arrangements to take inside finishers. The strike has been settled on the basis of the demands put forth by the union, with an increase of from \$2 to \$5. Morgan is still on strike. The union calls for pickets. The shop strikes are spreading out. Many workers are coming to the office with their complaints and preparations are being made to fight for better conditions in those shops.

Mass Meet at Cooper Union. On Wednesday night the mass meeting of fur workers will be addressed by Ben Gold and other active workers in the fur trade. They will report on activities and outline

Conf. in Queens Sun. in Fight for 9

Many Organizations Responding

JAMAICA.—The tremendous importance of the Scottsboro frame-up, the attempt to use the capitalist courts as a means of lynching on a mass scale, is rousing more and more mass organizations and workers, both colored and white. These organizations are mobilizing their forces in order to snatch from the electric chair the nine innocent Negro children who are sentenced to electrocution in Scottsboro on July 10.

A mass united front conference of all organizations, churches, clubs of Queens is called for this Sunday, June 28, at 2 p. m. at the Finnish Hall, 109-26 Union Hall Street, Jamaica, L. I., to which Negro and white churches, clubs and fraternal organizations have responded by electing delegates.

The following churches and organizations have already responded to the call. Mt. Moriah, Calvary, Bethany, Shiloh and Southern Baptist Churches, Commandment Keepers, Finnish Workers Club, the Jamaica League of Struggle for Negro Rights, the Women's Council and many other churches, fraternal organizations and clubs.

What's On—

WEDNESDAY
Open Air Meeting
Under auspices of Mapleton Workers' Club, 66th St. and 18th Ave., Brooklyn, at 8:30 p. m.

Downtown Unemployed Council
Open-air meeting at Fourth St. and Ave. B from 5 to 7:15 p. m. and at 14th St. and University Pl. at 8 p. m.

Office Workers' Union
The R.I.L.U. resolution will be the topic for discussion at the educational meeting.

Workers' Film and Photo League
Classes in photography and film projection have been organized. Students can enroll at 8 p. m. at 730 Broadway, Room 214 (E. 11th St.). The class in photography will be conducted by Howard B. Lester, one of the best photographers in the country.

Gene Debs Branch I.L.D.
Will hold its regular meeting at 8 p. m. at 2700 Bronx Park East.

The Scottsboro Case
Will be discussed at 118 Bristol St. at 8 p. m. All workers are invited to attend and take part.

Steve Katovic Branch I.L.D.
Will hold an open-air meeting at E. Seventh St. and Ave. B at 8 p. m.

Downtown Unemployed Council
Will hold an open-air meeting at Stanton and Sheriff Sts. at 8:30 p. m.

Eight Miners From Pittsburgh
Will be present at the meeting of the functionaries of all trade union, mass, fraternal and other labor organizations at Manhattan Lyceum, 69 E. Fourth St., at 7:30 p. m.

THURSDAY
"Reds and the Bosses"
By I. Amier will be the subject of a lecture at 48 Bay 28th St. at 8:30 p. m. Auspices Communist Party, Unit 4, Section 7.

Open Air Meeting
Under the auspices of the Brownsville I. L. D. Branch will be held at Hopkinson and Pitkin Aves., Brooklyn, at 8:30 p. m. sharp. Patrons and Scottsboro cases will be taken up.

Steve Katovic Branch I.L.D.
Will hold an open-air meeting at University Pl. and 14th St. at 8 p. m.

Friends of the Soviet Union
Open membership meeting of Brownsville Branch at 8 p. m. at 1555 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn, above Witty's Restaurant. Talk on "The Soviet Union Five-Year Plan and Hoover's Twenty-Year Plan (7)". All invited. Admission free.

FRIDAY
Open Air Meeting
Of the Downtown Unemployed Council at Seventh St. and Ave. B at 8 and at Fourth St. and Ave. B at 7:30 p. m.

Soviet "Forced Labor"—Bedsch!
series in pamphlet form at 5 cents per copy. Read it—Spread it!

a plan for mass mobilization of fur workers for struggle. The campaign for July raises and individual shop strikes will be one of the outstanding issues at the meeting. All fur workers of the Industrial Union, company union, and open shops are called on to come in mass to this meeting.

Cloakmakers Mass Meeting.
A meeting of the cloak and dressmakers has been arranged for Thursday, 1 o'clock at Memorial Hall, 344 W. 36th St. J. Boruchowitz who recently returned from a trip to the Soviet Union, will speak on the conditions of the needle trade workers in the Soviet Union and the problems confronting the cloak and dressmakers in this city. All workers are called upon to report on time.

The mass mobilization for the Scottsboro demonstration in Harlem on June 27th is carried on amongst the needle trades workers. A leaflet issued by the Scottsboro United Front Defense Committee will be distributed in the market on Monday. A series of open air meetings have been arranged for every noon hour in the various garment centers to bring to the attention of the needle trades workers the planned murder of the 9 Negro boys in Scottsboro, and to organize for mass participation of the needle trades workers in the demonstration. The Industrial Union has issued a call to all needle trades workers to gather at 130th St. and Lenox Ave. at 3 p. m. A call has also been issued for the election of delegates to the anti-war conference which takes place on June 25th.

Arraign Six Who Resisted Eviction

Downtown Council to Hold Outdoor Meeting

NEW YORK.—The Downtown Unemployed Council held a meeting Monday evening at Stanton and Sheriff Sts. where six workers were arrested last Friday resisting an eviction. Many women and children were noticeable in the crowd that heard of the defiance of the police and landlords in evicting workers in arrears in their rent.

The six workers were arraigned yesterday in Special Sessions court where the case was postponed to June 29, 1931. They are charged with assault for daring defy the landlord who attempted to block them in putting back the furniture.

Dr. LEO KESSLER
Surgeon Dentist
Announces the Removal of His Office to
853 BROADWAY
Cor., 14th St., Rooms 1007-1008
New York City
EFFECTIVE JULY 1st
(B. M. T. Station in Building)

TO ALL DAILY WORKER READERS OF WEST-SIDE MANHATTAN

DAILY WORKER CONFERENCE AND SOCIAL GATHERING will be held on
Thurs. June 25, 8 p. m.
417 WEST 53rd STREET
PROMINENT SPEAKERS
Admission free—Arranged by the Daily Worker Com. of Section 2

ATTENTION, CONEY ISLAND WORKERS!
Keep Date Open
—CONCERT AND BALL—
Sat. July 18, at 8 p. m.

PITTON HALL
264 W. 21st St., CONEY ISLAND
—Auspices—
Coney Island Workers Club
Proceeds for the Daily Worker

—PICNIC—
U.C.W.W. of LAKEWOOD & Vicinity
Sun., July 5, at 1 p. m.
Mr. Friedlander's Farm
WEST FARMS, FARMINGDALE, NEW JERSEY
Admission 25 cents for the family

DAILY WORKER AFFAIR
Friday, June 26, at 8 p. m.
MOVIES—CONCERT—ENTERTAINMENT
FINNISH WORKERS' CLUB, 109-26 UNION HALL ST.
JAMAICA, NEW YORK
ADMISSION:—25 CENTS—CHILDREN 10 CENTS
Auspices:—United Front Committee

BREAD STRIKE ON IN PATERSON, N.J.

Strike Committee of 50 Is Elected

PATERSON, N. J.—This textile city, with a large number of its workers out of jobs—have taken up the struggle against the high cost of living and are now involved in a strike against the high cost of bread. At a very enthusiastic meeting held last Thursday the workers voted to fight for bread to be reduced from 8 cents to 5 cents on the lb. A strike committee of 50 were elected who worked out the organizational steps to take. On the first day of the strike one of the bakers settled. The Carroll St. bakery tried to intimidate the pickets and arrested 5 of them. But the entire neighborhood supported our demands and he was forced to sign up with the strike committee.

One of the bakeries declared on strike is the Purity, a socialist-controlled co-operative, which has control of four other bakeries that are on strike. These "labor men" are fighting the hardest against the demands and are working hand in glove with the police of Paterson. 6 of the pickets were arrested but were released due to mass pressure. Some of their own followers do not agree with their tactics and have even stopped buying bread at their stores. The strike committee calls on all the workers of Paterson to help them win the fight against the high cost of bread.

PAINTERS MEET THURS. JUNE 25

NEW YORK.—Spiking the vague and demagogic promises of right wing candidates for officers of District Council 9 of the Painters, the left wing group of the various locals have issued a leaflet calling for election of rank and file candidates on a clear cut program of workers' demands.

The left wing painters point out that the union under the leadership of the present administration pursued a class collaboration policy and conditions for the measures grew increasingly worse.

To place the problems squarely before the painters, a mass meeting for Thursday, June 25, 1931, has been called at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place.

Regular Meeting
ENGLISH SPEAKING BRANCH
L. W. O. No. 500
THURSDAY, 8:30, JUNE 25, 1931

Illustrated Lecture By
Maximilian Cohen
"SOVIET RUSSIA"
Everyone Welcome
WORKERS CENTER
35 E. 12th Street Room 301

VACATION:—Beautiful Mountain Views, quiet resting place, good food, \$13.50 weekly—Avanta Farm, Ulster Park, New York.

We Invite Workers to the
BLUE BIRD CAFETERIA
GOOD WHOLESOME FOOD
Fair Prices
A Comfortable Place to Eat
827 BROADWAY
Between 12th and 13th Sts

Ideal BUSINESS SCHOOL
DAY AND EVENING
Commercial—Secretarial Courses
Individual Instruction
Open the entire year
14th St., at 2nd Ave., N.Y.C.
Tompkins Square 6-6584

Patronize the
Concoops Food Stores
AND
Restaurant
2700 BRONX PARK EAST
"Buy in the Co-operative Store and help the Left Wing Movement."

SOL'S
STATIONERY—CIGARS
SODA FOUNTAIN—FAMOUS
MALTED
103 UNIVERSITY PLACE
NEAR 12TH STREET

DAILY WORKER AFFAIR
Friday, June 26, at 8 p. m.
MOVIES—CONCERT—ENTERTAINMENT
FINNISH WORKERS' CLUB, 109-26 UNION HALL ST.
JAMAICA, NEW YORK
ADMISSION:—25 CENTS—CHILDREN 10 CENTS
Auspices:—United Front Committee

Miners' Relief Stations for Food and Clothing

Relief for striking miners this week is lagging! This means more hunger for the miners.

A carload of food must be sent by Friday! Send food, clothing and funds at once!

Food and clothing can be left at the following local stations:
Manhattan: WIR, 20 E. 9th St.; Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 81st St.; Finnish Home, 15 W. 126th Street.
Bronx: Concoops, 2700 Bronx Park East; Bronx Workers Center, 569 Prospect Ave.
Brooklyn: Food Workers, 140 Neptune Ave.; Workers Centers at 1844 Pitkin Ave., 764 40th St., 61 Graham Ave.
Rush funds to: District Penn-Ohio Striking Miners' Relief Committee, 789 Broadway, New York City, Room 614.

ATTACK FOREIGN-BORN TAXI MEN

Police Chief Plans to Get 1,000 Fired

NEW YORK.—Police Commissioner Mulrooney is carrying on an drive against foreign-born taxi drivers, depriving many of them of their jobs because they are not American citizens. The new policy of the Hack Bureau, whereby the drivers' license are taken away, resulting in his being fired from his job, comes about at a time when the taxi bosses are increasing the hours and speeding up the men.

The men are not even notified that they should apply for their citizenship papers. They are simply fired, after the police department withdraws their driving license.

The Taxi Weekly, organ of the taxi-bosses, in its June 22nd issue admits that this policy was suddenly sprung on the men and that many of them are not notified. There are about 1,000 foreign-born taxi drivers in New York City who are threatened with loss of their job.

The Walker administration has been forcing through a monopoly of the taxi business in New York, handing over this valuable plum to the Rasbok interests for the heavy funds invested in the Al Smith campaign.

In combating the latest attack on the taxi workers, the Transportation Workers Industrial League of the Trade Union Unity League has issued a leaflet demanding better conditions and no discrimination against foreign-born and Negro drivers. The taxi drivers are urged to form garage

Unusual Wholesome Dishes
FRESH VEGETABLES & FRUITS
After the Theatre
Low-Priced Special Combinations
at 44th Street Restaurant.
ARTISTIC SURROUNDINGS
QUALITY FOODS
TRUFOOD
Vegetarian Restaurants
153 West 44th Street
110 West 40th Street
(East of Broadway)
True Food is the Key to Health

"ANNUAL SUMMER PICNIC"
Sunday, June 28, 1931
ULMER PARK, BROOKLYN, N. Y.
HELD JOINTLY WITH UKRAINIAN WORKERS' ORGANIZATIONS
All kinds of sports for young and old—Prolet-Buhne and other attractions
Directions:—B. M. T. West End line to 25th Avenue
Tickets at Workers Book Shop—also at 142 East 3rd Street
PRICE 50 CENTS—Auspices Section 1—Proceeds for the Daily

—BANQUET AND ENTERTAINMENT
SATURDAY, JUNE 27, AT 8 P. M.
WORKERS CENTER, 569 PROSPECT AVE., BRONX, N. Y.
PROCEEDS FOR THE DAILY WORKER CAMPAIGN
ADMISSION 50 CENTS
Program:—Prolet-Buhne—Prominent Speakers
Auspices—Section Number 5 and Circulation Drive Bureau

Attention Newark Workers!
DAILY WORKER CONCERT
SATURDAY, JUNE 27, AT 8 P. M.
5 BELMONT AVENUE
Workers Lab. Theatre—Slovak Orchestra—Talents of Prolet-Pen Trio of Newark Mandolin Orchestra—Prominent speaker of D.W. Edit.
AUSPICES:—COMMUNIST PARTY, SECTION 10

LIVE IN A—
WORKERS COOPERATIVE COLONY
We have a limited number of 3 and 4 room apartments
NO INVESTMENT NECESSARY—OPPOSITE BRONX PARK
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Take Lexington Avenue train to White Plains Road and Get off Allerton Avenue
Office open from: 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. every day; 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturday 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sunday

AFL GANGSTERS THREAT WORKERS

Food Union Member Is Taken for Ride

Harry Davidson, a member of the Food Workers Industrial Union, has been "taken for a ride" for the third time by gangsters hired by Local 338. A. F. of L. Davidson was threatened with death if he didn't resign from the revolutionary union, where he is active.

After Davidson was kidnapped the first time, at the point of guns, he was transferred by the union to another establishment. He was trailed from his home, however, and kidnapped again.

When he was kidnapped for the third time on Wednesday he was told by the gunmen that they were hired by Rothberg, the "socialist" labor faker who is head of the A. F. of L. Local 338, but that they would change their allegiance to the Food Workers Industrial Union of the revolutionary union would put them on the payroll. Davidson took some time off to tell the gunmen the difference between a revolutionary trade union and one in the A. F. of L.

The food worker says he will redouble his activity in the Food Workers Industrial Union as a result of his kidnappings.

STOP EVICTION OF NEGRO TENANTS

NEW YORK.—Cases of wholesale evictions have been found out by the Madison Square Branch of the Unemployed Council. At 527 West 48th St., the landlord has given all the tenants notice to move. The tenants are Negro workers. The excuse the landlord gives is that he intends to install a hot water system. Members of the Unemployed Council who canvassed the house found out that most of the tenants are out of work or work two days a week, and are not able to pay the high rents. The landlord wants to get them out so he can get tenants in at a higher rental.

The tenants are being called to a meeting to organize the house against this wholesale eviction. committees and to get in touch with the Transportation Workers Industrial League at 16 West 21st Street, New York City.

NEIGHBORHOOD THEATRES
EAST SIDE—BRONX

RKO THEATRES
Cool and Comfortable
JEFFERSON
8 RKO 8
New Reduced Summer Prices
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WED. 6 P.M.
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"Double Quota", Slogan of Tag Days in N. Y. Announce Stations

NEW YORK.—With the slogan: "Double the Quota in the Daily Worker Drive" to spur them on, thousands of workers throughout the New York District are being rallied to participate in the Tag Days Friday, Saturday and Sunday, June 26-28. Rivalry among the various sections and units of the Communist Party is intense and a red silk banner will be given to the section having the highest percentage, with other awards for the best units.

Tag Day Stations
Volunteer collectors should report at the following Tag Day stations for collection boxes:
Section 1—142 E. Third St., 66 E. Fourth St., 11 Clinton St., 196 E. Broadway.
Section 2—64 W. 22nd St., 201 W. 29th St., 16 W. 21st St., 331 W. 24th St.
Section 4—333 Lenox Ave., Finnish Workers' Center, 1699 Madison Ave.; Jewish School I.W.O., 23 E. 103rd St.; Harlem Progress Club, 1492 Madison Ave.; Bohemian Workers' Club, 2336 Third Ave.; Hungarian Workers' Home, 330 E. 81st St.; Czechoslovak Workers' Home, 347 E. 72nd St.
Section 5—1622 Bathgate Ave., 569 Prospect Ave., 1400 Boston Rd., 2700 Bronx Park East.
Section 6 (Brooklyn)—61 Graham Ave., 46 Ten Eyck St., 80 Cook St., 73 Myrtle Ave., Section 7 (Brooklyn)—1373 43rd St., 140 Neptune St., 48 Bay 28th St., 764 40th St., 3228 W. Second St.
Section 10 (Newark)—121 Springfield, 90 Ferry St., T.U.U.L., 320 West, 8, Slovak Hall; 5 Belmont, I.W.O. Center, Jersey City—302 Hudson, Workers' Center, 308 Elm St., Elizabeth—106 E. Jersey St., Section 12 (Yonkers)—252 Warburton Ave.

At one point in the argument Justice Black condoned the racketeering of the A. F. of L. local by saying that the local was precisely like the I. R. T. company union. Black thus unwittingly admitted what the Food Workers Industrial Union was trying to prove, namely, that Local 338 was a company union intent only on smashing the revolutionary Food Workers Industrial Union.

The court clerk evidently desirous of preserving the sanctity of Justice Black, who is a trustee of the fashionable Calvary Baptist Church, refused to permit a member-witness of the F. W. I. N. to enter the court room until he put on a necktie.

The hearing will be continued on Monday.

Olympic Suitcase Co. Strikers Firm in the 10th Week of Strike

NEW YORK.—After 10 weeks of strike against low wages and long hours the ranks of the Olympic Suitcase Co. workers, 96 Bleeker St., are holding firm. The bosses are feeling the pinch of the strike and are trying to divide the workers.

They try to get the weaker elements among the workers to start a movement back into the shop. The workers repudiated these elements and are maintaining a firm strike to gain better conditions and union recognition.

GIVE YOUR ANSWER TO HOOVER'S PROGRAM OF HUNGER, WAGE CUTS AND PERSECUTION!

JUDGE HELPS OUT AFL RACKETEERS

Won't Give Hearing to Industrial Union

The Supreme Court of New York, in the person of Justice Black, Thursday officially sanctioned racketeering in the American Federation of Labor.

During the hearing in which Local 338, Retail Dairy, Fruit and Grocery Clerks, A. F. of L., presented arguments to make the temporary injunction it has obtained against the Food Workers Industrial Union a permanent one, Justice Black, reputed to be worth \$20,000,000, refused to hear proof presented by the revolutionary food workers' lawyer to the effect that Local 338 was nothing but a racket. Black said, "Local 338 has a perfect right to enter into any kind of an agreement with the Employers' Association, even if that contract has nothing to do with the legitimate union activity and even if the Employers' Association has already signed contracts with the Food Workers Industrial Union."

At one point in the argument Justice Black condoned the racketeering of the A. F. of L. local by saying that the local was precisely like the I. R. T. company union. Black thus unwittingly admitted what the Food Workers Industrial Union was trying to prove, namely, that Local 338 was a company union intent only on smashing the revolutionary Food Workers Industrial Union.

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Brownsville United Front Conference

The second united front conference to build a Workers' Center in Brownsville will be held at 1844 Pitkin Ave. tonight at 8:30 p. m. The committee of nine which was elected at the first conference on May 28 will report. All delegates must be present at this meeting. Those organizations which were not represented at the first conference are urged to send delegates to this conference or be represented by their officials.

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The name of quality & Service
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SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES
A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet
502 E. 12th St. New York

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DAIRY VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT
Comrades Will Always Find it Pleasant to Dine at Our Place.
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Labor Temple, 345 East 84th Street
Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 10 A. M.
Employment Bureau open every day at 9 P. M.

AMUSEMENTS
4th AND LAST WEEK
"If you want to see a vivid film-talkie exhibition of what is going on in the Soviet Union, see the Five-Year Plan." — DAILY WORKER.
AMKINO PRESENTS
The 5-YEAR PLAN
RUSSIA'S REMAKING—A Talking Film (in English)
DAILY at 2:45 5:00 to 8:15
CENTRAL ST. & B'WAY MATS. 5:00 to 8:15
Incl. Sunday

"The Black Sea Mutiny" equals "Potemkin" and is even more interesting in that it involves the French intervention in Odessa in 1918."—DAILY WORKER.
THE BLACK SEA MUTINY
PRODUCED IN THE U.S.S.R. BY UKRAINFILM
RKO CAMEO
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Adventure and exploration film to the MOUNTAINS OF THE MOON

GILBERT and SULLIVAN
The Sparkling Opera of "PATIENCE"
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EVEN. 50c to \$2. Wed. Mats. 50c to \$1. Sat. Mats. 50c to \$1.50
ERLANGER THEAT. W. 44th Street
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2 Who Beag's "PIRATES OF SEAS"
Mon. June 29 "PENANCE" NOW

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Boats leave for the camp every day from 42nd Street Ferry
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Prepare for the outing to Camp Kinderland of all schools and Branches of the I. W. O.
The 20th of June (week-end) \$2.50 per Day
All registrations must be in the office a week in advance—Children 7 years of age and over will be accepted.

CAMP UNITY, WINGDALE, N. Y.
Autos leave from 143 E. 103rd St. every day at 10 a. m., Fridays at 10 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. and Saturday, 9 a. m., and 4 p. m. for the camp
The comrades are requested to come on time, in order not to remain behind.
For information about any of these four camps
Call Stuyvesant 9-6332

THE U.S.S.R.—INSPIRATION OF THE WORKERS IN U.S.A.

This series of articles by Max Bedacht will be concluded in the Thursday's issue of the Daily Worker. They will immediately reappear in pamphlet form entitled "Soviet Forced Labor." This will be a 96 page pamphlet and will sell for 5 cents each. By sending a dollar to the Workers Library Publishers, P. O. Box 148, Station D, New York City, you will be able to get 25 of these pamphlets at a reduced price to sell and distribute among your friends. Send in your orders at once in order to get this pamphlet right from the press.

By MAX BEDACHT.

XI. American-Soviet Relations.

The Soviet Government is now nearly fourteen years old. It is the most stable government in existence. It is the only government that solved the problem of unemployment. It solved this problem at a time when under all capitalist governments unemployment increased by leaps and bounds.

But the government of the United States has steadfastly refused to recognize the government of the Soviet Union. It denies recognition to the Soviet Government as the legal political representative of the Russian people (de jure recognition). It even refuses to recognize the very fact of the existence of the Soviet Government (de facto recognition). According to the gentlemen in Washington it is not within the right of the 160 million people of Russia to decide whether the Soviet Government should govern and represent them. This right is claimed as the exclusive privilege of the 59 rulers of the United States. Since, against the wishes of the rulers of America the peoples of Russia insist on maintaining the Soviet Government, these rulers of America, against the wishes of the Russian people, insist on trying to overthrow the Soviet Government.

The capitalists of the United States wrest profits out of their workers. They slash their wages to make more profits. They break their organizations to prevent the workers from fighting against the wage slashes. If the workers strike anyway, the capitalists have their courts forbid it. With gun in hand their police enforce the court's prohibition. The capitalists set up an industrial spy system to watch every move of their workers. If a spy reports a worker's breath that could be interpreted as opposed to the profit system, the reported worker is sent to the penitentiary for criminal syndicalism or he is deported as an undesirable alien. Under capitalism the defense of the right to press profit out of the sweat of the masses is the primary function of government. Therefore the capitalists have transformed opposition to the profit system into the crime of high treason. They import cheap red, white and blue bunting, woven and dyed by miserably paid textile workers in Japan and demand of the American workers to kiss this bunting in recognition of the inviolable rights of the American capitalists to squeeze profits out of their workers and their children. They use their laws, their courts, their police, their prisons, and their army to prevent the workers from fighting against wage cuts and against starvation caused by unemployment.

The Soviet Union on the other hand defended

the interests of the working masses against the profit makers. While the American policeman helps the capitalist to keep the workers down, the policeman of the Soviet Union helps the workers to keep the capitalists down. This being so, the government in Washington feels that Soviet recognition would mean sanctioning the proletarian revolution. The American government spies for the capitalists on the workers so they may not interfere with profits. This government, therefore, cannot recognize the Soviets because they watch the capitalists to prevent them from interfering with the welfare of the workers. For the capitalist dictatorship in America it is only natural that masses of American workers should be disfranchised on the pretext of their race, their color, their nationality or their lack of permanent residence. For this government, therefore, it is intolerable to see that the workers' democracy of the Soviet Union disfranchises the capitalists on the ground that they are useless parasites.

Fourteen years of existence of the Soviet Union have considerably changed the problem of Soviet recognition. The Soviet government continues to exist because it is strong. It will continue to exist whether it will be recognized or not. It can tell the United States today what capitalist revolutionary France once told feudal reactionary Austria: "Our government is like the sun; you may not recognize—but yet it is there." Even capitalist judges in America must acknowledge this. Federal Judge Gaffey declared the other day in deciding a case which involved the Soviet Government that the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is a government whether the State Department in Washington recognizes it or not. Soviet recognition by the United States is clearly no longer a burning issue. The issue is rather the economic war organized by the American government against the Soviet Union. The American government persistently declares that it does not know of the existence of any Soviet Government; but just as persistently it is laboring to overthrow this "non-existent" Soviet Government.

Its very refusal of recognition is based on vicious propaganda and not on facts. The Soviet Government has been declared repeatedly outside the pale of civilization. Why? The autocratic regime of the bloody czar mowed down with machine guns the peacefully petitioning workers in front of his palace. That did not cause the slightest protest from the guardians of civilization in Washington. But when the workers' government of Russia executes a kulak because of murderous counter-revolutionary activities, then outraged civilization is defended vociferously by the Washington government. Exploit little children for profit; that is civilization. Send the workers onto the battlefields of imperialist wars and have millions of them killed and maimed for profits; that is civilization. Close your factories and throw the workers on the streets by the millions, exposing them to starvation; that is civilization. But civilization becomes out-

refuse payment of debts incurred by its former oppressors and for purposes of its oppression.

The main debt claims of the United States against Russia are based on 86 million dollars borrowed by the czar from private banks in the United States and on 187 million dollars borrowed by the Kerensky Government from the U. S. Government. At the time of the Soviet Revolution the former czar of Russia owned about 100 million dollars worth of American stocks, bonds and other securities. This possession was managed and manipulated by a financial agent of the czar in America. At the time of the Russian Revolution this financial agent of the czar was none other than Boris Bakhmetev. Kerensky elevated Bakhmetev from this post to the position of ambassador in Washington of "his" government. The czar having contracted the 87 million dollars debts mentioned above could and should have been made to pay these debts through his financial agent, Mr. Bakhmetev. That, however, would not have been a civilized course in the eyes of the Washington government. According to the capitalist rulers of America it is the historic mission of the Russian people to pay the debts of the dead czar just as it was their historic mission to supply his wealth when he lived.

A still more interesting history is connected with the Kerensky debt. At the time of the fall of the Kerensky government more than 60 million dollars of the money loaned by the American government to Kerensky were deposited in the National City Bank of New York. This amount had not yet been spent. Upon taking over power the Soviets immediately cabled instructions to the National City Bank to make no more payments out of these funds on orders of Bakhmetev or his agents. The U. S. Government countermanded these orders. It not only insisted that Mr. Bakhmetev has a right to spend these more than 60 million dollars long after "his" government had ceased to exist; the Washington government even saw to it that this fund was increased. \$22,500,000 were realized on the sale of property of the Russian people in the United States. This money was not used to liquidate Russian debts in America but was paid by the Washington government into the treasury of Mr. Bakhmetev. War materials which had been bought for Russia in the United States were re-sold in America and 11 million dollars were realized out of this sale. These 11 million dollars were not applied to the liquidation of Russian debts; the American government paid them into the treasury of Mr. Bakhmetev. The United States government had chartered Russian vessels and owed to the Russian people for their use about \$1,500,000. The Washington government did not apply this to liquidate Russian debts; it paid it into the treasury of Mr. Boris Bakhmetev. Several other payments due to the Russian people from the U. S. Government were also not applied to liquidate the Russian debt;

they were all paid into the treasury of Mr. Bakhmetev.

What was done with all of these millions, the payment of which the American government now demands from the Soviet government? Mr. Bakhmetev at the instigation of the U. S. government and in all cases with its consent supplied war materials to the anti-Soviet forces of Kolchak and Wrangel. Tanks, guns, etc., were provided from these funds to the armies which fought a bloody counter-revolutionary war against the Soviet government. More than a million and a quarter of dollars were paid out of this fund to print in America paper money for Kolchak. Yet with all the money, all the guns and all the war materials which the U. S. government together with its allies supplied to Kolchak and Wrangel, the latter could not defeat the Soviets. This failure caused a terrible shock to the spokesmen of civilization in Washington. In true civilized capitalist fashion they presented the bill of expenses for their unsuccessful attempt at assassinating the Soviets to the intended victims. With the blood of the defenders of the Soviets still dripping from his fingers, Uncle Sam presented this bill to the Soviets and demanded payment as a condition of recognition. The noise made in the attempt to collect on this bill is merely intended to cover up the infamy of the transaction.

The capitalist constitution of the United States provided that "debts and obligations incurred in the aid of rebellion against the government are illegal and void." The U. S. Government practiced this even before it preached it. It repudiated the debts of the Confederacy and then legalized this repudiation in the 14th Amendment to the Constitution. But the same capitalist government in Washington demands of the Soviets that they either pay the "debts and obligations incurred in the rebellion" against them, or be placed outside the pale of civilization. The czar borrowed his money in 1905 when the revolution shook his autocratic throne. He needed the money to pay for the expenses of suppressing the revolution. The revolutionists at that time declared publicly and solemnly through the mouth of the Bolshevik Party that the revolution when victorious will refuse to pay these debts. The capitalists however laughed at the idea of a victorious revolution. They loaned the money to the czar, so that he may crush the revolution. Now they present the bill to the revolution. Here, too, the noise of the capitalists in their attempt to collect is designed to cover the infamy of the transaction.

All of the noise and all of the propaganda in this connection are directed toward the creation of the needed holy war myth. They are designed to sustain the present economic war of capitalist America against the Soviet Union. They are intended to help turn this economic war into armed capitalist intervention against the Soviet Union.

The problem of the friends of the Soviet Union therefore is no longer recognition, but defense of the Soviet Union.

Only 61% of Quota in Daily, Drive Raised; Boost Totals On Tag Days June 26-27-28!

Build Circulation, as Well as Finances of Daily; Levin in Seattle, Tacoma, Portland in July

With the campaign to save the Daily Worker entering its final week, only 61 per cent of the \$55,000 quota has been raised. During the past week the drive slumped badly, only \$3,716.80, an average of \$51 a day, being contributed. This brings the total to only a 10 per cent increase over the previous week. Every district fell down, but particularly Districts 3 (Philadelphia), 6 (Cleveland), 7 (Detroit) and 8 (Chicago) among the larger districts, with Chicago and Detroit especially bad. These districts will have to do a great deal of hustling up and exert themselves especially on the Tag Days if the Daily Worker is to be saved.

Cleveland is now in second place with 55 per cent of its quota of \$2,250 raised, or more actual money than Detroit with a quota of \$3,250. District 2 (New York) is on the way towards doubling its quota, with 133 per cent raised. With the exception of New York and Cleveland, all other districts are still under 50 per cent—and this with the scheduled time of the drive nearly over!

District 15 (Connecticut) is showing the way to many larger districts with 49 per cent raised, which puts it in the place.

No Action From Districts 9, 10, 11. When will District 9 (Minneapolis) which has a quota of \$10,000, get on the job? It has raised only 17 per cent of its quota and is producing a small quota of \$1,700. The same question might be asked of Districts 10 (Kansas City) and 11 (Agricola) which are down at 11 and 12 per cent with only 12 per cent each.

The district that made the largest increase is 18 (Butte), jumping from 11 per cent a week ago to 44 per cent. Next comes 15, with 49 per cent as compared with 31 per cent a week ago. The districts which are doing better than other districts have done very poor work. With the Tag Days this week, there is an opportunity for big improvement. Put some life into the drive!

Table with columns: District, Quota, Amount Raised, % of Quota, Date, Amount, % of Quota. Includes districts 1 through 18.

21,433.50 3,746.90 61 5330 32149 8408 32007 40470 41703 838

The Daily Must Live! Many Workers Send Last Pennies

Table with columns: District, Name, Amount, District, Name, Amount, District, Name, Amount, District, Name, Amount, District, Name, Amount. Lists names and amounts for various districts.

Hoover Debt Action Will Not Solve Crisis Of Capitalism; Push Drive on Soviet Union

NEW YORK—A feverish effort is being made by the leading imperialist bankers throughout the world to give the impression that the Hoover war debt postponement plan will be a lever to end the economic crisis. Yet despite the rich harvest made by stock gamblers and other bankers who were informed by Hoover before the announcement was made so they could make some quick coin, all the factors show that basically the crisis is getting worse. More are thrown out of work. Production in the steel, automobile and building construction industries is on the rapid downgrade. Wage cuts go on apace throughout the world.

French Imperialists Express Opposition; London, Washington Dispatches Admit Wall Street Fight on Communism

cepted the Hoover Plans thus far. The French imperialists refuse to permit the delay of \$100,000,000 in war debt payments from Germany. The French press is carrying on a scathing criticism of the method by which American imperialism sought to wrest financial control of Europe by its fake move on debt postponement.

Attack on Communism In Germany and London, as well as Washington, admissions are being made that the step taken by Hoover, after consultation with Mellon who is at present in London, was designed to save Germany from a workers' revolution, and with it the billions of American investments in Germany.

U.S. Against Communism

Similar expressions are made by leading American capitalist politicians. Senator Smoot, chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, commenting on the Hoover proposal, said that the "danger of Communism caused Hoover to act."

Senator King of Utah, Democrat, supporting Hoover, said: "I knew of conditions in the Reichsbank and was afraid of the effect on Europe if it failed. I was afraid it would arouse both the Hitler party and the Communists in Germany and have dangerous consequences to the whole of Europe."

U.S. Against Communism

Meanwhile, the squabble about the Hoover plan is growing in France, Belgium and Italy. Opposition is developing among leading forces in the United States, particularly Hearst.

On all hands, the danger of war grows greater every day. Every worker should rally behind the preparations for the international campaign against imperialism war preparations to take place on August 1, under the leadership of the Communist International. Smash the war preparations of the bosses! Defend the Soviet Union!

Wildwood Massacre

Wagner says he was a hundred yards from the company store. He was alone. They shot him from the store.

Wildwood Massacre

Brown was with a small group of a half mile from the company property when he was shot.

Wildwood Massacre

Winowski was shot from the store. He has a wife and three children who hope he will recover.

Wildwood Massacre

Without warning, deputies, guards and other company gunmen, who were lurking in ambush along side of the road, in the company store, and in the post office, opened a murderous fire on the solid ranks of the parade, and on the men coming to join it. They hurled a dozen tear gas bombs, and the pickets stumbled through the poisonous fumes that drifted down the road, with a hail of

ANSWER THE MURDEROUS ATTACK ON THE STRIKING MINERS

Organize to smash the injunction. Raise the fight for the right to organize, picket and assembly for the striking miners and all workers. Demand the repeal of all criminal syndicalist laws. Fight against the persecution of the foreign born. Fight for equal rights for the Negro masses.

TO SMASH INJUNCTION DESPITE WILDWOOD MASSACRE

shot back, created the Cheswick and Accorsi cases. These five thousand voted Sunday to go on mass picket line at Wildwood and smash the injunction.

Workers everywhere! The miners' strike is your strike. Full force to help them win the struggle.

Workers in Illinois, Anthracite and everywhere: Support the struggle of the miners. Organize your forces and make demands upon the coal operators. Spread the strike. Join with the miners in Pennsylvania and Ohio and West Virginia, in the struggle against starvation conditions.

UMWA Seab Picket Part of Murder Program

three scabs are at this mine and there are 1,800 strikers. All of the miners walked out of the Hendersonville Mine yesterday when they tried to open it. There were no scabs.

Why I Believe the Daily Worker Should Live

By THEODORE DREISER.

I WILL outline briefly the fundamental political movements in this country, tell what doctrines the Daily Worker represents, and why I believe that these political views for which it, in the large, stands, are the only economic solution for America today.

The millions of workers cast out of work, and hence out of any financial support in most cases, those barely existing by living off their friends or relatives and those enduring a standard of living absolutely injurious to health and life are surface evidences which everyone can observe in every city, town and rural section of America. The underlying cause of this is that the great officials of business are out for their own interest and their alone.

These executives have so strengthened their position by centralized organization and by taking enormous profits for themselves and giving the mass of common people just enough and in most cases less than enough upon which to live on decently, that now a small class of Americans control the banks, the railroads, the industries, the utilities—in short, every necessity of life for these masses. All this, I have learned in great detail from an involved study I have made of the economic situation in America.

Banks Control Everything.

The banks and corporations have gained such power that everything goes with them—everything carries out their wishes—all of the great newspapers, the large publicity bureaus and even the government. Both political parties in America are aligned with the owners of wealth whose motive is to enrich themselves and to make their own profits despite all suffering. This is done by increasing rates which the common people are to pay. Witness the recent drives and victories of the telephone companies, of the New York Edison, the New York Central, the Lackawanna, and now all the railroads are asking a 15 percent rate increase. It seems to me there is also graphic proof that the corporations are out for their own interests when they lay off men at will, with no planning of employment and with no protection, and then give enormous surpluses in dividends to themselves, the owners.

To mitigate this whole situation, sweeping

waves of reform have gone over this country time and again. Forty years ago a movement was instigated among so many of the masses that the Sherman Anti-Trust Act was passed to check the size of corporations. Then in 1920 the railroads by the Transportation Act were subjected, supposedly, to regulation by the government—also the utilities. But I ask what good has any of these reforms done the American laborer? None. The prosecutions under the Anti-Trust Act were for the most part evaded by maneuvers of the great trusts. The railroads now have just as staunch a grip on the masses—and more so—than they had in 1920. The centralization of their control is appalling. And with them they carry the great industries, many of which they own and direct. The same with utilities which strike out and get what they want. Corporate reform has been absolutely useless in quelling the great trust movement.

Marx Showed the Way.

Yet thousands upon thousands now march to this convention and that to reform an America which is so powerfully in the hands of these few thousand rich men that no reform of any value can possibly be made without a fundamental change. The fate of these laws and of political movements like the non-partisan league, twelve years ago in Dakota, ruined by financial and political manipulation of capitalists, has made me certain that nothing in the way of superficial or local reform can be of any deep value at all.

Karl Marx, the great German economist and philosopher, saw this a hundred years ago; Russia saw it and is building another system, the motive and basis of which is to manage every activity and industry of the country for the benefit of the masses of people instead of, as here, for the super-enrichment of those few who own by inheritance or direct or both.

This political analysis, in the large, is what the Daily Worker stands for. It is the only daily paper in the English language in America which adheres to this economic doctrine that a change in the treatment of property is necessary. This solution I claim is the only real one to restore the balance of power which has so rapidly favored the wealthy few at great loss and expense to the masses.

Washington, Pa. Hunger March Spreads Miners' Strike

By MYRA PAGE

(Special to Daily Worker)

THE hunger march on Washington's county seat last Tuesday of 15,000 striking and unemployed miners—a march joined by many hundreds of unemployed steel and other workers—has had an immediate effect in spreading the miners' strike.

Coal-diggers still at work found courage to walk out themselves when they saw or later heard from other miners who were there of the fighting determination and solid unity displayed at Washington. Up until this time they had hesitated. Though starving and desperate over conditions in the mines, they had held back, because of the many sellouts they had suffered at the hands of the United Mine Workers in the past, and because they had been lied to and misinformed about the present strike and the National Miners' Union by the daily papers which, without exception, are under the thumbs of Mellon and the coal operators.

At the hunger march these men and their wives, for the first time, heard the true facts from their fellow-miners about the union and the strike. "At last we have got a union of our own," "The National Miners' Union belongs to the coal-diggers." "Men, I'd shed the last drop of my blood before I'd give up the N.M.U.," and similar statements were made again and again, both by pit-men speaking from the platform and by those standing packed together in the demonstration. There is no question that the Western Pennsylvania miners are solidly behind the National Miners' Union. They are putting their last ounce of strength and all their past organizational experience into building it. They willingly go hungry and trudge many miles in its service, for they feel, as one expressed it, "Unless we win our union, for us it is the end."

At the demonstration the solid unity of Negro and white, of employed and unemployed miners was also brought home to the approximately 35,000 participants. "We unemployed miners will never scab on you," one declared. "This strike is our strike, too. A victory for you will be a victory for us." "I am proud to see so many of my race here," one Negro miner declared. "In 1922 and other years the operators imported many hundreds of us to break the strike. We were too ignorant at that time to know better. Besides, we felt the United Mine Workers was not for us, only for the whites. . . . I want to say to the white miners, stand by us. And to the Negro miners—boys, this is our great chance, to prove the stuff we're made of and build our union which treats all alike."

Here is one example of the after-effects of the march against starvation at Washington. There were several hundreds of mining families from the Brownsville area which took part. Among these were two miners from the Diamond Mine (which was still operating). These men had laid off for the day. One of them had brought along his guitar and, at the crowd's demand, sang two miners' ballads. The first began:

"The children wake up crying in the morning, For the cupboard is so empty and so bare."

Young Workers, 'Daily' Is Yours Too

By ART STEIN.

EVERY class-conscious young worker, and especially every member of the Young Communist League, must support the campaign of the "Daily Worker" for \$35,000.

Every young worker can understand the importance of our fighting Daily Worker at this time. Of the thousands of miners now on strike in Western Pennsylvania and in Eastern Ohio, a large number are young miners. These are among the most active on the picket line and in leading the strike. The Daily Worker is helping these miners to win their fight against

starvation. It is an organizer—it is helping to spread the strike to new fields. It is an agitator—it is mobilizing workers throughout the country for the support of the heroic struggle of the miners.

Have you been reading the articles of Max Bedacht on the Soviet Union? These articles and other material in the Daily Worker are very effective in countering the poisonous propaganda of the yellow boss press against the Soviet Union. The Daily Worker is one of the most effective weapons of our Party in mobilizing the working class of this country against

DO WE HEAR AN ANGEL SINGING?



By BURCK



But—Billions for War!

Remember those "4,000,000 homes" that Hoover's "twenty year plan" is going to "build for 20,000,000 more people"? With 20 percent more "farm products" to feed them?

Well, the Baltimore Post of June 3, gives just a little example of what the millions of workers already alive, or yet alive—without looking for those to come—have to endure:

"In a three-room clapboard and tar-paper shack, William Hartman, the wife and three children are facing starvation. Two loaves of bread, doled out daily by the police. . . . Out of work more than a year. . . . The rent behind more than a year. Charles, who is ten years, no shoes to go to school. Louise, who is five, without care to go to the hospital for treatments for anemia. . . . Three year old Marie sick; had no milk for months. . . . Mrs. Hartman 'cold all the time' and hungry. . . . No clothes, no food, no money."

This is what Hoover boasts of—the result of his refusal of Unemployment Insurance, because that, oh, that would be a "dole," and would "undermine the morale and ruin the proud individual independence" of the workers!

But he has billions for war!

All O. K. in Alabama

Are wages high in Alabama? They must be. Are there no workers unemployed in Alabama. Apparently not. Is there anything at all which Southern workers have to complain about, or have they been emancipated from capitalism without letting the rest of us in on it?

It seems so. Because the "Southern Labor Review" of June 10, which says it is "devoted to the interests of organized labor" lies before me, with its entire front page "devoted" to two things:

First, a "Sermon by Rev. J. A. Bryan, Pastor of the Third Presbyterian Church of Birmingham, Alabama;" Subject: Paul's Inspired Epistle to the Ephesians and to us."

Second, an editorial entitled: "Our Flag is One Hundred Fifty-Four Years Old!"

Skimming Thru the News

The Houston, Texas, "Press" has a headline: "State Prison Farm Canned Goes to Work; 23 Gallons of Beans Canned Each Minute by Convicts." Who's using convict labor?

From Manchester, England, by the Associated Press of June 18, comes the news that Poland is dumping thread suits into England at a price of \$2.26 each. Who's dumping now!

Remember reading, back about May 6, of the big fire which destroyed the armory at Buffalo? The police blamed it on the "reds," raided the Communist offices and made a great fuss. Fish, wired an "opinion" from somewhere that "no doubt it was the reds."

Well, a military board had ten hearings to determine the cause of the fire, and has decided it was accidental. And, do you know, it hints that the fire probably was caused by the American Legion, which was using the armory that night as a drill and evidently got careless with lighted cigarette butts.

Tain't right for the Legion to go around burning up armories that the workers will need some day.

Party Life

Conducted by the Org. Dept. Central Committee, Communist Party, U. S. A.

Improving Party's Language Work

By H. P. (Greek Buro).

SOME of our language bureaus are completely isolated from the District Committees of the Party and no connections exist between these bodies whatsoever. As a result, many elements who have turned against the Party, and consequently been expelled, are continually agitating against the Party in the respective language field. The workers who cannot learn through other sources (but could learn through their language bureaus) fall into a trap and are misled, many times drifting away from the Party.

I believe that this state of affairs is harmful to the Party and must not be continued. It underestimates the role of the language bureaus and of the language press. It gives a chance to all anti-Party elements to agitate freely against the Party in the respective language field without danger of being exposed. Furthermore, it underestimates the importance of the language bureaus of the Central Committee.

I do not know whether this situation exists in any other language field, but it does in the Greek Fraction. The District Committee, through the language department of the Central Committee, must be in constant touch with all problems having language importance. This will also help to a great extent to check the growing underestimation of the role of our language press.

In the trade union field, the Party's Greek organ carries too little material. This is due to the fact that the Trade Union Unity League looks upon the language press as something not important enough to be considered in building the T. U. U. L. unions and leagues. In the food industry there are many thousands of Greek workers and particularly in the Food Workers' Industrial unions and leagues, but in spite of this the Empros does not carry any articles on the policies, activities or any other phase of union work—although the Empros bases itself mainly upon the food workers. The paper, of course, is also to be blamed; but mainly the blame must go on the shoulders of the Greek comrades (and there are many) in the Food Workers' Union, second to the Party fractions as a whole, and to the T. U. U. L. which takes no measures whatever to change this situation in spite of the fact that it has been repeatedly notified by the Empros and also by the Greek Buro itself.

Such a practice does not help in building the T. U. U. L. unions when the basic "Transmission Belts to the Masses" are left out of consideration.

(The next Party Life Column will carry an article on the work of the Unemployed Council at Council Bluffs, Iowa.)

I COLLECT FOR THE DAILY

By RAY FAUST (A New York Worker)

SATURDAY, June 6, I went out to buy a Daily Worker, but was unable to get the Daily at the stand as usual. I went to other stands, but they told me that the Daily Worker "has gone out of business." My heart fell, but I answered: "The Daily Worker is not a 'business paper' and so it can't go out of business." To myself, I said: "It is possible that we have lost the Daily Worker? No, it cannot be! Now we're going to get on the job and work as never before!"

But I felt sad! We must not be without our Daily even for a few hours. I could hardly wait until three o'clock, when the demonstration to free the nine Scottsboro boys started at Washington Ave. and Claremont Parkway, the Bronx. I noticed that some women comrades were selling the Daily Worker. Overjoyed, I ran to buy a copy. So there still is hope and the Daily can still be saved!

On the Job for the "Daily."

I decided that I must do my share for the Daily Worker and must sell all the coupons in my coupon book. The next day I went to Crotona Park, where workers always gather, and I started asking for contributions. Several workers contributed, but they couldn't give much. I go over to another group, and when I come back to the first group I am told that somebody who wanted to contribute had been looking for the Daily Worker agent (meaning me). I am pleased at this new title. I feel proud to be called a Daily Worker agent, but what pleases me most is that somebody wants to help the Daily. The worker who had been looking for me gave me 50 cents. I now have collected \$3 and I feel encouraged.

I go over to another worker and am pleasantly surprised—he wants to buy a dollar coupon! But here I strike a snag; no change for the \$10 bill he hands out. But the unknown worker gives me the \$10 and tells me to change it. "Aren't you afraid to trust me?" I ask. He answers that a person who collects money for the Daily Worker can be trusted. That makes me feel good; it inspires me with new determination.

By this time it is already dark. My four-year-old child, who is with me, wants to go home to eat. I go home. On the way I meet a comrade; in a voice loud enough for others to hear I tell him of my success in collecting funds for the Daily Worker and also about the man who trusted me for \$10 merely because I was collecting for the Daily.

Follow This Example!

Young workers, hear what I say. I go over and ask them to help the Daily. One of them tears out a 50-cent coupon and says to another: "I challenge you to buy a 50-cent coupon, too." The other also takes one, and so I have another dollar! All told, \$5 for the Daily Worker. And there are still plenty of coupon books to collect on.

I am writing this so that others who may read it will be inspired to collect funds in order that our Daily may appear, not only with four pages, but with six. The Daily Worker must live!

the coming imperialist war and for the defense of the Soviet Union.

Some of the comrades may say: "Well, we have the 'Young Worker.' We cannot help the Daily Worker. We must spend all our time in building up our youth press." Such an attitude is wrong. We must build up our youth press, we must widen the influence of the "Young Worker," but this does not mean that we are to do nothing to help the Daily Worker in its present campaign. We must understand that by building up the Daily Worker we are not only helping the revolutionary movement in a general way, but that we are helping to build up a more powerful YOUTH movement.

The Daily Worker reaches thousands of young readers who have no contact with our movement as yet. Every member of the Young Communist League and every young worker must help put the Daily Worker drive over the top.

Workers, You Are Deciding the Fate of the Daily Worker!

By EARL BROWDER.

RALLY mass support for the Daily Worker! Precisely at the moment when the Daily Worker is doing its most effective work it is threatened with suspension for lack of money. The financial crisis of the Daily Worker is not caused by a decline in its influence or its circulation. Quite the contrary. Because the Daily Worker circulation has doubled, and because the issues of the class struggle are becoming so sharp, those timid parlor radicals, who used to enjoy donating on the quiet to the Daily Worker, have fled away from us and are rapidly going over openly into the enemy camp.

Nobody gives money any more to the Daily Worker except the workers. These workers are forced to give smaller amounts than ever before because the vast majority of them are on the verge of starvation.

Therefore we have a situation in which it is no longer possible for the large contributions of a few thousand people to meet the deficit of the Daily Worker. Now it is necessary that we get the small contributions of tens of thousands of workers to cover the smaller deficit of the Daily Worker.

This means that the Daily Worker must be a mass paper, not only in its circulation, but in the financial support extended to it by contributions. The Daily Worker cannot live a single day unless tens of thousands of workers decide that it shall live by sending in their small donations.

Let every worker reader of the Daily Worker understand this. You, individual, are deciding whether the Daily Worker shall live or not, when you decide whether to make a contribution to the sustaining fund.

Let every working class organization understand that if it fails to make a donation to the Daily Worker, it is thereby making a decision that the Daily Worker is not necessary. If it believes that the Daily Worker is a necessary

fighter for the interests of the working class and of each particular workers' organization, it can only effectively make such a decision by voting a donation to the Daily Worker fund. It is not enough for individuals to send donations to the Daily Worker. It is not enough for trade unions and fraternal organizations and clubs to vote donations from their treasuries and take up collections. It is necessary, in addition to these things, that the Daily Worker readers shall begin to organize themselves into Daily Worker Clubs which shall not only help to collect money for the Daily Worker but even more important, will begin to participate in the editing of the Daily Worker, in the collection of news for the Daily Worker, in the discussion of the faults and strong points of the Daily Worker, and in helping the editorial staff of our paper.

And yet, only a small part of the wide circle of workers which our paper reaches, have reacted to the financial crisis of the Daily Worker. Many of them evidently do not yet understand how serious it is.

Suppose we had no Daily Worker at all! Would you be interested in starting such a paper? With just one tenth of the effort and sacrifice which would be necessary to start a daily paper anew, it is possible to save the Daily Worker and put it solidly on its feet!

The tremendous role now being played by the Daily Worker in the historical coal miners' strike in Pennsylvania; in the famous Scottsboro case in Alabama; in the fight for unemployment insurance and relief; in every issue affecting the life of the working class, has proved and is proving that it is absolutely essential for the workers' movement.

Let every worker, therefore, do his part in carrying through the \$35,000 campaign to completion in the shortest possible time. Clear the decks for larger and greater actions of the workers.

The Daily Worker Must Be Saved!

An Appeal of the Paterson Five to the Friends and Sympathizers of the Daily

Comrades and Fellow Workers:—

At the present time the boss class and its government is carrying on a vicious policy of terrorization against the workers, taking the form of frame-ups, lynchings, deportations, etc. This is an attempt to crush the fighting spirit of the working class. This spirit is being more and more aroused. The efforts of the bosses, in the form of less pay, longer hours, speed-up etc., to make the workers bear the burden of the crisis result in the increasing dissatisfaction and radicalization of the working masses and in their greater readiness to fight against the bosses. At such a time it is of the greatest importance to the workers to have fearless leadership in their struggle against the bosses. More than ever the workers need a fighting organ to point the way of militant class struggle. This fighting paper of the working class in this country is the Daily Worker.

It is especially now, when the whole capitalist press is united in a campaign of lies and slander to prevent the working class from learning the truth about the Soviet Union, to prevent them from hearing of the successes of the Five-Year Plan, and prevent the unemployed from organizing and fighting for unemployment insurance and immediate relief, that the Daily Worker stands out as the most important means of reaching the workers with the truth about the system under which we live.

We, the five Paterson workers, framed up on a murder charge as a result of our militant struggle against wage cuts, have our own experience as members of the National Textile Workers' Union, of the role the Daily Worker plays in helping, stimulating and organizing the fight against frame-ups. Despite the bad financial condition of the Daily, we received copies of our paper every day that we were in jail, and

in the columns of the Daily Worker we saw that it serves the working class.

Fellow Workers! At a time like this to allow the Daily Worker to discontinue would be the greatest crime against the interests of the working class. We appeal, therefore, to every comrade and sympathizer to do his utmost to collect funds and to increase the Daily Worker's circulation so that our paper, backed by the power of the organized working masses, shall be able to lead these masses in their day-to-day struggles for immediate demands and so to the final emancipation of the working class.

B. LIEB. H. GERSHONOWITZ
L. BART. A. KOTZUBUCK
L. HARRIS.

Workers! Join the Party of Your Class!

Communist Party U. S. A.
P. O. Box 87 Station D.
New York City.

Please send me more information on the Communist Party.

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City State

Occupation Age

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