

# WAR LABOR OF NEW WAR DANGER

## UNITED FRONT DEFENSE FOR PASSAIC STRIKE

### All Groups Join Hands Against Terror

By ART SHIELDS.  
(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, April 23.—"It means a better settlement for the strikers," said Forrest Bailey, director of the American Civil Liberties Union, hailing the formation of a joint committee of all organizations that have been supporting the gallant struggle in Passaic, Garfield and Clifton, New Jersey.

The joint committee unites the International Labor Defense, the American Civil Liberties Union, the League for Industrial Democracy, the Emergency Committee for Strikers' Relief, the Federated Press, with the United Front Committee of Textile Workers and the Passaic strike relief committee in a common movement for the defense of all strikers who are arrested or who are beaten up or denied the right to walk the streets and hold meetings.

**Rejoice Over United Front.**

James P. Cannon, Norman Thomas, Elizabeth Gurley Flynn and Robert W. Dunn all voiced their joy that a united front movement had been formed behind the lines for the defense of the strikers.

"There is real solidarity," said Cannon, "a sweeping national campaign, with all these organizations teaming together for the New Jersey workers."

**United Means Strength.**

Added Bailey: "We have all come together because the strike has reached a crisis. Unity means strength. It means a better settlement for the strikers."

Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, who has been speaking to the strikers nearly every day despite threats of arrest, declared:

"This means more protection to the workers in their fight. It helps them to win."

Norman Thomas, who defied the "riot act sheriff" and is under \$10,000 bail, announced the purpose of forming the committee as follows:

"It is just plain horse sense for the organizations which in one way or another have become interested in legal cases which have developed in the Passaic strike to get together. These various committees and organizations have differences in function and philosophy, but they are one in seeing to it that the strongest possible legal fight shall be made to prevent any man from paying a martyr's price as a result of the struggle of the workers in and about Passaic.

**Joint Committee Eliminates Friction.**

"Of the six or seven organizations represented in the joint committee, only two, the Civil Liberties Union and the International Labor Defense, are regularly equipped for handling legal defense cases. Various cases will be apportioned to those organizations logically. Each organization, together with the defendants concerned, will be solely responsible for the defense of cases assigned to it. The other organizations, like the League for Industrial Democracy, which I represent, will help raise the funds and distribute the publicity. The Emergency Strikers' Relief Committee will continue its efforts to raise a sufficient bail fund.

"At all times, however, the joint committee will prevent friction and (Continued on page 2.)

**Ammunition Dump Explodes Killing Many Near Salonika**

ATHENS, April 23.—Twenty persons are believed to have been killed in an explosion of an ammunition dump near Salonika. A number of persons were injured and heavy property damage was suffered.

**PASSAIC UNITED FRONT MASS MEETING IS PLANNED FOR NEW YORK CITY ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT**

NEW YORK CITY, April 23.—The Passaic United Front mass meeting will be held Wednesday, April 28, at the New Star Casino, 107th Street and Park Ave. The speakers will be Albert Weisbord, Norman Thomas, Robert Dunn, James P. Cannon and others. The meeting is being held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense, American Civil Liberties Union, League for Industrial Democracy and other organizations. The purpose of meeting, to protest against police brutalities in the Passaic strike.

So That's What's in the Prohibition Barrel!



When the lid flies off the barrel is burst, and the golden graft of politicians and police spills out.

## POWERS FEAR SOVIET-GERMAN TRADE TREATY

### Will Put the Finishing Touches on Locarno

BERLIN, April 23.—The imperialist powers of Europe are bringing all possible pressure to keep Germany from signing a commercial treaty with the Soviet Union.

The powers fear that this move will put the finishing touches to the Locarno pact which suffered a terrible blow at Geneva.

British secret diplomacy is at work in an attempt to force Germany to postpone the signing of the treaty. The little entente and Poland are preparing a direct protest against the pact.

Foreign minister Benes of Czechoslovakia, who it is believed is acting at the direction of France, has sent a questionnaire to the Locarno powers asking Germany very pointedly as to the meaning of the commercial treaty.

This action of the imperialist powers and their lackeys has aroused indignation in Berlin. Articles are appearing in the German press denouncing this "brazen interference" on the point of the European imperialists and calling on the government to vigorously protest against this interference.

**England Negotiates With Soviets.**

LONDON, April 23.—The British cabinet is now discussing the resumption of full diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union. Four conservative members of parliament—Sir Frank Nelson, Captain R. C. Bourne, Colonel T. C. Moore and R. J. Boothby—are now en route to Moscow to investigate conditions. This mission is unofficial. Premier Baldwin is expected to use their report as a basis for negotiation with the Soviet Union.

## Today

The New Magazine Supplement

HENRY BARBUSSE  
MICHAEL GOLD  
HUGO GELLERT  
WILLIAM GROPPER

and many others—writers and artists—making THE DAILY WORKER the best working class newspaper printed in America.

### SUBSCRIBE!

Pass this copy on to another worker and get his subscription!

## WINTERROWD OF 'TOWN TOPICS' FOUND GUILTY

### Frame Up Labor Editor in Montana

GREAT FALLS, Mont. April 23.—William Winterrowd, editor of the local labor paper, Town Topics has been found guilty on a charge of libel preferred against him by local politicians and fined \$200.00. The charge is based on an article that appeared in the paper last December charging Bert Christie, constable, with using his office as a capper for a collection agency.

Old line politicians in Great Falls, for long smarting under the lash of Town Topics, seized upon this as an opportunity to "Get" Winterrowd in revenge for many exposures he has made of the local band of republican political tricksters.

## Threaten Mother with Immediate Deportation

NEW YORK, April 22.—Mrs. Granoff, mother of Leon Granoff, 14-year-old lad who has come to be called the "boy Trotsky" by his schoolmates, was dragged before Magistrate August Dreyer of the municipal court of New York. This minion of the "law" threatened her with imprisonment and deportation if she dared to criticize the United States government.

## JAPAN WORKERS GREET PASSAIC MILL STRIKERS

### Hyogikai Union Cables Sympathy and Support

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, April 23.—A lengthy message sent to the Japanese Labor Union of New York for translation and transmission to the Passaic textile strikers, comes from Ritsuta Noda, representing the Hyogikai Labor Union of Japan. In the message, the militant unionists of Japan organized in the Hyogikai, greet the Passaic strikers in the name of their own textile workers who have themselves just come thru a long and hard strike with the Japanese mill barons.

"Fight Hard."

"We have been informed of the horrible conditions of the working people of Passaic. It is beyond our imagination that such things can occur under the American flag," the message states. "The atrocities on the part of the police proves more than anything the justice of your cause. However, keep on. Fight hard."

## MAY DAY MEETINGS FOR NEW YORK, CONNECTICUT AND NEW JERSEY

The following is a list of May Day meetings to be held in New York City, Connecticut and New Jersey:

- New York City—Indoor Meetings.**
- COOPER UNION, 8th St. and 4th Ave.—Saturday, May 1, at 2 p. m. Speakers: C. E. Ruthenberg, Wm. F. Dunne, Wm. Weinstein, Chas. Krumborn, Ben Gold, Bertram D. Wolfe and others. Freshet Gessangs Verein and other musical numbers. Auspices: Workers (Communist) Party affiliated with the Labor Conference May Day Celebration 1926.
- MECCA TEMPLE, 56th St. and 6th Ave.—May 1, at 2 p. m. Auspices: Joint Board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union affiliated with the Labor Conference May Day Celebration 1926.
- AMALGAMATED TEMPLE, 21 Arion Place, Brooklyn—May 1, at 2 p. m. Auspices: Local 54, Amalgamated Clothing Workers and Lithuanian Societies affiliated with Labor Conference May Day Celebration 1926.
- CELEBRATION AND DANCE.
- HARLEM STUDIO, 2350 Seventh Ave.—May 1, at 9 p. m. Auspices: American Negro Labor Congress.
- New Jersey Meetings.**
- NEWARK—Saturday, May 1, at 8 p. m. Ukrainian Hall, 57 Beacon St.—Wolfe and others.
- ELIZABETH—Sunday, May 2, at 2 p. m. New Turn Hall, 725 High St.—Weinstein and others.
- PATERSON—Saturday, May 1, at 8 p. m. Lithuanian Hall, Lafayette near Summit St. Speakers: Poyntz and others.
- JERSEY CITY—Saturday, May 1, at 8 p. m. Ukrainian Hall, 357 Grand St.—Ben Lifshitz.
- PERTH AMBOY—Saturday, May 1, at

## BRITAIN AIDS CHANG TSO-LIN TAKE PEKING

### Imperialists Aim Blow at Soviet Union

The following belated dispatch which has arrived from Moscow thru the International Press Correspondence agency gives the readers of THE DAILY WORKER an insight into the political factors that prompted Chang Tso-Lin, Manchurian war lord, to make a temporary agreement with Wu Pei-Fu, Chihli military governor, for the capture of Peking and a drive on the Kuomintang (nationalist) army:

(International Press Correspondence.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., March 4.—(By Mail)—England and Japan are working to hand over Peking to Chang Tso Lin while the United States is opposed to this as it fears a strengthening of Japanese influence in China.

Authentic information corroborated from various sources shows that Chang Tso Lin has worked out a plan of action in close collaboration with English diplomatic representatives should Peking fall. The chief aims of this plan would be the suppression of the Chinese nationalist movement and the alteration of the policy of China towards the Soviet Union.

**Britain's Sole Aim.**

England in particular insists on the latter course and its tool Chang has definitely proposed the dismissal of the Soviet ambassador Karachan and the breaking off of diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union. England has promised Chang a large loan on favorable conditions should this plan succeed.

Peking circles are firmly convinced that English imperialism is attempting to utilize the military reverses of the nationalist armies to realize its plan of isolating and suppressing the movement for the emancipation of China.

The seriousness of the situation is great. The hope is expressed that European and in particular the British workers will realize the significance of their power to prevent the destruction of the friendship between the Soviet Union and China and to strangle the movement for the emancipation of the Chinese people.

**Seek War on Kuomintang.**

The Peking and Tientsin Times demands the complete annihilation of the nationalist army as a measure to crush the national revolutionary movement and to remove China from the influence of the Soviet Union. The newspaper declares that any compromise that would leave Kalgan and Nankow in the hands of the nationalist army would prove the commencing point for a new struggle,—the present struggle should therefore be carried thru to the end. It writes further that the chief task of the united forces of Chang Tso-Lin and Wu Pei-Fu is the destruction of Soviet influence and the destruction of the moral and material support of the revolutionary movement.

## Chicago Workmen's Circle Branch Greet The Daily Worker

A meeting of Chicago branch 87 of the Workmen's Circle, one of the two large local branches, voted unanimously last night to send greetings to THE DAILY WORKER in the form of an ad as an expression of working class solidarity joining other workers in the celebration of May Day.

Various units of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League have also entered the huge parade in the special May issue of THE DAILY WORKER. Shop nuclei from Detroit, Canton and other cities, street units from all over the country and hundreds of individual workers have already responded.

In Los Angeles the local unit of THE DAILY WORKER Builders' Club sends in 52 names with a hope that Builders throughout the country join with them on this day.

Workers in shops, trade unions and fraternal organizations are expressing their class solidarity in the pages of THE DAILY WORKER thru greetings on May Day. Join the Big Parade!

## PAINTERS AND LATHERS BACK DOWN IN FIGHT

### Agree to Contracts at Old Scale

Ignoring the lead given them by the plasterers' union which is standing firm it its demand for a five day week and wage-raises, the painters and lathers have announced their readiness to sign two and three year agreements respectively, abandon the fight for the forty hour week and continue at their former wage-scale.

**Bosses' Happy.**

The builders' associations are hailing these new agreements as victories and will use them to coerce other building trades unions into accepting similar provisions. In the case of the painters, a referendum vote of the 17,000 members resulted in the acceptance of the new agreement as stated above that runs for two years.

**Sympathetic Strike.**

The painters' contract with the bosses, however, provides for closed shop jobs and contains a sympathetic strike clause. It is reported that the sympathetic strike clause does not appear in the lather's agreement. Both the painters and the lathers will continue to receive \$1.50 per hour. The plasterers at their last meeting decided to fight for \$1.75 per hour.

## GENERAL'S DIARY REVEALS THE INTIMATE SECRETS OF CZAR NICHOLAS I

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., April 23.—The personal diary of General Benckendorf, one of the leading officers at the military headquarters of Nicholas I, was recently discovered at Leningrad in the store of a second-hand book-dealer. The diary contains a frank and intimate description of the doings and intrigues of the Court of Nicholas I, as well as fresh material on the origin of the Crimean War.

The Coliseum demonstration on May Day will give inspiration to the Passaic strikers in their fight for better living conditions.

## NEW YORK DAILY WORKER BUILDERS TO MEET FOR SUPPER THIS THURSDAY

DAILY WORKER Builders of New York will meet at supper at 6:30 p. m. this Thursday evening, April 29, in the Co-operative Cafeteria, 54 Irving Place (near 17th street), New York, in order to plan how to make the present DAILY WORKER subscription drive the greatest possible success.

Every DAILY WORKER agent and literary agent of the party, the league and the pioneers must be present on this occasion with the DAILY WORKER Builders' Club.

All those who have signified their intention to become candidates for the Moscow trip will be announced at this meeting, and they will be invited to take the floor. Definite plans for THE DAILY WORKER Encampment to come July 3, 4 and 5 will also be announced there.

The food served at this cafeteria is wholesome and well cooked and the cost is moderate. Each one is free to take as little or as much as is pleasing. After the regular closing hour THE DAILY WORKER Builders will have the place to themselves.

Every Builder is also permitted to bring a visitor with a view toward enrolling in the Builders' Club.

SEND IN A SUB!

# TIMOTHY HEALY ADDS VOICE TO I. L. D. PROTEST

## Wood and Dana Also Score N. J. Terror

Adding his voice to the many who have replied to the requests for an opinion on Passaic strike terrorism made by the national committee of the International Labor Defense comes Timothy Healy, international president of the Brotherhood of Firemen and Oilers.

"It is undoubtedly the duty of the American labor movement," wires Healy, "to rally to the support of the textile workers at Passaic, New Jersey. The manner in which the rights of the people of Passaic have been trampled upon by the process of injunction is a disgrace to our civilization. Men thrown into jail, such as Weisbord, Norman Thomas and others, without process of law is outrageous. Under such circumstances the right of free speech and free assemblage as granted to the people by our constitution is only a mockery. If labor does not come to the rescue of the people of Passaic we may expect to be hit soon again in some other direction."

**Dana Wires.**  
H. W. L. Dana, descended from the famous American poet, Longfellow, and well known as a labor educator in Massachusetts, wires:

"Attitude towards Passaic acid test. Arrests on charge that opposition of workers to bosses is opposition to government betrays that it is not a government of people, but of mill owners. By failure to support strike and protest arrests sincerely the class struggle of whole American labor movement on trial."

**C. E. S. Wood.**  
Colonel Charles Erskine Scott Wood, the author of the famous "Poet in the Desert," telegraphs from Los Gatos, California: "I desire to record my protest against the un-American treatment of the arrested strike leaders of the Passaic strike. The refusal of the president to express any view, the worse than worthless attitude of the secretary of labor and the refusal of Senator Edwards to ever meet the selected leader of the strikers should convince everyone that we live in a state of warfare at home and prepare for one abroad. It is a sad thought that it is always the obstinate conduct of a master class which finally brings on the bloody revolution they theoretically deplore."

**Green on Passaic.**  
It is reported from New York that William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, in an address to the striking fur workers there protested against the actions of the mill owners and their police in the Passaic strike.

**National Unity of Action.**  
The national office today pointed out the need of following thru its call for united national non-partisan action in behalf of those arrested in the textile strike at Passaic, indicating the widespread interest and vehement protest against the actions of the textile baron police in the New Jersey mill town.

## Wheeler Prosecution Cost U. S. \$61,312.00

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Responding to a resolution of inquiry, the attorney general has reported to the senate that his department spent \$61,312 of public funds in the recent prosecution of Sen. Wheeler of Montana, following Wheeler's exposure of rotten conditions in the department.

A majority of the senate judiciary committee recommended that Attorney General Sargent be not compelled to divulge the names of the two witnesses who, he claims, were ready to confirm the testimony of George B. Hayes, whose testimony against Wheeler was disbelieved by the jury in the Montana trial when Wheeler was immediately acquitted.

## Piles Relieved Without Surgery

No Uncertainty.  
This offer proves it. Your piles permanently relieved by a few painless treatments or it will not cost you one cent. Write for FREE BOOKLET, or call on DON C. McCOWAN, M. D., a regular licensed Physician and Surgeon, Ex-Surgeon U. S. A. and C. R. I. & P. R. R.

Suite 1517, Kimball Hall Bldg., 25 E. Jackson Blvd., Chicago.

## VECHERINKA, CONCERT & DANCE

given by the Russian Singing Society of the Workers' House

TONIGHT—Saturday, April 24—TONIGHT

at the WORKERS' HOUSE, 1902 W. Division St., Chicago, Ill.

Everybody invited. Come in time! Don't miss the Russian tea!

Beginning at 8 P. M.—Admission 35 Cents.

## Workers Must Unite Against Imperialism

(Continued from page 1).  
continue in their suppression and plundering of the colonies without hindrance. No one but the governments of the imperialist countries is responsible for the break-down at Geneva.

**Aimed at Workers.**  
"Workers of all countries! From the first moment the Communists declared that the treaty of Locarno was a treaty of the imperialist powers against the people, an agreement of the big capitalist powers which will release new wars, which will suppress the small and disarmed nations, which will prepare the way for new armed intervention against Soviet Russia. The events in Geneva have shown more clearly than ever before that the spirit of Locarno is the spirit of rifles and bayonets, of poison gas and hand grenades.

"The pacifist face of Locarno is only a mask behind which the criminal game of the imperialist with the lives of the people is being continued. The bankruptcy of the Geneva negotiations has uncovered this game. The Second International has taken an open and direct part in the activity of the league of nations.

**Betrayal of Social-Democrats.**  
"The leaders of the Second International support the anti-proletarian game of their governments. The social-democratic leaders have not only rejected every proposal for a joint struggle against the league of nations, but they have, irrespective of the interests of the masses, without consideration of the demands of the revolutionary workers, taken a direct and active part in the council of the league of nations and in similar organizations of imperialism. The social-democrats who were present at the March sessions in Geneva took part in the imperialist intrigues just like the representatives of the other governments.

"The French social-democrat Paul Boncour, the Swedish social-democrat Uden, the Belgian social-democrat Vandervelde, all showed a preparedness not only to defend the interests of their respective governments, but also in cases where the interests of these governments were in contradiction they voted against each other.

"Social-democrat against social-democrat, working class leader against working class leader, each at the side of his imperialist government, that was the shameful role of the Second International in Geneva.

**New War Being Prepared.**  
"Workers of all countries, what is to be done now? The miracle of peace has not yet been consummated as a French newspaper wrote a few days ago. But a new war is coming down upon us with tremendous power. The giant load of military taxation is resting on the shoulders of the toilers in all countries. New armaments, new collisions, the sword of a new 1914 is hanging over the heads of the people. The expectations of the German bourgeoisie, the hopes of Luther and Stresemann upon an entry of Germany into the alliance of the victors have been totally annihilated.

"Whilst the league of nations and its defenders are discredited in Germany, whilst the reactionaries, the nationalist and the fascists raise their heads once again after the events in Geneva, the united front of the German proletariat against the league and its agents must be formed.

**America Seeks Power.**  
"Not only Germany but the whole of

Europe is suffering from the consequences of Geneva. American finance-capital which caused the failure of the negotiations in Geneva is preparing new measures in order to reduce the whole of Europe to the level of defeated and exploited Germany. The Coolidges and Houghtons declared with cynical insolence after the events in Geneva that Europe could only be brought to her senses by financial pressure. The financial pressure of America means the whip of hunger for the working masses of Europe.

"The fate of Germany, her transformation from a great industrial state into a powerless suffering colony is awaiting Poland, France, Italy, the Balkans, in fact the whole of the European continent. The working class must not let itself be deceived by the hypocritical conferences of the league of nations. The working class knows what is threatening it. Bitter disappointment about the league of nations is growing in the ranks of the workers, and also the spirit of anti-imperialism, and with it the will to resist, and struggle against the war policy of the bourgeois governments is also growing. The policy of the league of nations has entered a critical stage. The policy of alliances of the bourgeois governments has come to a dead stop. The warnings of the Communist International are being corroborated by reality, by life. In 1919 Lenin saw the course of events and at the moment when the league of nations was founded Lenin called it the band of robbers and murderers.

**Workers, Unite!**  
"Workers of all countries, toilers of Europe and the whole world! Defend yourselves, unite, arm yourself for the struggle against the robbers and murderers. There is only one way from need, unemployment, misery, hunger and economic suppression, that is thru the resistance of the people against their capitalist governments. There is only one way out of the militarism, the weight of armaments, the danger of war, the plundering, subjugation and the cutting up of Europe by American finance capital and that is the struggle for the United States of Socialist Europe which will be founded in the victorious revolution of the European proletariat, which will stand upon the basis of absolute voluntarism, an unqualified recognition of the right of self-determination of the peoples, which will stand in alliance with the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and with all the oppressed peoples of the world.

**Down With Capitalist League.**  
"Down with the league of nations. There is only one way out from the national splitting up of the proletariat, from its place as pawn in the conflicts of imperialists, as cannon fodder in future wars, and that is the proletarian united front against the league of nations, the fighting alliance of all working class organizations, all the workers of the whole world against the war alliance of the imperialist governments!

"The Communist International calls on you to take the only way to freedom and to struggle for the realization of the common interests of the international working class!"

**Strike prisoners.** This means not only the Weisbord case and those of other organizers and those of 264 arrested strikers, but of Robert Dunn, Esther Lowell, David Weinstein and others seized while investigating police brutality on the picket line.

The Civil Liberties Union will handle the Norman Thomas test case; the prosecution of officers whose false arrests have been made and injunctions brought against authorities who close meeting halls and deny picketing.

The United Front Committee will conduct the legal defense against the Forstmann-Huffmann injunction and will continue in charge of the campaign for a congressional investigation.

The policy to be followed in prosecuting each case is to be determined by the organization responsible for same in agreement with the defendants. Each organization may collect funds in its own name, but under a caption indicating that all the organizations represented in the joint committee are working together and that the appeal is issued by authority of the joint committee. The expense involved in conducting each case shall be paid by the organization responsible for conducting it.

**Plan Consultation Committee.** Each organization will employ its own attorneys, but in order to prevent duplication a consultative committee of three, consisting of Forstmann, Ernst and Brodsky and Miss Flynn, was appointed. A unified bail fund will aid efficiency.

A big mass meeting by the joint committee is being organized for next week. The separate organizations are holding preliminary meetings in the meantime.

## House Tables Bill to Restore Debs' Citizenship Rights

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—Congress voted to table the bill presented by Congressman Victor L. Berger of Wisconsin seeking the restoration of citizenship to Eugene V. Debs.

# N. J. GOVERNOR GETS ANSWER FROM STRIKERS

## Bosses Weaken as Strike Weathers Storm

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
PASSAIC, N. J., April 23.—Gov. Harry Moore, the Tammanyite politician who was recently placed in the state house by the notorious Frank Hague machine of Jersey City, appears to be in a quandary regarding the Passaic strike. One day he announces that he cannot interfere and the next day changes front and appoints a commission to endeavor to bring about a settlement.

Moore's change of front indicates the weakened position of the mill owners who have been defeated by the solidarity of the strikers and the unstinted support they have received from the workers of the country to enable them to carry on their strike. While there were still untried methods of combating the strike the governor professed neutrality, then when the owners themselves realize that they are beaten Moore intervened with his proposal for mediation and appointed a committee to endeavor to bring about negotiations. His official announcement, however, was accompanied by the vile slander against the United Front Committee conducting the strike, which evoked a retort from Albert Weisbord, speaking for the strike committee. The statement regarding Moore's offer follows:

**Strike Practically Won.**  
"After carefully considering the whole situation I believe that it is safe to say at this time that the strike is practically won and that the mill owners will find as settlement negotiations actually begin that the United Front Committee of Textile Workers will be capable enough so as not to allow a victory won on the picket line to be lost at the last moment over the table.

"The strikers have fought a wonderful struggle. Their demands are exceedingly modest and there is no reason why the workers should not emerge from this fight with a clear cut victory.

**Nail Vile Lie.**  
"The declaration of Gov. Moore, reported in today's press based upon report of General Gilkinson that the General Strike Committee is not interested in settling the strike is an absolute distortion of the attitude of the strike committee. The General Strike Committee has from the very outset given every indication that it is ready to confer with the manufacturers to bring the strike to a close. It has welcomed the efforts of public spirited bodies to mediate the strike. In each instance it has been the manufacturers who have ignored such efforts.

**Question Moore Motive.**  
"In view of these facts the statement of Governor Moore is not only gratuitous but raises the question whether Governor Moore is indeed interested in bringing about a settlement upon conditions that would really meet the vital needs of the workers. Such doubts are strengthened when upon the examination of the committee we find this General Gilkinson, who by his report has already shown his prejudice against the strikers. The committee also contains other members such as Brig. Gen. Bird, W. Spencer, whose anti-labor record is well known; and the inclusion in the committee of representatives of organized labor must be regarded as an excuse for selecting a committee of this character.

**Welcomes Satisfactory Proposals.**  
Anticipating an early settlement of the strike, now nearing the close of its thirteenth week, Weisbord, praised the strikers for having "fought a wonderful struggle. Their demands are exceedingly modest and there is no reason why the workers should not emerge from this fight with a clear cut victory."

What are the indications that the bosses are forced to their knees and are anxious for settlement.

"They have played all their cards" is the reply of Weisbord. They have played their cards in their attempt to deprive the strike of its leader by arresting Weisbord and holding him under exorbitant bail, by the reading of the riot act and the subsequent illegal arrests; by breaking up meetings, by a sweeping injunction preventing picketing; with every possible means the bosses have attempted to destroy the strike.

**Attacks Unite Strikers.**  
The workers have triumphed over all these attempts. The United attacks of the bosses have only solidified their ranks. They are staying in strike one hundred per cent strong, confident of their leadership, and determined to win their fight.

Further assistance is coming from every quarter. The most diverse agencies are uniting to aid the strikers and bring their long struggle to victory.

**Probe Health Hazards.**  
The workers health bureau of New York is examining 480 workers from the textile mills including 100 child workers with a view to obtaining facts on the health hazards of the industry.

# Oily Doheny Decides to Quit the Donkey and Ride The Republican Elephant

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

"EDDIE" L. DOHENY, completely submerged in the 1923 Teapot Dome oil scandal, but who came to the surface and was "saved" by an obliging republican administration, has decided to quit his democratic affiliations and climb aboard the Coolidge bandwagon.

The multi-millionaire oil producer and refiner, turning from democrat to republican, thus proves again that the fence is completely down between Wall Street's two political organizations. Any one can pass over, either way, without the slightest difficulty.

Doheny has been a little different than the other oil capitalists. The Rockefeller family, with its campaign contributions, supports both the old parties. Doheny has tried to be loyal to the donkey outfit ever since William Jennings Bryan first made his "cross of gold" dash into the national political arena. Doheny, with the usual promptings from his "friends," was even willing to offer himself as vice-presidential candidate at the 1920 democratic pow-wow at San Francisco.

Doheny's ambitions within the democratic fold did not cut him off from the republicans. He believed that every old party politician had his price and he set out to prove it, well nigh wrecking the whole Harding-Coolidge administration. Cal's regime saved itself by the timely throwing overboard of secretary of the interior, Albert B. Fall, and an attorney-general, Harry M. Daugherty. Now that Doheny is willing to enter the very bosom of the republican family, some additional devastating results may ensue. Doheny offers substantial reasons for turning republican. He says:

"I have registered as a republican for the first time because I decided to affiliate with and support the party which more than any other embodies the forceful policies which have produced our unprecedented era of prosperity."

This is certainly an unkindly thrust at the democrats who, under the regime of the late Woodrow Wilson when all forms of looting was made respectable, turned out 27,000 get-rich-quick war millionaires. Democrats in power did their best to aid "big business." But the democrats are not now in power. Evidently that is the reason for Doheny's desertion. In his new political philosophy he finds it more profitable to always be with "the party in power." Hence the shift. Coolidge is no doubt ordering the welcoming breakfast prepared at the White House.

Doheny proclaims that "the new era of prosperity" under the Coolidge dynasty benefits "all our people." He wants to leave the impression that he means the 115,000,000 men, women and children who live within the confines of the United States. But those who understand the situation of the workers thruout the country must conclude that Doheny unwittingly limits his observation to the business bandits of his own capitalist class. The wage cuts imposed by Coolidge's political sponsors on the textile workers have made possible increased profits for the mill owners. The violation of the Jacksonville scale has lowered the standard of living of the soft coal miners. The crushing of the hopes of the anthracite miners for an increase in wages, to meet the mounting cost of living, makes increased loot possible for the barons in the hard coal fields. It was the republican administration that crushed the railroad shop strike in 1922, paving the way for a billion dollars in profits for the lords of transportation last year. In the rubber industry, feeder of the automobile industry, profits increase while the workers are denied higher wages. So the story goes, repeating itself everywhere, thruout the whole American industrial structure.

These are the favored great exploiters whom Doheny must refer to as "all our people." They are his people. Doheny has mingled with the crowd that calls itself "democrat" and marches behind a donkey; now he walks with the republican procession behind the elephant. Doheny finds they all belong to his class, the class that wants to maintain things as they are; profits for the few, poverty for the many.

Labor should study this situation. Doheny's change of political front, which is no change at all, should teach labor a lesson. It should convince the working class that it needs a party of its own to fight the enemy capitalist class that dominates both the old parties.

Theatre, 4th St. and 6th Avenue. Two light operas in Italian will be presented for the benefit of the strikers, with Giglio in the leading roles. The affair will be under the auspices of the Emergency Committee for Striker's Relief.

A tag day in Elizabeth, New Jersey has been arranged by the general relief conference of that city for Saturday. A hundred strikers from Passaic will assist in the tag day.

**Donations Roll In.**  
Aid from organizations thruout the country continues to come in which assures the strikers of sufficient food to enable them to continue the struggle indefinitely. Donations received today included:  
Young Workers League, N. Y., \$114.00; Tapestry Carpet Workers' Union No. 2 of Philadelphia and vicinity, \$301.75; Dressmakers' Union of Greater New York Local 22, I. L. G. W. U., \$74.75; Detroit Relief Conference, \$135.00; The Workmen's Circle, \$318.00; Polish Workers' Educational Club of Buffalo, \$57.00; Workers Party Jamaica (Finnish Branch), \$73.00; Independent Workmen's Circle of America, \$248.00; Lawrence Flying Pigeon Club and United Front Union, \$235.75; Ladies Workmen's Circle Branch No. 529; Syracuse, New York, \$58.85; Workers Party of Buffalo, N. Y., \$183.00; S. Peterson, \$61.50; Arabella W. Miller, \$100.00.

**Berger Visits Coolidge.**  
WASHINGTON—Rep. Victor Berger, socialist, has urged President Coolidge, in a personal interview, to intervene in the Passaic strike. Coolidge hinted that he expected the strike to be settled quickly.

A sub a day will help to drive capital away.

# FRANCE SEEKS TO TURN OVER SYRIA TO ITALY

Fear Loss of Prestige in Colonies

PARIS, April 23.—France has suffered many severe defeats in Syria. Her prestige as a military power has been shaken by the Druse tribesmen. France is eager to give up her mandate of Syria. Fearing the results such an action may have in other French colonies, French diplomacy is trying to convince England to relinquish her claim over one of her African possessions to Germany and to have Italy and Germany request reconsideration of mandates of the league of nations.

It is hoped by France that both Italy and Germany will request a reconsideration of the distribution of mandates from the league of nations.

## FRANCE OFFERS 50 PER CENT ON ITS U. S. DEBT

Offer Read Before Debt Commission

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
WASHINGTON, April 23.—A fresh proposal for the settlement of France's \$4,000,000,000 war debt was officially submitted to the American debt funding commission today by Henri Berenger, the French ambassador.

The new offer was set forth in a seven-page memorandum, which M. Berenger personally read to members of the commission in French, and then delivered to each member a copy in English.

There was no discussion of the proposal at today's meeting, the commission adjourning until tomorrow morning as soon as the ambassador had finished.

## Recall of Veterinarians Is a Severe Blow to Illinois Dairy Farmers

The order of E. D. Turner, assistant director of agriculture, recalling the 26 federal veterinarians examining the herds of Illinois dairy farmers, came as a hard blow to many Illinois farmers who were anxious to get their herds examined so that their sale of milk to Chicago dairies could be again resumed.

Many farmers have had their herds certified and have replenished these herds with disease-free cows without waiting for state officials to pay them the indemnity. State officials now declare that these farmers will not receive any indemnity for their diseased herds as the state had not condemned the cattle.

About a hundred farmers have sent a petition to Governor Len Small calling on him to call a special session of the legislature to appropriate \$1,500,000 to indemnify the farmers for their diseased herds and to resume the tests on the farms.

## Find Corn Liquor in Clock at an Up-to-Date Kansas City Speakeasy

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 23.—With the arrest of Abe Belsky and Pat Donovan and the confiscation of a clock containing three pints of corn liquor as "evidence," police believe they have unearthed the strictly up-to-date in speakeasies.

"What time is it?" they declare was the pass word. If the clock was running—nothing doing. If stopped—all's well.

Search of the speakeasy revealed no liquor until one of the raiding sergeants noticed the clock was stopped. Behind the pendulum was found three pints.

## Debs Is Re-Admitted to the United States Without Any Difficulty

NEW YORK, April 23.—Eugene Victor Debs, returning from Bermuda, was admitted to the United States without any difficulty.

# SPECIAL PANEL CALLED TO FILL SWEET JURY-BOX

Evidence May Be Heard in Trial Today

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DETROIT, April 23.—The regular panel of 102 jurymen was exhausted and a special panel of 31 jurymen was called to complete the jury for the trial of Henry Sweet charged with murder of Leon Breiner.

Clarence Darrow, counsel for the defense, declared yesterday afternoon that he was "ticked to death" with the jury. Prosecutor Robert M. Toms was not fully satisfied that the jurymen would consider the testimony unflinching by the eloquence of Darrow, or who would not be moved by sympathy for the Negro race.

On the other hand, Darrow's chief demands on the character of the jurymen were based on absolute absence of racial prejudice such as would be indicated by their membership to the Ku Klux Klan or their previous residence in any of the southern states.

Court adjourned yesterday at 2 o'clock until 10 o'clock this morning, with a tentative jury of 12 in the jury box.

Representatives from leading Negro publications of the country are covering the trial, the outcome of which will tend to set a precedent in other such cases.

# CANTON SEEKS UNITY OF ALL CHINESE LABOR

## Seek to Throw Off Yoke of Imperialist Tools

(Special to The Daily Worker)  
SHANGHAI, April 23.—The Canton government in a proclamation that it issued on the withdrawal of the Kuomintang troops and the flight of the Provisional President Tuan Chi-jui, points out that a clash is impending between the Generals Chang Tso-Lin, the Manchurian war lord, and Marshal Wu Pei Fu, Chihli war lord, over the division of spoils in Peking.

The proclamation points out that this clash of the two militarists over the division of spoils, which is bound to come, will result in complete chaos in northern China and that it will aid in the overthrow of the military clique that has tried to dominate China.

Throw Militarists Out.  
"The hour is not far distant," declares the proclamation, "when the oppressed people will take advantage of the situation, throw the militarists out, call a conference and unite the country."

It also points out that the Canton government is ready to convoke a people's conference on the principles that were laid down by the late Sun Yat Sen.

Execute Imperialist Tools.  
PEKING, April 23.—Four hundred soldiers comprising the presidential guard at Peking were killed by the Kuomintang a few hours before the evacuation of Peking. These guards were killed for their massacre of Chinese students, who staged a demonstration before the president's palace in protest to the president's yielding to an ultimatum of the foreign powers.

Kuomintang Strategy.  
LONDON, April 23.—The withdrawal of the Kuomintang army from Peking was neither a rout nor a retreat, declare dispatches from Peking.

The Kuomintang forces tried to make an alliance with Wu Pei-Fu against the Manchurian war lord, Chang Tso-Lin. Wu Pei Fu did not reply to the offers of the Kuomintang. He kept on advancing. The Kuomintang, realizing that they could not fight the combined forces of Chang Tso-Lin and Wu Pei Fu, withdrew their forces in an orderly fashion.

It is expected that Chang Tso-Lin and Wu Pei-Fu will begin to quarrel among themselves over the spoils. In this event the Kuomintang army plans to step in and deal a severe blow to the forces of imperialism.

**Genova Restaurant**  
ITALIAN-AMERICAN  
1238 Madison Street  
N. E. Cor. Elizabeth St.  
Spaghetti and Ravioli Our Specialty  
Special Arrangements for Parties on Short Notice

The Tastiest Evening Ever Held in  
**GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.**  
and the night when the workers open the big subscription drive for the trip to Moscow,  
**SUNDAY (Evening at 7) APRIL 25**  
**A Daily Worker**  
**STRAWBERRY SHORTCAKE PARTY**  
AT 211 MONROE AVE.  
Come over—enjoy the "feed" of your life and meet a jolly crowd of workers.

**SEMINARY CLEANERS & DYERS**  
Pressing—Repairing—Remodeling  
Hats cleaned and blocked—Shoe Shining Parlor—Laundry  
All Our Work Guaranteed. We Call for and Deliver.  
**812-14 Fullerton Ave., Chicago, Ill.**  
Phone Lincoln 3141

**DR. S. ZIMMERMAN**  
**DENTIST**  
2232 N. California Avenue  
Telephone Armitage 7466  
Near Milwaukee Avenue  
I guarantee to make your plates fit and make your appearance natural.  
Gas or Novol for Extraction. NO PAIN.  
Logan Square "L," Milwaukee, Kedzie and California Ave. cars to door.

# Worker Correspondence

1000 WORKER CORRESPONDENTS BY JANUARY 13 1927

## NAIL OPEN SHOP COAL OPERATORS' HIGH WAGE TALK

### Low Wages are Paid in Non-Union Field

By a Worker Correspondent.  
GRAFTON, W. Va., April 23.—You often hear the tale that you can make more money under the open-shop than in the union mines. The bosses like to spread this propaganda in an effort to keep the miners from joining the union.

The nonunion mines pay but 40 to 45 cents a ton for coal mined—about \$4 to \$4.82 a day. Union mines in other districts are paying 63 to 67 cents a ton or \$7.26 a day. This is a difference of 23 to 25 cents a ton or \$2.64 to \$3 a day.

High Wages is Bunk.  
All talk of the higher wages in the nonunion mines comes from the bosses and company suckers. All one has to do to be convinced of the low wages in the nonunion mines is to go to work in one of the nonunion camps. Those with families are lucky if they can make enuf to pay the store bill.

The coal operators kick when the unions ask for the check-off. They certainly have it in the nonunion mines here. They check-off at the office for the rent, store and doctor. They say they only work eight hours a day but miners here work ten to twelve hours and sometimes as many as 24 hours in one day. Working these hours the miners are still unable to keep square with the company.

## Slate and Tile Roofers Join Protest Against Anti-Alien Legislation

By a Worker Correspondent  
CLEVELAND, April 23.—The Slate and Tile Roofers Union, Local No. 21, unanimously decided to join the Cleveland council for the protection of the foreign born at its last meeting, after Brother J. Brahtin presented the issue, made an analysis of the bills and called on the union for co-operation.

## Co-operatives Meet to Form Centralized Body

By a Worker Correspondent  
EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., April 23.—The first convention of the Central States Co-operative League was held at East St. Louis, Ill., with about forty societies represented.  
The headquarters of the league will be located at Bloomington, Ill.  
A vigorous resolution was passed protesting against fascism in Italy, for its terrorism and the destruction it has carried on against the Italian co-operatives. The resolution calls on the International Co-operative Alliance to take the initiative in calling all workers organizations to struggle against fascism.

## FIRST CHICAGO DISTRICT CONFERENCE OF WORKER CORRESPONDENTS.

The first conference of worker correspondents in the United States will be held next Saturday, May 1, at 1 p. m., at the Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St., Chicago.  
All worker correspondents of the Chicago district must be present at this conference which will play a big role in the history of the worker correspondent movement of the United States.  
We'll meet you there on May 1st!

## BOSSES DRIVE OFFICE GIRLS MERCILESSLY

### Refuse to Pay for Any Overtime Work

By a Worker Correspondent  
NEW YORK, April 23.—The conditions of office work are no better than that of the unorganized factory and shop hands. I work for a jewelry concern. This concern sells cheap stones at fancy prices on the installment plan.  
The office holds about forty people. Thirty-seven of them are workers and three managers. These three managers keep an incessant watch over the workers and have come to be called the bosses' bulldogs.

The hours are from 9 o'clock in the morning until an indefinite hour in the evening, which the managers decide at the last moment. We never know when we are to be let out. Up until 6 o'clock (which is specified as the closing time when you apply for the job) we are kept in suspense. Finally we hear the verdict, "We work until 9 o'clock tonight." We receive but a dollar for supper and not a cent for overtime.

During Christmas week a number of girls stayed until 11 and 12 o'clock at night. Overtime compensation was conveniently forgotten by the bosses. Saturday is considered the same as any other day. There is no Saturday afternoon off.  
Recently a new system was installed which affected every department in the office. Addressograph stencil machines, dictaphones, etc., were installed. Half the help was discharged without a single day's notice. Many of the girls had stayed for this concern for many years.

**WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!**  
Did you subscribe to The American Worker Correspondent?



Telephone Lehigh 6022  
**DR. ABRAHAM MARKOFF**  
Surgeon Dentist  
249 East 115th St., Cor. Second Ave.  
NEW YORK CITY  
Office Hours: 9 to 12 A. M.; 2 to 5 P. M.  
Daily, except Friday; Sunday 9 to 1 P. M.  
Special Rates to W. P. Members

To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent on all their dental work.  
**DR. RASNICK**  
DENTIST  
645 Smithfield Street,  
PITTSBURGH, PA.

**GRIGER & NOVAK**  
GENTS FURNISHING and MERCHANT TAILORS  
Union Merchandise  
1934 West Chicago Avenue  
(Cor. Winchester)  
Phone Humboldt 2707

**WORKMEN'S SICK AND DEATH BENEFIT FUND**  
of the United States of America is the oldest, strongest and most reliable health, accident and death benefit society in the United States.  
**BENEFITS:**  
Class 1A—\$15.00 per week.  
Class 1—\$9.00 per week.  
Death Benefit—\$250.00.  
It has been organized by workmen in New York City in October, 1884. The number of its branches, spread over the entire country, amounts to 247.  
Benefits Paid .....\$10,674,287.00  
Cash Reserves .....2,042,886.00  
For further information see  
**F. C. PRANGE**  
3411 N. KILPATRICK AVE.  
Phone Kildare 3801.

## BULL LINE CREW GETS LOW WAGE FOR HARD WORK

### Captain Treats Sailors Like Dogs

By NEPTUNE, (Worker Correspondent)  
'Twas the good ship Beatrice bound for Miami, Fla., as a viper. Grub? Fit for pigs. Straw mattresses and pillow. Thin cotton blankets. If you are not a landlubber, you know the reputation that the Bull Line has in the seafaring world. Plenty of work, but little pay. The United States shipping board pays wipers a measly \$57.50 a month, but the Bull Line pays but \$50.

Half of Crew Quits.  
Well, finally we landed in Miami. About half the crew quit then and there. According to the seamen's act a sailor may, on demand, draw half his wages when he reaches port and while in port receive half every week of what remains. The captain refused to pay them. They went to the shipping commissioner, who told them to return the following day while he investigated. I saw the investigation. He walked up the gangplank into the captain's cabin. A half hour later he walked out putting his pocketbook into his pocket. The men did not get paid. Some suspicious souls said the commissioner had been bribed. But that is surely ridiculous. Why, who could bribe a commissioner?

Make Demands on Steward.  
While finally conditions became so unbearable that it was decided to go up to the steward as a group while we were still in Miami. We got the deck hands, firemen and wipers and, 16 strong, we presented these demands: Soap, towels, dessert plates (we were eating our dinner out of the same dishes as the soup, if one could flatter by the magnificent name—soup), jam, butter, no margarine, midnight lunch (the 8-12 watch would have to turn in hungry, not having eaten since 4 o'clock and the 12-4 watch would have to turn in hungry, also), clean sheets and new blankets. Our demands were all granted. The captain was afraid the ship would be left without a crew.

Lose All Their Gains.  
Finally our bow was turned north. Just as soon as we left the dock you ought to have seen all our gains vanish. The last few days before getting to Baltimore we did not get a piece of soap. Towels were taken away dirty. They were never returned. The jam jar disappeared. We got our margarine back. The plates disappeared. The midnight watches turned in hungry.

One day one of the sailors got so hungry that he went into the galley and took some marmalade he found there. For this he was logged (docked) a week's pay.

Never Again!  
Finally the trip came to an end. With thanksgiving to whatever gods there be on the lips of the crew, like Columbus of old we landed. Many swore never to ship on the Bull Line vessels again.

## Русская Вечеринка

The Russian Singing Society of the Workers' House is giving a Veчеринка, concert and dance, Saturday, April 24, at the Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St.  
The society has been organized only a few months ago, but has already over 50 members and participated in many labor affairs including the Paris Commune celebration.  
It is expected that all who heard the singing of this society will come to the Veчеринка, and help make it a success. Beginning at 8 p. m. Admission only 35 cents.

Today is pay day. Don't forget to mail that sub to: THE AMERICAN WORKER CORRESPONDENT, 1113 West Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. Do it now while you think of it. Fifty cents for a year's sub, and, if you have it, 50 cents more for a donation.

## GET THE POINT!

Subscriptions:	Subscription Rates:
The Daily Worker	In Chicago Elsewhere
1 year—100 points	\$8.00 \$6.00
1/2 year—45 points	4.50 3.50
3 mos.—20 points	2.50 2.00
2 mos.—10 points	1.00 1.00
The Workers Monthly	
1 year—30 points	\$2.00
1/2 year—10 points	1.25
The Young Worker	
1 year—30 points	1.00
1/2 year—10 points	.50
The Young Comrade	
1 year—10 points	.50

## CHAIN STORES INCREASE IN KANSAS CITY

### Small Merchants Are Squeezed Out

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 23.—Prior to the war local and national chain stores were few. Of late the chain stores are strangling the small merchants. At present one out of every ten grocery stores in Kansas City are chain stores. Whyco leads with 43. Piggly Wiggly has 33. Lesser groups constitute the others. The druggists of the city have combined in a local organization in bitter opposition to the leading uptown cut-rate store, the Katz Drug company, that has two large stores. Every Monday they have a sale followed by one on Thursday with page ads in the local papers with prices that are running the neighborhood stores to the wall. The Crown Drug company has recently established 14 chain stores.

Chain Stores Increase.  
One out of every 3 automobile service stations are chain stores. The Standard and Monarch control one out of six. Standard leads with 35. Monarch Gasoline and Oil company has 34. Manhattan Oil company 14. National Refinery has 13. The Standard have their refinery here and the independents are forced to buy from the trust which in reality controls all. In the hardware business the Anchor stores have 9. Troy Cleaners have 10 establishments and the A. B. C. Cleaners have 11. The Consumers' Meat Markets have recently established a chain of 7 stores. In the restaurant business, 5 firms control 20 chain restaurants.

The chain stores are making it difficult for their competitors who cannot buy such quantities and as cheap. The comments made by the small merchants who are hit by local chain stores are: "Times are not what they used to be."

Recent arrivals of national concerns and national chain stores are: Winchester Arms Co., Sears Roebuck Co., Foreman and Clark, Wormser, Clemons. All of the national concerns and chain stores have establishments in greater Kansas City. The packing industry, mail order houses, clothing firms, rubber companies, Ford Motor company, electric concerns and drug companies realize the importance of Kansas City as a distribution center. More firms are coming in.

Producers of motion pictures are buying up local theaters. Last week the Universal bought two more.

Mergers and Consolidations.  
This year Kansas City has had a few mergers. Consolidations have taken place between cement companies, oil companies, railroads, and milling companies. The large independent corporations are consolidating. All of these combinations are tightening the death grip on the small merchants. The expropriating of the petit bourgeois is proceeding—not too fast to overturn the boat—but fast enough to swell the ranks of rebels against the rule of the exploiters.

## Hosiery Workers Fight for Union Recognition

QUAKERTOWN, Pa., April 23.—(FP)—Despite the importation of notorious strike-breakers by the Chipman Bros. Hosiery Co. in an attempt to break the spirit of striking hosiery workers, the American Federation of Full-Fashioned Hosiery Workers is paying regular strike pay of \$6 to \$16 a week. Strike benefits for unorganized women who came out with the men knitters have been increased \$2 per week. An additional \$1,500 has been given by the union to strengthen the fight. The firm will not meet a strikers' committee, altho the controversy is not of wages and hours but of many small abuses and refusal to recognize the union.

## U. S. Attorney-General Shields Oil Concerns

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—The government's investigation "has developed no facts" which warrant anti-trust prosecution of the Tidewater Associated Oil company, Attorney-General Sargent announced today. This was one of the companies involved in the justice department's inquiry into oil concerns.

# FOR THE LEADING CITY PRIZE



## in the Third Annual National Builders' Campaign



# A BANNER FROM MOSCOW!

The Communist Party of Moscow—in the heart of Red Russia and the seat of the world's first workers' government—extends to American revolutionary labor a comradely Communist hand in its task of building for revolution.

To build THE DAILY WORKER—standard-bearer of the American revolutionary movement, the Communist Party of Moscow will award a silk banner to the leading city in the NATIONAL BUILDERS' CAMPAIGN.

The city reaching the highest percentage of its quota is automatically declared winner. To this city will go the signal honor of American revolutionary accomplishment—an honor in which those workers can share who have brought the banner home!

There is revolutionary pride in accomplishment for your class.

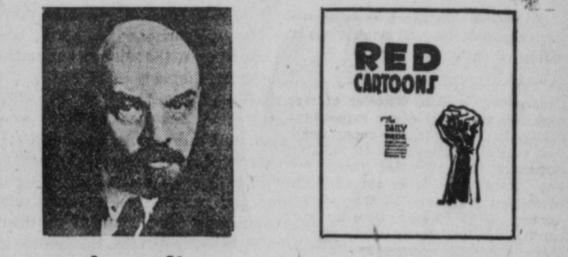
## BRING THE MOSCOW BANNER TO YOUR CITY

And while you get subscriptions you are entitled to votes (a vote for each point) for the

# TRIP TO MOSCOW

## AND THE PRIZES

And a Bust of LENIN A Book of



for each 500 POINTS. for each 100 POINTS.

GET THE POINT! GET THE PRIZE!

# ON TO MOSCOW!

Use this blank for any subscription!

THE DAILY WORKER  
1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ill.

**RATES**  
\$6.00 a year \$3.50-6 months \$2.00 3 months  
In CHICAGO—\$1.00 a year \$4.50 6 months \$2.50 3 months

**THE NEW SUBSCRIPTION TO BUILD THE DAILY WORKER**

NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
STREET \_\_\_\_\_  
CITY \_\_\_\_\_ STATE \_\_\_\_\_

THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO. 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. Phone Monroe 4713

SUBSCRIPTION RATES By mail (in Chicago only): \$9.00 per year \$4.50 six months \$2.50 three months By mail (outside of Chicago): \$6.00 per year \$3.50 six months \$2.00 three months

Address all mail and make out checks to THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Illinois

J. LOUIS ENGDALH WILLIAM F. DUNNE MORITZ J. LOEB Editors Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

Workers (Communist) Party

WORKERS PLAN UNITED FRONT FOR MAY DAY

To Hold Joint Meetings in Many Cities

May Day meetings are being arranged in many cities at which workers will gather to celebrate International Labor Day. Units of the Workers (Communist) Party, trades unions and fraternal orders have united in many cities in an effort to make the May Day meetings in their localities the biggest ever held.

A list of the mass meetings that have been arranged so far follows:

April 30. Baltimore, Md., at 7 p. m., at the Conservatory Hall, 1029 E. Baltimore St. Ruthenber, Dunne and Tallentire.

Chicago, Ill., Coliseum, Wabash and 16th St., Cannon, Foster, Young Workers League, Lovestone, Bishop Brown.

Gardner and Fitchburg, Mass., 3 p. m., Holmes Park, Benjamin Gitlow, Ohn and Raits.

Philadelphia, Pa., at 7 p. m., at Moose Auditorium, 1000 Walnut St. Bentley, Dunne, 6:30 p. m., Union Hall, D. E. Earley.

East Pittsburgh, Pa., 8 p. m., Workers Home, cor. Electric and North Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., 8 p. m., Carnegie Music Hall, cor. East Ohio and Federal Sts.

Philadelphia, Pa., at 7 p. m., at Moose Auditorium, 1000 Walnut St. Bentley, Dunne and Tallentire, 8 p. m., Workers Party Hall, 227 1/2 Yamhill St., A. Fislerman.

Easton, Pa., 8 p. m., New York speaker. Shenandoah, Pa., D. M. Sholomskis.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Amalgamated Temple, 21 Arion Place, Ruthenber, Dunne.

Avella, Pa., 7 p. m., Brownston Granish Hall, George Papcun.

New Castle, Pa., 4 p. m., Finnish Hall, 349 Washington.

Conneaut, Ohio, 7:30 p. m., Finnish Hall, 943 Broad street.

Worcester, Mass., 7 p. m., Belmont Hall, 54 Belmont St., Axel Ohn.

Keene, N. H., 7 p. m., Fitch Williams Hall, 111 Main St.

Ashabula, Ohio, 7:30 p. m., P. Shatz.

Detroit, House of Masses, 2646 S. Aubin.

Brookton, Mass., 3 p. m., Binghamton, N. Y., Rudolph Katz.

Endicott, N. Y., 7 p. m., Rudolph Katz.

Brownsville, Pa., 7 p. m., Newwood, Mass., 7 p. m., Lithuanian Hall, 14 St. George Ave.

Maynard, Mass., 7 p. m., 32 Waltham street.

Canton, Ohio, 7:30 p. m.

St. Paul, Minn., Milwaukee, Wis., 8 p. m., J. P. Cannon.

Gary, Ind., 2 p. m., Washington Hall, 16th St. and Washington St.

St. Louis, Mo., 8 p. m., A. Bittelman.

Chicago, Ill., 2 p. m., Miners' Hall, Bellairs, Ohio, 7:30 p. m., Bohemian Hall.

Chicago, Ill., 7 p. m., Brilli, Benjamin.

Chicago, Ill., 7 p. m., Union Hall, D. E. Earley.

Chicago, Ill., 2 p. m., Dunne, Tallentire.

Chicago, Ill., 7 p. m., Tallentire.

Chicago, Ill., 7 p. m., Hartness Hall, 26 West Gay St., Tallentire.

Chicago, Ill., 8 p. m., Tallentire.

New York Workers' School Plans to Continue Worker Correspondence Course

The big labor battles now going on and the general growth of unrest in the American working class makes the Worker Correspondence course more important than ever before. The New York Workers' School has therefore decided to continue the Worker Correspondence Course for some time even though the Joe Freeman, the present instructor, is leaving for Russia this week.

Freeman built up, during the course of the five months that he has been an instructor at the Workers' School, a very able corps of worker correspondents who are supplying the DAILY WORKER, the Freiheit and various other labor papers and union journals with news of the class struggle in and around New York City. He has done pioneer work of great importance in developing good standards of fighting journalism among the worker correspondents of New York.

The Workers' School has secured the services of a very capable labor journalist, Helen Black, to take the place of Comrade Freeman.

ESTHONIAN FRACTION CONVENTION LAYS PLANS FOR GREATER ACTIVITY

The Esthonian fractions of the Workers (Communist) Party held a convention in New York the latter part of March. Delegates were present from most important sections of the Esthonian fractions of the party.

The convention went on record endorsing the reorganization of the party and declared that the reorganization had brot a new and revolutionary spirit into the party which was manifesting itself in the struggles of the left wing in the American trade unions and also in the fact that the party was taking the leadership of the workers in their everyday struggles.

The resolution called on all of the Esthonian members to give earnest support to the reorganization.

The convention discussed the problems of the Esthonian fraction such as workers' clubs, the building of the Esthonian fraction's agitation and propaganda work, etc.

A new bureau consisting of the following comrades was elected: M. Martinson, secretary, P. Kutt, A. Kobel, A. Mackie, A. Moller, William Rogerman and Thomas Sepp. John Virkus and A. Artor were elected as alternates for the central bureau.

Aviators Rescued. LISBON, April 23—The two Portuguese aviators, believed to have been drowned when their plane fell into the sea while enroute to the Azores, were rescued today by a fishing vessel. They were taken to the island of Santa Cruz.

ANDREW GRAHAM WILL BE BURIED THIS AFTERNOON

Andrew Graham, age 41, died Wednesday morning, April 21, from injuries that he received in an accident Oct. 31, 1924, while driving his truck from work to his home for a bite to eat before taking out-candidates and speakers of the Workers (Communist) Party to various street corners during the seventh congressional district.

He spent many months in the hospital because of a broken spine and other injuries, which caused him pain and suffering beyond description.

Comrade Graham was born in the Jefferson Park district of Chicago.

He has served the working class movement for more than twenty years. These twenty years of his life were spent for others, always hoping that he might help them understand the class struggle.

He was the type who was ready to do the Jimmy Higgins' work at any time or place.

He received great enjoyment, pleasure and consolation out of his work. Andrew Graham was a real rebel. Success to him didn't mean the accumulation of wealth, but rather how he could help better the lot of the workers.

No matter where this comrade traveled he always had some kind of literature with him. He was always ready to use it in such a way that he felt satisfied it wasn't wasted. He would discuss workers' problems on the job without fear. He also spent his money freely for the cause.

He wasn't backward in talking about Communism in the hospital or handing out literature to his attendants and visitors and the other patients. He was admired and loved by all comrades who knew him as well as his many friends.

Funeral services will be held at Mays' chapel, Milwaukee and Wilson Ave., on Saturday afternoon, April 24, at 2 o'clock.

He will be buried at Union Ridge cemetery on Higgins Road.

HONOR ROLL OF WORKERS AIDING PRESS

S. S. Osasto, Hancock, Mich. \$ 5.50 Package Party held for THE DAILY WORKER, Youngstown, Ohio \$40.00

Atlanta Barber Law. ATLANTA, Ga., April 23—The Atlanta barber law, forbidding Negro barbers from serving white women and white children under 14 years of age, is not being enforced. Civic organizations have secured injunctions against the ordinance pointing out it is in restraint of trade.

The bill requires that all barber shops must close at seven each night and nine o'clock on Saturdays. It failed to provide an opening time. Many of the shops to avoid the ordinance close their shops on the specified time and then immediately reopen them.

The American Worker Correspondent is out!



Sophie Speaks—A Story of the Young Pioneers

The graduation of twenty-five Young Pioneers into the Young Workers (Communist) League was celebrated in New York City on March 27th. Although delayed we print the story because of its universal interest to all workers.

It happened on Saturday right in the midst of the roaring, multitudinous New York City, which daily out-sensations itself. That which took place on Saturday in one of the numerous buildings on a noisy street can hardly be termed sensational. There were no screaming headlines describing the event in the New York Times; no pictures were printed in the News about the affair.

Twenty-five workers' children—Young Pioneers—trained in a children's Communist organization for a year or more, ripened sufficiently to take another step forward in their revolutionary journey, were graduating into the Young Workers (Communist) League. For over a year they had the glorious name "Young Pioneers"; now they were given a newer, a stronger name, "Young Workers Leaguers."

The celebration opened with a meeting. The chairman in his introductory remarks, spoke of the significance of the graduation, of the responsibilities assumed, of the thorns expected in the road ahead. The first to speak was a young girl Pioneer by the name of Sophie. Sophie's glowing face, her beautiful curls, her charming voice and her enthusiasm captured the attention of the entire audience.

What a pity that her speech could not be recorded stenographically! What keen reasoning and understanding Sophie showed in her speech. "Today," she said, "is a double holiday for me. Promotion from public school into high school and promotion from the Pioneers into the Young Workers' League. The first holiday, what does it mean to me? Merely a transfer

from one boss-controlled school into another. On the other hand, my promotion from one proletarian organization into a stronger one of more mature Communists—that's a real holiday.

"It is hard, unbearable, in the capitalist school. Another year and I'll drop it, go to the shop and suffer and struggle along with the other millions of proletarian boys and girls. Already I can call you Y. W. L., and my place, even like all the leaguers, is there in the shop. Today I oblige myself to give more of my strength and energy to our organization" (stormy applause).

When the applause subsided the Young Pioneers in unison roared: "Bravo, Sophie, Sophie, Sophie." A young girl Pioneer of Passaic spoke next. Her father and mother are both on strike. She told how she first became acquainted with the Young Pioneers; how she became interested and later joined the organization.

A deep impression was created by a six-year-old boy Pioneer from Passaic, who told how the teachers in his school try to discredit the leader of the heroic textile strikers, Weisbord.

One after the other the Pioneers spoke. Vividly, clearly and joyfully they transmitted into words what they felt that evening. The district organizer of the league, Comrade Sam Don, gave a clear characterization and correct appreciation of the celebration.

This evening will become historical. It is another glorious revolutionary page—written in the history book of the American proletariat.

Into the revolutionary youth movement there flowed a fresh hot stream of life and joy. These were not foreigners, but American children—who will have the best approach to the broad masses of the American toiling youth.

Shop Nuclei Our Basic Units

Those comrades who first favored reorganization in principle but that it would not work in practice now begin to see their errors with the start in reorganization. The old territorial branch form was a heritage from the socialist party and did not make for the work among the masses by the entire league.

The shop nucleus, on the contrary, assures us of being constantly in touch with the masses of young workers. The shop nucleus assures a better social composition for the league and a steady-influx of new members. It makes every member an active member whose tasks are to win members for the league thru individual approaches, thru the distribution of literature, etc.

Here in Philadelphia our shop nuclei can already show actual successes in the setting of workers of their shops into motion for partial de-

I. Lazzrowitz. M. Epstein.

World Wide Fight Against Imperialism

The Communist International, in a proclamation published elsewhere in today's DAILY WORKER, calls upon the oppressed masses of the whole world to marshal their forces for a determined struggle against the imperialist robbers and murderers of the working class who are conspiring to bring about new and more frightful slaughters.

The break-up of the conference of the league of nations at Geneva on March 17 was not the result of any one power's insistence upon a seat in the council, but of first importance in the break-up was the hand of American imperialism using Brazil as its pawn.

"The American imperialists intervened in the Geneva negotiations thru influencing Brazil in order to strengthen the contradictions between the European states and to prevent any opposition on the part of the European states to the exploitation of Europe on the part of the United States, and in order to continue its struggle against British imperialism."

The league of nations, from the close of the Versailles conference that created it to its final achievement at Locarno, has revealed itself as the enemy of the oppressed workers, peasants and colonials of the world. Its pacifist pretenses are smoke screens behind which lurk the instruments of oppression and destruction of the working class.

The Communist International calls upon the workers of Europe, America and the colonies and semi-colonies to unite against the league of nations. In Europe to form united fronts of all workers' organizations for a frontal attack against the imperialist league of nations by proposing the socialist United States of Europe. In the U. S. A., the citadel of the mightiest imperialist power the world has ever seen, it is our task to fight, with every means at our command, to prevent the realization of the dreams of Wall Street to reduce all Europe to the semi-colonial position that Germany now occupies.

For the masses of American labor this is a question of the most vital concern, for the subjugation of Europe to American bank capital means the most debasing impoverishment of the European workers and it means furthermore that the products of European industries will of necessity gain preference in the world market over American products.

The result will be the rapid fall in wages of the workers in American industry and the use of the excessive profits obtained from exploitation of the colonies and semi-colonies to increase the number of bribed and corrupted workers who, for the crumbs that fall from the tables of the imperialists, aid the ruling class hold the working class in subjection.

A fight against the conquest of Europe, the struggle against the world court, the league of nations, Locarno and the fraudulent disarmament conferences can best be waged by creating in this country a powerful class party of labor that will expose the alliance, thru the medium of the old parties, of the reactionary labor leaders with the capitalist class.

Unless the workers of this country act in concert with the workers of Europe their future will be far blacker than the present condition of the workers of Britain who have been forced to live on meager state doles. Just as the British exploitation of India and the colonies has thrown hundreds of thousands of English workers out of employment so the continued growth of the imperialist power of the United States will reduce millions of American workers to the status of state dependents.

The only alternative is the response to the Communist International's call for a determined struggle against war and imperialism.

"Honest" Dollars in Industry

Mr. John M. Glenn, secretary of the Illinois Manufacturers' Association, is one of the most persistent propagandists of the scab shop in the country today. He reacts to even the mildest suggestion of unionization of industry as an infuriated bull to a red rag.

Recently this worthy circularized all the members of the organization of which he is secretary, warning them against the "pernicious meddling" of certain very meek and mild ladies and gentlemen who imagine they can align the church behind the labor movement.

In order to counteract this, Mr. Glenn incites his assorted butchers, plow manufacturers, lime and cement makers, coal mine owners, felt and tarant manufacturers and other eminent rotarians "to ascertain whether your church is being delivered in the matter of industrial legislation." In plain words he suggests that the business men bring pressure to bear upon the churches thru threats to refrain from contributions in order to induce them to support the scab shop propaganda. We suspect he will encounter but trifling resistance in this regard as most apostles of Jehovah will readily find the exact quotation that will justify servility to capitalism and prove that workers who revolt against slavery will be scourged here and damned to hell hereafter.

The grave concern of Glenn over such a trivial question as a few churches mildly supporting organized labor is only an indication of the extent to which these enemies of labor go in combating real threats to their exploitation of men, women and children.

Most amusing was his observation that those who have "an honest dollar working in industry" should be invited to talk. If he means a dollar that was made honestly by the investor he is totally wrong.

Wealth is not produced by investment of money, but by the application of labor power to raw materials and machinery. And money used to employ labor is, as Marx said, "dead labor that thrives upon living labor."

Official Washington does not care to learn about child labor conditions in New Jersey mills, but is gravely concerned about "child labor" in White House picketing. Was ever there more nauseating hypocrisy?

Get a member of the Workers Party and a new subscription for THE DAILY WORKER.



FORWARD WITH WORKERS' SPORTS

ARTICLE II. In District No. 8 the Young Workers (Communist) League has had some experience with sport work. Chicago, of course, leads in this respect. But outside of Chicago probably South Bend has done the most. Several years ago the League unit in South Bend organized and kept in the field for a whole season, a football team consisting of over twenty members.

Followed Wrong Policy. Its work came to naught because it did not follow the right policy. One of its greatest mistakes was that it made the team a part of the League. It named the team the Young Workers' League Football team, and compelled every player to become a member. The result was, that the comparatively small League unit could not hold the ideologically undeveloped players within bounds and the branch fell apart. It was simply a case of a "left deviation." Had the League unit been satisfied to keep the team as an organization apart from itself, and to control it by setting up a fraction of the most advanced members from within, then undoubtedly, the thing would have assumed a permanent character. The League would have reaped many new members as a result. All of the members of the team were young industrial workers and fine material.

In Gary a somewhat similar situation presented itself. In this instance the mistake committed was that the League did not take the opportunity to launch sport work. It happened that the League temporarily gained control over a "neighborhood" group of about fifteen boys, thru getting into the League its two main leaders. They were all religious and miseducated, it is true. As young steel workers they were splendid material. Of course, it was impossible to assimilate them at one gulp. The League activities and meetings were too far over their heads. They did not appeal to them.

The problem was how to hold on to them and gradually win them ideologically.

Need Sports' Clubs. Since they were all inclined athletically, (they all played either baseball or basketball) the logical thing would have been to organize them into a sports' club, build a League fraction within it, and thru propaganda and discussion develop their class consciousness and prepare them for membership in the League. This was not done. Consequently the entire group even the leaders, dropped out. Thus the Gary League, thru not making proper use of sports' work, lost a great opportunity of winning five or ten young steel workers for the Communist cause.

Probably instances of this sort occurred not only in District No. 8, but all over the country. However, we are interested in our past mistakes only insofar as they throw a light on our future work. We can and we must make sports' work an important part of our activity in District No. 8.

Elect Sports' Directors. In Waukegan (where there is a powerful Finnish workers' sports' group), in Milwaukee, and in southern Illinois, we must place this work on the regular agenda of our meetings. Each and every unit should elect a sports' director, or a sports' committee and make them definitely responsible for the gathering of all information in regard to the local workers' sports' movement. When all the information is in hand, a definite plan of organization work should be laid out. The National Sports' Committee has sent out detailed instructions as to how the work should proceed.

Now that summer is approaching, the time is particularly favorable for the launching of sport activities. Every unit in District No. 8 can make a real forward stride by devoting itself energetically to this work.

Sports' Committee, District No. 8.

The Workers' Home and the Child

If parents expect their children to travel the path towards Communism they must teach them at home. There are many party members who have children that are as far from Communism as Morgan or the Ku Klux Klan. The reason for this can be traced to the fact that the party parents do not take the children into their confidence, discuss problems with them and thus give them elementary lessons in class consciousness.

The party members must start teaching their children Communism at home, not in a dictatorial manner, but in one of comradely understanding. When this is done then they will themselves line up with the Young Pioneers or Young Workers (Communist) League.

Party members! Free your children from the grip of the imperialist ideology. H. Singer, Denver Y. W. L.

Bratska Sloga Aids the Passaic Strikers

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 23—The Bratska Sloga Beneficial Society at its last meeting made a collection of \$17 for the Passaic strikers. The money raised was sent to the International Workers Aid, 743 Main Ave., Passaic. The society plans to arise more money for the Passaic strikers and in a letter of greeting to the strikers urges them to continue their fight for better living conditions.

YOUTH PARTICIPATE IN May Day PITTSBURGH, Pa.—International Labor's Holiday, the First of May, will be celebrated here at the Carnegie Music Hall, corner E. Ohio and Federal streets, N. S. Pittsburgh, on Saturday, May 1, at 8 p. m.

George Papcun, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League will be the youth speaker. J. Louis Engdahl, editor THE DAILY WORKER, will be the party speaker. Freda Truhar, member of the Young Pioneers will speak in behalf of the workers' children. Besides this an interesting musical program has been arranged.

Chang Tso Lin Allies in Peking. PEKING, April 23—Peking was under complete Fengtien (Manchurian) control following arrival in the capital city of the Fengtien-Shantung leaders, Chang Hsueh Liang, son-in-law of Chang Tso Lin, Chang Tsung Chang and Li Tsin Lin.

Come Ahead Into the Young Workers League