

TOMORROW NIGHT! FOURTH ANNIVERSARY DAILY WORKER CELEBRATION!

Mecca Temple tomorrow night! One of the largest auditoriums in New York will be the center toward which the supporters of The DAILY WORKER will wend their way to celebrate the Fourth Anniversary of the founding of the paper in the English language.

For the occasion the cables, radios, and wires have been brought from the far corners of labor of



SASCHA JACOBSEN

the whole world, which will be read from the stage of the Mecca Temple on Fifty-fifth street, near Seventh Ave. Not merely is the celebration an event of first magnitude to the masses of New York and of the United States; it is a world event that is recognized by all who are struggling against the mighty power of dollar despotism.

Unusual features characterize the celebration tomorrow night that make this also one of the events of the theatrical season, inasmuch as there



DORIS NILES

are brought together on one stage four of the eminent artists of the dramatic, concert and operatic stage, any one of whom can fill the largest theatre in town. Special interest is attached to the final appearance of Nina Tarasova, the noted Russian singer of folk-songs before she starts her European tour. All who have seen this star will want to see her again. Then there is Doris Niles, premier danseuse, who is without a peer in classic and interpretative dancing. Sascha Jacobsen is one of



PAUL ALTHOUSE

the most promising of the younger school of violinists, while the eminent dramatic tenor, Paul Althouse, noted for his interpretation of the heroic characters of the world's greatest operas, will complete the program.

The committee in charge of the celebration predicts a capacity house and those who have not yet secured their tickets should do so at once in order to avoid disappointment. Tickets may yet be secured at the local DAILY WORKER office, 108 East 14th St.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Vol. V. No. 9.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, \$5.00 per year. Outside New York, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1928

Published daily except Sunday by The National Daily Worker Publishing Association, Inc., 33 First Street, New York, N. Y.

Price 3 Cents

WILBUR DEMANDS \$800,000,000 FOR WARSHIPS

SENATE APPLIES WHITEWASH TO HEARST; ADMITS PAPERS FORGED

Disregards Evidence of Publisher's Hand

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Altho Hearst's Mexican documents were branded as "spurious" in a special committee report presented in the United States Senate today, William Randolph Hearst was beautifully and effectively whitewashed as the innocent victim of Miguel Avila, who sold him the documents.

The fact that important changes were made in the documents in the Hearst offices (as the Daily Worker revealed several months ago) was

(Continued on Page Two)

COOLIDGE WANTS TO SELL U. S. SHIPS

Privately Operated Marine Urged

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 11.—The sale of government owned vessels to private concerns which will operate them with government financial aid with an added guarantee of maintenance of trade routes deemed necessary by United States imperialists, was advocated by Calvin Coolidge yesterday before a group of the principal shipowners of this country.

This disposal of all Dieselized ships in the government service, a type considered highly efficient and modern, to be sold as a unit without any previously set minimum price limit, was recommended by H. B. Walker of the Ship Owners' Association. Walker agreed with Coolidge that long term mail contracts ought to be awarded along with the ships.

The part the merchant marine will play as a supplementary fleet of the United States Navy and the direction of the merchant crews by the navy in time of war, were stressed by the mouthpiece of big business interests.

QUIZ 4 AIDS OF SEWER BUILDERS

Justice Townsend Scudder, investigating the \$29,500,000 Queens sewer graft, yesterday secretly examined four more witnesses at the preliminary hearing which he is now conducting. The identity of the individuals was not revealed but it is understood that they are employees of sewer contractors who are said to have enjoyed a lion's share of the graft secured with the aid of Maurice E. Connolly, borough president of Queens, and his Tammany henchmen.

Scudder was served with another subpoena yesterday calling upon him to show cause why summonses which he had issued for a Queens contractor should not be declared void. This is considered part of the procedure to smother the probe of the gigantic swindle.

Mexican Labor Leader Elected Mayor of City

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 11.—Jose Lopez Cortes, secretary-treasurer of the Mexican Federation of Labor, has been elected mayor of Mexico City for 1928. No serious opposition was made against Cortes and no charges were made that as a labor leader he would undermine the existing economic order.

Dollar Line Guards Violently Club 120 Chinese Seamen

ATTEMPTS TO PREVENT FACTS BEING KNOWN

Crew Tried to Save Clothing in Fire

About 120 members of the underpaid all-Chinese crew of the Dollar Line vessel President Polk were severely beaten with clubs by special Dollar Line dock guards in Jersey City, when they attempted to rescue their belongings from fire that threatened the ship and their own lives early yesterday.

Only meager reports of the attack were available late yesterday. Every effort is being made by the American officers of the vessel, the Dollar Line office, the special police and Dock Capt. Abenetti to prevent reports from circulating.

Crew Seeks Safety.

Fire broke out on the President Polk at Pier 9 shortly after midnight in the forward hold. It spread swiftly and threatened the entire vessel. Later, apparently about dawn, the crew threw their belongings into hasty bundles and gathered on deck at the gang plank, thinking to find safety for themselves and security for their belongings on the pier.

Quartermaster Arthway called for help and a large squad of special dock police charged the defenseless Chinese seamen as they started down the gang plank. Clubs were swung right and left, according to longshoremen and other dock workers.

Held As Prisoners.

The seamen were herded on the burning vessel again, according to witnesses, though the vessel by that time was listing badly from the water being poured into the hold from fire boats. They are held virtual prisoners on board the President Polk a all times and as a result of this incident many are believed now to be under inhuman discipline.

The Dollar Line employs, several hundred special police officers to patrol its docks. At least 200 are to be seen on the property with regulation police night sticks at all times.

\$10 A Month Wages.

The Chinese seamen employed by the Dollar Line are paid about \$10 a month, as against from \$80 to \$100 a

(Continued on Page Two)

SEEK WHITEWASH IN MINE DEATHS

21 Workers Killed by Company Negligence

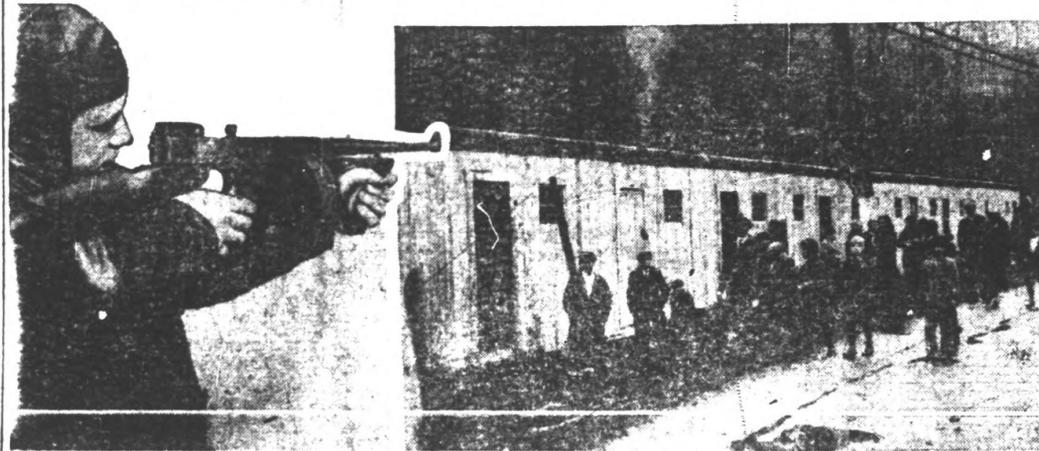
WEST FRANKFORT, Ill., Jan. 11.—A complete white-washing of the Industrial Coal Company in the death of 21 miners killed in an explosion at Mine 18 will probably be accomplished with the aid of country and state officials.

Today Franklin county began its "investigation" with the opening of an inquest. Present were the vice president, the secretary and an engineer of the Peabody Coal Company, of which the Industrial Coal Co. is a subsidiary.

Union leaders at the same time gave the lie to the coal operators who are attempting to deny that the company failed to observe the state law. The men say the company compelled miners to enter the deep pits after a state mine official had reported the presence of gas and before a "gas cleared" report had been made.

The 21 victims of the disaster died as a result of a competition in production with another mine. They are to be buried separately but a joint memorial will be held for them.

Guards of Pennsylvania Coal Barons Terrorize Strikers With Rapid-Fire Rifles



Coal and iron police serving eviction notices to striking miners living in shacks at Daisytown, Pa., owned by the Vesta Coal Company fortified their orders to the shivering families of the workers with Thompson rapid-fire automatic rifles. (Picture on left) The picture (right) shows rough, unfinished, freezing barracks where the evicted miners make their "homes" without light, water or sanitary equipment.

BURNS TRAILED HIM, JUROR SAYS

Kidwell Accuses Dick in Affidavit

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Edward J. Kidwell, talkative juror in the conspiracy trial of Albert B. Fall and Harry F. Sinclair, which ended in a mistrial, signed the affidavits charging that he was improperly "shadowed" by Burns detectives. Assistant District Attorney James O'Leary testified today at the Burns-Sinclair contempt hearing. O'Leary said he wrote the affidavits at Kidwell's request.

William J. Burns, the detective bureau head, Sinclair and four associates are on trial for contempt, growing out of the "shadowing" of jurors during the conspiracy trial. O'Leary denied forcing Kidwell or intimidating him to make false statements in the affidavits.

Hardy, British Poet and Novelist Is Dead

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Thomas Hardy, international known author and lecturer died here late today after a long illness. He had been reported on the brink of death a week ago when he suddenly rallied but a relapse set in today from which he failed to recover.

NEGRO MINER TELLS OF STRUGGLE

Strikers Stand Solid in Coal Fields, Says Charles Fulp

The Negro miners in the coal fields of Pennsylvania have shown themselves to be made of the stern stuff of militant trade unionists. This is the message brought to New York by Charles Fulp, Negro organizer from the Washington County, Pa. coal field.

Tall, brawny, soft spoken but with a fearless eye, fresh from the coal mines, Fulp is now in New York with several of his fellow workers to aid the work of the Pennsylvania-Ohio Colorado Relief Committee 799 Broadway.

Tells Miners' Story.

Here several weeks, they have daily appeared before enthusiastic working class audiences, and by their simple recital of the tragic situation of the miners and their families succeeded in raising many thousands of dollars and great quantities of clothing for their comrades in the cold and foodless barracks back home.

Fulp, a real fighter, told a DAILY

7 Miners' Families Driven Into Cold; Furniture is Smashed

DAISYTOWN, Pa., Jan. 11.—With Thompson automatic rifles levelled at them, seven families of striking miners were driven out of the Vesta (Four) Coal Company houses here last Saturday into the biting cold of a Pennsylvania winter before the crude barracks which the union was building to accommodate them were not yet ready for occupancy. Two other families were evicted in California and Richville, making a total of nine.

50-Shot Rifle.

Men, women and children, shivering as they left the homes in which they lived for decades while the breadwinners worked for the coal bosses, gazed into the business end of a fifty-shot rifle held in the hands of Lieutenant Thomas C. Landon, in command of the Vesta coal and iron police.

Members of one hundred and fifty other miners' households looked sullenly on knowing that their turn would be next.

The first man to be evicted was Mike Ventura who lost one leg in this same Vesta four mine, where he worked for fifteen years.

Another evicted miner had worked for the company for twenty years and during that time had paid for the company house in which he lived many times over in rent.

The evicted miners' furniture was pitched violently into trucks and dumped on the roadside, some of it being smashed.

Andrew Durisek, one of those

evicted, was assured by the sheriff of Washington County on Thursday before the evictions that the miners had three or four more days grace before the eviction orders would be executed. But on Saturday when Durisek noticed Lieutenant Landon outside Ventura's home with his Thompson machine gun, he went into the house and asked the deputy sheriff who was superintending the eviction, why was the promise of a three or four day's grace violated, and why were the families being thrown out before the barracks were ready?

The deputy replied that "they had nine months to get these here barracks ready." He then warned Durisek.

(Continued on Page Two)

ANTI-ALIEN BILL LOSES IN HOUSE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—A bill sponsored by Representative Johnson asking for an appropriation of \$500,000 to provide more immigration inspectors was defeated in the House yesterday, 83 to 72. Johnson is the author of the immigration restriction law now in force. Many immigration inspectors now employed by the Department of Labor on border patrol work have shot and killed or wounded workers suspected on sight of attempted illegal entry.

SENATE TO DODGE NICARAGUA ISSUE

Refuse to "Embarrass" President Coolidge

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Nicaraguan situation will not be taken up by the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs until after the Havana conference—if it is taken up then, it was learned today.

Senate leaders, including Senator Borah, head of the committee, made it clear that they had no intention of "embarrassing" President Coolidge at the Pan-American Conference.

"We took up the Nicaraguan resolutions," Borah said, "and there was general feeling that an investigation would have to be made but there was no disposition to press the matter until after the Havana conference."

Borah's declaration came after the introduction of a resolution sponsored by Senator Wheeler (D), Montana which called on the foreign relations committee to investigate the Nicaraguan situation. The resolution asked whether "it is the purpose of our government to continue to usurp the power of congress to declare war."

The resolution which was introduced by Senator Heflin asked for the withdrawal of United States marines from Nicaragua.

RUTH SNYDER AND GRAY DIE TONIGHT

Gov. Smith having definitely denied the appeal for clemency of Mrs. Ruth Snyder, she and Judd Gray will be led to their deaths in the electric chair sometime after 11 o'clock tonight at Sing Sing prison, barring unforeseen developments.

Warden Lawes, of Sing Sing, said last night that twenty-five women had sent him letters asking that they might be permitted to take the place of Mrs. Snyder in the electric chair. The warden said he was surprised by the receipt of the letters and promptly threw them into the waste basket.

Gray and Mrs. Snyder were convicted of murdering Albert Snyder, her husband. He is apparently indifferent to any legal move on his behalf. Lately he has been passing most of his time reading the Bible.

5 COMMITADJIS KILLED.

BELGRADE, Jan. 11.—Five Bulgarian comitadjis were killed and several wounded in fighting with Greek frontier troops, according to information received here today. The Greek government, it is understood, has protested to Sofia.

ONLY STARTER FOR PROGRAM IN NAVAL RACE

Wall Street Investment To Be Safe

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Eight hundred million dollars for a new warship construction program was asked by Secretary of the Navy Wilbur before the House Naval Committee yesterday. Consideration of naval programs of other powers has convinced him that "America needs a first class navy," he said.

It was later reported that Secretary Wilbur considers that this request is only a starter for a 20-year building and replacement program. The sum of \$800,000,000 would cover only the next five years, in the secretary's opinion.

The proposed 20-year program would provide for forty-three 10,000-ton cruisers as well as additional submarines and destroyers.

The immediate program calling for the expenditure of more than three-fourths of a billion dollars would provide 25 cruisers, 32 submarines, 9 destroyer leaders and 5 aircraft carriers, all to protect Wall Street's investments in China, Nicaragua and other countries.

RUSH MARINES TO EMPTY TOWN

Nicaraguans Gone With Ammunition

A large detachment of marines has been rushed to Smotillo, town about eighteen miles from Chinandega, which was captured by an armed patrol alleged to be operating in sympathy with the Liberal army under General Augustino Sandino, according to a despatch from Managua received in New York.

The marines found only the empty town which the patrol had evacuated several hours before, carrying with them a machine gun, rifles and several thousand rounds of ammunition.

When the armed patrol troops attacked Smotillo, most of the Nicaraguans of the National Guard turned their guns against their American marine commander, forcing him to take refuge in a nearby village. They then joined forces with the victorious attackers.

Liberals Leaders Aid Sandino.

MANAGUA, Jan. 11.—Unexpected strength of the Liberal forces is leading to a rather tense political situation here and charges are being

(Continued on Page Four)

Anniversary Issue to Have Many Photos of World Labor Leaders

Photographs of many leaders of the world and American revolutionary labor movement will illustrate the articles in the Special Anniversary Edition of The DAILY WORKER which will appear tomorrow.

A suggestion for regular readers: Order two (2) copies from your newsdealer at once, one for yourself and the other for a friend in your shop or office. This will be an excellent way of acquainting him with the only national labor newspaper in the United States which soon enters its fifth year of militant service to the working class.



CHARLES FULP

WORKER reporter of conditions in the Carnegie-dominated Washington County coal region; of the miners' courage and solidarity despite great hardships, and of the failure of the bosses and their allies, the reactionary Lewis machine, to drive a wedge into the solidarity of the white and Negro workers by scurrilous attacks on the Negro race.

Was Secretary of Local.

Hailing from McDonald, Pa., 22 miles west of Pittsburgh, this coal digger has long been active as member of the United Mine Workers. He was for three years secretary of Local 2012 of the Primrose Mine, and its president for two years. In these positions he earned a reputation among miners thruout the Allegheny Valley as a hard-fighting progressive, never sparing himself to defend the miners' rights. The workers, white and black, expressed their trust in him by making him head of their pit

(Continued on Page Two)

Soviet Union Trade With the United States Shows Notable Increase

AMTORG ORDERS LARGER IN 1927; SUM \$100,000,000

Increase In Industrial Goods Noted

The Amtorg Trading Corporation, 185 Broadway, reports orders placed by the company during 1927, for shipment to the Soviet Union, at \$31,193,894, a very large increase over the orders placed in 1926 which were valued at \$3,681,412. These totals do not include shipments of cotton to the U. S. S. R. by the All-Russian Textile Syndicate, 120 Broadway, which accounted last year to \$42,000,000 as against \$33,000,000 in 1926. It is estimated that the export and import business between the Soviet Union and the United States, including the business done by the several American concessionaires, and by Centrosyn and Selaskosojus, representing Soviet Union cooperatives, during 1927, was close to \$100,000,000 as compared with a total of \$70,000,000 in 1926 and \$48,000,000 in 1913.

Amtorg's Largest Year.
A statement by Saul G. Bron, chairman of the board of directors of the Amtorg, follows:

"The year 1927 proved the biggest in the existence of the Amtorg Trading Corporation, which is doing the bulk of business with the Soviet Union outside of cotton purchases. Orders placed by us during the year totaled \$31,193,894, which is three and one half times the figure for the preceding year, when American-Soviet trade experienced a slump. Especially noteworthy has been the increase in the amount of orders for industrial and electrical equipment. These reached the record figure of \$11,313,782.

Raw Material Second
"Purchases by Amtorg included oil equipment worth \$4,646,177, mining equipment valued at \$1,469,209 and equipment for glass factories, iron and steel plants and textile mills. The second largest group of orders was for raw materials, including metals, \$6,363,177, and crude rubber, \$1,370,204. Industrial equipment and raw materials will probably continue to be the two principal groups of commodities that the Soviet Union will purchase in the American market.

"Purchases of agricultural machinery, binder twine and live stock made up last year a considerable figure, totaling \$7,252,737, or more than double the orders in this class placed in 1926. Other important items on the Amtorg purchasing list were chemical products, electrical equipment, automotive equipment, construction machinery and office supplies with drastic layoffs, and typewriters."

HEARST PAPERS FORGED, REPORT

(Continued from Page One)
completely disregarded in spite of the telegrams which the Daily Worker had sent to all members of the committee calling their attention to the charges.

Innocent Mr. Hearst
Senator Robinson (D), Arkansas, a member of the committee, expresses his implicit faith in Hearst and made it clear that he was of the opinion that Hearst believed the documents genuine. The Daily Worker, in its telegram to Robinson, had pointed out that three editions of the New York American bore three different versions of what purported to be one document.

Senator Reed who made the report declared that he suspected Avila, who had furnished Hearst with most of the documents, of "forgery" and believed that John Page, whose signature appeared over the articles, was "committed perjury" before the committee.

Documents Forged
The report after declaring that the documents had been found forged by a number of handwriting experts, reached the following conclusions:

1. There is not a scintilla of evidence that any U. S. Senator has accepted, or was promised, or was offered, directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing, by an officer or representative of the Government of Mexico.

2. The pretended evidence, that \$1,215,000 was withdrawn from the Mexican Treasury and sent to the Mexican Consul General in New York City to be paid to U. S. Senators is not genuine but is spurious and fraudulent, and in so far as it purports to be signed by the President of Mexico or the Secretary of the Treasury of Mexico, it is forged.

The Innocent Senate
The committee has thus far been unable to determine to its satisfaction the identity of the manufacturer of these spurious documents, and has no witnesses now under subpoena from which such information is likely to be obtained; but it appears to be advisable that the committee shall not yet be finally discharged.

Under the committee will render a supplemental and final report which, with the present report, will constitute a completed survey of the field of investigation that the committee shall then have covered.

Death Ship Goes to Nicaragua With U. S. Marines



The U. S. mine-layer "Oglala" is shown sailing from Charleston navy yard, Boston, for Hampton Roads, Va., to take on a force of 500 marines and officers to supplement the marines already in Nicaragua. All will be placed in the field against the forces of Gen. Sandino who is leading the Nicaraguan liberation movement.

19 Yale Students Arrested for Attacking Sweat Shops

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 11.—Nineteen Yale students who distributed leaflets exposing conditions in local neckwear factories, charging local newspapers with suppressing facts about the workers' side, have been arrested and charged with "committing a nuisance by littering the streets."

The handbills, published by the Yale Liberal Club, were circulated in the vicinity of the Stern & Merritt and Berkman & Adler shops. These factories were moved here recently from New York to defeat a New York strike and destroy the union in New York. They are operating with an entirely new staff of non-union workers and continuing the hated policy of home work.

Charge Subterfuge.
Although the city ordinance was quoted when they were arrested, the students declared that the charge was merely a subterfuge to cut short their agitation against sweatshop conditions and the homework policy. They were released on bond. The American Civil Liberties Union is aiding in their defense.

The arrested students are John L. Levine, Edward M. Fleming, Howard P. Williams and W. F. Sayre of New York City; John R. Toop, Philadelphia; J. J. Patterson, Milford, Conn.; John D. Pettis, Peking, China; Michael J. Vicors, Ansonia, Conn.; Henry E. Sprinkle Jr., Salisbury, N. C.; William A. Davis, West Barrington, R. I.; Lewis S. Prot, Detroit, Mich.; Geary Miller, New Haven; Roy B. Damron, Huntington, W. Va.; William B. Easton Jr., Stroudsburg, Pa.; Samuel F. Miller, Loveland, Colo.; Henry C. Lynch, Greenwich, Conn.; Fred E. Lowder, Reedy, Cal.; Walter F. Myers, Erie, Pa., and Frederick C. Hyde, Boston, Mass.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 11.—Max Heller, member of the local neckwear makers' union, is scheduled for trial today in the local court for alleged beating of a scab. The union has been conducting a strike against the firm of Stern and Aemar for many months in spite of a sweeping temporary injunction which the firm is trying to make permanent. Formerly of New York, this firm recently moved to this city to escape union conditions.

WORCESTER, Mass., Jan. 11.—An airplane in which George W. Knowlton and H. E. Stickney were flying over the airport at North Grafton today went into a nose dive and crashed to earth. Both were rushed to City Hospital here in a serious condition.

"HEYWOOD BROUN WANTED HIS SALARY"

Reader Tells Why Columnist Returned to Job on the "World"

Editor, DAILY WORKER:
A little boy has misbehaved. He gets a spanking. He cries. The mother, being touched, offers a penny. The child's self-pride momentarily does not permit him to take the penny. But the power of money is tremendous. The child fearing the loss, quietly, without saying a word, goes over to his mother and grabs the penny.

And everybody is happy!
Heywood Broun's highly, superficial touch of hypocritical and emotional liberalism has been offended by Gov. Fuller's committee on Sacco and Vanzetti.

Broun attacked the decision. For this misbehavior he was thrown out of "The World."
We remember Mr. Pulitzer's letter

published in "The World" in reference to this "incident." Translated in open and everyday parlance it meant that H. B. can at any time come back provided he conforms to the principles of "The World."

Well what the hell! \$450 a week is nothing to sneeze at.

Broun's "self pride" did not allow him to go back so readily. But, my friends, the power of money is real after all. H. B. feared the loss, and some at that, feared that he may have to work in the subway or sell insurance; so quietly, without saying a word, he ran back to "The World."

History's most flagrant, heinous, legal and civilized murder passes by without rousing the dormant intellectuals of America. Asleep they were as to the grasping and under-

NEGRO ORGANIZER TELLS OF GREAT MINE STRUGGLE

Here to Aid Drive for Urgent Relief

(Continued from Page One)
committee, picked by the men to voice their grievances to the mine superintendents.

The Primrose Mine, where Fulp worked, is owned by the Carnegie Coal Co. and employs about 375 men. The Carnegie Company in its 40 mines around Pittsburgh employs over 6,000 men, 2,500 of them Negroes. The fact that nearly every pit committee head is a Negro proves that the miners have realized the futility of racial quarrels in the face of their fight against the common enemies.

Attacked for Loyalty.
In 1924 Fulp was summoned to the pit bosses' office and found himself before an assemblage of mine officials and district officials of the United Mine Workers. Present were the organizer of Sub-district 1 of Dist. 5 of the U. M. W. A., Buzarello, James T. Flood, president of the sub-district, and Pat Fagen, president of District 5, all cogs in the Lewis machine, smoking cigars with Superintendent Lindon and other mine officials.

"You're fired for helping those God-damned Hunkies," Lindon shouted at Fulp. Shortly afterwards right wing officials conspired in the same way with mine officials to get rid of Tom Ray.

For two years Fulp set quietly about instilling progressive ideas into the minds of the Washington County miners. In the meantime the operators, in open violation of their Jacksonville agreement with the United Mine Workers, began discharging progressive miners and putting non-union men in their places. The reactionary district officials of the United Mine Workers made no protest against this, even encouraging members of Local 3533, at Midway, composed solidly of native born whites many of them being kluxers, to work with the scabs.

Strike Betrayed.
Finally, on April 1, 1927, the Jacksonville agreement for a \$7.50 basic daily wage expired, and the operator refused to renew it, offering instead the 1917 scale of \$4 a day for outside work and \$3 for inside work. On that day the International official take action, ordering all the men out.

Then in the very conduct of a strike which they themselves had ordered, the reactionary Lewis machine lost the faith of the rank and file miners. The strikers found themselves in serious financial straits, for the officials of the union were withholding all strike benefits. In July, 1927, fourteen locals in the Allegheny region at Hawick and elected Steve Kurepa, Tony Mierich, Vincent Kamenovici and Fulp as a relief committee to present the miners case to the International officials of the U. M. W.

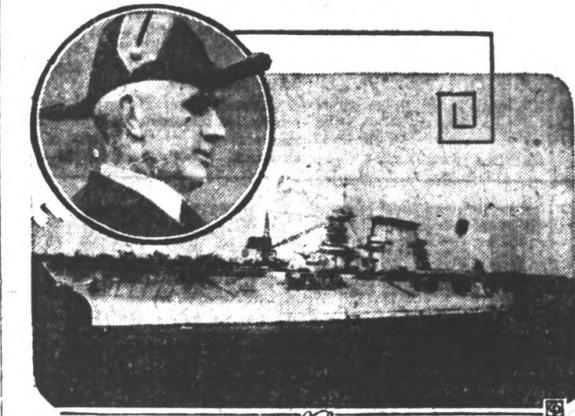
Form Relief Committee.
The officials were invited to a second conference in Pittsburgh, but refused to attend. Fagen, president of District 5, and Thomas Kennedy, International secretary and treasurer, met their pleas for funds with "Go to Hell," and when the miners told them their families were starving, Kennedy said, "Eat grease."

The five progressives thereupon organized the Pennsylvania and Ohio Miners' Relief Committee with headquarters at Cloakmakers Union Hall, Pittsburgh, later removing to present quarters, 611 Penn Ave. Tony Kamenovici was chosen secretary, Mierich chairman, and Fulp field organizer.

Meanwhile scabs were being imported from outside, while the United Mine Worker officials were doing their best to break the strike.

Among the scabs less than a third were negroes, yet Lewis officials tried to foment discord among the strikers by telling them the negroes were going back to work and scabbing on them. They told the workers that Fulp was receiving money from the mine owners to feed the men, and

U. S. Spends \$39,000,000 to Deal Death



This tremendous floating fortress, the "Lexington" is to be used as an airplane carrier. She can hurtle thru the ocean at a speed of 40 miles an hour, releasing, as she does so, 80 airplanes, to carry death and destruction. She cost \$39,000,000. A sister ship, the "Saratoga" was recently commissioned. Inset is picture of Capt. A. W. Marshall, her commander.

LEADERS ON TOUR FOR MINE RELIEF

Embree, Bloor, Sablich Driven Into Cold at Point of Guns

By ART SHIELDS.
Assuring friends that the Colorado coal strike would be won, A. S. Embree and "Flaming" Milka Sablich, two of the strikers' representatives, have left New York for a 30-stop tour between Boston and Chicago, in company with Ella Reeve Bloor, to urge support jointly for the striking miners of the Pennsylvania-Ohio field and the Colorado field.

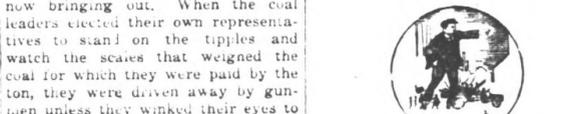
In the last two weeks, in which Embree and Milka Sablich have been addressing audiences in New York, thousands of dollars for miners' relief in addition to quantities of clothing have been raised here.

Embree, the first organizer for the Industrial Workers of the World to enter the Colorado field in the present revival of that organization in the Rocky Mountain coal region, is a veteran of the western radical movement. Nearly 20 years ago he edited the daily newspaper organ of the gold miners in Nome, Alaska. More recently he spent several years in a Boise penitentiary under the Idaho syndicalism law. Two years ago, he began quietly organizing in Colorado.

Picture of Gun Taken.
The Vesta Coal Company now indignantly denies an automatic rifle was ready for use when the evictions took place, but fortunately for this album, a photographer took a picture with the cossack obligingly pointing the gun at the miners' shacks. The gun can be taken apart and carried in a hand bag and put together in a few minutes.

Cannot Desert Miners
Shall the American workers who are fortunate enough to live in houses thru which the wintry winds do not whistle, who have food and clothing for themselves and their families turn a deaf ear to the suffering coal diggers and their dependents who are holding the fort for labor on the industrial battlefields of Pennsylvania?

Wear a Lenin Button



Every militant worker, every Communist, should get his fellow-worker to wear this button!
The price is: up to 25-10¢ per button. Over 25-7¢ per button.

Party organizations should order thru their district organizers. Other working class organizations order from the National Office, Workers Party, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

LENNIN SAID
ORGANIZE THE CHILDREN

The button represents a beautiful picture of Lenin surrounded by a lively group of children. Around the whole scene are the words: "Organize the Children."
Every workers' child should wear this button and every working class parent should get this button for his children.

These children's buttons may be ordered from the Young Pioneers of America, 43 East 125th St., New York City. The prices are: Up to ten, 10¢ per button; orders of from 10 to 100, 7¢ per button; orders of over 100, 5¢ per button.

SHIPPING MERGER DISPLACES MEN IN SHIP YARDS

About 2,000 Draftsmen Effected

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—An important further move in the consolidation of industry and the elimination of skilled labor is seen in an announcement by private ship building interests that attempts are being made to pool drafting work now being conducted separately by various concerns.

Between 1,800 and 2,000 skilled draftsmen employed in the engineering plants of the government and private yards will be affected by this merger. During the war one private concern imported 150 draftsmen from Great Britain.

Mass Production.
C. L. Rosemund, president of the International Federation of Technical engineers, Architects and Draftsmen's Union, said: "This scheme appears to be based on the theory that the last word in practical ship design has been spoken and that the industry can now go on a mass production basis." The Navy Department is a party to this so-called economy plan. By endorsing a central drafting office the Navy Department becomes a principal factor in the plan.

Officials Lack Remedy.
While the American Federation of Labor and its Metal Trades Department oppose the "economy" plan, no constructive proposals are being offered by the Federation for adjusting its organization to the inevitable trend toward mergers now taking place.

Spanish Bank Combine Will Control Country

MADRID, Jan. 11.—With the tacit backing of the fascist government of Primo de Rivera, a group of large Spanish banking firms has formed a combine for the alleged purpose of financing enterprises thruout Spain and Portugal provided they will purchase Spanish machinery and products in the undertakings. In this way it hoped to bring the whole industry of the peninsula under the sway of a small centralized combine of financiers.

Standard Oil Worker Hit by Train; May Die

BAYONNE, N. J., Jan. 11.—Peter Mango, 41, a Standard Oil laborer employed at Constable Hook here, was struck by an engine while crossing a track within the Standard Oil yards. He received a fracture of the skull from which he is not expected to recover, and his leg was crushed so badly that it had to be amputated. At Bayonne Hospital he was reported in a coma.



A New, Enlarged Edition of Bishop Brown's

Communism vs. Christianity

At a Special Price

This popular presentation of the subject which has been translated into many languages and has sold into many thousands of copies is now available in a revised and enlarged edition at less than half the original price:

10 Cents

Read also: MY HERESY—The Autobiography of an Idea.—A most interesting presentation of the author's views on life, religion and the working class—in a beautiful cloth bound edition for your library.

\$2.00

Add 5 cents for postage for every dollar's worth of books ordered.

WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS, 39 East 125 St., NEW YORK

FOREIGN NEWS --- BY CABLE AND MAIL FROM SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS

CELEBRATE RED ARMY BIRTHDAY THRUOUT USSR

Workers and Peasants Plan Festivities

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.) MOSCOW, Jan. 11.—Preparations are being made thruout the Soviet Union for the celebration of the tenth anniversary of the Red Army.

MANY INJURED BY JAPANESE JINGOS

TOKIO, Jan. 11.—Because the radicals advocated a shortening of the term of military service, a party of conservatives armed with guns, spears and swords broke into the radical headquarters.

More Than Twelve Die As Fire Sweeps Naval Depot Outside of Rio

RIO JANEIRO, Brazil, Jan. 11.—At least 12 persons were killed and more than 50 injured in a fire that swept the naval depot at Cobras Island inside the bay today.

Polish Socialists Aid in Pilsudski Lithuania Scheme

WARSAW, (By Mail).—The Polish reformists have been in a state of formal opposition to Pilsudski's government since January last.

While, however, that section of the Polish Socialist Party, which was nearer to the masses was adapting its tactics to the spirit of the masses, many prominent members of the party—Morachevski, Golvko, Yavorovski and others—took an active part in Pilsudski's policy.

London Workers Didn't Drown Here



Top photo shows scene in streets of Canterbury, following the Thames flood several days ago. The fifteen workers who lost their lives did not lose them in cottages like these.

New Seizure of Arms Crossing Frontiers

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—Another seizure of arms being transmitted across international boundaries aroused Europe today when German customs authorities at Kiel confiscated 250 tons of rifle ammunition billed for Palla for the Norwegian steamer Aka, which was bound for Vladivostok.

Cretzianu Tries to Shift Pogrom Blame

George Cretzianu, the Rumanian minister to the United States, has attempted to justify the atrocities which his government is charged with having incited during the recent pogroms in Transylvania.

Pole Police Arrest Leading Communists

WARSAW, Jan. 11.—Practically the entire Central Committee of the Communist Party of Poland and the Young Communist League have been arrested, according to Warsaw police announcements.

Join in a Real Fight!

- AGAINST FOR 1. Injunctions. 2. Company Unions. 3. Unemployment. 4. Persecution of the Foreign Born. 5. War.

JOIN A FIGHTING PARTY!

Application for Membership in Workers (Communist) Party (Fill out this blank and mail to Workers Party, 42 E. 125 St., N. Y. C.)

CHIANG KAI-SHEK TAKES CHARGE OF WAR ON WORKERS

Nanking Peace With Chang Tso-lin Likely

SHANGHAI, Jan. 11.—General Chiang Kai-shek has again been put in complete charge of the Kuomintang armies, it was announced yesterday, and will probably leave for Shanghai in a short time to take command of the troops on the northern front.

LENINGRAD PARTY RAPS OPPOSITION

Approves Decision of Communist Congress

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The meeting of active workers of the Leningrad organization of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union which was attended by 9,000 people discussed the decisions of the XV Congress and declared them to be correct and commensurate with the interests of the working class.

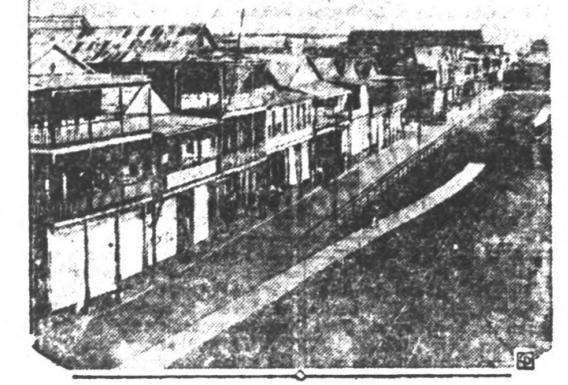
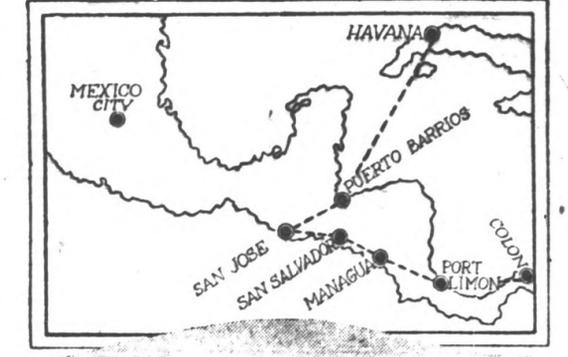
Police Arrest Eight Workers as Terrorism Reigns In Palestine

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Eight workers, suspected of Communist sympathies, have been arrested by the Palestine police, reports from Jaffa state. The authorities are carrying on a reign of terror against all progressive and labor bodies.

Police Arrest Eight Workers as Terrorism Reigns In Palestine

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 10.—Maude Royden, British woman preacher, now lecturing in the United States, will not be permitted to speak before the students of the University of Iowa or Grinnell College, it was reported yesterday, owing to her liberalism toward smoking by women and similar practices.

Profits On Lindbergh's Jaunt Start to Roll In



Map shows route of proposed Cuba-Panama air line which will not only yield fat profits to American plane manufacturers but will be extremely useful for American imperialism from a military point of view.

BRITISH KILL 2 INDIA PEASANTS

Open Fire as Villagers Protest Heavy Taxes

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Two villagers were killed and a number wounded near Pungde, Burma, several days ago, when police fired into a demonstration of villagers, according to reports received here.

ATTACKS N. Y. NAVY YARD

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The New York navy yard was declared superfluous and vulnerable by Rear Admiral Thomas P. Magruder yesterday, in ending his 11-day testimony before the House Naval Affairs Committee.

FRENCH SOLDIERS REBEL; ARREST 15

Communist Prisoners Sing In Jails

PARIS, (By Mail).—Fifteen French soldiers have been arrested as the result of the Communist mutiny at the garrison of Calvi, Corsica.

PHONE TAPPING CONTINUES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—The supreme court recently refused to disgorge evidence secured by prohibition agents by the tapping of telephone wires.

COMMUNISTS WIN IN SCOTCH MINE UNION ELECTION

Win Six Out of Seven Positions in Fife

By J. K. CAMPBELL.

LONDON, (By Mail).—The recent results of the elections in the Fife mining area in Scotland illustrate the growing influence of the Communist Party over the Scottish miners.

This result is due to a very considerable extent to the excellent work performed by the Party in this area during the miners' lockout, when the actual leadership of the workers in the struggle was in the hands of the Communist Party and sympathetic left wing workers.

The voting for those posts commenced last June, and during the close of the first vote the right wing launched their usual attacks on the Communists for faction work and intrigue within the union.

Transfer Your Money Right Now to a Cooperative Finance Institution. Guaranteed dividends 6% from the first day are being paid of deposit. CONSUMERS FINANCE CORPORATION. Office: 69 FIFTH AVE., Cor. 14th St. NEW YORK, N. Y. \$250,000.00 Gold Bonds. SECURED BY THE SECOND MORTGAGE ON THIS. Second Block of Dwellings of the Cooperative Workers Colony.

Mine Sweeper Oglalala, with 400 More Marines, on Its Way to Nicaragua

PREPARE FOR MOVEMENT OF PLANE FORCES

"Flying Coffins" Crash at Front

(Continued from Page One)
banded about that Liberal leaders are giving Sandino support. The conservatives are openly charging that the Liberals are sympathetic. There is the possibility that the Liberal leaders will be asked whether they intend to stand by the Stimson agreement.

More Marines Sail.
NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 11.—400 more marines with their officers set sail for the Nicaraguan battlefields yesterday when the lifting fog on the Chesapeake enabled tugs to tow the mine-sweeper Oglalala which is transporting the troops, down the Bay.

Air Invasion Begins.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The air invasion of Nicaragua, precluded by the recent flight of Col. Charles Lindbergh began in earnest with the start of a five-motored Pokker transport plane from the Marine Base at Quantico today. The plane will fly to Miami and then head across the Gulf for the flying field at Managua. It will be used in transporting marines, ammunition and supplies over the jungles to be used in the campaign against the Liberal forces of General Sandino.

Hold More Planes Ready
CHARLESTON, Jan. 11.—Eighteen VT-9 squadron planes, accompanied by the airplane tender Wright, will begin their flight for the American Naval Base at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba. It is rumored that they will be held in readiness for the renewal of the campaign against General Sandino.

"Flying Coffins."
The crash of two United States marine airplanes within two days at the Nicaraguan battle front recalls stories of the "flying coffins" in which American aviators were sent to certain death over the German lines in 1927.

The second crash occurred during a reconnoitering in which photographs of the Liberal positions had been made, according to despatches from Managua. The plane burst into flames when it struck the earth, the pilot and his observer were uninjured. The pilot admitted that both planes were an old type which is being superseded.

Stimson Does His Bit.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Col. Henry L. Stimson, who has been rewarded for forcing the disarmament terms on the victorious Liberal armies last July with the Governor-Generalship of the Philippines, called at the White House yesterday and reiterated the old story that General Sandino is an "outlaw."

Youth Conference for Miners' Relief Called in Boston for Sunday

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 11.—"Flaming Milks" Sablich, 19-year-old Colorado strike leader, will speak at a Youth Conference for Miners' Relief to be held Sunday morning at 11 o'clock at 28 Hayward Place. A call has been sent to all young people and labor organizations by Larry McKellan, secretary of the Conference, asking them to send representatives.

Bedscht Is Speaker at Lenin Memorial Meet in Pittsburgh, Jan. 29

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 11.—Max Bedscht, Workers (Communist) Party leader, will be the principal speaker at the Lenin Memorial meeting to be held at the Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St., Sunday, Jan. 29, at 8 o'clock. An elaborate musical program is also being arranged, including the Freiheit singing society and the South Slavic string orchestra.

Hungarian Singers Aid Penn. Strikers

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 11.—To aid the striking miners of Pennsylvania, Colorado and Ohio, the Hungarian Workers' Singing Society gave an entertainment and dance Sunday evening, Jan. 8. The Hungarian Workers' Home donated the use of their hall, and the printing and music was furnished free. The Finnish Working Women's Club of Cleveland have collected \$35.00 for the miners' relief.

DONATION TO DAILY
NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Jan. 11.—The Lithuanian Workers' Literature Society held a state conference in Waterbury, Conn., Jan. 1, 1928. It was agreed upon to make a donation of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) towards the aid of the DAILY WORKER.—S. Sakavichas, Treas.

Military Tools Plan Nicaragua War



Maj. Gen. John A. Le Jeune, commandant of the U. S. Marine corps, and Brig. Gen. Logan Feland, who has been ordered to take command of the marine corps in Nicaragua, are shown studying maps in Washington, preparatory to sailing for Nicaragua. Both have faithfully served American capitalism in previous military campaigns against Latin American republics.

Mass. Mill Bosses Urge Longer Hours for Women

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 10 (FP).—Renewing efforts to secure longer hours and night work for Massachusetts textile workers, Bay State manufacturers on the New England Council seized upon Gov. Alvin Fuller's message to the legislature for support. The Massachusetts members of this New England boosters' organization sent a letter to all business men of the state urging "more elasticity" in the 48-hour law protecting women and child workers.

The council members' letter says that the Massachusetts law prohibiting night work for women in factories and their employment in textile mills after 6 p. m. "is an absolute discrimination against the textile industry and has operated to the marked disadvantage of Massachusetts." They claim the chief reason the ban on

\$5,000,000 SESQUI FLOP.
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 11.—That the Sesquicentennial Exhibition here was a flop is well-known, but to what extent was made known when the state supreme court ruled that the City Council must pay \$5,000,000 to creditors for the liquidation of the debts.

DUBLIN, Jan. 11.—President Cosgrove of the Irish Free State is reported to be planning a visit to Ottawa after his stay in the United States. He will visit New York in an effort to interest American investors.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The Prayer-Book which created a furore here when the House of Lords supported it and the Commons caused its rejection, will be introduced in a changed form in both houses, soon.

night work was made over a quarter century ago was because of "miserable gas lighting."

Reference is made by the Massachusetts manufacturers to the New York industrial survey commission report which recommended an "elastic" 48-hour law against the demand for a straight law by the State Federation of Labor. The New York law's elasticity gives employees actually a 49 1/2 hour week for women workers and is so complicated that enforcement is a problem.

Every year the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor has to fight attempts of textile manufacturers to overthrow the 48-hour law. The argument of southern competition as well as that of neighboring New England states is used against the shorter hour law.

BUSINESS MEN SQUAWK
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 11.—That new postal rates have reacted unfavorably upon business and public interests is the charge of the United States Chamber of Commerce, which will demand a revision of rates, according to Lewis E. Pierson, the chamber's president.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The Prayer-Book which created a furore here when the House of Lords supported it and the Commons caused its rejection, will be introduced in a changed form in both houses, soon.

LAUDS CONDITION OF WORKINGMEN IN SOVIET UNION

Trade Union Press Shows Growth

CHICAGO, (FP) Jan. 11.—One of the best developed institutions in the Soviet Union is the labor press, according to Carl Haessler, managing editor of The Federated Press, on his return to Chicago from 5 weeks of investigation and travel in the Soviet Union.

"Our struggling American labor papers can take heart from the unexampled development of the trade union press in the Soviet Union," he said. Some of the national unions there issue daily papers that compare in news, features and illustrations with most European papers. The U. S. S. R. railroad workers have long had an influential daily in The Whistle. The weavers and spinners have The Voice of the Textile Worker. In many cases the ordinary daily papers for popular reading are owned in whole or part by the trade unions of the city in which they circulate. One of the biggest Moscow dailies is Labor, issued by the national council of trade unions.

"Some of the papers are printed in old plants, but others have up-to-date equipment in new buildings. It is as though the American labor movement should one day walk into our capitalist newspaper plants and take over the works, issuing papers with a labor slant instead of the capitalist angle from that day on. That is what actually happened in Russia and now with the increase in national wealth the prewar equipment is being gradually modernized and the inefficient buildings scrapped for new ones. Most of the linotypes are American or German. The presses are almost altogether German, as is the color process and other auxiliary machinery.

Linotypers Better Off in U.S.S.R.

The linotypers in the Soviet Union get 1 month vacation each year on full pay, free medical and hospital service and drugs when ill, 3 pounds of butter a month as offset to the special diseases of the printing industry and very low rents amounting usually to \$3 a month and never more than \$10. The apprentice period is usually 3 years, but can be shortened if the energy and intelligence is there."

DRAMA

Sascha Jacobsen, Foremost of Violinists, Says Noted Critic

Few artists on the concert stage have received such high praise from leading New York critics as did Sascha Jacobsen, the noted violinist who will be one of the soloists at the joint recital tomorrow night, in Mecca Temple.



H. E. Krehbiel, long known as the dean of American critics, who died in New York recently, wrote: "We question whether anyone of the very few older virtuosos of great reputation in to rivalry with whom his performance admitted him, could have disclosed deeper penetration into the soul of the work. His tone was as large and noble as that of the best of them."

Another critic of note had this to say: "We repeat what we have already said before in this place, that Sascha Jacobsen is one of the foremost of the younger generation of violinists." A third reviewer summed up as follows: "Sascha Jacobsen is recognized by connoisseurs as one of the most promising violinists of the younger generation. Such artistic poise, repose and concentration are rarely found in one of his age—already his reputation is made."

Jacobsen has appeared in all the leading American and Canadian cities. He has been heard in numerous joint recitals with Rosa Ponselle of the Metropolitan Opera, with Riccardo Stracciari of the Chicago Opera and also toured Canada as assisting artist with Mme. Louise Edvina, foremost of Canadian prima donnas, and one of the leading artists of the Royal Opera, Covent Garden, London; the Boston Opera and the Chicago Opera. His appearance at the recital tomorrow night, will undoubtedly be one of the musical events of the musical season. The concert will help celebrate the Fourth Anniversary of The DAILY WORKER.

Three other artists of note will appear on the same occasion. Paul Althouse, leading tenor, formerly of the Metropolitan Opera, who will sing, "O Paradiso" from L'Africana, "Far on the Road" by Ippolitow-Iwanow and "The Spring Song" from "Die Walkure." Doris Niles will appear in Spanish dances and also in dances by



With Leslie Howard in "Escape," John Galsworthy's tense drama now in its fourth month at the Booth Theatre.

Horlick and "Southern Roses" by Strauss. Nina Tarasova will be heard in characteristic Russian folk songs in costume.

Broadway Briefs

George Arliss makes his first appearance in a Shakespearian play on Monday night at the Shubert Theatre, New Haven, as Shylock in Winthrop Ames' production of "The Merchant of Venice." Peggy Wood played the role of Portia. The New York premiere of the comedy will take place next Monday night, in the Broadhurst Theatre.

Henry Baron will present John Galsworthy's play "The Silver Box" at the Morosco Theatre, beginning Tuesday night, January 17. The cast is headed by James Dale, "Sobel Elsom" and Halliwell Hobbes.

Helen Chandler has been engaged by the Messrs. Shubert for the only feminine role in "The Silent House," a new English mystery play opening here in three weeks.

Jane Cowl in "The Road to Rome" is at the Shubert-Riviera Theatre this week.

"Women Go On Forever" with Mary Boland, is this week's attraction at the Bronx Opera House.

"International" by John Howard Lawson and "Cock Robin" by Philip Barry and Elmer Rice will open tonight; the first at the New Playwrights Theatre, and the latter at the 18th Street Theatre.

GENERAL STRIKE TO HELP MINERS WIN DEMANDED

Resolution Calls Upon Green to Act

YORKVILLE, Ohio, Jan. 5 (By Mail).—A resolution calling upon all organized labor in America to cooperate with the striking miners by declaring a general strike throughout America was sent to William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor by the striking miners, Local Union 971. The resolution which was signed by Jack Bell, president of the local and F. A. Nunley, secretary, follows:

WHEREAS, We, the officers and members of Local Union 971, Yorkville, Ohio, feel that some other action should be taken in regard to the strike:

WHEREAS, Since we have been out on strike for 9 months without any advantage having been gained by the miners, we feel that some other method should be used to force a settlement, and we feel that the only possible way that labor can make any progress is through a general strike;

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, That we, the members of the United Mine Workers of America call upon our national officers to seek through the American Federation of Labor to have President William Green of the A. F. of L. to issue a call for a general strike of all labor in America.

A copy of this resolution is to be sent to the Miners' Journal, William Green and the Press.

GOVERNOR SIDES WITH R. R.'s

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 11.—Governor Moore in his annual message has recommended that the cost in eliminating the grade crossings in this state be shared by the state, the municipalities and the railroads. The powerful railroad interests in this state have consistently refused to remove the crossings at their own expense, tho many accidents to motorists have resulted.

CLOTHING FOR MINERS.

HAZELTON, Pa., Jan. 11.—The anthracite United Mine Workers are showing their solidarity with their striking fellow workers in the soft coal fields, by collecting food and clothing for the families. A large shipment of clothing was shipped yesterday by the local in Highland to the Pittsburgh district.

4TH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION

"DAILY WORKER" Fri. Eve., Jan. 13 Mecca Temple

8.15 P. M. 55th ST. and SEVENTH AVE.



Sascha Jacobsen VIOLIN VIRTUOSO

Paul Althouse METROPOLITAN OPERA STAR

Doris Niles in Oriental and Russian Dances

NINA TARASOVA Costume Recital of Russian, Gypsy, Georgian Folk Song Interpretations. TICKETS \$2.20—\$1.65—\$1.10—75c.

Jimmie Higgin's Book Store, 106 University Place; DAILY WORKER, 108 East 14th Street; Freiheit, 30 Union St.

AMUSEMENTS

Max Reinhardt's Production of "The Servant of Two Masters" and "He is to Blame for Everything" at the Metropolitan Theatre, Columbus Circle. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Fri. and Sat. at 2:15.

Winter Garden Theatre, 41 St. W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. WORLD'S LAUGH SENSATION.

Artists & Models

National Theatre, 41 St. W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

"The Trial of Mary Dugan" by Bayard Veiller with Rex Cherryman

JOHN GOLDEN THEATRE, 58 ST. Mts. Wed. and Sat. LAST WEEKS 4 WALLS with Muni Wisenfreund

BOOTH Theatre, 43 St. W. of B'way. Eves. 8:40. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:40.

Winthrop Ames Presents John Galsworthy's New Play ESCAPE with Leslie Howard

DRACULA FULTON Theatre, 46 St. E. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. "BETTER THAN THE BAT"

The Theatre Guild presents PORGY Republic Theatre, W. 42d. Eves. 8:40. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:40. EUGENE O'NEILL'S Marco Millions Week Jan. 16, "Doctor's Dilemma" Guild Theatre, W. 52d. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.

Henry Miller's Theatre, W. 43 St. E. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. Grant Mitchell in Geo. M. Cohan's American Farce THE BABY CYCLONE

ERLANGER'S Theatre, W. 44 St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. THE MERRY MALONES with GEORGE M. COHAN

MUSIC AND CONCERTS

American Opera Company 1st N. Y. SEASON, SUNG IN ENGLISH CALLO THEATRE (Eves. at 8:20) 24th St., W. of B'way (Mats. at 2:20) Opening Tonight at 8:20, "Faust," "Mme. Butterfly" Wed. & Fri. Eves. 8:30. Mat. "Faust" Thurs. & Sat. Eves.

THE INTERNATIONAL BY JOHN HOWARD LAWSON Author of "Processional"

Opening on JANUARY 12th Struggle for Wealth — Oil — War — Love Revolution — Adventure IN New York — Moscow — Paris — China DON'T MISS IT—GET TICKETS NOW!

The New Playwrights Theatre 36 COMMERCE ST.—PHONE WALKER 5851. 3 Blocks South on 1th Ave. Subway from Sheridan Sq.

TICKETS ON SALE NOW AT DAILY WORKER, 108 E. 14th St.—10% Discount.

LEADER DELAYS CAP STRIKE END

Zaritsky Again Endorses Piece Work

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 11.—Justifying the bosses in their lockout of the Chicago capmakers, and showing them the method thru which they can get their demands, Max Zaritsky, president of the Cap and Millinery Workers' Union publicly said: "If the employers wanted piece work why didn't they arbitrate the question," thus practically repudiating the bitter struggle which the local organization is carrying on against this demand.

Zaritsky, who had openly declared himself in favor of the piece work system, had come to Chicago to "negotiate" a settlement. It is the belief of the membership here that Zaritsky's attitude on this question is responsible for the bosses holding out so long. They point to the fact that Percy Ginsberg, manager of the employers' association and formerly an official in the Capmakers' Union, had come to the union with the piece work demand a few days after Zaritsky's proposal of the same thing had been unanimously turned down by the local executive board.

The Chicago capmakers have been conducting a vigorous fight since December 1, when the lockout was made, and it was generally believed that the bosses were on the verge of coming to terms with the union. Last Saturday, however, at a conference held between the bosses and Zaritsky, he refused to negotiate a settlement with the union.

The bosses will probably avail themselves of Zaritsky's suggestion and go to an arbitration board with their demands.

Fear Cut In Ill. R. R. Force After New Layoff

CHICAGO, (FP) Jan. 11.—The Chicago & Northwestern, operating its railroad shops on the B. & O. cooperative plan, has hit its shop employees with drastic layoffs, and rumors of a 30 per cent cut in normal force alarming the men. A layoff from Nov. 24 to Dec. 1 was followed by another from Dec. 21 to Jan. 3 as an unwelcome Christmas present to the men from the road.

For Rail Mergers

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11 (FP).—Consolidation of American railroads is advisable in the interest of better service, but it must proceed on a voluntary basis, Interstate Commerce Commissioner Hall told the senate committee on interstate commerce, testifying in favor of the Fess bill. This measure looks toward consolidation of all railroads into a few huge systems, through stock purchase and leasing. The Transportation Act of 1920 placed obstacles in the way of giant rail mergers which this bill would sweep aside.

Words for Farmers

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 11.—"The farmers are going to strike for economic freedom," if a resolution introduced by Senator W. H. McMaster calling for an immediate reduction of the tariff is not passed, Senator McMaster said in a speech in the senate. Illustrating the weight the proposal is expected to carry in the coming presidential election, Senator Bruce said, "It's hard for me to think the resolution is offered in good faith. Surely Senator McMaster knows that all of us cannot support a flat lowering of the tariff now."

Grecht Will Speak At Martins Ferry

MARTINS FERRY, Ohio, Jan. 11.—Rebecca Grecht, well-known labor organizer of New York will speak at a mass meeting here, Sunday, Jan. 15th at 2 p. m. at the Hungarian Hall, Corner Main and Centre Sts. Her subject will be: "The Miners' Strike and The Labor Party." All workers of Martins Ferry and vicinity are urged to attend.

Leper Funds Needed

Complaining strongly against the refusal of the government to support with sufficient funds the work of the American Mission for Lepers, William M. Lanner, general secretary of this organization said at its 34 annual convention here that 2,000,000 of the known lepers could be completely cured if more money were appropriated. Only 100,000 sufferers from this scourge are under treatment, he said. He further stated in his report that physicians in charge of 100 leper colonies were discharging hundreds of lepers yearly as completely cured through the use of chiasmogra oil.

BOMB THROWN.

A clumsy, home-made bomb yesterday wrecked the vestibule and blew out all the windows of the building at 1296 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. It is believed that the bomb was thrown by John Arto, the owner of the building, as a result of laundry feud in which he is involved.

Tire Companies Compel Workers to be Citizens

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., (FP) Jan. 11.—Insistence of the Goodyear, Pisk and Firestone tire fabric mills on the citizenship of all their employees is causing a flood of applications at the local immigration bureau. The three mills are reopening after over a month's shutdown. They employ a total of 3000 and have registered many more applicants for work than there are jobs.

DEVINE TO SPEAK AT MILWAUKEE

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 11.—The celebration of the fourth birthday of THE DAILY WORKER will be featured in Milwaukee by a party to be held Saturday evening, Jan. 14 at the Miller Hall, 802 State St.

Not only will there be a good musical program with a dance following, but important plans for a life organization of THE DAILY WORKER Friends will be laid at this affair.

Pat Devine, the national field organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party will be the speaker of the evening.

All progressive workers are invited and asked to bring English speaking workers.

Fired Miner for Saying Company Neglected the Easy Safety Measures

WEST FRANKFORT, Ill., Jan. 11. (FP).—Charges are going the rounds that the companies' neglect of safety measures which has characterized the resumption of coal mining in Illinois since the lockout of the spring and summer is to blame for the accident at Mine 18 here.

In many mines the miners had to pay for their jobs by doing so-called dead work without compensation and also by having to accept dangerous conditions without making a complaint to the state mine inspectors. At Pana a young miner who kicked on the laxity of safety enforcement was fired. Others kept their mouth shut, recalling that there were 15 applicants for each job when a big mine at Zeigler reopened several weeks ago.

Organizer Demands Lowden State Position

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—In an open letter to Frank O. Lowden, possible candidate for president, A. Philip Randolph, general organizer of the Brotherhood of Pullman Porters, demands that Lowden answer important questions with regard to the present status of the Pullman porters.

Lowden is the son-in-law of the late General Pullman, founder of the Pullman Company, and wields a powerful influence in its affairs. The company has been fighting the union in accordance with its traditionally bitter anti-union policy.

The open letter attempts to draw from Lowden a statement as to how he stands on race discrimination, enforcement of the fourteenth amendment to the U. S. constitution and the organization of the Pullman porters.

Workers League to Give Dance In L. A.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 11.—The Young Workers League and the Freiheit Youth Club will give a dance at the Cooperative Center, 2706 Brooklyn Avenue, Saturday, February 11. All Angelenos are urged to keep this date in mind.

On Sunday, January 29, the Young Workers' League will hold a sub-District Membership Conference, where a new Sub-District Committee will be elected.

With the district headquarters of the League being moved to San Francisco, a Plenum of the District Executive Committee of the League will be held in San Francisco in February, where new district officers will be elected.

Penn. Trolley Workers In Pottsville Strike

LANSFORD, Pa., Jan. 11. (FP).—Street car men of the East Pennsylvania Railway Co. operating between Tamaqua and Mauch Chunk quit work on the eve of their new agreement becoming operative, joining the striking Pottsville workers. The trolley men want the word "subsidiary" included in the agreement so that drivers of buses which are to be used as feeders to the trolley lines will automatically come into the union.

1000 WORKERS TO SLAVE
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 11.—Work will begin within a month on a \$13,000,000 power plant with a 11,000,000 transmission line to Atlantic City from the Delaware River. The plant, to be located at Churchtown, on a 300 acre tract near Deepwater Canal, begins a movement to transform Southern New Jersey into a huge industrial center. About 1000 workers are expected to be employed in its two years of construction.

A. F. L. Figures Show Increase in Union Members

By WM. SCHNEIDERMAN.
The statistics being gathered by the American Federation of Labor on the state of unemployment among union members, although very scattered and far from complete, nevertheless reveal the growing state of unemployment in the United States. If the same average percentage (15%) of unemployed union members prevailed among the unorganized workers, it would indicate the unemployment figures for the entire United States to be well over two million, at a conservative estimate.

In the December report of the A. F. of L., ten cities show an increase of unemployment over the previous month of November, out of a total of 23 of the largest cities in the country. Although the actual figures for each city are confidential and not for publication, the average percentage of unemployment of union members in these ten cities is 17.6%. The cities are: Boston, San Francisco, Baltimore, Buffalo, Birmingham, Cincinnati, Detroit, St. Louis, Seattle and Washington.

Unemployment Increases.
Their average percentage of unemployment in the previous month of November was 13.3%, or an increase of 4.3% in December. The majority of the other cities in the list of 23, although showing a slight decrease in December under November, nevertheless have a higher percentage than the months of October and September. New York, for example, which next to Baltimore has the highest unemployment percentage in the country, shows an increase of 4.4% over October and 7.8% over September, the latter month being the first month

when statistics were gathered. Figures for 24 cities show the average percentage of 14.7% for September, 15.5% for October, and 15.9% for November. The November report shows 12 out of 24 cities had an increase in unemployment over October. The October report shows that 10 out of 18 cities had an increase over the previous month of September.

Undoubtedly the September figures would show a substantial increase over the previous months, inasmuch as the A. F. of L. only began gathering data after unemployment in the United States began assuming serious proportions. Furthermore it must be remembered that the actual figures are much higher than the percentage figures on the report indicates, inasmuch as cities like New York, etc., with a large population and union membership, are lumped together with Hoboken, N. J., San Antonio, Tex., etc., which have a comparatively handful of union members, and the general average percentage struck from such figuring by the "expert economists" of the A. F. of L. is misleadingly low when it is considered that the figures of the larger cities which run from 10 to 36% are brought down by the figures of the smaller cities, several of which run from 0.6% to about 10%.

The inclusion of only certain cities, and the omission of important industrial centers and basic industries have also been a factor in lowering the unemployment reports of the A. F. of L. below what is probably the actual figures. Nevertheless, they indicate the unemployment situation in the United States.

MINE BRUTALITY BEFORE SENATE GO-OP CAFE TO AID MINE STRIKERS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Investigation of brutality by Pennsylvania mine bosses and their gunmen and police toward the coal strikers' families will be one of the main features which the United Mine Workers will seek if and when the senate orders its in-estate commerce committee to probe the present strike in the central competitive bituminous field.

Sen. Johnson of California—a state with virtually no coal mines—introduced in the senate Jan. 9 a resolution backed by the U. M. W. A. general officers, proposing this inquiry. All the causes of the present chaos and suffering in the strike regions will be discussed and the black record of industrial and police warfare by the mine owners against the miners will be brought to public attention—if the senate evict faith.

Gunmen Evict Miners.

At the hour of Johnson's introduction of this resolution of inquiry, he had in hand a telegram received in Washington by George Lewis, legislative agent of the U. M. W. A., from Lawrence Dwyer, representing the organization at West Brownsville, Pa. The message, dated Jan. 7, said: "The Ves a Coal Co. has a gang of gunmen evicting coal miners' families from their houses at its No. 6 mine. These women and children have no shelter. I appealed to Gen. Mgr. Joe Edwards to stay evictions until Monday when we would have barracks sufficiently erected to shelter these people. I asked in the name of humanity not to put these women and children on the roadside these cold nights and Sunday. He answered, 'To hell with humanity!' He hoped they would 'freeze and rot'. These people have been in the employ of the company for more than ten years."

Sen. Johnson, after reading the message, said that "if this is true, it is an outrage. Such conditions should not be tolerated. It is suggestive of the Dark Ages."

PNEUMONIA DECLINES.

Influenza, pneumonia and tuberculosis are far less prevalent this year than ever before, according to Health Commissioner Harris. A comparison of the number of deaths caused by respiratory diseases this year as compared to previous years was the basis for the analysis.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 11.—The Co-operative Consumers' Women's League of this city, always in the front ranks in strike relief activities, is trying a novel idea to aid the Colorado striking coal miners. A co-operative restaurant has been opened at 2418 Brooklyn Ave., Los Angeles, and all the net proceeds of this venture will go to the Colorado miners. The restaurant will keep open for one month, till Jan. 25, or longer if the duration of the strike warrants it. All the help is donated, and much of the food. All workers of Los Angeles are urged to eat at the Co-operative Restaurant, and in this way help to make the Colorado strike a success thru adequate relief funds.

Demand Piers' Return To Private Concerns

HOBOKEN, N. J., Jan. 11.—Agitation for the return of Hoboken piers, under government direction since the late European war, to private lines is being made by Hoboken business men. Resolutions to this effect, and a protest against the removal of the North German Lloyd from docks here to new piers on the New York side of the Hudson River were made at a meeting of the Jersey Marine Club here.

ROW ON VETERANS' HOME.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Controversy as to how \$16,000,000, appropriated in the House for veterans' hospitalization, should be spent has developed between General Frank T. Hines, director of the Veterans' Bureau, and American Legion representatives before the House War Veterans' Committee. Hines argues against the admission of any but veterans wounded in action to the new government hospitals. The Legion wants all disabled veterans, regardless of the source of injury, admitted.

GATEMAN PLACED ON TRIAL.

Richard J. Forristal of 2810 Fulton St., Brooklyn, a gateman employed by the Long Island Railroad to guard a Brooklyn grade crossing where five people were killed last November, was placed on trial yesterday, charged with manslaughter in the second degree.

CLEVELAND PLANS PENN.-OHIO RELIEF

House to House Tours to be Arranged

CLEVELAND, Jan. 11.—The second conference of the Cleveland section of the Penn-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee will be held Thursday, Jan. 12 at 8 o'clock, at Pythian Temple, 919 Huron Road.

A fine turnout is expected for the second conference, where plans for house to house collection of funds and clothing, and the arrangement of affairs for the striking miners will be taken up. Conferences have already been held by several language groups with excellent results. These language conferences will be represented at the conference next Thursday.

Collection of clothing has been going on for some time and several cases have already been shipped to the mining towns. Clothing donated may be left at the following relief stations: Jewish Workers' Club, 11710 Kinsman Road, South Slav Hall, 5607 St. Clair, International Labor Defense, 226 Superior, Workers' Home, 4309 Lorain.

Labor Union's Power Halts Open Shoppers

CLEVELAND, Jan. 11.—The power of organized workers' effort is illustrated by an announcement from the office of William Frew Long, general manager of the American Plan Association, the open shop organization of the employers.

"For the first time since we organized," Long wails, "Cleveland newspapers, probably at the demand of the Typographical Union, have refused to accept our advertisement calling the public's attention to union vandalism in this city."

The Typographical Union never had, does not have now, never will have, and doesn't want the responsibility of dictating to newspaper managers what should or should not be printed in newspapers," the Typographical Union said in reply.

Women Jurors Urged

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 10.—Bills that would permit women to serve on juries in the larger counties of the state were introduced in the legislature today by Senator Mastick. Similar bills have been defeated in committee at previous sessions.



See that smile!
Get that look of satisfaction!
Notice that air of sureness!

THAT'S THE FEELING AND THE ATTITUDE OF A WORKER WHO KNOWS WHAT HE IS TALKING ABOUT!

You know he reads THE DAILY WORKER
The only sure and accurate source of all Labor news!

SUBSCRIBE!
And why not send in a suo for your shop-mate!
RENEW
If your sub is expiring.

RATES
Per Year.....\$6.00
Six months.....3.00
Three months.....1.50

CUT HERE
THE DAILY WORKER
83 First St., New York, N. Y.

Enclosed \$..... for ... mos. subscription.
Name ..
Street ..
City ..
State ..

The Warden Couldn't Inform Lenin Where Marx's Grave Stood

As the time for the Lenin memorial celebrations in New York and other centers throughout the United States approaches the workers are more than ever interested in the life of the leader of the Russian revolution.

"In London, on the first free Sunday we had, Ilyitch took us to Marx' grave," M. Laidov writes in "My Meetings With Lenin." "Evidently he had often been there before us. Although we had to go right to the other side of the tremendous town and had to change trams and buses several times, Ilyitch disclosed an excellent knowledge of the city, and took us by the short and cheapest route. In the cemetery, although he knew where Marx' grave was situated, he asked the wardens where it was, just to see if they knew.

"As he foresaw, none of them knew, and told us to go to the office to inquire. 'It is obvious that it is not very often visited,' said Ilyitch, and led us straight to the grave."

The New York Lenin memorial meeting will be held at Madison Square Garden Jan. 21.

Young Workers of Cleveland to Dance

CLEVELAND, Jan. 11.—The Young Workers League Branch No. 3 will hold a play and dance at the Hungarian Workers Home—4309 Lorain Avenue, Sunday night, Jan. 15. An interesting little playlet has been prepared by the members of the branch. Upton Sinclair's "Second Story Man" will prove a fine diversion on the night's program.

Food and refreshments will be served. An excellent band has been procured. There will be a speaker who will discuss "Sports under Capitalism—for the youth—or for the bosses?" All are invited.

Rockefeller To Be Called for the Teapot Scandal

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and George E. Vincent, head of the Rockefeller Foundation, will head the array of important witnesses to be subpoenaed before the new senate investigation of the Teapot Dome oil scandal, it was announced today.

Special Committee to Sit.
A special executive meeting of the Senate Public Lands Committee has been called for tomorrow afternoon, to map out the conduct of the investigation. Senator Gerald Nye, republican of North Dakota, its chairman, announced this afternoon.

Nye said the inquiry will be conducted by the full committee as was done in the original Teapot Dome investigation. Rockefeller, Vincent, and "a host of others" will be called to testify, he added.

Rockefeller to be Quizzed.

Mr. Rockefeller and other officials of the Standard Oil Company (Ind.), including Colonel Robert W. Stewart, chairman of the board, will be quizzed as to what they know of the mysterious Continental Trading Company oil transaction by means of which the government contends, Harry F. Sinclair and his associates raised a slush fund of \$3,080,000 to secure control of the Teapot reserve back in 1921. Liberty bonds totalling \$230,500 par value have been traced from the \$3,080,000 fund to Albert B. Fall, former secretary of the interior, who leased the naval reserve to Sinclair.

RETRIAL WHEN ACQUITTED.

BUFFALO, Jan. 11.—Nine women, dismissed last fall of vagrancy charges, will be retried when District Attorney Moore of Erie County invokes a new section of the Baumes Laws, which permits prosecutors to appeal decisions which are favorable to defendants.

DETROIT DETROIT
JOHN BROPHY
Pres. Dist. 2 of the U. M. W. of A.
Will Speak at
DANCELAND AUDITORIUM
WOODWARD, NEAR FOREST
Sun., Jan. 15, at 2:30 p. m.
Chairman, WILLIAM BAILEY, Pres. Musicians' Union.
Net Proceeds to Miners' Relief
ADMISSION 25c.
Auspices: TRADE UNION COMMITTEE FOR RUSSIAN INFORMATION.

CHICAGO CHICAGO
CELEBRATE
the Fourth Anniversary
of
The Daily Worker
At the
DAILY WORKER BIRTHDAY PARTY
Dance and Entertainment.
Good Music. Refreshments.
At the
NEW DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS
2021 W. Division St.
Friday Eve., Jan. 13

GOOD printing of all description at a fair price.
Let us estimate on your work.
Telephone ORCHARD 4744
ACTIVE PRESS
INCORPORATED
33 FIRST STREET NEW YORK

THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the NATIONAL DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING ASS'N, Inc.
Daily, Except Sunday
33 First Street, New York, N. Y. Phone, Orchard 1680
Cable Address: "Daiwork"

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
By Mail (in New York only):
\$5.00 per year \$4.50 six months \$2.50 three months.
By Mail (outside of New York):
\$6.00 per year \$5.50 six months \$3.00 three months.

Address and mail out checks to
THE DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York, N. Y.

Editor.....**ROBERT MINOR**
Assistant Editor.....**WM. F. DUNNE**

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Good News from Nicaragua

Hollow indeed will sound the stilted rhetoric of Calvin Coolidge at the Pan-American conference at Havana if he indulges in the usual hypocritical banalities about the Monroe doctrine as the defender of the rights of small nations, while reinforcements are being rushed to Nicaragua to supplement the marines, the naval and air forces striving to exterminate by blood and fire the forces of Sandino, the leader of the national liberation movement.

The ferocity of the imperialist slaughter was intensified in Nicaragua because of the desire of the Mellon-Coolidge-Kellogg butchers to silence the revolt before the Havana conference. But it is quite evident now, on the eve of the conference, that the gunmen in command of the invading forces of imperialism miscalculated the power of resistance of Sandino's forces.

Latest news from the war-torn area in the northern part of Nicaragua is extremely disheartening to the imperialists. Members of the so-called national guard, commanded by American marine officers, have revolted, threatened the lives of the officers and seized large quantities of ammunition as well as some large field pieces, and joined the forces of Sandino.

The national guard was created in the hope of training a mercenary native constabulary that would defend the interests of American imperialism against the rest of the population. The mutiny of a part of the constabulary is indicative of the widespread influence of the national liberation movement, even among the most backward masses. It is to be hoped that more of the native constabulary will follow suit and become a real national guard against the imperialist invaders. This latest development in the Nicaraguan situation again proves that it is extremely dangerous for a tyrannical government to place arms in the hands of those it tries to subjugate.

The history of the imperialist conquest of Cuba is one of repeated invasions before it was reduced to its present state of existence under a native, mercenary government completely subservient to Wall Street. The American idea of independence for small nations, as expressed by the Coolidge administration, is Cuba today, with a so-called native government that carries out the predatory policies of imperialism against its own people. Such is the character of the servile government that is "host" to the conference. But even in Cuba, as in all the southern republics, there are powerful anti-imperialist forces ready to challenge the power of Wall Street and its hirelings.

On three occasions after the hypocritical government of the United States proclaimed "freedom for Cuba," American armed forces have occupied that territory. After withdrawing troops in 1902, they were sent back again in 1905. There they remained until 1912, when they were again withdrawn, but still the native vassal government was not able to cope with the masses, so again the country was invaded in 1917. Three times the army of occupation left Cuba and as many times was it called back.

The low, depraved anti-labor government of Cuba, fawning before Wall Street, is the Coolidge ideal of "independence" for Latin America.

If such efforts were put forth to hold Cuba, it is easy to understand why the Nicaraguan liberation movement is assailed with such ferocity.

A second interoceanic canal has become an imperative part of the imperialist program of the Wall Street government. This proposed canal and the naval bases adjacent thereto are not only considered absolute necessities for imperialist policy in Central and South America, but are a part of the general world policy. Any force that threatens the Nicaraguan canal project menaces American imperialist policy as a whole. For that reason alone the militant workers of the United States who perceive in the growing power of American imperialism their deadly enemy, that is using the super-profits bludgeoned out of the colonial and semi-colonial masses to bribe and corrupt the reactionary labor officials and a considerable upper strata of the American working class against the masses of labor, must join in the fight against the invasion of Nicaragua and should demand the instant withdrawal of all armed forces from that country. Not merely must we make demands, but no stone must be left unturned to translate into action the hatred of imperialism by carrying on widespread agitation among the dock workers and other transport workers to prevent the shipment of supplies to the United States forces now engaged in trying to exterminate the independence movement.

The workers of Cuba, who have fought many a battle against the ruthlessness of American invading forces should make of the Pan-American conference an occasion for strikes and mass protests in order to give the lie to their servile government that has been chosen to pay homage to the imperialist monster and to strive, with Coolidge, Hughes, Fletcher, Morrow and the rest of the Wall Street gang, to prevent the real sentiments of Latin Americans against United States imperialism becoming known.

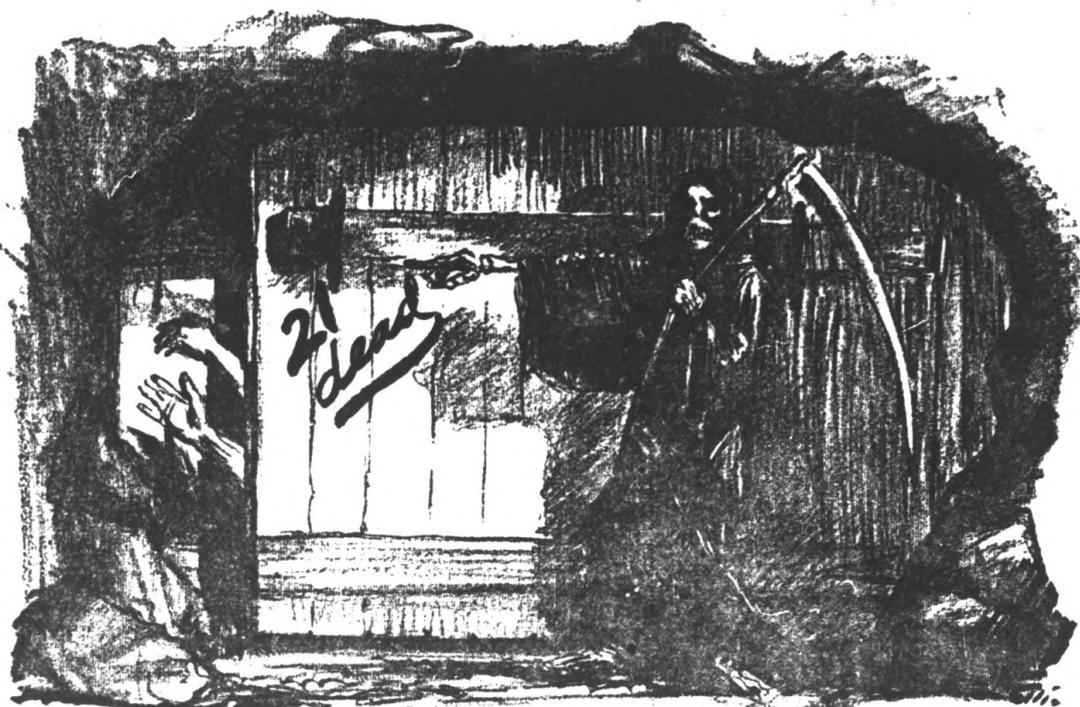
Defying the Lightning

What is described as the fourth plenary session of the Kuomintang is convened in Nanking, China, on the order of Chiang Kai-shek, the servile butcher who tried to drown the revolution in oceans of blood. Despatches from Nanking to the kept press all speak of the spirit of "determined optimism" which prevails among the imperialist flunkies. But there also sounds another note that depicts the real atmosphere, an atmosphere surcharged with revolution. The Chinese correspondent of the Times reports there exists a "profound fear of Communist tendencies throughout South China, which is resulting in continued efforts to stamp out all traces of optimism." These contradictory reports reveal the confusion which pervades the ranks of the counter-revolutionists.

Still blinded by the dazzling flash from Canton that lit up the revolutionary landscape, the Chiang Kai-sheks imagine that behind the flimsy shield of the defunct Kuomintang they can, like Ajax, with impunity defy the lightning.

Fearful of the day when they will answer for their crimes before the revolutionary tribunals of the workers and peasants, the counter-revolutionists proclaim the triumph of their reactionary policies, just as all their ilk have done and will do in all similar situations. But the mighty power that burst forth at Canton is not crushed. Workers and peasant armed detach-

"GAS OR NO GAS—YOU WORK!"



Toll of "union-management co-operation" in Illinois coal fields, where men must remain in mines in spite of gas formation.

Colorado Strike Forces Divides Capitalists

By HUGO OEHLER.

DENVER, Jan. 11.—"History is a history of Class Struggles," and in writing the history of Colorado, the class struggle, the struggle of the miners in the last two decades, is an ever increasing problem for the Colorado rulers. The strike of the 10,000 miners that began October 18th swept through the whole structure of capitalism in Colorado and extended its influence to the remotest corners of the state.

The striking miners, a composition mostly of Spanish, speaking and English speaking workers who have revolted against the Rockefeller institution, the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, are also facing the combined forces of reaction and the state. Divisions in Capitalist Institutions.

However, at this period of the class struggle, that takes the forms of strikes, there is considerable division in the ranks of the capitalist institutions. The division extends further into the ranks of the enemy, but they are divisions caused by currents at work in the lower stratum, the workers, and from changes of the structure within the system. At this period a centralized state machinery becomes all the more important for the capitalist class in order to counterbalance the transformation from below.

The C. F. and I. with the Steel Mill at Pueblo and mines in the southern part of the state is the strongest economic group in the state of Colorado. The independent coal operators who are located in all three sections of the state, the south, central and northern field, have a combined force that cannot compete with the C. F. and I. In policies, wages and conditions in the coal industry of Colorado the independent producers are forced to follow the initiative and dictations of the Rockefeller institution.

The sugar beet industry, the large-

est agricultural industry in Colorado, the other industries and the "independent" coal operators, are considered as the "home boys," while the C. F. and I. has been a force in itself.

Two Old Parties. In the last election Governor Adams was given a landslide by the voters as a democrat and the same voters gave the republican the rest.

Political Rivalry. Naturally when industrial strife and conflict becomes an open battle between the workers and the capitalists the politicians are thrown into turmoil and a free-for-all among them for the benefit of the next campaign commences. This was the case in Colorado. Governor Adams was not a C. F. and I. flunkie. He represents the "home boys." His executive position, with so many republicans around him placed him, as a politician, in a most unwelcome position.

C. F. and I. Defense. At the very start the C. F. and I. and the press they control clamored for blood. At the beginning of the strike the C. F. and I., through E. H. Weitzel, issued the following statement: "I know that our trouble would end with the stopping of picketing. I have been in this business thirty years and the only way you can stop picketing is to call out the soldiers. The only man who can call out the soldiers is Governor Adams. We want him to do it."

The "neutral" position the Governor started with could not be maintained. The pressure of the C. F. and I. forced him from it. As all politicians of the capitalist and reformist parties, he was doomed to support the economic interests of the capitalists. By the 4th of November, State Police, created by the Governor to take the place of the State Rangers, were in the field. They were sent to the southern field, the C. F. and I. section of the coal fields. They started and continued a campaign in behalf of this Rockefeller institution and violated openly the laws that seemed detrimental to them in order to stop picketing and imprisoned the most active workers.

More Pressure. The systematic campaign of the C. F. and I. was forcing the "humanitarians" from their pedestal. With wholesale arrest of leaders, wholesale invasion by stool-pigeons, with the C. F. and I. and the yellow press clamoring for blood, their moment came. On the twenty-first, in the northern field, at the Columbine, the State Police under Scherf met the strikers at day-break at the mines and riddled their ranks with bullets, resulting in the murder of six and injury of scores of others. Annear of the State Industrial Commission and Adj.-Gen. Newell "happened" to be on the scene and praised Scherf for his splendid job of directing the murder. A coroner's jury of business men and rich farmers whitewashed the work of the State Police.

"State of Insurrection." A state of insurrection was proclaimed by the Governor, and the National Guards under Adj.-Gen. Newell rushed to the north field at once. Newell is a Republican and his force, with the exception of Major Audrelin, is largely composed of the same party elements. With more power to the C. F. and I., and the Democratic Governor's own State Police doing their bit in the southern field, in the C. F. and I. field things were moving along fine for the capitalists. Although martial law was not declared in Weld and Boulder counties the Adjutant General arrested strikers and had many held as prisoners.

By the 26th the Governor and the Adjutant General were in a battle over martial law. Newell insisted on martial law and the Governor insisted on leaving things as they were. While this was in full swing publicly, the battle between the Governor and the Attorney General, Boatright, who would like to be the next Governor, was at its height over financial matters.

A little later a shake-up in the State Penitentiary was also worrying the Governor. The politician's motto is to take advantage of the situation and this is the status of the great rides on the backs of the workers of Colorado.

The K. K. K. In Fremont County, where the Klan has a weekly publication and influence of importance, their position was in support of the striking miners and the I. W. W. Not that they loved the I. W. W. or its principles, nor the Mexicans, but because the Democrats and Republicans had both fought them in election campaigns.

The attitude of the miners, their wholehearted support of the strike, was a force the Klan could not ignore as a local body even though the I. W. W. were at the helm.

The Protestant Church. The church, like the other capitalist institutions, has been divided from the first on the Colorado strike. The Denver Ministerial Alliance and the Weld County Ministerial Alliance, with committees working for a solution and a settlement, favored the miners. The Weld County group were bitter against the I. W. W. leadership, as though in practice you can separate the two. All the churches, the liberals, with few exceptions, began their investigations and arrived at the conclusions that the miners deserved more wages weeks after the strike started.

Most of them denounced the leader, University and Cliff School of the-

ship, yet all had been on the scene before the wobbles and did nothing to remedy the condition. They dealt with empty words while the organizers who were in the field before the strike were translating the words into deeds.

The Catholic Church. The Catholics were also a divided camp. The Daily American Tribune of Dubuque, Iowa in an editorial upheld in the strike, and in forceful language supported their position. Bishop J. Henry Tihen, head of the Catholic Church in Colorado, upheld the rights of the striking miners. Catholic priests in the southern field went among their Mexican flocks at the beginning of the strike and endeavored to persuade the miners to return to the mines and scab.

In the different religious denominations as well as the many other capitalist institutions we find that their spokesmen are divided on the issue of the strike. Many are on both sides and most of them against the leadership.

The American Legion. At the funeral of a fellow worker, Vodivich, the sixth victim of the State Police, the American Legion was part of the funeral procession. In the State Police, officers and representatives of the American Legion are gunning for the interests of the coal operators.

The Lower Middle Class in Unison. All through the camps those merchants who depend upon the strikers for trade are favorable to the strikers.

Local officials depending upon the miners' vote know what's what also. In Walsenburg, where the I. W. W. hall and headquarters prior to the strike was located, the "Citizens' Committee," with the mayor and other hoodlums, instigated by the Chamber of Commerce and the reactionary merchants of the C. F. and I., raided the I. W. W. hall, burned some supplies and endeavored to scare them into submission. This happened the night before the Pueblo conference that brought in a unanimous strike vote.

The Mexican Consul. The Mexican Consul, stationed at Denver, at the beginning of the strike came to the southern field and tried to induce the Mexican miners to return to work but when he met well-organized opposition he retreated and went back to Denver to leave the Spanish-speaking miners to continue their excellent loyalty to the strike.

The Press. The capitalist papers of Colorado and especially the biggest one under C. F. and I. control, the Denver Post, howled for blood and troops at the very start. All through the campaign, lies and more lies has been their policy. A few of the papers were more fair in articles than the Denver Post but all were lined up against the I. W. W. and the striking miners. Often editorials of the Denver Post seemed to favor the miners but close observation would prove that they were two-edged swords.

The capitalist press reporters with few exceptions made excellent informers and stool-pigeons for the enemies of the strikers.

The Colleges. Like the other capitalist institutions the students and faculty were also divided. The students of sociology and economics enjoyed the opportunity for this "field work" of investigating the strike. Students of the University of Denver, Colorado

University and Cliff School of the-

By Fred Ellis

Labor Defender in Larger Form

The February issue of the Labor Defender, now on the press, enlarged in size by eight pages, and carrying more photographs on recent events in the class struggle, features in special articles, photos and cartoons the latest developments in the American invasion of Nicaragua.

The cover, a striking photo from the war zone, is supplemented by many others of the struggle in Nicaragua included in a special two-page layout. Manuel Gomez, secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, contributes a striking article presenting the facts of the invasion and the interests of American labor involved.

Tom Mooney Features. The case of the frame-up of Tom Mooney, receiving renewed attention, is presented in photographs and comment. A general view of the American class struggle is given in a pictorial review of the miners' struggles in Colorado, Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia. T. J. O'Flaherty, writing from the coal fields of Pennsylvania, contributes a brilliant article on the great battle of the miners in that region. James P. Cannon, secretary of International Labor Defense, summarizes the lessons of the successful fight that freed Greco and Carrillo. Hay Bales, cartoonist, has been added to the contributing staff.

U. S. Rakes in Loot of World

By LELAND OLDS

How the heart of capitalism has been transferred to the United States is again recalled by year-end reports on the gold holdings of the principal countries. The latest report by the New York banking firms, Dominick & Dominick, places the monetary gold stock of the United States a more than half of the world total of \$261,000,000.

The United States now holds more gold than was held by all the governments and central banks of the world in 1914. Today the United States holds 55 per cent of the \$261,000,000 total.

Great gold stocks always accumulate where the world's most successful exploiters make their headquarters. Money lenders have always been at the center of predatory empire. A history of the precious metals becomes a history of war, conquest and enslavement. So the golden heart of empire has moved westward, from the eastern shores of the Mediterranean to Carthage, to Rome, to the commercial cities of northern Italy, to Spain, to England and finally to the United States. It brings with it on the one hand a struggle to rule the world and on the other intensified class struggles.

Lynched in Jail

By WILLIAM PICKENS

It is reported that a white prisoner in a Los Angeles jail was beaten to death by other white prisoners because they thought that he was the criminal who had kidnapped and slain the little girl. If anything were needed to better illustrate the criminality of America, this hideous crime of these criminals supplies that illustration. So, even in jail they lynche an innocent man. He was not innocent of everything, of course, or he would not have been in jail; but he was innocent of the offense for which his fellow offenders beat him to death.

That is a grim comment on the whole business of lynching: they cannot be trusted to kill the right man, even when he is in jail. How much less can they be trusted to "get" the right man when they are all out of jail and free to roam around and seize the first object of their wrath!

These prisoners who took part in killing their fellow prisoner are not a bit less detestable than the young fiend Hickman, whom they thought they were killing; and their crime would be none the less excusable if their victim had been Hickman.

ology investigated and spoke to strike meetings and also to meetings held at universities and churches. Many able supporters of the strikers and I. W. W. were among them.

Student Militiamen.

On the other hand the calling of the National Guards to the north field by the Governor's proclamation brought many students out as enemies of the strikers, students to shoot down striking miners. The Denver Evening News of Nov. 22 says: "Just Plain Kids—The Colorado National Guard sounds big and military, but scores of the members are boys—just plain kids in their teens, high school students, college freshmen, blossoming out in their first adventure."

In the ranks of the capitalist institutions, the State, the Church, the School, the Klan, the Legion and the middle class there is division and year by year as the class struggle becomes more acute in America these forces will be weakened as greater numbers of workers take their place in the ranks of the revolutionary workers, under their militant leadership, marching forward to a workers' and farmers' government.