

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

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VIOLENT REACTION NOW THREATENS MEXICAN WORKERS

World Congress of Communist International Discusses Bucharin's Thesis

NEGRO DELEGATE SAYS SOCIALIST PARTY BETRAYS

French Delegates Tell of Work in Army

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 24.—Under the chairmanship of Carlton, the sixth session of the World Congress of the Communist International opened here today with the continuance of Nikolai Bucharin's discussion.

French Imperialism. Sernad declared that the French delegation was in agreement with Bucharin's report and thesis but would like to see more emphasis placed on the role of French imperialism. He pointed out that the main aim of French imperialism is to extend its colonial possessions, thus intensifying the antagonism with the other imperialist powers. Simultaneously it is oppressing the French working class.

The French social democracy is supporting colonial oppression abroad and capitalist rationalization at home.

Sernad drew attention to the successful anti-war propaganda which the French Communist Party is conducting among the troops and in the factories so that, when war comes, the imperialist conflict can be turned into a civil war and proletarian revolution.

De Visser of Holland, next declared that the Executive Committee of the Communist International had in several instances failed to act quickly enough. He cited as examples, the British General Strike, the Sacco-Vanzetti campaign, etc.

Report of Yago-Slavits, declared that his delegation was completely in agreement with Bucharin's thesis and very thankful for the liquidation of anti-Party factional struggles.

Negro Work. Ford, the Negro delegate of the American delegation, asserted that the American Party was not yet paying sufficient attention to work among the Negroes. In spite of the intolerable exploitation of millions of Negroes, he pointed out that nothing had been done to bring these workers closer to the Party.

"The American socialist party has organized reactionary trade unions in which we are without influence," Ford declared. He further maintained that race prejudices are found even among Party members and that there were not sufficient good directors of Negro work on the

KEEP UP SEARCH, FASCISTS PLEAD

No Ban on Krassin Visit, U. S. Says

MOSCOW, July 24 (UP).—A request that Russia continue her search for the six men who disappeared with the wrecked gas bag of the dirigible Italia was received from the Italian government today, along with an offer of two big airplanes to assist in the search.

U. S. Not To Welcome.

WASHINGTON, July 24 (UP).—The federal government will not stand in the way of the contemplated visit to the United States of Prof. Samoilovich, head of the Russian relief expedition aboard the Krassin, and Chukhnovsky, Russian air pilot, who assisted in the rescue work following the dirigible Italia's perilous flight.

They must, however, comply with all immigration regulations concerning Russian visitors to this country before they will be granted visas.

Authorities displayed little interest in dispatches saying that arrangements were being made in New York to fetter the Russians there. Federal officials can take no part in the welcoming program.

Next New Search For Amundsen. OSLO, July 24.—A new search for Roald Amundsen and his five companions, who have been lost since they set out to seek the fabled North Pole, is being organized. The probable whereabouts of the Amundsen party has been calculated by the director of the Meteorological Institute at Tromsø.

Helped to Make Workingclass History



A group of delegates to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, standing in front of the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, New York City, and displaying a copy of the Daily Worker announcing the nomination of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gilroy as the standard-bearers of the workers in the coming elections. This convention launched the greatest political campaign that the American working class has ever undertaken. (Photo by George Elson, Cleveland.)

CLAIM OF SANDINO'S 'DEFEAT' NOW EXPOSED

SUPERIOR, Wis., July 24.—The recent claims of Secretary of Navy Wilbur of Sandino's "defeat" were exposed today by the admission of Wilbur himself that thousands of marines now in Nicaragua will remain there. This information was given to Coolidge today by the Secretary of the Navy.

Some time ago, the Navy Department denied that Sandino had an army of more than 200 soldiers. Recently, they have reported the "surrounding" of about 500 Nicaraguans. These claims were shown to be false by the re-enforcements of marines. The latest claim of Sandino's "defeat" is shown to be equally false.

When Wilbur announced the "defeat" of Sandino, he refused to give any details. It is evident that serious consideration is being given to the real situation in Nicaragua, which is not revealed to the public. Of considerable significance is the fact that Thomas Cochran, partner of J. P. Morgan, was present at the conference of Wilbur and President Coolidge.

REPORT POLISH BORDER CLASH

Pilsudski Soldier Killed Is Rumor

WARSAW, Poland, July 24.—Newspaper accounts report that one Polish soldier was killed and another wounded in a struggle with Lithuanians near the frontier today. The engagement is said to have taken place at Neustroki.

Coming immediately after Marshal Pilsudski's review and overt encouragement of his legion during the anniversary exercises at Vilna, the rumored clash on the border is causing intense excitement here, and confirmation of the report is eagerly being awaited.

The government has not as yet issued an official statement and will not until the receipt of further details from the border. It is expected, however, in view of the expected administration's attitude towards Lithuania, that relations between the two governments may be seriously strained within the next forty-eight hours.

Lithuania Aroused. KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia, July 24.—A wholly unconfirmed rumor from Kivno states that a clash between Polish and Lithuanian detachments took place near the frontier today. Details are lacking but reports of tremendous excitement throughout the country have been received.

TO PROTEST SENTENCE

Meetings to Demand Porter's Release

Superior, Wis., July 24.—A large number of mass meetings protesting against the two and a half year court-martial sentence of John Porter, textile strike leader of New Bedford, will be held in Wisconsin and Minnesota during the next two weeks.

WORKERS PARTY HAILS TRIUMPH OF USSR RESCUE SHIP

Central Executive Committee Contrasts Fascist Cowardice With Communist Courage

Pointing to the wide political significance of the achievements of the Arctic rescue expedition of the Soviet Socialist Republic in saving many members of the lost crew of the Fascist polar junket, the Workers (Communist) Party of America issued yesterday from its national office at New York a statement contrasting these achievements with the miserable failure of the fascist "exploration" gesture with its exposure of cowardice on the part of Mussolini's agents.

As the importance of events concerning the ill-fated fascist gesture at polar exploration are not diminishing, but promise to increase from day to day because of remarkable social significance the statement published here is of much importance. The American masses will have their opportunity, in all probability, to greet the heroic Soviet aviators, Chukhnovsky and his comrades, in the near future, since Foreign Minister Chicherin has stated that the invitation to the aviators to visit the United States will be accepted.

The statement of the Workers (Communist) Party follows: Fascism, the militant dictatorship of the bourgeoisie, and Sovietism, the militant workers' rule under Communist leadership, have shown their mettle in the Arctic ice-fields.

For years the American bourgeoisie has worshipped at the shrine of fascism. Not only capitalists and their newspaper henchmen, but even a section of the so-called liberal intelligentsia were captivated by the spectacle of the "strong arm" that knew how to keep the workers and the poor peasants down-trodden and deprived of the most elementary rights. In Mussolini's white terror the ruling classes and their satellites admired what they called "efficiency," "discipline," "order." On the other hand, while forced on the whole to admit the gigantic successes of the Soviet Union, the same classes and groups kept on denouncing the workers' rule as "tyrannical," "corrupt" and "morally degrading."

Imperialism and Communism—a Contrast. The outstanding facts of the Noble expedition and the rescue activities of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin's crew have manifested even to the bourgeoisie the true nature of Fascism on the one hand, Communism on the other.

Noble's expedition was a link in the chain of imperialist ventures. Even when the representatives of finance capital are not engaged in direct plunder, they have to keep the annexationist spirit alive. Even when they cannot send troops to occupy foreign lands, they at least undertake actions symbolizing military occupation. Such a symbol was the Italia's flight to the pole, accompanied by all the bombastic phrase-mongering and flamboyant self-aggrandizement of which the blood-reeking demagogue Mussolini is past master.

Reactionary Aims. The expedition pursued no scientific aims; it was not intended to make new discoveries; it used exploration as a convenient pretext; it was to remind the powers engaged in a frantic race for sea domination that Italy was a great aerial power; it was to plant a cross blessed by the Pope and a flag consecrated by Mussolini on the "roof of the world"; it was to divert the attention of the masses at home from their intolerable conditions and from the sentencing of large numbers of Communist and other militant workers to long years of prison; it was to convey to an astounded world the glory of Fascism.

Failure of Expedition. The expedition, like war, like any other severe crisis, only proved the inner decay of the system of which it is an expression. The fate of the Italia and its crew is by no means an accident, as there is no accident in the collapse of a disease-corroded body. The expedition was ill-equipped, ill-organized. Its commander, "General" Noble, was not fit to lead. He had no scientific standing. He knew more about champagne parties than about polar flights. Like his lord and master Mussolini he knew only how to throw dust in the eyes of the world without gaining the confidence of his fellow fliers, and without establishing between himself and the crew a spirit of co-operation so essential in hazardous undertakings.

Noble's Cowardly Descent. When the dirigible collapsed and rescue came in the person of the Swedish flier Lundborg, Mussolini's "air ambassador" committed an act of cowardice and treachery. He left his five companions on the ice pack. He flew to safety alone, abandoning his co-workers to their bitter fate. His superiors in Rome hastened to explain his action as prompted by a desire to lead rescue activities; but empty words could not cover up the shame of the Fascist. The "General" has no lead any rescue activities. He saved his own skin. He stands revealed as a dastardly coward in the eyes of even his own class. He reveals the moral fibre of the regime of which he is the exponent.

In trying to white-wash Noble's cowardice, Mussolini and his Fascist government identify themselves with the coward and traitor. No more lurid light could have been thrown on the blood-stained dictatorship of the bourgeoisie.

Deserted Malmgren to Die. Like master, like man. Even the capitalist world shuddered on hearing that two Fascist officers, Captain Mariano and Captain Zappi, left the young Swedish scientist, Dr. Malmgren, to die in the frozen wastes. Malmgren was one of those heroic men who attempted to rescue the stranded Fascists. Malmgren was trying to lead the two captains to firm land. When his wound and exhaustion made it impossible for him to proceed, the men he tried to rescue left him to die, taking with them all the provisions. The example of the chief was repeated by his subordinates in a more hideous manner. By ordering Mariano and Zappi to keep quiet about Malmgren, Mussolini identified himself also with this blood-curdling crime. Fascism showed its real face.

The Soviet Rescue Ship. Into this picture of inefficiency, corruption, cowardice and treachery come, like a refreshing breeze, the activities of our comrades of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin. The Soviet rescue mission had no political aims in view. Moreover, it was not animated by particular love for the personnel of the Italian dirigible, who it knew to be Fascists. It placed its difficult duty to the ice-bound Arctic because it deemed it its duty to rescue fellow human beings. But what a revelation was its appearance on the frozen scene to a breathless world!

A Triumph of Soviet Science. Unlike the Italia, the Krassin proved excellently equipped with all that modern science can offer, thus bearing witness not only to the economic strength of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, but also to the eagerness of the ruling proletariat to make science its greatest weapon in the construction of socialism. Unlike the Italia, the Krassin was headed not by bluffing "Generals," but by an earnest scientist, Professor Samoilovich. And unlike the crew of the Italia, the Russian flier, Comrade Chukhnovsky, when forced down on the ice, thought first of the Italians who he had sighted, and although in peril himself, radioed to the Krassin the position of the stranded

Ammunition to Fight Mine Bosses, Betrayers

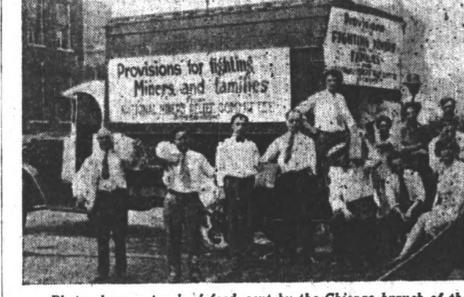


Photo shows a truck of food, sent by the Chicago branch of the National Miners' Relief Committee, ready to leave for the Illinois mine fields. It is the food and clothing contributed by workers throughout the country that is keeping the striking miners fighting against the united front of the bosses and the bureaucrats. Send more ammunition to the heroic miners by contributing thru the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

WEISBORD NAILS LIES OF TEXTILE MILL BOSSES

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 24.—Meeting the textile barons' "publicity offensive" as brilliantly as the Textile Mill Committees picket lines are meeting the police offensive, Albert Weisbord, national leader of the Textile Mill Committees, yesterday issued an answer to the published statements of John Sullivan, president of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' Association.

The employers' organization had recently announced that they will end their silence and carry on a "publicity offensive" to gain sympathy, and "get some action" to halt the strikers' effective picketing.

Weisbord's statement says: "We are glad to note that Mr. Sullivan is now going to run the strike for the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' Association. This will make it all the easier for the strikers to win. The exaggerated statements of Mr. Sullivan are such as to make him appear in a very ridiculous light, indeed.

"(1) Mr. Sullivan would make it appear that the mills of New Bedford were in a terrible financial state, forcing the mill owners to hand down a ten per cent cut. Has Mr. Sullivan forgotten the many melons that were sliced by the mill owners during the past few years, the extra stock dividends handed out to parasitic beneficiaries, the steady and high rate of dividends squeezed from the workers, the outrageous tax exemption secured from the state by the high-powered legislative lobby of the New Bedford mill owners?

"If Mr. Sullivan has forgotten these things we have not and we will bring them to his attention.

Refutation on Wages. "(2) Mr. Sullivan states that the wages of the textile workers in New Bedford are the highest in the world. Even the New Bedford Times placed on its front page at the beginning of the strike a chart showing that the wages in New Bedford are lower than in any other fine cotton goods center in New England.

"But we would like to go beyond the charts of the New Bedford Times. We would like to point out to Mr. Sullivan that we are fighting not only against the 10 per cent reduction, but for a 20 per cent increase in wages. "We say that an average wage of \$16 to \$17 a week may be fit for Mr. Sullivan's pigs, but not for us; and we would welcome Mr. Sullivan giving us a demonstration of how to live on such a wage himself.

"Further, Mr. Sullivan knows that New Bedford is the very center for fine goods in America, that the rest of the mills producing fine goods follow New Bedford with its 60,000 fine goods looms, not New Bedford, Taftville, Connecticut or any other mill village where some fine goods may be produced.

Speed-Up. "(3) Mr. Sullivan complains that

CHURCH TO SAVE KILLER; SMASH LABOR MOVEMENT

Congressmen May Be Expelled

MEXICO CITY, July 24.—Indications that the hold of the church hierarchy over the Calles government may save Jose De Leon Toral, assassin of General Obregon, and that the whole force of the government may be employed against the labor movement, was revealed in a statement today by Aurelio Manrique, spokesman for the reactionary land owners who now dominate the political situation.

"We regard Obregon's assassin as a personage who was controlled by superior outside forces," said Manrique. "We do not demand his death, but we do demand justice and we believe this can be achieved most quickly by removal from the government of those labor leaders whose anti-Obregon activities created the atmosphere for the mad act of the assassin. The influence wielded by those labor leaders must be wiped out of Mexican public affairs."

The assassin of Obregon recently confessed that he killed Obregon for religious motives. It appears that pressure is being made by the church, in alliance with the "Agrarians," to save Toral.

It is expected that an official statement will be issued by the government withdrawing the assertion that the church is responsible for the assassination.

The new "confession" of Toral is being kept secret. It is possible that he may repudiate his statement that the crime is due to religious influence, on account of the dominance of the church in the political situation and the fact that his life might be spared.

MEXICO CITY, July 24 (UP).—Demand for removal of labor party men from all government offices throughout the country was made today by the powerful union of revolutionary parties.

The union has accused the labor party of "psychological authority" of the assassination of President-elect Alvaro Obregon.

Luis N. Morones, head of the labor party, already had resigned his post of minister of commerce, industry and labor in the cabinet, along with two fellow-officials, at the demand of the party. The demand would mean removal of labor men from posts as governors of states, municipal officials and as senators and deputies in the legislature—a complete political ouster.

(Editor's Note: The term "revolutionary parties" really means "reactionary parties.")

MEXICO CITY, July 24.—Following the forced resignation of Luis N. Morones and other so-called "labor" leaders from the cabinet, the reactionary "Agrarians" and Catholic clergy took steps today to restore the power of the church and to crush all workers' organizations.

The reactionary parties today announced that they will not be satisfied with the resignation of Morones, Gases and Moneda and demand upon the government the expulsion of every member from the "Labor Party" from both houses of congress.

"We do not counsel disorder," Manrique, reactionary leader of the "Agrarians," stated today. "We see no cause to seek war until other resources have been exhausted." This is regarded as a threat at civil war unless the threat of the wealthy landowners, clergy and American capitalists is accepted submissively.

In spite of the fact that the assassination of Obregon has confessed that the killing was caused by the church, the Catholic clergy, in alliance with the rich land owners of the "Agrarian" party, is using the opportunity to return to power and charge the "Labor" party, which has been anti-church on account of the pressure of the masses, with "responsibility" for the assassination.

It is evident that the clergy and reactionaries are preparing a persecution of the militant workers of Mexico, with new attacks against the peasantry and reaction in the land question.

FIND ROMAN COINS. BENEVENTO, July 24 (UP).—Gold and silver coins, believed to belong to the Roman age, were discovered at the Commune of Pannone, near Benevento, where an old building was demolished.

MORE PHOTOS WANTED

"Daily" Makes Appeal for Pictures

On pages 1 and 4 of today's Daily Worker appears two interesting pictures taken by George Elson, a worker-photographer of Cleveland. These two photos are excellent illustrations of the type of pictures that the "Daily" wants to receive from its readers. We want more like them. We also want pictures of picket-lines, open-air meetings and demonstrations, working class athletic activities, etc. It is not necessary to have complicated photographic apparatus. Camera snapshots that are clear will do—preferably of the

Continued on Page Three

Milliners Pledge Their Support to Big Shop Conference Relief of Striking Miners

CHAIRWOMEN OF LOCAL 43 TO AID THURSDAY MEET

Militant N. Y. Workers Rally to Call

At a meeting held late last week at the Stuyvesant Casino the shop chairwomen of Local 43, Millinery Workers Union, heartily endorsed the shop delegates conference for miners relief to be held Thursday at 8 o'clock at Bryant Hall, 42nd St. and 6th Ave., and pledged the support of their shops to the extent of taking immediate charge of the election of delegates.

Progressive workers throughout the city are rallying more strongly than ever to the support of the striking miners and their families. With the abject and spineless surrender of Lewis and his district court cronies logically following his fifteen months of do-nothing policy of constant retreat and the militant call for the formation of a new union rising spontaneously from tens of thousands of miners completely disillusioned with the decadent United Mine Workers, the furnishing of food, tents and medical aid becomes of even more importance than heretofore. The formation of a new miners' union is of the utmost importance to the whole labor movement, it presenting an unbroken front at the front line of the bosses' open-shop drive. Only if the miners and their families are fed and sheltered, if medical aid is provided, will they march on to victory under the banner of militant unionism.

The shop and factory workers from 14th to 59th St., realizing the grave import of the new union call, will respond by the hundreds to the Miners' Relief Conference of July 26. Already milliners, dressmakers, furriers and cloakmakers have endorsed the action of the Provisional Committee in calling the conference. All shops and factories are urged to elect delegates for this urgent conference, which will convene to consider ways and means on how best to support the army of miners and their families on the front of the open-shop war.

Bricklayers Win in British Embassy Row

WASHINGTON, July 24 (FP).—Members of the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' International Union are now working on the new British embassy building job in Washington. Their union, after a 26-year fight with Henry Wardman, leading anti-union building contractor in the District of Columbia, who has this job, has reached an agreement with him. On the other hand, the building trades council, backed by the building trades department of the American Federation of Labor, has not made peace with the contractor. The bricklayers, now outside the department, say that their original break with Wardman was due to their striking in sympathy with other trades, whose officials finally left them to wage the war alone.

CHINESE SILK STRIKE GROWS

Factories Guarded by Military

SHANGHAI (By Mail).—The strike in the silk spinning mills here is still going on. Over 11,000 workers are participating in the strike. On the 20th of June the striking workers elected delegates to present their demands to the employers.

During the negotiations with the employers the workers' delegates came to an understanding with the former according to which work would be resumed upon condition that the question of fulfilling the demands of the workers would be examined after work had been resumed. The overwhelming majority of the strikers refused to go back to work under such conditions. About 2,000 working women returned to work, but went on strike again a few hours afterwards.

In six factories the work was being continued with a skeleton staff but the striking workers forced their way into these factories and persuaded the women to join the strike. Under the excuse that "incidents" might occur the employers announced the closing down of the factories and appealed to the garrison commander to "take measures to protect the factories."

USE WAR TACTICS AGAINST NEGROES

Tammany Cops Stage Insulting Scene

An indication of the racial prejudice of the Tammany Hall machine, and its determination to "keep the Negro in his place," was seen yesterday when fire trucks, and even machine gun squads of police were called out in Lenox Ave. and 139th St. when a few friends of an arrested Negro tried to defend him from brutal treatment by the police.

The police attack on the friends of the arrested Negro drew crowds of people to the scene which, being in the heart of Harlem, is always quite busy. It was after the police began to fire recklessly into the crowd that the people, infuriated at the treatment, gathered closely around the officers.

In a short time more than 150 policemen, fully armed with riot guns and armored motorcycles, arrived on the scene. The "riot" was quelled when the police motorcycles plowed through the crowd of Negroes, injuring scores of them. More than an hour elapsed before the tactics of the police finally dispelled the unarmed protesting crowd.

Mooney-Billings Meets Called in Chicago

CHICAGO, Ill., July 24.—The Chicago local of I. L. D. has issued instructions to all branches and affiliated bodies to hold a special meeting devoted to a review of the Mooney-Billings case.

The twelfth anniversary of the radical frame-up against the two workers in bringing on a renewed effort on the part of International Labor Defense and the radical labor movement for their release.

LONDON, July 24 (UP).—Sir Arthur Conan Doyle and Sir Oliver Lodge, leaders in three respective fields of literature and science, appeared as voluntary witnesses in Westminster police court today to defend spiritualism against the cynical charge that it is fortune telling for money and therefore il-

Fascists Object to Italia Investigation

ROME, July 24.—Premier Mussolini today, in reply to charges of experts of many countries that the Nobile expedition was poorly prepared and doomed from the start and also that the Swedish explorer Malmgren, had been left alive on the ice, announced that no investigation by other countries will be permitted. At the same time, Mussolini stated that the Fascist government will hold its own "investigation."

REVOLUTIONISTS MEET IN INDIA

Call Masses to Fight Imperialism

CALCUTTA, (By Mail).—In Nagpore, in the south of India, a conference of the representatives of the organizations of the workers and peasants took place in the Central Provinces of India.

The conference was dominated by a fighting spirit against imperialism. The speakers pointed to the strike movement which is at present going on all over India and declared that the strikes were a sign that the workers of India were awakening and were prepared to fight for a new and better life.

The conference adopted a number of resolutions appealing to the Indian workers and peasants to fight against imperialism and to boycott the Simon commission. Various demands of an economic nature were set up. A resolution was adopted protesting against the sentencing of the British workers' leader, Spratt by the Indian authorities.

ITALIAN CLOAK WORKERS ACTIVE

Draw Latin Workers in to Build Union

The drawing of Italian workers into active participation in the struggle to build a real cloak and dressmakers' union, was the subject for which plans were discussed and formulated at the first meeting of the executive board of the Italian branch, Joint Board Cloak and Dressmakers' Union. The meeting was held in the union headquarters, 16 W. 21st St., last night.

After a report was delivered by Charles S. Zimmerman, head of the Organization Department of the National Organization Committee, the board members held a thorough discussion and decided as their first step the issuance of circulars and leaflets to keep the Italian workers acquainted with the fight against the right wing Sigman gang and the bosses.

The most strenuous efforts will be made to build up the circulation of the Italian paper of the branch, "Unita Opera." E. Oswald, paid organizer of the branch, also delivered a report of the work accomplished up to and since the last meeting of the Italian Branch, held last Thursday.

HIDES FOREIGN CONTROL

BERLIN, July 24.—The Mueller cabinet, the new German cabinet, refusing to assume responsibility for the raise in railroad fares proposed by S. Parker Gilbert, reparations commissioner, has shifted the responsibility to the court of arbitration.

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Johnson, 'Independent' Will Support Hoover

PALO ALTO, Calif., July 24 (UP).—Senator Hiram Johnson, the independent republican of California, announced after a conference with Herbert Hoover here this afternoon that he would support the republican presidential nominee because "I am a republican candidate for United States senator in this state."

CARRANZA MOURNED

MEXICO CITY, July 24.—The body of Carranza was received here in state at the ministry of war by President Calles, Ambassador Morrow and United States and Mexican army officers.

TRANSYLVANIA DISPUTE

BUDAPEST, Rumania, July 24.—The Hungarian government sent the Rumanian government a note today rejecting the proposals of the latter for the settlement of the Transylvania property dispute. Rumania had confiscated the property that belonged to Hungarians living in Transylvania and had suggested that Chamberlain arbitrate the dispute. The Hungarian note demanded that an arbitrator of a country that had remained neutral during the war be chosen.

FIRE CAUSES DAMAGE

MILAN, July 24 (UP).—Fire today destroyed a great suburban warehouse stored with waterproof cloths. Damage was estimated at 2,000,000 lire.

Envoy Avoided Parade

VIENNA, July 24.—The French ambassador absented himself from yesterday's demonstration in memory of Franz Schubert, the Austrian composer, having had some warning that efforts were made to turn the event into a demonstration for union with Germany. The ambassador was acting on instructions from his government which is desirous of preventing the union.

FOREIGN PUBLISHER DEAD

MILAN, Italy, July 24 (UP).—Eduardo La Croix Andriev, 75, well-known publisher, is dead here.

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Because No Other Paper Gives Your Side of Labor's Struggles; Because No other Paper Fights Enemies 24 Hours Every Day; Because The DAILY WORKER Shows the Way Out of Your Difficulties.

1. Because, The DAILY WORKER fights for higher wages, shorter hours, better conditions, not merely in words, but with acts. It goes into the factory with you, it enters the fleet owner's garage, it goes down into the coal mines—everywhere the bosses fear it.
2. Because this paper is now a power in the labor movement. It has helped to defeat scores of labor fakers; it has exposed the bosses' agents in the ranks of the workers; it has shown the way in all of labor's struggles.
3. Because The DAILY WORKER fights against the old political parties, the republican party of biggest boss exploitation of the workers, the democratic party of Tammany graft, the socialist party of little business and united front with the labor fakers—because it fights for a real workers' party, a Communist Party.
4. Because The DAILY WORKER has been the active supporter of the great struggles in which labor has engaged in the last four years. It has thrown all its energies and resources into the great mine strike; it is organ pointing the way to the textile strikers; it is with the needle trades workers in their fight on two fronts; it is in all the fights. For the workers—against the bosses.
5. Because The DAILY WORKER gives you the only reliable news of the Soviet Union, the fatherland of all workers, the country in which the workers have already taken power and are building up a new world fit to live in for those who toil.
6. Because The DAILY WORKER is the official organ of the Workers (Communist) Party, the only Party of the Working Class in America; because the Communists alone have the right policies for the workers and the courage to fight for these policies in the factories, in the mines, in the offices, on the political field.

Terrorism Sweeps Over Egypt as Fuad Government Is Afraid of Strength of Protest

CALL OUTBREAKS EVENLY; POLICE PATROL HARBOR

Act to Crush Youth by Drastic Measures

CAIRO, Egypt, July 24.—All the forces of the present Egyptian administration were being brought into play yesterday against the growing power of a nationwide protest movement resulting from King Fuad's dissolution of parliament for three years.

Police Massed.
The return of Miss Goghul from Europe was made the occasion for a show of strength by the administration who massed police and troops along the quays and streets of Alexandria in an effort to overawe the crowds who filled the city to see the widow of the former ruler.

Following the Wafdist manifesto denouncing Fuad's action, the speech of Nahaas Pasha threatening Egypt with a three-day strike of lawless in Alexandria by an order from the ministry of justice forbidding any court adjournments. The strike was in protest against Fuad's action.

Terrorize Youth.
Participation of the youth in political agitation, which has repeatedly proved embarrassing to the government, has been met by proposal of the ministry of education that all youths indulging in political activities be suspended from their educational institutions and excluded from examinations for one year. Leaders are to be expelled from schools and colleges for an indefinite period.

Foreseeing that the majority of students will in this way be banished from the schools, the administration has made plans for reducing the teaching staffs in the same ratio.

Throughout the country the feeling of the action of Fuad in dissolving parliament was effected at the bidding of the British government in view of the determination to be free of foreign interference in Egyptian affairs is freely voiced in spite of the system of secret agents which the government is developing in the towns and villages. Threats of revolt are constantly heard.

Chamberlain Knows Nothing.
LONDON, July 24.—Denying that a British government has taken any part in the suspension of the Egyptian parliament by King Fuad Austen Chamberlain, secretary of state for foreign affairs, yesterday at the house of commons that his government has not received any advice concerning the present situation said to exist in Egypt.

**Rosario Pickets
IT Power Plant**

**Argentine Strike Grows
as Demands Refused**

ROSARIO, Argentina, July 24.—New developments in the Rosario strike indicate that a general strike is near. Strikers picketed the power station here today, threatening to shut off the power and were dispersed when the police force was called out.

The strike which started with the strike of the dock workers and succeeded in closing the two main ports of Rosario, was soon followed by a strike of transportation workers and trolley drivers.

The strikers' ranks are holding steadily. The cooperative spirit of the strikers is indicated by the action of the workers in attempting to shut off the power to prevent the use of scab-manned trolleys from running.

The directors of the trolley company called from Brussels, requesting to grant the demands of the strikers.

**Canadians Hold Liquor
Parleys From Public**

TORONTO, Ont., July 24 (UP).—Investigations are being made by liquor control board into the station regarding the liquor docks of the Ontario-United States border. Sir Henry Drayton, chairman of the United Press today. He did not reveal whether any steps were being taken, saying: "If there is any, I could not say anything about them."

General V. A. S. Williams, commander of provincial police, had a conference with Drayton but would not say whether any steps were being taken.

Daily Needs Photos

Continued from Page One
say finish type. Above all, all newspaper photographers should endeavor to give the necessary data in each picture.

Some worker-photographers are being used by the Daily Worker. Have opportunity for all workers to help in improving "Daily."

Sent Workers to Slaughter—Gets Monument



Government officials from several countries, including the United States, attended the unveiling in Prague, Czechoslovakia, of a monument to Woodrow Wilson, favorite saint of Big Business, who made millions for his masters in addition to sending thousands of workers to the slaughter in the last war to end war.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF WORKERS PARTY HAILS "KRASSIN"

(Continued from Page One)

and gave directions for their rescue. Where everybody failed, the Anarcho party, the Swedish and Norwegian fliers, the Italian Alpini—the Krassin succeeded.

Calmly, but irresistibly, with that doggedness that characterizes the activities of the proletariat, with that perfectly comradely discipline which makes everybody feel the responsibility for the whole and each work in harmony with the others, the Soviet ice-breaker has rescued all whom science, combined with brave effort, could discover in the bleak Northern wilderness. It rescued not only the Italians, but also many rescuers from other countries (whose governments had rejected the Soviet proposal concerning a joint rescue expedition.)

Vitality and Decay Contrasted.
The Italia and Krassin expeditions, while directly having to do with the geographical explorations and humanitarian activities, have tremendous political implications.

Fascism stands demasked through the very undertaking that was to add to its glory.

Proletarian dictatorship is revealed in all its strength and moral power through circumstances which, to the Soviet Union, were purely accidental.

Fascism proved its organizational weakness. Communism proved its organizational strength. Fascism, so beloved by the bourgeoisie for its show of discipline, is exposed as breeding meanness, cowardice and treachery. Communism, derided by the capitalist class as ruthless and inhuman, is revealed as a great force elevating the workers to a high level of generous self-denial and self-sacrifice. Fascism, in capitalist eyes, the symbol of efficiency, has been shown as criminally negligent and barbarously ill-prepared for emergencies. Communism, which the bourgeois theoreticians of the world in unison with all the "practical" business men assert, without the initiative of private property, is doomed to failure—Communism whose collapse has been heralded innumerable times in the capitalist and social-democratic press of the world, has through the Krassin activities revealed itself even upon the bourgeois, in a language the bourgeoisie can understand, as an economic and social entity of gigantic might.

Here, a class that has just ascended to power, full of indomitable energy and creative endeavor. There, a class that has outlived its usefulness and leads a parasitic life of decay. Here, a picture of what the world will be when the proletariat will have established its rule everywhere. There, a picture of what the workers must overthrow and destroy, of what they must rid the world, if humanity is to progress economically, politically, socially and culturally.

Lessons of the Event.
The Noble and Krassin enterprises have a tremendous political significance vastly exceeding those of the conferences of the League of Nations and other international talk-fests about which the bourgeoisie makes so much ado. The Noble disaster is a shameful defeat of imperialism. The Krassin successes are a great victory for the Soviet peace proposals. The Noble indignities could grow only out of a soil sown with the seed of imperialist oppression, lust and greed. The real nobility of the Krassin comrades is the spirit of a social revolution that does away with oppression of nations, exploitation of man by man, private property and private accumulation.

The workers of this country must learn the lesson of those great events. They must remember that while the dictatorship of the capitalists in this country differs from the Italian in form, it is practically of the same substance. The workers of America must remember that the "great" air conquests, the daring aerial expeditions of the capitalists of the United States, while more efficient and more successful, due to the greater wealth and technique of this country, are nevertheless imperialist ventures of the same kind as Mussolini's. And not for one moment must the workers forget that while sections of the bourgeoisie are so impressed with the Soviet rescue work that they sing the praise of the "Russians." Nevertheless, the great powers of the world, including the United States, are planning and preparing war against the Soviet Union as the stronghold of proletarian power and the beacon light of world proletarian hope.

Defend Soviet Union!
In sending, therefore, our brotherly greetings to the proletariat of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics on the occasion of the Krassin activities, and in expressing our pride in those activities, the workers must redouble their struggle against American imperialism, against American Fascism, against Italian Fascism, against Fascist rule in every other country and for the recognition of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

Now, while a part of the bourgeoisie is paying lip service to the Soviet achievements, the time is particularly opportune for advancing the slogans:

Down with Fascism in Italy and everywhere!
Release the political prisoners captured by Fascism!
Long live the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics!
Long live Workers' rule the world over!

We demand the recognition of the Soviet Union!
CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY.

New York, July 21, 1928.

NEW PEACE MOVE IN MILL STRIKE

Continued from Page One
slogans raised by the T. M. C.

An official statement from the T. M. C. denouncing the conference as a fake and calling on the workers to disregard it, is expected momentarily.

Police reports made public almost daily of the number of people entering the 56 factories tied up by the strike stated yesterday that only 224 entered which is about 100 less than last week. Last week's police count was the largest.

Remarkable as is the insignificant ratio of strikebreakers after 14

DISCUSS THESIS OF BUKHARIN AT WORLD CONGRESS

Ask More Attention to Negro Work

Continued from Page One
Executive Committee of the Communist International.

Vassilyev, of the Soviet Union then declared that in spite of the leftward swing of the masses the disproportion was growing between the political and organizational influence of sections of the Communist International. The reasons for this are not only of an objective nature. The Communist Parties have neglected many things, he asserted. In spite of the great electoral successes of the French and German Communist Parties there has been no increase in membership.

Young Communist International.
The Young Communist International is one of the best sections of the Comintern, but outside of the Soviet Union it has made no numerical progress in the last few years. The important task before all sections therefore is to work to win the youth.

Murphy, of Great Britain, declared that in describing the first post-war period, Bukharin stated that it had ended with defeats but had failed to mention that in this same period the Communist International had developed and the Communist Parties had won ground everywhere.

In describing the second period Bukharin had also failed to set off the development of the revolutionary movement in the colonies and the growth of the Communist Party of China against the stabilization of capitalism.

Further, he said, it is impossible to generalize about the development of technique which marked the third period. The transformation of capitalism from the second to the third period was not uniform, for example the British coal and steel industries are declining and rationalization means limiting production, not developing productive forces.

War Danger.
The British delegation regrets that Bukharin's theses fail to treat the League of Nations question sufficiently since it is today the central question in capitalist war preparations and for creating pacifist illusions. The Kellogg peace treaties which is part of the war preparations is not sufficiently stressed.

Furthermore, the speaker pointed out, the theses do not mention the co-operative question and treat the trade union question insufficiently although this is an important question today, owing to the strong left wing movement which is fighting war preparations against the Soviet Union.

The theses also fail to mention Ireland despite its important role in the fight against British imperialism. The Communist International must finally treat the Irish question and the tasks of the Irish Communists.

Approve Attack.
The British delegation approved Bukharin's attack on fractionalism and demands that the Communist International finally liquidate fractionalism in the American Party.

Moreover, the question of the leadership of the Communist International must be carefully examined in order to form a strong leadership, uniform and capable of leading all sections.

MacDonald, of Canada, declared that Canada was playing an important part in Anglo-American antagonism and demanded that the Communist International treat the Canadian question because the Canadian bourgeoisie would support war against the Soviet Union.

The Communist Party of Canada would organize trade union delegations to the Soviet Union and had founded the committees of friends of the Soviet Union.

Bunting, of South America, demanded that the Communist International pay more attention to South Africa. He asserted that recently the connection between the Executive Committee of the Communist International and the South African Party had been very bad.

Continuation of the discussion was then adjourned until tomorrow.

Raskob, Open-Shopper 'Resigns' From Firm

John J. Raskob, Morgan controlled open-shopper and chairman of the Democratic National Committee has resigned his position as chairman of the finance committee and as a member of the executive committee of the General Motors Corporation, it was announced today. The resigner of Wall Street was a slight decline in General Motors stock.

The reasons given for his resignation were the stress of campaign duties and the fact that "it is desirable for the public to know that the corporation is not and in the nature of things cannot be put in the light of taking sides for or against political parties, personages or questions." Raskob will however retain his post as vice-president of the corporation. Edward P. Sloan, president of the corporation admits that the resignation is regarded as but temporary.

British Unemployed Urged to "Exertion"

LONDON, July 24.—The unemployment situation in England is so bad that the Industrial Transference Board was forced into a statement that declared that 200,000 of the unemployed workers will die of starvation and privation unless drastic action is immediately taken.

The Board suggested that these 200,000 be removed from the area in which they live and be placed in other areas where their services are needed more. It further calls upon the unemployed to exert themselves more in looking for jobs.

With over a million and a half unemployed in all industries and in all sections, and in view of the general economic depression in England, it is hardly likely that these 200,000 will be able to find jobs no matter how much they "exert" themselves.

DIPLOMATS HOLD SECRET PARLEY

Soviet Union Said to Be Subject

BERLIN, July 24.—Under the pretext of building their health about a dozen European diplomats, including Stressemann, Benes, the Czechoslovakian premier, Rumanian foreign minister Titulescu and representatives from the other Balkan countries, have collected at Karlsbad, the watering place in Czechoslovakia.

They are expected to settle some minor questions between themselves that would build up a stronger little entente and form stronger alliances under cover of the Kellogg "peace" plan and strengthen the bloc against the Soviet Union.

W. G. Klaggye, Dead

CLEVELAND, July 24.—On Wednesday William G. Klaggye, local secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, of East Liverpool, Ohio, was drowned in an effort to save his step-daughter.

Comrade Klaggye was a tireless, devoted member of the Party. His work for relief and support of the miners in the vicinity of East Liverpool, showed that Comrade Klaggye was made of the stuff that builds up the movement and the Party.

In the death of Comrade Klaggye, the Party and the district loses a good comrade, an indefatigable worker—a revolutionist.

District Executive Committee, Ohio district, I. Amer, secretary

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INT'L FOOD AND DRINK WORKERS MEET IN VIENNA

USSR Delegates Score Traitorous Policy

VIENNA, (By Mail).—Today the congress of the International Food and Drink Workers' Unions was opened here. The international represents almost 700,000 food and drink workers in various countries including the Soviet Union. The international secretary, Schifferstein made a detailed report in which he also dealt with the question of night-baking and declared that in all countries where an official prohibition of night-baking existed, the employers were conducting a furious campaign to secure the withdrawal of the prohibition.

Russians Condemn IFTU.
Today's session of the congress of the International Food Workers' Unions was characterized by sharp disagreements between the Russian delegates and the executive of the union. A Russian delegate made a speech in which he sharply condemned the policy of the International Federation of Trades Unions and declared that the IFTU was disrupting the labor movement in all countries and sabotaging the labor struggles of the organized workers.

Another Russian delegate, Spornikov made a speech in which he proved on the basis of facts and figures that the increase in wages in the food and drink industry was limping far behind the increase in the cost of living. He accused the International Union of having no fighting policy and pointed out in corroboration of his accusation that of 96,000 Swiss francs which had been expended by the international union in the past year, 2,000 only had been expended for fighting purposes and the rest for administrative expenses, salaries, etc.

Forest Fire Raging in Pacific Northwest

PORTLAND, Ore., July 24 (UP).—A serious forest fire hazard today was added to the heat wave now gripping the Pacific Northwest.

Eight hundred men were fighting a blaze that threatened valuable timber land. The fire was burning unchecked east of Castle Rock.

Lumber, grain, a lumber mill, and farm buildings already have been consumed by the fire.

More than 200,000 feet of lumber was destroyed and damage estimated at \$50,000 was done when the mill of the Maple Creek Lumber Co., near White Salmon, Wash., was swept by forest fire.

Three hundred acres of standing timber and a logging camp east of Moclips, Wash., also was destroyed.

A. F. OF L. LABOR MISLEADER DIES

Evans, Member of Green Machine "Ousted"

CHICAGO, Ill., July 24.—Edward J. Evans, 57, a member of the Green machine and a leader in the railway employment division of the American Federation of Labor, died suddenly at his home here today of a heart attack.

Evans before serving as vice-president of the railroad employment division, was a member of the Civil Service Commission in Chicago. A relationship between the labor officials and government bodies is now common.

He attended every meeting of the federation during the last few years and was planning on attending the coming meeting at Atlantic City July 31.

Evans also was called upon to attend hearings of various disputes of railway men in the United States and Canada. He was a member of the electrical workers union in Chicago. He was connected with the notorious "umbrella" Mike Boyle gang in that city.

POLISH MINERS TO WALK OUT ON GENERAL STRIKE

Starvation Wages are Immediate Cause

WARSAW, Poland, July 24.—Thousands of Polish coal miners will tie up the entire mining industry throughout the country when a one day general strike set for July 25 goes into effect.

Striking against starvation wages the miners announce that they intend the general walk-out as a threat of what they will do unless the intolerable conditions existing in the industry at present are immediately corrected.

The immediate demands of the striking men are a wholesale increase in the existing starvation wages. It is impossible to sustain life longer on the present wage scale of the Polish miners, their leaders declare.

The owners who have announced their intention of shutting down the mines for the summer are using the strike to demand a subsidy from the government. The coal owners are representing the strike as a danger to the Pilsudski government and are urging the use of force if the general strike is declared for a longer period than one day.

Sixth Victim of Sewer Pipe Explosion Dead

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., July 24 (UP).—The second victim of a sewer explosion here yesterday which injured five workmen died today in a hospital.

The death of Tony Zolar, 25, followed by a few hours that of John Pollock, 17. The other three injured men were reported in a critical condition.

THE PICNIC OF THE YEAR

Freiheit Picnic

Saturday, July 28

Ulmer Park, Brooklyn

THE FREIHEIT SPORT CLUB THE THREE SOCCER TEAMS
has prepared an excellent program in which the entire club takes part. will play against the following organizations: 1.—Hebrew American League; 2.—Harlem Progressive S. C.; 3.—Co-operative Sport Club.

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To be posted on envelopes, letters, programs, shop papers, bulletins, etc.
PRICE: Book of eighty stamps, \$1.00. Can be resold at 10c per page of eight stamps. Quantity lots: 50 books for \$50; 100 books for \$100; 250 for \$150.
The VOTE COMMUNIST Button
A beautiful arrangement of the photographs of Foster and Giltow within a solid red shield.
VOTE COMMUNIST stands out.
Can be sold anywhere for a dime.
PRICE: 5c in lots up to 100; 4c in lots up to 1,000; 3c in lots up to 5,000; 2c in lots of 5,000 or over.
NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
43 East 125th St. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Slaved for De Laval Company 4 Years, Now Earns \$1093.30, Correspondent Says

BLACKLISTING FINE ART IN POUGHKEEPSIE

Telephone Plays Part In System

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 24.—The article exposing the conditions in the De Laval Separator Company, which was published a few weeks ago in the Daily Worker, has been the principal object of conversation among us ever since.

Conditions Miserable While conditions of labor in our town are on the lowest level, our daily press and the so-called labor paper, Truth, published weekly by our labor fakery, never give much thought to real labor conditions here. It was the Daily Worker that made us think. We are going to continue to read it and tell others to read it.

Things here are really worse than one certain correspondent mentioned. I am working in the De Laval for four years and here is what I make for 12 months: \$1,000.28. How can a man keep up his family with that miserable pay? The U. S. labor statistics say that \$2,500 is the minimum.

Wife Must Work My wife has to neglect our children and go to work in a factory for \$12 a week. Working conditions for her are no better, if not worse, than in the De Laval plant. She works in a clothing factory.

The average earnings of an operator or a presser is about \$20 a week. There are quite a number of clothing factories in our town where a few thousand workers are employed as Cohn and Goldman (called "Garter"), Regenta Coat Company, Rosenthal, etc. There are also many cloak, dress, shirt and necktie factories, in which many young girls—many under age—and women are employed.

Many Sweat Shops The sweat-shop system is in full bloom here. After a day's work nothing is brought home, where little children help their mothers. In some of these houses the sanitary conditions are awful.

Blacklist Widespread To cap all this, we have a system of blacklisting in this town. If one woman gets the job in one of these hell-holes, the telephone begins to ring in a special office kept up by the local manufacturers, informing them that employment must not be given to so-and-so and in this way shut off all avenues of work in this town for that worker.

Lately the mayor of the town, who happens to be a sort of decent fellow, brought the matter before the grand jury. But nothing came out of this, as the telephone receiver cannot tell and the guilty party denied his guilt.

I will write next time about how the Italian Roman Catholic "padre" helps the Jewish manufacturers and Free Mason managers to exploit the Italian workers.

A DE LAVAL WORKMAN.

Lady "Libera" Leaves Millions to Family

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 24 (UP).—The will of the late Mrs. Henry Garrison Villard, wife of Henry Villard, well-known magnate, who died at her home at Dobbs Ferry, July 5, was filed for probate in Surrogate's Court today.

The entire estate, thought to approximate several million dollars was left to two relatives and friends, four servants and four institutions. The residuary estate goes to two sons, Oswald Garrison Villard, editor of the Nation, and Harold G. Villard, of New York.

"AGAINST" WHITE SLAVERS.

GENEVA, July 24.—The League of Nations has declared that by September it will be ready to issue a statement calling on the nations of the world to suppress the white slave traffic.

Last year the League of Nations suppressed the report of the white slavery commission and accomplished nothing in spite of all its promises. Now it again promises to pass a "model law" which it will urge all nations to adopt.

For Glory of Imperialism and MacFadden



Bernarr MacFadden, tabloid publisher and physical culture faker, has decided that he ought not to be left out in the cold in this flight publicity. So he has bought himself a monoplane and dispatched it with "good-will" letters from himself to President Calles of Mexico. In addition, Bernarr has the satisfaction of doing a good service to American imperialism.

PROTESTS GROW IN I. W. W. CASE COMMUNISTS IN GAS RATE FIGHT

Plan Big Conference in Washington Cleveland District In Lead of Issue

Protests against the continued imprisonment of the Centralia prisoners in Walla Walla, Wash., and demands for their unconditional pardon continue to pour in upon Governor Roland H. Hartley and H. B. Clausen, chairman of the Pardon Board, from labor organizations and prominent individuals. Robert Whitaker, author and former minister of the First Baptist Church of Seattle, and Professor David Starr Jordan, president emeritus of Leland Stanford University, California, are among those who have added their protests, according to letters received by the national office of International Labor Defense, 80 East 11th St., New York.

Whitaker's Letter Whitaker, in his letter to Governor Hartley, declares: "The continued imprisonment in Walla Walla of the eight members of the I. W. W. by reason of the hysteria of the after-war period is a heavy handicap upon the reputation of Washington. . . . Particularly at this time the United States is in a special need of every possible exhibit of the spirit of tolerance and good will. . . . May I urge that your boards release these men immediately and unconditionally."

Professor David Starr Jordan writes: "I understand that the eight members of the I. W. W. sent to the penitentiary from Centralia are applying for pardon. It is certain that the treatment of the Centralia affair has come as a disgrace to the State of Washington. I sincerely hope that the proper authorities of the State of Washington can see their way to grant an unconditional pardon to these people. I am not personally acquainted with any of them."

International Labor Defense points out that the actions on the part of Professor Jordan and Robert Whitaker are evidences of the depth of the mass pressure exerted by the workers against the continued imprisonment of the framed-up Centralia workers. Only organized mass protest of the workers in the unions, the shops and factories will, however, bring the necessary pressure on the lumber-trust owned State of Washington to free Eugene Barnett, McInerney and the others, the organization declares.

A state-wide conference of labor unions, farm organizations and other bodies in the State of Washington is planned in the near future to crystallize the protest of the workers, writes Charlotte Todes, Seattle I. L. D. secretary, and also secretary of the Centralia Liberation Committee.

MAYOR NEAR DEATH

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 24 (UP).—L. D. Taylor, 72-year-old mayor of Vancouver, was reported near death in a hospital here today from a fractured skull sustained by an airplane propeller yesterday. Mayor Taylor was knocked unconscious when he walked into the whirling propeller, which had just carried him on the initial trip of a passenger plane from Seattle, Victoria and Vancouver.

SPIES EXPELLED BY MORE UNIONS IN NEW CLEANUP

Much of 'Information' Is Not Secret

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Chauncey Peterson, one of the labor spies employed by the steel trust and exposed by Frank L. Palmer in his book "Spies in Steel," has been expelled from the Intl. Brotherhood of Electrical Workers by President Noonan of that organization. Peterson operated in Duluth. He was not only active in the Electrical Workers but he had been elected to the state legislature by the Farmer-Labor Party, when Palmer's investigation led to his being thrown out of the union and suspended from the party.

Did Not Appeal. Noonan, at I. B. E. W. headquarters in Washington, told a representative of the press on July 23 that he had received copies of reports made in handwriting by Peterson to the Silver Mining Co., a subsidiary of U. S. Steel, showing beyond doubt that the man was regularly reporting the names of men attending building trades meetings, names of union members and alleged action taken in meetings. Upon getting evidence, he ordered "permanent suspension" of Peterson's card notifying him that he would have the right to appeal before formal expulsion was made. Peterson did not appeal. Inquiry in Duluth showed that he had gone into the meat business.

This is merely one of many such cases, occurring at intervals in many industries," said an electrical official. "The industrial concern pays an agency so much per day—about a journeyman's wage—to pad extra to the man on the job who is to do the spying. In point of fact, the company was exposed by the money it paid Peterson, because none of the information he supplied was really secret. And that is true of most of this spying—the information could be had for the asking. We do not know whether he caused any union men to be dismissed."

Another of Same Breed. Cletus L. McMillan, formerly recording secretary of Machinists' Lodge No. 274, who played spy while in that job, has been expelled by his lodge since he had appeared before the money it paid Peterson, because none of the information he supplied was really secret. And that is true of most of this spying—the information could be had for the asking. We do not know whether he caused any union men to be dismissed."

Who furnished Palmer with the documents from the safe of the steel trust secret service in Duluth, there by upstaging the spy system for a while, has not been disclosed. As the leak occurred several months ago, it is assumed by the Electrical Workers and the Machinists that a new spying staff has been employed with new code numbers, new methods of approach and new hump bags to trade union secrets.

FRENCH PORTESS INJURED. PARIS, July 24.—France's woman poet-laureate, the Countess de Noailles, badly sprained her right arm yesterday when she slipped on a wax floor and fell. She was forced to cancel all engagements for a fortnight, and is unable to write.

THREE DROWNED IN HEAT. TURIN, July 24 (UP).—Three persons were drowned in the River Po today while seeking relief from intense heat.

Chicago I. L. D. to Aid Relief for Coal Miners

CHICAGO, Ill., July 24.—General mobilization order has been issued to all International Labor Defense branches by the local office for active participation in the week's drive for miners' relief and defense, July 29-August 5.

All arrangements have already been made between I. L. D. and Miners' Relief for the joint drive. The I. L. D. expects to mobilize every member to take part in the drive.

NEW JERSEY AIDS IN MINE RELIEF

Meetings Being Held in Many Cities

A mass meeting which crowded the Workers Hall at 308 Elm St., Perth Amboy, gave Miners Relief and Defense Week a flying start in the state of New Jersey last Saturday night. A. Weary, a striking miner, told of the heroic struggle the miners are making in the face of tremendous obstacles. He stressed the necessity of supporting their struggle now that Lewis and the United Mine Workers of America bureaucracy have come out in the open as betrayers of the miners' strike.

All the workers present pledged their active support in helping the miners build a rank and file union. They showed their pledge was not an empty one by contributing generously to a collection. Edward S. Stanley, relief organizer of New Jersey, said that American workers must answer Lewis. They must support the Save-the-Union Committee until the new miners' union is organized and Lewis is thrown out.

New Brunswick followed close on the heels of Perth Amboy. Stanley also spoke at an outing of the Hungarian Workers Club Sunday. Similar pledges were made and a large collection was taken. Workers all over New Jersey are mobilizing this week for house to house collections and other activities to support the miners. Newark plans a mass meeting on Friday.

To Pass Kellogg Pact

WASHINGTON, July 24.—That the Kellogg multilateral peace pact will pass congress with only the minimum of political opposition is confidently promised here by representatives of both the big powers.

Both parties see in the much-heralded peace treaty the opportunity for the United States to arm at a rate never dreamed of before and under an undreamed of cloak of peace.

It is believed that the treaty will be accepted shortly after it is submitted to congress.

GREAT INCREASE OF UNEMPLOYED IN GREAT BRITAIN

Permanent Crisis is Gov't. Report

LONDON, July 24 (UP).—An official report on the British unemployment situation, in which the flat statement is made that there is a labor surplus and groups of workers must be transferred in mass to other labor fields, was returned yesterday by the government's industrial transference board.

There are about 1,200,000 unemployed persons in Great Britain, and the figure is growing larger. Many of them have dependents.

Growing Surplus. In some heavy industries, and particularly in coal mining, there was a real surplus of labor, the board reported.

"The urgent and sympathetic attention of the entire country is needed to deal with the problem," it was said.

Sir Warren Fisher is head of the board. It is appointed by the minister of labor to facilitate the transfer of workers, particularly miners, to areas where employment could be obtained for them.

"It is no longer a question merely of tiding over unemployment in these areas until a crisis passes," the report said. "A new policy is needed, directed at the permanent removal of as many workers as possible away from depressed industries and areas to other areas where the prospect of employment is more favorable."

"It is a hard thing," the report states, "to tell numbers of men—whole communities—that unless they leave all their familiar surroundings they will not be able to earn a living."

"But we should be shirking every inference from the facts if we did not emphasize this as the first and strongest of the lessons our work has provided."

The report expressed astonishment at the "disappointing slowness" of the rate of settlement of British workers in Canada and Australia. It urged radical simplification of the government's migrating policy, and reduction of steamship passage rates to a point nearer the pre-war level to facilitate overseas settlement, in addition to the existing empire settlement schemes.

2 RESCUED ON ATLANTIC.

Two men who had been adrift in the Atlantic Ocean without food or water for a week were rescued by a boat crew of the Panama-Pacific liner Manchuria and will be brought to New York today, according to a radio message received here today by the line's offices, at 1 Broadway, from the captain of the Manchuria.

Rural Theatres Popular With Peasants in the Soviet Union

By S. Malinovsky.

ONE of the distinctive features of the village in the USSR is its extreme remoteness from the cultural centers owing to the weak development of railways in the country, in comparison with other countries. In many parts of the Soviet Union, particularly in the north, the village is cut off from the rest of the world during the winter and autumn seasons.

Hence the great importance attached to the penetration of rural culture among the masses of rural inhabitants, and to the organization of the peasants' theatre in the U. S. S. R. In this article we deal only with the development of the village theatre in the rural districts of the province of Moscow. In other parts of the Soviet Union, particularly in the Ukraine, there is also constant development in the activity of organizing rural theatrical performances. But this will form the subject of another article.

In the province of Moscow at the present time, with a population of 2,300,000, there are over 5,000 dramatic circles in the villages. On the money realized from the performances the circles purchase newspapers for the villages, organize reading rooms, etc. There were cases when the rural dramatic circles were among the first promoters and investors of rural societies for the purpose of purchasing agricultural machinery.

Needless to say the circles are as yet poorly equipped in regard to theatrical means. The majority of them have no special stage, the scenery is mostly home made and of the most primitive kind. The performances are generally got up without any expert professional guidance.

In localities with an experienced guide, the activity of the dramatic circles is conducted upon a proper plan: the play is chosen, a general study is made of the characters in the play, and only then the production is undertaken.

The preparations for the production of a play in a rural locality are more in the nature of educational work, in which part is taken both by the producers of the play and by their prospective patrons. The great drawback in art activity in the rural districts is the lack of experienced leadership, and in recent years there were steps taken to raise a sufficient body of experienced rural leaders in the pursuit of the arts. Great work in this direction is being accomplished by the "Peasants' Memorial Association" attached to the Peasants' Home of Moscow.

The essential aim in the activity of the Peasants' Home is to supply art instruction to the village. For this purpose it maintains a model theatre and a body of experienced theatrical instructors. It also undertakes to select suitable plays for production by village amateurs. The Peasants' Home arranges also from time to time special training courses for rural theatrical workers.

Considerable activity is also carried on by the Puppet Theatre to villages in the province of Moscow where everywhere welcomed with intense enthusiasm, contributing to the general activity for the spreading of culture in the outlying villages.

The theatrical activity in the rural districts is considered by the Soviet authorities as an essential item in the great Cultural Revolution which is going on through the length and breadth of the Soviet Union.



Olive Bertrand. Plays an important part in "The Connecticut Yankee," the musical show based on Mark Twain's clever satire at the Vanderbilt Theatre.

ried on by the journal "The Rural Theatre," which enjoys popularity among rural dramatic circles throughout the Soviet Union. Written in plain and popular language, it deals with various problems of interest to rural dramatic circles and publishes articles on various practical aspects of theatrical activity, hints as to scenery, make up, the study of dramatic characters and types and so on.

An experiment in the direction of affording the means of visual training to rural dramatic circles was made by the organization of the Rural Itinerant Theatre in 1922 by the Moscow Theatrical Administration. Before establishing the Itinerant Theatre the actors who promoted this experiment had given over 50 performances in 40 villages in the various districts of the province of Moscow. The performances of the Itinerant Theatre are usually associated with educational work. Before the raising of the curtain an address is delivered giving an analysis of the play, and after the conclusion of the performance an address is given on the rendering of the play. Usually lively discussion ensues, in the course of which the actors, by stock of the views and opinions expressed by the audience. The actors then acquaint themselves with the activity of the local dramatic circle, imparting their experience to the members, advising them on technical matters, and so on. Some times the actors rehearse with the rural amateurs the play which they have in hand for presentation by the circle.

The visits of the Puppet Theatre to villages in the province of Moscow were everywhere welcomed with intense enthusiasm, contributing to the general activity for the spreading of culture in the outlying villages.

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DAILY WORKER ANNUAL PICNIC

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and "ARCTIC SEAL HUNT"

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BRUNSWICK, Ga., July 24 (UP).—Two men, accused to death in the killing of C. A. Perry, cashier of the Bank of Kingsland, refuse today to testify against Ernest Walter, an alleged accomplice.

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NATIONAL MINERS' RELIEF COMMITTEE—799 BROADWAY—(Stuyvesant 888)—ROOM 237

New Bedford Youth Demands \$15 Minimum for Young Workers, No Child Labor

WILL FIGHT FOR SEVEN-HOUR DAY, FIVE-DAY WEEK

Textile Mill Committee to Back Them

The New Bedford Textile Workers' Union (Textile Mill Committee) in recognition of the importance of the young workers, has adopted a list of special youth demands as follows:

1. Minimum wage of \$15 a week for all young workers.
2. Equal pay for equal work.
3. Complete abolition of child labor, state maintenance for those now working.
4. No night work for young workers under 18.
5. Two 15 minute rest periods a day for all young workers.
6. 7-hour day, 5-day week for young workers under 18.
7. One hour for lunch and washing up on company time.
8. Work schools for young workers under 15 and 18 on working time under union and young worker control.

TO HOLD YOUTH WORK PARLEYS

District 10 Meetings July 29, Aug. 5

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 24.—For the first time since its organization will District 10, Young Workers League, hold conventions for election of its committees and before the league.

The main point on the agenda will be nucleus work. In the district there are at least 20 plants employing more than 2,000 workers each. Besides these there are many employing more than 4,000. The district includes six coal fields and is the center of the packing house industry.

PLAN SERIES OF YOUTH SCHOOLS

Industrial Centers to be Pivots

Preparations for a series of League Summer Schools throughout the country this summer are going ahead full speed. The Waino School (Wisconsin)—which has an elementary and an advanced course—has already opened. There are twenty-five students from important sections of the district—from the Iron Range, the Michigan copper country from the Twin Cities, and from the Head of the Lakes section. The elementary school will take place somewhat later.

The Northwest School covering the northwest region (Washington, Oregon) as well as California has already started.

The New England School opened immediately after July 4. The students include a number of young strikers from New Bedford.

The Ohio School, at Ashland, is opening in August. Young workers from the mining regions of Pennsylvania and Ohio, young steel workers, and the youth of other industries will be represented among the students.

Definite information is not yet forthcoming as to the New York and Chicago schools but they are expected to take place in August.

All of the above schools are full-time schools covering a period from four to six weeks. The value of such schools in developing new forces for youth work and new functionaries for the League has been proven by the schools of last year and the year before and we expect that this year's schools will be even more successful.

Wall St. Field-Marshal Takes Up Duties



Hubert Work has resigned as secretary of the interior in order to hunt bigger game—votes in large enough numbers to put Herbert Hoover into Wall Street's White House. Hubert is now secretary of the republican national committee, and if Hoover is elected, he will probably reap a fat reward. Photo shows Work at right, talking it over with his successor in the cabinet, Roy O. West, Chicago businessman, an ardent Coolidge supporter.

MILLINERS FIGHT ZARITSKY AGENT

Chicago Board Says No Expulsions

CHICAGO, July 24.—The campaign of expulsion of militant members from the International Cap and Millinery Workers Union, now being carried on by the officialdom in many cities, met a setback here when the membership of the Blockers Local and the Joint Board delegates recently passed resolutions demanding a halt to Zaritsky's union wrecking, despite the exercise of an intense terror by the right wing and the employers. The methods employed by the right wing in electing themselves to office were also brought to light when the workers showed the letters they received calling them to the "election" meeting.

Despite threats by the Zaritsky agent, J. Roberts, that he would refuse to permit one of the largest employers here to deal with the Blockers Local, made by him at a members' meeting July 19, the membership condemned Roberts and his union wrecking activities in a resolution passed in spite of the threats.

At a meeting of the Joint Board, attended by Roberts in his capacity as general board agent on July 18, the Joint Board made the following demands in a resolution, despite Roberts' attempt to browbeat the delegates into refusing passage to the resolution:

- (1) To demand the G. E. B. of the International to start an organization campaign in Chicago for the coming season in conformity with the decisions of the 1927 convention.
- (2) In order to make the organization work possible the G. E. B. resume the subsidy of \$50 a week which they have hitherto supplied to the Joint Board and which Roberts has now cut off.
- (3) That the General Executive Board immediately cease its expulsion policies of individuals and locals, now prevalent in the International.
- (4) The Joint Board of Chicago demands of the G. E. B. that the above be carried through, that the Joint Board will consider no task too great to assist the G. E. B. representatives who will come to Chicago to further the organization work among the millinery workers of this city.

In the fake elections called by the Zaritsky gang for functionaries of Capmakers Local 5 the members were notified of the meeting by letters informing them that their jobs were in danger of being lost if they did not support the disruptive tactics of the international clique. In addition to this a fine was also threatened. The meeting, scheduled as an ordinary local meeting, was not announced as an election meeting in right wing press advertisements. The reactionaries then had no trouble electing themselves.

TAMMANY TOOL GETS HIS REWARD

Dr. Louis I. Harris, commissioner of health of New York City, yesterday announced his resignation from his city post to accept a position with a milk corporation. Harris has been given his reward, that of the post of "health consultant and sanitary administrator" of the National Dairy Products Corporation, of 120 Broadway. He will assume his new duties immediately upon the arrival in New York City of Jimmie Walker, who is at present taking his "vacation" in California.

Harris at the same time will receive from the city for the rest of his life a pension of \$5,000 a year, in recognition of his 20 years' "services to the public welfare."

Harris very recently allowed the corporation whose product caused almost 40 deaths and 1,000 cases of septic sore throat poisoning in Lee, Mass., to sell its product in New York City.

STRIKE FILM TO BE SHOWN AT BIG MINE AID AFFAIR

Solidarity Parade to Feature Aug. 5 Fair

The first showing of the moving pictures taken of scenes of the miners' strike in Pennsylvania and Ohio will be made at Pleasant Bay Park on August 5th, at the Miners' Solidarity Fair being conducted by the National Miners' Relief Committee of 799 Broadway. There, the release of the film will be one of the outstanding features of an evening's entertainment destined to be unique among picnics.

As soon as evening falls, a huge Solidarity Parade will form at one end of the wide green with banners and slogans expressing the unflinching solidarity of New York workers with their striking brothers and sisters of the mine fields. Various workers' clubs and trade unions will line up en masse in the parade, among them the Working Women's Federation and Councils of Working-class Women. As the parade will get under way, the picture operator will "shoot" the march.

The film will then be added to the movies of the miners' strike, making a complete picture for national release. The program will be made extremely colorful by the mass singing in native costumes by Hungarian, Lithuanian and Ukrainian workers, and also native dances, such as the popular Polish national dance by eight dancers. The affair will be international in more than one aspect, it including the foods of the various nationalities. "Schachlik" will be served a la carte.

The solidarity of all progressive New York workers with the striking miners has, if possible, increased tremendously since the call for the convention to form a new miners' union, and an attendance of at least 20,000 workers is expected. Tickets may be bought for 35 cents each at the office of the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, Room 237. To all organizations buying blocks of 100 tickets or more, a special price of 20 cents each is being charged.

ARRESTS HALT PANAMA REVOLT

U. S. Influence Seen in Situation

PANAMA CITY, July 23.—An uprising believed to be supported by the United States against the administration party reached a critical stage here today when 116 members of the Porras (opposition) party were arrested to halt alleged threats of a revolution. A number of prominent Porristas leaders were jailed.

The action was the result of mounting criticism of the government of liberal party which was charged with election frauds and irregularities.

The climax came Saturday at a Porras party when the opposition leaders demanded "American supervision of the November election or revolution." The Porristas had repeatedly sought American aid in eliminating alleged conspiracies and Dr. Jorge Boyd, Porras presidential nominee, is in Washington at present, said to be seeking American intervention.

Among those arrested in the nationwide drive to prevent serious disturbances, were: Assemblyman Domingo Turner; Dr. Alejandro Tapia, prominent attorney and editor of the opposition newspaper El Tercero; Demetrio Porras, youngest son of Dr. Belisario Porras, thrice president of Panama; and Juan B. Polo, president of the Porras Club.

N. Y. YOUTH AIDS MILL WORKERS

The Youth Conference for Miners' and Textile Relief has sent along with its representative P. Frankfeld to New Bedford, Mass., a check for \$175 for relief to the striking textile workers. This is the first contribution made to the striking textile workers. The Youth Relief Conference expects to send many more hundreds of dollars in the immediate future.

Frankfeld, in presenting the check to the textile workers, brought greetings from the 55 young workers and student organizations affiliated with the Youth Conference. He spoke briefly to the strikers at both their mass meetings Sunday, July 22nd. His speech was interspersed with applause. When he handed over the check to the chairman the strikers cheered.

The Youth Conference has sent in over \$5,500 for relief to the striking miners. The Youth Conference has made its first contribution to the support of the textile workers and will hold a tag day this coming Saturday, July 28th, for the miners and textile workers.

This sign of solidarity on the part of the New York working youth will be followed up with many and more generous contributions for the relief of the textile workers.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach THE DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question, in the amount of time specified. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

League Picnic in Philadelphia. A picnic, the proceeds of which will go to the Young Worker, will be held on Sunday, August 5, at the Burholms Park. A splendid time is assured to all who come. Sports, games and songs will be the principal features. Direction: Take No. 50 car and go as far as 7500 north. A committee will wait for you there.

Philadelphia Miners' Relief. PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

Philadelphia T. U. E. L. Picnic. PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Trade Union Educational League of Philadelphia will hold a Grand Picnic at Burholms Park, at 7500 North, on August 5, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. The picnic will be held at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing and games will be the principal features. The picnic will be held at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing and games will be the principal features. The picnic will be held at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing and games will be the principal features.

Philadelphia Picnic. PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Workers' (Communist) Party here has arranged a picnic to be held August 19 at Burholms Park. All workers are invited to attend.

Chicago Picnic. CHICAGO, Ill.—A picnic for the benefit of the Northwestern Shop News of Chicago will be held on July 28, at 10 a. m. at the Chicago District 8, of the Workers' (Communist) Party. In order to reach the picnic grounds, take the car to Bayre (1700 block), walk north to 2108 block, then one block west to 2101 North.

Scranton Y. W. L. Picnic. SCRANTON, Pa.—A picnic will be held under the auspices of the Young Workers' (Communist) League of Scranton, Pa., at Runo Farm, Holloway, on August 5, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. All young workers are welcome. A very interesting program has been arranged.

Anthracite Election Rallies. Several mass meetings have been arranged for Herbert Benjamin, organizer District No. 3 in the anthracite sub-district. The topic of the meetings is the Election Campaign with special reference to the problems facing the hard-coal miners. The dates are as follows:

- July 24, Tuesday, 7 p. m.—Nanticoke, 121 W. Ridge St.
- July 25, Wednesday, 7 p. m.—McAdoo, 47 W. Blaine St.
- July 26, Thursday, 7 p. m.—Luzerne, Italian Hall, 206 Oliver St.
- July 27, Friday, 7 p. m.—Scranton, 121 W. Ridge St.
- July 28, Saturday, 7 p. m.—Old Forge, open-air meeting, Main St.

Chicago Functionary Meeting. Max Bedacht, district organizer Workers' (Communist) Party, District No. 3 in the anthracite sub-district, will outline the party policy for work among women. The agenda will include reports by Anna E. Sacco, district secretary, District No. 8, Presidential Election Campaign, Miners' Relief, A. functionaries from sections, nuclei, and fractions are obligated to attend.

Chicago Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial. The Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial Conference, Chicago, will hold a memorial meeting in honor of the murdered worker martyrs Sacco and Vanzetti on Wednesday, August 22, at 8 p. m. at the Bursar's Bar, 121 W. Ridge St. Speakers: Ralph Chaplin, orator and poet; Mordecai Shulman, attorney; Guido S. Rossi, Anti-Fascist Alliance, and others, will address the meeting. A beautiful musical program will be held.

Philadelphia, Pa. PHILADELPHIA DAILY WORKER OFFICE 1214 SPRING GARDEN ST. Accepts Subscriptions, Ads and Bundle Orders. PHONE: POPLAR 0837

SCHUETZEN PARK 83rd and Tinticum Ave. Philadelphia, Pa. Beautiful nature spot. Splendid picnic ground with a dance hall of 1,000 capacity. Will accommodate any labor organization. DIRECTIONS: Take trolley car south-bound to Moyamensing Ave., then Southwestern car going westward. Also Subway Line No. 3.

INVOLVE MELLON IN GAS MERGER Al Smith Connection Also Seen Opponents of the proposed \$1,000,000,000 merger between the Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company, who were denied a hearing at the last session of the Public Service Commission, are planning to renew their attack tomorrow, when the application of the Consolidated comes up for further hearing.

The Power Committee, composed of a group of liberals, charges that the merger is part of a combination of power development along the northeastern states, controlled by interests foreign to the state. The committee expects to submit evidence that the Koppers Gas and Coke Company of Philadelphia, a Mellon interest, has bought heavily into both the Consolidated and the Brooklyn Edison Company and would control these companies as part of a gigantic tie-up of electric and gas properties in these states.

One of the heavy stockholders in both companies is Wm. F. Kenny, chief supporter of Al Smith, a fact which lends further evidence to the charge that the republican and democratic forces are united "at the top."

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GEOLOGISTS SAFE. KEOKUK, Iowa, July 24 (UP).—Fears for the safety of four university of Iowa geologists on an exploring trip in northern Saskatchewan, Canada, were minimized today by Dr. Frank Fuller, father of John Fuller, a member of the party.

HEDGEROW THEATRE MOYLAN-ROSE VALLEY SATURDAY, JULY 28, 4 P. M. Special performance for the West Philadelphia Workers' Club "THE HAIRY APE" By Eugene O'Neill VERY POPULAR PRICES

Tickets: Daily Worker, 1214 Spring Garden St. and all members of the West Philadelphia Workers' Club. Directions: By elevated to 49th & Market, then take train to Media, and walk over short distance to Rose Valley.

HEADS SELL OUT SHIRT STRIKE IN PERTH AMBOY

Partial Victory Won In Spite of This

(Special to the Daily Worker) PERTH AMBOY, N. J., July 24.—The young shirt workers of the Jaco Co., on strike against a wage-cut and speed-up here for two weeks today, won a partial victory over the bosses this morning, in spite of the betrayal on the part of the Amalgamated organizers. On Friday 32 girls returned to work after a secret conference between Mr. Stern, an official of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, and the operator, Schwartz. This conference was not authorized by the strike committee and met with great disapproval from the strikers.

Because of the insistence of the returned strikers, Veronica Kovacs, militant strike leader, was given back her job. For the same reason other girls were given back their jobs. These were originally eliminated by the readjustments made Friday. For those girls who were least militant the owner of Jaco Co. gave a "party."

All the girls are angry, nevertheless, at the action and attitude of the Amalgamated officials. The girls declare the strike a sell-out. Mr. Stern of the Amalgamated said Friday that he would do as he pleased and not listen to the strike committee. It is known that the same Mr. Stern told the boss to take the girls back and pay the old wage-scale, miserable as it was, and that at the end of two weeks to effect the wage-cut he had originally intended to put over. The wages ranged from \$4 to \$12 and, in few instances, reaching \$18 and \$20 per week.

Mr. Stern and Mr. Monas, both of the Amalgamated, did not show up to a meeting that was planned with the strike committee, although they had promised to be there. The girls are ready to fight on despite the treacherous sell-out by the Amalgamated officials.

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PITTSBURGH, PA. NATIONAL MINERS' RELIEF DEFENSE WEEK JULY 22 to JULY 29 (Inclusive) The Most Far-Reaching Drive for Funds Ever Undertaken to

HELP the STRIKING COAL MINERS

All Workers' Organizations, EVERYBODY, must lend a hand—Collect money everywhere—all the time—in unions, shops and factories.

Enlist in the committee for house-to-house collections on Sunday, July 29

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Introduction by Robert Minor

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Noble Sent Home In Camouflaged Car

COPENHAGEN, Denmark, July 24 (UP).—General Umberto Nobile, who sailed north two months ago, proud in his command of the dirigible Italia and determined to make new history in polar exploration, is expected back in continental Europe Tuesday, a sick man, his nerves shattered and his body wounded. Instead of leading a triumphant march back to Rome, he will be placed aboard a special car chartered by the Italian government, probably the car will be sealed, and the train will steam southward. Only necessary stops will be made. The train will not even pass thru Stockholm or any of the large cities which are not on the direct route. None will be permitted to see Nobile and he will talk with no one.

MORE PHILLIPS WEALTH FOUND

Existence of another cache, where \$800,000 of the missing millions of John M. Phillips, sewer pipe grafter, have been disposed of, was revealed for the first time yesterday. In the newest disclosures, the late sewer pipe king and power behind the corrupt Tammany administration in Queens is involved as the alleged backer of a chain of gambling houses.

Involved with him in the charges are a prominent contractor, who is alleged to have shared with Phillips profits of the Queens sewer contracts, and a gambler well known among "fashionable circles."

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President: WILLIAM Z. FOSTER
For Vice-President: BENJAMIN GITLOW

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

Selling Hoover to the Masses.

A Washington news dispatch tells us that Hoover is going to have the most elaborate publicity bureau in history.

Herbert Hoover, capitalist efficiency engineer, has long been bought and paid for by American imperialism. But in order to serve his class better he wants to become chairman of the executive committee of American imperialism with the title of President of the United States. So he must "sell" himself (in the slang sense) to the voting masses of the United States.

It would be much simpler for Wall Street to send its hired president to Washington every four years by open appointment just as an ambassador is appointed to foreign countries, than to waste a lot of time and money electing somebody. But capitalist democracy gives the ballot to the workers and farmers, with so many restrictions, of course, that it is absolutely impossible for all the workers to make any real change in the social system with their ballots on election day. And so the ruling classes must go thru the farce every four years of giving the great American voter the privilege of electing one of Wall Street's candidates.

Al Smith is a better salesman than Hoover, with a publicity apparatus that is large and busy. The press, the movies, and every other avenue of publicity and propaganda are utilized to make Al as popular in the alfalfa regions as he is on the sidewalks of New York.

Hoover has more editors on his staff than George Creel had liars in his propaganda bureau during the world war. Those fellows on Hoover's staff are trained liars as all good capitalist newspapermen must be. Ditto for Smith's hornblowers.

They will get columns of news in the press, special stories in the magazines, pictures on the screen showing Hoover in various poses, with his wife, shaking a farmer's hand, kissing a child, or laying the corner-stone of a church. These publicity experts will not lay much stress on the Hoover program. They want to make the masses interested in personalities and not in platforms. There is a much more effective way of getting the voters excited and interested.

That the Workers (Communist) Party is

fundamentally different from the capitalist parties (democratic, republican and socialist parties) is generally admitted.

Unlike its capitalist enemies the Workers (Communist) Party lays emphasis on its aims and the means by which it intends to carry them out rather than on the individuals it selects to head its national and state tickets in the election campaign. It does not seek to confuse the masses but to enlighten them. It does not engage corps of specialists in the art of propaganda. It develops the art of mass propaganda thru its disciplined organization of workingmen and women, crusaders for a better order of society, a socialist society where the producer will be the honored citizen and the parasite a pariah.

The Workers (Communist) Party is a powerful publicity machine—a voluntary machine. Its members distribute leaflets in millions, sell literature, make arrangements for mass meetings and raise funds, so that the program, the aims and objects of the party can be explained and made clear to the masses.

At the present time this is a most important task for the members of the Workers (Communist) Party. The National Election Campaign Committee has called for the raising of a \$100,000 campaign fund. Every dollar, every ten dollar bill, every one hundred dollars that will be contributed to this fund will help to tear the tinsels off the candidates of the capitalist parties and to remove the halos from their heads that have been placed there by their publicity apparatus.

Foster and Gitlow, the proletarian candidates, the representatives of the revolutionary working class—against Hoover, Curtis, Smith and Robinson, the servants of the capitalist class, and against Thomas and Maurer, also servants of the capitalist class who specialize as betrayers of labor.

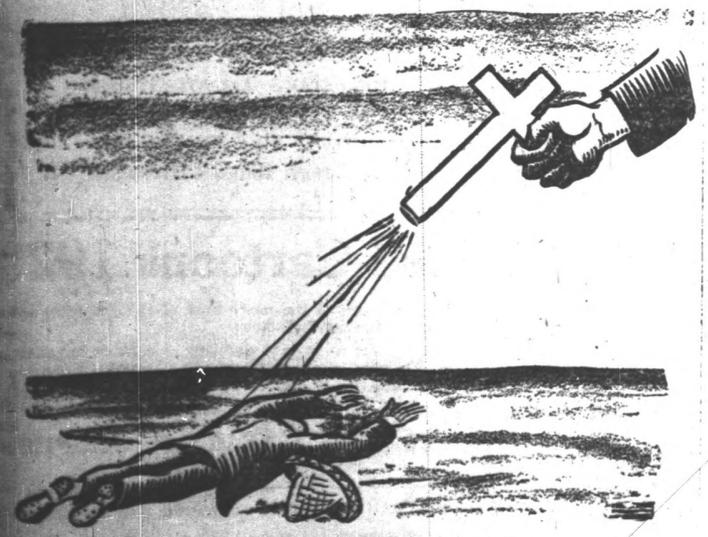
Foster and Gitlow are the banner-bearers of Communism, the agitators for a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

The funds to wage a nation-wide campaign must be raised. \$100,000 is little enough

Send in your contribution immediately to the National Election Campaign Committee, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

"IN THE NAME OF CHRIST, THE KING"

By M. Pass



Clasical religion murdered Gen. Alvaro Obregon, president-elect of Mexico.

Anti-Japan Jingoist Is Up to Old Tricks

WASHINGTON, July 24 (AP).—McClatchy of Sacramento, on of the California Joint Immigration Committee of which he is

secretary, has filed with the senate committee on immigration a new argument against granting an immigration quota to Japan. If such a quota were granted, less than 200 Japanese immigrants could come into the United States, legally, in any one year. If Japanese are to be admitted while Chinese, Hindus and other races in Asia are barred as at present, McClatchy says, the American congress will merely have substituted one discrimination for another. Indeed, he claims, the present law is not a real discrimination against the Japanese because it does not mention them, but forbids entry of people who are not eligible to become naturalized.

FASCISM: "HE ALSO WORKS FOR ME"



By Vose

Told You So

The G. O. P. is now busily engaged broadcasting its quadrennial prosperity report. Andrew Mellon claims that he saved several hundred thousand dollars in taxes for the "people," reduced the national debt, and arrived at the political winning post with a tremendous surplus in the treasury. That this means nothing at all to the average worker goes without saying.

James J. Davis, who as secretary of labor handles the labor end of the business of the G. O. P. administration, took a look around the industrial landscape and saw prosperity everywhere. He did not notice the 5,000,000 workers who are unemployed and the hundreds of thousands that are working only part time. His Bureau of Labor statistics took good care to leave the textile and mining industries alone. They "selected" their industries with care.

Davis declares that the "maintenance of employment indicated by the report shows a confidence on the part of employers as to business conditions in summer and fall and the outlook for employer and employee is distinctly favorable." This remarkable secretary finds that for the first time in six years the payroll totals were greater in June than in May. Then he draws the conclusion from this alleged fact that "the country has become converted to the idea that good wages mean prosperity." He might tell that to his friend Andrew Mellon, whose union miners have been on strike for almost two years, or to the textile barons of New England.

"No limit to gifts in the Smith campaign." How this announcement made by the finance director of the National Democratic Committee must gladden the heart of every democratic spoilsman. The millionaire friends closest to Al Smith almost wept when a rumor swept the city that individual contributions over \$20,000 would be scornfully rejected. Contractors and other altruistic persons interested in Al's success, because he raised himself from the proletariat to among the high and mighty, would contribute their millions to his campaign chest just because they loved the fellow.

Hoover is busy out west getting a line on Cal Coolidge's tricks and showing his face to the farmers. The newspapers faithfully record his movements, the illness of his father, and other details designed by his campaign managers to show that the G. O. P. nominee is a human being and is not a mechanical man turned out by one of the engineering factories that he is interested in.

Hoover, it is reported, will point out that the handling of international problems by the G. O. P. is one of the chief and most valuable legacies from Calvin Coolidge. That the Coolidge administration helped to fasten the yoke of American imperialism on more people than suffered from it previous to his induction into office is undoubtedly true. Hoover is assuring any "doubting Thomases" in Wall Street that he will continue this "good" work at the expense of the peoples of Nicaragua, Porto Rico, China, and the Philippines.

The Farmer-Labor Party convention that met recently in Chicago ended its futile labors with one faction wanting to hitch its fortunes to the waning and dusty star of the prohibition party and the other fighting—if such a vigorous term can be employed in describing anything that took place there—to have it support the socialist party. The boys just wanted to hitch on to something, particularly if that something had a campaign chest. And the candidate this outfit nominated, the aged Senator Norris of Nebraska, did not choose to run. He was in bed when opportunity knocked at his door but he did not hear the call.

When a labor party is organized in this country, it will be with the millions of industrial workers supported by the exploited workers in agriculture as a base and thru the activities of revolutionists who would organize such a party with the object of breaking them away from the old capitalist parties, thus giving them a class outlook on life. The organization of a labor party would be a great step in the development and sharpening of the class struggle in America. But it would be no more capable of emancipating the workers than is the British Labor Party, which is as imperialistic at the top as the Tory and Liberal parties.

Tom O'Shaherty

A Small Reward for the Farmer

By LELAND OLDS, (Federated Press).
\$200 a Year Is the Average Return for His Hard Work

How much cash income can the average American farmer expect with which to pay his living expenses, take care of his debts and make improvements? On the basis of reports from 13,850 farms for the year 1927 the U. S. department of commerce answers \$1,048. This is all the average farmer got for owning, managing and working with the help of his family an average farm of 278 acres.

The farmer's return for his labor and for that of his family shrinks almost to nothing if he is allowed any return on his investment which averaged \$15,445. On the basis of the fair return of 5 1/2% demanded by the railroads he should have received \$850 as investment income quite aside from the wages paid for his work in producing the country's food. Deducting this the farmer's tireless labor brought him a cash return of about \$200 for the year.

The gross receipts of this average 278-acre farm in 1927 were \$2,505. This figure includes \$978 from the sale of crops, \$851 from live-stock and \$678 from live-stock products and

\$38 from miscellaneous items. On the other hand cash expenses in 1927 amounted to \$1,457 including \$397 for hired labor, \$238 for the purchase of live-stock, \$243 for feed bought, \$64 for fertilizer, \$49 for seed, \$159 for taxes on farm property, \$129 for machinery and tools and \$157 for miscellaneous items.

The farmers reporting to the department indicated an average increase of \$242 in inventory values during the year. This added to the farmer's \$1,048 cash balance brings his net return to \$1,290. This compares with \$1,133 in 1926; \$1,297 in 1925; \$1,205 in 1924; \$1,021 in 1923 and \$917 in 1922.

Certain other figures are necessary to complete the picture of the average farmer's financial position in 1927. He used home-grown food products valued at an average of \$273, a real addition to his income. In addition we might assume that his house rent was worth about \$300 a year to him. But, on the other hand, he paid out an average of \$201 as interest on his indebtedness and \$128 for improvements.

Taking into account these additional credits and debits it appears that the average farmer in 1927 had the equivalent of about \$1,544 with which to provide his family with all the essentials and comforts of life. After allowing him a 5 1/2% return on his investment this leaves him a little less than \$700 as wages for the labor of himself and his family.

A recent bulletin from the Canadian Pacific Railway makes possible certain comparisons between these figures for farms in the United States and similar figures from the prairie provinces of Canada.

The average farm in western Canada consists of 358 acres of which 198 acres have been improved,

the remainder being wood-land, pasture, etc. This average farm has a value of \$14,451 which includes \$7,000 for land, \$1,800 for building, \$1,880 for implements, \$1,170 for live-stock and \$3,000 for the year's agricultural production. Deducting the value of the year's production the capital value of the average farm in 1927 was \$11,361.

The Northwest Farmer figures the average value of the 1927 output of these farms in the Canadian northwest at \$3,233 made up as follows: wheat \$1,640; other grains \$705; dairy products \$235; fodder crops \$290; live-stock \$165; poultry and poultry products \$118; and miscellaneous products \$55. Deducting the proportion of this output consumed on the farm or retained for various purposes the average Canadian farmer is estimated to have received a cash income of \$2,469 for products actually marketed.

Analyzing census figures the Canadian Pacific bulletin brings out the fact that there are 92 chances out of 100 that the average farmer in western Canada is sole owner as against being only a tenant or part owner of his farm.

How the Communist Party Nucleus Works

Pamphlet by M. Jenks Fills a Long-Felt Want for Party Members

"The Communist Nucleus, What It Is and How It Works." By M. Jenks. Price 15 cents.

(For Wholesale prices, write to Workers Library Publishers, 39 E. 125th St.—Reviewed by J. S.

A LONG felt need by the party has been filled with the publication of an excellent pamphlet dealing with the work of our party nucleus. "The Communist Nucleus, What It Is and How It Works," by M. Jenks. This 64-page pamphlet which is in pocket size so that it can be carried comfortably in the pockets of the comrades for everyday use, is written by a comrade who has had extensive experience in organizational work.

This pamphlet which is published by the Workers Library Publishers for the organization department of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, deals in the most detailed manner with the various problems that confront our party nucleus.

Since the reorganization of our party and the formation of factory nuclei, we have felt the need of such a pamphlet that will be able to take up the various problems confronting a nucleus. There is no doubt that most of our nuclei at the present time still do not carry on their organization work in the proper manner and certainly do not yet actually function politically as basic units of the party in many respects. This pamphlet is designed therefore, to take up these detailed problems and we believe that it will be a tremendous help in mobilizing the membership of our party for work in the nuclei, for the formation of new factory nuclei, for regulating the work

of the nuclei and assisting them in broadening their activities and politicalizing the party units.

The following are the subjects treated in this pamphlet:

1. What is a Political Party? A definition of a Communist Party and a definition of a political party in general?
2. The nucleus as the basic organization of the party.
3. How to organize a nucleus.
4. The leading organs of the nuclei and their function. This takes up the question of the executive committees of the nuclei and the opposite; the function of the executive committee.
5. Systematizing the work of the nuclei.
6. How to call and conduct a meeting of the nucleus.
7. The order of business of the general meetings of the nucleus.
8. Planning the work of the nucleus.
9. Division of work among the members of the nucleus.
10. How to establish regular contact between the members of the nuclei and the executive.
11. Personal and written contact between the nuclei and the local Party Committee, such as section city, and district, etc.
12. Party discipline.

13. How a nucleus should organize its own newspaper.

14. How to carry on work among women.

15. How to carry on work among Negroes.

16. How to carry on work among the rank and file members of the socialist party.

17. What is a Communist fraction and how must it function.

All these subjects are treated briefly, but at the same time in a manner which gives the comrades the important phases that they must know about each of these subjects.

In the appendix to this pamphlet there is a section outlining how the nuclei must make their reports to the district, city and section, giving a list of questions which should be covered, as for example: 1. Political ripeness of the workers, farmers, their attitude towards the Workers Party. 2. Economic condition of the workers where there are any strikes or lockouts for a given period. 3. State of discipline for a given period. Were there any conflicts, refusing to carry out the decisions, fights with the agents, etc. Give percentage of members attending party meetings. Are dues being regularly paid, assessments? Point 12, for example, deals with what was done by the unit in a neighboring factory where there is not a union organized yet.

Sidelights on the Workers Party Election Campaign

Organizational preparations are already commencing for the first National Campaign Tag Days to be held August 18 to 26 for the benefit of the \$100,000 Communist Campaign Fund.

Another letter! "Dear Comrade Campaign Corner Editor:

"Keep up the good work. This election campaign makes us begin to see that our party is really an American Party and not just an organization in New York and Chicago. I certainly was surprised to see so many delegates from all over the country at the National Nominating Convention, and I could hardly believe it until I commenced to read the Campaign Corner with

its little stories about the work of our comrades in Oklahoma, Texas the Dakotas, the southern states, Arizona and other places.

"Please send me a book of Vote Communist stamps for the enclosed dollar, and oblige.

"Yours for the Cause,
HARRY JACKSON."

Roy Stephens, at Omaha, Nebraska.

kn, reports 250 signatures already collected in the first week of the campaign to put the party on the ballot. A thousand signatures are needed. He also sends an order for 50 party platforms C. O. D.

The Vote Communist stamp in three colors has already proved itself one of the best, if not the best, mediums of propaganda ever gotten

out by the party in printed form. This stamp in addition to its beauty that it can be used on everything gotten out either by the party or privately, and is cheap—50 stamps for a dollar.

The book has the added advantage that it can be resold in the shop or factory at 10 cents per sheet of eight stamps. Every party member and every sympathizer will surely need at least two books, and hundreds are expected to use as many as five or ten books before the campaign is over.