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CHARLES EVANS HUGHES

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By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

ILLINOIS labor leaders, the bona fide variety so-called, desire to remain neutral in the contest for United States senator between George E. Brennan, democrat, and Frank L. Smith, republican. So far serious consideration has not been given in news of the Streator convention, to the candidacy of Parley Parker Christensen, who is running against both, but on no tangible platform except a vague back-to-Jesus one. If Parley desires any friendly co-operation from the christian labor leaders who dominate the A. F. of L. around here he will have to orientate towards Samuel Insull and keep away from Mount Calvary.

SINCE Frank Farrington accepted the \$25,000 yearly retainer from the Peabody Coal Company there is a saying around here that a politician whose neck is not built to wear an Insull or a Peabody collar has a poor prop for his head. The political aspirant who claims to wear no man's collar nowadays does not even get credit for honesty from the voters. He is looked on either as a hypocrite who "got his" and is trying to cover up or as a simpleton who does not know enough to turn his umbrella upside down when the golden shower is falling.

Outside of candidates who run on a working-class platform and on a working-class ticket, I never had the pleasure of meeting a capitalist aspirant for office who impressed me as being honest except one, and he was a native of South Boston, Mass. We will call him Mr. Bung. His opponent shall be known as Mr. Tung. Mr. Tung was a candidate to succeed himself. Mr. Bung's plea was that Mr. Tung was well fixed financially and had enough political honors for any one person.

spite Tung's loud howls at what he considered an attempt on Mr. Bung's part to pollute the streams of legislative purity, Tung went down to defeat under an avalanche of votes and Bung was elected. Such honesty is very rare indeed in capitalist politics.

THE Nizam of Hyderabad holds the world's record for all time, almost, for being the possessor of the best stocked harem in history. The exception was Solomon's, and I am beginning to suspect that Solomon's press agent overstepped the markeven for a press agent. The most intriguing story about Hyderabad is not the number or pulchritude of the famining furniture but the fact that the British government takes care of all his foreign relations, in return for which the Nizam undertakes to furnish certain troops for empire defense. Outside of that the Nizam is as free as—one of his concu-

THE British, always willing to carry the dark man's burden, thought the Nizam had his work cut out for him in looking after the interests of his lady friends, so the empire, thru the Indian office, added a number of officials to the Nizam's staff and the latter hasn't much to do besides amusing himself and acting as referee be- Ask Senate Committee tween his warring wives. The funny part of it is, or should be, that England is quite a moral country and stands squarely on a monagamous platform. Why, even Queen Mary refused to recognize an American actress at a Buckingham palace reception because the stage star's garters peeped out occasionally. But the Nizam! Business is business.

THIS discussion takes us from Hyderabad to the episcopal church in the United States. Our spiritual herd-refused last spring to approve reapers can never give themselves a rest from worrying about the precarious condition in which national virtue is in at a particular moment. One of the reasons given for imposing the Volstead law on the nation was the necessity for placing obstacles in the way of Old Nick, who was a couple of laps ahead of Jehovah in the neverending soul-grabbing contest. But what is the result of the work of the prohibition advocates, the bootleggers and the ku klux klan.

THIS column is too considerate of quote the exact words used by a writer | Christensen is a candidate on the pro-(Continued on page 4)

Eurent Events MINE WORKERS IN OHIO FEAR **BOSS ATTACK**

West Virginia Is an Object Lesson

This is the first of a series of articles on the crisis of unionism in the coal industry written by prominent labor writers.

By HARVEY O'CONNOR, Federated Press.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 15.—Attacked simultaneously on six fronts by the coal operators, Ohio's 40,000 union coal miners are holding the fort for the United Mine Workers of America in a crucial struggle which may determine the fate of the national organization. Besieged from one to three years by unemployment resulting from the country-wide effort to ruin the union, Ohio has become the critical point in the battle to save the soft coal industry for unionism.

Largely successful in West Virginia nd western Pennsylvania in wresting ontrol from the union, the operators, acked by Wall Street financial interests, mean to force the breaking of the national Jacksonville agreementand the union-in the heart of the central competitive field.

Born in Union. Ohio would have capitulated long ago if her coal diggers had not been born and reared in the union. Both the American Federation of Labor and the United Mine Workers were founded in Columbus and District 6 dates from April 15, 1890. Consequently unionism has become a tradition, a way of life for the men and women in the Ohio and Hocking valleys, the main mining districts.

A swing around the coal fields fails MR. BUNG was a poor man and to reveal the slightest weakening on the part of the workers although the opgive a good boy who was brought up erators, both individually and thru the around Flood Square a chance? De- newly-organized Ohio Coal Operators Association, are constantly attempting non-union operation. So far they have succeeded in opening not more than half a dozen big mines, mostly in Pomeroy Bend, and do not employ more than 2,000 miners. In the past month six of the bigger companies have made (Continued on page 4)

Save the Mine Workers' Union!

The crisis for unionism in the coal fields is becoming acute. Beginning today, The DAILY WORK-ER will publish a series of stories describing the condition of unionism in the more important coal fields of the country. Today's article is by Harvey O'Connor on the Ohio district. Following this will be articles by Art Shields on Pennsylvania and West Virginia, Ernest Chamberlain on the southern fields, Frieda Reicher on the Rocky Mountain district and others to be announced later. These articles will be of special interest to members of the United Mine Mine Workers' Union.

to Oust Coolidge's Alaskan Appointees

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 .- (FP) -Appeal has been made by the Peo-Overman of the senate judiciary com- pendents 2. mittee to help force President Cooand Reed and Dist. Atty. Shoup in Alaska. The committee unanimously pointment of the three officials when their official records were exposed.

Christensen Hits Fake "Interview" in Chicago Kept Press

By Federated Press. Branding as false the capitalist interview which quoted him as saying States. that he is not a radical, Parley Parker Christensen opened his campaign as 1 the sensibilities of its readers to United States senator from Illinois. gressive party ticket.

ILLINOIS MINERS! READ ABOUT FRANK FARRINGTON'S FISHWICK IN **NEXT SATURDAY'S DAILY WORKER**

The record of Harry Fishwick, the candidate of John L. Lewis and the coal operators for the presidency of the Illinois Miners' Union against Joseph in the hands of the Meighen con- nearly three years old. It is a vig-Tumulty, the progressive candidate of the coal diggers, will be told in part servatives, and the liberals attacked it in next Saturday's issue of The DAILY WORKER. Fishwick's relations with rights by the British crown. agents of the Peabody Coal company will make interesting reading for members of the Illinois Miners' Union. Miners should order bundles of next Satur tives was that the liberals sought to day's issue for distribution among the members of District 12

LIBERALS WIN ELECTION IN CANADA OVER TARIFF ISSUE ON U. S. PRODUCTS



ARTHUR MEIGHEN



W.L. MACKENZIE KING

Above is Arthur Meighen, premier of the conservative government of Canada, who went to the people for a protective tariff to Canadian industry, what there is left to it was defeated in his own constituency, while Mackenzie King, leader of the liberal party, was re-elected on a low tariff platform and will assume the premiership at the next session of the dominion parliament. Three labor members of parliament were re-elected.

ELECTION IN CANADA GOES

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 15 .- The returns from the Canadian elections, tho servative government, headed by Premier Arthur Meighen.

The new government will be led by the liberal Mackenzie King, and will consist of liberals, progressives, laborites and independents.

Premier and Five Ministers Beaten. Premier Meighen and five of his cabinet were defeated at the polls. The liberals so far are conceded 112 seats, the conservatives 87, progressives and liberal progressives 18, ples Legislative Service in a public United Farmers' Alliance, a progresletter to Senators Borah, Morris and sive element, 10, Labor 3, and inde-

Two political issues overshadowed lidge to remove Federal Judge Ritche miner matters in the elections. These were the tariff and dominion rights within the kingdom. The conservatives were for a high protective tariff in all of their struggles. as against the United States, the liberals for a policy of low tariff in trade with the United States.

Tariff With U. S. An Issue. The budget of the King government, which held power up to a short time on their side, or, at least, neutral talist press. "The DAILY WORKER" before the election, provided for a 15 They would have to move in the face tells us the truth. It teaches us to per cent reduction on American auto- of mass resistance. As it is they understand our problems and our mobiles and reduced income and gen- move against detached battalions of fights. Me must preserve and eral taxation. The conservatives urged workers who happen to be engaged strengthen this teacher at all cost. practically a tariff war with the United in battle against their bosses. And

In the matter of dominion rights, the liberals raised the issue of constitutional rights because Baron Byng. governor-general, appointed by the ger to its existence. It is our fore-British king, refused to dissolve parliament at the time King was premier. failed to be sustained by a vote of par-

British King's Agent Played Tricks. This forced King to resign. When Meighen succeeded him, Meighen, too, tion about that. wea defeated in parliament. This trick by the agent of the British crown left the control of the election machinery

The counter-charge of the conserva-

BRITISH KILL 5,000 CHINESE AND BURN CITY

Fire and Slaughter Is Used on Civilians

(Special to The Daily Worker) SHANGHAI, Sept. 15. - More details of the fight between the British and Chinese partisans of We Pei-fu river, when the British tried to re- your local will be appreciated by me. cover by force the British ships seized by Yang-sen who was angered by the British delivering arms by mistake to the Cantonese that were meant for Yang's use against the Can-

Camouflage Attack.

The British used a merchant ship, the Wiawo, as camouflage, arming it and loading it with marines. The boat was run alongside the British ship Wanhsein, held by Yang-sen's soldiers, who shot down a boarding party of British marines attempting to recapture the ship.

Fire City of 150,000

The British gunboats then opened fire not only on the Chinese aboard the Wanhsien, but upon the city of Wanhsien, which has a population of about 150,000, setting it afire, practically destroying the city and killing 5,000 people, besides the 300 Chinese soldiers on the boats and lining the

The American Counsel General at cabled Washington that General Tang, commander of the Cantonese now in control of Hankow, has issued an order forbidding the firing on foreign ressels in his jurisdiction.

Americans Safe at Hankow.

A wireless from Admiral C. S. Willams, commander of the U.S. Asiatic states that all Americans and British relayed from the U. S. gunboat Mon- senator and congressman. ocacy, at Chunking, a Chinese city on of the clash between the British and dates. Chinese at Wanhsien.

weepers in the Yangtze river.

British Send Another Cruiser. LONDON, Sept. 15. - The British cruiser Carysfort has been ordered to leave for China.

Conflict at Canton Eased.

HONGKONG, Sept. 15.—It is reported that the Canton government has undertaken to protect at British wharves at Canton, where the anti-British strike boycott has been going on for many months.

The British take for granted this incomplete, indicate a victory for the means a prohibition of strike pickets, liberal party over the present conthe Canton government that British gunboats be withdrawn from the river where Canton has jurisdiction, but claimed the right to send them back if picketing is continued.

August Gordon Seeks Support in Fighting Farrington Machine

BELLEVILLE, III., September 15 .-August Gordon, member of Local No. 4650 of the United Mine Workers of America, announces his candidacy for the scale committee in the Ninth Scale District of District 12. In the following appeal he calls on the various locals to nominate him and to support him in his fight:

"Belleville, Ill., Sept. 1, 1926. 'To the Officers and Members of Local Unions in the Ninth Scale District of District 12, United Mine Workers of America.

"Greeting: "This is to announce that I am a under his subordinate, General Yang- candidate for the office of scale comsen, say that at least 5,000 Chinese mittee at the coming election to be were killed by the British at Wan- held on the 14th of December, 1926, hsien, 1,200 miles up the Yangtze and the nomination and support of

"Yours truly, "AUGUST GORDON, "Member of L. U. No. 4650, "Belleville, Illinois."

LABOR PARTY **URGED AT MEET** BY OVERGAARD

Left Wing Leader Flays Walker's Report

STREATOR, III., Sept. 15 .-- The slumbering pyrotechnics broke forth today at the sessions of the fortyfourth annual convention of the Illi-Hankow, Frank P. Lockhart, has nois Federation of Labor, in session

> C. B. Cline, of the Auto and Aircraft Machinists' Union, Chicago, broke the ice with an open charge that Communists operating in this country had driven 100,000 machinists out of the union. And Andrew Overgaard, also of the

Machinists' Chicago, followed fleet, on board the flagship Huron, it up with a bitter attack on President John Walker's report on candiat Hankow are safe. The message was dates for state representative, state

Overgaard urged the federation to the Yangtze 1,500 miles in the inter- put a farmer-labor ticket in the field, ior, still further inland than the scene and to oppose the old party candi-

The United States has five gun- his attack by denouncing Overgard believe that whiskered Charlie is boats, two destroyers and two mine as "an obstructionist," a troublemaker and a Communist worker.

When the smoke had cleared away, President Walker's report was adopted with a slight dissenting vote. When the smoke had cleared away,

MARINE ENGINEERS DEMAND PAY RAISES OF STEAMSHIP LINES

NEW YORK, Sept. 15. - (FP)-Twenty big steamship lines have been served with a written demand by the Ocean Association of Marine Engineers for wage raises bringing engineers' pay to shipping board standards. This would mean increases of \$10 to \$25 a month. Wages have stood still since the cuts that followed the lost strike of

IS RECEIVED BY HEADS

OF EUROPEAN STATES



CHARLES EVANS HUGHES.

America's most famous corporation wyer and former secretary of state crime. is shown here on the steps of the ministry building in Paris after an audience with Foreign Minister Aristide Briand. These quiet trips of American ex-statesmen abroad are often reminiscent of similar journeys that Col. House used to make in the Cline, leaping to his feet, continued old days. In any case it is hard to merely having an outing abroad.

TO JOIN FIGHT ON INJUNCTION

420 Garment Pickets former District Attorney Katzman who while denying using a spy, admits Jailed in One Day

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Sept. 15 .-- A clarion call to union labor affiliated bor to fight injunction of peaceful leaders of the general strike commit-Industrial Council of cloak manufac- holdup. turers from Supreme Court Justice Charles L. Guy, returnable Wednesday

morning. While the union will make strenuous efforts in court to have the injunction vacated, a series of gigantic mass meetings thruout the city are being rapidly arranged, in which every A. F. of L. organization in the city is expected to participate. Already Louis Hyman, chairman of the cloakmakers' general strike committee, has received vigorous assurance of support from other unions which look upon injunctions such as issued in the eleventh week of the present strike as a menace to union efforts to improve workers' conditions.

Defies Injunction Action. Following a meeting of the strike dvisory committee, Mr. Hyman issued the following statement:

"The strike will not be broken by any injunction. We are of the opinion that the taking out of this injunc-(Continued on page 2)

DEFENSE TAKES OFFENSIVE IN **SACCO HEARING**

Madeiros Confession Is **Effective**

BULLETIN.

DEDHAM, Mass., Sept. 15-Reach ing back into the ambitions of four years ago, William G. Thompson in his plea before Judge Webster Thayer today for a new trial for Nicola and Bartolomeo Vanzetti charged that they had been "railroaded" to conviction because of their activities and to satisfy the presidential aspirations and person-

al avarice of "a then high official." "Who is the worst murderer," he cried, referring to Celestino Madeiros, who confessed the killing, "the man who slays and takes the consequences, braves the reprisal, or the man who for \$8 a day and who wants to satisfy a chief who wanted to become president of the United States and make money on the side, would send innocent men to death. One is safe. The other is dangerous."

Thompson said that he referred to the federal operatives then working on the case and the then Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer who later became a pre-convention candidate for president.

By S. D. LEVINE (Special to The Daily Worker)

DEDHAM, Mass., Sept. 15 .- Pity for Sacco's wife and children moved Madeiros to give his confession was brought out today at the hearing for a new trial for Sacco and Vanzetti at Dedham, Mass. In a deposition a hundred and forty-three pages long Celestino Madeiros, condemned murderer of a Wrentham bank cashier, gave the whole history of his life and all details of the South Braintree murder, in which he participated, thus exonerating Sacco and Vanzetti of this

This deposition was taken last June 28 by Lawyer Thompson and District Attorney Ranny when it was thought, that Madeiros would be sentenced before the hearing.

Madeiros Unshaken.

Both lawyers, the defense and prosecution, had cross-examined him. His confession has not been shaken. He refused to give the names of the Braintree murderers but insisted that Sacco and Vanzetti were not the men. District Attorney Ranny read the cross-examination of Madeiros, but it did not change the situation. Admit D. of J. Role.

In the afternoon session District Attorney Ranny introduced twenty-one affidavits against the affidavits brought by Lawyer Thompson. The part of the department of Justice in the case was admitted today when Prosecuting Attorney Ranny read an affidavit by former District Attorney Katzman that U. S. Agent Weis did speak to him about placing a spy in the cell next to Sacco and that he did not ap-

prove of it. Arguments Continue.

Later a man came to see him who with the American Federation of La- said he was sent by Weis, but Katzman in his affidavit says he did not picketing was the reply last night by suggest any plans to him. Ranny also brought an affidavit from Madeiros' tee of the 40,000 cloakmakers to the sister, saying that Madeiros did not temporary injunction obtained by the live in Providence at the time of the

> The case will continue tomorrow. It is expected that the arguments for the case on the merits of the affidavits will begin tomorrow afternoon.

Disease and Hunger in Kansas Flood District

(Special to The Daily Worker) KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 15 .-Pestilence and hunger threatened the Kansas flood district today and in Burlington where most of the flood damage occurred a second heavy rain was falling.

Small cyclones visited Hutchinson and vicinity last night causing thousands of dollars' damage. Waters had receded in most of the 100-mile long flood area.

Two Burlington railroad trains were marooned in Northwest Missouri this morning and heavy washouts had occurred near St. Joseph, Mo.

NICARAGUAN LABOR FORCES WINNING WAR ON WALL ST. TOOL CHAMORRO

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 .- State department information from Nicaragua, is that the reactionary military dictator, Chamorro, is ready to compromise with the liberal and labor forces now waging successful war against him to

restore the constitutional regime he overthrew by a coup last year. If the liberal and labor forces are successful they will place Vice-President Sacasa at the head of the government. Mexican labor has been giving powerful aid to the rebels against Chamorro. The Nicaraguan labor unions are affiliated with the Pan-American Federation of Labor.

We Need The Daily Worker; It Needs Us

By MAX BEDACHT

hands of the capitalist class is the serve and strengthen this voice at all capitalist press. This press is manu- cost. facturing and falsifying public opinion. It is this "public opinion" upon

To be sure these powers would propagandist at all cost. move anyway in the defense of the

the rest, the masses, stand idly by. ness of our press is a constant dan-Weak the our press may be, but it is ties and must secure its existence. a weapon in our hands. Better than sharpen and to strengthen it. We for "The DAILY WORKER" one hunneed our press-there can be no ques- dred per cent.

 $B_{
m press\ needs\ us.}^{
m UT\ because\ of\ its\ weakness\ our}$

Our "DAILY WORKER" is now orous youngster. It is a formidable as an infringement of the dominion fighter. But it still needs our close attention and support. Without that

it cannot grow up and grow stronger. "THE DAILY WORKER" IS OUR annex Canada to the United States. MOUTHPIECE. Without it our party "The DAILY WORKER."

THE most important weapon in the voice in the public. We must pre-

"THE DAILY WORKER" IS OUR ORGANIZER. Without it our party which the powers of the state base and our movement would be deprived their interference against the workers of an effective propagandist. We must preserve and strengthen this

"THE DAILY WORKER" IS OUR bosses' interests. But they would TEACHER. Without it too many of have to move with greater difficulties us would be delivered over helplessly if they did not have "public opinion" to the poisonous vapors of the capi

Without "The DAILY WORKER' our party and our movement would THIS is the fruit of the poison of be crippled to near helplessness. We the capitalist press. The weak-need "The DAILY WORKER." But at this moment "The DAILY

WORKER" needs us. It is in immedi most duty to remedy this weakness. ate danger. We must meet its difficul Comrades! Let us all pull together throw away a weak weapon is to The task is to put over our campaign

> GIVE MORE THAN YOU CAN! GET DONATIONS FOR "THE DAILY WORKER" FROM YOUR AND ITS FRIENDS! GET SUBSCRIBERS WHERE YOU

Help us to keep "The DAILY "THE DAILY WORKER" needs us.

CANNOT GET A DONATION!

But more than ever do we need

COAL FAMINE IS PRESSING IN **GREAT BRITAIN**

Unsatisfactory

(Special to The Daily Worker) of cool weather is bringing a rising apprehension at the shortage of coal, and not a little of the protest is directed at the mine owners' association. which refuses to settle with the strikers on the basis of a national agree-

Orders for British coal are pouring into the offices of coal merchants, and coal consumers declare they are entirely dissatisfied with the kind of coal imported from other countries.

Everyone is heartily fed up with it." says one big coal merchant.

The owners, who have rejected the proposal of the government, that the where participate in a three-cornered conference with the government and the strikers' representatives, think that the strikers are beaten to their. knees and concessions to them are dependent political action by labor. unnecessary.

The owners boast about the miners who have returned to work, yet their change of 55,000 now working through the offset the to affect the figure, there being 1,000,000 on strike standing firmly for the union in spite of the most bitter suffering. The government, which has been ready at all times to coerce the miners, now has the task of showing its attitude toward the mine owners who refused the proposal of the government made by Winsten Churchill. It is expected that Premier Baldwin, called back from his vacation in France, will have the job of continuing the negotiations in the coal strike, as well as determining British policy in China, the ostensible reason for his return.

President Green Agrees Workers Need Shorter Work-Day

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15-(FP) Further reduction of the standard president of the American Federation 20-year franchise. of Labor, in his speech at the laying of the corner-stone of the new officebuilding of Carpenters' Local 132.

and must be given the same oppor- bankers that now control the lines and Coolidge Cohorts Fear tunities as other men to develop their the other group is a syndicate of New spiritual, moral and mental faculties," York and Chicago bankers seeking to

"If we find it necessary to further

LABOR PARTY BIG ISSUE BEFORE CONNECTICUT STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR CONVENTION IN DANBURY

DANBURY, Conn., Sept. 15.—The Connecticut Federation of Labor met here with a hundred and ten delegates present representing local trade unions and central bodies from all over the state. The big issue arousing a lengthy iscussion in the convention was the question of independent political action and the formation of a Labor Party.

Imported Coal Is Found | The Labor Party question was brought before the convention by the local Painters' Union on the basis of the resolution of the national convention of The Labor Party question was brought before the convention by the local

painters last year which committed that organization to the formation of a Labor Party. The motion for the formation of a Labor Party in Con-LONDON, Sept. 15. — The approach | necticut was defeated by a vote of 23 in favor and 88 against.

Support Growing.

The fight for the Labor Party was led by Morris Rohinsky of the New Haven Painters' Local and supported by George Moffit of Stamford and John Vanietly of New Britain.

President O'Meara of the federation declared that he would fight "to the last drop" against the Labor Party because he said the Communists would be the leaders in the Labor Party if it ere formed.

The 23 votes cast in favor of the ormation of the Labor Party is a sign of the growth of the movement in the state of Connecticut and an indication that in the future conventions an even stronger support will be found for in-

FOR CONTROL OF **SURFACE LINES**

Two Groups in Battle Before City Council

Lisman and Company, a New York concern, acting for a syndicate of New York, Chicago, and other bankers, has offered the Chicago city council transportation committee to take over the street railway system when the present franchise expires and to work for the consolidation of the existing elevated, bus and street car lines and to interests of Spanish capitalists and establish bus lines where needed.

This concern, acting on behalf of a it has the necessary cash to refinance working day in American industry the roads and to operate and maintain was suggested by William Green, them provided the city grants them

Competition between two groups of bankers is on now before the city council. One group is composed of a council. One group is composed of a "Working men are human beings number of Chicago and New York gain control of the roads.

Neither of the two groups state in reduce hours of labor then our labor their proposals whether there will be movement will lead in seeking the a return to the former 5-cent fare or further reduction of working hours." whether the fare will be increased.

of the famous work "Under Fire,"

writes the second of an unusual

series of articles on the Balkans.

His recent trip to investigate the

extent of White Terror caused a

violent attack on his person and

centered world attention on con-

ditions existing in "The Hell of

PRIMO DE RIVERA SENDS **NEW ENVOY OF MILITARY** DICTATORSHIP TO U. S.



Alexander Padilla, Spain's ambassador to Portugal, will arrive soon in the United States to become the ambassador of the fascist government of a land ruled by a military junta in the

syndicate of bankers, points out that that the necessary cash to refinance PRIMARY SEASON CLOSES; PREPARE

More Defeats

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 .- The 1926 primary season, which has been marked by more political upsets than any in recent years, came to an official close with balloting in a dozen

Hot Fight in Maryland.

In Maryland Senator O. E. Weller, republican, who came into the senate on the crest of the Harding landslide in 1920, is opposed for renomination by Representative John Philip Hill, the acknowledged wet leader of the house. Hill is anti-world court. There has been a slam-bang campaign which will leave scars in the republican organization in Maryland, irrespective of the outcome. Observers believe the contest will be close, with Hill leading.

Klan Backs Means.

In Colorado Senator Rice W. Means, republican, is opposed by two candidates, Charles W. Waterman and George A. Luxford. The klan has entered heavily into this fight and is seeking the control of the state machinery. Means is supported by the

In Louisiana Senator Edward S. Broussard, democrat, a wet, is opposed erendum on the liquor question. Broussard is favored to win.

Withdraw Cals' Man.

In President Coolidge's home state of Vermont, Senator Porter H. Dale, republican, is unopposed for renomination since the withdrawal of Ex-Governor Stickney, law partner of Attorney General Sargent. Stickney entered the race ostensibly as an administration candidate against Dale, who refused to follow the White House leadership.

To "Count In" Butler.

In Massachusetts the president's campaign manager, Senator Wm. M Butler, is expected to be renominated. He is opposed by Washington Cook, a wet. It is expected that Cook will be smothered when votes are counted. Ex-Senator David I. Walsh is unopposed for the democratic nomination. In Washington state Senator Wesley L. Jones, dry and pro-court, has three opponents for the nomination. The division in the opposition is expected to allow Jones to ride in.

Start Election Campaign. With the end of the primary season the candidates will start their sevenweek race towards elections in No-

Jones Ahead in Washington.

SEATTLE, Sept. 15.—Senator Wes- papers had not yet been served on ey L. Jones was leading his opponent, strike leaders. The magistrate warned E. Nixon, 48, of Clinton, Ia., died in a Frank E. Hammond, by four to one the police and counsel for the manu-hospital here today of injuries suffer for the republican nomination for facturers that arrests for violation of ed late last night when his automobile United States senator with practically the order can be made only after pick- was struck by a Chicago, Burlington all the precincts in the state heard ets had been served individually, on and Quincy express train at a grade from early today,

EIGHT WORKERS TRAPPED UNDER MISSOURI RIVER

Blast Cuts Off Tube **Drillers**

(Special to The Daily Worker) KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 15 .-Eight men were trapped in a tunnel under the Missouri river here today, when an explosion occurred where workmen were constructing a water main between Clay county and Jackson county. All air passages were

In Center of River.

The men were working in two crews, driving the shaft from either side of the river, and the cave-in occurred behind the crew in the north side of the tunnel, imprisoning them between the ground which had not been dug, in approximately the center of the river, and the mass of earth

Chief Engineer Charles S. Foreman the barrier, 2100 feet in the shaft, before he was blocked Little Hope,

The cave-in virtually sealed the por tion of the tunnel into an airtight pocket in which the men are imprisoned. Officials of the Smith Brothers. Inc., who were in charge of the construction, expressed doubt that their air supply would last eight men more than a few hours.

Altho there is a strong possibility that the men are all dead, according to workers, either killed by the explosion, which was so powerful that it knocked workmen on the surface from their feet, or smothered.

GREEN WINNER FOR GOVERNOR OF MICHIGAN

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 15 .- Fred W. Green, mayor of Ionia, winner of the republican nomination for governor in yesterday's primary election, coninued today to pile up his lead over Gov. Alex J. Groesbeck, fourth-term aspirant. Lieut.-Gov. George W. Welsh was battling with Luren D. Dickenson for second place on the ticket.

A total of 2,196 precincts out of 2,935 for governor gives: Green, 298,-755; Groesbeck, 171,310.

Waterman Leading in Colorado. DENVER, Colo., Sept. 15.-R. W. Means, republican, junior United States senator from Colorado, was running second today to Charles W. Waterman, on incomplete returns from yesterday's state primary. 502 precincts out of 1,501, giving Waterman

Luxford, 5.123. In the republican gubernatorial race, Oliver H. Shoup was leading John F. Vivian, backed by Senator Lawrence C. Phipps by 7,000 votes, the count being Shoup 19,874; Vivian 12,836.

19,805, Means 10,586 and George A.

Senator Broussard Re-nominated. NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 15. - Renomination of Senator Edwin E. Broussard, democrat, appeared prob-

able on the basis of returns from all

sections of the state today. With the city count complete and 831 out of 1,084 precincts in the Parish reported, Senator Broussard was leading his opponent, J. Y. Sanders, by a majority of 4,307 votes.

Ask New York Labor Join Injunction Fight

(Continued from page 1.) of the city water department imme diately went into the north tunnel with a crew of men, and penetrated to tion is another glittering but false for renomination by Ex-Governor hope dangled in front of the manufac-Jared Y. Sanders, who favors a ref. surers by their leaders to get a settlement on their own terms. They will feed them this hope for some time to come, but the manufacturers who believe the strike will be broken this way will soon find their mistake. Nothing will break the determination of the workers to obtain livable conditions. Mr. Finder and their other leaders will never see the day when workers will return on their indecent

"Injunctions do not make cloaks. Sooner or later the manufacturers will have to come to terms with the union. Every effort they make to delay the final settlement will redound to their own disadvantage. They can get the workers back into their shops not thru the intervention of the governor nor thru an injunction, but only by con ceding to the workers their just demands."

Replying to full-page advertisements appearing yesterday in the Yiddish press, inserted by the Industrial Council, Hyman declared that the appeals contained in them, urging the workers to return to the shops, did not coincide with Finder's recent statements that, as far as he was concerned, the strike was broken and over.

Magistrate Rosenbluth, sitting yes terday in Jefferson Market court, freed fatal. 420 cloak pickets arrested yesterday for violating the injunction, tho the the nicket line with injunction papers, crossing near here,

Labor Must Expose the Capitalist Government CAMPAIGN MEL CAMPAIGN MEL Workers Party Wins

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

TWO former agents of the department of justice have admitted, in affidavits read at the reopening of hearings demanding a new trial for Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, that our two comrades were deliberately "framed" by the powerful United States government that wanted to get rid of them.

This is what The DAILY WORK-ER has always charged. Without ceasing The DAILY WORKER has thundered that Sacco and Vanzetti are innocent of the murder committed in the South Braintree, Mass., payroll robbery, April 15, 1920, more than six years ago. The actual murderers have been revealed as members of the Morelli gang of Providence, R. I., thru the admissions of one of the gangsters, Celestino Madeiros, now facing a death sentence for another crime.

The two ex-agents of the department of justice, Lawrence Letherman and Fred J. Weyland, now confess that Sacco and Vanzetti were being railroaded to the electric chair as "one way of disposing of them." The frame-up job was merely part of red-baiting drive of President Woodrow Wilson's Attorney General, A. Mitchell Palmer, "WITH THE AP-PROVAL OF THE DEPARTMENT IN WASHINGTON, TO WHICH FULL REPORTS WERE MADE."

In Letherman's own words: "It was the opinion of the department of justice agents here (Boston) that a conviction of Sacco and Vanzetti for murder would be one way of disposing of them."

Let those words sear themselves into the minds of every worker in America. They reveal, better than many volumes, the real nature of the employing class tyranny that has reared a government in Washington to keep labor in slavery.

In attacking the spokesmen of labor the government has two alternatives. It can either bring them to trial for the principles that they espouse or it can frame them up on some fraudulent criminal charge.

The government fears the former. It results in a court clash over vital principles as in the Michigan cases growing out of the raids on the Communist Party convention at Bridgeman. Communist principles gain a hearing before broad masses of workers. Then no death penalty has as yet been fixed for those espousing the cause of the social revolution in this country.

The government, therefore, prefers the frame-up, in the case of Mooney and Billings, in the case of Sacco and Vanzetti, and in many other similar cases that dot the pages of American labor history. The tactics of the Pinkerton and Burns Detective Agencies, become the tactics of the United States government, altho William J. Burns did not get into the department of justice until the democrat, Palmer, had been succeeded by the notorious Harry M. Daugherty, now on trial for collecting graft totalling \$441,000 out of a deal to return alien property in his custody valued at \$7 .-000,000 to its German owners.

Murder is the popular frame-up charge. It is legalized lynching. Thus Joe Hill was put to death by the government in Utah. It was a lynching bee as much as the murder of Frank Little, slain by a mob during the war. Only the voice of labor has so far halted the legal lynching of Mooney and Billings, Sacco and Vanzetti. The attacks on Sacco and Vanzetti was cold-blooded and deliberate. The ex-agent, Letherman, in the employ of the detective service of the government for 39 years. mainly in the post office department. further states:

"It . . . was the general opinion of such of the agents as had actual knowledge of the Sacco-Vanzetti case that Sacco and Vanzetti... were not highway robbers and had nothing to do with the South Brain-

The Wilson-Palmer department of justice had 12 men on the jobbing of Sacco and Vanzetti, carefully preparing the frame-up in order to make it airtight. Some of these

were undercover. One was "planted." in a cell beside Sacco in the hope of entrapping him into confessions. Others served on Sacco-Vanzetti committees, one as a collector. An effort was made to place another in the home of Mrs. Sacco. So carefully and deliberately does the government plot its attack on the advance section of the working class.

The Wilson-Palmer democratic administration was succeeded by the Harding-Daugherty republican regime that in turn gave way to Coolidge-Sargent rule, also republican, in the department of justice. The last, however, is just as guilty as the other two. The frame-up is not characteristic of any single administration. It is an established weapon of the capitalist tyranny.

Attorney William G. Thompson, for Sacco and Vanzetti, charges that he wrote to Attorney-General Sargent demanding that the records of the Boston office be opened as a matter of justice where two human lives are at stake. Yet Thompson declares that not only has the attorney-general failed to answer his letter, but that Inspector Dowd, in charge in Boston now, has refused help, giving as his reason unwillingness to exceed his instructions. Murderers were never more cold blood-

Thus Cal Coolidge, president of the United States, stands revealed as one of the executioners seeking to strap Sacco and Vanzetti in the electric chair, instrument of the capitalist assassins in Massachusetts. Coolidge, thru his close contact with the department of justice, dominated by his own appointee Sargent, and errand boy as he is of the textile and shoe barons of New England, must have known the facts about the frame-up of Sacco and Vanzetti. He must have known the truth when he was visited by William Green, president, and the rest of the officialdom of the American Federation of Labor, at his summer retreat in New York's northern woods. All the greater the crime of Green, Woll, Ryan, Duncan and the rest who shook hands with a would-be murderer of courageous workers.

With the fake charges against Sacco and Vanzetti thus blasted, it is well to study their actual crime against America's ruting class. They still sit in the Massachusetts death house actually because they took up the cause of a fellow worker. Andrea Salsedo, seized for deportation and held by the department of justice on an upper floor on one of those high skyscrapers that canyon Park Row. in New York City. Salsedo was held prisoner for months. Efforts to secure his release were futile. One day in early 1920 his body came hurtling thru space, from the open window of the department of justice offices. It was crushed lifeless against the pavement in the street below. The inference is that the department of justice agents, failing to get Salsedo to confess to any of the numerous blasts that were taking place at this time, like the Wall Street explosion and the Chicago post office disaster, had thrown him from the window knowing that certain death waited below to silence Salsedo forever.

It is charged that this is the method used to "dispose of" Salsedo in New York City, just as the electric chair was to be used "to dispose of" Sacco and Vanzetti in Massachusetts.

The workers must now put the United States government on trial. Sacco and Vanzetti have not been murdered. But Salsedo was slain in cold blood. The murderers can be found. The whole American working class must be aroused in this new effort.

A new phase of the Sacco-Vanzetti case opens. Labor has been too much on the defensive, struggling valiantly, to be sure, to save the lives of our two comrades in prison. Labor must now enter upon an offensive challenging the would-be murderer in the Sacco-Vanzetti case, the actual murderer in the Salsedo case -challenging the United States capitalist government itself.

Two Children Die in Farm House Fire

FRIENDSHIP, Wis., Sept. 15-Two children were burned to death and their father was fatally injured in an effort to save them Sunday when fire destroyed the farm home of Jake Hoffmaster in the town of Big Flats, northeast of Friendship.

Mrs. Hoffmaster leaped from an upstairs window to escape the fire, which started while the family was asleep, and sustained injuries that may prove

Crossing Death in Illinois.

ROCHELLE, Ill., Sept. 15-Charles

Menace of Illinois

BEARDSTOWN, III., Sept. 15. -Levees are being reinforced, and bridges, roads and sewers protected as well as possible, as authorities today are attempting to prepare for a threatened flood. Many streets already have been flooded by backwater, and several sewer mains have broken. flooding several additional streets. The east end of town and the levee district are being deserted in the face f the threatened peril.

The Illinois river is rising and the bridge here has been closed to traffic. The levee at Naples, it is reported, is safe from a break.

We will send sample copies of The send us name and address.

CAMPAIGN MEET

Workers Party Wins in Free Speech Fight

(Special to The Daily Worker) PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 15 .- With he local police department well repesented and to the strains of the 'International," the Workers (Communist) Party opened its congressional campaign here before an enthusiastic throng in Carnegie Music Hall, from which the party was barred by the police on last May Day.

Abram Jakira, district organizer of he Workers (Communist) Party, in opening the meeting as chairman pointed out that the gathering had a double purpose. To celebrate the free speech fight won by the party and to inaugurate the party's 1926 parliamentary struggle in the Pittsburgh district.

J. Louis Engdahl, editor of The DAILY WORKER, aroused great enthusiasm from the fight to free Sacco and Vanzetti by pointing out the revelations brought to light in the confessions of two ex-department of justice agents in the court hearing at Dedham, Mass., Monday. He used these revelations admitting the government's frame-up against Sacco and Vanzetti to explain the real nature of the American capitalist governmental tyranny.

Mrs. Parthenia Hills, the party's candidate for lieutenant governor, won great applause by her excellent statement of the part that the worker is taking in the American class struggle. Her declaration that the Negro was in a class fight and not a struggle for his race was enthusiastically applauded. She eloquently exposed the republican party as the enemy of the Vegro workers.

Organize Young Workers. George Papcun, of the Young Workers (Communist) League, urged the organization of the young workers in the steel mills, the mining and electrical industries. A special musical program was furnished by the Kendra

This was the first of a series of four campaign meetings. The next meetng will be held Sept. 28, addressed by William W. Weinstone of New York

AIMEE'S ALIBI FALLS DOWN ON MISS X DOUBLE

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 15 .- A little black book and the notes in it have indone a perfectly good alibi for Aimee Semple McPherson, the woman evangelist who disappeared at a Calfornia beach and appeared some weeks later in the desert at the Mexican border in Arizona with a suspicious tale of having been kidapped and held for ransom

The little black book was the property of one Mrs. Lorraine Wiseman, who was arrested recently for passing worthless checks. The police discovered notes in the book showing that she had had some business dealings with Aimee.

Good Alibi, But-

It developed that Mrs. Wiseman was the woman who made an affidavit that she was the woman other witnesses had identified as Aimee Mc-Pherson, who was charged with spending ten days in a love nest with ner radio operator, Kenneth G. Ormiston, at Carmel-by-the-Sea during the time she was supposed to have been 'kidnapped."

Mrs. Wiseman had sought to clear ooth Aimee and herself by saying that certain "Miss X," Mrs. Wiseman's win sister, was the lady who reeived Ormiston's attentions.

Twin Sister Objects. The twin sister, Mrs. Viria McDonald Kimball of Oakland, California, objected to being put in this light, so Mrs. Wiseman confessed.

The confession specifies in great letail how the alibi for Aimee was worked out with Aimee's assistance and a promise of \$5,000 if Mrs. Wiseman would go thru with it. She tells how she got a certain Miss Rachel Wells to appear at Salinas, Cal., and make an affidavit supporting her own. Miss Wells claiming to be the mys-

terious "Miss X." Coached to Get \$5,000.

A man named Martin, supposed to be a Chicago lawyer, who had sent in an affidavit from Ormiston in which 'Miss X" was named as being his Flood Causes Alarm companion, and Aimee was cleared, s now said by Mrs. Wiseman to have trained her in her story to put the alibi across.

In addition, Mrs. Wiseman says: "Mrs. McPherson coached me of points which were vital to the story. Her attorney, Mr. Woolley, took me to a handwriting expert. I was instructed to try to copy the words and signature of grocery lists found at Carmel. Those were the words found

by reporters in my black book." When the news of Mrs. Wiseman's confession reached Aimee McPherson the evangelist issued a flat denial and shut herself up with her attorneys.

St. Louis Glovers Organize. ST. LOUIS-(FP)-St. Louis glove

workers have organized and union-DAILY WORKER to your friends- labeled St. Louis gloves are now on

The New Magazine Supplement of THE DAILY WORKER Issue of Saturday, September 18: HENRI BARBUSSE

"The Young Proletaire," a fairy tale by Michael Gold

"The Theatre Season in Moscow," by Ruth A. Kennell

"History of the Catholic Church in Mexico," concluding

"American Capital Conquering Poland," by B. K. Gebert

COMING—SEPTEMBER 25:

First installment of

Watch for Next Week's

Announcements of

With illustration by Fred Ellis

"What and How to Read," by V. F. Calverton

"Jennie," a story by Rose Pastor Stokes

Illustrations by the author

article by Manuel Gomez

"A Week in Cartoons," by Hay Bales

Cartoons by Vose, A. Jerger and others

"The Life of Karl Marx," by Paul Lafargue

"Ethyl Is Back!" by N. Sparks

With photographs



the great French novelist, author

BRITISH MEAN TO MAKE WAR **UPON CHINESE**

Armed Intervention to Bring in U.S.

ain is steadily moving toward a war pected that sufficient inducement will ed into extraordinary session in Ocinto line with Britain in a combined armed assault on the growing national movement for liberation from foreign imperialist rule.

Practical State of War.

In two places a practical state of war exists. On the upper Yangtze the British are involved with their own allies, the troops of Wu Pei-fu in the province of Szechuan, where two ships are still held by Wu's subordinate, Yang-sen, after the battle of last week in which the Chinese claim the British slaughtered great numbers of noncombatants wantonly. The British are trying to make another punitive expedition to recover the ships.

Also in Canton the British have taken the offensive by seizing anti-British strike pickets and declaring they are pirates and will be treated as such. At that point a fleet of 15 foreign ships is held up in the river by the Chuen-pi forts, while British war vessels are constantly provoking clashes with Canton authorities.

Appeal to Chang in Vain. Both Wu Pei-fu and Sun Chuanfang, the latter the military dictator of the five lower Yangtze provinces, have appealed to Chang Tso-lin at Mukden to come to their aid against the morthward drive of the Cantonese armies now consolidating their positions at Hankow, Wuchang and Hanyang arsenal on the central Yangtze. But Chang has troubles of his own in the north

This Manchurian dictator, tho well supplied with materials by Japan, particularly, and his great munitions factory at Mukden, cannot trust his own troops overmuch, and is menaced by the Kuominchun or "Peoples' Army" outside of Peking, the Kuominchun being allied with the Cantonese and preventing Chang going south by their menace to his rear.

Chang Massacres Mutineers.

How risky are the chances of Chang is seen by the mutiny of his troops at Kalgan, where he crushed the mutineers only by ambushing them and slaughtering several hundred at the railway station after disarming them upon a promise they would be dis-

The Peking government, such as it is, has taken the side of the troops of Wu in the upper Yangtze fight, and demanded Britain make an apology and pay reparations

In a Dilemma.

The imperialists are disturbed by the dilemma, for if they attack China in combination they fear that the whole nation will turn to the Soviet Union for an ally, yet if they do not act quickly the Chinese under Canton leadership will steadily drive all imperialist interests out and unite the nation under a strong central governe ment which will repudiate all the extra legal privileges of foreign powers.

Good Full Chested **STORIES**

of Labor

That will give you both pleasure and inspiration. -And make you a stronger member of the Labor movement.

We are glad to suggest that you read them.



FICTION

The Damned Agitator-And Other Stories, By Michael Gold. \$.10

By Jack London. \$.10 100%-The Story of a Patriot, By Upton Sinclair. \$.25 Fairy Tales for Workers' Children, By Hermina Zur Muhlen. Duroflex, \$.75

The Strength of the Strong,

Cloth. 1.25 Flying Osip-Stories of New Paper, \$1.50 Russia.

Cloth. 2.50

King Coal, By Upton Sinclair, Cloth. \$2.00 Chains, By Henri Barbusse. Cloth (2 vols.), \$4.00

POEMS

Poems for Workers, Edited by Manuel Gomez. Bars and Shadows, By Ralph Chaplin.

Poems For the New Age, By Simon Felshin. Cloth, \$1.00 Rhymes of Early Jungle Folk. Cloth, \$2.00

DAILY WORKER PUB. CO. 1113 West Washington Blvd., Chicago, III.

Bomb Thrower Given Year Sentence by a Fascist Tribunal

(Special to The Daily Worker) ROME, Sept. 15 .- Gino Lucetti, an rchist held here on charges of at tempting to assassinate Premier Mussolini on last Saturday, was today sentenced to one year's imprisonment by a Carrara tribunal for wounding a fascist in an altercation in September SHANGHAI, Sept. 15.—Great Brit- 1925, prior to his departure for France.

Reports were circulated today that of intervention in China, and it is ex- the senate and chamber would be callbe made to bring the United States tober to enact a bill for capital punishment for assassins and would-be assassins. If this bill is passed and Lucetti is made to serve his sentence in Carrara first, he may be made to suffer capital punishment.

CZECH PAPER **RUNS SCAB AD** FOR CIGARMEN

So-Called Marxian Sheet Is Caught

Spravedlnost, a Czech newspaper that parades as a labor sheet and is run by a group who call themselves the "Marxian Federation," has been caught running an advertisement for strikebreakers. In their current issue is to be found an ad calling for cigarmakers to apply at 224 N. Wells street for work at their trade. An investiga tion of this address reveals it to b the Metropolitan Cigar Co., against which union cigarmakers are now on

Union Verifies Story.

This was verified at the office of the Cigarmakers' Union, Local 14, when John Harvery, secretary of the local, said that not only the Metropolitan but a number of other firms in the city have been struck by the

All of which would seem to indicate that Spravedlnost needs to look after

British Governor of Hongkong in Speech Attacking Cantonese

CANTON, Aug. 27 .- (By Mail.)lew days ago a new building of a cloth merchant was opened in Honkong. The British governor spoke at the opening and referred to the "uselessness of the attempts made by a body of organized bandits and pirates wrongly called the Canton committee, to damage the colony."

The governor then commenced to

criticize the Canton government: "The Canton government itself has not yet grasped that its first duty as a government is to maintain law and order, for it is in agreement with the organization of robbers and pirates even in its own capital."

These remarks have caused the (Kwang-Tung and Kwang-Tsi). Nomerous meetings have taken place as a protest against this act of provocation. A great demonstration has been support the strike and boycott movement of the Chinese population of the Kwang provinces.

400 Lose Their Jobs When Firm Bankrupts

ROSELAND, La., Sept. 15 .- (FP)paid-up capital stock of \$400,000 is ors of the political police. now in the hands of liquidators and approximately 400 men, women and children will be thrown out of em- litical police made the following stateployment.

Locarno Pact Effective.

GENEVA, Sept. 15 .- The Locarno security pacts became effective yesterday. Delegates of the signatory powers at 11:20 deposited copies of he parliamentary ratifications of the Locurno pacts with the league of nations secretariat.

READ IT NOW!

Scott Nearing's

latest pamphlet which will help you understand the great English strike

BRITISH LABOR BIDS FOR POWER

10 CENTS.

OTHER NEW PAMPHLETS BY THE SAME AUTHOR:

Stopping a War... ..10c Russia Turns East.. Glimpses of the Soviet Republic

Send 50c for All Five

THE DAILY WORKER PUB CO 1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois.

Calles Firm on Religious Views in Message to Congress; Surviving Senators Take Oath of Office Facing Death



Poland--The Land of White

The Seym Committee Reports.

prisoners during the police inves- got worse. tigations, the committee heard numerous complaints on brutal treatment and maltreatment, and in some cases the prisoners showed signs of malreatment. The great number of com- ulation that they do no more keep silplaints and the equality of the de- ent despite the frightful terror; details which were stated by the vari- spite death and imprisonment. More ous prisoners, as well as the circum stance that the government did not deny cases of maltreatment of prisoners recently and in districts where the committee undertook no investigations, all these facts lead to the supposition that the treatment of the prisoners by the political police durng the preliminary investigation leaves much to be desired and that the complaints of the prisoners are very probably justified. . ."

The Role of the Socialist Party. THE socialist party of Poland is playing a most shameful role in all these questions. Hated by the majority of the class conscious workers, greatest indignation amongst the toil- this party tries to maintain its power ng population of the Kwang provinces in the labor movement by the annihiworks hand in hand with the political police in the struggle against the revolutionary labor movement. Workers arranged to take place this week to suspected of Communism, are denounced by the people of the P. P. S.; from the ranks of the P. P. S. come the most capable agents provocateurs (Tchubala, Trojanovski and others) of the political police. This role was played by the P. P. S. already in the first period of Polish independence, years the P. P. S. as oppositional party The Roseland Veneer company, with a was one of the most active co-operatare forced by need and starvation to troop and by the armed "fighting

With regard to the well-known trial of Trojanovski, the leader of the po-

"What I do as a profession, Mr. does as an amateur!'

loans from the American bankers.

Germans Sell to U. S. Railroads.

protests from Germany against the

U. S. Treasury's ruling that German

iron and steel imports must pay addi-

paid export bounties.

lin was created because of diplomatic tion.

DISCOVER THAT GERMAN STEEL

FIRMS UNDERSELL U. S. FIRMS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

the U.S. Treasury, has discovered that German steel is being sold in the

United States below cost, the German exporters getting repaid by an ex-

port bounty from the German government, and being financed by enormous

or \$10 under the American market the United States, while in 1924 she

price, which, taking into account sent only 28,000 tons.

BERLIN, Sept. 15.—The mixed commission, on which is represented

HERE WITH AID OF U. S. LOANS

P. P. S. participated in the govern-femployed, however, is certainly twice ment, the persecutions and maltreat- as large. DEGARDING the treatment of the ment of the political opponents only

> Lead-Instead of Bread. THE deep economic crisis which bankrupt Poland is passing thru, has led to such a poverty of the pop-



JAKOB ZITTERSPIELER

when the government was in its own and more frequently the workers go | L celebrations characterize best the hands . . . Also in the following into the streets. The unemployed are attitude of the Polish social demothe initiators of this movement, they crats. Guarded by a strong police act with more determination than the groups" the social democrats were alother sections of the working class. lowed to hold their meetings in peace veloped white terror, is also the Skizinski, attended it. In the meanclassic country of unemployment. Prager (a leading personality of the about 500,000, which is half of the by the police and when this had no

land. When the P. P. S. entered the coal- The other half consists mainly of of the social democrats were mobilizition government in December, 1925, short-time workers who work only ed. On lorries they drove in the Com- They get all the profits, not the workit found itself compelled to raise the two to three days a week. Only 40 per munist demonstrations and fired from ers. In July only 1,087 more workers demand for political amnesty. This cent of the registered unemployed retheir revolvers into the peacefully were added to the mining industry. demand was only the result of a presceive miserable doles. An example: demonstrating masses. Seventeen They are forced to work 10 and 12 sure from the working masses and af- In Strye (according to the report of dead and over 90 seriously injured hours a day. The eight-hour day has terwards, as a government party, the the social-democratic "Robotnik") of workers and an immense number of been killed altogether. Pilsudski and P. P. S. did nothing to carry it out. 750 registered unemployed, only 42 re- slightly injured were the result of this the bourgeoisie are triumphant. The On the contrary, at the time when the ceive a dole. The real number of un- frightful murder.

Germany Leads in Steel Exports.

Unemployed Mass Movement. N this ground the mass movement of the unemployed develops. The wave of demonstrations move from one town to the other. The campaigns of the unemployed do not only take place in larger industrial centers such as Lod, Dombrowa, Upper Silesia, etc. but also in less significant towns such as Vlozlavek, Kalish, Lublin and others. The worst peculiarity of unemployment in Poland consists in the fact that the unemployed find nowhere a place where they could use their labor power. The immense army of the starving people finds a refuge neither in the villages, which are overcrowded with unemployed, nor abroad where one needs no emigrants at pres-

The coalition government of the capitalists, agrarians and social democrats applies the severest measures against the workers' demonstrations. (Only after the bloody events the social demoreceive them with rifle shots. They of coping with the situation. obilize bayonets. swords and even poison gas against them. Dozens of with their help. The coal strike in lead and hundreds of wounded prist England forced the British capitalists will lose the source of their profits. oners are the bloody harvest of the

In Styra (Eastern Galicia) in the end of March, 10 dead, 30 wounded; in Kalish, 9 dead, 60 wounded. Also in Vlozlavek, Lodz, Varsaw, Savierzie and other places the blood of the Polish zloty jumps upward. The Polish A Victim of the Polish White Terror. unemployed was shed in the streets.

THE events during the last May Day Poland, the country of most de- and even the prime minister, Count time, however, Communist demonstra-P. P. S. and member of parliament) whole industrial proletariat of Po- effect against the strong number of scabs shipping coal to England. the Communists, the fighting groups

can bankers to such big German steel So is the Polish socialist party. firms as the Krupps, the Deutsch Lux-

Russian Monarchists Smuggle Dope to Get

wn market.

mestic prices. American steel firms BERLIN, Sept. 15 .- Berlin police The commission now sitting at Ber-say they cannot stand this competihave captured twelve men believed to be the main German branch of a world-wide cocaine smuggling organi-How this has worked out is shown by zation. Among the prisoners is Baron the rapid rise of German steel exports. von Meyer, who claims to be nephew tional duties because the Germans are Only two years ago Germany was of the late czar of Russia.

seventh in the list of steel exporting The local gang mostly are of the The dispute arose out of a purchase nations. Last year she was fourth, Russian nobility, among whom are by the Boston and Maine railroad of and in the first six months of 1926 she Baron Rosenthan and Staff Colonel 20,000 tons of steel rails and material stood first. During these six months Papekewiecz, both well known. from Krupps, for a price of \$32 a ton, she exported 128,000 tons of steel to

Send us the name and address of a of Aid for the British miners had been progressive worker to whom we can established. Pilsudski's government transportation and duty costs, is The fact is that scores of millions send a sample copy of The DAILY dissolved it. A conference was called in Zawiercie, where 24 unions were about 30 per cent below German do of dollars have been loaned by Ameri WORKER

T. U. E. L. TELLS BRITISH UNIONS FARRINGTON IS AGENT OF MINE OWNERS

The following cable sent to the British Trade Union Congress tells why the American trade union progressives protest any representation of Frank Farrington, named by the Atlantic City convention of the American Federation of Labor last year as delegate to the British Trade Union Congress, to speak in the name of American labor. So far as known, no action was taken by A. F. of L. officials withdrawing Farrington's authority. The cable is as follows:

"Walter Citrine, secretary, British Trade Union Congress, Bournemouth. England.

"Frank Farrington has finally been exposed as coal operators' agent. The Progressives have pressed this charge for years, and for so doing have been removed from office and expelled from the union by Far-

"The Trade Union Educational League demands of the British Trade Union Congress that this agent of the American coal operators be not allowed to speak in the name of the American workers or the coal miners.

TRADE UNION EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE, William Z. Foster, Secre-

Marryville Merchant Fights Lumber Company

LAKE CHARLES, La., Sept 15.-Alleging that his general merchandise store had been boycotted, James Deon, Maryville merchant, has instituted suit for \$24.810 damages against the Kirby Lumber company. Deon charges that the defendants ordered their employes not to trade at his store unthat as a result his business was

MONROE DOCTRINE FLY IN OINTMENT OF WORLD COURT

Commission Seeks Way to Beat Reservation

(Special to The Daily Worker)

GENEVA, Sept. 15. - The commision named two weeks ago to study the American reservations to its application to the world court has named smaller drafting committee to frame a reply which will give a brief affirmaive answer to the application, while making a counter reservation on American reservation 5, which counter reservation it is hoped will be acceptable to the United States, and avoid sending the whole matter back to the United States senate.

May Nullify Reservation 5.

The American reservation 5 is the crucial one. It bars the council of the league of nations from asking the world court for an advisory opinion on any issue "in which the United States has, or claims, an interest." This, it is claimed, would give the United States, not a member of the league, a veto power against a maority in the league council.

It is hoped to avoid this by a couner reservation that America will not claim more rights than any other nation. But this nullifies the whole busi-

Monroe Doctrine the Trouble. The particular ticklish angle is seen

in the application of this reservation to South America. If Chile and Peru, for example, should ask the league of nations to settle the Tacna-Arica dispute, the league council would have to ask the world court if it had the right to act. Under the American reservation the United States could declare that the council could not act, because der penalty of being discharged, and the United States has an interest in South America thru the Monroe doctrine.

POLISH CAPITALISTS AND TRADE UNION LEADERS UNITED TO SCAB ON THE BRITISH MINE STRIKERS

By J. KOWALSKI.

There is great joy. "The Polish Zloty Is Rising," "Economic Situation Is Stabilized," "Faith of European Powers in Poland Is Growing." "Foreign Bankers Willing to Loan Money," "No More Unemployment," "The Working Masses Are Satisfied"—these and other titles are strung across the headlines in Polish capitalist papers in America and in Poland.

Why all this joy? Is it true? The finances of Poland have been exhausted. The zloty was rapidly sinking. Hundreds of thousands of workers

were unemployed. Hungry and in+ rags they went onto the streets demanding bread and work. The Polish

lets and prison. British Capital in the Rescue.

Then came the coup d'etat of Pilsudski in May. He won, but the economic situation remained the same as before. There was no way out of it. crats left the government). They of For about two weeks the new governfer them lead instead of bread. They ment was up in the air, without means are confiscated.

But the British capitalists to look for coal in other countries, and, of course, cheap coal. Poland the streets. "Stabilization" will end. has it.

Profit From Scabbing.

The British place huge orders. The loan obligations also jump. Mines in Poland started to work day and night. There were not enough cars to move the coal from the mines to the ports. Germany and Czecho-Slovakia, thru English influence, loaned the cars. So the wide stream of coal started to flow into England.

The export of coal rises rapidly from day to day. In July 1,835,000 tons of coal were exported (440,000 more than The army of the unemployed is tions were attacked with gas bombs in June). At present the United

The Polish bourgeoisie are happy. unions controlled by the social patriots are tolerating this and they are silent.

The workers of Poland, especially emberg company and the Vereinighte the miners, have a revolutionary tradi-Stahlwerke, the new Ruhr steel tion and fighting spirit. They well untrust. This allows the German steel derstand that they are injuring the firms to undersell U.S. firms in their cause of their British brothers by permitting Polish coal to be exported to

Unions Led by Socialist Scabs. They are protesting and fighting

against this, but Pilsudski has the solby Without Working diers, police, courts, jails and the leaders of the unions with him, because they are for "Poland before all" and this is "stabilizing Poland," as they

> Nevertheless the Polish workers are fighting. The fight is led by the Communist Party and the revolutionary left wing unions. The Communist fraction in parliament has protested and demanded that the government stop the coal shipments.

Communists Fight Scab Coal. In the Dombrowa Basin a Committee

represented. The aim of the conference was to help the British miners. government had but one answer-bul-The police interfered, dissolving the

> they would not abandon the fight. All leaflets and papers dealing with the British strike and calling on Polish workers to prevent shipments of coal

> conference. Those present protested

and sung the Internationale as they

went to their homes, promising that

The Future.

forever. What then? The bourgeoisie The workers will again be thrown or The Pilsudski government will again find itself in a situation worse than

before. And the workers not only in Poland but thruout the world will remember that Pilsudski, and the leaders of the unions affiliated with the Amsterdam International, and the Polish socialist party, were the biggest scabs in the heroic strike of the British miners.

500

workers are sending news of their lives, the job, and their unions to The DAILY WORKER. These workers are organized in many cities—and they issue a small newspaper of their own!

SUBSCRIBE

and learn where, what, when and how to write.



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The American Worker Correspondent 1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ille

Workers (Communist) Party

WORKERS PARTY ENTERS CANDIDATES IN STATE **ELECTIONS THIS YEAR**

in a number of states nominations have been filed by petition while in others the petition campaign is still in progress to place Workers (Communist) Party candidates officially on the ballots.

Nominations officially filed:

Michigan.

Michigan-The following candidates will appear officially on the ballot in the primary elections to be held Tuesday, September 14:

Governor, William Reynolds. Congress, 13th District, William Mollenhauer.

Congress, 1st Dist., Harry Kish-

Congress, 9th District, Daniel C.

Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania-The following were the candidates nominated: Governor, H. M. Wicks.

Lleutenant-Governor, Parthenia

Secretary of Internal Affairs, Max United States Senator, E. J. Cary.

State Legislature, first district, Ernest Careathers and Anna Weis-Second District, Mike Blaskovitz

and Celia Paransky. Seventh District, Margaret Yeager. Eighth District, Susie Kendra and

Ninth District, William P. Mikades and Sam Shore. State Senator, William Schmidt.

Colorado.

Governor, William Dietrich. United States Senator, James A.

Secretary of State, Nelson Dewey. State Treasurer, Leonard Forsch-

Superintendent of Public Instruction, Helena Dietrich. State Auditor, O. McSwain.

Plans of Boston Labor Politicians

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 15. -In the Labor Day parade the Workers (Communist) Party succeeded in frustrating the plans of the local labor politicians who sought to furn the celebration into a tribute to the republican party. The Workers Party distributed 5.000 copies of the Boston Worker. which contained a number of illuminating articles on the capitalist candidates of the two major parties, called on the workers to fight for a Labor ized. Every worker in the line of march secured a copy of the paper which helped to counteract the poison which was later disseminated from the band stand by Governor Fuller and

Sunday, September 12, the party held its regular weekly meeting on the Boston Common which was attended by over 500 workers. The speakers were Hubert Riley, Lewis Marks, can didate for governor, George Siskind, Bert Miller. Current political issues were discussed and the tactics of the two major parties in the present campaign, also the real problems which confront the workers at this time. The question period was interesting, in so far as the workers displayed a very Soviet Russia. The question repeatedly turned to this topic.

H. M. Wicks will speak at the meet ing to be held Sunday, Sept. 19.

New York Lefts to Meet at Yom

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 .- Revolution ary workers and left wingers will meet at the concert and ball arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party of this district in conjunction with the Jewish fraction at New Star Casino, Saturday evening (Yom Kipper Night) September 18.

There will be an excellent concert preceding the dance, and one of the are urged to be present at this ratificafinest bands will play the dance music. Those who want to attend are adrised to get tickets in advance. Tickets paign. are for sale at the district office-108 E. 14 St. and at the office of the Fretheit, 30 Union Square, at the Workers' School, 108 E. 14th St. and at Jimmie Higgins' Book Shop, 127 Unirersity place. Admission is 50 cents.

NEW YORKERS! Your LAST CHANCE this year

SCOTT NEARING

"THE CRISIS IN BRITISH

Community Church Auditorium be held Friday evening, Sept. 17 at 34th St. and Park Ave., New York Mon. Eve., Sept. 20, 8:15 P. M. Admission 75c.

IMPERIALISM"

ON TO A HALF MILLION!

Distribute a half million copies of the pamphlet, "The Workers (Communist) Party-What It Stands For, Why Every Worker Should Join" by the end of this year.

44.000

copies of the pamphlet by C. E. RUTHENBERG

The Workers (Communist) Party, What It Stands For, Why Every Worker Should Join

already

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EVERY WORKER-

In your shop

In your neighborhood

In your trade union

In your fraternal organization

MUST GET A COPY OF THIS PAMPHLET!

Tell Half a Million Workers What the Party Stands For!

Orders, accompanied by cash-21/2c a copy to party organizations; National Office, Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, III.

Get Big Set-Back NEW YORK PARTY MEMBERSHIP MEETING TO BE HELD AT THE MANHATTAN LYCEUM ON MONDAY

A very important special membership meeting will be held on Monday, September 20, at 8 p. m. at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., to take up the past, present and future activities of the Workers (Communist) Party and their relation to the election campaign and the membership drive.

Comrade Weinstone, general secretary of the district, will make a report on the past activities as for example our work in relation to the Passaic strike, the Furriers' strike, the united front campaigns of the party, etc. He will Party, and to organize the unorgan- also touch on the socialist party. He will trace the development of our activity and will deal at length with the election campaign.

Comrade Stachel, organization secretary of the district, will take up the political importance of the membership drive and how to extend it.

Admission is by membership card of the Workers (Communist) Party or the Young Workers (Communist) League. All Workers (Communist) Party as obvious at the sorority back door and Y. W. L. members are urged to attend.

SECTION THREE, CHICAGO, TO HOLD MEMBERSHIP MEETING IN VILNIS HALL SUNDAY MORNING

Section Three, Chicago, Workers (Communist) Party, will hold a general embership meeting Sunday morning, Sept. 19, at Vilnis Hall, 3116 South Halsted St. During the reorganization of the party many comrades were put bad enough, but now every man's ever-growing non-union circle in westin nuclei meeting in one corner of the section while they lived in an endeep interest in what is going on in tirely different part of the section. The Section Executive Committee has decided to remedy this situation. It is important that every member of the party in this section attend this re-organization meeting.

The part Section Three must play in the coming congressional and senatorial election campaigns will also be taken up. There is much work to be done in this meeting and every member is urged to be at the meeting at 10:30 o'clock sharp.

Kippur Night Dance New York Will Hold Ratification Meeting Friday Night, Sept. 24

NEW YORK, Sept. 15. - New York comrades will ratify their candidates at a mass meeting to be held Friday night Sept. 24 at the Central Opera House, 67th St. near 3rd Ave. All tion mass meeting as it will be the only meeting held during the cam-

The speakers at this meeting will be: BENJAMIN GITLOW, candidate for governor; WILLIAM F. DUNNE, candidate for United States senator; WILLIAM W. WEINSTONE, candidate for congress in the 20th congres sional district; BEN GOLD, manager, joint board of the Furriers Union; JACK STACHEL, chairman.

Boston Membership to Meet Friday Eve.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 15. - There will be an important membership meeting for all members of the Workers (Communist) Party in Boston and neighboring cities. This meeting will 7:30 p. m. at 249 Friend Street. Bear North Station. All party members must attend. Membership books will have to be shown at the door.

CHICAGO DAILY WORKER AGENTS MEET FRIDAY TO LAUNCH BIG DRIVE

Samuel Hammersmark, city agent of The DAILY WORKER announces a meeting of DAILY WORKER agents to be held Friday, Sept. 17 at 19 S. Lincoln at 8 p. m. The agents will meet to make preparations for the Fall drive to build The DAILY WORKER sub list in Chicago and to resume the winter season activity of covering union meetings with the paper. Every nucleus of the Workers Party in Chicago is expected to take the responsibility for covering at least three union meetings a week. All nucleus agents are expected to be at this meeting.

ST. LOUIS-(FP)-Worried over unemployment and mounting bills, with no money to pay them, Jacob Greenberg sought to grown himself in a St. Louis pond.

Robert Topping, a pressman, who swallowed poison died, leaving a note, "My insurance is due, house rent is unpaid and I am broke. Life is not worth while."

Send The DAILY WORKER

New Leader Refuses to Admit INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE IN CONVENTION PASSES RESOLUTION ON Fabrication of Stalin's Speech

anything from you? Moreover, where

we got our story is none of your

business. We are under no obliga-

tion to you to explain anything that

appears in the columns of The New

Leader and we do not expect you to

explain to us anything that appears

in your publications. Please under-

stand this and don't trouble us any

more with your 'petty bourgeois pre-

judices' about the 'workers and peas-

ants government of Russia.' Any-

body that can sell you that idea will

be able to sell you stock in a flower

garden at the North Pole. Forget it.

recover from your Bolshevik souse,

WE need not comment on the mass of verbiage under which the edi-

tor of the New Leader hides the direct

refusal to correct an out and out lie

which is published. Every intelligent

worker can draw his own conclusion

as to the calibre of the editor who

THE fact that stands out in this

matter, is that Editor Oneal of the

New Leader took from the capitalist

press a dispatch grossly slandering the

general secretary of the Communist

Party of the Soviet Union, published

this in his paper, without giving the

source of the dispatch and then when

caught in having published a manufac

tured speech, refuses to tell the truth

THE Socialist Party has sunk low

indeed when it is necessary for

to publish manufactured speeches

assigned to Communist leaders in

rder to carry on the struggle against

Communism and Communist princi-

ples. The triumph of the proletarian

he proletarian dictatorship in building

socialist economic system, is becom-

ng so clear to the workers that the

socialists can no longer challenge it

on the basis of the facts. The alter-

native is to use manufactured docu-

ments such as the capitalist govern-

ments have been using against the

Communist International. It is to

this method of carrying on the fight

against the Communists, that the New

Leader and its editor have now des

revolution in Russia, the success of

to the readers of his paper.

writes such a letter.

"Hoping that you will some time

"Very truly yours,

(Signed) James Oneal."

Workers (Communist) Party

THE DAILY WORKER

THE statement of the central committee of the Workers (Communist) Party containing the telegram from the head of the Agitprop Department of the Communist International declaring that the speech attributed to Joseph Stalin, general secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union was an out and out fabrication, was sent to the New Leader, the New York Socialist organ with a request for publication.

The New Leader had published the peech attributed to Stalin on August 4 with some additional misrepresenta-

ions of its own. The following reply to this request

has been received from James Oneal, the editor of the New Leader: "Mr. C. E. Ruthenberg,

1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois, "Dear Sir:

"I am in receipt of your astonishing note of September 9 with enclosure of a mimeograph statement alleged to be an answer to a news story carried in The New Leader of August 14. You ask that this statement be published in The New

"My dear Mr. Ruthenberg, I am astonished at your request and the 'petty bourgeois' prejudice which you display in your note. You want us to print your statement. My dear hero of the Michigan woods, don't you know that you could not get a line in The New Leader and that you have wasted two cents in postage in sending your statement to us?

"Let me explain. We believe in dictatorship-especially for you and your kind. Good dope, isn't it? Comes direct from the holy city of Moscow and bears the imprint of the Plenum of the Presidium of the C. C. of the C. P. of the G. P. of the C. C. C. of the C. P. S. U. You subscribe to it. Fine! We apply it to you. Not a line in The New Leader. Good Leninist organizatory tactics, isn't it? (See Thesis 231 adopted by the E. Z. extraordinary session of the Plenum and unanimously endorsed by the Presidium of the C. C. of the C. P. of the G. P. of the C. C. C. of the C. P. S. U., chapter 92, section 64, verse 23, page 1,781). It is all clear in this reference so that no 'betrayer of the working class' or 'counter-revolutionist' can pervert it from its true meaning.

"How did you happen to fall into the 'bourgeois deviation' of thinking

(Continued from page 1)

in the current issue of The Witness,

a weekly published by the episcopal

witness to is hardly mailable unless

* * *

rauding co-eds.

CURRENT EVENTS By T. J. O'Flaherty.

cended

(Continued from page 1)

church. But, in substance, the writer states that college morality did not begin to slip until the arrival of the The gin delivery man is now 1917 scale of \$5 a day West Virginia Object Lesson. as the iceman. Campus women go on drinking bouts with premeditation and malice aforethought and the male students are considering a curfew law

have to wait so long for the millenium.

Hope for Breaks. DEOPLE suffering from the delusion that they were radicals because of a subterranean wart somewhere in their anatomies came to the assistance of Aime McPherson, the foxy evangelist, when the authorities went to investigate her kidnapping yarn and ran into a romance. No doubt the same type will yell for Gene Tunney when they read that he ordered the 'four volumes of Marx's Das Kapital." For the benefit of those who do not read the sporting column, Tunney is pugilist of parts, who is scheduled o fight Jack Dempsey some time in he near future. Tunney is an exake ports as is Ohio coal. marine and "hero" of the world war. Majority Out of Work. Dempsey claimed exemption and es-Only 12,000 to 15,000 miners are caped shell shock and a lot of favor-

Russ Living Paper to Be Out Sat. Night at Workers' House

able editorial comment in the capital-

ist press. Now pick your favorite.

The next, eleventh issue of Prolet-Tribune, the living newspaper issued by the worker correspondents of the Novy Mir, will be out next Saturday, the union scale. When the British September 18, at the Workers' House, | coal lockout is settled, however. Ohio 1902 W. Division St. It is the first will feel pressure acutely as an efindoor issue after the summer season. fective boycott has been placed on language are invited.

for one month to your shop-mate. ning at 8 p. m

The letter of Oneal is a confession of bankruptcy in the fight against Communist principles, which today give leadership to the revolutionary workers in the struggle against cap MINE WORKERS

ises of more work at lower pay. christian country? What have our union does not succeed soon in lessenspiritual shepherds been doing for the ing the pressure on the Ohio miners. writing under the constitution. last hundred years? The saloon was If non-union West Virginia and the home is his brewery and the wife who ern Pennsylvania are allowed to opdoes not carry a flask in her sock is erate without effective opposition, considered a weak sister. What the sheer hunger this winter may force indigent episcopalian actually bore capitulation in the isolated coal regions of south central Ohio. Already the man is a liar, which is quite pos- the blight of non-unionism has sesible. At any rate, the lads who cured a firm foothold in Pomeroy used to predict a "nation of father- Bend, in southern Ohio across the ess children" under socialism did not river from West Virginia, while the West Virginia panhandle, a part of District 6, is now lost to the union.

Miners and their officials are hoping for the lucky breaks, either in a readjustment of freight rates, a diminishing of the boycott on union coal or an uprising in West Virginia, to open the Ohio mines, not more than a quarter of which are operating. In the meantime there is nothing for them to do but await national developments, as Ohio is quite dependent on the general coal situation. Unlike Illinois, she enjoys no extensive rate preferential into big cities such as Chicago and St. Louis. West Virginia coal is as near Cleveland and other

working five days a month or more out of a district membership listed between 40,000 and 50,000. In the past two and one-half years nearly \$1,500,-000 has been paid in relief and this winter union funds, it is admitted, will be meager. Even the pitiful \$3 a week may be lessened or cut off.

The British coal situation is absorbing millions of tons of West Virginia product, leaving a slight gap which encourages Ohio operators to open mines here and there in the state at All who understand the Russian union coal in this state by class-conscious wholesale and retail dealers to Admission is only 25 cents. Begin- lessen the domestic demand for local

CRIMINAL SYNDICALISM STATUTES

Resolution on Freedom of Press, Speech and Assembly Under the Criminal Syndicalist Laws as Presented in the Cases of Anits Whitney, Fiske and Ruthenberg Now Before the Supreme Court

THERE are now pending before the Supreme Court of the United States the cases of Anita Whitney, charged with membership in the Communis Labor Party in California in 1919, the case of Fiske, charged with member ship in the I. W. W. and that of C. E. Ruthenberg, charged with "assembling with" the Communist Party at Bridgeman, Mich., in 1922.

All these prosecutions are based upon the so-called "criminal syndicalist" declare that membership in an organaws. which are an invasion of the ization advocating ideas prohibited by constitutionally guaranteed rights of the "criminal syndicalist" laws is a reedom of speech, press and assemoly. These laws punish by sentences volved may never have spoken or write f from 10 to 20 years the advocacy of certain principles in relation to the struggles of labor membership in an organization advocating certain principles and the "assembling with" such rganizations.

Constitution Says.

The First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States declares categorically:

"Congress shall make no law . . abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble. . . .

The freedom guaranteed to the orkers under this provision of the constitution which is binding upon the states under the 14th amendment, has been progressively whittled down by the Supreme Court as required by the interests of the ruling, exploiting class of this country.

Passed During War.

During the period of the war congress passed the conscription and espionage laws which prohibited speech, and writing in opposition to the war. When these laws were appealed to the Supreme Court the court declared, in spite of the clear provisions of the Constitution that Congress had the power to prohibit and Labor Defense declared that the only punish speech and writing when there way the right of the workers to freely was a "clear and present danger" that the speech or writing would re- ideas and to organize and assemble in sult in violation of law. In other words, the interests of the capitalist can be upheld, is to unite in support rulers of the United States required of the right of freedom of speech, that opposition to the war and con-press and assembly and to carry ond scription be stifiled under which laws an uncompromising fight against any prohibiting freedom of speech and attempt by state legislature, congress press were declared to be constitu- or the supreme court to limit these tional.

At the close of the war the movenent of the workers against capitalist exploitation and oppression grew in thru the power of a mass movement strength and the capitalist rulers of of the workers that the provisions of the United States needed new laws the constitution can be made effective with which to destroy this movement. and the workers really will secure the To fill this need the "criminal anarchy," 'criminal syndicalist" and "criminal assembly, and it calls upon all worksedition" laws were enacted in 37 ers to join in the struggle to achieve states. Under these laws hundreds of workers have been imprisoned for long terms for no other "crime" than speech or writing advocating the principles of the I. W. W., the Communist Labor Party, the Communist Party of a great open-air celebration. Sunand the Workers (Communist) Party. First Test,

before the supreme court in the case of Los Angeles. The young workers will of Benjamin Gitlow, charged with have an opportunity to express them-"criminal anarchy" because of the pub- selves in sports, speeches and song. river; is a powerful object lesson to war the supreme court could not upthe miners on the dire consequences hold the constitutionality of the "crimof union defeat, and they are deter- inal anarchy" law of New York as for self-protection from bands of ma- mined not to succumb to honeyed prom- applied in the Gitlow case, because their was no proof in the case that Nevertheless unemployment, poverty anyone had read the manifesto and WHAT is the world coming to if and acute misery may force a break such doings can take place in a in the Hocking valley if the national ger" which the court had said was necessary in order to punish speech or

Dangerous! The supreme court, in order to proest the interests of the ruling class of this country found it necessary to go a step further in the interpretation of the constitution so as to prohibit reedom of speech and press. It found the way to do this by declaring that certain forms of speech and writing were in themselves so dangerous (to the ruling capitalist class!) that their atterance or publication under any circumstances created "a clear and present danger."

In the cases of Anita Whitney and riske, now before the court, the court s asked to go another step further and

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crime, although the individual inten a word in advocacy of those ideas.

"Assembling With." In the case of C. E. Ruthenberg, the court is asked to uphold an interpreta tion which goes still further than the one made by the lower courts in the Whitney and Fiske cases and declared that the mere "assembling with" an organization advocating the prohibited ideas is a crime punishable by a long prison sentence.

This convention of the International Labor Defense declares that the con stitutional interpretation made by the supreme court shows clearly that what is law is not a matter of the provision of the constitution, but what the interests of the ruling capitalist class requires at a certain time. The record of the free speech cases show that the supreme court is prepared to come pletely nullify the constitutional provision that "Congress shall make no law ... abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, or of the right of the people peaceably to assemble. as required to protect the right of the capitalists to exploit and oppress the workers and to still any opposition to this exploitation and oppression.

Fight For Rights, The convention of the International speak, and write their opinions and support of these ideas and principles!

The convention of the International Labor Defense declares that it is only rights of freedom of speech, press and these rights.

I. Y. D. in Los Angeles.

International Youth Day will be celebrated in Los Angeles in the form day, Sept. 19, will be a red letter day. Eagle Rock park will be filled with The first test of these laws came the voices of the vigorous rebel youth

lication of the manifesto of the left | Speakers from the Workers' Party, overtures to 11,000 men to work at the wing of the Socialist Party. Under the Young Pioneers, Young Workers' test of the rule laid down by the League and other young workers of supreme court in the free speech and ganizations will be on hand to tell you West Virginia, just across the Ohio press cases which arose during the a few startling truths, truths that will strike home.

We invite all the workers, especially the youth workers of Los Angeles, to turn out and celebrate this working-class youth holiday. Young workers, this is your day, your chance to mobilize your forces against the

oppressors. Arrangement Committee I. Y. D.

A subscription to The DAILY WORKER for one month to the members of your union is a good



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News and Comment Labor Education Labor and Government Trade Union Politics

AUTO WORKERS' UNION MEETS IN DETROIT, MICH.

Organize Unorganized Is Big Problem

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 15 .- The organization of the vast mass of unorganized workers in the automobile industry is the task that the incoming general officers of the Auto Workers' Union will have, according to instructions given delegates to the Auto Workers' Union convention that has been opened here by their locals.

Each of the delegates coming to the convention has a plan as to how to organize the workers in this important industry. Delegates from many locals come with instructions to work for the affiliation of the Auto Workers' Union to the American Federation of Labor and plan their organizing drives in co-operation and conjunction with the metal trades department of the American Federation of Labor.

There are about 5,000,000 workers in the automobile industry. New York has the strongest local. Detroit is Detroit membership is constantly increasing. Any worker that seeks to join the Auto Workers' Union should communicate with the general 4620 Beaubien street. Detroit,

Telegraphers Thrown Out of Work by New Machine Cable Device

The new Permalloy cable between New York and London is another triumph in eliminating human operators from the telegraph and cable service, it appears from the announcement of the Chicago division of the Western Union Telegraph Co. "The unheard-of speed of 2,500 letters per minute, about five times faster than any long distance submarine cable of the old type, is attainable over this dis award. circuit." City Superintendent Herbert Brown declares.

Detroit Auto Workers Want to Join A. F. of L.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 15.-Local 127 of the United Auto, Aircraft and Vehicle Workers of America at their last meeting adopted a number of resolutions signifying their desire for affiliation with the American Federation of Labor and calling on the na- carpenters and building laborers even tional convention of the American later signed an agreement identical Federation of Labor which will be with the Landis held in Detroit starting October 15 to | clauses of: launch an active organization campaign in the automobile industry.

The Detroit union signifies its prison made. willingness to enter into negotiations with the metal trades department of right to stop work individually or colthe American Federation of Labor lectively because of nonunion men of with the intention of affiliating itself with the American Federation of

Some of the slogans that the Detroit union points out should be used in the organizing campaign which of "closed shop," no use of non-union they urge the American Federation of material and a uniform agreement for Labor to conduct are: "Against wage all trades to expire at the same time. cuts." "For an increase in wages," "For a general improvement of working conditions," "Establish the 8-hour day and the 44-hour week."

out by the state department.

Employers Oppose Laws.

surance caused the government to un-

The labor government in New

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTS ATTACK

AGAINST COMPENSATION LAW FOR

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15. - In the Under the new law, an injured

United States Daily for Sept. 7, ap- worker, in case of total or partial

peared the first instalment, three col- incapacity, will be paid two-thirds of

umns long, of a hostile report on the his weekly earnings, but not more

new workmen's compensation law of than \$15 nor less than \$10 a week.

New South Wales. This report, quot- In addition, if he is married his wife

ing the statute enacted by the labor will get \$5 a week, and for each child

government of that Australian state, he will get \$2 a week. He will also

emphasizes the claims made by busi- be provided with medical and surgi-

ness men and conservative politicians cal attendance, to an amount not

that it will be a heavy burden upon more than \$250. If a worker is kill-

industry. The report comes from the ed while on the way to work, his de-

American in Sydney, and was given pendents will collect compensation as

South Wales has adopted a forty-four which it has made public says that

hour act, against which the employers "certain labor elements" backed this

raised a similar outcry, and on July measure and the 44-hour law in or-

1 its second measure, which provides der to gain improved conditions

government insurance, paid for by "whatever the toll that such legislathe employers, against industrial action might exact." It predicts that

cidents and industrial diseases, took the workers will now suffer unemployeffect. A refusal by the private in ment because employers cannot pay

dertake that job at the last moment. BUILD THE DAILY WITH A SUB.

surance companies to write the in- the insurance rates.

INJURED WORKERS OF AUSTRALIA

BUILDING TRADE UNIONS NEED UNITED ACTION TO FIGHT THE RENEWED OPEN SHOP CAMPAIGN

By ARNE SWABECK.

ouncement came just before Labor Day that two big construction jobs now under way, the De Wolfe building and the Jewelers' building, were ready o finish these jobs with union labor. The jobs had been struck on August 23 and 28, respectively, and the announced settlement shows that the socalled "citizens' committee" to enforce he Landis award failed in its pretenponement of wage increase. Evi-

tious promise to furnish enough scabs o replace the strikers.

Must Look Ahead.

This means a further setback to the a slackening season may weaken the 'citizens' committee" which has suf- unions. fered many reverses since the memorable day of the mighty demonstration against the Landis award on April 30, 1922. But it is also well to

emember that with the slackening of the building boom, the powers of this open shop" outfit may again increase while the most complete solidarity of the building trades workers will be necessary to maintain their gains made.

The Chicago Building Trades Council has at last begun to function. During the critical days following the issuing of the Landis award it failed completely. The majority of the smaller trades became pledged to the Landis award, while the Building Trades Council ceased all functions. For a considerable period it even held no meetings.

An Open Shop Move.

The Landis award was the first gun in the determined campaign of the bankers and manufacturers to comcrush the building trades The so-called "citizens' combecame organized immediately thereafter and inaugurated its policy of bringing scabs to the city and placing them on the jobs under gunmen and police protection.

When the council failed, the rank and file of the local unions demanded action. The Building Trades publicity ommittee was organized, composed of delegates directly from the local unions. The publicity committee immediately sounded a note of unity, against the attempt to smash the unions and demanded to maintain the right of sympathetic strike. The progressive elements took the leadership and a splendid demonstration was organized at which 140,000 workers turned out in parade against the Lan-

International Officers Reorganize Council

Later the international officials of all the building trades unions came to Chicago, but with one exception could recommend nothing but compliance with the Landis award. They came to Chicago a second time and finally succeeded in reorganizing the Building Trades Council.

However, with the carpenters still outside and the bricklayers, under the control of Pete Shaughnessey, the

1. No restriction of use of any raw or manufactured material except

2. That no union men have the other trades being employed.

Progressives Led Struggle.

The progressives continued to demand a united fight against the "citizens' committee" based on the slogans Only the building boom existing ever since the Landis award prevented the success of the union-smashing endeavors of the "citizens' committee."

Thus summer several trades entered CHICAGO—(FP)— Two test cases into new agreements with only the by the Chicago building trades coun- carpenters and the marble setters recil ended victoriously when the un- taining the "closed shop," while other tons went back to work on the down- trades, for instance the carpenters and to influence the arbitration board. town skyscrapers. They returned mi-structural iron workers having been nus the monunion craftsmen that had promised wage increases to take efbeen employed in violation of the fect October 1st. The Iron League in council's interpretation of the con- agreement with the various employers' associations, fought for this post-

tho he had been killed while at work.

U. S. Government Fights Labor.

The state department "information"

The Chicago building trades workers have won a victory. The an-

dently the employers are preparing for

a fight, but postponing the date to

gain further strength, expecting that

Boom Slackens.

The building boom is now slackening. All authorities agree that a period of the former normal demands for buildings have been reached. In Chicago during the first four months of the year there was a drop of 5 per cent in building compared to the same period the year before.

July and August show a further alling off particularly in residential buildings both from previous months this year and from the same months last year. This is the estimate made by the "Engineering News Record" which is generally quite reliable, despite attempts of juggling with fig-

Bosses Hopeful.

Undoubtedly the bosses are eager to regain the opportunities which at one time were offered by the situation created by the Landis award. The bankers and the industrial capitalists are not only their solid supporters but even taking over the direction o the fight. The important question is 'Do they feel themselves strong enu by October 1st or will they seek further postponement?" There car be no doubt that they are looking for a complete showdown. Even during the time of this recent strike, machine guns were mounted in the De Wolfe building structure, while heavy cars were manned by thugs and gunmen.

Unity of Action Urgent. The very life of the building trades mions makes necessary that the is sue of the closed shop be put squarely and that the greatest amount of unity of action be established amongst the various trades. Much precious time has been lost. The time of the buildng boom should have been the real opportunnity to make all Chicago to join the defendant union." building jobs union jobs and it is to

The fight cannot be avoided, and it protection of a union. s necessary to establish the solidarity

ly to take to your trade union meeting? with its employes.

Policies and Programs The Trade Union Press Strikes—Injunctions Labor and Imperialism

WINDOW CLEANER UNION DEMANDS A 44-HOUR WEEK

N. Y. Union Decides to **Fight**

At a mass meeting attended by 1,500 members of the Window Cleaners Protective Union Local 8, decided un animously on the following demands to be presented to the bosses' associa

That 44 hours shall constitute week's work. Wages, \$44.00.

Every company must have their men insured from possible accidents. No boss shall compel men to per form dangerous jobs, or to discharge them for declining to do such work. Pay For Rainy Days.

Pay for rainy days and for eight legal holidays. No discharge after two weeks of

ures being made by some so-called au- employment, unless good reasons have een found.

Determined To Fight. Window Cleaners of Greater New York are determined to fight till all these demands are granted. During the month of September, union meetings will be held every week on Thurs day 7:30 p. m.

No Strike, But Judge Issues Injunction to Forbid Union Campaign

By ART SHIELDS, Federated Press.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15. - Supreme Court Justice James A. Dunne goes other injunction judges one better. Dunne does not wait till the workers on such a question, democracy on thi go on strike, but issues his writs occasion took the form of any citizen against peaceful union appeals. His residing in Flint for over three month temporary restraining order in behalf of the Pak-It-Rite Paper Box com- six polling stations. No registration pany of Brooklyn forbids the Paper Box Makers' Union "from endeavoring lings voted "yes" at all six places. to persuade employes of the plaintiff

There is no strike at this big plant, be hoped that the Building Trades but the union is distributing circulars Council does not permit any further telling of the advantages of the 44hour week, of higher wages and the

George Powers, organizer for the required. The building trades unions union, laid the amazing open shop ormust insist upon uniform agreements der of the justice before the American with the right to sympathetic strikes, Civil Liberties Union which is having the elimination of nonunion made ma- a legal analysis made of it. He pointed terial and the agreements to expire at out that the injunction goes further the same time together with the or- even than the "yellow dog" injuncganization of the men employed in the tions of West Virginia and other building material manufacturing shops. places forbidding a union from persuad-Why not a small bundle of The contracts of employment. For the

RAIL UNIONS' STRENGTH REASON WHY ARBITRATION MAY GIVE MEN "SOMETHING," EXECUTIVES ADMIT

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press.

A general advance in the wages of railroad employes will not surprise many railroad executives, according to an obviously inspired note in the New York Times financial section. They feel, says the Times, "that the strength of the unions and the prosperity of the carriers will force the granting of something."

Here is admitted that the mere justice of the demand for a better living standard does not determine the decision of arbitration boards. The execu-

tives, according to the Times, hold+ wage increases unjustified but that Great Northern 8.6 the strength of the unions will help Santa Fe

The executives apparently have a Union Pacific 15.4 pretty good idea of the coming increases. They tell the Times that is reckoned on larger outstanding capthey expect an addition of at least italization than 1925. The increase in \$100,000,000 to the railroad payrolis. actual profit is therefore larger than This would mean a little over \$1 a the percentage figures indicate. week in the average railroad worker's

Record Profits in 1926.

roads behind the full year 1925. A being equivalent to \$4.28 a share. majority show considerable gains in stockholders' profits.

The actual earnings on common stock in 1925, in the 12 months endsults in 1926 for 15 important railroads are:

4		12 Mo.	Esti
Railroad	Year	to Aug.	mated
	1926	1926	1926
	%	%	%
Baltimore & Ohio	12.1	15.0	16.0
Chesapeake & Ohio	21.3	20.5	22.0
New York Central.	. 12.7	13.4	13.6
Nickel Plate	. 16.1	20.2	22.0
Pennsylvania	. 12.4	13.8	14.0
Reading	20.4	19.8	22.0
Atlan, Coast Line .	. 26.9	27.3	28.0
Illinois Central	. 12.9	13.0	13.0
Louisville & Nash	. 16.0	17.8	18.3
Southern	. 16.2	17.1	18.
Chicago & N. W	. 6.3	7.5	8.
Northern Pacific	. 7.2	8.1	8.

21.0 Southern Pacific 10.2 11.7 12.5 16.5 In many instances the 1926 return day. Reiteration by the Wall Street Jour-

operating expenses is swelling Balti-Each month's figures add to the cer- more and Ohio profits emphasizes the ainty that 1926 will show record rail- justice of the B. & O. shopmen's de- One Killed. Dozen coad profits. The Wall Street Jour- mand for increases long overdue. The nal's estimates of the 1926 earnings of profits of this leader in shop co-op-40 leading carriers show that only 3 eration are running a third larger expect to earn less than in 1925. Ac- than in the same period of 1925. For tual results for the 12 months ended seven months the stockholders' return July 31, 1926 show only 7 of the 40_{18} \$6,507,800 ahead of 1925, the gain

In July the ratio of B. & O. expenses to receipts was down to 68.8 per cent compared with 72.6 per cent a year ago. This means that the profit bag ing last July, and the estimated relis getting 31.2 per cent of each dollar paid for B. & O. railroad service compared with 27.4 per cent in July 1925.

> MADISON, Wis .- (FP)-Three problems facing organized labor were stressed by Sec'v. Frank Morrison. American Federation of Labor, in an address to Madison unions on Labor Day. These were the company union. the fostering by privilege of the Mus-I solini-dictatorship idea as a substitute

for congress, and the injunction judge.

for congress, and the injunction judge.

BOSTON—(FP)—Upholstery workers local 37 is suing for an injunction
against Kay Parlor Upholstering Co.
to enforce the contract clause that
only union workers be employed.

Marine Pilot Killed

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15. — Lieut.

Armond J. Norton of the marine corps,
was instantly killed today when a
plane he was piloting fell into the
Potomac River near Hains Point.

6:30 to 8:15—The Florentino String
Trio, dinner music; Vivian Lawrence,
Little Joe Warner, character songs.
8:30 to 8:30—Alamo Cafe Orchestra.
8:30 to 10:00—Hazel Nyman, accordian;
Jimmie Eggert, popular songs; WCFL
Ensemble.
10:00 to 2:00 a. m.—Alamo Cafe Orchestra and Entertainers.

GENERAL MOTORS **FLINT ELECTION**

City Must Build Sewer for Fisher Body Plant

By R. BAKER. SLINT, Mich., Sept. 15 .- In Flint lich., are located several large plants the General Motors Corporation The biggest of these is the new Fisher Body plant, well known for its speedup system. A new sewer was needed for this plant, which was to cost \$220,-000. The General Motors Corporation decided that the town of Flint should pay for it. Much to their surprise, when the question was voted on in

August it was rejected by 812 to 716. Seek to Change Vote. General Motors immediately set its nachinery into motion in order to revise this decision. A new vote wa

set for September. The writer predicted in The DAILY WORKER that the second vote for the sewer pro gram would carry because the major ity of the voters are employed by th General Motors Corporation.

Lay Down Law.

The Flint Daily Journal, controlle by General Motors, carried front page articles urging favorable action on the issue. Special meetings of busi ness men were called. The law was laid down to them. In one of the largest hotels free coffee and sand wiches were served along with speeches by hirelings of the General Motor Corporation. All factories is sued special shop bulletins dealing with the sewer question. On voting day all shops closed one hour earlier The extra number of street cars neces sarv to take the workers home was held back in the car barns, and in their place a fleet of brand new Buicks and Chevrolets appeared displaying the sign: "Vote Yes; Car to Polling Place and Home.'

Naturally the workers, who were standing on the corners waiting for street cars, boarded these.

Voting System "Elastic." The system of voting was ver 'elastic." In spite of the fact tha only taxpayers have the right to vot being allowed to vote at any of the was required. Many company hire

These facts easily explain the rela tively immense vote cast. The vot was 7,526 yes, and 1,205 no.

Political Sharps Turn to Watch Results in Maine, Barometer State

(Special to The Daily Worker)

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 15 .- With the announcement that election returns in this "barometer state" showed the re-election of Governor Ralph O. Brewster, republican, by 18,000 votes ing men from breaking inividual over Mayor Ernest L. McLean, Augusta democrat, political sharps of DAILY WORKER sent to you regular paper box firm has no such contracts the nation turned to see what the mercury revealed.

They found that the republican majority was considerably less than it was two years ago, but compared well, from a republican viewpoint, for an "off year." Democrats had reduced the republican majority, but not as much as they hoped.

Rabid American Legion Leader Denounces All U. S. Peace Advocates

SPRINGFIELD, III., Sept. 15. -America, be prepared to defend your self against all enemies! This was the appeal voiced today

by John R. McQuigg, national commander of the American Legion, in an address before the convention of the of a skeleton at a feast? American Legion, department of Illinois, holding its closing sessions to-

The American people have no patience with those well-meaning but misguided people who even now are making strenuous efforts to palsy the arm of America and deprive us of the declared.

Hurt as M. P. Limited

McONEE, Ark., Sept. 15.-One man was killed and a dozen persons hurt, one seriously, when the Missouri Pacific's Sunshine Special, St. Louis to New Orleans, wrecked here. George Bushing, engineer of the train, of Mc Ghee, was killed.

The wreck was caused by a broken rail, according to information at the office of the yardmaster here. The engine, mail car and one passenger coach left the rails.

Bushing's fireman had both legs broken and is in a local hospital. All the passengers injured were in the one coach that left the rails, but none of them was injured seriously, it was pelieved.



Up at Paradise things were booming. All the men were back at work-even the blacklisted ones, at a dollar a day more, and with another rise promised; a good driller was worth just about his weight in gold. Here too came the "four minute men," and vere listened to gladly; the oil workers were patriotic, and would have enlisted to a man, but they were needed on this job—there was nothing more important than oil, and the way for them to serve their country was to keep the stuff flowing, and watch out for fires, and for obstructions dropped into the wells, and other acts of vandalism by enemy agents.

Paul was back as Dad's boss builder. But then came the first draft, and Paul had one of the lucky numbers. Dad offered to get him exempted, for obviously there had to be shacks to house the men who were to drill and operate the news wells. Dad had power to arrange matters—you can understand that when you learn that the chairman of the exemption board was Mr. Carey, the rancher who had accepted money from Dad to get the road built for the drilling. But Paul said no, there were married men with families who knew as much about building houses is he did, so Paul would do his share in the field.

Paul and Bunny were friends again, and had no end of arguments. Paul wasn't nearly as keen for the war as Bunny thought he ought to be; he agreed that we had to win, since we were in, but he wasn't sure it was necessary for us to be in, so Bunny had to retell the arguments he heard from the orators at school. That made lively times at the Rascum cabin—because, strange as it may seem, Ruth was taking exactly the same attitude to the war as Grandma, whom Ruth had never met. Ruth declared that all wars were wicked, and she would never have anything to do with one. But of course you could see what she really meant, she didn't want Paul taken away and killed! When Paul read his number in the first draft-list, Ruth became quite frantic, and here was nothing that would pacify her. She clung to Paul, vowing he should not go, she would die of grief if he did; when she realized that he was actually going, she went about her work,

Paul went away to a training-camp, and after that paleness and silence became the dominant notes of Ruth's character. She went back to her father's home to stay at night, which meant that on Sunday's she had to go to church with them, and sit and bite her lips while Eli preached. For Eli was a prophet after the old testament model, calling down judgment upon the enemies of the Lord, smiting them hip and thigh, leaving not one alive, not even the little ones, the "spawns of the devil." Eli, being a preacher, did not have to do this killing himself; he was exempt, and so was his sister Meelie who solved the war problem for herself by marrying a young derrick man and getting Dad to make him a foreman and have him kept at home. Meelie, who was a chatter-box and a fresh young thing, said to Bunny that Ruth ought to find herself a husband instead of mourning over Paul: maybe the day would come when Bunny would want to be exempted and they might both solve the problem at the same time!

That was a feverish summer in Bunny's life, between the war and his raptures with Eunice. He spent a great deal of time at Beach City, because he had the excuse of the military work, and because the girl was so imperious in her demands. Indeed the first rift in their happiness came because he would persist in payng visits to Paradise, where Eunice could not very well come. She took up Bertie's phrase that Bunny was a "little of gnome." 'What do you want with so much money?" she would argue. 'My God, let me get some from Papa, if you need it!" Tommy Hoyt, it seems, had made a huge killing, buying old hulks down at the narbor just before the country entered the war; it was reported he had cleared a cool three million. There had been a lot about it in the papers—all very complimentary since that was everybody's dream of glory.

How could Bunny explain that it wasn't the money, but the fact that the country had to have oil, and he wanted to do his share; what kind of preternatural solemnity was that for a youth of eighteen? He put the blame on Dad, who wasn't very well and needed his son; and so it became an issue, which did Bunny care for most, his Dad or his sweetheart? Eunice would grab him by the shoulders and shake him; she had to have someone to take her to a dance, and if he went off and buried himself in the desert she would get another fellow. She was insatiable, ravenous for pleasure; she never knew

when to stop, whatever it might be. "One dance more! Justicional one!" she would plead; and then it would be one kiss more, or one drink. She was always pleading with Bunny to drink, and having her feelings hurt because he refused. How could he count his promise to his father more than his promise to be her pal? And how could she take him out with her crowd if he played the part

Not for long was she content to lose themselves in the sanddunes, and share their secret with the moon. Eunice loved the bright lights, the free and conspicuous spending of Pap's sudden wealth. They would drive to Angel City where in fashionable hotels were palatial dining-rooms, with jazz-orchestras, and crowds of revellers, celebrating new contracts and new financial coups. The rooms were decorated with flags of all the allies, and nal of the statement that reduction in small defense we now have," McQuigg the men wore the uniforms of all the services. This was what the war meant to Eunice, to be in this shining company, and stand up while the orchestra played the "Star Spangled Banner," and after that to dance all night while it played, "Kiss me, honeybaby." or "Toodle-ums too," or whatever amorous cajolement the saxophone might present. She was an aggressive little dancer Hurtles Track clinging to her partner, her body fitted into his as if it had been moulded there. Bunny would not have thought it quite decent to behave like that in public, but it was the mood of the time, and no one paid any attention to them, especially after the hours had passed and the drinks had taken effect.

(To Be Continued)

WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting station WCFL is on the air with regular programs. It is CLEVELAND, OHIO. - Melrose 317W broadcasting on a 491.5 wave length from the Municipal Pier.

TONIGHT.

6:00 p. m.—Chicago Federation of Labor alks and bulletins.
6:15 to 6:30—Fable Lady—Stories for

Expert Diagnosis and Quick Results Dr. J. J. Scholtes, D. C.

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Free examination if you bring this ad

No matter what your ailment, for

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J. LOUIS ENGDAHL WILLIAM F. DUNNE

Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago. Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

290

Advertising rates on application

Birds of a Feather Flock Together in the Coal Miners' Union

William Sneed, republican state senator from Herrin, supporter counts of the fascist regime and eloof John L. Lewis and until a day or two ago a candidate for presi dent of the Illinois district of the United Mine Workers of America on a "purity" platform following the exposure of Farrington as a paid tool of the Peabody Coal company, has made peace with Harry Fishwick, Farrington supporter, and will become his running mate The DAILY WORKER sought an inas vice-presidential candidate on the same slate instead of opposing this outstanding defender of the \$25,000 per year stoolpigeon of the branch of the Anti-Fascist Alliance

As the close confidant and brother-in-arms of Farrington in his the fascist movement in Italy. expulsion campaign directed against the most militant elements in the union, Fishwick is just as guilty as Farrington altho probably

The Lewis administration knows this and the united front between Sneed and Fishwick is proof that Lewis is accepting support point of view of the social groups that from the operator-debauched district machinery of the Illinois "The workers represent from 15 to 20 union. It means that Lewis and Farrington are rivals for the favor per-cent. There are small merchants of the operators and that Farrington having been exposed first, and middle-class elements which form Lewis takes up his connections and henchmen in his war on the the greatest percentage.

Lewis is as deep in the mud as Farrington is in the mire and is in a minority it is the real dominant the Sneed-Fishwick combination, containing all the Farrington factor in the party today. In the begang with the exception of Farrington himself, represents the same ginning the fascist party was domcoal operators' influences in a slightly new guise.

It is significant that Sneed, speaking on Labor Day to a picnic ative elements, most of them of the held by the miners' union of West Frankfort and vicinity, never Giolitti group, joined the fascist party mentioned Farrington by name or made other than a passing refer- and since then the internal policy of ence to one of the most important developments of years in the trade union movement. The united front with the Farrington machine group—the owners of heavy industry was already in prospect.

The struggle of the membership of the union, represented by the opposition to Lewis headed by John Brophy, to clean out the corruptionists has forced all the shady elements into one camp. In Illinois this membership revolt with its program for building the fascist party is very weak. But it union is headed by Joseph Tumulty and around Tumulty will rally governs by means of prefects. The every section of the Illinois membership that has not been completely corrupted by the Lewis-Farrington machine which has ruled and which still rules the union in the interest of the coal operators. country is not united. There is no

Chinese Nationalist Successes

Reports of a mutiny among the troops of Chang Tso-lin before Kalgan, where the Kuominchun army has occupied strong positions, and the wholesale slaughter of revolting soldiers by machine-gun detachments are added confirmation of the news from China which indicate a growing demoralization of the anti-nationalist forces and tion. All the activities of the fascist the rapid weakening of the imperialist grip on the country.

The northward and westward march of the southern revolutionary armies has surprised the military experts of the imperialist nat | Members of the party are never allowtions. The revolutionary armies are sweeping the Yang-tze valley ed to discuss proposed laws, in fact clean of Wu Pei-fu's forces. There seems little doubt but that his their first acquaintance with a new army has been annihilated in the military sense and no longer represents an effective fighting force. Some of his former generals may offer resistance for a while, but the capture of Hankow, "the Pitts- the pressure of the big industrial and burgh of China." and the capture of the Hanyang arsenal, together finance capitalists who dominate the fascist standard of living is shown as with the collapse of Wu Pei-fu's forces, are evidence that the south | ern armies of national liberation probably will encounter little difficulty in moving north on Peking along the Hankow-Peking rail-

A movement on Peking likewise can be expected now on the Kuominchun northern army and Chang Tso-lin, threatened on two sides by nationalist armies whose morale because of the recent victories is of the highest, while that of his own troops is sinking under the handicap of his Japanese backing and terrific losses in the field, by fascist corporations in which the will probably have to withdraw again into Manchuria.

The political situation is favorable for the Chinese nationalist movement. The successes of the southern armies in the Yang-tze valley have weakened the British base there and given new hope and courage to the workers and peasants in the interior.

Armed intervention by Britain on a scale large enough to offer hopes of success would serve merely to further solidify the Chinese stripped the masses of every vestige masses. Armed intervention in conjunction with America and of elective power hitherto held by Japan would probably check temporarily the progress of the armies of national liberation, but the conflicts between these three nations are of too serious a nature to make this possible at present.

It is possible that Great Britain may undertake to dispatch large forces to China, but it is hardly possible for these to prevent the establishment of a militant nationalist government in Peking. Once this is done the cancellation of the existing unequal treaties with the imperialist nations will be a matter of a short time.

American imperialism is trying to remain on friendly terms with the nationalist movement in order to have the advantage of with indignation by the workers, farm-Britain and Japan if the nationalist movement is completely vic- ers, middle class elements and peastorious.

The Soviet Union will undoubtedly negotiate an offensive and defensive alliance with the new Chinese government and the struggle will then become one of the rising peoples of the East, allied with the workers' and peasants' government of the Soviet Union, written, mimeographed and printed against world imperialism.

Such is the present Chinese situation and the immediate possibilities as the result of the series of recent brilliant victories by masses are not lying down and meekthe nationalist armies.



The Truth About Fascism In Italy

An interview with Luigi Candela, secretary of the Chicago branch of the Anti-Fascist Alliance of North

The latest attempt to rid Italy of he fascist dictator Benito Mussolini has revived working class interest in ascism and particularly with the result of the black shirt reign since the ventful march on Rome in November

That the great majority of the Italan workers and peasants are opposed o the fascist regime is beyond question but they are held down by fascist bayonets and able to make their voices felt only with the greatest dif-

Bourgeois writers who visit Italy are continually writing glowing acuently lying about the economic conlitions of that country and the "peace" that prevails there.

Getting The Facts. With the object of getting the facts f the situation before its readers terview with L. Candela, an Italianborn worker, secretary of the Chicago of North America and an authority on

The first question asked of L. Candela was:

"What is the internal composition

f the fascist party?" "It is a beterogeneous body from the group is composed of the industrial and financial lords. Altho this group inated by the middle class elements. After the march on Rome the conservthe party was directed to giving full power to the industrial and financial and the big agrarians. The political figure of this group is Hon. Federzoni, member of Mussolini cabinet.

Weak In The South.

"In the southern part of Italy the members of the fascist party here are either state employes or aristocrats. The bourgeoisie in this party of the unity politically or economically.

"Who are the real rulers of the fascist party?" was the next question.

Ruled By Government. Candela declared that the fascist party was governed thru government ministers and prefects." He said. There are rules which prohibit the members to discuss any political quesmembers are directed towards organizing social affairs and entertainments for the benefit of the fascist treasury. law comes from reading about it in the paper. There is much dissatisfaction among the members because of organization'

New Fascist Decrees.

"What are the new laws that have been recently passed or decreed by the fascist government, and how did the masses receive them." Candela was asked.

"The principal decrees issued lately ere the abolition of parliament, the substitution of workers' trade unions workers and employers are supposed to collaborate with the help of the government. The nine-hour law which was forced on the workers without an increase in wages and the detested podesta system thru which local government officials are appointed from the center at Rome, and which has them. The latest measures regulate the production of bread, the closing of dance halls in working class districts, and prohibition of vacations. All those drastic decrees give the lie to the fascist boast that Mussolini is solving the economic crisis in Italy.

Workers Are Indignant. "The workers have not received those laws with pleasure contrary to ascist publicity" Candela declared. On the contrary they were received ants. Fascism is exerting every nerve to keep internal dissension secret but am in a position to give the facts of the real situation."

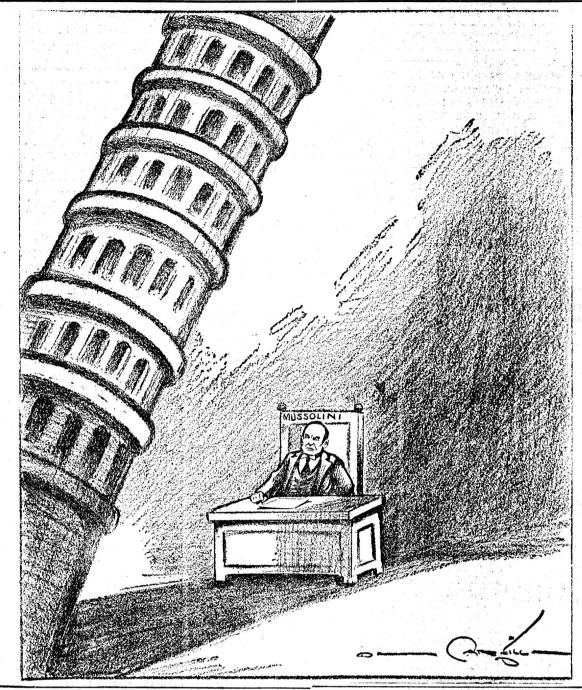
Candela then produced several typedocuments issued by peasant and workers' organizations in various parts of Italy, which prove that the ly submitting to the reign of terror. Called For Revolt.

One document was a ringing appeal issued by the Peasants Federation of the region of Veneto, calling on the peasants to revolt against the podestà law. The appeal stated that the peasants wanted the old established right to elect their own public officials.

In all the shops of Turin, the industrial heart of Italy, a very remarkable statement was distributed in tens of thousands among the factory workers in defiance of the fascist terror.

"Wages are very low," it reads, "the

THE LEANING TOWER



ocratic political rights and is piling more taxes on us. Why does not the government strike at the profiteers who are reaping fortunes without working? Why does not the government expropriate the swollen incomes of the big industrial and agrarian lords, they have amassed those late years? The reports of the industrial companies show that they have earned approximately 50 per cent on their investments, yet the government does

Active Defense Waged.

Continuing to draw a terrible indictstatement urges the workers to it not been for the assistance rendered "gather their strength and regain their courage and then begin an active defense against this exploitation and tyrant autocracy.'

In the factories of Milan a leaflet ers which states that there is no work fascist government is imposing a ninehour day for eight hours pay to help loan saved fascism for the time being. the big industrial exploiters. How the fascist government has lowered the follows:

Wages Reduced. 1.-Since the march on Rome (November 1922) real wages have been

reduced 25 per cent. 2.—During the same period the cost of living has increased in Milan 32

per cent. 3.—The necessities of life have been hit by an enormous tariff on imports. which has raised the price of breat 50 centesimi per kilogram and sugar 1 lira and 40 centesimi per kilogram. 4.—The laws that protected the town tenents were abolished, leaving the tenants now free to be fleeced by

The Peace of Death. "According to capitalist correspondents there is no political excitement in Italy and law and order prevails. How do those reports square with your knowledge of the situation?" Can-

the landlords.

dela was asked. "This is my reply," he declared, extracting a bulky mimeographed bundle of papers from his pocket. Despite the spring even the English capitalist pafascist censorship an Italian labor defense organization was able to get of the sturdy resistance of the strikthe information to the foes of fascism in the United States. This is the story told by the documents:

Here Is The Record. During the month of June 1926 the ecord of violence was as follows: Killed in political clashes..

Three were fascists. Wounded in political clashes 34 Sixteen were fascists. Political assaults. Political arrests. Three were fascists. Sentenced for political offenses 50 Political searching. Confiscation of papers. Organizations dissolved.

Workers' demonstrations ... In the month of July the following the picture: Political assaults. ..311 Political arrests.... Political searching. ..91 Political sentences... Newspapers confiscated... "This is the kind of law and order

that prevails under the rule of fascism in Italy" commented Candela "What is the Anti-Fascist Alliance

government has taken away our dem-|gram for helping the Italian people rid | nap two political refugees in New hemselves of fascism?" was the final York. A friendly judge helped them

To this Candela replied:

America is a united front organization formed among various anti-fascist organizations in America with the purpose of preventing any development of fascism among four million Italians in this country and to prevent fascist influence on the American government and to help in every way possible to weaken the fascisti in Italy. At various times the fascist regime was in the throes of a great economic ment of the Mussolini regime the crisis which would mean its end, had by the American government.

On Verge Of Collapse.

"The American government funded he Italian war debt at a time when now for all the workers, yet the loan from the House of Morgan with the approval of the government. This Without doubt new loans will be sought by fascism in the future.

"The chief aim of the Anti-Fascist Alliance is to rally the American and Italian workers around its agitation and to prevent the help of the big industrial interests of America to fascism in Italy.

Sent Fascist Agents.

"There have been cases in the past where the Italian government has sent fascist emissaries to this country to build fascist branches and persecute anti-fascist workers. They also suceeded with the support of fascist of a discharged police sergeant, to kid- have been registered in Italy."

in taking steps towards their deportation. Thanks to the energetic inter-"The Anti-Fascist Alliance of North vention of the Anti-Fascist Alliance. this was prevented. But there are tens of thousands of Italian refugees in America who have escaped from the fascist persecution; and there are signs that fascism will influence the American authorities to send them back to Italy. It is the purpose of the Anti-Fascist Alliance to prevent any abuse of this kind.

> "What is your opinion of the at tempt on Mussolini's life?

Candela replied: "Several times Mussolini has organized fake attempts on his life in order to increase his prestige before the Italian people. But there were times when real attempts were made. Those attempts give the the fascist government was on the lie to the fascist boasts that everyhas been distributed among the work- verge of collapse. The debt settle- thing is peaceful and quiet in Italy. ment was followed by a \$100,000,000 The Italian people hate fascism and in my opinion the last incident will not add to the prestige of Mussolini, chief investigator of all the political murders committed by the black shirts since they got to power.

> organized labor have not succeeded. The Italian Federation of Labor and the Peasants' Federation still exist ively with it. Their masterly act of and together with workers and liberal political parties still exert great influence over the Italian masses.

"On the contrary, due to the pressure of fascism, those organizations are uniting under various anti-fascist slogans into one great united front body. and are offering serious resistance to ranches in America and by means of the fascist measures. During the past pressed on the Jesuits that black detective agencies, under the direction three months, several strikes and riots

UNDER WHICH FLAG?

By ROBERT MacDONALD.

Y enthusiasm was keen, and I was M impatient to see my first labor demonstration in America. The news of the Passaic textile strike has spread all over the world, and last pers gave accounts and photographs ers against police clubs, fire hose and tear gas. Surely such workers would oe class-conscious and disciplined!

AST Saturday a huge parade was planned to welcome the strikers, now Local 1603, U. T. W. of A., into the ranks of the A. F. of L. Down the street we could hear a band play ing, and with the sound for a guide, soon found the parade. But was it the parade? Or a belated Fourth of the union to the echo, and chanted July celebration?

THE leader carried a huge American flag! Behind him, other men dressed in their Sunday best carried smaller flags, like guns, on their shoul ders. I could not believe my eyesthe "Stars and Stripes" was everywhere. It was a labor parade, tho, for a sign said "Passaic Trades Council," and there followed other banners of A. F. of L. locals-mostly building trades. Not a placard bearthe painters, decorators and paperbacking the Strikers." I looked for white and blue symbol of the boss cost of living has gone up and the of North America and what is its pro class. Not one. Red rosettes in but- all countries.

tonholes? None.

In England (and everywhere else in Europe) the Red Flag is the work- government and the reichstag are ers' flag. The Union Jack is used only by the imperialists and the fascists.

AT last came the strikers themselves, ten thousand strong: men. ried some American flags, altho they judges, courts, cold and hunger, was of workers. They sang "Solidarity" and "Hold the Fort." They cheered and hopeful truth. militant ditties. Some kids carried a coffin which was marked "Company Union." There were signs like this: 'The Boss' Family Spent Six Months in the Orient. Our Mothers Work Nights in the Mills;" "'Life, Liberty and the Pursuit of Happiness' For Us Means: Tuberculosis, Starvation and Misery." And many, many others.

THEN I knew that there was new L life in the American movement, and that some day, discarding the red, ing a militant slogan could I see. But white and blue flag of the strikebreakers, the state militia, the police, Wall hangers announced meekly, "We are Street and the American Legion, the American workers will march forward some few red flags to offset the red, under the Red Flag—the flag of international working-class selidarity in

Ernst Haeckel on "Last Words on Evolution"

> By ERNST HAECKEL. CHAPTER II.

THE STRUGGLE OVER OUR GEN-EALOGICAL TREE.

(Continued from previous issue.)

The reserve strictures that I have passed on the sophisms and trickery of this "ecclesiastical evolution" are not directed against the person and the character of Father Wasmann, but the Jesuitical system which he represents. I do not doubt that this able naturalist (who is personally unknown to me) has written his book in good faith, and has an honorable ambition to reconcile the irreconcilable contradictions between natural evolution and the story of supernatural creation. But this reconciliation of reason and superstitition is only possible at the price of a sacrifice of the reason itself. We find this in the case of all the other Jesuits-Fathers Cathrein, Braun, Besmer, Cornet, Linsmeier, and Muckermann-whose ambiguous "Jesuitical science" is aptly dealt with in the article of R. H. France that I mentioned before (No. 22 of the Freie Wort, 16th February, 1904, Frankfort).

This interesting attempt of Father Wasmann's does not stand alone. Signs are multiplying that the church militant is about to enter on a systematic campaign. I heard from Vienna on the 17th of February that on the previous day (which happened to be my birthday) a Jesuit, Father Giese, had, in a well-received address. admitted not only evolution in general, but even in its application to man, and declared it to be reconcilable with catholic dogmas-and this at a crowded meeting of "catechists!" It is important to note that in a new catholic cyclopaedia, Benzinger's "Library of Science," the first three volimes (issued at Einsiedeln and Coogne, 1904) deal very fully and ably with the chief problems of evolution: the first with the formation of the earth, the second with spontaneous generation, the third with the theory of descent. The author of them. Father M. Gander, makes most remarkable concessions to our theory. and endeavors to show that they are dogmatic treatises of the chief fathers and school-men. But, tho there is a profuse expenditure of sophistical logic in these Jesuitical efforts, Gander will hardly succeed in misleading thoughtful people. One of his characteristic positions is that spontaneous generation (as the development of organized living things by purely material processes) is inconceivable, but that it might be made possible "by a special divine arrangement." In regard to the descent of man from other animals (which he grants), he makes the reserve that the soul must in any case have been produced by a special creative act.

It would be useless to go thru the innumerable fallacies and untruths of these modern Jesuits in detail, and point out the rational and scientific reply. The vast power of this most dangerous religious congregation con-"Mussolini's restrictive laws to crush sists precisely in its device of accepting one part of science in order to destroy the other part more effectsophistry, their equivocal "probabilism," their medacious "reservatio mentalis." the principle that the higher aim sanctifies the worst means, the pernicious casuistry of Liguori and Gury, the cynicism with which they turn the holiest principles to the gratification of their ambition, have imcharacter that Carl Hoenbroech has so

well exposed recently. The great dangers that menace real science, owing to this smuggling into it of the Jesuitical spirit, must not be undervalued. They have been well pointed out by France, Escherich, and others. They are all the greater in Germany at the present time, as the working together to prepare the way for the Jesuits, and to yield most pernicious influence on the school to these deadly enemies of the free spirit of the country. However, we will women and children. Even they car- hope that this clerical reaction represents only a passing episode in moddid not predominate. But the spirit ern history. We trust that one perwas different. Here was living proud nition, in principle, even by the Jesdeflance to the bosses. Here after uits, of the great idea of evolution. seven long months of struggle against We may then rest assured that its police, bosses, citizens' committees, most important consequence, the descent of man from other primate a united, enthusiastic, disciplined body forms, will press on victoriously, and soon be recognized as a beneficent

(To Be Continued.)

Employment Improves Says U.S. Labor Dept.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15. -(FP)-Employment in bituminous mining, in textile manufacturers and in the boot and shoe industry improved during August, says the monthly report of the U. S. Employment Service. The general volume of employment for the country at large is claimed to have been better in August than in July. A shortage of metal miners in Montana is reported.

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