

Socialist Imperialist Demagoguery

The national council of the French "socialist" party, in rejecting the offer of Edouard Daladier, leader of the "radical socialists" (the name has nothing to do with socialism in either case) for equal representation in a coalition cabinet, rebuked the parliamentary group for tentatively accepting the offer and announced that they "would not work with MacDonald."

By this, one might think that, among the parties of the Second International, at least the French have left a remnant of class honesty. This is just what the French socialist party wants French workers to think. But it is altogether untrue. This pose of virgin purity is much too awkward to be convincing; and firstly, what does this mean, that the "socialists" of France are denouncing the "socialists" of England? De Blum and Boncour denounce the capitalists' hangers-on in fighting against socialism and becoming the capitalists' hangers-on in fighting against the working class? Not at all! MacDonald and Snowden are given this left-handed slap because Snowden fought against French imperialist interests at the Hague and for British imperialist interests, and for numerous other attacks on the continental ambitions of imperialist France for imperialist Britain.

It being thus understood that it is an imperialist objection to imperialist actions for which French "socialists" are denouncing British "socialists," let us see if the French "socialists" themselves have clean hands. Albert Thomas, the "greatest of French socialists," does he not collaborate with imperialism in the League of Nations as head of its "Labor" Office? Has not Paul Boncour held a ministerial post in a coalition cabinet with French capitalist parties? Did not the whole French "socialist" party enter head over heels into war in collaboration with French imperialism? Are they not now, even more cleverly than in 1914, supporting the capitalist war preparations—especially against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics? We have heard no recantation of all this, and the coalition policy is still a policy of the French "socialists." So it is not that which is the basis of the dig at MacDonald.

Again, the French "socialists" have aided French capitalism to suppress strike after strike, to break the unions of the railroad and steel workers for example. So it is not for MacDonald's government betrayal of the Lancashire textile strikers and the coal miners that the French "socialists" reprove British "socialists." And with their wholehearted support of French imperialist massacres in Syria and Morocco, cannot be that French "socialists" object to MacDonald and Sidney Webb spilling Arabian blood or imprisoning Indian trade unionists who fight for independence or for imperialist subjection of Egypt.

The real reason that Leon Blum will just now "not walk with MacDonald" is that, at this moment, he has not the chance MacDonald had, who at least is King George's prime minister, while the French "socialists" were offered mere subordinate posts under Daladier. And why were they offered only a second rate position? Because the situation of French capitalism is not yet so critical as that of British capitalism. And Leon Blum is merely availing the deepening of the crisis—and he will not have to wait so very long—when he, too, will "walk with MacDonald."

Horthy and Hoover, Fascists

Reports from Budapest Tuesday state that Comrade Loewi is dead in the dungeons of Hungarian fascism after five days of hunger strike, there being a hunger strike of hundreds of political prisoners, Communists and other revolutionary workers and peasants against the unbearable prison conditions.

These victims are sentenced for life terms. Yet the only crime they committed was to organize the Hungarian toilers against the bloody fascist regime of Bethlen and Horthy.

After ten years of the Horthy-Bethlen rule, hundreds of thousands are unemployed. And those who work get such miserable wages that their only food is bread and potatoes. The wives of workers must not only sell their labor power, but to keep their families alive, must sell their bodies. The agricultural workers are even worse off; underfed, garbed in rags, thousands of them are living in caves like beasts. There is no country in Europe where the death rate is so high as Hungary. There is no other country where the number of suicides is so high as in the land of Horthy.

This bloody fascist regime of bankers and landowners ruthlessly crushes all attempts of the workers and peasants to better their condition. And the fascist Bethlen-Horthy regime finds a willing ally in the Hungarian social "democratic" party, the party of social fascism, which has acted for years as police spies, turning over for death and prison the best and most courageous fighters of the Hungarian proletariat. Only recently Prime Minister Bethlen called back some of these gentlemen from abroad in order that they might serve as exhibits for his claim of "democracy" in Hungary.

But these social-fascist leaders, who with mock "bravery" cast paper "demands" at the head of the government to mislead the masses, are those responsible for the death of Comrade Loewi, for the prisons packed with hundreds of Hungary's finest fighters. And these social "democratic" fascists support the Horthy terror and aid the war preparations against the Soviet Union.

The hundreds of workers, peasants and intellectuals, the Rakosis, the Stantos and the rest, suffering unspeakable conditions in Horthy's prisons, went on a hunger strike to call the attention of the world proletariat, not only to their sufferings, but to the mass misery of the Hungarian toilers. For in spite of all the regime of murder and terror, the whole counter-revolutionary structure is shaking.

The economic situation is such that workers are massing under the Communist Party for final struggle. It is precisely because of this rising movement that Bethlen calls in the social fascists to serve as an "opposition" to attract the masses only to disrupt their fighting front. They are to play the same role as the Muellers in Germany, the MacDonalds in England, the Blums in France and the Renners in Austria. They are to keep in power the rottenest, most ghoulish government in history.

The hundreds of hunger strikers in Hungarian prisons must receive an answer from the American proletariat. Hoover it was who intrigued with relief at the end of a political string to bring about the overthrow of the Hungarian Soviet Republic after the war. It is American bankers who prop up the whole superstructure of fascist terror erected on the graves and prisons of Hungary. American imperialism it is which holds Horthy-Bethlen and their social fascist bloodhounds in leash for war against the Soviet Union. And American workers must speak in tones that can be heard behind the walls of Hungarian prisons, giving a message of class solidarity. The masses of Hungary must be told the criminal role of their social fascists, and encouraged from across the seas to fight under Communist leadership for a Workers and Peasants Soviet Republic.

DON'T BE A SLACKER.

Today our Party faces greater responsibilities and tasks than ever before. The Central Committee Program gives our chief tasks as follows:

1. Struggle against capitalist rationalization and the capitalist offensive and organize the unorganized.
2. Struggle against imperialist war, against American imperialism and for the defense of the Soviet Union.
3. Struggle against social reaction and the Right Danger.
4. Building of the Party.

Our immediate campaigns in carrying out these tasks are: Organize shop committees—strengthen revolutionary unions—build the Trade Union Unity League.

Conduct broad mass protest demonstrations demanding freedom of Gastonia Prisoners.

Make the 12th Anniversary Russian Revolution Campaign and meetings the most effective and largest in history of Party.

The Day's Pay Campaign started throughout the Party brought the results, but there are still some comrades who have failed to fulfill their Communist Party.

To conduct successfully our Party tasks and campaigns, the Party must be relieved of financial difficulties.

What Must Be Done at Once?
1. Every Member Who Has Not Responded—SEND IN YOUR DAY'S PAY NOW.

2. Every unit check over their membership list and immediately take steps to collect the Day's Pay from those who have neglected it.

WE MUST FINISH THE TASK 100 PER CENT.
Rush in your DAY'S PAY to the National Office, 43 East 125th St., New York City

\$25,000,000,000 IS LOSS AS WALL ST. CRASH GROWS

Greatest Fiscal Crisis in World's History Gains Momentum

Becoming World Bank Failures Feared by Senator

BULLETIN.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Senator Brookhart of Iowa declared today that any further decline in stocks would be likely to endanger the position of the banks.

Secretary of the Treasury Mellon today held conferences with President Hoover and the Federal Reserve Board as the stock market crash gained momentum throughout the country and even became world wide, resulting in crisis in many other countries.

The greatest stock market crash in history became even more serious yesterday than on either Thursday or Monday, in spite of the frantic efforts of J. P. Morgan and the largest banks to halt the panic on the stock exchange which has resulted from the business recession. Between \$23,000,000,000 and \$25,000,000,000 in "values" were lost on Monday and Tuesday, and the crash has become international.

The stock markets in Berlin, Amsterdam, Stockholm and other foreign centers are facing a panic as a result of the New York crash. In Santos, Brazil, the Coffee Exchange has been closed indefinitely and the Rio exchange is expected to close. The commodity exchanges in the United States yesterday were hit.

(Continued on Page Three)

BOMBS EXPLODE IN NEW ORLEANS

Scab's Houses and Car Damaged by Bombs

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 29.—The house of John Bourdette, occupied by a scab motorman and two scab conductors was bombed and wrecked last night. A house occupied by B. Paragne, scab motorman was bombed a little later. A street car, early this morning ran over explosives on the track and was damaged. No one was injured in any of these explosions.

The street car strike is still on, no matter how much the strike-breaking officials of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electrical Railway Employees try to force the men to accept the agreement, embodying the blacklist, arranged for them by President Mahon of the union, and William Green, president of the A. F. L.

It is not known whether the bombs are the act of an agent provocateur, or of some striker, resentful of the federal injunction, and police brutality which has involved the murder of several strikers already.

SERB TERRORISTS MURDER.

VIENNA (By Mail).—According to an official report from Belgrade, the police have arrested a group of 40 Communists who allegedly intended to plunder the postoffice at the railway station. One of the arrested workers named Brachanovitch had already been "shot whilst attempting to escape" by the police.

Roanoke, N. C. Mill Workers, W. Va. Miners, Want 'Daily'

Answer Their Appeals by Rushing Daily Worker South!

The mill workers of Roanoke Rapids and Rosemary, North Carolina, are calling for the Daily Worker!

The coal miners of the southern fields in West Virginia, Tennessee and Kentucky write that they must have the Daily Worker distributed in the unorganized coal fields of the South at once, and regularly!

Both these groups of workers, unorganized, or in other cases simply sold out like chattel to the southern mill bosses and coal operators by the twin boss-controlled machines of the A. F. of L., the United Textile Workers and the corrupt United Mine Workers, are turning to the militant unions to lead them.

Workers in Roanoke Rapids and Rosemary, hearing about the Daily Worker from textile workers who had come to these villages from Gastonia, have written us, appealing for speakers from the National Textile Workers' Union—and bundles of the "union paper"—their name for the Daily.

Here is the letter from a mill worker in Roanoke Rapids, one of the North Carolina mill towns slated to be a base of the struggle of class against class in the South:

"I received your copy of the Daily Worker. I sure do want to thank you very much for the same.
"I enclose a list of names of mill workers of Roanoke Rapids and

Thousands Storm Detroit Hall to Hail the Fliers from the Soviet Union

N. Y. Workers Prepare Monster Reception at Valley Stream Field Today

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 29.—The most tumultuous mass demonstration ever staged in Detroit was accorded Semyon Shestakov and his three comrades at a reception arranged by the Friends of the Soviet Union in Danceland Auditorium, the city's largest convention hall, last night.

Workers by tens of thousands stormed the auditorium to welcome the daring fliers who have brought greetings and expressions of solidarity from the workers and peasants of the U. S. S. R. to the workers and farmers of the United States. As each of the Soviet representatives rose to address the audience in Russian, a fresh outburst of wild cheering, and applause rocked the hall.

Workers Present Tractors. The feature of the evening was the formal presentation of ten tractors and tractors, subscribed by Detroit workers, to the fliers for their fellow-workers in the Soviet Republic. The program included the following numbers: Lithuanian "Aida" Chorus; Russian String Orchestra; Polish Folk Dances; Ukrainian Chorus; Russian Folk Dances; Negro Spirituals; Ukrainian String Orchestra; Workers Maennerchor of Detroit.

The Land of the Soviets will leave the Dearborn airport for New York tomorrow morning, completing historic 12,500 mile flight Moscow early in the afternoon.

COAST SEAMEN LOOK TO MEET MICHIGAN TUUL MEET ON NOV. 3

Marine League Plans Auto, Mining Workers to Attend

Reports from the Pacific coast ports to the national office of the Marine Workers League, 28 South St., indicate ever increasing activity of seamen and longshoremen, leading to the foundation of a strong industrial union. San Francisco headquarters of the league have been opened at 130 Stewart St., and the committee in charge of arrangements there is holding regular waterfront meetings in preparation for the Pacific coast conference, which will meet in that hall, Nov. 9-11.

The West coast conference according to the reports received from all ports on the West coast is going to be one of the biggest events in the marine industry. Secretary Emery of the Dan Pedro local announces that a large delegation will go to Frisco. A real campaign is being carried on against the "fink halls" also known as "slave markets". The marine workers in Pedro have welcomed the opening of the M. W. L. headquarters with great enthusiasm.

Drive in South. A very big organizational drive is to take place within the next period. Plans are being mapped out for all ports south of the Mason and Dixon line where thousands of longshoremen are totally unorganized and labor for fifteen to thirty cents per hour. The International Longshoremen's Association which has recently signed an agreement with the bosses without the knowledge of its membership is being deserted in many port supplying to the M. W. L. for membership.

In New York the tow-boatmen's union has been recently sold out by its leader, Capt. Maher, who acts as czar of the union and who totally ignored the membership's wish for better conditions. Captain Maher (Continued on Page Three)

CALL TO ACTION IN ILLINOIS BY REAL MINE UNION

"Fight Now or Never" Statement Warns Coal Diggers

"Prepare for Strike" Battle Looms to Smash Checkoff, Cut Hours

WEST FRANKFORT, Ill., Oct. 29.—Acting on the decision of the district convention of Illinois miners called by the National Miners Union, a call to action is being sent out by the N. M. U. throughout the coal fields of this state. The program of the N. M. U., as explained in leaflets broadcast today, aims a death blow at company unionism of the United Mine Workers or any other variety, and rallies the miners to their own, militant National Miner Union. It says in part:

"Now is the time to abolish the company union, the U. M. W. A. of the traitorous Lewis and Fishwick. The time is ripe for rank and file to forever end the domination of the corrupt U. M. W. A. leaders, tools of the coal operators. We must oust the fakers.

"Now or Never." "The time is now or never to build a fighting, powerful, rank and file controlled National Miners Union. Now we must re-establish union wages, hours, and working conditions in the industry. They have been betrayed and sacrificed by these corrupt agents of the bosses, Lewis and Fishwick.

"Mobilize your forces to smash the control of these fakers. Organize, and enforce the abolition of the infamous checkoff.

"Smash all the tricks of the fakers which hold you in the corrupt U. M. W. A. and under its organized exploitation. Mobilize, and build the fighting National Miners' Union. Destroy the fake U. M. W. A. charters, and affiliate each of its locals in a body to the National Miners' Union.

"Prepare to enforce the demand (Continued on Page Three)

I.L.D. CONFERENCE HELD IN CHICAGO

Broad Representation Plans Fight on Terror

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 29.—The International Labor Defense held a very successful Gastonia conference here Sunday. There were over 125 delegates present representing 78 fraternal organizations, 17 trade unions, some I. L. D. branches and shop committees.

The spirit of the meeting was excellent. A determined stand was taken against the terror which the bosses and government have started against the workers here.

The conference decided to mobilize the workers in all of the organizations represented to form a big united front movement to carry on the Gastonia campaign and the fight against the terror in the Chicago sedition cases.

A committee of 20 was elected which will make plans for the mobilization of this broad united front committee with hundreds of workers' organizations. Resolutions were passed dealing with Gastonia, pledging support to the Illinois miners, and pledging to introduce resolutions in every working class organization protesting against the verdict of the Gastonia courts.

Seven of the leading members of the Communist Party or of militant labor organizations are still in jail in Chicago. The bosses and courts are doing everything to hold them there. And they are still looking for about twenty-five others on sedition charges.

Detectives were present at the conference, in an effort to arrest the leading comrades. But six of them walked away empty handed.

Workers Must Aid in Bailing the Seven Gastonia Prisoners

Legal Technicalities Tie Up Release of Mill Workers

Bail, which has been previously raised and which is now to be applied to the release of the seven Gastonia strike leaders sentenced to a total of 117 years in prison, has been tied up on pretenses of legal technicalities, in order to prevent the release of the prisoners, it was announced yesterday by the National Office of the International Labor Defense.

The Charlotte authorities of the textile mill bosses will only take cash or liberty bonds for the \$27,000

CLEVELAND, DETROIT AND PITTSBURGH LABOR FIGHTS BOSSES' TERROR CAMPAIGN

Einstein Heads List of European Scientists Who Protest Gastonia Case Verdict

Communists Defy Auto City Police, Speak to 1,000 Although Five Are Arrested by Police

Mass protest demonstrations continue in the industrial cities of U. S. against the Gastonia sentences, and against the employers' terror which utilizes gangsters and state power to try and drive the Communist Party and militant labor organizations out of legal existence. The wave of workers' indignation against this terror campaign in America transcends national boundaries and sweeps across the world. To it has just been added that of the German section of the League for the Rights of Man.

The League yesterday presented to the American ambassador in Berlin a declaration signed by the great mathematician Albert Einstein, and 16 other well known German scientists and lawyers. It states that the verdict in the Gastonia case "was clearly dictated by the wealthy North Carolina cotton manufacturers, who were determined to convict workers," and it demands a new trial with an unpacked jury and elimination of the prosecutors who played on prejudice by "bringing into the court room a ghastly dummy of Chief of Police Aderholt."

Thousands Pledge Solidarity. Thousands of workers have pledged their solidarity with the Gastonia case defendants and declared war on the boss oppression of militant labor organizations in huge demonstrations held generally in defiance of police orders in New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Cleveland, Detroit, Atlanta, Asheville, Seattle, Kansas City, and other cities in U. S., and in London, England, where a regular battle with the police took place. More demonstrations are being arranged in still other cities.

Steel Demonstration. PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 29.—There will be a mass demonstration in Croston Hall, 339 Merchant St., Ambridge, at 2 p. m. Sunday, Nov. 3, to protest the imprisonment of Pete Muselin, Milan Restor, and Tom Zimo, Woodlawn case defendants, whom the U. S. Supreme Court has just acted upon. The Supreme Court, evidently taking an active part in the drive to make the Communist Party illegal, confirms the five-year sentences given these workers when they were convicted under the Pennsylvania state sedition law for belonging to the Workers' Party in 1926. The case involves the legality of the Communist Party, and the prosecution was conducted by agents of the Jones & Laughlin steel company.

All workers are invited to this rally, which will be the beginning of a big drive to defend the workers' right to profess their political convictions openly.

Masses in Cleveland. CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 29.—Cleveland workers Sunday declared their solidarity with the imprisoned Gastonia strikers and organizers and denounced the wave of terror against the Communist Party and all militant labor organizations that is now prevalent. A great mass demonstration was held at 2 p. m. in the Public Square.

The speakers included J. Louis Engdahl, national secretary of the International Labor Defense, the Cleveland I. L. D. secretary, Ross I. O. Ford, speaking for the Communist Party of America; J. Williams, a Negro worker, speaking for the Workers' Interracial League, and V. Kingston, speaker for the Youth.

This demonstration called by the Communist Party is made the basis for building the International Labor Defense throughout the Ohio district, where steel workers and coal miners are facing sedition charges in Belmont county. Those to be arrested are: Tom Johnson, Charles Green, Betty Gannett, Lillian Andrews and Zorki Yori. Their trial date will be set Oct. 28.

Detroit Demonstration. DETROIT, Mich. (By Mail).—Thousands workers gathered Saturday afternoon at Campus Martius, near Cadillac Square, to take part in a protest meeting called to demonstrate against the sentencing of the seven Gastonia strikers and organizers to long jail terms.

In spite of the fact that there was plenty of police "protection" in order to prevent the meeting, Philip B. (Continued on Page Three)

Smash the imperialist attacks on the Soviet Union by the international bourgeoisie and the world's working class by the Communist!

The Communist Party is the only force that can organize a workers' strike!

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PLAN NEW UNION OF OIL WORKERS IN NEW DRIVE

Delegates from Jersey Attend Meet

At a meeting of the chauffeurs, oil truck drivers, pumpmen, garage and filling station workers, held in Irving Plaza Hall last Thursday, a provisional organization committee of men was elected, the first step toward the formation of a militant union embracing all workers in the oil industry.

POLICE INVADE MEET, FRAMING 4

Another frame-up against striking window cleaners commenced yesterday when police of the industrial union marched to a strike meeting at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., and arrested four pickets on the complaint of Harry Samofsky, a strikebreaker, who charged they had assaulted him.

Unable to identify his alleged assailants, the seal picked out the four at random. They are Peter Holsak, John Majerek, Paul Yakus, and A. Galie.

They, hissing and booing followed the police as they marched their victims to the station.

A fifth striker, Sam Saluk, was arrested in connection with the same charge while walking the street. At 11 a. m. he was released on \$1,000 bail for a hearing next Monday.

Warrants, of course, were deemed unnecessary by the police, 200 of which were retained for special strikebreaking service by Commissioner Whelan directly, 2,000 men began the walkout October 16.

They are demanding the 40-hour five-day week, an increase in the minimum wage from \$45 to \$48.50, proper safety devices and adequate compensation insurance carried with a solvent company.

The more independent firms succeeded to these terms yesterday, Harry Feinstein, union secretary, reports. Forty-three firms, employing about 180 men, have now signed up to his aid.

Efforts to break the strike in spite of thugs and police, employers organized in the Window Manhattan Cleaners Protective Association called for negotiations with the union. These will begin at a conference at 11 a. m. today at the Broadway Central Hotel. Feinstein will lead the union spokesmen.

Negotiations were also scheduled to start with the other boss group, the Manhattan Window Cleaning Engineers' Protective Association. An attempt by the association to drop off Peter Dorek, former secretary and active in the present strike, was blocked from the union a firm refusal to proceed with the negotiations.

"Dorek is one of our leading members," Feinstein said yesterday. Our membership would turn down flat any attempt to open negotiations unless he were present."

SUPPRESS RED YOUTH PAPER. VIENNA. (By Mail).—The official organ of the Young Communist League, "Die Proletarierjugend," (The Proletarian Youth) was confiscated by the police for alleged incitement to mutiny.

Negro, White Workers to Celebrate 12th Anniversary

Negro workers of New York are preparing to join with their white fellow workers in celebrating the 12th Anniversary of the Russian Revolution and demonstrating for the Communist election program at the huge mass rally in Madison Square Garden this Sunday at 2 o'clock. They will rally round the slogan: "Vote for the Party that Fights for the Defense of the Soviet Union."

To the Negro workers, doubly oppressed because they are workers and because of their race, Sunday's rally is of peculiar significance. They will demonstrate not merely for the election program of the Party of their class, but for the only election program which raises the fight for full social, racial and political equality for Negroes. While the three parties of capitalism, the democratic, republican and socialist, by their silence on this question, show their approval of the persecution of Negroes and, when in office, not merely approve, but actively participate in this persecution, the Communist Party enters the elections as the only party that fights against all forms of Jim Crowism and segregation, against landlord robbery of and discrimination against Negroes, against discrimination in trade unions, schools, hospitals, restaurants, theatres, etc.

It was the Communist Party alone that raised the issues of social, racial and political equality for Negroes in the South where race persecution and lynchings are an institution, issues which Norman Thomas, socialist candidate for mayor, in line with all the forces of reaction and fascist terror, condemned as "alien to the spirit of the South."

WORKERS CALENDAR

NOTICE: Notices in this calendar cannot be run for more than three weeks before the date of issue is scheduled to be held. This is due to lack of space.

ILLINOIS

Chicago I. L. D. Dance. Sacco-Vanzetti branch I. L. D. will give a concert and dance Saturday, Nov. 2, at 8 p. m. at Ficketts Hall, 2733 W. Hirsch Blvd. Admission 35 cents.

Chicago Inter-Racial I. L. D. Dance. The first inter-racial dance of the season will be held Saturday, November 2, 8 p. m. at Movement Club Hall, 238 E. 43rd St., under the auspices of the Inter-Racial Branch, International Labor Defense. Admission 50 cents.

Joe Hill Branch, I. L. D. Dance. On Saturday night, November 16, the I. L. D. Joe Hill Branch will give a concert and dance for the benefit of the Gastonia Defense and Relief. The dance will be at 1537 W. Roosevelt Rd., Chicago.

Chicago Youth Gastonia Conference. South Gastonia Conference will be held on November 2, at 25 St. Willie at 10 a. m. All youth organizations are urged to send delegates to this conference.

MICHIGAN

Detroit WIR Movie. Tuesday, Nov. 12, 8 p. m.: Movie "A Trip to the Soviet Union" and "Gastonia" given by WIR in Dancehall Auditorium, Woodruff near Forest.

Y.C.L. Grand Rapids Affair. The Young Communist League of Grand Rapids, Mich., is running a Masquerade Halloween Dance Thursday, Oct. 31, at 8 p. m. at the Grand Rapids Hotel. Feinstein will lead the union spokesmen.

Negotiations were also scheduled to start with the other boss group, the Manhattan Window Cleaning Engineers' Protective Association. An attempt by the association to drop off Peter Dorek, former secretary and active in the present strike, was blocked from the union a firm refusal to proceed with the negotiations.

Celebrate Twelfth Anniversary at Big Chicago Mass Meet

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—Chicago workers will celebrate the achievements of the Soviet Union at a mass celebration of the Twelfth Anniversary of the October Revolution, on Sunday, Nov. 10, 2 p. m. at Ashland Auditorium, Ashland and Van Buren Sts. The celebration of the Twelfth Anniversary finds militant Chicago workers active on all fields, engaged in a struggle against a reign of terror designed to destroy the Communist Party and all militant labor organizations. Among the speakers will be Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker. A musical program and motion pictures will also feature.

Fight Against Speed-up! Vote Communist!

Organize the Unorganized! Vote Communist!

EXPLAIN TERROR AT COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN RALLY

Candidates to Speak at Bryant Hall Tonight

The terror against the working-class now sweeping the land, burying militant workers in prison as at Gastonia, at Woodlawn, Pa., at Los Angeles, will be explained in the light of the class struggle at the Communist election rally at Bryant Hall, 42nd St. and Sixth Ave., tonight (Tuesday) at 8 p. m.

W. W. Weinstein, Communist candidate for mayor of New York, Otto Hall, candidate for comptroller and Harry W. Wicks, candidate for president of the board of aldermen, will be among the speakers.

The well known leaders in the struggles of the New York needle trade workers, Ben Gold, running for candidate in the 29th aldermanic district; Rose Wortis, in the third aldermanic district, Bronx, and Joseph Boruchowitz, general manager of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, will also speak.

Word was received yesterday, proving that the terror had reached every part of the land, that three workers of Woodlawn will serve five years in prison charged with "sedition." They were arrested two years ago on Armistice Day at a birthday party. Some literature found at the home was the basis for the charges pressed by the Jones-Laughlin steel company. This fact, in addition to the five-year sentence of the five women workers in California for "criminal syndicalism" (talking about the Soviet Union at a summer camp, the 20-year sentence of the seven Gastonia strikers, the arrest of 28 workers in Chicago charged with sedition for belonging to the Communist Party prove the reign of terror raging in this country.

Other Communist election rallies will be held Friday night in Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th St.; at Central Palace, 83 Forsyth St., and at Trivoli Hall, Borough Hall, Brooklyn, at Myrtle Ave., when Wicks, Richard B. Moore and Fred Biedenkapp will speak.

Form Big TUUL Union of Theatrical Workers

The Theatrical and Art Workers' Industrial Union, a section of the Trade Union Unity League, was formally brought into being at an organization meeting at 133 W. 51st St. last Thursday afternoon. A provisional committee of seven was elected to work out plans for organizing the motion picture operators, camera men, fair, carnival and park workers, workers in the legitimate theatre, including foreign language groups, etc.

Defend the Soviet Union! Vote Communist!

Organize the Unorganized! Vote Communist!

OHIO

Young Workers Sports Club Party. The Young Workers Sports Club of Cleveland is holding a basket party Nov. 3 at 8 p. m. at its headquarters, 13720 Kinsman Road. All welcome.

Labor Sports Dance, Exhibition. A dance and athletic exhibition will be held under the combined auspices of the Labor Sports Union and the Youth Section of the Trade Union Unity League at Merril Hall, 1906 W. 25th St., Cleveland, on Nov. 18, 8 p. m. All sport clubs, youth organizations welcome.

CALIFORNIA

San Francisco Pioneer Rally. The Young Pioneers of San Francisco will hold their first annual rally on Sunday, November 3, 8 p. m. at the California Hall (Polk and Turk Sts.). Program includes a two-act play, "School Days." Proceeds for the Gastonia textile Defense.

Defend the Soviet Union! Vote Communist!

Organize the Unorganized! Vote Communist!

LABOR NOTES

ALBANY, N. Y.—One hundred and sixty-eight were killed on the job or suffered fatal injuries in reports made to the New York labor department during September. A total of 235 dependents—among them 80 widows and 96 children—were reported for 103 of those killed.

A helper, 20, was electrocuted while wiring a panel; a utility man in a printshop was crushed when a type rack fell on him; a lugger was crushed against a wall when he lost control of a loaded flat truck on an incline, this month.

N. C. PELLAGRA DEATHS MOUNT.

RALEIGH, N. C.—More deaths from Pellagra, the dread malnutrition disease, were recorded in September this year than any previous September in North Carolina's history, reports the state board of health. The victims were mostly cotton mill workers and poor tobacco farmers. Poor crops and bad prices for tobacco accounted in part for the rise in the plague.

JOBLESS RAIL MAN KILLED.

BOSTON (FP).—Out of work for three months, Peter W. Gordon, 64, and married, of Fitchburg, was struck by a locomotive in the Boston & Maine yards. A veteran employe, Gordon, with a large number of others, was laid off about four months ago and was unable to get steady employment because of his age. He was attempting to gather bits of scrap wood, when the engine hit him.

A GENERAL STRIKE THREAT WINS FOR PHILA. MUSICIANS.

PHILADELPHIA.—J. J. Shubert averted a tieup of his 50 theatres

Plan Big Celebration of 12th Anniversary of Revolution in Los Angeles

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 29.—The most brilliant of all celebrations so far held in Los Angeles is the plan of workers here for the Twelfth Anniversary of the October Revolution, to be celebrated in Los Angeles on November 10. A conference, composed of thirty working-class organizations, has been organized, and conference meetings have been featured by the eager response and interest of the delegates. Trinity Auditorium, located at Grand Ave. and Ninth St., will be the scene of the celebration. Musical programs, mass recitations, tableaux will be among the features.

Not only has the bourgeoisie forged the weapons that bring death to itself; it has also called into existence the men who are to wield these weapons—the modern working class—the proletarians.—Karl Marx (Communist Manifesto).

Against the Strikebreaker Walker and Lagardner Thugs! Vote Communist!

Defend the Soviet Union! Vote Communist!

PHILADELPHIA

INTERRACIAL YOUTH DANCE given by the YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE OF PHILADELPHIA Friday, November 1, 1929, at 8 P. M. at the CATHEDRAL (New Masonic Temple) Fitzwater St., Between 15th and 16th Streets ADMISSION FIFTY CENTS Madame Io Keene and Her Colored Orchestra.

PHILADELPHIA

Come and celebrate the 12th Anniversary of the Russian Revolution Sunday, November 3, at 2 P. M., at Moose Hall, 1008 Walnut Avenue. Program of workers Choruses and prominent speakers. J. Louis Engdahl, national speaker. Closing of the Municipal Election Campaign. Admission 25 Cents.

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LABOR NOTES

in New York. Chicago and elsewhere threatened to go into effect Oct. 21, when he granted an \$8 a week to Philadelphia musicians, on strike since August. Threat of the stage hands union to join the musicians in a general strike on Shubert brought about his capitulation. The Philadelphia Shubert theatres will reopen immediately.

MOLDERS' STRIKE GROWS.

CHATANOOGA, Tenn. (By Mail) Many molders who were brought in as strikebreakers against the strike of the Herron Stove Co. molders have refused to scab and have joined the strike. Negro and white workers are fighting side by side.

FAKERS RAISE SALARIES.

The salaries of President C. P. Howard and Secretary Woodruff Randolph of the International Typographical Union, (the Printers Union), have been increased from \$5000 to \$7500 per year, in accordance with the reactionary misleaders' decision at the recent convention in Seattle. Amalgamation of the printing trades unions was defeated at the convention, thru the fakers steamroller methods.

PHILA. KNITTERS STRIKE.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By Mail). Knitters of the Northwood Hosiery Mills struck against a 10 to 20 percent slash in wages.

MANY AUTO WORKERS JOBLESS.

PONTIAC, Mich. (By Mail).—Steadily growing unemployment due to big lay-offs in the auto industry, with winter nearing, has led over 2000 workers and their families to leave this auto center in a month. The Trade Union Unity League has made Pontiac one of the bases for militant organization of the auto workers.

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OPEN FORUM AT WORKERS SCHOOL BEGINS SUNDAY

Olgin to Speak on the 5 Year Plan

The pressing demand for the opening of this year's forum at the Workers' School made by hundreds of comrades and sympathizers has finally been satisfied with the definite announcement of the first lecture for Sunday, Nov. 10th, at 8 p. m. in the auditorium of the Workers' School, 26 Union Square, fifth floor.

Olgin on Five-Year Plan.

The first lecture will be given by Moissaye J. Olgin, editor of the Morning Freiheit, on "The Five-Year Plan in the Soviet Union." In view of the intense interest displayed by workers in this gigantic plan which has just passed its first year, this lecture promises to be one of more than timely importance.

Olgin on Five-Year Plan.

On November 17, William J. Foster, National Secretary of the T. U. U. L., will talk on "New Methods of Class Struggle." The conflicts raging in the South, the reign of murder and terror gripping the workers, the workers' leaders being shot down and imprisoned for long terms; the swift leftward swing of the masses today gathering momentum, as subjects of burning interest to all active trade unionists and to the working masses.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprises!

Every Worker at Madison Square Soviet Anniversary Meet Nov. 3 at 2 p. m.

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PHILADELPHIA Patronize the Daily Worker Advertiser! Buy all your supplies for plants and other affairs at SLUTZKY'S Delicatessen Store FOURTH AND PORTER STREETS

PHILADELPHIA The work we make is good. Organizations' work our specialty. Spruce Printing Co. 152 N. SEVENTH ST. PHILA. PA. Bell—Market 6283 Union Keystone—Main 7046

PHILADELPHIA CAPITAL BEVERAGE CO. will take care of your entertainments and supply SODA WATER and BEER 2434 West York Street Telephone: COLUMBIA 4355

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. PARK DAIRY RESTAURANT N. E. Cor. 32d & Diamond Sts. GIVE US A TRIAL AND DECIDE FOR YOURSELF. Come Yourself and Bring Your Friends with You.

Physical Culture Restaurants QUALITY FOOD AT LOW PRICES 10 North 9th St. Philadelphia 37 Bleecker St. New York City 21 Murray St. New York City

American Restaurant 1003 SPRING GARDEN ST. PHILADELPHIA Clean Wholesome Food Friendly Service. Popular Prices.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprises!

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ROMAN CHURCH TRAINING SPIES ON SOVIET; IMPERIALIST WAR PLOTS FIND RED ARMY VIGILANT

French Coal and Iron Saint Patroness of Spy College of Pope Pius Eleventh

New Outrages in Manchuria; Soviet Strikes Swift and Sure at Counter-Revolution

ROME, Oct. 29.—Dated from "Vatican City," a news release of the Roman Catholic pope, announces a training school for Soviet spies to be held in the Soviet Union. A large seminary, the foundation of which was laid in February, 1928, is building on the Esquilina Hill.

Pope Pius 11th declares the seminary, which has a special branch for training Russians in the Roman rite, but which will train all the Russian Orthodox Russian Slav-Byzantine rite better to fit them to influence Russians, is to be used exclusively for preparing for "missionary work in Russia."

"The students," said to be "flocking in from all parts of Europe and America," will have, when needed, classes in Russian history and Russian dialects and customs, better to fit them for secret penetration into the Soviet Union under disguise as missionaries to undertake the dangerous mission of caring for parishes in Russia," as the Pope puts it.

This being the case, it is not surprising that the Pope announced that the patroness of the new college is Saint Teresa of Normandy in France, where this saint has a shrine in the neighborhood of French and coal interests. The shrine is at Lisieux, one of the centers of France for white guard Russians.

The French magnates around Lisieux have given much funds for the college. Thus those who are trained as spies by the Pope can be assured of the backing of the coal and iron trust.

Soviet Power Vigilant. Capitalist press agencies reported Monday that a total of 63 executions in the last four days were carried out in the Soviet Union against counter-revolutionaries, many of them priests who led armed resistance or to collective farming projects. Two diamond merchants were reported shot Monday for smuggling diamonds and speculating in the currency, the smuggling being carried on through the Latvian embassy in Moscow.

MANCHURIAN TERROR GROWS. HARBOROVSK, U. S. S. R., Oct. 29.—Chinese troops and Russian white guards have been using artillery fire against the Soviet settlement in Manchuria. The Soviet sentry was attacked, when the white guards tried to cross the frontier at Trechetsky, but these counter-revolutionaries were all destroyed by Soviet troops.

The Chinese authorities in Harbin have appointed a liquidation committee for the Far Eastern Bank. The committee demands that the German consul deliver to it all the "L. O. U.'s" owed to the Far Eastern Bank. The German consul, refusing to recognize the legality of the committee, has, as custodian of the bank's affairs, placed the documents in the German bank and sealed the bank to prevent confiscation.

White guards who hitherto acted as spies around the C. E. R. holdings are now conducting open meetings appealing for arms to be given all counter-revolutionary refugees. The Harbin Chinese authorities have refused the request of the German consul that the thousands of interned Soviet citizens imprisoned in Manchuria be given better treatment.

NEWS FLASHES

CHINESE BATTLES UNCERTAIN (Wireless By Imprecors) SHANGHAI, Oct. 29.—The results of the fight from Chongchow in Honan is uncertain, though the victory of the Kuomintang army of Feng Yu-hsiang is probable.

ARREST WORKERS ON FAKE CHARGE (Wireless By Imprecors) BRUSSELS, Oct. 29.—Thirty-two anti-fascist Italian workers have been arrested here on account of the attempt on the Italian crown prince's life. The German press in part casts suspicion on the attempt as a put up job, since celebrations at the prince's escape were held in Italy before news of the attempt in Brussels could possibly have arrived in Italy.

MARTY ELECTED IN PARIS. (Wireless By Imprecors) PARIS, Oct. 29.—Andre Marty, leader of the mutiny of the Black Sea French fleet when it was ordered to fire on Odessa held by Bolsheviks in 1922, and imprisoned with others for that mutiny, has been elected on the Communist ticket to the Paris municipal council.

MORE CZECHO-SLOVAK STRIKES. (Wireless By Imprecors) PRAGUE, Oct. 29.—The textile workers of Nached are on strike for wages and against rationalization. The striking miners are holding conferences everywhere.

HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT LIES. (Wireless By Imprecors) VIENNA, Oct. 29.—The Hungarian government reports are false that the hunger striking political prisoners have abandoned the hunger strike. The Horthy terror regime has these prisoners in strait jackets and is forcibly feeding them through the nose.

AUSTRIAN WORKERS FIGHT POLICE. VIENNA, Oct. 29.—The fascist demonstration of 9,000 uniformed "home defense" took place Sunday under protection of the police. The anti-fascist demonstration was prohibited by police, but was held anyway by the Communist Party. Two hundred were arrested.

Expose the hypocrisy of the MacDonald-Hoover gang attack of "peace" phrases, which covers the preparation of the Hoover gang.

Workers Center, 267 5th St. 3 p. m. St. Louis, Mo., Thursday, Nov. 7, 8 p. m. Hibernal Hall, 3615 Finney Ave. Whiting, Ind.—Nov. 3rd, Sunday, at 10:30 a. m. Hammond, Ind.—Sunday, Nov. 3rd, at Workers Home, 1961 Wallace Rd. Gary, Ind.—Thursday, Nov. 7th at Turner Hall, 14th and Washington. South Chicago, Ill.—Thursday, Nov. 7th. Crookston Hall, 94th and Commercial. Kew-Forest, Ill.—Saturday, Nov. 9th. Workers Hall, 12323 Bellmore. South Bend, Ind.—Sunday, Nov. 10, Workers, 1246 Colfax Ave. Chicago, Ill.—Sunday, Nov. 10, Lithuanian Hall, 16412 Michigan Ave.

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 7, speakers, Carl Reeve, Pat Toohy, Superior, Minn., Nov. 8, speakers, Carl Reeve and Pat Toohy. St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 9, speakers, Carl Reeve and Pat Toohy. Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 10, speakers, Carl Reeve and Pat Toohy.

Sloux City, Iowa, at 505 1/2 5th St. Friday, Nov. 13, 8 p. m. Speaker: Roy Stephens and Ethel Stevens. Denver, Colorado, at Denver Lyceum, 1445 Jackson St., Sunday, Nov. 10th, at 8 p. m. Speaker: Roy Stephens.

Houston, Texas, at Prince Theatre Bldg., 312 Fannin St., Room 406, Sunday, Nov. 17th, at 8 p. m. Speaker: Roy Stephens. Kansas City, Kansas, Thursday, Nov. 7, 8 p. m. Crostian Hall, 5th and Elizabeth. Speakers: Roy Stephens and others. Oklahoma City, Okla., November 12 at 8 p. m. at Bohemian Hall, West Frisco St. and South Walker. Speaker Roy Stephens. San Antonio, Tex., November 14 at Labor Temple, 126 North St. Roy Stephens speaker.

Hartford, Conn., Nov. 2, 7:30 p. m. District speakers. Worcester, Mass., Nov. 9, 7:30 p. m. District speaker. Waterbury, Conn., Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. District speakers. Stamford, Conn., Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. A. Wagenknecht. New Haven, Conn., Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. Platt. Bridgeport, Conn., Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. Schmitt. Norwich, Conn., Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. District speaker. Springfield, Mass., Sunday, Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m.

Southern District. Meetings will be arranged in the following places (dates and halls to be given later): Atlanta, Ga., Greenville, S. C., Asheville, N. C., Charlotte, S. C., Winston-Salem, N. C., Bessemer City, N. C., Richmond, Va., Norfolk, Va.

ARMY MAN TRAP EXPOSES RAYON

Recruiting Officers Say Wages Are Horrible

LEWISTON, Pa., Oct. 29.—The recruiting officers of the U. S. army hunting for victims among the underpaid rayon workers here, brazenly admit that in the Hoover prosperity, wages and conditions are bad for the worker. "Say you earn about \$15 a week or \$65 a month. What have you left?" asks the pamphlet issued by the War Department, whose sister departments in Washington, the Commerce, Labor and Treasury departments, insistently echo the prosperity of America's workers. The answer, the War Department estimates, is \$2.50 a month. The War Department paints a sober, candid and none too flattering picture of the life of a viscose worker. "You work hard for 8 to 10 hours a day," the pamphlet reads. "You have little time for recreation and little chance for physical development. When you are sick your pay stops and your expenses increase rapidly. It is said that hard work tells on a young man's physique and often shortens his life. What chances have you for promotion and increases in pay? Where will you be at 55 years of age? Life insurance statistics show that more than 55 per cent. of all men are failures at 55."

BETHLEN ADMITS 'SOCIALISTS' ARE FASCIST ALLIES

Reformists in Deal with White Terror

VIENNA (By Mail).—It has been known for some time that the Hungarian Prime Minister Bethlen was conducting negotiations with the social democrats concerning co-operation. The social democrats promised to use their foreign connections in the interests of Bethlen's propaganda for the revision of the Trianon Treaty. "Yesterday Bethlen gave an interview to journalists in which he dealt with his connections with the social democratic opposition. He declared that his policy would soon bear fruit and that the Hungarian social democracy would utilize its foreign connections in the interests of Hungary."

The central organ of the Hungarian social democracy, "Nepszava," deals with this interview and repeats the social democratic demands. The fact is, however, that despite all the fine sounding phrases of the "Nepszava" the Hungarian social democrats are already unreservedly supporting Bethlen's policy.

'Socialists' Helping U. S. Finance to Get Reich Tobacco Control

BERLIN, (By Mail).—"Rote Fahne" declares that negotiations are proceeding through the Finance Ministry between the government and the Reemtsma-Concern with a view to establishing a monopoly of cigars, cigarettes and tobacco. A sum of 720 million marks is to be launched in order to finance the monopoly. The greater part of this sum will be put forward by the American bank concern of Speyer & Co., which is behind the Reemtsma-Concern. The government will take a share of the profits of the monopoly. The social democratic coalition government is therefore preparing a blow which will fall most heavily upon the working population.

\$25,000,000 WALL ST. LOSS

Bank Failures Feared by Brookhart

(Continued from Page One) by the general crisis, with cotton falling in price by \$1 a bale, and the price of wheat fell considerably. The most desperate efforts were made by financiers to stop the crash, but these had only a brief and temporary effect on the market. Secretary of the Treasury Mellon attended a special session of the Federal Reserve Board, but no announcement was made, members only asking: "What can we do?" The leading bankers of New York held a meeting at the offices of J. P. Morgan, which resulted in their combined but unsuccessful efforts to halt the rapid decline. The concentrated special efforts on United States Steel and American Telephone and Telegraph, but even these interests suffered the most severe losses.

President Hoover, who tried to retard the crash and fool small investors at the beginning by statements about the "sound business conditions" of the country, yesterday remained silent as the evaporation of twenty-five billion dollars in two days exposed his claims. The fact that the largest financial institutions are facing disaster before more apparent, despite the efforts of bankers, aided by newspapers, to minimize the seriousness of the situation and to prevent a further catastrophic development which might engulf many banks.

A permanent receivership for the Cuban Cane Sugar Corporation largest raw sugar producers, was declared. One of the curb brokerage corporations, John J. Bell and Co., failed during the crash yesterday. The largest financial institutions of the country were hit most severely. The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, dominated by the Rockefeller interests, lost about \$200,000,000, and George F. Baker, end of the First National Bank, at \$15,000,000.

The City of New York announced that it had postponed indefinitely rapidly. It is said that hard work tells on a young man's physique and often shortens his life. What chances have you for promotion and increases in pay? Where will you be at 55 years of age? Life insurance statistics show that more than 55 per cent. of all men are failures at 55. The army schedules the expenses of the Lewistown mill worker. He must find board at \$6 a week and a room for \$3. His clothing is listed at \$3 and medicine, doctor's and dentist's bills at \$1.50. He is given 75c for street car and 80c for savings and amusement each week. Against this, the recruiting officer offers as an improvement slavery of army life, with medals every day, and the other well known "advantages," such as lack of unemployment, and the same care that a farmer gives his cow when it is sick.



Macy Stock Clerks Strike; Forced Back By Company Police

Workers in the stock department of the huge R. H. Macy department store, in one of the departments handling toys, spontaneously walked out on strike Friday afternoon. They were herded back into the department by company police and thugs. The stock clerks, part of the several thousand exploited Macy employees, decided that they could no longer stand the fierce speed-up and the low wages, averaging \$15 a week. Eleven workers worked in the department that struck. After the company police forced the workers back, one of the strikers, Harry Eisenman, was discharged.

FIGHT SHARPENS AGAINST TERROR

More Demonstrations; Einstein Hits Verdict

(Continued from Page One) mond, secretary of the Auto Workers' Union, jumped up to the steps of the fountain and began to talk to the workers. He was immediately surrounded by five policemen and hustled off. At once another speaker, Jack Mahoney, started to speak. As fast as the cops arrested the speakers, more got up to speak. Those arrested were: Mike Webb, Louise Morrison, Robert Woods, Daily Worker agent, and Joseph Koponich, all members of the Communist Party and the Young Communist League. They were kept in the county jail until Monday and then released on personal bond until November 7, when trial will be held. Great militancy was shown by the speakers and many of the workers around. Slogans were hurled in the air by the speakers even after their arrest. Another demonstration is being planned.

The sale of \$80,000,000 of bonds scheduled for today. This was the first time in history that the city has postponed a scheduled sale. Officials said that they thought it would be "patriotic" to postpone the sale of bonds. The losses on Monday on the New York Exchange totalled over \$10,000,000,000 at the lowest estimate, with losses totaling more than \$4,000,000,000 in stock exchanges in Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco and Los Angeles. An early report of yesterday's losses on the New York exchange was \$7,000,000,000 while losses in other exchanges were certain to bring the total to at least \$10,000,000,000 and probably to a much larger figure. Bankers tried to prevent the market from opening this morning with an increasingly rapid fall by throwing millions of dollars on the market just three minutes before the closing yesterday, in order to be able to quote a small "rise" at the end. The fact that the most tremendous effort was made only three minutes before closing of the market showed that these additional millions would have lost their effect within a few minutes and the market continued its downward course.

IN THE SHOPS

Railways Aid Scheme to Hide U. S. Unemployment

(By a Worker Correspondent) CLEVELAND (By Mail).—The government is trying to hide unemployment in the U. S. by telling the railroads to keep the men moving and in this way they are trying to keep the millions of unemployed workers out of the sight of the workers of America, and make us think that there is plenty of jobs for all.

I know for a fact that the Erie employment agency in Cleveland sends 30 to 40 men every day to a job in Hornell, N. Y., on track repairing. This job can only hold 50 men altogether. When we get out there we find that the food is so rotten that it is simply garbage—no better than what cats pick out of garbage cans. No man can stand that food more than two days. If the man has a cast iron stomach he can stand it for three days—then they fire him. What is the object of all this? Simply to keep the unemployed on the move to get them out of our eyes.

Not only the Erie R. R., but also every railroad in America does this little trick. I know this personally because I heard an Erie civil service engineer talking about this. In this way the bosses can also make the workers believe there are plenty of jobs by filling up the bulletin boards outside of the railroad employment agencies. But we workers are getting wise to these tricks. Another incident I know to be correct personally is in Lexington, Ky., where the Chamber of Commerce gave orders to the Bates-Rogers Co., a contracting firm that is laying tracks for the Southern R. R., not to pay more than 30c. an hour to its workers. They did this because the Chamber of Commerce was afraid that the Lexington workers would be corrupted by these high wages. Some of the Lexington workers are getting wise to this stunt also. I am going to send in more articles soon on the condition of the railroad workers.

CALL TO ACTION BY MINE UNION

Battle Looms to Smash Checkoff, Cut Hours

(Continued from Page One) of the strikers that the check-off be abolished by striking. 16,400 in N. M. U. District. "To realize this goal the rank and file of the miners in Illinois, under the fighting leadership of the N. M. U., held a convention in Belleville with 133 delegates, representing 16,400 miners already organized in the N. M. U. Illinois district. They consisted of the best militants in Illinois and adopted the necessary police and demands to oust the treacherous U. M. W. A. machine, to defeat the coal barons, to build a real miners' union in the industry, win higher wages, lower hours and better standards for the miners. The convention calls upon all Illinois miners to rally to the N. M. U. for immediate realization of the demands and to prepare to strike to enforce them."

Miners Rally. BELLEVILLE, Ill., Oct. 29.—Miners in every corner of Illinois, many of whom were anxious to proceed to the District Convention of the National Miners Union just ended, are in their denunciation of the wage cutting, speed-up, and rotten working conditions imposed upon them by the bosses and the U. M. W. A. They applauded the decisions of the convention for a mass split from the U. M. W. A. to the National Miners Union, and the preparations for widespread battle for the six hour day, the five day week, and the abolition of the check-off, which is now being taken from the miners' wages by the bosses, and turned over to the U. M. W. A. Applaud Policies. The local papers carry considerable extracts from the speeches made at the convention by the officials of Illinois district and from the National office of the N. M. U. Miners write in to applaud the sentiments expressed, and rise in great enthusiasm in the mass meetings now going on throughout the mining region to acquaint the coal diggers with the work of the convention. The company's active attack on the convention, through an expressed policy of discharging all who quit work Friday or Saturday to attend it, makes necessary a wide educational campaign in the coal centers as to what actually happened. "Lewis and Fishwick, the fakers fighting for the spoils, have thrown the whole union into a quagmire," George Vorzey, Illinois district president of the N. M. U. declares. "Whole families are near starvation, because of the all-out of the miners by the U. M. W. A. officialdom."

The International Labor Defense urges all workers and friends of the working class to send loans or liberty bonds to the National Office 80 East Eleventh Street, Room 402, New York City, at once, to get the seven Gastonia strikers out on bail until appeals are settled. Inform the International Labor Defense at once! TODAY!

THE GASTONIA, ANTI-TERROR DRIVE IS ON! WHAT ARE YOU DOING ABOUT IT? THE INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE NEEDS YOU!

\$50,000 must be secured to fight the cases piling up over the land! 50,000 new members must be secured to raise tremendous mass protest! This must be done by January 15, 1930, when the APPEAL ON THE GASTONIA CASE COMES UP.

Join Today! Raise Funds!

WE MUST RAISE SUFFICIENT MASS PROTEST AND FUNDS TO SAVE THE GASTONIA TEXTILE STRIKERS FROM LIVING DEATH!

Workers are being charged with sedition, with murder, with assault, for striking, for meeting, for organizing the unorganized, for defending themselves against the attacks of the boss-controlled police. Every worker is now acquainted with the WHITE TERROR. Every worker knows of the Chicago sedition cases; with the Philadelphia frame-up murder case; with the San Bernardino Valley convictions of women workers to five years for "criminal syndicalism," for flying a Red Flag at their summer tea colony.

JOIN THE UNION; ANSWER GASTONIA BOSSES SLANDER

Refute Lies on Seven Imprisoned

(By a Worker Correspondent) GASTONIA, N. C. (By Mail).—Dear fellow workers and comrades all over the world, just a few words which I hope will be printed in the Daily Worker. We know the bosses say in the courts here in the South that the strikers at the Loxley mill were just "bums" picked up here and there, but I really want the bosses and their courts to know right now that I am one of the strikers and that we are not bums. It was Fred Deal and the officer of the National Textile Workers' Union that came South to organize us and keep us from becoming "bums." If Manville-Jencks' attorneys want to work for the starvation wages we strikers had to work for, they would not have been so anxious to tell the judge and jury about bums. The bosses are always printing articles in their papers, like the "Gassy Gazette," that we Loxley workers are just "bums," as they call us. It is we "bums" who are slaving so that the bosses can ride around in big cars, and the boss's son and daughter go to college, while the workers' child pays their expenses. The boss man's wife nurses her peacock dog and has a cook in her kitchen, while the woman worker in the mill pays for it. So, fellow mill workers, come join the National Textile Workers' Union and some day we'll show them whether we're "bums" or not. —LORAY WORKER

COAST SEAMEN LOOK TO MEET

Marine League Plans Organization

(Continued from Page One) her has chained the tug boatmen to a two-year agreement with a compromise of a five-dollar raise for the double crew boats only instead of a \$25 raise, the original demand for all. The tug boat owners are breaking this new agreement which is only a week old by refusing to live up to the overtime pay and also by cutting down the numbers of the crew. Many tug boatmen have recently applied for membership in the Marine Workers' League, which has pointed out to them the role of Captain Maher. National Convention Soon. While all these occurrences are taking place the M. W. L. is spreading out on a national scale, and will soon issue a call for a national convention which will embrace all departments of the marine industry, the national secretary states. At the convention a constitution will be drawn up and a program of demands laid down for all sections

of the industry, and a new fighting industrial Marine Workers' Union will be launched, based on the class struggle. A meeting of Seattle longshoremen, called by the M. W. L. Oct. 28, heard R. H. McNeil, organizer for the M. W. L., "Mother" Bloor, and others describe the situation in the industry, and the need for organization. Many of them immediately joined the League, and hundreds spread their solidarity in the struggle. The Five Year Plan of Soviet industry is a weapon of the International Labor Defense. It was adopted at the 15th Anniversary at Madison Square Garden!

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JOIN TODAY!

Be one of the 50,000 new members! Send in Funds! ORGANIZE UNITED FRONTS ELECT DELEGATES TO THE FOURTH NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF THE I. L. D. Write at once to the National Office

INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE 80 EAST 11TH STREET, Room 402, NEW YORK CITY

Plan Anniversary Meets for Country

- District One. New Bedford, Mass., Sunday, Nov. 10, 3 p. m. Juliet S. Poynts. Providence, R. I., Workers Hall, 715 Westminster, District speaker, Nov. 10, 2 p. m. West Concord, N. H., Sunday, Nov. 10, 2 p. m. District speaker. Worcester, Mass., Sunday, Nov. 10, 3 p. m. Belmont Hall, 54 Belmont St. Juliet S. Poynts. Boston, Mass., Nov. 7, at Scenic Auditorium, 8 p. m. Speaker: Juliet S. Poynts. District Two. New York City, Nov. 3, 2 p. m. at Madison Square Garden, Eighth Ave., 64th St. District Three. Philadelphia, Nov. 3, 3 p. m. Labor Institute, 510 Locust St. Speakers: Jack Stachel, Herbert Benjamin and others. Baltimore, Nov. 3, 8 p. m. Schanze Hall, North and Pennsylvania, speakers, Harry Wick, local speakers. Trenton, N. J., Nov. 10.—Speaker and place to be announced. Scranton, Pa., Nov. 16, 7 P. M., 508 Lackawanna Avenue. Speakers: Jack Johnstone, Mike Harrison. Altoona, Pa., Nov. 16.—Speaker and place to be announced. WASHINGTON, D. C., Thursday, November 7, 8 p. m. Speaker, Harry M. Wick. District Four. Rochester, N. Y., Sunday, Nov. 24, 3 p. m. Labor Lyceum, 530 St. Paul. Buffalo, N. Y., Sunday, Nov. 24, 8 p. m. Schwab Hall, 25 Broadway, corner Walnut. Speaker: John Williams. District Five. Pittsburgh, Nov. 10, 8 p. m. Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St., speakers, Harry M. Wick, P. Devine and others. E. Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 8 p. m. Workers Home, Electric and North Avenues, E. Pittsburgh, speaker, Pat Devine. Arnold, Pa., Friday, Nov. 1, 8 p. m. Umbria Hall, local speakers. District Six. Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 3, 2 p. m. Moose Hall, 1,690 Walnut St., speakers, J. Louis Engdahl, I. Amer and others. District Seven. Detroit, Mich., Nov. 3, 2 p. m. Densland Auditorium, Woodward and Forest Aves., speaker, Wm. Z. Foster. District Eight. Chicago, Ill., Nov. 16, 2:30 p. m. Central Turner Hall, Scott and Third Aves., Davenport, Iowa. Davenport, Iowa, Nov. 16, 2:30 p. m. Ashland Auditorium, speakers, Robert Minor, C. Hathaway and others. Milwaukee, Wis., Sunday, Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. District Nine. Hartford, Conn., Nov. 2, 7:30 p. m. District speakers. Worcester, Mass., Nov. 9, 7:30 p. m. District speaker. Waterbury, Conn., Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. District speakers. Stamford, Conn., Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. A. Wagenknecht. New Haven, Conn., Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. Platt. Bridgeport, Conn., Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. Schmitt. Norwich, Conn., Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. District speaker. Springfield, Mass., Sunday, Nov. 10, 7:30 p. m. District speaker.

ROANOKE, N. C. MILL WORKERS, W. VA. MINERS WANT DAILY!

Answer Their Appeals by Rushing Daily Worker South!

(Continued from Page One) Necessary. I showed them all the Daily Worker. They told me I just had to get them that paper! "I'm going to be the man that sees that the Daily Worker gets in the hands of every mill worker around here, if you can only send me copies."

"We want the union and the paper that fought in Gastonia. "Over in Lakeland too the mill workers want the Daily Worker. I showed my copy to them. They're ready to fight the bosses." And here's a letter from a coal miner in Furglove, West Virginia. This is in the unorganized southern fields. "That sure is a wonderful paper for us miners, the Daily Worker. I mean, all the miners I showed it to seemed to like it. Here's some miners who, if possible, would like to get copies."

There is only one answer the militant American workers can make to their fellow workers in the South, the mill workers and the coal miners. Let's make that answer at once! Rush your contribution to the "Drive To Rush the Daily Worker."

Workers' organizations, adopt a southern mill village or a southern mining town! Daily Worker, 26 Union Square, New York City. To the southern mill and mine workers who appeal for the Daily Worker, I am giving the only answer it is possible for a militant worker to give. I am enclosing my contribution to the "Drive to Rush the Daily Worker." Name _____ Address _____ City _____ State _____ Amount \$ _____ FOR ORGANIZATIONS (Name of Organization) _____ City and State _____ wish to adopt a southern mill town or village, and see to it that the workers there are supplied with _____ copies of the Daily Worker every day for _____ weeks. We enclose \$ _____ Kindly send us the name of the mill village or city assigned to us, for we wish to communicate with the workers there.

November Issue of LABOR DEFENDER Social Science Anniversary Number Forty-page pictorial, full of live and new photos on Socialist reconstruction in the Soviet Union and on labor's struggle in all parts of the country. Gastonia, Charlotte, Conference; Play Time in the U.S.S.R.; Under the Banner of November; The Book-Weapon of the Proletariat; Prisoners Return from the Soviet Union; Police Persecution in All Parts of the Country; A Trial in a Soviet Prison; The Marion Massacre; MacDonald Pays a Visit; Soviet Pilots; Fascist March in Austria; The Terror in Latin America. All in Short Articles and Many Photos. Subscribe—\$1.00 a Year. On Sale at Newsstands—10 Cents a Copy. LABOR DEFENDER 80 EAST 11TH STREET NEW YORK, N. Y.

PARTY LIFE

THE LOVESTONEITES IN ACTION.

By CYRIL BRIGGS.

The complete renegade degeneracy of the Lovestoneite group is nowhere more sharply revealed than in their activities in those mass organizations in which the Party has established its influence.

Wherever we find in our ranks comrades still naive enough to express doubt that the renegades are waging open war against the Party and the Comintern we may safely adduce that these comrades are directed in their Communist duty of working in, and helping to build, the mass organizations. Were they active in these organizations they could not fail to recognize the definite and conscious role being played by the Lovestoneites in the operation of the capitalist and social democratic scheme to liquidate working class militancy and disrupt the fighting organizations of the proletariat.

Certainly, those comrades who are active in the mass organizations have no delusions about the treacherous role of the Lovestoneites but are rather filled with contempt and loathing for these traitors to the working class movement who have increasingly exposed themselves as the open allies of the worst petty bourgeois careerist elements in these organizations.

The activities of the renegades have been particularly pernicious in the Harlem Tenants League. In this organization, where the influence of our comrades has welded together in iron solidarity large masses of Negro and white working class tenants, and have won these masses for a militant and class conscious struggle against the rent gougers and exploiters, the renegades were busy for six weeks in an attempt to disrupt the organization and defeat its militant program. In this attempt they have not hesitated to ally themselves with the worst elements in the League. They have become the bed-fellows of the petty bourgeois careerists who have sought to use the League for the advancement of their personal fortunes and were interested, therefore, in diverting it from its militant program into reformist and futile methods of struggle. A few months ago they were attacking these elements as sharply as anybody else but now, so complete is their renegade degeneracy, they do not hesitate to establish a united front with these same elements! So, today, we find Campbell, Welsh, Morris Nemes, Anna Thompson, Sarah Cole, in open alliance with the petty-bourgeois careerists in an effort to split the League and betray the hard-pressed tenants of Harlem into the power of the landlords. And with them is allied the creature of the self-confessed spy, Jackson.

Falling in their effort to disrupt and destroy the League from the inside, the renegades and their careerist allies have decided they could more effectively play the landlords' game of demoralizing the tenants by organizing a rump league, whereby the landlords could be assured that the leadership of the tenants would be such as they, the landlords, would desire their victims to have—"safe" leadership, in the interests of the landlords. And to make sure that they spread confusion and demoralization in the ranks of the tenants of Harlem, the disruptionist agents of the landlords elected to call their league the Harlem Tenants League, elected to steal from the six hundred and more members of the militant, landlord-hated Harlem Tenants League, the name these tenants have used since the first day of their organization! And these renegades plan to call in the capitalist state to assist them in the steal of the name—they have announced their intention to have the name incorporated so that the militant, working class tenants who have all along followed the example of most labor unions and other working class organizations in refusing to put their heads into the noose of landlord and employer regulation and control through the machinery of the state, may be robbed of the name which has become a synonym for militant struggle against the landlords. In this way, the disruptionists seek to smash the weapon and shield which the oppressed tenants of Harlem have forged, through many victorious struggles, against the landlords!

In furtherance of their plans to spread confusion among the tenants, they have issued calls for meetings, in the name of the Harlem Tenants League, and signing themselves "Members of the Executive Board." They have postscripted their letters "Note New Address." This in spite of the fact that the regular Harlem Tenants League is meeting every Monday night at the same address as formerly—the Public Library, 103 West 135th Street.

The fight in the Harlem Tenants League was wilfully precipitated by the renegades under the open leadership of Campbell, with the secret guidance of Anna Thompson, on the fake issue of the barring of Welsh at a District Election Conference to which he presented credentials as one of the delegates from the League. The conference in question accepted the credentials of the other delegates from the League, but on the question of Welsh there was a unanimous vote not to seat him. The delegates present, most of them non-Party delegates, voted on the basis of their knowledge of Welsh as a disruptive force in working class organizations. When the question was brought up in the League it was clearly pointed out by the president and by several speakers from the floor that while the League had a perfect right to elect Welsh as a delegate, the Conference also had the right to bar him if it considered his presence inimical to the successful carrying out of its work. But the renegades did not want explanations. They wanted a fight! They had been holding caucuses with the petty-bourgeois elements in the League—democratic and republican politicians, landlords' spies, etc.—and considered their forces strong enough to start a struggle for the leadership of the League. Their petty bourgeois allies had long objected to the present militant leadership. The first step of the renegades and their allies was to center an attack on the leadership; their next step was an effort to arrogate all power of decision and action to the Executive Board on which they then had a majority. In their effort to perpetuate their hold on the Executive Board and deprive the general membership of any say in the matter, or of any word in the governance of the organization, they brought in the following resolution:

"That any problem confronting the League that requires deliberation, political, organizational or otherwise, should first be referred to the Executive Committee for action."

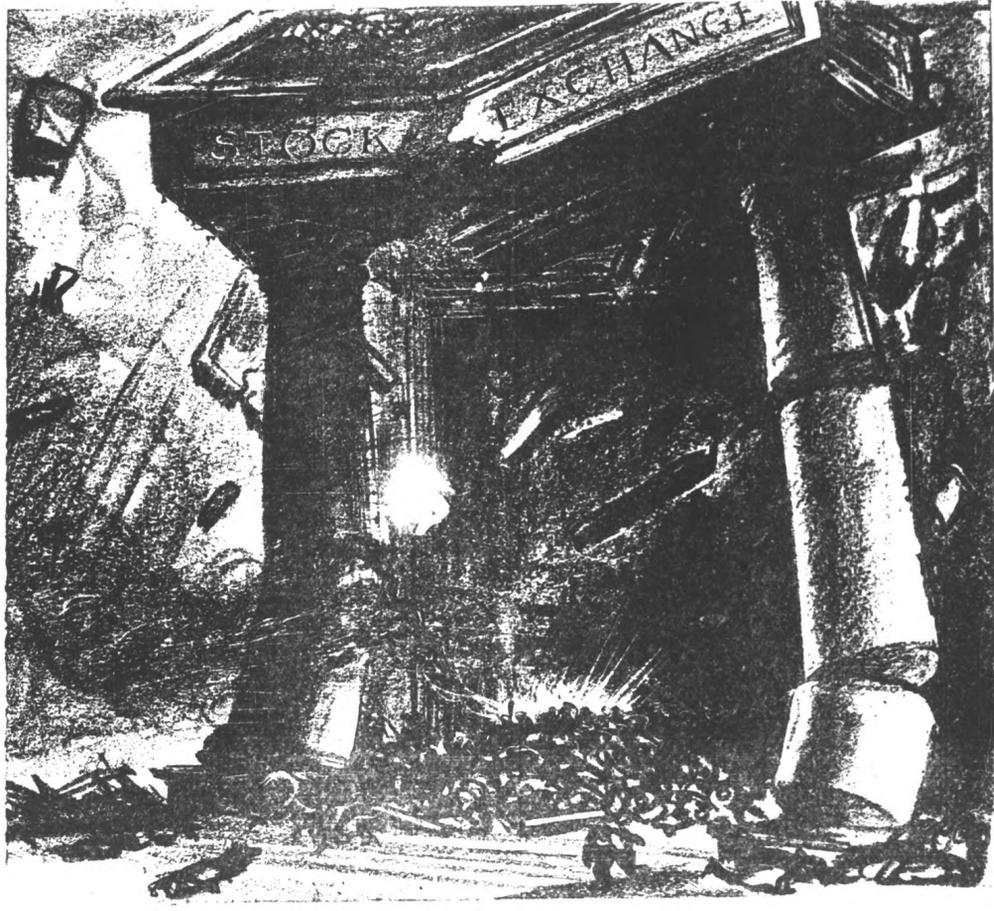
They sought to jam through this and several other similar resolutions. They soon discovered, however, that the tenants of Harlem were not so dumb as they thought. And in the meantime, the Committee on Reorganization of Committees, which had been appointed before the fight began, brought in its recommendations for the reorganization of the Executive Committee. These recommendations were accepted by overwhelming vote of the membership in spite of the hysterical abuse of the president of the League by Campbell, and the unprincipled attacks by Welsh and others. A motion to adopt the report of the Committee on Reorganization was carried by 41 to 3. Previous to this motion by Welsh to take up the report of the old Executive Committee as the first order of business was crushingly defeated, 51 to 2. Campbell then made a motion to add Welsh to the reorganized Executive Committee. This motion was defeated by 43 to 14. These fourteen votes were the highest given the disruptionists throughout the fight. The vote directly after this of 43 to 3 to adopt unchanged the report on Reorganization of the Executive Committee showed a change of mind by some of the tenants in the meantime, demonstrating that not all of the fourteen who had voted with the disruptionists in the previous motion were solidarized with them. The recommendations on the reorganization of the Housing Committee were next taken up and adopted by a stentorian YEA, with only two weak NOES audible through the hall. This was too much for at least one of the petty bourgeois careerist allies of the renegades, and at this point C. B. Jenkins, a typical self-seeking opportunist, lost his head and stalked out of the meeting after expressing his opinion that the tenants "were a bunch of gorillas and not worth bothering with." This same Jenkins is now one of the leaders in the opposition league.

The example of Jenkins was followed by the rest of his group a few weeks later. Evidently, Campbell, who refused to participate in tenants' street meetings "because it would jeopardize her job"

Welsh, whose activity in the League began and ended with the attempt to disrupt the League from the inside; Nemes and Thompson, whose first appearance in the League synchronized with the offensive against the leadership; these, together with Battle, Hendrickson, Henderson and other elements who have always been opposed to a militant tenants' struggle, evidently all of these agree with Jackson that working class tenants who go in for militant struggle against the rent gougers are a bunch of gorillas and not worth bothering with. So much the better for these same tenants! The Harlem Tenants League, the militant tenants' organization which they tried in vain to wreck, will continue to wage the fight against rent oppression and will soon forget these disruptionists. (Appropriately enough, the first meeting of the opposition league was held over a theatre whose billboards announced as the feature of the night, the picture "Forgotten Faces.") The tenants of Harlem will soon forget these disruptionists, but first they will sweep them out of their path as they will all allies and defenders of the landlords. The Negro and white workers becoming daily more and more radicalized under the pressure of capitalist rationalization (speeding, longer hours, lower pay, higher rents, etc.), will recognize these renegades as enemies of the world working class movement, as enemies of working class emancipation. The radicalized workers will in-

THE "THIRD PERIOD" IN WALL STREET.

By Fred Ellis.



Bukharin's Theoretical Conclusions and the Political Conclusions Drawn by Comintern

(Continued from Yesterday.)

According to Bukharin it seems that Lenin taught his Bolshevik Guard nothing but "caution" in relation to the peasantry, "caution" in relation to the kulaks, "caution" in relation to the tempo of industrialization. "The greatest caution," Bukharin proclaims, "in those points of policy which deal with the relations between the workers' state and the peasantry." "The greatest caution," in Bukharin's interpretation, is the infusion of kulaks into our co-operative system, the peaceful merging of the kulaks into socialism. "And the day will come when the Kulak's grandson will be grateful"—for the "cautious" and delicate (Leninist, comrades Bukharin?) way we handled his ancestors. This is not Leninism. It is a substitution of Leninism by a new Communist Bernsteinism. The Leninist conception of the "period of education" is interpreted in the style of the Liberal professors. The whole period following the civil war is represented as a period of peaceful educational work. The Leninist conception of the democratic reserves of the proletarian revolution is treated as the union of the working class with the whole of the peasantry. Certainly Lenin was not speaking of the kulaks. Bukharin would put a stop to the process of eliminating the capitalist elements in the Soviet village.

After this it is not surprising to find that Bukharin completes his own "political testament" by a most enormous theoretical blunder, calculated, when worked out, to become the starting point for a new opportunist platform. "Our chief guarantee of Socialist construction," Bukharin declares, "lies in developing the most advantageous combination of class forces, which would ensure us the possibility of further Socialist construction... To develop the combination of the 'proletarian revolution' with the 'peasant war' in a new form, this is now 'construction.'" The peasant war, according to Marx and Engels as well as Lenin, is the war of the whole peasantry, the agrarian revolution—bourgeois-democratic in its content. Bukharin wants to take us far back, to a historical epoch long gone by, when at the present time, in the epoch of collective farming and Soviet farming, in conditions of vigorous Socialist reconstruction of the Soviet village, he takes his point of departure from the "peasant war," i.e., from the general peasantry of the Soviet village. Bukharin, it is true, speaks of some "new," "constructive" form of combining the "peasant war" with the proletarian revolution. But his new statement of Bukharin's only deepens the opportunist character of his whole formula. The union of the working class with the whole peasantry in a constructive form is absolutely unacceptable. The acceptance of such a formulation would mean at the same time

actively recognize the truth of the remarks of Comrade Manuilsky in his closing speech in the Tenth Plenum of the E.C.C.I.

"He who will hinder the proletariat abroad from carrying out the task of the offensive against capitalism, is an enemy of the U. S. S. R., an enemy of the socialist order which is being built in our country. On the other hand, he who hinders the struggle against the capitalist elements in the U. S. S. R. is an enemy of the proletarian revolution in other countries. International opportunism is a double-faced Janus with one face turned towards socialism and revolution, hampering their progress in every way. One cannot conceive such a situation that the world proletariat should take up the offensive while the U. S. S. R. is upon its defense. Neither can one imagine the reverse, that the U. S. S. R. should be marching forward without causing at the same time an increase in the militant activity of the proletariat throughout the world."

With the withdrawal of the disruptionists, the meetings of the League at the Public Library have proceeded with marked smoothness and efficiency. The tenants, for the first time in weeks, are now enabled to report on their individual troubles with the landlords who, as predicted in the League several months ago, are now in a new offensive of rent raising. Tenants report that rents in houses where they or their friends live are being raised ten, twenty and thirty dollars at a jump. So far, the members of the League have been able to resist rent raises by following the advice of the leadership of the League to "pay no rent raises but resist every effort to raise your rent." Through the cooperation of the International Labor Defense, the League is able to see that its members get legal advice without charge and that only nominal fees, within the reach of workers, are charged for cases where it is necessary to defend the tenants in the capitalist courts.

The vicious system of landlordism is particularly based upon the Negro tenants of Harlem and Brownsville. Because of the capitalist policy of segregation the landlords are able to exploit these workers to the nth degree, exacting of them the most exorbitant and unreasonable rents, often two and three times in excess of the rentals paid by white workers for similar accommodations. The Communist Party must mobilize the white workers to fight shoulder to shoulder with their Negro fellow workers, against segregation, against rent extortion, against discrimination of any kind. The Party must give its full support to the struggle of these harassed, landlord-oppressed, boss-exploited tenants. Every help should be given the Harlem Tenants League in prosecution of its struggle against the landlords and their courts, in organizing house and block committees, and in building the Harlem Tenants League into a powerful instrument of struggle.

acceptance of the theory of peaceful conversion of the kulak to Socialism. This new formulation of Bukharin's, indeed, bears a suspicious resemblance to the "constructive" Socialism of the European reformists, who also use as their point of departure the theory of gradualness, of the general national interests, of the peaceful transformation of capitalism into Socialism.

It was because of this that the Tenth Plenum resolution stated that "in his opposition to the line of the C.P.S.U., Comrade Bukharin had slipped into a liberal interpretation of NEP, leading, under the slogan of liberating trade, to allowing the free development of the capitalist elements in the country, to abstention from crushing the criminal speculating kulak elements, to denying the necessity for individual taxation of the kulaks, and opposing the policy of the Party directed to intensifying the taxation of the capitalist elements of the country... But this means that Comrade Bukharin has slipped into the policy of class alliance with the capitalist elements, substituting for the policy of proletarian class war against the kulaks the policy of 'transformation of the kulaks into Socialism.'"

Up to this point Bukharin's declarations only referred to the C.P.S.U. and Socialist construction. But in defending his opportunist standpoint these opportunist errors inevitably blossomed out into an international system: all the more so because, as we have seen, they were present in embryonic form already at the Sixth Congress of the Comintern. It also followed because of the deep international significance of the problems of Socialist construction in the U.S.S.R. The man who underestimates the growth of Socialist construction in the U.S.S.R., the man who cannot see the immense pride and enthusiasm shown by the masses there, must inevitably underestimate the growth of revolutionary initiative among the working masses in capitalist countries, and the beginning of a new revolutionary wave. The man who approaches the kulak with timidity and "caution," and who attributes too much strength to the capitalist elements in the U.S.S.R., must inevitably overestimate the stabilization of world capitalism. The one follows the other. The one makes the other more precise. It is not an accident that, on the eve of the Tenth Plenum, almost simultaneously here Bukharin came out with his "organized economic chaos" (or to put it in another way, organized capitalism), while there Serra came out with his full-blown criticism of the general line of the C.P.S.U., even up to the fateful question—in the style of Pontius Pilate—"What is a kulak?"

Bukharin's recent article about "organized economic chaos" exhibited also the development of a Right opportunist deviation in questions of the international working class movement. If in his former articles Bukharin was undermining Lenin's political testament, in this one we have beyond question an effort to undermine the system of the Communist International. The part that Lenin played in creating the theoretical foundations of the Communist International is well known. And, in this work of Lenin's, the part played by such problems as imperialism and its contradictions is also well known. Lenin, as well as Bukharin, saw the growth of capitalist concentration, trusts and monopolies. Lenin's classical work on Imperialism opens with a description of this very process. But Lenin's powerful dialectics saw also at the same time the other side of this process—that these capitalist monopolies are the highest expression of the internal and external contradictions of the capitalist system. "It is just this fusion of its contradictory principles—competition and monopoly—that is the characteristic of imperialism," Lenin wrote in 1917. After this, what is it but a revision of Leninism when Bukharin talks of the smoothing over of the internal contradictions of monopoly capitalism, of the overcoming of the anarchy of capitalist production and the market, of the planning and organizing capability of trust capital? To base all perspectives of the proletarian revolution on the "immense sharpening of competition between the capitalist countries" means for the practical work of the working class movement to deprive the Communist advance guard of all initiative, and the passivity of the working class in the face of both an intensifying economic struggle and an unprecedented sharpening of class contradictions between labor and capital. Lenin understood the imperialist epoch as the epoch of contradictory processes. He fought mercilessly against the pedants who do not understand that revolution is a living process, against the mechanical, non-dialectic interpretation of the proletarian revolution as a single act. "The Socialist revolution," he wrote, "is not a single act, not one fight on a single front, but a whole epoch of class conflicts, a whole series of battles on all fronts."

This was Lenin's answer years ago to Bukharin and those who then were of his mind. And this, on the basis of Lenin's teaching, is the answer of the Communist International to Bukharin now. The source of Bukharin's present openly-opportunist errors is historically the same as in 1916, when in the fight against Lenin he cloaked his opportunist errors with "left" phraseology. It is his misunderstanding of the unequal development of imperialism, his misunderstanding, or more exactly, his anti-Leninist understanding of the epoch of imperialism. Just as at that time the passivity of the colonial and oppressed peoples in the face of imperialism was concealed under the slogan of "pure" imperialism, so today the slogan of "pure" (planned, without internal contradictions) monopoly capitalism covers up the most danger-

THE CITY OF BREAD

Translated from the Russian
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(Continued.)

13.

MISHKA approved of the hospital. It was painted and had many dows. If they put Serioshka in there, he would get well. They would give him medicine, some kind of powder, and he would get well again very quickly. And Mishka would stop and get him when he came back from Tashkent. He would get all he wanted in Tashkent, and he would share everything with Serioshka, so that Serioshka should not envy him. Any one might get sick; it was not his fault.

The stretcher with Serioshka halted at the foot of the stairway. The stretcher bearers went away and for a long time no one came out. You could hear the crows in the tree tops.

"This looks bad. I hope nothing goes wrong." Serioshka came to himself and began to cry. "Where are they taking me?" "This is a hospital. Don't be afraid." "And where will you be?" "Here with you."

Mishka sat down on the steps beside the stretcher and began to tell him the whole story. He had met a very kind woman who was sorry for them both. She had given him bread. "I will certainly make Serioshka well," she had said, "that will do it." He, Mishka, would not go on by himself, he would go over to the market place. There was a market here beyond the station, like the one in Buzuluk and you could buy anything there you wanted. Only Serioshka must not be angry at him because of the fight they had had—you can't go on traveling together all the time without fighting about anything.

Then he remembered the iron nut which he had won. "Did you think I took the nut for always? What do I want with some one else's nut? I was only teasing you..."

He pulled the nut out of his deep warm pocket and laid it in Serioshka's hand.

"There, take good care of it." When the doors of the hospital opened and Serioshka went through them forever and ever, Mishka experienced an intolerable pain and bitter loneliness. He stood by a table at which a woman in a white uniform sat writing, and said wearily:

"We are peasants from the village of Lopatino. I am Michael Dodonov, he is Sergei Ivanitch."

"What is his surname?" Serioshka's surname had completely slipped from his mind. It had just been on the tip of his tongue! He wanted to give Serioshka's middle name instead, but the woman insisted on his real surname.

"Well, just put him down under my name: Michael Dodonov of the Lopatiner district."

"Can you write?" "Of course!" "Sign here then."

Mishka sprawled over the table, thrusting out his lower lip with the effort.

It was a long time since he had written anything, and his hand would not work.

When he had finished signing his name he felt lost. He left the hospital and there on the steps lay the nut. "Ech, Serioshka forgot to take it with him!"

He looked through the window—no one to be seen. He crept round to the other window—some one motioned him away. He prowled around the hospital like a homeless puppy, then came to a halt again on the steps.

"How can I get the nut to him?" Some one was carried out on a stretcher. That is Serioshka, he thought, but it was a woman, dead, and the feet of the woman were naked. The sorrow of death overwhelmed him. Hunger tortured him and grief for his comrade.

"Why did he have to go and forget the nut?"

14.

THE whole day long Mishka roamed about the market place among the merchants and peddlers, listening to how much was asked for a skirt, how much for a blouse, how much you must pay for bread if you wanted to buy it for money. He was about to pull his grandmother's skirt from his sack when he heard the mujika say:

"The Kirghiz beyond Orenburg buy anything you want to sell them, and pay high prices too. That's the place to sell."

Mishka thought: "I'll have patience a little longer." He tried begging, but the women here got angry right away.

If you said: "Auntie!" to them, they wouldn't even look at you. If you went on and said: "For the sake of Christ," they would get ready to strike you.

One of them tried to beat Mishka over the head. She must have seen him take the bread from the mujik, because she shrieked out all over the market place:

"You're coming around here now, are you, you cursed little thief! I've seen for a long time how you keep sneaking around!"

Mishka pulled his old cap down over his eyes, and escaped from the uproar. They'd take him to the Tcheka, and there he would have to stay for two weeks. They didn't stand on ceremony with our kind...

They'd ask for his passport—he hadn't any. They'd ask for his ticket—he hadn't any. Better take himself out of the way...

It was not till evening that he remembered Serioshka... as if some one had stabbed him right to the heart.

"Why don't you go to him? Didn't you promise?"

He wanted to run to him, but the talk of the mujiks troubled him. "They are getting the Tashkent train ready. It will leave at once..."

Mishka's brain was split in two halves. One half told him to rush to Serioshka, the other half warned him:

"Don't go, you'll miss the train!"

But again the first half whispered in his ear:

"Aren't you ashamed to desert your comrade in a strange place? You made the agreement yourself and now you don't want to stick to it. Will it take you long to run to the hospital? Say good-bye to him for the last time and then go. It will be easier for him too. If he knows you've surely gone, he won't keep on waiting and waiting for you to come..."

The other half reassured him:

"The agreement doesn't hold for this kind of accident. If you go, you won't catch the train. You'll have to wait around here a whole day and night, and in that time you could go a hundred verses. You're going because you must... You're not leaving him on purpose..."

For a long time Mishka was tortured by doubts...

He went to the station. First he cast a glance toward the hospital, then toward the railroad cars. Were they beginning to move?

The cars stood motionless.

(To Be Continued.)

ous opportunist passivity at a period of developing crisis within capitalist stabilization. On whose scales does Bukharin put his new theoretical goods, if not on those of the Right renegades, the ultra-Left revisionists and the social-democratic theoreticians of super-imperialism? The 'theory' of this kind, which serves as an ideological basis for all the elements in the Comintern, is repudiated by the whole development of capitalism, and is in essence a capitulation to reformist ideology" (Tenth Plenum resolution on Bukharin).

Thus the position underwent a fundamental change when Bukharin passed on from particular "corrections" to the creation of a theoretical basis for the whole of international opportunism, from particular maneuvers to an attack on the line of the C.P.S.U. and the Comintern, from particular deviations from the Leninist line to the open revision of Lenin's political testament. Bukharin has rendered outstanding service to the C.P.S.U. and to the Comintern. But, remembering Lenin's testament, the Communist International will mercilessly fight all and every kind of opportunist deviations which threaten to weaken the Communist advance guard. In the conditions of the "third period," this is the most important pre-condition for the successful issue of the coming revolutionary battles. If in order to take the bourgeoisie by the throat our attack must pass over the body of social-democracy, a social fight against social-democracy requires a decisive struggle against deviations from the Comintern line, a merciless exposure of every manifestation of opportunism within the ranks of the Communist advance guard. This is why the Tenth Plenum of the E.C.C.I. was compelled to draw its own Bolshevik political conclusions from these theoretical conclusions arrived at by Comrade Bukharin.

(THE END.)