

On May 1, 1886, the Great General Strike for the 8-Hour Day Shook the United States, and Echoing Round the World Gave May First to All Workers as a Day of Revolutionary Challenge to Capitalism. Strike Work on May Day! Onto the Streets May 1!

Daily Worker

FINAL CITY EDITION

Vol. VI, No. 339

Published daily except Sunday by The Communist Publishing Company, Inc., 26-28 Union Square, New York City, N. Y.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 8, 1930

Subscription Rates: In New York by mail, \$5.00 per year. Outside New York, by mail \$6.00 per year.

Price 3 Cents

The Fascist Murder at Cooper Union

In yesterday's issue of the Daily Worker we gave the news of the social-democratic and anarchist meeting at Cooper Union in which an anti-fascist worker was murdered by a police detective in the hall in which the meeting was held.

Outside of the fact of the brutal police murder of a member of our class, which must always arouse all revolutionary workers, this incident with Borghi has importance for us in the sense that it gives us the opportunity to make clear before the Italian workers and the working class in general the political issues which spring out of yesterday's meeting.

The fact is that Anarchists and Social-Democrats follow the same line in regard to the problem of overthrowing fascism, even if in their speeches they try to differentiate each from the other in more or less radical phrases. In practice they both fight against the line of the Communists, against the line of the real anti-fascist revolutionary program, of the General Federation of Labor of Italy, of the proletarian anti-fascist groups in France, of the Anti-Fascist Alliance in the United States, Argentine and other countries—the line laid down by the World Anti-Fascist Congress held in Berlin.

Both Anarchists and Social-Democrats fight against the Soviet Union and are therefore on the same field as the most open counter-revolutionists from the Pope to Zoergel and Abramovitch, on the field of the social-fascists.

The Anarchist program of struggle against fascism is not a unified program. Every so-called "individual leader" has his own program. For instance, Borghi speaks of "social revolution" against the dictatorship of the proletariat. But to explain the confusionism and the reactionary character of this program it is well to remember that this Borghi was involved in the famous adventure of Riciotti Garibaldi in France, in which Borghi played a leading role and which then was revealed as a fascist plot, Riciotti Garibaldi being an agent of Mussolini.

Tresca's line, for example in the United States is the same as that of the so-called "Anti-Fascist Concentration." Not long ago, Tresca said in fact that the cause of Francesco Fausto Nitti is his cause. In other words, Tresca's line is Turati's line, namely the return to bourgeois-democratic parliamentarism.

This is, in a few words, the line of the so-called "leaders" of different schools. But this is not the line of the many anarchist workers, also in the United States, who are in the ranks of the Anti-Fascist Alliance for the overthrow of fascism through the proletarian revolution, for the dictatorship of the proletariat, and for the defense of the Soviet Union.

The fact that another worker has been murdered by the capitalist state, acting in clear support of the fascist movement, is a clear expression of the struggle of the bourgeois authorities against the foreign anti-fascist workers. It is the same as the continuous deportations of revolutionary workers to different countries, which demonstrates the united front of the American capitalist government with fascist Italy, the fascist Balkan states, the murderous government of Chiang Kai-shek, the reactionary government of Japan, etc. This brutal murder of a worker by the capitalist state must arouse the working masses, awaken the anti-fascist and anti-imperialist movement for the purpose of founding and developing the mass anti-fascist movement. The anti-fascist movement in this country must not only support the anti-fascist and anti-social-fascist movement in the foreign countries, but also must launch a harder struggle against American fascism and social-fascism, a more stubborn struggle against the continuous murders of workers by the police and reactionary forces and a fight for the right of asylum for the foreign-born workers.

Apologists for Wage Slavery and Imperialist Oppression

Confronting unemployment, the whole tribe of capitalist economists and other medicine men with long strings of college degrees after their names, show themselves jackasses today as much as in the past when some of them ascribed crises in capitalist production to spots on the sun.

The other day one of these long-eared gentry, Dr. Winthrop Talbot, said that "illiteracy and lack of education is the fundamental basis of permanent unemployment."

Regardless of the contemptuous and stupid attitude of this educated fool toward our class, Talbot's chatter about "illiteracy causing unemployment" is seen for the ridiculous nonsense it is when we observe the streets full of college graduates (also a result of mass production) unable to find work though they offer to work for \$12 a week, and complain that when they mention their sheep-skin when applying for jobs they are answered by horse-laugh.

But it is more than that. It is an attempt to make each unemployed worker who lacks what professors call an "education," think that it is his personal misfortune and not the fault of the capitalist system of wage slavery. Dr. Talbot and all those who go about chattering such nonsense are serving as apologists for a brutal system of robbery, of life-wrecking speed-ups, starvation, misery, oppression and war—a system of wage-slavery which today is unable even to feed its slaves.

Imperialist apologists are always spreading this sort of thing about an oppressed people. An example can be cited of the speech noted in the N. Y. Times of April 6, by a Miss Alice B. Van Doren, member of the National Christian Council of Missionaries, concerning India. Firstly but incidentally, she lays the poverty of the Indian masses to "over-population," yet examination will show that the population per square mile is no greater in India than in England itself. There is, on the other hand, plenty of poverty in Australia, and yet none can say Australia is "over-populated."

But this religious apologist for imperialist robbery, by stating that "education is the cure" puts "ignorance" even before "over-population" as the cause of poverty in India. Yet if the untold billions of profit stolen by British imperialism since its conquest of India had remained with the Indian workers and peasants—which could only be so if the workers and peasants had overthrown their oppressors—there would be neither ignorance nor poverty in India today.

Likewise we see apologists of American imperialism ascribing the ghastly poverty of the Porto Rican masses to "the cyclone" (a variation happily furnished by nature, since in Haiti and the Philippines it is still ascribed to "ignorance"), though since American imperialists grabbed Porto Rico it has taken a sum of profit estimated to be nineteen times the present total value of Porto Rico and everything on it. Imperialist robbery is more devastating than any number of cyclones.

These are subtle forms of apology for imperialism, as Dr. Talbot's bunk about illiteracy causing permanent unemployment in the United States. Workers must expose such lies on every occasion, and not, as a young worker recently was reported as saying, in comment on unemployment in Latin America, repeat the lies of imperialists by saying that the Latin American workers are unemployed because they "don't know how to work." The 1,500,000 jobless workers of Latin America are starving because of capitalist robbery and imperialist plunder, and they are the foremost allies of the United States workers in common struggle to overthrow capitalism.

Down with capitalist imperialism and its apologists! Build the fighting alliance of the American proletariat and the oppressed peoples of lands subjected to American imperialism!

Organize Unemployed Councils. Show these prostitute professors that only the working class can solve the problems of the capitalist slave system—by overthrowing it.

BRITISH KILL 2 IN ATTACK UPON INDIAN STRIKES

British "Labor" Party Murders Workers on Strike in India

Hundreds Wounded Gandhi's Fake "Fight" Is Not Molested

Reports from India show that the real fight against British imperialism, led by the workers, is blotting out all the spot-light seeking fake "opposition" of Gandhi and his "salt making" prayerful crew.

Monday the workers clashed with troops and police in three places, with two known dead and others expected to die, while at least 100 were wounded, at the same time Gandhi pursues his salt making gesture while the police look on more or less unconcernedly.

The biggest clash with workers occurred at Oorungon, in the gold mines of the Kolhar district, where 6,000 miners struck for better conditions. The troops and police fired on the strikers, with the result that fifty are reported wounded, some fatally.

Two clashes of striking railwaymen of the Great Indian Peninsula line occurred, one at Bombay, where many leaders of the union were reported arrested, and another at Bhusaval, outside Bombay, where arrests of leaders of a demonstration was resisted by the strikers who attempted to rescue their leaders.

By command of a British police official, the strikers were fired on and two killed. The capitalist press confuses this real fight of the Indian workers with Gandhi's pacifist posing, whereas the strikes of the workers are independent of Gandhi's fake "fight" against British rule.

FUR WORKERS MARCHING TODAY

Mass Protest at Noon Against No Work

All fur workers are called by the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union today to march through the fur market at noon in protest against the unemployment, the speed-up, the rotten working conditions and the "scab agencies," the reactionary bureaucracy and anti-labor tactics of the International Fur Workers Union.

The demonstration will be a demand for the six-hour day and five-day week in the fur trade. All employed and unemployed fur workers should meet before noon at the offices of the Industrial Union, 131 West 28th St. The demonstrators will march into the Sixth Ave. fur market.

The Trade Union Unity League has endorsed the march.

Postpone Case of Fur Worker Shifrin Again

The case of William Shifrin, fur worker who is being held for trial on a manslaughter charge because he defended himself against a murderous attack by several armed thugs, came up for hearing in the Bronx yesterday and was again postponed.

NOT LIKE THE RUBIO-WALL STREET GOV'T.

MEXICO CITY.—The former Mexican minister to Soviet Russia Herzog, declared today upon his return that he was shown every courtesy and was not molested in any way in his departure.

SOME WRITE AND FIGHT

Letters Show Growing Radicalization

Letters from workers who every day more clearly see the rottenness of the capitalist system show growing radicalization in the United States. Once in a while a few of these letters seep through into the capitalist press. This happens rarely. Thousands are thrown into the waste baskets, but sometimes the workers send us a copy.

"I, as a 100 per cent American," writes one worker, "I think it is very brutal of the government to sentence Harry Eisman for a six-year jail term for giving his ideas to the working-class. . . . This brutality reminds me of

"Daily" Drive Centers in the Shops, Mills

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Apr. 7.—In the big railroad shops and factories, in the iron and copper mines of this district distribution of the Daily Worker will be intensified in order to reach the goal of the mass circulation drive of 30,000 new readers by June 1, announced Karl Reeve, district organizer of the Communist Party.

"In this district," said Reeve, "we have found the response of the workers in the factories to the Daily Worker very good. In the big Milwaukee railroad shops in St. Paul, etc., the workers took the bundles of the Daily Worker every day eagerly.

"During the present drive the Party in this district must see to (Continued on Page Three)

FUR CO. UNION JAILS STRIKERS

2 Fur Workers Held as Dress Strike Looms

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 7.—Following negotiations between the company union (International Fur Workers' Union) through Morris Kaufman, and the Fur Manufacturers Association of Philadelphia the agreement between the latter and the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union has been broken off by the Association.

Fighting for the union conditions established under the leadership of the N.T.W.I.U. a strike was declared at Brenner & Co. a few days ago. Thugs and scabs provided by the bosses and the company union attacked the pickets. The pickets put up a vigorous defense of themselves and their union conditions with the result that the scabs Snyderman and Lubarsky were taken to the hospital. Two workers passing by at the time were arrested by the police at the request of the scabs. These are now out on a thousand dollars bail each.

Rally For Dress Strike. Rapid progress is being made in the organization of a dressmakers' strike, in which the demands will be the 40-hour week, a minimum wage of \$25 a week for cotton dressmakers, equality of Negro and white workers, union conditions and union control.

Moundville Strikers Tried Today; Miners Struggle to Hold Hall

WHEELING, W. Va., April 7.—Seven strikers arrested at Moundville and charged with conspiracy will come to trial tomorrow. The National Miners Union at Powhatan will appear in court Apr. 12, to defend its right to hold the miners' hall, erected by the miners themselves, and claimed now in a suit brought by the United Mine Workers of America. The Powhatan miners are on strike under the leadership of the N.M.U.

Federal Court Aids Morgan Group in Steel Merger Fight

CLEVELAND, April 7.—Federal Judge Arthur J. Tuttle today in a ruling supported the Morgan interests who are rushing through a merger of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company with the Bethlehem Steel Corporation. Cyrus S. Eaton, steel exploiter and several other stockholders who are against the merger, because they lose dough to the Morgan interests, are attempting to stop the merger.

Write About Your Conditions for The Daily Worker. Become a Worker Correspondent.

WISCON. JOBLESS WIN RELEASE; DRIVE GOES ON

Demonstrations Want Release of Delegates in New York

Perth Amboy Meetings More Unemployed As All Prepare Convention

KENOSHA, Wisc., April 7.—Unemployed workers who had jammed the courtroom here and filled the aisles marched out laughing today when four Trade Union Unity League organizers and 12 members of the unemployed were dismissed because, "they left Kenosha," although all the defendants were present.

A series of "negotiations" had preceded the prosecution's "face saving" method of dropping the charges. But the T.U.U.L. insisted that it would continue its activities in Kenosha and demanded a trial.

Then the case was called, and while the workers present waved greetings to the defendants standing in a group, with T.U.U.L. organizer Donald Burke towering 6 feet 4 inches in the courtroom, the judge declared them all "absent," and that ended the case.

These workers were arrested at a mass unemployment meeting at Library Park, Feb. 20.

Police took Burke, Richard Trevisors, Joe Dallett, and George Scarborough. A thousand workers and (Continued on Page Three)

FAKES STORY ON SHOOTING TOILER

Killer of Anti-Fascist Frames Excuse

Cossack Lillenthal, who murdered an anti-fascist worker Sunday at a Cooper Union meeting called by the "socialists" and anarchists to "debate" fascist, though their policy is very closely allied, is now trying to frame-up a story about being beaten. Lillenthal shot into the crowd of workers in cold blood when he could not arrest Borghi, the anarchist speaker. Instead of arresting Lillenthal, the Whalen police authorities ordered the jailing of five workers on "felonious assault" charges.

With Lillenthal, who is in Whalen's force, was Peagga, ostensibly a Federal immigration officer, who acted as a direct agent of Mussolini by seeking to arrest Borghi and have him shipped to death in Italy.

ANGLO-U.S. FIGHT OVER ABYSSINIA

Imperialist Rivalry for African Empire

Reports from Abyssinia, a country of 10,000,000 people in north-east Africa, telling in somewhat spectacular form of the decisive battle of 100,000 Abyssinians for control of the government, reveal another of the fierce conflicts between the two leading imperialist powers, America and England. In this case American imperialism won out and through control of its native lackey, Ras Tafari Makonnen, has a strangle hold on British Sudan, where England has been trying to develop cotton production to end dependence on U. S. cotton.

On April 1, Ras Tafari, who has been regent and real ruler, although the title of empress was held by Waizeru Zauditu, daughter of the dead Emperor Menelik, defeated in battle 300 miles from the capital of Addis Abeba an army of 50,000 rebel troops led by Zauditu's fourth husband, Ras Gugus Wall, evidently backed by British interests as Ras Tafari is backed by Wall Street. An airplane bomb dropped by a French pilot of Ras Tafari is said to have decided the battle by killing (Continued on Page Three)

Today in the Daily Worker

The U. S. At The Naval Conference, Page 4. "Our Colony Of Cuba," Page 4. How Job Sharks Skin The Unemployed, Page 4. Pravda On Collectivization, Page 3. Negro Misleaders in Dixie, Page 4. TOMORROW. The Liberals and March 6, by W. Z. Foster. Plenum of C. C. Communist Party of Germany.

FASCIST TOOLS OF WALL ST. WILL NOT PREVENT MASS DEMONSTRATION OF WORKERS IN UNION SQ. MAY DAY

Southern Bosses Threaten Legal Lynching Against Powers and Carr for Working Class Activity

Dig Up Civil War Law With Death Penalty; Prepare May Day Demonstration in South

DEATH PENALTY MENACES TWO

Southern Bosses Want to Kill Communists

ATLANTA, Ga., April 7.—Facing the possibility of a death penalty for working class activities in the South, M. H. Powers and Joe Carr have been indicted by the grand jury, on behalf of the capitalist Southern bosses, for "inciting insurrection" and "circulating insurrection papers."

This follows a whole series of suppressive acts ordered by the Southern capitalists against the revolutionary working class movement in the South, under the leadership of the Communist Party and Trade Union Unity League. Despite this latest attack, mass May Day preparations are going ahead in the South for the largest May 1st demonstration ever witnessed here.

The Southern exploiters, who see the growing unity of Negro and white workers in their fight against brutal exploitation, for better living conditions and against lynchings, have dug up Civil War day's measures in their attacks on working class leaders.

The first charge against Powers and Carr, "inciting insurrection," carries the death penalty, unless the jury recommends "mercy," in which event the penalty is five to 20 years. (Continued on Page Three)

FIGHT WILKINS LYNCHING IN GA.

Int'l Labor Defense to Expose Bosses

Instructions to the Southern Branch of the International Labor Defense to secure all essential information on the brutal lynching of J. H. Wilkins, Negro Pullman Porter of Kansas City, Mo., who was lynched last Saturday morning between Macon and Atlanta, Ga., had been issued by the National office.

The train was stopped and Wilkins taken off by a mob which awaited him. The railroad officials are attempting to say that he was thrown off while the train was in motion to the mob which waited for him.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 7.—The International Labor Defense here has instituted an investigation concerning the facts relating to the brutal lynching of J. H. Wilkins, Negro Pullman Porter, who was lynched in Georgia, Saturday morning. Over 12,000 Pullman porters are employed by the capitalist exploiting company through a company union scheme—known as the Welfare Association and also thru the American Federation of Labor which issued a jim crow charter to A. Philip Randolph, Negro reformist of New York City.

FASCIST WAR PREPARATIONS. ROME.—The Fascist Council is rushing thru appropriations for the Aviation Department totalling 718,000,000 lire.

GASTONIA 7 PROTEST

Campaign to Demand Their Release

Beginning Sunday, April 6, and lasting until the following Sunday, April 13, will be a week of protest throughout the nation on behalf of the Gastonia defendants, whose appeal against a total of 117 years imprisonment will be heard in Raleigh, N. C., April 22, the International Labor Defense announced. The week of protest will also demand the release of the Unemployed Delegation of New York, who go to trial April 11 and all workers arrested March 6th throughout the land. Mass meetings in dozens of industrial centers will be held. These include meetings in Philadelphia, April 6th at 39 N. Tenth St.; April 8th, also in that city, when John Porter, former service man, will speak; Trenton, N. J., April 7th; Norfolk, Va., April 6th; Boston, April 6th, on Boston Common; Charles St. Mall, which will also protest the murder charges against Leonard Doherty, organizer of the Marine Workers' League in that city; San Francisco, April 6th; Detroit, April 6th; Pittsburgh on the same date. The New York District of the International Labor Defense has also announced a "class war prisoners" conference, April 20th, in Irving Plaza Hall.

Naval Race Meet Smashed Over Rivalries

Heavy "gloom" has finally settled upon the London naval conference. No effort is being made to conceal the fact that the promised five-power treaty has died of acute imperialist rivalries; and in the face of this, the imperialists are finding it difficult to hide the fact that the prospective three-power pact between England, America and Japan is only a smoke screen of no real substance intended to cover up the failure of the five-power treaty. Certainly the basic imperialist rivalries that exploded the five-power conference will not have suddenly disappeared at the three-power negotiations. This much is clear. The arms race is on. The entire American (Continued on Page Two)

Mass Protest Wed. Against Railroadings of Jobless Committee

On Wednesday, April 9, at 8 p. m., the workers of this city will protest against the attempt and intentions of the capitalists of the city to railroad the Unemployed Delegation to jail. The meeting will be held at Central Opera House, 6th St. and Third Ave., under the auspices of the Communist Party.

The bankers of Wall Street, through the administration of Walker-Whalen, are determined to put behind the bars Foster, Amter, Minor, Leston and Raymond for the March 6th demonstration and for making an effort to present the demands of the unemployed to the city administration.

The answer to this must be the continued agitation and organization of the workers in the shops for militant action. Foster, Minor and Amter will speak.

MACDONALD FOR WOOL WAGE CUT

Drastic Reduction Is Announced in England

BRADFORD, England, April 7.—With the ministry of labor, in a labor party government making a virtue of "not interfering," the woolen manufacturers have posted notices of drastic wage reductions. They follow the advice of a recent royal (labor party government) commission of inquiry which recommended the cuts as a necessary step in the present depressed condition of the industry.

The workers are in a fighting mood, but the reactionary officialdom is proposing merely that the reductions be about half the announced amounts.

Write about your conditions for The Daily Worker. Become a Worker Correspondent.

FIGHT FOR RIGHT TO THE STREETS

Organize in Shops for May Day

The fascist Veterans of Foreign Wars and American Legion, acting as the fascist extra-legal tools of Wall Street, will hold a demonstration against the workers of New York on May Day at Union Square. The small number of members of these organizations are being pushed forward by the city administration to perform the dirty work of police agents against the working class.

With the approval and permission of Police Commissioner Whalen, the dandy of Broadway, head of New York cossacks, they have arranged a demonstration against the revolt that is rising in the working class against the misery and starvation that is rampant throughout the country. More than 700,000 workers in New York City alone are out of work. This is based upon the calculations of State Commissioner of Labor Perkins, and surely is a conservative estimate. Part-time (Continued on Page Two)

PROTEST MURDER OF ANTI-FASCIST

Labor Defense Calling Mass Meeting Sunday

The International Labor Defense is conducting an intensive campaign in behalf of the foreign born workers, who are threatened with deportation and are discriminated against, and is now with the aid of the Anti-Fascist Alliance, calling a huge mass protest meeting at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., on April 13, against the shooting of two workers at an anti-fascist meeting held in Cooper Union, Sunday, April 6, by one of Whalen's plain clothes men, Thomas A. Lillenthal.

"All workers and working class organizations are urged to come to this meeting. The attack on the foreign born workers in this country and the use of the immigration authorities to hound down and shoot foreign born workers and refugees from the fascist government of Europe and Latin America, must be answered by the workers of this city, American and foreign born," states the I. L. D.

"The campaign against the foreign born is part and parcel of the general increased attacks on the working class by the bosses and must be fought. At this same time, the case of the seven Gastonia victims of American terrorism will come to trial, April 22. The I. L. D. considers the fight for the protection of foreign born workers and the defense of the victims of American terrorism and fascism as a single fight against the bosses and their government.

"Rally to the support of the Gastonia prisoners. They must not go to jail. Rally to the support of the foreign born workers. For only mass organizations and protest can save them."

PAINTERS OPEN FORUM.

The Painters' Section of the T. U. U. L. has an Open Forum, where Lead Poisoning, which is the disease of the painting trade, will be the topic, Sunday, April 20, at 2 p. m., at 142 Boston Road, Bronx, N. Y.

Today in History of the Workers

April 8th, 1834—London tailors struck for more pay. 1906—Elections for first Russian Duma. 1920—General strike of French marine workers in all ports. 1925—Eight thousand Swedish seamen struck against ship owners' control of employment officers. 1925—Jacques Sadoul, French army captain who became a Communist in Russia, acquitted in trial for high treason and desertion.

WALL ST. IMPERIALISTS RUSH WARSHIPS AT THE CHINESE PEASANT ARMY

Communists Lead Troops Massing Against City of Kiukiang; Bankers Finance Nanking

Chiang Kai-shek, Barricaded Behind American Gold, Faces Advancing Northern Rivals

SHANGHAI, China, April 7.—The American imperialists have just ordered a gunboat stationed on the Yangtze River to proceed to Kiukiang, strategically one of the most important cities in Central China, where the Red troops and revolting peasants led by the Communist Commander, Comrade Chu Teh, are massing their forces for the capture of the city.

The excuse which the American imperialists give for this significant move is the usual one of "protecting the missionaries." With this very same excuse, the American and other imperialist gunboats have in numerous occasions in the past helped the Chinese Militarist executioners.

News of peasant uprisings and guerrilla warfare in South and Central China are pouring in from all directions to Shanghai.

Revolt Sweeps On.

Judging from the various reports, revolutionary activities seem to be most active in the two Yangtze provinces of Kiangsi, where Nanchang and Kiukiang are situated, and Kiangsu, which has many large industrial cities including Shanghai

within its territory. But the lack of news from the Southern provinces of Kwangtung, Kwangsi and Hunan by no means indicate that revolutionary activities have quieted down in this area. On the contrary, lack of news is mostly due to interrupted communications and is a sign of extraordinary revolutionary developments rather than a slowing down of activity.

In the meantime, the war between the Nanking and Anti-Nanking forces is developing slowly but steadily. The Anti-Nanking forces, backed by British and Japanese imperialists are proceeding along two lines. General Feng Yu-Hsiang's forces are advancing toward Hankow while his ally, General Yen Hsi-Shan's army is moving toward Shanghai. Chiang Kai-shek is air-lifted with American money, airplanes and ammunition. He is also talking about some mysterious "ally" of his that may launch an attack on his enemies.

According to Japanese reports, Shanghai bankers have raised \$5,000,000 to help Chiang Kai-shek to finance his campaign against the Northern militarists.

Answer His Terror



Ortils Rubio, President of Mexico by grace of Wall Street has received an answer to his terror campaign against the revolutionary workers and peasants, when many demonstrations took place in the industrial centers of Mexico, demanding the release of all workers imprisoned.

Report San Antonio Workers Demonstrate for "Work or Wages"

An unverified report from San Antonio, Texas, states that a demonstration of thousands of workers, many of whom were Mexicans and Negro workers, took place Sunday in front of the City Hall.

The capitalist papers are cited as saying the demonstration was very large and that Governor Moody made attempts to stop the demonstration. Traffic was tied up when the crowd reached the City Hall.

Banners, demanding "Work or Wages," the seven-hour day and five-day week, and other slogans of the Communist Party were carried by the workers, according to the report.

The report is that the mayor and capitalist politicians tried to put over a fake proposal of a bond issue as an answer to the unemployed demands of the demonstrators, but without success in fooling the workers.

Counts to Speak at First Membership Meet of Local F.S.U. Branch

Dr. George S. Counts, associate director of the International Institute of Teachers College, Columbia University, will be the chief speaker at the first membership mass meeting of the New York branch of the Friends of the Soviet Union, to be held Friday night at 8 o'clock in Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place.

Dr. Counts has just returned from a 6,000-mile trip through the Soviet Union. He was a member of the technical staff of the American trade union delegation that visited the U.S.S.R. in 1927. At the meeting Friday night, Dr. Counts will speak on "Educational and Social Planning in the Soviet Union."

Mayor Can Not Stop Soviet Defense Meet in Bellingham, Wash.

BELLINGHAM, Wash., April 7.—Over 150 workers attended a meeting for the defense of the Soviet Union at Tulip Hall on March 30, despite the attempts of Mayor Kellogg and the local capitalist reptile press to keep the workers away.

Sydney Bloomfield, organizer of the Communist Party in this district spoke on the Five-Year Plan. He told of the amazing achievements that are being made by the workers in the U.S.S.R., which is one of the main reasons for the sudden "holy war" crusade of the imperialist bandits.

Much enthusiasm and applause greeted Bloomfield's speech. Twenty-five workers accepted application cards for membership in the Party.

Hindu Worker Beats Deportation Charge

PATERSON, N. J., April 7.—One of 12 Hindu workers arrested last August in Paterson, N. J., as a result of labor activities has won his right to stay in the United States. The government sought to deport the men on the ground that they had overstayed temporary permits.

Mohib Ali was able to prove that he entered the country prior to 1924, when the law governing temporary permits was not in effect. Ali's case came before the U. S. District Court at New York.

Graft Among Customs Men.

Graft among the customs inspectors in New York was revealed today when U. S. Attorney Tuttle announced he will investigate wholesale bribing and smuggling of dope and booze. Tuttle is trying to get the underpaid small customs officials, but the big grafters, as usual, will get higher protection.

STEEL INJUNCTION.

The Structural Steel Board of Trade, formerly the Iron League, has served on the Structural Iron Workers Union an injunction obtained five years ago, and made final about six months ago. It is being used against the workers on the Starrett job, which is ex-Governor Al Smith's "Empire State Building."

Build The Daily Worker—Send in Your Share of the 15,000 New Subs

\$10,000,000 MORE WAR MATERIALS

Push Bombing Plane Building

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The big war building program of the U. S. imperialist navy was given an added push today by a \$10,000,000 appropriation passed by the Senate and sent to the House today.

This is but a drop in the bucket of the big war building program to be undertaken by the Wall Street robbers in preparation for the next World War.

A large part of the appropriation is for facilities for the air-bombing fleet for the Navy. Millions more will be spent for naval war armaments, without even waiting for the return of the delegates to the debacle of the London conference.

Filipino Workers Vote Not to Support Queson and Osmena

CHICAGO (By Mail).—Becoming disgusted with the policy of collaboration with American imperialism in the Philippines, more and more evidenced by the so-called independent leaders in the Philippines, led by Queson and Osmena, fifty-seven Filipinos voted for the affirmative in a debate on the question "Should the co-operation policy of Queson and Osmena be discontinued?" Fifty-five voted for the negative. A. Almenara, member of the Anti-Imperialist League, opposed the Queson-Osmena betrayal. A. Gonzales supported the sell-out of the Filipino misleaders.

Celebrate Founding of Freiheit, Sunday

Thousands of workers will fill New York's largest hall, the New York Coliseum, April 13th, at the jubilee of the only Jewish workers' newspaper on her ninth birthday. Workers' organizations are mobilizing their members for the jubilee. An artistic proletarian program is being prepared.

The program which is being prepared for this occasion will be an expression of the struggles of the revolutionary working-class, their strivings and ideals. An interesting program of singing, dancing, recitations and sport is being prepared in which 700 will participate.

Get your tickets in advance. You will thereby save 25 cents on a ticket and will save yourself the trouble of standing in line at the Coliseum.

Foster to Welcome Education Meeting

The banquet which the Workers' School is holding on Friday night, April 18th, at Manhattan Lyceum, will be a rally for all students and alumni of the School as well as for all workers who are interested in working class education.

The delegates to the Working-class Education Conference will be present and will be welcomed by William Z. Foster, National Secretary of the Trade Union Unity League, and Sam Darcy, Assistant Director of the School. Trade unions, workers' clubs and fraternal organizations are urged to send the names of their delegates to the Workers' School and to instruct them to buy their tickets for the banquet in advance.

ELECTRICIANS STRIKE.

ASBURY PARK, N. J.—Electricians here have struck following refusal of contractors to grant a wage increase of \$1.20 per day and improve conditions. Contractors on the new Convention Hall and Woolworth building capitulated and signed on the dotted line.

Communist Activities

Section Six Functionaries. Tuesday, 8 p. m., Section headquarters. Unit Meetings Tonight. Unit 2, Sec. 4, 8 p. m., 142 E. 162nd St., Room 6. Unit 13, Section 6, 86 Whipple St., 8 p. m. Unit 4, 8 p. m., 384 Lenox Ave. Unit 3, Section 4, 8 p. m., 336 Lenox Ave. Unit 3F. Unit R2, Section 1, 7:30 p. m., 15-17 E. 2nd St., 2nd floor. Unit 15, Section 7, 8:30 p. m., 2901 Mermaid Ave., Coney Island. Unit 6F, Section 1, 8:15 p. m., 27 E. 4th St. Shoe Workers Fraction. Tonight, 8 p. m., at Center. Workers School Banquet. To open Working Class Educational Conference Friday, April 18, 7 p. m., Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. Program: John Reed Club; Admission \$1.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Cooperative I.L.D. Wednesday, 9 p. m., Sol Harper, of ANLC, will speak. Brownsville I.L.D. Wednesday, 8 p. m., 105 Thalford Ave. Women's Council #11. Wednesday, 8:30 p. m., 3700 Bronx Park East, Comrade DeFazio, "Paris Commune." Women's Council #17. "Paris Commune." Wednesday, 8:30 p. m., Brighton Beach Ave., Brooklyn, 8:30 p. m.

FIGHT FOR RIGHT TO THE STREETS

Organize in Shops for May Day

(Continued from Page One) employment is widespread, and the workers in the shops continue to be speeded up to the limit, draining their energy and making them candidates for the capitalist scrap-heap at an early age.

Fascist Screen for Police. The Veterans of Foreign Wars and American Legion, the nucleus of the organization that is to take in all fascist patriotic organizations, is being put forward as a smokescreen for the police of New York. They announce that they have held conferences with Police Commissioner Whalen, who undoubtedly put the stamp of approval on their plans for the demonstration against the working class on May Day.

The workers of New York will not be robbed of their May Day so easily. The conference held on Friday, April 4, attended by 595 delegates from shops, unions, fraternal and sport organizations and clubs, showed by their spirit that they will fight for the right of the workers to demonstrate. The rising spirit in the shops for a strike on May Day, the growing consolidation of the unemployed into unemployed councils, which link up their activity with the workers in the shops through the Trade Union Unity League, indicates that the workers will fight not only for the right to the use of the streets generally but for the right to demonstrate on Union Sq. on May Day. The fascists who are enemies of the workers, the officers of the Veterans of Foreign Wars and the American Legion, who are using the working class elements in these organizations against the working class will not succeed so easily.

May Day Conference. The United Front May Day Conference is setting a minimum of 1,000 delegates to the next conference on April 24, and this will be the next answer to the pompous threat that Union Square will be taken away from the workers on May Day.

Workers of New York and the entire country: Protest against the attempts of the fascist supported by the police to take away Union Square from the workers on May Day! In all working class organizations—unions and fraternal organizations—pass resolutions condemning the fascist and demanding the use of Union Square on May Day. Elect delegates to the April 24 conference. Make this a resounding answer to the challenge of the fascist.

Strike on May Day!

Most of all—build up shop committees in all shops, and prepare for a strike in your shop on May Day. Have the shop committee elect delegates to the April 24 conference to mobilize the workers of New York for the strike on May Day together with the unemployed workers of the city.

The right of the workers to use Union Square is no longer a local matter. Union Square has become a center of struggle between the workers and the fascist. The workers all over the country must answer this challenge of the fascists supported by the police, by organizing mass political strikes on May Day.

May Day will remain the day not of the black fascists who are supported by the police and the underworld, but the day of the revolutionary working class.

SEND \$25 FOR SOCIALIST BUILDING.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio.—Twenty-five dollars has been collected among a few workers in this city and sent by the Youngstown branch of the Friends of the Soviet Union as a contribution toward the socialist upbuilding of the Soviet Union.

W. I. R. CLOTHING STORE

542 BROOK AVENUE Telephone Lending 3085 Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing High Class Work Done Goods Called for and Delivered All profits go towards strikers and their families. SHOW YOUR SOLIDARITY WITH THE WORKERS!

FOUND

Ladies pocketbook, money and other articles. Write or call M. Max, c/o Mrs. Shink, 34 St. Marks Place, 2nd fl., New York.

The Szabo Conservatory of Music

1275 LEXINGTON AVENUE at 84th Street Subway Station NEW YORK CITY Instruction given to Beginners and Advancers

RED HOT MUSIC

DAN BAKER "THE CHEF OF HOT TUNES" ORCHESTRA Entertainers for 1658 Broadway Every Evening at Hotel Grand Bldg. Special Rates to Daily Worker Readers.

Cinema Theatre in Moscow to Feature Economic Films

At the State Polytechnical Museum, Moscow, the first cinema theatre in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics to show technical and techno-economic films, has been opened. It is known as T. E. F. The T. E. F. Cinema Theatre will run the first screen showings of the latest technical and techno-economic films of the Soviet, as well as foreign production.

Before the beginning of every performance explanations closely treating of the film to be shown will be given by suitable lecturers.

At the Cinema Auditorium of the Museum of Revolution, Moscow, the first cinema review in the U. S. S. R. has been opened. The object of the theatre is to demonstrate special programs, reflecting actual problems and social-political events of the day.

The program of the Cinema review includes the most recent releases of film from the studios, as well as specially prepared numbers of the Sovkino Journal and cinema chronicles of Moscow life. An exhibition of photo reporting of the day and of the latest newspaper news has been organized in the foyer of the theatre. The theatre also has a reading room and a consulting section on social-political questions. Performances start every half hour.

"BISHOP MURDER CASE" AT LITTLE CARNEGIE.

"The Bishop Murder Case," the adaptation of S. S. Van Dine's best seller, in which Basil Rathbone plays the principal part, is the chief feature at the Little Carnegie Playhouse.

Beginning Wednesday, for three days, Little Carnegie will present a screen version of "No No Nanette," in which Bernice Claire and Alexander Gray have the leading roles. "A Lady to Love," Vilma Banky's first talking picture, commences a four-day engagement at Little Carnegie on Saturday, April 12.

Newark Workers Are Fined, Sentenced for Shop Gate Meeting

NEWARK, N. J., April 7.—Acting for the Westinghouse Electric houses, Judge Howe today gave seven Negro and white workers suspended sentences of six months, and three months probation, and a fine of \$50 to \$25 for holding a shop gate meeting in front of the Westinghouse plant here.

The workers have refused to pay the fines and are appealing the case. Dominic Flaiani was fined \$50. Those fined \$25 were William Sinko, Joseph Ludin, R. Larviero, Thomas Acquah, N. Wall and Henry Walker.

Navy Arms Race Meet Is Smashed

(Continued from Page One) delegation is scheduled to sail for home by April 22. Three admirals have already been recalled.

In the next six years American imperialists will have spent \$1,000,000,000 on naval construction. The naval conference gave British imperialism a breathing spell. The next step is increased naval building. "Of course, England also must

A MUSEMENTS

THEATRE GUILD PRODUCTIONS

A MONTH IN THE COUNTRY By IVAN TERGENEV GUILD W. 52d. Eves. 8:30 Mts. Th. & Sat. 2:30

"THE APPLE CART" By Bernard Shaw MARTIN BECK 45th Street W. of 2nd Ave. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thursday and Saturday at 2:30

A. H. WOODS presents ALICE BRADY in LOVE, HONOR and BETRAY A Satirical Comedy

Eltinge Then, 42nd St. W. of Broadway Eves. 8:30, Mat. Wed. & Sat.

CAMEO Now 124 ST. & BWAY Powerful, Absorbing Drama!

"GUILTY" with VIRGINIA VALLI and JOHN HOLLAND

Continuously shown at 10:30 from 8:30 to 10:30 P.M. "FRAMED" with EVELYN BRENT and Regis Toomey. More thrills than "Underworld" and "Alibi" combined. Popular Prices—10-30-1 p. m. 35c

Every new Daily Worker reader gets a potential Party member.

We Meet at the— COOPERATIVE CAFETERIA 26-28 UNION SQUARE Fresh Vegetables Our Specialty

UNEMPLOYMENT STILL GROWING

Lies of Bosses' Press Won't Produce Jobs

The unemployment situation continues to worsen, in spite of brazen attempts of the metropolitan press to deny it. The Merchants' Association of New York is given big headlines yesterday for its statement that the "peak of unemployment is passed." The only evidence offered for this fiction is partial figures showing one and two percent gains in certain seasonal industries. Fake plans for relief continue to appear, intended as propaganda and not as relief.

"Humane, Spiritual." President Green of the A. F. of L., speaking to the order of Brith Abraham (a Jewish nationalist organization) Sunday in Brooklyn boosted the five-day week as an aid to the unemployed, but, of course, advised no struggle to obtain it. Green's argument is that "it will come—humane and spiritual reasons make it necessary."

The Trade Union Unity League and the councils of the unemployed demand the seven-hour and the five-day week, and organize the workers to fight for it, also for unemployment relief paid for by the government and administered by the workers, and unemployment insurance.

Exploiters, Cossack Back Starvation Army Fund Campaign

A big array of capitalist exploiters, including chief Cossack Grover Whalen, are supporting the drive of the Salvation Army for \$25,000 to counteract the campaign for "work or wages" supported by millions of unemployed workers, under the leadership of the Communist Party. The list of exploiters supporting the starvation army includes such open-shop organizations as General Samuel McRoberts, Chatham Phenix National Bank and Trust Company, domestic banks; S. O. Blackiston, Bush Terminal, terminals and warehouses; Fred T. Dickerson, Central Railroad of New Jersey, railroads; Bernarr MacFadden, newspapers.

LABOR DEFENSE FIGHTS TO FREE ANTI HORTHY WORKERS HELD ON BAIL

NEWARK, N. J., April 7.—The eleven men and women workers arrested at the anti-fascist demonstration Saturday, against Alexander Magyar, the flying fascist agent of Horthy, are held under \$500.

The Newark court is protecting the interest of this bloody government in Hungary, by imprisonment and detention of these workers who mean to fight and expose it.

All workers' organizations are urged to contribute to the I.L.D., who is handling these cases and will use all legal pressure to get them released.

12 TRACTORS FROM F. S. U.

MOSCOW.—Twelve tractors from the United States have arrived at the collective farm, Land of the Soviets, which is under the patronage of the United States Section of the Friends of the Soviet Union.

Dr. ABRAHAM MARKOFF SURGEON DENTIST

249 EAST 115th STREET Cor. Second Ave. New York DAILY EXCEPT FRIDAY Please telephone for appointment Telephone: Lehigh 6025

DR. J. MINDEL SURGEON DENTIST

1 UNION SQUARE Room 803—Phone: Algonquin 8181 Not connected with any other office

MELROSE Dairy RESTAURANT

1787 SOUTHERN BLVD., Bronx (near 174th St. Station) PHONE:—INTERVALE 8149

RATIONAL Vegetarian RESTAURANT

199 SECOND AVE. U.E. Bet. 12th and 13th Sts. Strictly Vegetarian Food

All Comrades Meet at BRONSTEIN'S

Vegetarian Health Restaurant 558 Claremont Parkway, Bronx

TRIANGLE DAIRY RESTAURANT

1379 INTERVALE AVENUE Cor. Jennings St. BRONX

HEALTH FOOD Vegetarian RESTAURANT

1600 MADISON AVE. Phone: University 5865

John's Restaurant

SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES A delicious atmosphere where all radicle meet 302 E. 12th St. New York

SHOW LIFE "Dancer of Barcelona"

with LITA DAMITA

Hotel & Restaurant Workers

Branch of the Amalgamated Food Workers, 16 W. 23rd St., N. Y. C. Phone: Chelsea 2274 Business meetings held the first Monday of the month at 8 p. m. Educational meetings—the third Monday of the month. Executive Board meetings—every Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. One industry! One Union! Jobs and Fight the Common Enemy! Office open from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

FRISCO WORKERS TOOK CARE OF HOAN, WHO HAD JOBLESS BEATEN

Howed Yellow "Socialist" What They Thought of Him; Wouldn't Stand Lies About U.S.S.R.

Worker "Trusts Yellow Socialists Get Same Treatment by Workers Elsewhere"

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Mayor Hoan, yellow "socialist" mayor of Milwaukee, and Morris Hillquit, "socialist" national chairman, spoke here on "Is Capitalism Firmly Entrenched?" The Communists say no and as soon as yellow Hoan yapped on unemployment a comrade arose and asked him what he did to the unemployed in the Milwaukee March 6th demonstration, calling him a yellow dog "socialist."

At this point 10 comrades charged the platform. Hillquit stood on his hind legs and shouted "Down with the Communists," when a blow on the jaw put him down for the count. Hoan made a clean getaway before the comrades could get on the high stage and get at him.

These yellow dogs know that capitalism would be permanently entrenched in the United States of America if they had anything to say about it, but soon found out they were not permanently entrenched in San Francisco.

I trust they will receive the same welcome accorded them by the comrades here at all the other places they visit to spew their lying propaganda about the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

One comrade was beaten, eight comrades arrested and, as usual, beaten after being handcuffed.

Only 70 yellow social-fascists came to hear them and evaporated at the first sign of trouble. We were on the job with leaflets exposing them.

—UNEMPLOYED WORKER.

Chicago Department Stores—Slave Holes

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHICAGO.—Here is a little job news in brief about Chicago department, and one slave-driving store in particular, "The Boston Store." The conditions here are getting worse every day. This house of efficiency requires us to have our cards punched on time to the minute, although we, of course, are "allowed" to go home later than closing time.

They have the fake company association known as the mutual benefit fund, which is supposed to teach you how to be contented with your job and how to be good and willing slaves for the store.

There is a chief monster, foul mouthed, slave driving slanger, who cruelly rides the girls and uses language that he would not dare use to a man.

The clerks work on a strictly commission basis in the basement. If it happens to be a bad day or

merchandise not particularly attractive they are very lucky if they make their car fare and lunch money. Clerks are required to wear certain colors in dress, and if found with any other color or by "personal spy" are sent home for the day.

In some of the departments, such as dresses, the sales people receive fifty cents a day salary and P. M. or commissions on each sale. If a clerk leaves the department and has collected her commissions and merchandise is returned all the other sales people on department are required to make up the amount of the merchandise returned.

I hope the day comes soon when the stores will all be organized under the banner of the Trade Union Unity League and the Communist Party.

—BOSTON STORE SLAVE.

Boston Shoe Bosses Use Unemployment Threat to Sell Workers Shares

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BOSTON, Mass.—The shoe makers of greater Boston are forcing the workers to buy shares. Their plan is to fool the workers by telling them that they are going to be part of the firm or have a chance to be bosses.

They are also telling them that they are going to have more work for them if they buy shares but in-

stead the workers are working only part time in the shops.

If the workers don't want to buy shares the bosses say there is no work for them. They tell the workers to leave the shops. Buying shares is a scheme by the boss to cut the wages and try and keep the workers from organizing and striking for better conditions.

—H. P., Shoe Worker.

Wall St. Builds More Bombing Planes for War

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA.—Just how seriously the London "Disarmament" Conference is regarded by the U. S. War Department can be seen by this. The U. S. War Department has made contracts with the Curtis Airplane Co. for 50 new attack planes and with the Keystone Aircraft Co., notorious exploiters of workers at Bristol, Pa., near here, for 100 bombing planes.

PHILA. WORKER.

This is the A.F.L. Faker That Fights Jobless

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BROOKLYN, N. Y. — I read about labor faker Ryan of the Central Trades and Labor Council and head of the longshoremen encouraging the cops to use violence on the workers. This dirty skunk ought to be exposed. When the electrical workers of number 3 were trying to organize the marine electricians in the shipyards, this Ryan issued on his own hook

a charter to a dual union of marine electricians in 1919. He finally was forced to take away the charter, after the case was taken to the A. F. of L. and the I. B. E. W. Who knows what money he and his Lind got out of this. There was a long and constant battle about this charter of the dual union between him, the I. B. E. W. and dual union officers.

—ELECTRICAL WORKER.

The Bunk on Jobless Don't Fool Workers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

DETROIT, Mich.—The Detroit News of March 26 carried an item saying that employment had gained 3 per cent, etc. in Detroit, which is certainly the bunk. More thousands of jobless are pounding the streets

in search of a slave-job here every day and conditions are getting worse instead of better here. Unemployed, join councils of the unemployed!

—A JOBLESS DETROITER.

Further Labor Struggles

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BRUSSELS (By Inprecorr Service).—A strike has broken out in a mill in Leuze in the province of Hennegau. The workers demand wage increases.

Despite the sabotage of the reformist leaders the strikes of the building workers in Ostende, of the wood workers in Ghent, and of the workers in the Duffel paper mills near Brussels are still proceeding.

Venizelos Attacks Communist Press

(By Inprecorr Mail Service)

ATHENS (By Inprecorr Mail Service).—The Venizelos government has prohibited the distribution of the official organ of the Greek Communist Party, "Rizospastis," in the Greek provinces. It is also forbidden to send copies abroad. Like all other capitalist rulers, Venizelos fears truth like the pest.

Communist Party, "Rizospastis," in the Greek provinces. It is also forbidden to send copies abroad. Like all other capitalist rulers, Venizelos fears truth like the pest.

American Tractors in the Soviet Union

(By Inprecorr Mail Service)

Twenty tractors presented to the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union by various working class organizations in the United States affiliated to the Friends of the Soviet Union, have arrived in the Soviet Union. 8 of these tractors have already been given to the collective undertaking "Soviet Land."

Hundreds Flock for Jobs; 20 Hired

(By Inprecorr Mail Service)

RICHMOND, Va., April 6.—Hearers flocked in looking for jobs. Only 20 laborers were hired. This is one of the much-advertised features of the big building program announced by the Hoover-Lamont liars.

No-Bail McAdoo



Chief Tammany Magistrate McAdoo refused to allow bail for the five delegates elected by 110,000 New York workers on March 6. This is just one of his acts against the workers in New York City at the dictation of the bosses. When Coscaak Whelan told the Chamber of Commerce "we are your hired men," he meant as well, Magistrate McAdoo.

Trotsky and the Trotskyites Fall Out

BERLIN (By Inprecorr Press Service).—An open breach has now occurred between the so-called Lenin League, led by Hugo Urbahns and Trotsky. The official organ of the Lenin League, the "Volkswille," declares that on Sunday the national executive expelled the minority under Grylevitch who remain loyal to Trotsky. Trotsky has now cut off the funds as a result of which the "Volkswille" will appear only once a week. Previously it appeared three times a week and lived for the most part from reprints from the official Communist organ, "Rote Fahne."

The minority has now made itself organizationally independent and will be known as "Bolshevist Leninist Left-Wing Communists German Section," by the way an interesting confirmation of Lenin's remark that the longer the name of an organization the less there was behind it as a general rule.

Although the Kilkenny cat process in the so-called Lenin League is amusing, it must not be forgotten that a very serious lesson is contained in it, and that is that those who leave the Communist Party inevitably arrive in the morass of men'shevik opportunism. This is the case with Urbahns, who degenerated to the defense of the hangman Chiang Kai-shek in the Sino-Soviet conflict and together with Trotsky regards the Soviet government as an "inverse Kerenskiade."

The workers ignore these today of Communism so that today their numbers are very few and they will soon cease to exist as an organization altogether.

Anglo-U.S.A. Fight for Rule in Abyssinia

(Continued from Page One)

Ras Gugus Wali and dispersing his army. The next day, Empress Zauditu reported to have "died" in the palace surrounded by Ras Tafari's troops, evidently the royal dame being "taken for a ride" by Ras Tafari's henchmen—agents of the Wall Street firm of J. G. White, "investment bankers" with offices at 37 Wall Street, New York City.

Cairo dispatches relate that Henry Lardner, of the J. G. White Corporation, arriving at that Egyptian city, is much pleased with the triumph of Ras Tafari, since it guarantees the "White Engineering Corporation" the contract to build an irrigation dam at Lake Tsana. This lake is the source of the River Nile, and by diplomatic pressure Britain had in 1926 forced Abyssinia to grant the British the right to build the Lake Tsana dam, upon which the British must largely depend for water for their cotton development in upper Sudan.

The victory of Ras Tafari and Wall Street upsets British plans. Evidently the U. S. minister, Addison H. Southard, sent to Abyssinia in 1928, has worked effectively in co-operation with the J. G. White Corporation in defeating the British, whose efforts to free themselves from dependency on U. S. cotton has only made them dependent on U. S. controlled Abyssinian water for irrigation of their Sudanese cotton.

"PRAVDA" PUTS AN END TO FOOLISH BABBLINGS OF A SOVIET "RETREAT"

Distortion of Communist Policy by Those Made Dizzy by Success Hinders Correct Policy

Real Development of Collectivization Depends Upon Following, Not Violating, Party Line

MOSCOW (By Inprecorr Service).

—In an article on progress made in the collectivization of agriculture, the "Pravda" writes, inter alia, that the work of the Communist Party in the village consists in consolidating the successes which have already been achieved. The extent to which it will succeed in this will govern the immediate future of the collectivization movement. Those comrades who had become giddy in face of the great successes have been brought to reason by the Party.

The kulaks and their supporters attempt to present the attitude of the Party as a retreat, but this is not the case. To suppose that the action of the Party against the "left-wing" exaggerations represents a retreat means to assume that these exaggerations could have brought the Party forward on the way to the socialist reconstruction of agriculture.

On the contrary, these exaggerations make successes useless, make the development of the collective agricultural movement more difficult and weaken the real development of the collective undertakings to socialism. Collective undertakings formed on paper and without the preliminary agreement of the land workers and poor peasants are incapable of existence.

The socialization of everything, including poultry and the contents of the peasants' trunks, can only discredit the collective idea and frighten off the middle peasant. Now is the time to concentrate on

the spring sowings and not on the closing down of churches and the removal of the bells.

The hostile attitude toward the middle peasants taken up by the Party officials in some districts represents a strengthening of the kulak and a breach in the wall of isolation with which the correct Party policy had surrounded him. It also damages the alliance of the working class, the village poor and the masses of the middle peasantry.

The Party is now ruthlessly exposing the mistakes which have been made and correcting them, and no doubt many right-wingers will grasp the opportunity to say, "See, that's your compact collectivization. We told you so!"

The answer to these comrades is that the collectivization movement is the most tremendous movement of the peasant masses in history, which will bring not only increased production, but also material and cultural progress. Without this movement which we prepared in years of work we would not have been able to secure the collectivization of 50 per cent of all peasant farms and the carrying out of the seed fund plans to the extent of 99 per cent. Naturally the exaggerations and distortions of the Party policy are a hindrance to the collectivization, but in fighting them we shall strengthen this movement, and, after having consolidated our gains, we shall advance to unparalleled successes.

New Wage Struggles in Czechoslovakia

PRAGUE (By Inprecorr Mail Service).—The workers of the chemical factory in Prague have gone on strike against wages. As usual, the police intervened in favor of the company, with the result that severe collisions occurred whereby one worker was seriously injured.

The workers of the saw mills in Svalyava (Carpathian Ukraine) have gone on strike against wages.

The strike of the miners in Radovitcha has been throttled by the reformists after considerable difficulties.

The strike of the glass workers in Unterreichenau and Bleistadt was broken off today without success having been achieved.

Long Miners Strike in Tilleur

BRUSSELS (By Inprecorr Service).—Since March 13, 11,300 miners have been on strike in the Tilleur Pits near Liege. The reformist union refuses to recognize the strike which is supported only by the revolutionary unions and the Communist Party.

Collisions have occurred between strikers and the police. The Communist Deputy Jacquemotte and the Communist Councillor Lahaut are now charged with offenses against the freedom of labor and with contempt of court in connection with disturbances in Tilleur.

Chicanery Against Trade Unions

SHANGHAI (By Inprecorr Mail Service).—Eighty trade unions in Shanghai have addressed a demand to the Nanking government calling for permission to form a trades and labor council for the city on the ground that the 800,000 workers organized in the city need a central leadership in the struggle against imperialism and in the interests of their own struggle.

The Nanking government has rejected the demand on the ground that the Communists might gain influence on any such council were it formed.

British Tools in Ireland Are Confirmed

DUBLIN, April 4.—William T. Cosgrave British imperialist tool in Ireland, was back in office today with all his former ministers. After seven hours of debate, Cosgrave's nominations were confirmed by a vote of 80 to 65. The opposition consisted of the Finna Fail, the party of the petty-bourgeois and farmers, and the Irish labor party, which exceeds the British labor party only in the degree to which it kow-tows to British imperialism.

Palestine Death Sentences Confirmed

LONDON (By Inprecorr Mail Service).—The court of appeals in Palestine has confirmed the death sentences passed on 17 Arabs and 2 Jews.

Coast Air Maneuvers Are War Preparation

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., April 7.—The greatest mobilization of army air forces since the war is taking place at Mather Field, Sacramento (which was one of the important war-time army bases), for war maneuvers, mock battles and defense against an imaginary "red" army. The air defenses of San Francisco Bay against air attack will also be tested during the maneuvers, which will last for several weeks.

DEATH PENALTY MENACES BOTH POWERS, CARR

Southern Bosses Want to Kill Communists

(Continued from Page One)

The second charge carries a five to 20-year penalty. Powers is district organizer of the Communist Party in Atlanta and Carr is district organizer of the Young Communist League. Both were arrested at an unemployment mass meeting on March 9 and on a false charge of "throwing a tear gas bomb."

First Charge Collapses.

They were held on \$100 bail each for this, until, as time went on, it became apparent that the case against them was impossible to carry through.

Then the grand jury met and alleging that these two workers, while speaking to the unemployed, called on them to "defend their meeting against the police," ruled that this constitutes an attempt to "obtain combined resistance against the police department of Atlanta, Police Lieutenant Barfield, Captain Grover, Lieut. Officers R. T. Denny and Paul Higgins, and Detectives Ellis, Cody and Scoggins."

This is the "inciting insurrection" case.

The indictment charges them further with circulating a handbill which stated:

"The program of the Communist Party includes the organization of the workers' class in every phase of life. It leads the struggles of the workers, from the most simple everyday demand, clear up to the final struggle for the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of the workers' government—the proletarian dictatorship."

Fake Bomb Plot.

As a first step towards railroad-ing the case through, and to prejudice as many prospective jurors as possible, the prosecution has invented the usual "bomb plot." Assistant-solicitor General John H. Hudson notifies the press that he has received an "anonymous phone call" threatening to blow up the police station if the case is not dropped.

The law carrying the death penalty on which the charges are based dates from 1871.

"The organized protest of the world workers throughout the world smashed the attempts of the Gastonia bosses to railroad the leaders of the National Textile Union strike to the electric chair," said the International Labor Defense, referring to the Powers and Carr case. "Now they want to send two of the best working class organizers in the South to their death for the crime of organizing Negro and white workers to fight for better conditions. Only immediate organization of the workers against the southern bosses and their legal lynching tactics will save these workers."

Hoover Lackeys in Senatorial Sham Fight in Illinois

CHICAGO, Ill., Apr. 7.—The fight for the Republican nomination for Senator between Ruth Hanna McCormick and Senator Charles S. Deneen smells of high heaven. The fight is purely between two capitalist politicians and lackeys. McCormick promises to be a better tool of the bosses than Deneen, while Deneen charges McCormick with "shiftness" and an alliance with the City Hall machine.

Every new Daily Worker reader you get is a potential Party member.

Some Write and Fight; Letters of Workers See "Red"

(Continued from Page One)

little your good work, or infer that your efforts were of no avail. However, by a strange coincidence, my brother, who is now residing in California, debated the question of Capitalism vs. Communism through the mails, and through this I became a staunch believer in the doctrines of the Communist Party."

A Revolution for Jobs and Bread.

"We don't want a revolution in America for jobs and bread," says a letter in the New York Telegram, "but we hear a lot of talk about a civil war over a pint of booze."

"We seem terribly upset because Russia might have torn down a few churches and we set aside a day of prayer for the poor benighted Slav, but never a day of prayer do we set aside for the poor of our own land who are without jobs."

"I think we can find plenty of beams in our own eye. Don't you?"

Suggest Way of Increasing Circulation.

"I have been reading with interest your endeavor to increase the circulation of the Daily Worker," writes a student, "and have the following suggestion to make: I think it would be extremely beneficial to inject new features into the paper, such as for example a humor column, a daily short story and inclusion of news of general interest. . ."

"Daily" Drive Centers in Shops and Mills

(Continued from Page One)

it that the Daily Worker is distributed regularly in the big factories, and especially in the copper and iron mining regions, and among the lumber workers, dock workers, steel, metal and flour mills, packing houses and railroads.

"The possibilities for increasing the circulation of the Daily Worker may be seen from the fact that one small unit in Angora, Minn., secured seven new subscriptions to the Daily Worker, going over its quota in the recruiting drive. Other units must do as well in the present drive, especially the shop nuclei."

"The Party must see to it that that regular subscriptions are taken from the workers who are already buying the paper at the factory gate."

The quota for the Minnesota district is about 500 new subscribers, and 800 in bundles orders by June 1, as well as \$850 to finance the mass circulation drive.

WRITE about your conditions for the Daily Worker. Become a Worker Correspondent.

WISCON. JOBLESS WIN RELEASE; DRIVE GOES ON

More Unemployed As All Prepare Convention

(Continued from Page One)

jobless marched to the jail and protested the arrest. Twelve more were arrested from this crowd in front of the jail.

Unemployed Workers Get 30 Days.

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., April 7.—Jerry Jones, of the Unemployed Council, was sentenced to 30 days by Judge O'Brien last Tuesday, but was denied the right to appeal by the Judge.

Five workers arrested at a Socialist mass meeting for Mayor Hoan and Morris Hillquit last week, after being held for over a week in jail, were finally released on bail of \$1,000 each. They are Mike Daniels, chairman of the Unemployed Council; M. Raport, Trade Union Unity League secretary; Young, Garb and another unemployed worker. Raport is out on an additional \$1,000 bail pending deportation proceedings. Their trial came up this month in superior court on charges of rioting, a felony punishable by six months imprisonment.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., April 7.—

An unemployment meeting was held today in front of the oil refinery at Woodbridge, of over 200 workers who had been looking for a job there. The Daily Worker and Labor Unity were distributed.

Thursday at noon a meeting will be held by T. U. U. L. and Council of Unemployed at Freight Station Yard, on State St., Perth Amboy.

Protest N. Y. Railroadings.

The cases of William Z. Foster, Robert Minor, I. Amter, Harold Raymond, and Joseph Lesten come to trial in special sessions court Friday, before three Tammany judges, and without a jury, though the five members of the committee elected by 110,000 unemployed demonstrators face sentences in this court of six years each.

Continued denunciations of this and other cases arising out of the unemployment demonstrations continue to take place, through resolutions of mass meetings, and labor organizations all over the country. Meanwhile, plans go forward actively for organization, and for the national convention of 10,000 delegates in Chicago, July 4-5.

Write About Your Conditions for the Daily Worker. Become a Worker Correspondent.

Southern Cotton Mills and Labor
By Myra Page 96 pp. 25 Cents.

EARLY REVIEWS

"Myra Page is well qualified to write of Southern textile workers. As a southern woman herself, she has lived and worked in mill villages and knows the situation at first hand. 'SOUTHERN COTTON MILLS AND LABOR' should be read by every worker in order to understand what is back of the great struggles in the southern textile field."
—GRACE HUTCHINS, author of "Labor and Silk."

"... The author performed a surgical operation upon a portion of the body of American imperialism, an operation which discloses in detail the misery of the masses. This is no 'study' by a social welfare worker. Sympathy and understanding are there, but primarily it is an incisive, sharp and merciless, by a scalpel with a Leninist edge."
—WILLIAM F. DUNNE.

Order from
WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
39 East 125th Street New York City
Discounts offered on orders in quantity lots

A Great Event! A Remarkable Program! A Great Holiday!

8 JUBILEE CELEBRATION OF THE MORNING FREIHEIT

Sun., April 13, 2 p. m.

AT THE
BRONX COLISEUM
EAST 177TH STREET SUBWAY STATION, BRONX RIVER

EXCELLENT PROGRAM

Comrades Foster and Olgin Will Speak

A program worthy to be remembered. No worker should miss this great event!

Tickets in advance 75 cents and \$1.00. On April 13 the tickets will be \$1.00 and \$1.25. A ticket in advance will assure you of a better place. Tickets to be obtained in the office of the Morning Freiheit, 30 Union Square, New York City.

ACTIVE PRESS, INC.
26-28 UNION SQUARE
NEW YORK CITY

"RED PRISONERS" NIGHT

Sat. Eve., April 12

AT
ROCKLAND PALACE
155th Street and Eighth Avenue

Hear the Report of Arrested (Program of Entertainment including mock trial by the Unemployment Delegation on the Second Day of the Trial.) (Workers Laboratory Theatre.)

EXCELLENT MUSIC .∴ DANCING

Give yourselves and your friends a memorable evening!

Tickets: 65 cents in advance. 75 cents at door.

Obtainable at
COMMUNIST PARTY OF AMERICA, DISTRICT TWO
26 Union Square, New York City

CLASS AGAINST CLASS IN THE SOUTH

Negro Misleaders in Dixie

By GILBERT LEWIS.

This is the second part of Comrade Lewis's article. The first part dealt with the vicious attack of the Negro bourgeoisie and the labor bureaucrats against the Trade Union Unity League and the activities of the revolutionary workers in the South.

The Editor.

THE question naturally arises: Why is the Southern ruling class so thoroughly alarmed, so thoroughly frightened at the appearance of the T.U.U.L. in Chattanooga? It is because evidence is at hand to prove that organizations under the political leadership of the Communist Party can smash the barriers of race prejudice and mobilize the workers of the South, black and white, for a militant struggle against capitalism. Because Chattanooga has not escaped the general crisis of capitalism and here as elsewhere, one witnesses the terrific onslaught of capitalist rationalization with its wage cuts, speedup and stretchout and increasing unemployment. At the same time one also witnesses a decided growing resistance of the workers to these attacks upon their living standards.

This growing resistance of the workers is shown in their response to our program of revolutionary unionism—in the fact that 1,000 leaflets with a minimum of information on them, could bring into our hall some 250 workers—in the fact that the T.U.U.L.'s acceptance of the political leadership of the Communist Party, which has been brought out to them time and again, did not in the least keep the workers from crowding around the organizers after the meetings were over to join the T.U.U.L.—in the fact that in a space of two weeks time, in Chattanooga, absolutely new territory, a number of workers from the shops and factories were drawn into the Communist Party.

Indicative of the radicalization in process here is the relationship existing between the Negro and white workers. Though the issue of race against race has at times, in the past, assumed acute form, the intense process of industrialization and rationalization has educated them to the need of standing together. Rapidly they are coming to realize how race prejudice is used by the bosses to keep them divided, so that the standard of living of both groups can be lowered. In several instances in this city Negroes who were barred from the A. F. of L. unions, have been used to scab on the white workers who have gone out on strike. In other instances, Negroes, too, barred from the unions, have refused to scab on the white workers when on strike. At all of our meetings both Negro and white workers have taken the floor and pointed out the necessity of standing together.

The attitude of the Negro workers in this respect presents a very interesting study. He has absolutely no objection to uniting with the white worker but neither does he regard it in the light of a special privilege granted him. And while not in the least subjective they want to be certain that you mean it when you say absolute equality, for they have had sorry experiences with the A. F. of L.

In 1920 the A. F. of L. came to Chattanooga and carried on a campaign of organizing Negro and white metal workers together. At first they declared that the workers were to be organized on a basis of equality. Soon however, they revealed their true intention. They organized the white workers as mechanics and the Negroes as helpers, stating that while the Negroes were receiving only \$6-\$8 per day as mechanics, as helpers they would receive \$8.50 and up. But the white mechanics would receive \$10 per day. The Negroes told the A.

F. of L. to go to hell and walked out in a body and have never returned.

Negro Workers in Basic Industries Militant.

Chattanooga has a genuine Negro industrial proletariat, capable of leading, together with the revolutionary white workers, the revolutionary struggle. The Chattanooga bourgeoisie is badly frightened at the prospect of its being organized. This fact is borne out by an item which appears in the "Times" for Feb. 6 bearing the following scarehead: "Wave Red Flag as Negro Hope Against Whites," a definite attempt to whip up a lynching spirit by declaring to the white workers that the Communist Party was calling upon the darker races of the world to rise up and conquer the white man.

All of these attacks, however, have done little to hamper our work. The T.U.U.L. has moved steadily forward in spite of them and all of our meetings have been well attended by both Negro and white workers. Our membership has increased at a rapid rate of speed, excellent progress being recorded in Chattanooga, Atlanta and other parts of the South, including Birmingham.

The workers are ready for struggle and willing to struggle. Not only are they willing to struggle against the bosses for a bite of bread but they are prepared to wage a militant struggle against the whole capitalist system. Workers here in the South who have never heard of the Communist Party will tell you that what this country needs is a revolution.

The Party must pay close attention to the South and lend political guidance to these workers in their struggle. And in view of that fact some of the things that I said in the beginning of this article in regard to winning the Negro masses will bear stressing.

Class Against Class Must Be Emphasized.

Certain shortcomings of the Party in reaching the Negro workers of the North must be overcome in the South. We cannot repeat the same mistakes. While in the North a serious campaign has been carried on by the Party to win the Negro masses for the revolutionary movement, trained organizers have been put in the field with this as their primary task, etc., the fact must be recognized that our Party hasn't a sufficient appreciation of the Negro question in this period. For while the slogan of class against class has been repeatedly raised not enough effort has been made to win the Negro on the basis of that slogan. In too many cases the stress has been placed upon his suffering as a member of an oppressed race and not enough upon his suffering as a member of an oppressed class.

We have not centered enough attention upon the shops and factories. In too many instances in approaching the Negro worker, we have subordinated the Party to general left-wing mass organizations. We have not sufficiently exposed to the mass of Negro workers the treachery of the Negro misleaders. It is not enough to tell the Negro masses that the Negro middle class is too lacking in courage or has no program to effect their liberation. We must make them understand that the Negro middle class is definitely their enemy and the friend of their oppressor.

In this period of sharpening class conflicts such shortcomings become keenly apparent. Class against class must be the outstanding slogan of our Party in its approach to the Negroes of the South. My experience with the Negro in industry, the only one vital to the revolutionary movement, gives me to believe that the Negro is as class conscious as the average white worker and can be won on the basis of that slogan.

—THE END.—

Now That the World Is Safe for Democracy! By Fred Ellis



"Help us lick your fellow workers on May Day and we'll give you another medal!"

"Our Colony of Cuba"

By JORGE A. VIVO.

Under this title given above, a liberal of the United States, Leland Jenks, has written a work in which is studied the situation in Cuba, the neighboring country that is going through an important political crisis and in which the recent strikes reveal a strong anti-imperialist movement, a struggle against the native agents of Yankee imperialism.

Cuba is one of the countries of Latin America that is most submitted to the influence of the White House. "Emancipated" from Spain by means of the "generous" aid of the United States, which even in those days had sufficient "interests" there to use military force with the end of guaranteeing them, Cuba later fell under the absolute domination of Wall Street.

During the "republican" period of "independent life" of the country, as the bourgeoisie calls the epoch following U. S. intervention of 1898, imperialism has profited every opportunity presented to assure its decisive and absolute influence in the economy of Cuba. The result of this economic policy of imperialism has been very fruitful. All the so-called "national" industries are actually manipulated by companies founded in the United States.

"A Yankee Plantation." Thus, more than 80 per cent of the sugar industry, with an estimated value of \$100,000,000 belongs to Yankee trusts intimately linked with the National City Bank. The Tobacco Trust, which controls both the manufacture of tobacco products and the export of raw tobacco, is founded in New Jersey. The railway system is principally run by American companies and those which are British are subjected to the convenience of the American companies. Fruit production, mining (gold, copper, iron, manganese, asphalt, etc.), the telephone system, the street-cars, electric companies, and even amusement places and important hotels are in the hands of great U. S. trusts which also furnish 80 per cent of the island's imported commodities.

The Cuban bourgeoisie, formerly master of the large part of means of production, is now really minority shareholder in the economy of the country, a mere appendix of imperialist economy. The National City Bank of New York and the Royal Bank of Canada, the most important banking institutions, have nearly one hundred and fifty branches in the country, through which all the economic life of the country is controlled. Recently, the Chase National Bank and some others are playing an important role as controllers of the Cuban treasury. Practically, these banks, all of the United States, control all finance and economy.

Subjected to such an aberrant economic submission, the island is really a colony of imperialism, its political life directed from the White House. The Platt Amendment, a permanent treaty imposed on the Constituent Assembly that prepared the advent of the "republic," is a treaty that confirms this submission and assures the strict carrying out of the policy of penetration and hegemony of the United States contained in the Monroe Doctrine.

The "Platt Amendment." According to this "Platt Amendment" the Cuban government is unable to contract debts with other nations than the United States if the U. S. "considers" that such obligations cannot be paid by the ordinary income; the U. S. Government can intervene in Cuba whenever "sanitary conditions," "personal security" and "individual property" may not be sufficiently "guaranteed"; and, among other clauses of such kind as make this alleged "republic" a Yankee "protectorate" the Cuban government is obliged to cede ports of strategic value for the establishment of naval and military bases—a thing carried into practice and which has permitted the important port of Guantanamo to be ruled under the stars and stripes.

At present the chief imperialist agent in Cuba is Gerardo Machado, internationally known as an assassin and share-holder of the General Electric Company, who was put in the post of president of the "republic" by means of loans made by Yankee concerns which bought this magnificent political position for their lackey (Machado is paying great sums monthly to other politicians that opposed him in the election in which he was "elected," sums guaranteed by commercial payments underwritten by imperialist agents).

The U. S. proletariat already knows the policy of the Machado government, characterized by the bloodbaths given the workers and peasants and the most barbarous attacks against the revolutionary organizations.

Machado—The Infamous.

The assassination of working class leaders, the massacre of agricultural workers, the jailings, deportations, the "original" method of feeding the bodies of militant workers to the sharks of Havana Bay, crimes against Cuban emigrants abroad such as the murder of Julio Mella, and other means used daily by Machado and his big gang, have made Machado's regime known to the whole world proletariat as one of the most brutal that history records in the oppression of colonial and semi-colonial peoples.

Machado and his followers have scrupulously and slavishly served the interests of Yankee imperialism and its appendix, the Cuban bourgeoisie. The name of this criminal, an example of our class enemy, is the symbol of a regime of oppression, of plunder and robbery that world imperialism's agents in China, that the fake "revolutionary" regime of Rubio-Calles and Portes Gil in Mexico, likewise carry out.

The exploitation of the wage workers of Cuba who, according to an estimate of 1919, number 1,000,000 among a population of 3,500,000, and among which million of workers are not only men but many women and children, are unable to move without reckoning on the Cuban hanger-on of Yankee imperialism. Yankee imperialism could not benefit from its rule of this small rich country did it not count upon a whole apparatus of oppression that guarantees its investments. The accession of Machado to power marked the period in which the White House acquired complete economic hegemony in the country, which necessitated its complement, complete political hegemony.

Machado is merely the governor of the colony of Cuba, practically only another state of the American Union, subjected to barbarous exploitation of Yankee imperialism.

German Artel in the First Ranks

We have received the following from Simferopol, Crimea:

"A good impression is created by the German artel 'Samava,' which commenced sowing on March the 6th, the earliest in the district. They are well organized, and everyone knows his place and duties. As soon as the bell rings in the morning, everyone immediately leaves for his place in the fields. Groups of members of the artel are carrying on contests among themselves for speed and quality of work. The artel as a whole is competing with the neighboring commune 'Borba' which has also commenced sowing. The artel has sent its tractor to assist 'Borba' and has undertaken to help to sow the land of two neighboring tartar villages.

"After the 'Samava' and 'Borba,' a number of other collective farms started work. Some of them completed their formation only on the eve of the sowing campaign, and adopted the rules of the artel."

THE UNITED STATES AT THE LONDON CONFERENCE

Imperialist Rivalries Sharpened

By P. LAPINSKY (Moscow).

THE majority of the London newspapers are endeavoring to make France responsible for a possible breakdown of the London Naval Conference. But the "blackmailing policy" and the "sabotage" of the French imperialists could only for a time conceal the quarrel between the most important actors in the tragic-comedy of London, the quarrel between Great Britain and the United States.

When Mr. Stimson, the United States foreign minister, hastened to publish his program memorandum, it was only at the first moment that it evoked a favorable response from the British side.

Stimson proposed complete parity in aircraft-carriers and destroyers, and only in return vague expression of the desire to fix a "lowest possible standard of tonnage." In return for this the United States make a certain concession in the question of large cruisers. The question left unresolved at the negotiations which took place between MacDonald and Hoover and Dawes whether the United States should possess 21 or 18 large cruisers, has been decided by Stimson in favor of Great Britain. The United States demands for itself only 18 large cruisers against 15 British. All this appeared at first sight to be acceptable "in principle."

But suddenly there was revealed the real differences of opinion. The Memorandum, extracts only from which were handed over for publication, was set against the original Memorandum. It was ascertained that the actual concrete demands of the U. S. A. imperialists were not at all included in the published Memorandum.

Since the abortive Three-Power Naval Conference at Geneva in 1927, the questions of cruisers and the calibre of their guns has been regarded as the most important question in dispute between Great Britain and the United States. As is known, the principle of "parity" in regard to capital ship fleets was already laid down at the Washington Conference in 1921 and 1922. The question of cruisers, however, which led to the failure of the Geneva Conference, was in the main solved in the preliminary conversations which MacDonald had with Hoover and Dawes, and still more concretely in the Stimson Memorandum at the London Conference. It appeared therefore, as if everything were going smoothly. Then, however, there arose in an unexpected manner the dispute in the question of capital ship fleets!

After the Washington Conference there had set in a real competition in the construction and arming not only of cruisers (which were not included in the limitations agreed to in Washington), but also in the large capital ships. At Washington Japan could not bring itself to scrap its newest big ship the "Mutsu," and Japan was allowed to retain this ship and also the "Nagato." In return the United

States was "permitted" to complete the construction of the "Maryland," and Great Britain was given for the sake of equality, the right to build two corresponding monster ships, the "Rodney" and the "Nelson."

It is over these powerful ships that there has arisen at the present movement the dispute regarding "parity." Before all America desired that, in order to achieve parity already at the end of the coming year, Great Britain, instead of scrapping five of the older large ships of the "Iron Duke" type fitted with 13½ inch guns, as was originally agreed to at Washington in 1922, should scrap five of the new vessels of the "Queen Elizabeth" type carrying 15 inch guns. America expressed readiness on its part, instead of three to scrap no less than four of the older large ships—how very touching!—but wanted in return to receive the right to build a supplementary ship parallel to the British "Rodney"!

In the event of the proposals of the U. S. A. imperialists being realized, it would mean, according to British calculations, that the "floating fortresses" of the United States would possess in all thirty-three 16 inch guns, while the British would possess eighteen, and the Japanese sixteen guns of the same calibre!

The conference is therefore being undermined from all sides. At the same time hardly a word has been spoken at the conference by the representatives of Japan and Italy who are wisely keeping in the background. There have, however, been already revealed with sufficient clearness the difficulties of an agreement being arrived at between Japan and America, as well as the tendency on the part of Great Britain to a certain "approachment" to Japan and Italy.

In these circumstances the circles most interested in the "success" of the Conference, and before all the MacDonald Government, are compelled to seek ways and means which have not hitherto come within the compass of the Conference. The tactics of the French imperialists are causing the British imperialists to bring the Conference on to the path of political negotiations over every possible peace guarantee. Fewer ships, but more agreements!

The United States, as before, desires to preserve full freedom of action, the privilege of the strong. Of course, a thousand considerations compel the imperialist powers, especially Great Britain and the United States, to exert every effort in order to "save" the conference, or at least to keep up the necessary appearances. But the prestige of the policy of "Pacifism" has already received a severe blow. All the antagonisms and the greedy rivalries have come to light as never before. Even certain circles of United States imperialism, as the Washington Correspondent of the "Times" reports, are compelled " cynically" to recognize that the Disarmament Conference has become a "Conference for increasing armaments."

Out With Petty Bourgeois Ideology in Our Language Press

By MARGARET COWL.

WHILE our language press prints the thesis and statements of the Party, certain of the articles that it prints is ballast to the material issued by the Party.

In the "Laissez" for February 3, 1930, an article by Dr. A. Potrik which contained an anti-proletarian, petty-bourgeois ideology was printed. The author's idea of an intelligent progressive worker is one "who is able to differentiate had from good, who is interested in the world and follows the flow of world events, who can grasp the ability to rationally orientate his life, who is somewhat developed and independently thinking by himself." The "ignorant public," says the author, "well, one can believe that in some time to come it will sober up, but while it is such as it is now, it benefits no one, neither the Communist Party or anyone else."

The author admits the existence of classes but in referring to this point he says:

"...but it is possible to write all that one sees, that one hears, that one has in mind into one article!"

Petty Bourgeois Views.

The author tried to avoid the class content in his articles, but it is glaringly there, and especially in the above quotations. This class content is not proletarian, it is the class-view of the lower middle class, the petty-bourgeoisie. It should not find space in the columns of our Communist press. The petty bourgeois sees democracy not through proletarian eyes as bourgeois democracy that shoots down workers on the picket line (as was the case with Comrade Steve Catovis, and then praise officially through its courts the policeman who was ordered to do this), he sees democracy as either bad or good in general, for all, including both workers and bourgeois. According to this point of view, the proletarian dictatorship in the U. S. S. R. which denies rights to anyone who gets his whole or part living by the exploitation of the labor of others, this proletarian democracy is bad democracy because it is a dictatorship of the proletariat in the interests of the toiling masses against the class of exploiters. This idea of good or bad in general covers up the bourgeois nature of the capitalist state, which is nothing else but a dictatorship of the bourgeoisie against the broad masses of the toilers in the capitalist countries. These anti-Marxian, anti-Leninist views must be swept out of our Communist press.

In the present stage of the development of American capitalism, it is more profitable to suck out profits from the toil and blood of the working class by installing machinery which intensifies the exploitation of the workers, which wears away their strength and energy at a quicker tempo than ever before. This American rationalization drive which is worsening the conditions of life of the workers, is destroying more and more the possibilities for the great mass of American workers to "follow the flow of world events," or to "rationally orientate his life." More so is this the

case because the energies and the strength of the American working class now more than ever before is directed towards great mass class battles against the capitalist class in order to repulse the attacks of capital and to launch the offensive for a better standard of living.

"More Progressive Dentists."

It is not to the interest of Lithuanian workers in the U. S. A. to read long columns of text of self-advertisement that one is a more "progressive" dentist than others. The world-outlook of the American proletarian is that from which he can draw lessons to raise his struggles from those for purely economic demands to struggles directing him towards the establishment of a government for the working class. The source from which he can draw these lessons is the world revolutionary movement. It is the duty of our press to be the medium through which the American proletariat can gain this information.

Ideas which compare the socialization of the medical service in the interests of the working class as it exists in the U. S. S. R. today, where the proletariat have overthrown the bourgeoisie and established their own government, with the possibilities to do the same in the U. S. A. under the regime of capital (as compared in the article of Dr. A. Potrik), is nothing else but propaganda to divert the American workers from the path of class struggle to that of reformism. This is the view of a bourgeois liberal and has absolutely nothing to do with Communism.

Impermissible Advertisements

In the issue of "Laissez" for January 1, 1930 and in a later issue of the "Vilnis" there appeared an advertisement in the form of an article which speaks about too much gluttony, too little religion, too little peaceful self-conduct as the reason for most of the failures in life.

In the present conditions when millions of American workers are walking the streets in a vain search for work, half-starved, homeless, when there has been started a world-wide campaign against the U. S. S. R. as preparation for war and intervention in the U. S. S. R., allegedly on the basis of protection of religion, but in reality because the proletariat in the U. S. S. R. is successfully destroying the kulak as a class—the last support of world imperialism in the U. S. S. R.; when the wave of the class struggle is rising higher, to put forth such ideas as above mentioned even in the form of advertisement in our Communist press is absolutely impermissible.

TALK to your fellow worker in your shop about the Daily Worker. Sell him a copy every day for a week. Then ask him to

How Job Sharks Skin the Unemployed

OUTRAGEOUS treatment handed out to unemployed workers in their search for bread and butter is once more exposed in a report on fraudulent practices of private employment agencies just issued by the American Association for Labor Legislation, in New York.

The report, prepared by George H. Trafton, summarizes hundreds of pages of information buried in the unpublished proceedings of the New York State Industrial Survey Commission. "Witness after witness, testifying under oath," states Trafton, "described flagrant abuses practiced by some of these commercial enterprises, conclusively demonstrating that the fee-charging employment agency business is still infested with unscrupulous characters who do not hesitate to mulct the helpless, and who find the jobless worker an easy victim."

One of the most common complaints before the commission was misrepresentation of jobs. "Witness testified," says Trafton, "that after paying fees they had been sent to jobs which obviously they could not fill and for

which they had not applied." Others swore that they had been sent off to temporary positions which had been represented to them as "permanent." Some told of going to distant cities for jobs that did not even exist. Others testified that "the wages paid on the job were much lower than the agency had represented."

Theft of fees, collected in advance for jobs, but not returned as the law requires when no jobs were found, was also charged against the private agencies. Sometimes the employment sharks flatly refused to return the fees. At other times they would send the disappointed workers off on other wild goose chases. In this way, one witness stated, "they would keep the men going back and forth until they got tired so that they would not come any more and they would not go back for their fees." Another witness reported having "seen fellows thrown down the stairs," when seeking return of their money.

During the investigation, the United States Supreme Court handed down the typically capitalist-minded decision that the fees charged by private employment agencies are not subject to regulation by law. Hence the agencies can charge the workers their very eye-teeth for a short-lived chance to be exploited. One instance is cited of a "woman who paid \$18 for a job which only lasted two weeks; so that her job cost her half of the total wages received. She returned to the agency, but received neither another position nor a refund."

Sending of girls or women to immoral resorts, though forbidden by statute, is also a standing grievance against the private agents investigated in the report. Testimony before the commission on this point was backed up by the annual report of the Committee of Fourteen, of New York City, and by the newspapers at the time.

The Daily Worker is the Party's best instrument to make contacts among the masses of workers, to build a mass Communist Party.

Workers! Join the Party of Your Class!

Communist Party U. S. A.
43 East 125th Street,
New York City.

I, the undersigned, want to join the Communist Party. Send me more information.

Name

Address

Occupation

Age

Mail this to the Central Office, Communist Party, 43 East 125th St., New York, N. Y.