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By THOMAS J. O'FLAHERTY

FROM Berlin by telegraph comes an except from a catholic paper predicting that the Mexican government's anti-clerical policy may cost Calles his political head. Thus the international and efficient propaganda machine of Nearer home we have the Knights of Columbus convention assessing its membership \$1,000,000 for anti-Mexican propaganda and very likely more lethal weapons.

JIHE immense power wielded by the hardly a single capitalist paper in imbroglio. Of course some naive radicals will attribute this cowardice to subserviency to the bankers. But it the Wall Street lion and play up to there. It is in the power and discipline of the church machine, with a following of some fifteen millions that has bidden good-bye to its brains.

THE church keeps its hands on its subjects from the cradle to the grave. It is unequalled for organizational efficiency. It taxes the members of the flock when they are baptized, when they get married and exact toll when they die. There are societies and solidalities for practically every one of the innumerable saints, virgins, ghosts and saviors that the pope and his aids have dug out of the graveyard of mythology. Not only does this system give the church a highly disciplined body of faithful adherents, but it trains functionaries for leadership. Of course, the hierarchy has the final say in matters of policy and direction.

THE only reward offered to the rank and file of the church is a promise of heaven beyond the grave, provided they give the priest all that is coming to him, chiefly in money. The more intelligent and better educated of the catholics find the support of organizations, whose members obey the priests without question, extremely quoful in politics and business. This system is used effectively by the Knights of Columbus as well as by the ku klux klan. In fact, the former organization rarely canvasses for membership, on the basis of spiritual advantages, but for business reasons.

devoted to religion. Many of them do was a "virgin," The public became so not go to church. But they are hon- infuriated at the obvious swindle that ored by the pope, because the organi- they stoned her to death. zation puts money in his pocket. Religion to the upper strata of the cath- statement on the religious conflict. olics is largely a matter of business. The government was not persecuting It is no secret that there is a big fac- the church, he declared, it simply intional fight inside the Knights of Co- sisted that the clergy obeyethe laws lumbus. The present leadership is of the country. charged with being inclined towards agnosticism. It is charged with being disloyal to the American hierarchy to which it is supposed to owe allegiance. BISHOP GALLAGHER of Detroit only a few years ago threatened the organization with papal displeasure if &s leaders continued their attitude of independence towards the hierarchy. The bishop pointed out that a similar organization in France was once ex-communicated by the pope because of rebellious conduct. As the Mexican vice-consul in New pope sanctioned the expulsion of the Jesuits from Mexico in 1808.

ONE of the most amusing charges made by the valiant Knights of Columbus against Mexico is that the family is a myth and marriage a degradation to the leaders of the government. It is a standing joke in Mexico and in every country from there to Cape Horn that the priests loner celigacy more in the breach than in observance. The K. of C. appeal to the A. F. of L. to co-operate in the war against the Mexican government in behalf of labor is also laughter - promoting. This protest should be referred to the Mexican peons. The Mexican workers shed their blood to break the power of the now shed more to restore it.

## Eurent Events UNITED STATES FRAMING WAR WITH MEXICO

#### the catholic church does its work. Sheffield Hands Calles a New Threat

MEXICO CITY, August 8 .- United States Ambassador Sheffield selected an opportune moment to reopen the A Roman church in the United States standing quarrel between Wall Street can be judged from the fact that and Mexico over the petroleum laws. When Calles had his hands full with the country has the courage to come a mansized scrap with the catholic out and tell the truth editorially of church, Sheffield called at the foreign the causes leading up to the present office and left a note. Then he made arrangements to leave the city for home and an interview with Coolidge. That the ways are greased for a oftentimes pays publishers to beard diplomatic break with Mexico there can be no doubt. The action of the the masses. The explanation is not Knights of Columbus openly demanding a severance of diplomatic relations between Washington and Mexico City is significant.

Mellon in Rome.

It is also noted here that the presence of Andrew Mellon in Rome bodes no good for the Mexican republic. Mellon is the actual leader of the United States government and represents American "big business" in the Mexican imbroglio. It is believed that Rome did not decide to act against Mexico without the assurance that it would have the backing of Washington. In fact official circles here are confident that Rome is not the leader of the movement, but the agent of Wall Street.

Peasants With Government. The government is perfectly well able to handle the situation here. The peasants, among whom General Obregon is popular, are with the administration. So are the industrial proletariat, tho they have no reason to love Calles, who is one day for them and another day against them. The insecurity of the governmental basis of power makes it incumbent on Calles to play the role of a political chameleen. He must cater to various elements in order to hold office. Never theless in the struggle against the church he is sure of the support of

Engineers Are Murdered. Reports of assassinations are rife Two engineers are reported murdered Many of the leaders of the Knights by fanatical catholics. An insane girl went thru the city claiming that she

the decisive elements in Mexican po-

President Calles issued a long

Coolidge is Dumb. PLYMOUTH, Vt., August 8.—President Coolidge refused to comment for has held since 1919.

(Continued on page 2)

#### Sen. Howell Prepares to Fight Coolidge on Muscle Shoals Issue

WASHINGTON - (FP)-Aug. 8.-Sen. Howell of Nebraska, who has tak-York pointed out a few days ago, a en a leading part in the fight for fed- dustry, a program the union is formeral ownership and distribution of ally committed to by its international hydro-electric power plants, has gone conventions. to Canada to study the power sites along the proposed deep waterway connecting the Great Lakes with the Atlantic. Secretary Mellon's aluminum trust has acquired some of the more valuable of these power sites, and follows: will be ready to demand a high spec plative profit on them when the American and Canadian governments agree on development of the St. Law-

ence ocean-shipping route. Howell is going to make an inspec tion of the properties of the Ontario Hydro-electric Commission, the world's greatest single hydro-electric power development, which is publicly-owned and operated and which pays a subchurch. It is not likely that they will stantial profit in the form of low rates

#### ANGLO-RUSSIAN COMMITTEE MEET POSTPONED, TO MEET THIS WEEK

LONDON, Aug. 8.-The Trade Union Congress officially announces that the meeting of the Anglo-Russian committee for world trade union unity, scheduled to have met July 26 in Paris, had to be postponed until the second

The Central Council of Trade Union of the Soviet Union, found it impossible to get their delegates to Paris by the date fixed, the T. U. C. announces. These delegates are five in number, including Melnitchanski, Dogadov, Andreyeff, Lepse and Schwarz.

#### Cook County Politics in Limelight



Chicago and Cook County politics have been exposed to the limelight thru various investigations of munic pal, county and senatorial primaries of April 13. In these primaries thousands of votes were stolen, ballot boxes stuffed and candidates in both republican and democrat parties bought by Samuel Insuli, public utility magnate, and other Illinois open-shop employers. These elections differed little from the previous ones.

# RACE FOR HEAD

#### Platform, Organization workers' inspection corps and in this role was dreaded by all graftand Nationalization

CLEARFIELD, Pa., Aug. 8 .-- (FP)-John Brophy, president of the central Pennsylvania miners, is a candidate for the office of international president of the United Mine Workers of America, the post that John L. Lewis

His Program.

The announcement of his candidacy, from the headquarters of District No. 2 in Clearfield, gives the two leading issues of his campaign. The first is, organization. Save the union by winning back the great coal fields the U. M. W. of A. has lost in the last few years. The second is, nationalization, public ownership of the coal in-

Appeals from many parts of the orbefore the union's voters in the December election, say Brophy's friends and supporters. His own statement

For Nation-Wide Campaign.

"I pledge myself to a national campaign to win back the non-union coal strike of the fur workers here for bet fields when I am elected," said ter conditions have ben sent back. One Brophy. "The United Mine Workers' of these strikebreakers, before leaving Union is imperilled unless it organizes the unorganized. In the last few years the union has suffered disaster- agents and this his life was in dan ous losses. It has lost nearly all of ger. the southern territory and part of the northern fields. These areas cannot district strikes only. The local strike sented by this profesional scab. is often crushed by coal from the outside, frequently from mines owned by ing. There must be a well-planned tions against the striking fur workers. national movement that will enlist every possible support from the rest of the labor movement.

For 100 Per Cent Union. "Conditions in the non-union fields have passed from bad to worse. The gunman, the "spotter," the high-priced company store, the injunction, and the cheating weigh boss all go together. (Continued on page 2)

#### KUYBUSHEV SUGCEEDS DZERZHINSKY AS HEAD OF ECONOMIC COUNCIL

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 8 .-Vladimir Kuybushev is the successor of Felix Dzerzhinsky as head of the supreme economic council. Kuybushev was chief of the peasanters in the Soviet Union. He cooperated with Dzerzhinsky in unearthing corruption and meting out punishment to offenders.

## TWO MORE FUR SHOPS SETTLE WITH LOCAL 45

#### Injunctions Sought by Two Bosses

Nathan Seltzer, 58 East Washing ton St. and Downing and Barnett, 207 South Wabash, both members of the Chicago Fur Manufacturers' Associa ganization brought the decision to go tion, have signed an agreement with Local 45, Chicago, Fur Workers' Union granting the demand of the union. The 24 workers employed in these two shops return to work this morning.

Eight strikebreakers imported by Eight strikebreakers imported by the bosses from St. Paul to break the Chicago, told the bosses that he was being threatened! by union business

Three union officials were arrested

## Twenty-Six Lose

RIO JANEIRO, Aug. 8. - Twentysix lives were lost when the Brazilian steamship Bitar was sunk off the coast north of Para. Many of the were saved by the steamer Sao Pedro. before August 15.

#### Strikebreakers Brought from Philadelphia

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Aug. 8. The local printers' union is on strike against the Charleston Daily Mail and the Charleston Gazette. Fifty-two men

The publishers, after scouring the country for printers willing to take the jobs left vacant, finally engaged the services of the notorious strikebreaker, Flagg, of Philadelphia.

This worthy received \$5,000 as a retaining fee for supplying the strikebreakers and the hoodlums he collected are given \$10 a day besides hotel and other expenses.

Scabs Driven Out. With the aid of those scallaways the

azette is coming out in a fashion Public sympathy is with the strik rs. The scabs were originally housed at the Holley Hotel, but their presence was so unwelcome to the other guests that the newcomers obliged to move.

SALEM, Ky., Aug. 8. - Holding out and are being held on a "kidnapping" the faint hope that five men entombed be won back by a policy of local or charged on the flimsy evidence pre- in a flourspar mine, four miles south of here, are still alive after being Miller and Company, 618 South trapped for more than 30 hours, min-Michigan and J. Owen McElroy, 33 ing engineers and rescue workers tothe same operator the union is fight- South State St., are seeking injunc- day began the slow task of drilling thru 75 feet of flourspar and mud in an effort to get air and food to the

The miners were trapped at 10 Lives in Shipwreck o'clock Thursday night by a "slidein" of mud and rock and no communication has been had with them since

Five dollars will renew your

## **British Miners** Firm; Delegates Seek Aid in U.S.

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, August 8.-The one hundred day strike of the British miners is as firm as on the first day. In spite of the pressure of the leaders, a great majority of the Lancashire, Cheshire and Cumberland miners rejected the so-called church

The government is increasing its persecution against the heroic strikers. During the past week there have been 586 new

The assistance of the international proletariat has reached a figure of 850,000 pounds sterling, 500,000 of which being collected in the Union of Soviet Republics.

A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation, has declared that Premier Baldwin's "message to America," alleging that the miners have good living conditions, is an utter falsehood, intended to prevent the miners' delegation now in America from obtaining the financial help America can give and which the miners and their families so badly need to carry on the struggle against longer hours and lower wages.

#### Miners' Delegation Arrives

By ESTHER LOWELL, Federated Press.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8. - (FP)-"We'd like to cable back quickly that American workers will contribute one or two million dollars-or five-to the million striking British miners," declared Joseph Jones, general secretary Yorkshire Miners' Association and executive member British Miners' Federation, upon the arrival of the British workers' delegation in the United States. "It is a critical time. We have been out 14 weeks and we need more help from American workers. The Russians, from all their unions, have sent 500,000 pounds (\$2,500,000) already and we'll gladly take as much more as they send."

The Delegates.

James Robson, president Durham Miners' Association; Paul McKenna, agent for the Scottish Miners and British Miners Federation executive member; Oliver Harris, treasurer South Wales Miners Federation; Ben Tillett

of the Transport Workers represent-+ ing the British Trades Union Congress on whose general council he sits; and Ellen Wilkinson, labor member of parliament and representative of the Women's Relief Committee, comprise the rest of the official delegation seeking aid for the striking

British miners. Need Nationalization.

All of them tell the story of the miners' privation and suffering: years Harris. "Five years of unemployment and the breakdown of private capital in management of the industry. "Nationalization is the only solution," emphatically asserted McKenna, with the rest agreeing. "Of course if labor had the government it could tax the coal lords out and take control of the mines. Labor would sweep in if there were a general election now."

Baldwin Lies. 'If premier Baldwin told an Amer-

erican news service that there is no suffering among the British miners, all we can say is that he lied," stated Harris. "Fve years of unemployment hasn't given the miners any savings. The strikers and their families-a tenth of the population-depend on relief. They are fighting for their very lives.'

Government Starves Women.

"The government refuses to let Guardians of the Poor pay relief to any single miner," added McKenna. "Only the wives can get a bit. But it's the women who are bearing the brunt of the fight. The miners' women somehow managing. They get out and work in the soup kitchens from dawn on, their spirit never better."

A. F. of L. In Charge. The British delegation is placing it self under the guidance of the Amer ican Federation of Labor and the Un ited Mine Workers. Arrangement for the delegation's visit here begun at the International Miners' Federa tion meeting at Paris two weeks ago The delegates hope to take their ap peal not only to American workers thru the A. F. of L. but to all groups of the population, Miss Wilkinson will try particularly to reach American during the air races at the Sesquicenwomen's organizations. Evelyn Prestennial from September 4 to 11.

ton, American representative of the British Women's Relief Committee, who has been raising funds in the

United States, is aiding Miss Wilkin-

Dockers Adopt Miners' Children. NEW YORK, Aug. 8. -(FP)-Ben Tillett, British transport leader, who is a member of the delegation asking American workers to give big generous sums to their brothers from the coal pits across the sea told the Fed-

erated Press about labor solidarity over there. "London dockers who have only two days work a week are taking in miners' children," he said, "one and two to the family. Tens of thousands of children have been adopted for the time of the strike by workers in other industries. The working class of England is showing more class conscious

ness than ever in its history. British War on Workers.

"In nearly fifty years of strike experience," continued Tillett, "I have never seen a more brutal attack on the workers than the employers and the British government is making. Before the reductions were asked the miners were already making less than your colored porters in the south.

"The suffering is terrible, especially in the exporting fields of South Wales, Durham and Northumberland. But with the additional support we hope o receive the miners can be saved." Tillett is a wholesomely plain blunt abor leader whose sinewy body looks as though he had kept himself fit by

#### Philadelphia and New York to Have Air Mail Service

being very much in the fight.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The post office department announced it will operate a special air mail service between Philadelphia and New York

#### SOVIET COUNTER-REVOLUTION IN NEWSPAPERS HASN'T BEEN HEARD OF IN SOVIET UNION, SAYS A. P.

Regarding the wild stories being featured in the capitalist press of the United States of alleged "revolts, mutinies and uprisings" in the Soviet Union, the Associated Press Saturday night received a dispatch from its Moscow correspondent as follows:

"Reports emanating from Bucharest, Roumania, that there is serious widespread insurrection in Russia, were denied here tonight as 'shameless fakes.' The same denial is made of reports that Trotsky has fled from Moscow and that there is an uprising in the Ukraine."

LONDON, Aug. 8.-Dispatches from Warsaw state that the Soviet ambassador to Poland is protesting against the publication of "false reports regarding military uproar in Russia," flatly denying reports emanating from The men now outside our organization passangers and crew of the vessel sub for a year, if you send it in many European capitals that counter-revolutionary activity had broken out in various sections.

Tuesday MASS MEETING

For the Support of the Striking British Miners

CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE 67th STREET AND 3rd AVENUE

Norman Thomas, League for Industrial Democracy Louis Hyman, Manager Joint Board, I. L. G. W. U. Ben Gitlow, Workers (Communist) Party Rev. Leon R. Land, Leader, Broux Free Fellowship -And Others-

SPEAKERS:

Auspices: INTERNATIONAL WORKERS' AD, "The Workers' Red Cross of America"

# MONEY TO K.K.K. ORGANIZATION

#### Anti-Catholic Society Purchased in Election

That George E. Brennan, Roman catholic politician and leader of the Illinois democrats contributed a large sum to the treasury of the Better Government Association-anti-catholic and K. K. K .-- during the last fight for the ofice of state's attorney of Cook county, when Michael Igoe, democrat, ran against Rovert E. Crowe, repub-Ilcan, is the most startling piece of local political news since it was learned that Samuel Insull subidized all the senatorial aspinants in the recent illi nois primaries.

There Was a Leak.

The news leaked out as a result of a search for proof that Senator McKinley donated over \$10,000 to the Better Government Association. The association is bone-dry and as pure as the

Brennan's object in making things pleasant for the B. G. A. was ulterior. Hope Thompson was running against Crowe and Igoe as an independent Thompson, being a traditional republican, Brennan was of the opinion that the Thompson votes would be Crowe's loss, therefore he helped finance

#### Boston Police Act as Scabs to Break Milk Wagon Drivers' Strike

(Special to The Dally Worker)

BOSTON, Aug. 8.—Striking Boston union fight is directed. Striking members of Local 380, milk wagon drivers, assert that police in uniform do the milk delivering in the dark, discarding caps and coats if dawn overtakes them at their scabbing.

Business Agent Matthew A. Dunn i taking the matter up with Police Superintendent Michael H. Crawley who, says he, instructed the police to guard the dairy company's property but not to act as strikebreakers in delivering milk and driving company operating in New Rochelle and moved wagons.

#### **Bulger Coal Company** Guards Arrest Miner

(Special to The Daily Worker) BULGER, Pa., Aug. 8. - Frank Guida, a union coal miner, who has

been active trying to build and strengthen the trade union movement was arrested when he was trying to persuade the imported scabs to refuse | Capmakers Win Shops, to work for the Bulger Block Coal company under scab conditions. He was taken to Washington, Pa., thrown in the county prison charged with assault and trespassing on railroad company property. He was fined \$32 which was paid by the union.

The Bulger Block Coal company re cently started to run its mine on the open shop basis. Union men are being evicted from the company shacks to make room for all of the blacklegs that can be secured. It is quite an old mine that has operated under union contract for nealy 30 years.

#### Los Angeles Cleaners Celebrate Victory

By L. P. Rindal, (Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 8.-The six-day strike of two thousand cleaners, dyers, pressers and wrivers ended with a victory for the strikers.

An average wage increase of from 20 to 25 per cent was granted, also a 44-hour week. The union and the closed shop have both been recogn ized. No written contract was drawn

Instead of going back to work im mediately, as ordered by the officials, the workers decided to celebrate "the greatest union victory in the west for years" before going back to their

#### Electrical Workers of **Boston Still Striking**

BOSTON, Aug. 8.—Boston electrica workers-94 linemen, 104 groundmen and 18 assisting chauffeurs-of the George W. Ellis Co. are still striking for union recognition. The contractor has charge of repairs for light and power concerns of 12 towns around Boston as well as for the Boston Edison Co. Its predecessor, the Fred T. Ley Co., had an agreement with electrical workers' local union 104 for mission of the league, according to a

#### STEEL WORKERS KILLED IN MCKEESPORT MILLS; ORDERED INTO DANGER

McKEESPORT, Pa., Aug. 8.-Two workers at the National Tube Co. plant were killed by fumes from a heap of ashes which they were ordered to clean out. The men were Antonio Martinez, 42, and Solomon Zepoda, 38. Fellow workers rusehd them to open air but could not re-

## PICKET GARMENT SHOPS AT NIGHT I. L. G. PROGRAM

#### Fifty Strikers Jailed at Staten Island

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Aug. 8.—Fifty striking cloakmakers were arrested at New Brighton, Staten Island, and booked on charges the union was unable to ascertain up to a late hour. They were herded together at Newman's Hall. Staten Island, which was being used as a strike meeting hall, and seized upon complaint of officials of the New Brightin Cloak company, the J. & S. Cloak company and the Reliable Cloak company. Union officials were unable to explain the cause of the wholesale arrests, declaring them to be absolutely unwarranted.

Louis Hyman, chairman of the General Strike Committee, received a heartening vote of confidence yesterday afternoon from 1,200 shop chairmen assembled at Webster Hall, East 11th street. He had reported on the conduct of the strike and, in a moving address urged the chairman to uphold the work of the General Strike milk wagon drivers complain that Committee. While complimenting policemen are delivering milk for the them upon their solidarity, he caution-Aiden Bros. Co. against which the ed them to renew picketing efforts, because even a little of non-union production, while unable to break the strike, would likely prolong it.

Night Mass Picketing. Beginning Monday night picketing on as huge a scale as day picketing will go into effect. It is expected that this move will put an end to the scattered non-union activity.

The out-of-town committee of the union reported yesterday that the shop of Fishman and Kropkoff, originally to South Amboy, had been closed and Janelli attempted to operate in gram." Newark was also closed down yesterday. Two strikers were arrested in West Hoboken, as well as two in Union City for picketing activity.

Seven more settlements have been concluded by the strike settlement committee, bringing the total to 66 since the committee began its work.

(Special to The Daily Worker) have considerably lessened the number of garment workers still striking in New York. The return of 400 capmakers to shops of the Wholesale Hat and Cap Manufacturers' Association leaves less than half the original number of strikers out in that branch. The 1,500 remaining on strike are from jobbers' shops. No jobbers have settled with the union to date. The Philadelphia strike also continues.

Terms of the new agreement, which runs for three years, includes: \$3 flat wage increase for all capmakers \$2 at once and \$1 on February 1, 1927; minimum wage increased from \$40 to \$44; the 40-hour week beginning July 1, 1927; no employers to work at the bench; enough operators employed to keep cutters on full time.

#### Two Workers Die That Industry May Go On-For Capitalist Profit

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.-Snapping of a steel cable plunged Harry Carlson. an iron worker, riding a girder, to his death in the sight of home-going Fifth avenue crowds.

An electrical worker busy in a manhole brushed the channel rail of the Third avenue street car line and was killed by the electric shock.

#### Brazil Will Not Play in League of Nations Farce Comedy on Arms

LONDON, Aug. 5.—Brazil has formally notified the league of nations of her decision not to participate further in the work of the disarmament com-Central News dispatch from Geneva.

#### CHICAGO CONFERENCE TO AID PASSAIC STRIKERS WILL MEET IN MACHINISTS' HALL, THURSDAY

The second delegated conference of the Chicago Conference For Relief of Passaic Strikers will be held at Machinists Hall, 113 S. Ashland Blvd., Thursday night, Aug. 12, 1926 at 8:00.

All unions, fraternal organizations, clubs, etc., are urged to send two delegates to this conference.

## 25,000 STEEL **WORKERS WANT** UNIONIZATION

Tighe Sits on Lid

(Special to The Daily Worker) CLEVELAND, Aug. 8. — (FP) Twenty-five thousand steel workers in Cleveland are ready for unionization. Exploited by low wages and the speed up system they are awaiting the eadership which will result in the formation of a strong and militant union. This is the view of L. Pilawski, leading Cleveland organizer in the great 1919 steel strike.

Gary's Conditions.

Gary's loudly proclaimed 8-hour day is a fraud in this city, where 10-hours constitutes a day's work in the dozen big mills, both trust and independent. With 35 cents an hour the going wage and three days work a week the average, the unskilled worker knocks out ten to fifteen dollars a week. And with wife and grown daughters in garment factories the total family income brings a slum existence.

Semi-skilled men are placed on piece work and barely make \$35 a week by unrelenting effort. The speed up system in the big mills and the minute specialization of tasks bring exhausting monotony and throws the worker premaurely on the industrial junk heap

Amalgamated Asleep.

The Amalgamated Association of workers controls the highly steel skilled men in the plants but they are only a small fraction of the total working force. Averaging ten dollars a day, with fifteen to twenty in the busy seasons, the rollers constitute the bulk of the Amalgamated membership. The unorganized and unskilled steel workers, according to Pilawski, feel that a union appeal on an industrial basis, with no favoritism against workers for lack of skill or foreign birth, is needed to overcome listrust of existing organizations.

Appeal to Labor Movement. "No love is lost between my fellow workers and the bosses," asserts Piland helpless. Disillusioned by their ganizers place at their disposal an ortional lines. We want a union, we virtual serfs of American capital. need help in creating one. When will the labor movement respond by studying the steel workers needs and assistdown. A shop which the firm of Bonico ing us in a great organization pro-

#### Atlantic City Fur Workers Reap Benefits of New York Strike

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.-(F P.)are benefitted by the 17-weeks strike other at the lowest rates of tariff. of the New York union workers. The Reducing Number of Atlantic City workers agreement tained a provision that whatever im-Garment Strikers Out provements were gained by the international union should apply to them. When the 40-hour week victory was NEW YORK, Aug. 8.-Settlements announcd for New York workers, the Atlantic City workers stopped work on Saturday and have been upheld in negotiations with their employers and the international union officials.

The workers get 10 legal holidays with pay, overtime at time and a half, 40-hour week, and back pay for Saturdays after July 5, the date on which employers refused pay as workers re fused work on Saturdays.

#### Two Berlin Police Learn Good Lesson from Jobless Workers

BERLIN, Aug. 8-Two Berlin police nen have learned a good lession fron the unemploymed of this city.

Unemployed are forced to report egularly to get their dole books hecked up and to have their stamps out in order. In Berlin there are over 75,000 workers existing on the dole.

When the workers arrived they were forced to wait in a long line. The police and officials in the labor bureau decided to play a prank on the workers by keeping them in line several hours longer than usual.

One of the policemen stationed at the bureau hit one of those standing in line telling him not to "block tratfic." Immediately over 1,000 jobless workers expressed their contempt for these lackeys of the bosses by giving them a severe beating.

#### Means and Waterman to Run for Senate

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 8.—United States Senator Rice W. Means and Charles W. Waterman have been designated by the Colorado republican as sembly as their choice in the September primary elections.

#### Two "Poison Liquor" Ring Members Jailed

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 8 .- Two aleged members of the "poison liquor" ring, Thomas Argo, 29, and Stephen Garci, 32, both of Buffalo, were locked up when they were unable to furnish \$25,000 bail

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

#### Profits Made from Blind Workers by a Supposed "Charity"

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—Blind work ers in the Bourne workshop, New York, made articels which sold for nearly \$225,000 last year. But the Cleveland Ready, But individual workers, paid by piece work, earn only \$8 to \$30 a week. The blind workers make brooms and mops chiefly. The Association for the Blind, which supports the workshop, says that the men could not get work elsewhere for the most part.

## U.S. TO GRAB **RUBBER LANDS** FOR FIRESTONE

#### To Blackjack Filipinos Into Submission

PAUL SMITHS, N. Y., Aug. 8 .-President Coolidge is to ask congress for favors to United States rubber capitalists in his message to the next session. Harvey S. Firestone, Jr., tire and other rubber products manufacturer and backer of the Liberia rubber plantation project, has told Coolidge what the rubber capitalists want.

Firestone has reported to the presdent at the summer White House the results of his findings in the Philippine Islands, where the president envoy, Col. Armi A. Thompson, is now seconding the rubber man's survey.

All Firestone wants now is pressure from the United States to change Philippine land laws so that a corporation may hold 500,000 acres on a 75-year lease instead of letting the present regulation limiting ownership to 2,500 acres remain. The Philippine legislature is now considering a bill embodying some of Firestone's proposals, he told reporters. Secretary of Commerce Herbert Hoover, says Firestone, is working out comprehensive plans for the development of rubber in the Philippines.

American rubber plantations in the slands imply the use of thousands awski. "They feel bitterly resentful of coolie laborers to enable United States capitalists to get the rubber as experiences in the steel strike of 1919 cheaply as the British do. It has althey demand assurance that union or ready been suggested that workers will have to be imported-probably ganization designed to develop max- from the West Indies. Philippine imum strength despite craft or na- workers fear the efforts to make them

#### France and Germany Let Down Trade Bars

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.-The De partment of Commerce has received word that a trade treaty has been signed between France and Germany embodying mutual tariff reductions and providing easier trade relations travel and general access between the two nations' peoples. Each nation has Aug. 8.—Fur workers of Atlantic City agreed to admit the products of the

#### 900,000 Porto Ricans Unemployed

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 8.—The Association de Agricultorees in an approximent for interpeal to the war department for intervention into the affairs of the island of Porto Rico declare that 900,000 or the total population of 1,400,000 are unemployed. The commission is being backed in its demands by the chamber of commerce and the Association of Sugar Producers.

#### Forest Fire Rages in Rainier Park government. However, he let it be

SEATTLE, Aug. 8 .- A sudden shift in the wind has sayed Ashford from lestruction by forest fire.

The fire is now sweeping eastward oward Rainier National Forest, eating into logged-off land and old burns covering an area of ten miles in length and from one to two miles in width.

#### Pennant Taxi Co. in Receiver's Hands debtedness to the United States.

The Pennant Taxi company, 1258 Fletcher St., is in the hands of a receiver. Sam Howard, receiver for the Premier Cab company, is also receiver A. F. of L. Continues to U. S. Consul at Harbin ceiver. Sam Howard, receiver for the for the Pennant.

Composer Killed.

LOVELAND, Colo., Aug. 8. - The WASHINGTON, Aug. 5. --(FP)ody of Leland Wood, 22-year-old No action is contemplated by the exmusic instructor in the University of ecutives of the American Federation Nebraska, was brought here from of Labor, in connection with the pro-Estes Park to be prepared for ship- test of the clergy in Mexico against ment to his home in Lincoln. Young the Mexican government's enforce-Wood met a tragic death in the moun- ment of laws relating to church actitains near Estes Park when he fell vities, public control of schools, etc. rom a 150-foot precipice, being killed Nor has any protest by any body of labor leaders been received at headquarters thus far.

#### **NEW YORK POLICEMAN** RESIGNS POSITION TO TAKE UP FINGERPRINTING

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Aug. 8. —Expecting a rush of finger printing orders from employers Deputy Police Commissioner Faurot has resigned from the police force. Soon the I. R. T. and other corporations will have all their employers fingerprinted. This will enable the black listing profession to be placed on a scientific basis.

## Shameless Fakes Spread About Soviet Rule Will Cause Workers to Think

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

SPEAKING at an open air meeting, Saturday night, I found that the audience was most intensely interested about what was going on in the Union of Soviet Republics.

All day the Hearst press had been flooding the city with its frequent editions telling of "New Revolts in Russia." While the meeting was going on the Sunday editions were already on the streets with the glaring headline, "Russian Revolt Reported Growing."

It is difficult to explain why this hot weather hysteria should have hit the Hearst press exactly at this moment. The Associated Press papers managed to stop up this hemorrhage of lies a week or ten days ago. They published the fakes, to be sure, in the eager hope that they might come true. But their hopes went the way of all capitalist prophecies regarding disintegration within the workers' and peasants' republic. Yet the Hearst press keeps it up.

The occasion, however, offers splendid opportunities for explaining the actual developments in the Soviet Union. It creates real interest in the work of Felix Dzerzhinsky, who died recently at his post as head of the supreme council of national economy, but who became best known to the capitalist world, during the trying days of the Bolshevik Revolution, as the directing genius of the "cheka," feared and hated by all bourgeois and counterrevolutionists. It rouses interest and therefore gives a basis for a better understanding of the role that I. A. Stalin, Leon Trotsky, Gregory Zinoviev and other leading figures in the All-Union Communist Party and the Soviet govrenment are taking in the development of the world revolution. In other words, the capitalist press stirs up the desire of the American masses to understand changing events in the Soviet Union. and at the same time to discover why the capitalist press is so eager to misrepresent and lie about them.

Regarding this most recent broadside of villification, it is only necessary to publish what the bought press hides. There are three reports, especially, that give the lie to all the misleading headlines. It is well to repeat them here:

First is an Associated Press re port from Moscow that the Hearst Press could have used as well as its frantically concoted fiction. It states that: "Reports emanating from Bucharest, Roumania, that there is serious widespread insurrection in Russia, were denied here tonight as

FRAMING WAR
WITH MEXICO

publication on the struggle between

the catholic church and the Mexican

known thru other agencies that the

government could not properly inter-

vene unless American citizens were

mistreated in the southern republic.

The puzzle now is to find a mistreated

American. This should be easy of

solution unless the catholic church has

lost its cunning and the foreign cap-

Coolidge denied that the Soviet gov-

ernment made any move to discuss

the question of the former czar's in-

Rumors to this effect have been cur-

Support Calles

The policy of the American Federa-

tion of Labor remains undisturbed-

one of sympathetic cooperation with

the Mexican Regional Federation of

Labor in creating in Mexico a regime

of better conditions for the workers,

under laws which the workers shall

Many Jobless.

NEW ORLEANS-(FP)-A classi

fied advertisement in the daily papers

calls for "White laborers on govern-

189. m

help to make and enforce.

ceeded the demand.

italists their resourcefulness.

rent for some time.

'shameless fakes.' The same denial is made of reports that Trotsky has fled from Moscow and that there is an uprising in the Ukraine.'

Second, is the report coming from London, relaying a declaration of the Soviet ambassador in Warsaw as follows: "Newspapers in Warsaw, according to a dispatch tonight, are publishing a statement from the Russian ambassador there protesting against publication of 'false reports regarding military uproar in Russia.' The ambassador flatly denied reports emanating from a number of European capitals to the effect that revolutionary and counter-revolutionary activity had broken out in various sections of Russia."

Third, is the statement issued by the Soviet embassy in London. It is declared that the embassy met all inquiries regarding reports of revolution in Russia with: "We have received no news of a revolt. We cannot think reports are true."

Thus even the capitalist news agencies convict themselves of falsehood. Their fairy tales evaporate in the glare of the truth

It may be taken for granted that this new flood of vicious propaganda has its basis in the unsettled conditions existing all over capitalist Europe. The reports originally emanated from the trouble zones in the Balkans where Roumania, Jugo-Slavia and Greece are serving new ultimatums on the Bulgarian government, attended by a beating of war drums paralelled only by events preceding the outbreak of the world

war in 1914. This week the Anglo-Russian Committee for World Trade Union Unity is due to meet in Paris. It will not only consider aid to the striking British coal miners, which involves greater aid from the trade union movement over the continent, but also consider the question generally of the solidarity of the world's workers. The make-up of the committee, however, is such that its members will not be confused in their actions. no matted how hysterical the propaganda of the enemy press.

These are only two developments that would rouse hopes in capitalist breasts that something might go wrong in the Soviet Union. There are plenty of others. But all of these hopes will meet with cruel disappointment. The Soviet Union is stronger today than at any time during the nearly nine years of its existence. Capitalist hopes dash as harmless spray against its granite structure. New masses of workers in all capitalist countries are realizing that fact and undrestanding its significance better than ever.

"HOUSE OF GOD IS NO

FLOP-HOUSE," RULES

MUSKOGEE, Okla. - (FP) - The

Muskogee. Leland Franklin took shel-

ter from a cloudburst in a tent that

s being used for revivals. The storm

continued far into the night and so he

went to sleep.

curled up at the foot of the altar and

Some of the brethren found him

there next morning and notified the

police. He was fined \$10 and costs

Two itinerant workers, S. H. Mar

tin and William Barber, came in sev

eral days ago seeking jobs. When

their money was exhausted they were

charged with vagrancy. Martin told

the judge the truth and was sent to

jail to work out a \$10 fine. Taking a

tip, Barber claimed he was on his va

"Insulted" by Troops

HARBIN, Manchuria, Aug. 8 .- The

croops of Chang Tso-lin, the Man-

churian militarist who is cordially

hated by all Chinese who desire na-

tional liberation for his obvious back-

ing of Japanese imperialism, Saturday

prevented the American consul, C. C.

Hanson, from leaving the consulate

apparently out of a general desire for

trouble for which Chang's troops

largely merely mercenaries, are noted.

The consul, when he was finally al-

lowed to leave, lodged a demand with

the officias of Chang's military govern-

ment, demanding an apology and pun-

legation at Peking.

of Reactionary Chang

cation. He was discharged.

and ordered to jail until it is paid.

AN OKLAHOMA JUDGE

# BROPHY ENTERS RACE FOR HEAD

(Continued from page 1)

are helpless without us and we are crippled unless they are in our fold. Time For Action.

"With the fight for 100% unionism. must go the movement for public ownership of the coal industry, with democratic management, which means with the workers, thru their union, having a share with the public in the control of their industry. International conventions of the U. M. W. of A. have twice declared for nationalization, and the time has come to get action.

"Private ownership has utterly failed. It beggars the worker and robs the consumer. A basic industry is ruined by cut-throat competition. There are idle mines and miners and loss of all security. The only hope for ourselves and our children lies in reorganization of the industry. The public will follow if the United Mine Workers takes the lead.

Will Revive Union. "The drive for public ownership will give new life to all our union activities. It will put the union on the offensive and the operators on the defensive. It answers the operators cry that he cannot pay decent wages under a competitive policy. The answer is that if he cannot, the pub-

lic can. "The workers in our army will carry on with greater courage and hope if they are sustained by the pros pect of a new deal in the industry. But as long as we accept the economic theories of the employer we are fighting a rearguard battle."

Brophy's Record. Brophy is 43 years old. He has been president of District No. 2 since 1916 when he was checkweighman at Nant-Y-Glo. His enthusiasm for nationailzation found expression several years ago when he was chairman of the union's nationalization research committee. With his colleagues William Mitch, secretary of the Indiana, miners, and Chris Golden, president of District No. 9 in the anthracite field, he worked out the program calls ed How to Run Coal, which outlines a method for the reorganization and administration of the coal industry under public ownership, with the union participating in management.

#### American Minister in Middle of Balcan Row with a War in Offing

BELGRADE, Jugo-Slavia, Aug. 8.-The American minister is staying at Bled. Jugo-Slavia, the summer palace of King Alexander, along with M. Ninchitch, the Jugo-Slav foreign minister, as the crisis between this country and Bulgaria grows. The Jugo-Slav minister to Bulgaria, M. Rakitch,

also is called to Bled for consultation. The note to Bulgaria, not yet sent, is probably to be carried to Sofie by Rakitch on his return. The government is waiting, it is supposed, for agreement on identical notes to be sent Bulgaria by Jugo-Slavia and Roumania. Greece also is expected to join in action closing Bulgarian fron-

tiers north, west and south. Jugo-Slav diplomats declare that they do not intend war, but only wish to stop the raids across the border by the comtadji, the Bulgarian irregular troops, who act unofficially, but with nouse of God is no place to sleep, ac- Bulgarian government unofficial comcording to judge de Grafenried of sent.

#### Two Lake Denmark Explosion Survivors Found in Toledo

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 8 .- Two nerveshattered young men found in the inerurban station here have been identified as Oliver C. Bliss, 18 of Water ville, Ohio, and Paul Moreau, 21, of New Britain, Conn. The youths, privates in the United States Marine corps, had been reported missing since the Lake Denmark, N. J., naval ammunition depot blew up July 10.

#### Mexico City Health Heads Forbid Dancing of the Charleston

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 8.—The charleston is taboo here. The board of health has issued orders forbidding the dancing of the charleston in dance halls here pointing out that the violent exercise is a menace to the hears and is likely to cause heart failure.

#### Haverhill Shoe Union Signs New Agreement

HAVERHILL, Mass., Aug. 8.—Three hundred workers in the counter making departments of 10 Haverhill shoe factories got renewal of old wages and conditions in a two-year contract neishment of the troops, notifying the gotiated by the Shoe Workers' Protective Union.

### SENATE SWALLOWS POINCARE'S SCHEME FOR TOBACCO MONOPOLY

ment quarter boat No. 3 with regular PARIS, August 8.—The senate yesterday adopted Premier Poincare's employment at \$2 a day with board sinking fund project and his proposal for the industrialization of the tebacco and lodgings free." The supply exmonopoly by a vote of 201

## THE McSWIGGIN **MURDER MYSTERY** STILL UNSOLVED

#### New Clues Lead to Fresh Inquiry

Why Assistant State's Attorney Wil- To the Workers of the World! liam H. McSwiggin was killed and by whom, still under investigation by Fresh clues have come to the surface recently, but it is doubtful if the mystery will be solved, as apparently there are powerful interests in official position that seem to have no desire to bring about the arrest of the killers. With Two Gangsters.

When McSwiggin was killed he was accompanied by two notorious gangsters, one of whom McSwiggin prosecuted for murder the previous week. They were killed in front of Madigan's saloon in Cicero, a stronghold of the Capone-Torrio vice and booze trust and a political oasis of the Crowe-Barrett machine.

Judge Edmund Jarecki testified at the slush fund investigation that Mc-Swiggin was busy on last primary day going around the polling booths and intimidating voters in the interests of the Crowe faction.

#### Aimee's Radio Makes Politicians Worried in Race for Governor

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 6. - Aimee Semple McPherson's supposed influher "temple" and its broadcasting station has caused a scurrying to shelter of many politicians and a division in political ranks over the attempted abandonment of the grand jury probe by District Attorney Keyes.

Supporting Keyes, are two local judges, the Hearst newspapers, the mayor and numerous small fry politicians who are advocating the republican nomination of Lieutenant Governor C. C. Young for governor.

Demanding the probe be continued are several preachers and all the newspapers who are hostile to Young and who favor the present governor. F. W. Richardson. Richardson criticized Keye's attitude in the investigation and emphasized that the grand jury itself wished to continue probing. Keyes has evidently yielded and says the grand jury investigation is pro-

#### Winston Churchill in Cabinet Movie Stars as "Animated Leader"

LONDON, Aug. 6-Winston Churchill, chancellor of the British exchequer, who recently tilted with Andrew Melion, U. S. secretary of the treasury, over who was a liar in an argument about the British debts to the United States, is going into the movies.

Rather said, he has gone into the movies. A special movie picture was made of "The Cabinet at Work"-try ing to lengthen the miners' workday while kicking about their own fourhour day as in the house of lords. In the picture, Churchill appears as the leading character, all animation, while Premier Baldwin turns out as placid and bored.

The DAILY WORKER needs a year's sub before August 15! been trying since April to find a job.

#### DZERZHINSKI, DEVOTED FIGHTER FOR WORKING CLASS, POINTS OUT THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 20 (By Mail)—With the death of Comrade Felix Dzerzhinski, the international working class lost one of its best and most devoted fighters, points out the Communist International in a statement issued after his death.

The statement of the Communist International reads as follows: To All Communists!

The Russian and the international revolution have lost in Comrade Dzer the special Cook county grand jury. zhinski one of their bravest and most resolute champions, one of their best organizers, one of their greatest lead ers. From the days of his earliest youth to his last breath Comrade Dzerzhinski stood in the ranks of the Bolsheviki, in the battlefront of the proletarian revolution. Dzerzhinski's life was one of decades of underground work, decades of measureless sacri fice, decades of unforgettable achieve ments for the emancipation of the working class.

As member and leader of the so cial democratic party of Lithuania and Poland, the forerunner of the Communist Party of Poland, Comrade the development towards socialism. Dzerzhinski was the pattern of the persistent, undaunted party worker in czarist illegality. He underwent pris on, workhouses and Siberian exile. He lived in exile in Germany and in Austria. He faced trial and received the severest sentences with unshakable calmness. Arrested, deported, condemned and exiled time and again, Comrade Dzerzhinski did not pause for a moment in his revolutionary

He escaped from jail and from Siberia and returned from abroad in ence over 30,000 to 35,000 voters with order to plunge again and again into the most dangerous front of the proletarian class struggle. Liberated from exile by the February revolution, Comrade Dzerzhinski played a very active part in the preparation and execution of the Bolshevist revolu-

> As a member of the central commit ee of the Bolsheviki and of the revolutionary military committee of the etrograd Soviet, Comrade Dzerzhinki was one of the greatest captains of the October victory in 1917. In the fight for the proletarian dictatorship Comrade Dzerzhinski created and

directed the All-Russian Tcheka, the irresistible, death-dealing weapon against all the enemies of the toilers. From those days on. Comrade Dzerzhinski was the object of the hatred of all traitors, hangmen and white guards and of the blind rage of the crushed counter-revolution. He was the object of the proud admiration and

ove of the toilers of the whole world. After the end of the civil war, Comrade Dzerzhinski devoted all his energies to the reconstruction of Soviet territory. As people's commissary for railways and communications he brot about the rebirth of the chaotic transport conditions. As president of the supreme council of national economy he was at the head of the struggle for His last words, spoken only a few hours before his death, were devoted to the maintenance of Lenin's heritage, the victory of socialism, the work of the international proletarian revo lution.

Comrade Dzerzhinski, the closest battle comrade of Rosa Luxemburg, the loyal pupil and associate of Lenin. belongs to the international proletariat as much as to the Russian, Polish and Lithuanian workers. His tireless, infinitely varied labor, his organizing genius, his never vascillating loyalty to the party, his exemplary life of struggle, and his courage must continue to live deeply-rooted in the consciousness of all Communists, of all workers, of all those who toil.

After Lenin and Frunze we have ost Dzerzhinski. The losses are irreparable. But their work lives and will contniue to

Leninism is unconquerable! Long live the party of the Bol-

sheviki! Long live the international proletarian revolution!

### The Communist International.

#### LEFT WING WINS ELECTIONS IN CHICAGO GARMENT WORKERS UNION LOCALS 100 AND 59

This week the right-wing forces in the International Ladies Garment Workers Union received two severe blows. In the elections in Local 59 the entire left-wing ticket was elected by a two to one vote.

The right-wing candidates for chairman and secretary held those offices ever since the local was organized. In these elections Bertha Pinhasik defeated A. Share for the chairmanship by a vote of 129 to 67. Anna Dubrow defeated Max Trubakoff for the secre taryship by a vote of 129 to 67.

The second blow came to the right wing in the elections of Local 100 Here the left-wing ticket won every

#### "GOLDEN STATE" IS MOCKERY TO THIS AGED **UNEMPLOYED WORKER**

OAKLAND, Cal.—(FP)—Too old to work at 63, starving to death, and too your five dollars—you need The proud to beg, Fred Boyd fainted from DAILY WORKER. Send five for hunger in an Oakland street. He had

### Polish Workers Released



Communist deputies, Phystupa and Paszczuk, arrested by the Pilsudsk government, shown here after their release from jail in Luck. The Communist fraction in the Sejm and workers in mass meetings demanded the release of the other victims of Polish terror.

#### Hungary Abolishes Eight-Hour Day and Attacks the Unions

BUDAPEST, Aug. 8.—Only a few trades in Hungary, notably those in the printing industry, now enjoy the eight-hour day, says S. Jaszi, secreary of the Hungarian Federation of Trade Unions, in a report to the International Federation of Trade

always been to raise the low wage "The chief aims of our unions have level, and to obtain the eight-hour day," he reports; "but neither of these objects has yet been achieved. It is true that, thanks to their own efforts, most trades did win the eight-hour day some time ago. But the extensive unemployment which has now devastated Hungary for some years past has enabled employers to lengthen working hours again.

"Where this has not already been done, efforts are being made to do it. good a meal ticket to be exposed. Only in a few trades, such as the printing and allied industry, have the unions insisting that workers in every them, which secure them both better wages and the eight-hour day."

#### Pittsburgh Arranges Social to Aid Striking British Coal Miners

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 8. - A benefit social for the British miners and the Passaic textile strikers will be given by the Pittsburgh branch of the American Negro Labor Congress Monday, Aug. 16, 8 p. m. at the Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller Street, Pittsburgh.

The splendid music, refreshments and the especially prepared program will make this benefit social a new feature in this city. All workers and their families are invited to attend. Admission 25 cents.

#### Pittsfield Police Arrest Samuelian

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Aug. 6.—H. Samuelian was arrested by the police here and threatened with deportation for selling The DAILY WORKER and the other Workers (Communist) Party literature.

When being examined by the police head he was struck several times Willimantic Textile across the face and told to pack up and leave the city immediately.

The police head told one of his aides to take away the ice cream license neld by Samuelian. International Labor Defense is aiding Samuelian.

Five dollars will renew your Vefore Luquet 15.

## Organized Labor—Trade Union Activities

News and Comment Labor Education Labor and Government Trade Union Politics

## WHIPS AN OLD **OPEN SHOPPER WITH A STRIKE**

#### Boss Arrested Workers as Police Captain

By ART SHIEDS, Federated Press. NEW YORK, Aug. 8.-Losing his liamond-stidded police captain's badge and the power to arrest his employes that went with it, spelled defeat for Henry Fruhauf, leading open shop clothing manufacturer, in his contest; with the union. A sharp two weeks' strike has ended in a vic tory for the Amalgamated Clothing Workers. It is the union's most im portant strike settlement since i signed up the International Tailoring Co. and J. L. Taylor & Co. earlier in

Bitter Open Shopper. Fruhauf was one of the capitalist that Mayor Hylan favored with a special police title-he was a captainand the clothing manufacturer used his power effectively in the union fighting game. He first broke with the Amalgamated in the 1921 strike and lockout and fought it ever since till the present settlement.

As an officer in the clothing manu facturers' association he preached the gospel of the open shop in and out of season and boasted to his fellow bosses of his ability to go it alone In 1924 when the general body of clothing manufacturers of New York joined with the union in setting up arbitration machinery, presided over by an impartial chairman, Fruhauf continued to run his shops in dictatorial

Boss Was the Government. When the union struck his plants in 1924 and production ceased Fruhauf displayed his police captain's badge as the pickets passed by and directed patrolmen in the jailing of the more active spirits. As a police captain he defeated the 1924 strike that as simple manufacturer he would have

#### Boasted 'Freedom'

The glib defender of anti-unionism knows which side his bread is but tered.

His favorite claim is "closed shop" of the trade unions. But note his silence when the em

ployer compels workers to join his company "union." This is different, likewise awkward for propagandists The New York subway strike re

veals that every worker must join that company "union." Employes have no option. They must affiliate or not work. Dues are deducted by the com-

Where are this gentry who write voluminous and ponderous advice to trade unionists?

Do the propagandists call attention to these things? Certainly not. The employer is their best customer. He buys their pamphlets on the advantages of company "unions" to distribute to employes.

To tell the facts of the company "union" is unprofessional. It is too There is nothing undemocratic in

workers collective agreements behind trade and calling assist in maintain ing work conditions. Society itself rests on this theory Neither would it be wrong to apply

this principle to the company "union, were it not founded on dishonesty. To compel men to be a party to that dishonesty only expands the deceit. The company "union" is maintained

by the employer. He owns, controls and directs. It is his property. It is intended to pre-empt the field and keep out the legitimate unions. The company "union" is in expe

sive. It has often replaced crude spy systems and cumbersome strikebreak ing machinery.

With straw bosses and company fa vorites in key positions of the company "union," demands for improved work conditions can be sidetracked. Even wage reductions are secured

by having a hand-picked committee examine the books." Employeyrs are delighted with their latest anti-union plan. It is so smooth

so simple, so inexpensive. It has the utward appearance of a trade union. Propagandists complete the job by rugging both workers and the public. Amalgamated Journal, official organ of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers.

## Mill Rejects State **Arbitration Offer**

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 6. - (FP) -State arbitration was rejected by the American' Thread Co. for its plant in Willimantic. The United Textile sub for a year, if you send it in Workers have conducted a strike the for hearly tell years.

#### WITH THE LABOR PRESS

THE POSTAL RECORD, Official Organ of the National Association of Letter Carriers. Published Monthly, 48 Pages. M. T. Finnan, Editor, A. F. of L. Building, Washington, D. C.

 ${f A}^{f S}$  is natural, its members coming under the civil service law, the Postal Record devotes considerable space to congressional procedure and prints the pictures of congressmen who favor the legislation, such as the retire ment pension act, which the union is seeking.

The labor character, found even in the most conservative trade union journals, is almost entirely absent in this organ of a union of governmen employes. Out of five editorials, covreing two pages in the August issue, there is not a single one dealing with anything subject of general interest to labor. One editorial stresses the fact of the friendly relations existing between the government officials and the postal employes and opposes a proposal by the comptroller which would deprive postal department officials of expenses incurred while attending conventions of the union.

The National Ladies' Auxiliary of the union has a correspondence department in the journal consisting mostly of reports from branches. The state associations also have a department given over mostly to notices of state conventions which are written in well-known "booster" style made famous by real estate advertisement writers.

Twelve to fifteen pages of each issue are filled with letters from local unions and it is here that the political level of the organization is revealed. Like the state association department communications, the letters from the branches are chiefly laudatory comments on the old home town and the jokes are of the kiwanis-rotary club variety. Scarcely a word about the labor movement in the respective can found altho there is plenty of baseball news, social items, praise of the local postmaster, etc. Typical of the corrsepondence is a letter from Sherevoprt, Louisiana, which refers to this municipality as the "pep city of America."

The servility which the civil service seems to demand and against which the official organ of the union appears to make no protest is exemplified by a letter from Flushing, New York, published under the title of "Testimonial Dinner to Harry S. New, Postmaster-General, and John A. Rapelje Postmaster of Flushing, N. Y." The letter begins as follows:

There they are, brothers: two of the best postmasters in the United States; yes, and we feel in the entire world. Those of us who had the opportunity to be present on the occasion of this testimonial dinner given to the above gentlemen, and believe me there were some one thousand gathered together from within the ranks of the postal department and civilian life, may well feel proud that we have as our chief and as our postmaster-general a man of the callber of General Harry S. New. A gentleman every inch of him. Yea, and even more, a real live, honest-to-goodness he-man. And I say this without fear of contradiction. Here is a gentleman holding one of the greatest offices within the gift of the president of the United States, who did not hesitate, when asked to attend this dinner as the guest of he employes of he Flushing Postal District, to fraternize with his employes and with the citizens of the postal district of Flushing. . . . . What an example of fraternalism! What a spirit of co-operation! Yes, what a significance.

There is much more of the same sort, but this is enough to indicate that the official organ of the union has a policy of encouraging a sort of bureaucratic feudalism and that the organization is little more than an adjunct of ing girls. the political machine of postal department heads.

One of the greatest industrial battles in history is being waged by the miners of Great Britain to prevent the further degrading of the already desperate conditions forced upon them by ow wages and unemployment.

The organized mine workers are carrying on their fight courageously despite the calling off of the general strike. But they are fighting against desperate odds.

Four million men, women and children face starvation. Hunger is the reatest menace they have to face. We in America can help our British prothers win. If they are driven back to the mines to work under terrible conditions and at pitiful wages we cannot escape the consequences of

their defeat. The present lockout comes at the end of a period when earnings ranged from \$11 to \$15 a week. In only a few sections is any lockout benefit being paid. The vast majority of miners are entirely dependent upon relief from

outside sources. The demands for help from home are many and the need is great. Our own miners in the bituminous fields are faced with a situation almost as desperate as that which faces the British miners. But in the face of their own great need the United Mine Workers' Union is sending contribuions to their British brothers.

Can workers who are more fortunately situated do less?-The Railway

It is to be regretted that in some localities there still remains a tendency to ignore our women workers who are in every respect a vital part of our trade and can and do prove of inestimable value in time of trouble. It is a notorious fact that in recent cases our women members have made the good fight, putting our men to shame. They deserve the support of their brothers in the craft in their effort to obtain a living wage, in fact upon their receiving it will in a large measure depend the wage and conditions secured for our men. Let us not deceive ourselves by following a suicidal course of ignoring our women, we will regret it when too late.-The International Bookbinder.

The inconsistency of the man who is opposed to the organization of labor, when he himself depends on his daily wages for support, should be pointed out to him in the fact that he is accepting the wages secured thru the organization of labor, which are in advance of what they would be were it not for unionism, and that, without contributing towards the maintenance of the union in any way; but, on the other hand, arraying himself against his fellow workmen and at the same time against his own interests, and by accepting the improved conditions brought about by the organization of the workers, is "obtaining money unso blind as those who will not see .-Railway Carmen's Journal.

#### They Must Have Help Will Seek Real Inform ation.

Late in August a select group of labor leaders will leave this country for a tour of industrial Europe, in cluding Soviet Russia and fascist Italy to get actual first-hand information as to labor conditions. Men very high up in American labor circles will make up the group, which will be a per sonal mission, and not official.

In addition to first-hand personal observation, the commission will also mists under the direction of Dr. W. Jett Lauck, long regarded as the ablest labor economist in the country

by the railroad brotherhoods, the United Mine Workers and other great international unions. Honorable Frank P. Walsh, former chairman of the na tional industrial conference board and later joint chairman with ex-President Taft of the U.S. war labor board, will also accompany the party as experi adviser on legal and political affairs.

The announcement that a commis sion of the most reputable and responsible labor executives of this country expects to visit Russia puts completely to rest the fears of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, expressed at their last meeting that radicals in the emploof the Soviet government might en deavor to stampede American labor and support a "whitewashing commit tee" from this country.

Prominent executives of large international unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, we are informed, state that their plans to se cure reliable information concerning conditions in Russia in no wise conflicts with the refusal of the last American Federation of Labor convention to send an official delegation to Russia at the expense of the federa tion. The present mission, it is point ed out, claims no official American Federation of Labor status, since it is composed of labor executives connected with both the railroad broth erhoods and the A. F. of L. Moreover. since the labor leaders concerned are making the trip on their own private nitiative, their plans are not properly a matter of concern of the A. F. of L -Steam Shovel and Dredge (July number), official journal International Brotherhood of Steam Shovel and Dredge Men.

Lawrence, Mass., a city of little more than 100,000 population, reports 9,178 workers out of employment and 4,000 employed on half time. This condition can be accepted as typical of New England textile manufacturing cities and towns. In the loud boasting concerning national wealth and prosperity this situation is overlooked. The sufferers are voiceless and they are the ghastly skeleton in the closet that must be concealed. The defenders of existing conditions will always be at a disadvantage while there reder false pretenses." Surely none are mains one person willing to work and unable to find employment.-The Granite Cutters Journal.

的原第一一 Policies and Programs The Trade Union Press Strikes-Injunctions Labor and Imperialism

## **BOSSES SEEK TO PUT OVER STATE POLICE MEASURE**

#### Illinois Chamber of Commerce Holds Meet

Representatives of the draft a state police bill that will "be satisfactory to labor, bankers, agriculture and all others concerned."

C. W. Terry of Edwardsville rep resenting the Illinois Bankers' Association; F. A. Barton, George A. Fox and Donald Kirkpatrick of Chicago, representing agriculture; George Stevens, chairman of the legislative com mittee of the Illinois chamber of commerce; Robert Scholes, of Peoria. speaker of the house at the last session of the state legislature and John H. Camlin, Rockford, president of the Illinois chamber of commerce.

#### Tells Girls Getting \$14 a Week Not to Be "Bored" at the Labor

BOSTON, Aug. 8. - (FP)-Hugiene or the business girl is featured in The Commonwealth, organ of the Massachusetts state department of nealth. One article gives sensible health rules for the mental and physical well being of the girl office workers. Another tells her not to get bored on the job.

But still another article says that more attractiveness must be put into her day's work," adding that "the old idea that the management owes nothing but wages is discovered in these modern times to be exceedingly poor business." The writer of the last article wants more welfare for work-

#### No Injunctions Issued Against Capitalists Who Go on a Strike

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 6 .-(FP)—Mill owners of New Bedford are on strike for higher prices. The strike is directed against the consumer. Buyers are calling for goods but the prices they are offering do not suit the manufacturers, so the latter have gotten together and curtailed production to less than 50 per

cent of normal. A total of 15,000 workers are idle as town shows a total of 1,669 idle works

#### Wind from Rock Fall Scatters Miners Like Leaves in the Storm

SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 8 .- (FP)-Twenty-five miners were tossed in the Pyne mine of the Glen Alden Coa Co. at Taylor like leaves when the fall of thousands of tons of rock sent a terrific current of air thru the tunnels. Mine cars were blown off the tracks and electric wires torn from the posts. Some men were hurled 50 The men narrowly escaped feet. death All were bruised.

#### Scranton Tailors Win Wage Increase

SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 6. -(FP) Scranton union tailors won a \$2.50 wage increase retroactive to June 5 and in force until Aug. 1, 1928. Bushelmen, operators and pressers, who god \$39.50 before, now get \$42. Women helpers get \$24 instead of \$21.50. The 48-hour week is in force.

#### Gold Mark Knitting Co. Tied Up by Strike

WOONSOCKET, R. I. Aug. 6 .- (FP) The Gold Mark Knitting company is closed because the 20 knitters are striking for wage increases.

#### WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting station WCFL is on the air with regular programs. It is broacasting on a 491.5 wave length from the Municipal Pier.

TONIGHT. 6 to 7—Chicago Federation of Laber talks and bulletins. 7 to 7:30—Elena Moneak's Quintette

chamber music. 7:30 to 8:30-Vella Cook, soprano; Harry Dream Daddy Davis; Norman G. Harten baritone; Al Scott's Harmony Hawaiiad

Kings.
8:30 to 9—WCFL Ensemble.
9 to 9:30—Little Joe Warner, Harry
Dream Daddy Davis.
9:30 to 10—Request hour—Popular muse.

sic.
10 to 11—Dance music from the Municipal Pier Auditorium, Charles Cook Orchestra.

## **AMALGAMATION** ISSUE BEFORE **BAKERS' MEET**

#### Union to Meet in New York August 9

NEW YORK-(FP)-Aug. 8.-Amalgamation of bakery workers' unions looms as an issue for the International Bakery and Confectionery Workers' Union convention in New York August 9. Already the union's joint executive board for greater New York has invited the action of the Amalgamated Food Woorkers' independent union on the question. The board expresses its desire that the international convention likewise take up and act on the amalgamation proposition.

In replying, the Amalgamated points amalgamation which would bring one union in the baking industry. "The trend of the industry, the amalgamation of capital, the continued introduction of new devices in the production of the baking industry have left no bakery workers in doubt of the imme-; diate need of amalgamation of the bakery workers' organizations," the · Amalgamated states.

The independent union suggests that -its answer be considered a statement to the international union's executive board and convention, inasmuch as Lithese are the authoritative bodies with which it would have to deal in actual amalgamation proceedings. The Amalgamated has its greatest strength among the German and Italian bakers. while the International Bakery and Confectionery Workers in New York are practically all in Jewish bakeries.

#### Auto Exports of Both U. S. and Canada Rise: Australia Big Market

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.-American exports of automobiles and other automotie products amounted to \$182,066,-573 in the first six months of this year, mays the department of commerce. This is 9.4 more than in the same period of 1925, which was a peak year. Canada, in the first half of 1926, exported \$19,734,610 of automotive products, which was a gain of 12.6 per cent over the exports in the same period in 1925.

The largest market for American automobiles, trucks, busses and motor day for all young miners, with full cycles is Australia. That country took pay at seaside and other resorts. 6,905 American trucks and busses in the recent six months.

Five dollars will renew your sub for a year, if you send it in before August 15.

# New

ON

Books

THE BRITISH GENERAL STRIKE



#### "The General Strike-And the General Betraval"

By John Pepper.

A brilliant booklet, most interesting and important for an understanding of the great Brit- train but were able to continue their Ash demonstration of working journey after their hurts had been class power.

On the greatest event since the Russian revolution, read this new book just off the press!

> 25 CENTS Postpaid.

READ ALSO:

The British General Strike-Its Back ereund, Its Lessons by William F. Dunne.

British Labor Bids for Power By Scott Nearing ... ..10 Cents

Whither England? By Leon Trotsky Clothbound \$1.75

## The United Effort of Many

THE party has asked each one of its members to contribute fifty cents to the party in addition to the regular dues in order to create a fund to enable the party to undertake more work and build a stronger party.

That is not asking a great sacrifice from the membership. It would open the eyes of the members of our party if they could examine the dues books Meet at Central Opera of the members of our brother Communist parties in other countries.

Recently a member of the German Communist Party transferred to our party. He turned in his dues book to the National Office with his transfer This dues book showed what the members of the German party are doing to help their party carry on its work. IN ADDITION TO THE REGULAR WEEKLY DUES THERE WERE NO LESS THAN TEN SPECIAL ASSESS-MENTS WHICH THIS COMRADE HAD PAID WITHIN A YEAR. In some instances he had purchased three or four of the special stamps in place of the ne he was obligated to pay for.

The dues in the Russian Communist Party are relatively much higher than the dues in our party. The Russian workers pay 2% of their income to the party. The members of our party pay 1/2 of 1% on incomes up to \$125 monthly and 1% on income in excess of that. The German workers pay relatively higher dues to the party than the members of our party.

The party members may think that fifty cents additional does not mean out that it has always worked toward much to the party. Fifty cents each from ten thousand members means \$5,000—an amount which will give the party a big boost in carrying on its work. That sum will enable the party to enter into many situations which will help it build its strength and influence. It will enable them to support the struggles of workers who are entering into fights against the capitalists. It will help particularly to increase the party activities in the election cam-

> The ten thousand members who have not paid the United Labor Ticket Assessment should learn from the example of the German and Russian workers to support their party to the utmost. In a united effort there is strength.

> Let us make a united effort to secure a 100% collecion of the fifty cents assessment and push the party forward.

# WITH THE YOU'NG WORKERS

#### Young Miners of Soviet Union Have **Best Conditions**

Here are the conditions under which the young miners of the Soviet Union ive and work. Examine them carefully. See if they are like your conditions or the conditions of any American young worker:

1. No young workers under 16 work underground

2. A six-hour day for all workers under 18 years.

3. No night work for young miners. 4. One month a year regular holi-

5. Equal pay for equal work. 6. Full rates of pay for all sick or

injured miners. 7. No restrictions of any kind against young miners in the trade unions. The young workers have free entry, full rights, and pay lower dues. These young miners are well represented in all official positions and on

all committees. 8. Wages are steadily going up in the Soviet Union. In spite of the fact that Russian industry is only just beginning to pick up and recover from District 8, Young the effects of the imperialist world war, of the counter-revolution, of the nght against intervention of perialism (with the United States in the front ranks) on seventeen fronts. of the blockade, of the sabotage and destruction of Russian resources by countries, wages in Russian industry are going up fast. Already the workers, and especially the young workers, are better off in Russia than in most capitalist countries. And in Russia things are on the ungrade and, as conditions in industry become better, so will the living and working condi-

tions of the workers. 9. In Russia the workers have got- range conflicting affairs on that date.

Train on Penn Road

Sideswiped; Nineteen

Passengers Are Injured

GREENSBURG, Pa., Aug. 8.-Nine

teen passengers of a Pittsburgh-to-

Philadelphia train were injured, none

seriously, when the train was side-

swiped by a freight traveling west

near the Pennsylvania railroad station

The accident was believed to have

occurred when a car on the freight

train buckled, throwing it against the

All of the injured were cut by flying

glass or bruised by the jarring of the

dressed by local physicians, railorad

Plan Knocked on the

Head by Commission

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8. - The plan

of Henry Ford for consolidating the

Detroit. Toledo & Ironton and the

Toledo-Detroit railroads with the De-

troit & Ironton, received a set-back

today when examiners of the Inter-

state commerce commission recom-

mended that the commission dismiss

the various applications on the

ground the proposed consolidation not

only was premature, but was not in

Chicken Handlers Strike.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., August 8. -

And the second s

the public interest.

Ford's Consolidation

at Jeannette early yesterday.

passenger train.

employes said.

ten rid of their bosses, who are no more than parasites, producing nothing and living off the labor of the workers. In Russia the bosses are out. The workers, thru their factory committees, their unions and their workers' government, control and run all Russian industry. When the Russian young workers work they work not for bosses who are taking it easy at Palm Beach or in the Adirondack Mountains, but for themselves and their whole class. They are working to establish a system where all the terrible conditions of capitalism" will disappear forever and where the whole of the fruits of the genius and labor of the workers will go to the workers themselves.

These are the conditions of life and work of the Russian young workers That this picture is true is attested not only by the Communists, but also by delegations of trade unionists which have come from many countries (England, France, Norway, Germany, etc.) to obtain the truth about Russia and even by capitalist observers themselves.

Young American workers! Young Are your conditions like these? Why this great difference?

### Workers to Celebrate Youth Day Sept. 3

International Youth Day will be celebrated by the Young Workers (Com paid agents of the capitalists of all munist) League, Dist. 8, Friday, September 3. at 8 p. m. at Northwest Hall, corner North and Western Ave. J. Louis Engdahl of The DAILY WORKER and Max Shachtman, will he the speakers. There will also be a pioneer speaker, a musical program,

and a pioneer entertainment Admission 25c. All sympathetic organizations are requested not to ar-

#### Younger Kahn Adds Another Jazz Place to His Ventures

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.-Roger Wolfe Kahn, son of the banker, Otto Kahn, has bought the Ciro night club on West 56th street. At present the younger Kahn has ten orchestras bearing his name. Already his ventures have netted him between \$25,000 and \$30,000 in profits.

#### Level of Farm Prices in U.S. Drops Again

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8. - (FP)-The general level of prices for farm crops in the United States was 135 per cent of pre-war level on July 15, which is 18 points below that of one year ago, says the department of Agriculture. It is 4 points below the level of June 15 this year.

Grains lost 5 points in the month, cotton 6 points, meat animals 2 points and fruits and vegetable 21 points, when taken as groups. However, corn, barley, rye and flaxseed advanced slightly.

The purchasing power of farm products in June this year was 87 per cent of what it was for the five-year period 1909-14, says the bulletin from Secretary Jardine's office.

This official declaration that the farmers' hope of better returns this season is futile, is accepted by the anti-administration republicans as proof that the issue of legislative re- for the vacant post of commissioner (FP)-A hundred and fifty chicken lief for the farmers cannot be escaped of the District of Columbia, which handlers struck for \$10 per man for each car unloaded. They have been getting \$6.

They have been bate on the Haugen bill.

They have been bate on the Haugen bill.

President Coolidge has just filled with a business man, born in Mass-

## LABOR OF N.Y. TO HEAR STORY OF MINE STRIKE

## House Tuesday Eve

NEW YORK CITY, Aug. 8 .- On Tuesday night, August 10, at eight o'clock, New York workers are invited to attend the big protest meeting against the British mine owners and government who are trying to stave 1,200,000 union miners and their wives and children into submission to longer hours and lower wages.

The life of the British miner has been nothing less than hell for years five years of unemployment and endless years of starvation wages. In districts where the bosses made the largest profits, the average wage has been only from \$10.32 to \$12.96, for those who could get work steadily. They rebelled against a 10 per cent cut and an attempt to get them to work one hour longer a day. "Not penny off the pay; not a minute on the day!" is their fighting slogan.

The speakers at the meeting will b Ben Gitlow, Norman Thomas, Louis Hyman and the Rev. Leon R. Land. Everyone is invited. The meeting is to be held at Central Opera House, 67th street and Third avenue, Tues day evening at 8 o'clock.

#### Labor Defense Picnic at Zahora's Grove Sunday, Aug. 22

The Bulgarian, South Slavic, Greek and Czecho-Slovak branches of International Labor Defense will hold a Labor Defense Picnic at Zahora's Grove on the Des Plaines River, Sunday, Augst 22.

In order to get there take Ogden Ave. or 22 St. car, then Lyons-Berwyn car to end of line. Walk west few blocks to grove. Or get bus at the end of 22nd St. car line direct to

## Mussolini Orders

ROME, Aug. 6. - A' new series of lrastic measures handed down by the Benito Mussolini forbid the manufacure of bread containing more than 10% to 85% wheat. Decrees prohibit he manufacture of "luxury" bread nd of pastries and sweets containing vheat flour.

The fascist cabinet has decided on a eturn to the war-time bread in an atempt to cut down the importation of wheat into Italy and thus overcome he unfavorable trade balance.

Each unit of bread is not to exceed 200 grams and its price is to be fixed by the provincial food committee Violations of these decrees will be severely punished. A strict system of enforcement is being created.

#### James Maurer Shocks Los Angeles Socialists with Pro-Russian Speech

By L. P. RINDAL,

ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 8.-LOS James H. Maurer, president Pennsylvania Federation of Labor, at a banquet tendered him and his wife at Tait's by the socialists, gave a shock to some of the hard-boiled socialists with his attitude toward Russia. He said Russia is the hope of the

world. Before world peace can come to stay we must be able to see a worker's government in every country under the sun.

"When the soviet government of fered \$2,000,000 to help the British miners the British government said 'No, it can't be done.' But when the Russian trade unionists said: 'All right, we will send it ourselves.' The British government was forced to back down," declared Maurer

"In Leningrad the metal workers de several days and to send their overtime pay to the British miners. Theaters gave special performances and newspapers opened special funds for the British strikers. Russia coal miners gave two days' wages, and so on down the line."

Maurer spoke of William Z. Foster as one who, in the great steel strike of 1919, "valiantly fought for the rights of the exploited workers."

#### Chicago Workers School Committee Will Meet Tonight

The committee to raise funds for the Chicago Workers' School has started its work. Eleven members of the committee met last Tuesday and plans were made for raising the needed funds.

A very important meeting will take place tonight at 8:45 o'clock at the district office, 19 South Lincoln St. Every member of the committee must

An Open Shop Government.

pas-et - L - ent on to

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8, - (FP) -No trade union man was mentioned low-Hartford Carpet Co. against wage reductions. Some men from the tapestry department joined the walk-

The property of the service of the s

out.

#### MRS. SEMENOFF NABBED AS THIEF; AND SO WAS HER OLD MAN

PARIS, Aug. 6. — A woman who claims she is the wife of the notorlous Czarist General Semenoff, went off with furs and jewelry that did not belong to her and sold them. Mrs. Semenoff thus got herself entangled in the meshes of the law. Such practice seem to be first nature with the Semenoff family.

# BURBANK'S FRUIT

## ting Things Crossed

SANTA ROSA, Calif., Aug. 8. Juther Burbank's posthumous fruit marvel will be one of his greetest. Announcement was made today that a nectarine which the great plant wizard worked eighteen years to perfect, us now bearing fruit which in every way meets the rigid requirement which Burkank laid down for the creation.

"It's A Peach." The fruit—a cross between a peach and a plum—has been seen and tasted by a few who are carrying on Burbank's work at his Sebastopol experiimental station and in their opinion

For twelve years Burbank personally kept the records of the experiments in this particular fruit.

it even surpasses the late horticultur-

# **MORRIS KRVETZ**

#### Mrs. Sadlowski Ends Italy on War Bread Sentence This Afternoon DAILY WORKER. (a) Published by

Morris Krvetz was released from Cook county jail after serving a 50talian cabinet at the command of day jail sentence for refusing to stop gles; (c) Labor leaders will better picketing when "Injunction" Judge Dennis E. Sullivan issued an antipicketing edict in the 1924 strike of the International Ladies' Garment monthly; (e) Printed by a united Workers' Union.

> He was met at the jail by a committee and many fellow members of the union.

Mrs. Eleanor Sadlowski, mother of 10-year-old boy, will leave the couny jail this afternoon at four o'clock after serving a 60-day jail sentence for her part in the 1924 garment strike.

#### New York Patrolman Caught Stealing \$1,000 in all languages. To sum up: it is

Frederick Croker was locked up in paper, when once he fully underpolice headquarters on a charge of stands what it is. stealing two \$500 notes from Jacob Frank, 66, whom he arrested for begging. When Frank was arrested the oilcloth bag in Frank's clothing. The money was counted by Lieutenant Reid and Croker and then Croker was sent to deposit the money with the property clerk. On his way he peeled off two of the \$500 notes, rolled them up and slipped them into the barrel of his fountain pen. This theft was detected at the property clerk's office and Croker subsequently jailed.

## Two More Warrants

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Aug. 6. Special Prosecutor Alexander Simpson ias obtained warrants for the arrest of Ralph V. Gorsline, vestryman and choir singer in the New Brunswick cided to work two hours overtime for Church of which the Rev. Edward W. Hall was pastor, and Mrs. Nellie Russell, a Negro woman.

Gorsline is charged with being an accessory after the fact in the murder of the clergyman and Mrs. Eleanor Mills, choir singer. Mrs. Russell is wanted as a material witness.

#### Connecticut Workers Protest.

WATERBURY, Conn. - A mass meeting of workers held here adopted the following resolution on Sacco and Vanzetti:

"We, workers of the State of Connecticut, assembled in the number of 3.000 in Waterbury, Conn., on Sunday, June 27th, 1926, protest against the legal murder of Sacco and Vanzetti in Massachusetts.

"We demand that they be released and that those responsible for their persecution be punished.

"We further resolve that this resolution be sent to the governor of Massachusetts and to all newspa-

"Chas. Crasnitski,

Carpet Workers Strike. HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 8.—(FP) -Nearly a hundred women struck in

## A BUILDER WRITES A LETTER

HERE is a letter from a DAILY WORKER Builder that should be carefully studied by every reader of our paper. It gives valuable ideas and suggestions to every member of the working class on how to develop our press. This letter will be commented on in an article that will appear in tomorrow's issue of The DAILY WORKER. Read this letter and then look for the comment.—J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

very successful contest for sub-Scientist Famous for Get- 42 regular 'serves." I am also placing territory besides selling about twenty and you have solved all. copies daily in the process of canvassing new territory. I collect 20 cents ,the full news stand price every Saturday. For carrying I am paying and pay all expenses out of the income. Twenty-seven other "serves" started and quit. Each Saturday's comes the acid test as to whether the paper is being read and will therefore e continued.

readers must be combined. I make a instead of an enemy. running list of all houses visited leaving plenty of space for memorandum. Each house, flat or apartment number is put down, whether the door bell is answered or not. Whoever comes to the door is interviewed.

1. The first thing (if it appears necessary) is to ask permission for the interview. I ask the man or men visitor, union, non-union, pioneer, youth—they are all prospective members of our organizations, even busidefense, aid and free speech departments.

2. I bring the matter right down to the need of a paper like The the workers themselves; (b) All big dailies are millionaire concerns and of course go against us in our strugserve the real workers thru the influ ence of a real rank and file papers; (d) It must be daily, not weekly or front of all rank and file or left wing, militant organizations. (b) Gets more money, less hours, for every worker every week; (g) Leads the struggle in every strike; (h) Gives the historical back ground, day by day news, technique or method, final result, lessons, of every strike. (The ordinary daily falsifies or omits all these); (i Has its own reports from every city in the world by cable, in common with its brother papers in all lands. unthinkable that any worker will allow his family himself, and the NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—Patrolman workers he meets to be without this

TT is necessary, in most cases, when patrolman found \$12,385 sewed in an this the Saturday collection gives an scriptions and renewals, I can appreparing to do.

ER agent who collects, delivers in Hall-Mills Murder of a district, four cents and The DAILY WORKER ten cents of each twenty cents. The agent can canvass new routes, to the limit of his capacity, thus keeping him fully occupied retaining the full amount. I go after the bundle at 3 a. m., finishing my deliveries by 6, or sometimes by 5 then finish my sleep and canvass unti or 9:30 p.m. It would seem to be possible to interest many comrades in this and thus to cover all working class districts. If our boys (they may be organized as Pioneers) are to do the delivering the routes, perhaps, should be reduced in size so that they can be covered within a half hour This would take many boys, if much territory is covered, but the more the better; such a task is necessary to develop the boys, as well as their elders. Each small route can become he pride of the boy and those to whom he serves the paper. Perhaps someone within or near each route can be found to become the canvasser who will develop the route to as near 100 per cent of the residents as possible. We can establish classes to ishes (counties) the right to establish train canvassers-persons who ac- stockades or prison farms and to farm quire the power to approach others out prisoners to contractors at a few and by interview convince them of cents a day to compete with free the value of a thing and supply them labor.

DEAR comrade. Editor:—This let- with the initiative to expend the ter is called forth by the recent | money and the energy to buy and use it. There is a gap here we must find scribers for The DAILY WORKER, a way to fill. Every worker needs together with your articles on that The DAILY WORKER, but few realubject. I think I see great possibi- ize it, and therefore but few are payities in carrier boy delivery, especialling any attention to it—a case of so y in Chicago where excessive post- near, yet so far. Let the whole Workge charges are practically prohib. ers Party and DARLY WORKER foritive. As you perhaps know, I am ces put their minds to the solution of being furnished without charge all the this problem and then get action. That papers I can sell in the process of out of the same process that gets developing routes. At present I have subscribers, and holds them, party resources and members can be had, 12 "Dailies" on six stands in this goes without saying. Solve the one

THE value of the carrier delivery and weekly contributor to our paper. This puts the thin edge of the wedge between him and his past one cent a copy. I am able to live habits and prejudices. Instead of taking a year's subscription from him and then leaving him in a condition unable to assimilate and use his purchase unsided, thus creating only disgust every time he sees the paper, we begin by helping him to help himself To do this work I find the skill of to read and appreciate the paper, and the salesman and the patience of the in this way at once make a convert THE first week I lost 7 out of 14

"serves" I had obtained, I nearly quit. I could sell 40 or 50 papers to those I met for the first time, but it seemed they just would not read it, successively. The next week I lost 8 out of 21, having obtained 14 new ones. That was still discouraging. I commenced to study my method of inand if they are wage earners. If I terview. At the next collection, July cannot get the man himself I talk to 24, I had 34 of which I lost 7. July whoever I can, wife, daughter, son, 31, I had 37 and lost only 5. In my interviews now, I stress The DAILY WORKER'S interesting features and the fact that by merely being in the ness and professional people, in our field the pressure of its influence will be worth its price in bringing better wages and shorter hours. I refuse to discuss any other subject, or phase of this subject, except the value of The DAILY WORKER in the struggle for better living and as a paper fit to read and look forward to every day. Subscribers started even on trial, in this way are very apt to stick. Once they read it successively a few times we have them. Also I am paying attention to other members of the family if I meet them. I interview whoever I met just as if they were to decide the matter. Thus by making friends of them and getting some measure of understanding and appreciation from them, I pave the way for success when I see the man himself. Even the prospective Pioneer has his or her influence in the family and can understand if the matter is presented right to them. Very often a slip shod interview with the husband resulting in an order, will be at once wipped in the hand by the wife who has received no explanation and decides adversely without any knowledge whatever She usually which gets and holds a weekly customs is very different from that which succeeds in parting a man from a few once a worker subscribes to talk dollars who is not to be seen again. and explain to him a few times. For After 20 years getting long term subopportunity. I am sure that most of ciate the advantage of getting right those I have thus reached, since July down to where people live and talking 5, when I started this work, are with them about their struggle and assured to us already as steady pathe relation to them of a good daily trons, future party members, etc. Of paper which The DAILY WORKER course this work must be followed up, has become. In the route covered by which the party here already is pre- Johnnie Tuhy, his father was the only subscriber. Now there are 23 getting It seems that 20 cents will make the paper in the early morning to be the routes self-sustaning. The carrier taken to their sheps and among their to have six cents, The DAILY WORK- brother workers, thus in a measure shutting out the need or inclination bundles, and supervises the routes to grab a capitalist sheet and try to get anything of news or educational value out of it.

Fraternally, P. B. COWDERY

#### Australian Building Trades in Campaign for the 40-Hour Week

SYDNEY - (FP) - The building trades workers have started a campaign for a 40-hour week in Australia.

#### Louisiana Restricts Workers' Liberties

NEW ORLEANS-(FP)-The Louisiana legislature has made it an offense punishable with a fine of \$100 and imprisonment for 60 days to defy any officer of the law who arrests

without a warrant, The legislature also gave all par-

#### CHICAGO NOMINATION CONFERENCE TAKES PLACE TOMORROW NIGHT

The coming congressional, senatorial and county elections provide the Workers (Communist) Party in Illinois with an opportunity to point out to the workers of this state the need for a party of their own. Tomorrow night a nomination conference will be held in North Side Turner Hall, 820 North Clark St. Every shop and street nucleus must send two delegates to this conference.

By Upton Sinclair

## TORY PAPERS BRITISH POLICE

#### "Bobbies" Aid Strikers in Many Towns

By BILL ROSS, Federated Press.

LONDON-(FP)-Although the antilabor groups in Britain have done much since the general strike to win the goodwill of the police, their efforts have not been entirely successful. The conservative Times led by collecting over \$1,000,000 for police pensions "in recognition of their services during the general strike."

many instances of sympathy with the union men. Unlike his American colleague, the British copper is not eager to club strikers and is not a reliable tool of employers. The Liverpool police strike of 1919 is still remembered. Although the strike was lost the leader, Jack Hayes, ran for parliament on the issue and has held his seat ever since. In several other, towns police unions are in existence.

Jack Hayes challenged in parliament the subscription raised by the on handicraft its expansion was ne-Times. "In the list of Times subscribers, one finds an overwhelming wars of the 18th century stimulated perponderance of business interests represented," he stated. "If police the mastery of world markets. The opinion were sought, it would be to the effect that the money should be "how to make industry adequate to given to the relief of miners' children. The mayor of Nottingham," Hayes pointed out, "made an appeal for a police fund. But at the request of the Nottingham force the fund was closed and the money, about \$12,000, was given to local charities."

In several instances where the Labor party has majorities on local government bodies, it was possible to remove police chiefs who showed an antilabor attitude. The latest instance was the dismissal of the chief of police by a county council in South Wales for "trying to break the peace."

#### Filipinos Fear for Liberty

MANILA-(FP)-"Unless we are sadly mistaken." editorializes the Philippines Herald on the Carmi Thompson mission from the United States, "the American people will be greatly enlightened on how many thousands of tons of rubber could be grown in the Philippines. The effect on American public opinion is not hard to imagine: that it will become necessary to revise America's avowed policy concerning the political future of the islands.'

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## **Co-operative Section**

**NEWS AND** COMMENT

This department will appear in every Monday's issue of the The DAILY WORKER.

#### The Co-operative Movement

CHAPTER II .- SOCIAL CONDITIONS IN PRE-CO-OPERATIVE DAYS. TE must commence with a brief historical summary of the Industrial Revolution, as the Co-operative Movement is a direct consequence of he change then brought about in social relations.

The Industrial Revolution.

The Industrial Revolution is the phrase used to describe the tremendous economic changes of the 18th and early part of the 19th century. Like other revolutions, it was the product of a long period of evolution. It neither commenced nor ceased at the dates usually given, e. g., 1760-1830. There had been inventions of an epoch-making character long before 1760-many of The police were generally impartial the most outstanding in the infancy of the human race—and inventive during the struggle, while there were genius has flourished ever since. But it was in those momentous years, however, that machinery and science created large-scale industry. In that short period the inventions of Hargreaves, Arkwright, Crompton, Watt, Cart wright, and Whitney, with all the subsidiary ones, had been completed, and the face of industrial Britain completely changed. The production of wealth was increased tenfold, and only very much later in the 19th century did industrial development follow to any great extent in other nations.

These changes brot about the modern wage-earning proletariat, and the destruction of the peasantry. It is clearly to be seen that so long as The Workers' Share of Social Wealth, capitalist production was dependent cessarily limited. The commercial demand; they were wars waged for problem to be solved, therefore, was meet commercial requirements." This was the stimulus for the Industrial universally introduced. This compe-Revolution.

The Essential Social Conditions fo Capitalism.

There are two essential social con ditions for capitalist production: (1) labor—was the general emigration of A propertyless proletariat. (2) Capital accumulated in few hands (always the result of Britain's repressive polbearing in mind that "Labor made capital before capital employed la-the value of hand-made goods by the

The widespread "enclosure" move ment provided the necessary "hands" for the factories, the "lands" being expropriated first, and the theft legalized afterwards.

Why prosecute the man or woman, Who steals a goose from off the

And let the greater felon loose,

Who steal the common from th

goose?" The Expropriation of the Peasantry In thirty years alone, 1801 to 1831, no less than three and a half million acres were stolen from the common people. This was justified by the plea of social necessity; note what one capitalist apologist has to say: "That, as a whole, enclosure was inevitable, the indispensable condition and the result of more scientific and economic agriculture: that in the long run it resources of the nation; that without it the new population could not have Henry Fords! been fed, the industrial revolution

stimulated, and the strain of the great war endured, is generally accepted."

But how did the common people fare in the enormously increased "productive resources of the nation?" The chief factor of capitalism is competition, and this results in wages be ing depressed to the mere level of subsistence. This competition was great ly intensified when machinery was tition was greatly intensified when machinery was universally introduced. A further factor in depressing wagesby providing a steady source of cheap the Irish at the rate of 50,000 per year icy in Ireland. The depreciation of advent of the machine-made product brought about the utter ruin of the hand-loom weaver. Adam Smith has told how the brutalizing influences of the division of labor operates under capitalism: "The man whose whole life is spent in performing a few simple operations, of which the effects, too, are perhaps always the same . . . has no occasion to exert his understanding. . . . He naturally loses, therefore, the habit of such exertion, and generally becomes as stupid and ignorant as it is possible for a human creature to become. . . His dexterity at his own particular trade seems to be acquired at the expense of his intellectual, social, and martial virtues. But in every improved and civilized society, this is the state into which the laboring poor, that is, the great body of the people, must added enormously to the productive necessarily fall." How comforting this latter paragraph to the souls of the

(To be continued.)

#### NORTHERN STATES CO-OPERATIVE CONVENTION CHARACTERIZED BY CONSTRUCTIVE CLASS POLICY

The convention of the Northern States Co-operative League held in Du luth, Minn., July 18 and 19, was attended by 51 delegates and score of fra-

The Northern States Co-operative League is the biggest and oldest disrict league of the Co-operative League of America. The secretary reported that the membership of the league was 51,945. Many new societies affiliated

with the league during last year. The convention was a live one. Most important questions were decided only after long and sometimes heated discussion and debate. This clarified the issues.

Important Decisions.

After hearing the budget for the ensuing year and getting all facts pertaining to the question, the convention decided to have for the coming resolution being adopted unanimousfiscal year a full-time secretary. Until now, the secretary has divided his time with the Franklin Co-operative Creamery's Educational Committee.

It decided to continue the publicaion of the Year Book and to empower bi-monthly magazine to a monthly, if the financial condition permits it.

Future Policy Outlined.

A resolution, declaring that the N. S. C. L. should be "neutral in politics" was unanimously voted down by the resolution committee and the following substitute resolution presented: Co-operative Movement a Working-

"Whereas the co-operative movement in its nature is primarily a working class movement against the present based on profit, and "Whereas a change in the present

economic system of society can be ac-

Class Movement.

complished only thru the united action of the whole working class, "Be it resolved, that The Northern States Co-operative League declares the co-operative movement to be a part of the general labor movement. and therefore the co-operative move-

ment should seek the co-operation of

## **GINSBERG'S**

Vegetarian Restaurant 2324-26 Brooklyn Avenue, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

all workers' movements for the benefit

of the exploited toilers.'

tional fascism."

Working Class Policy Adopted. After a thoro discussion, the cor vention adopted the above mentioned Nearing to Speak on tion on "neutrality" was withdrawn. declaration of policy and the resolu International fascism was condemn d by the convention, the following

We heartily endorse the proposal International Co-operative Alliance, to New constitution and by-laws were formulate measures to fight interna- ment."

> Elections. Burdant, Minneapolis; E. H. Ander- term activities of the Workers' School son, Minneapolis; V. S. Alanne, Minneapolis; E. E. Branch, Grand Rapids, Mich.; H. V. Nurmi, Virginia; O. Cor-Duluth; S. F. Emme, St. Paul; E. Ronn, Superior; George Halonen, Su-

#### Federal Judge Baldzell Branded Strikebreaker

AKRON, O.—(FP)—Federal judge Baldzell of Indianapolis is held in contempt by the Ohio Federation of Labor. Baldzell recently threw two streetcar union organizers into jail without bail for criminal contempt of

"Judge Baldzell is a strikebreaker." thundered Pres. John P. Frey of the Ohio Federation while the 43rd con vention roured approval.

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

### SEEK AUSTRALIAN AID



H. W. Wood of Calgary is sailing for Australia on the "Empress of China" where he seeks to enlist the co-operation of Australian wheat growers. Wood is the founder of the Canadian co-operative wheat pools. He is also active in the Canadlan Farmers' Party.

## SENATE SLUSH PROBERS FOLD

#### Reed Hints Prison for Insull: Sam May Smile

The senate committee, investigating the use of slush funds in the late Illinois primaries has departed after showing that over one million dollars was spent in the battle to win the nomination for Frank L. Smith, in the senatorial race next fall.

Were Not Available.

Two millionaires for whom supoenas vere issued did not appear. It was said that warrants could not be served on them, because of their absence They are: James Simpson, millionaire head of Marshall Field and Co., and Clement Studebaker, Jr., multi-millionaire utility man.

The committee promised to return here in the fall and clean up on the investigation.

Threatened with Jail. Senator Reed intimated that those cited to appear before the senate for contempt may see the inside of a jail But millionaires and their servants are not used to jails. They are Samuel insull, utility magnate; Robert E. Crowe, state's attorney for Cook county; Daniel J. Schuyler, Insull's attorney; Edward H. Wright, colored political boss of the south side and Thomas Cunningham, wealthy repubican politician of Philadelphia.

The labor leaders who supported Frank L. Smith, millionaire, and friend of Insull, have not yet repudi

#### AMERICAN DIVIDEND AND INTEREST PAYMENTS FOR FIRST HALF OF 1926 REACH TOTAL OF \$2,166,262,000

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press. | the fixed charges the people must ments the first half of 1926 were sufficient for a 25% wage increase for more than 12,000,000 wage earners. But this huge total was paid instead to the investing class. It sets a new record in the amount of tribute collected by the country's financial oli-

Profits Increase.

The total for the 6 months is \$2,166, 262,000. In the same period of 1925 the investing class received \$2,049, 120,000. The increase this year is about 6%. If continued the 1926 dividend and interest payments will reach \$4,360,000,000 roThis will mark a gain of 28% since 1920 and 144% since 1914: ~

Last year's cash payments to the owners of stocks and bonds crossed to investors the corporations are saltthe 4 billion mark for the first time in history. This year's will be well on o 41% billions.

Dividend and interest payments for uly more than maintained this rate of increase, bringing the 7-month total to \$2,166,262,000. For the first 7 120,000. The month to month record for each year reported by the department of commerce is:

Dividends and Interest.

1926	1925	١
anuary\$509,250,000	\$458,625,000	ľ
rebruary 218,715,000	201,000,000	l
March 332,222,000	333,350,000	l
pril 426,075,000	404,820,000	l
May 338,650,000	328,225,000	ı
une 341,350,000	323,100,000	ı
uly 491,915,000	437,900,000	l
More than 2-3 of this s	teady flow of	l
ash into the pockets of	the well-to-do	ı
s interest on bonds.	It represents	1

American dividend and interest pay- meet before income can be distributed as wages, salaries or profits. The 7 months dividends amounted to \$695 877,000 compared with \$663.350.000 in the same period of 1925.

Cutting Mellons.

This year dividend payments to date were distributed to owners of the ma jor divisions of industry as follows Railroad dividends \$119,115,000; stree railway dividends \$64,310,00; indus trial and miscellaneous corporation dividends \$432,452,000. In the first months of 1925 railroad owners go \$190,535,000; street railway owner \$59,135,000, and the owners of other corporations \$413,680,000.

Satting Down Profits.

In addition to these record payments ing away surpluses. The Chicago Journal of Commerce says: "In the comfortable feeling generated by the dividend statements of the numerous large corporations another feature has been lost sight of and that is the large surplus accounts which are being acmonths of 1925 the total was \$2,049, cumulated. In other words, not only their stockholders well for the year's business but they are putting aside large reserves against the rainy day and to assist in the inevitable era of expansion which lies ahead."

Grant Mergers.

The journal points out that the huge accumulations of surplus profits are also serving the financiers in their plans to effect giant mergers. It says: "These great surplus accounts must be invested and thus holdings have been acquired in those concerns slated for absorption."

Politics," Declares

DULUTH, Minn .- (FP) -- Participa

tion in all worker movements for the

benefit of labor is to be the rule of the

Northern States Cooperative league

according to the convention resolution

adopted at Duluth in July. The 51

delegates representing 50,000 co-

operators unanimously decided against

and this-

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up the government as an enemy of

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Co-operative Meet

"No Neutrality in

## British Trade Union Congress September 19

NEW YORK, Aug. 8. — Scott Nearing, who is leaving in a short time We heartily endorse the proposal to attend the British Trade Union made by the Red International Labor Congress, will deliver a lecture under Union, that the International Co-op- the auspices of the New York Workerative Alliance take the iniative to ers' School, on September 19, immecall a conference of the Amsterdam diately after returning from Great the executive committee to change the International of Trade Unions, the Britain. His subject will be, "The Red International Labor Union and Trade Union Congress and the Dev-International Co-operative Alliance, to elopments in the British Labor Move-

The lecture will take place at the Central Opera, House Sunday even-After few other resolutions were ing, Sept. 19, just two days after Near-adopted, the convention elected a new ing has arrived in the United States board of directors. The following were on his return from the congress. I elected: H. Norby, Minneapolis: F. will be the opening gun in the fall

Nearing is one of the many instructors that the school is adding to its staff for the coming year. He will give gan, Hancock, Mich.; A. A. Siegler, two short courses during the winter in addition to various special lectures.

### U. S. CLASS WAR VICTIMS

GRANADA, Minn. - (FP) - Birth days in September of political and class-war prisoners in American penitentiaries are announced as follows: At San Quentin, Cal.: Sept. 10, G. J Terrill, Box 38132; Sept. 15, James LaLonde, Box 38122; Sept. 22, Roy Carter, Box 38533; Sept. 24, R. W Minton, Box 37492; Sept. 28, W. H. Wright, Box 38537; Sept. 30, Albin Bratland, Box 38,363.

At Sioux Falls, S. D.: Sept. 17

Frank Godlasky, Box 911. None of these are allowed packages at this time of the year, but cards and

letters and money are permitted.

to the American Worker Correspondent (50 cents a year) to learn what and how to write.

the workers. Cloth-bound.

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.

J. Arnold Ross, oil operator, formerly Jim Ross, teamster, is unsuccessful in signing a lease with property holders at Beach City, Cal., because of intrigues of other operators and quarrels among the holders. While he is at Beach City, Bunny, his thirteen-year-old son, meets Paul Watkins, slightly older. Paul Bunny, his thirteen-year-old son, meets Paul Watkins, slightly older. Paul goes away to make his living on the road and Bunny goes about learning the oil business from his Dad who is bringing in a Bunny goes about learning the oil business from his Dad who is bringing in a well at Prospect Hill. Dad was working hard and Bunny suggests a quall hunting trip to the San Elido Valley. Dad agrees and shortly they arrive at the Watkins ranch and pitch their camp. In hunting for quail they find oil oozing out of the ground and Dad wheedles the sale of the ranch out of old Watkins and also arranges to secretly purchase adjacent lands. Paul's little sister, and also arranges to secretly purchase adjacent lands. Paul's little sister, Ruth, and Bunny become friends. Bunny starts to high school at Beach City. With plenty of money and social standing he enters into the life of the school. With plenty of money and social standing he enters into the life of the school. He falls in love with another student, Rose Taintor. In the meantime Dad's loil business grows rapidly. The World War begins and Dad, along with other capitalists, benefits by selling oil to both belligerents. Bunny arranges for capitalists, benefits by selling oil to both belligerents. Bunny arranges for Paul to come and live with Ruth on a nearby ranch. Paul had been living with a lawyer who took a liking to him and bequeathed his library to Paul when he ded. Paul "has it out" with his "holy roller" father who scorns him when he ded. Paul "has it out" with his "holy roller" father who scorns him when he ded. Paul "has it out" with his "holy roller" father who scorns him when he ded. Paul "has it out" with his "holy roller" father wh And Mr. Coffey puffed several more clouds of smoke and studied them, and said he felt friendly to Dad; but he thought it

(Copyright, 1926, by Upton Sinclair)

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.

would be better if Dad would contribute two thousand dollars to the campaign fund, and carry five thousand for Mr. Coffey personally. And Dad, looking him in the eye, inquired, "Can you and deliver the goods?" Mr. Coffey said yes, he could deliver them all right, Dad needn't have any worries. So it was a bargain, and Dad took out his check book and wrote out two thousand dollars to the order of the treasurer of the county campaign committee of the Republican party. Then he asked Mr. Coffey whether he held any public office, and the latter replied no, he was just a plain business man; so Dad said all right then, the agreement could be in Mr. Coffey's name; and he wrote a memorandum to the effect that he had received the sum of one dollar and other good and valuable considerations, in return for which Mr. Coffey, was owner of five per cent interest in the net profits of a well to be drilled on the Abel Watkins ranch near Paradise, to be known as the Ross Junior-Paradise No. 1. But it was understood and agreed that the said well was not to be drilled until there was a good hard road completed from the main street of Paradise to the entrance of the Abel Watkins ranch, and if the said road were not completed within sixty days the said J. Arnold Ross was under no obligation to drill the said well, nor to return to the said Jacob Coffey the said one dollar and other good and valuable considerations. And Dad handed that to the said Jacob Coffey. and smiled, and remarked that he hoped it wouldn't fall into the hands of the "Watch-Dog." Mr. Coffey smiled, and laid his hand on Bunny's shoulder, and said he hoped this little man wouldn't make any mistake and talk about it; and Dad said Bunny was learning the oil business, and the first lesson he had learned was never to talk about his father's affairs.

So then they shook hands all around, and the two got into their car, and Bunny exclaimed, "But Dad, I thought you were a Democrat!" And Dad laughed and said that he wasn't deciding the tariff on hyperchlorides, nor the independence of the Philippine Islands, he was jist gettin' a road to the Watkins ranch. Bunny said, "There's one thing I don't understand, how can Mr. Coffey do all that, if he hasn't any office?" To which Dad answered that the big fellows as a rule avoided holding office for that very reason, so they were free to do business. Mr. Carey could be sent to prison if it were proven that he had taken money from Dad, but nothing could be done to Coffey, he was jist the boss." The office-holder, said Dad, was either a poor devil who needed a fifth rate salary, or else he was a man actuated by vanity, he liked to make speeches, and be applauded by the crowd, and see his picture in the papers. You would never see pictures of Jake Coffey in the papers, he done his work in his back office, and never in the lime-light.

Bunny, of course, remembered what he had been taught in the "civics" class, and asked if that was the way the business of government was always run. Dad said it was practically the same everywhere, from the county up to the state, and on to the national government. It wasn't really as bad as it seemed, it was jist a natural consequence of the inefficiency of great masses of people. It was all right to make spread-eagle speeches about "democracy," but what about the facts? Who were the voters here in San Elido county? Why, the very boobs that Bunny had seen "jumping" and "rolling" and "talking in tongues" at Eli's church; and could anybody pretend that these people could run a government? They were supposed to decide whether or not Dad should have a road and drill a well! It was a sure thing they couldn't do it; and Jake Coffey was the feller that done the deciding for them-he provided that promptness and efficiency that business men had to have, and that couldn't be got under our American system.

(To be continued.)

New York Left Wing

## Needle Workers' Excursion

Saturday, August 14th, 1926

To SUNSET PARK on the Hudson Steamer "Cleremont". Boat starts 2 p. m. sharp from Battery Park Pier A. Music, Refreshments, Etc.

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J. LOUIS ENGDAHL Editors TILLIAM F. DUNNE Business Manager

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#### The British Trade Union Delegation and an Embargo on Coal

The British trade union delegation, headed by Ben Tillett, A. A. Purcell and Ellen Wilkerson, is here to raise funds for the striking into the air and the bejewelled "mob" miners. This is an important task, but still more important is that coal shipments from America to Great Britain be stopped. The British coal owners and the British government are carrying out broken out in Mexico on the heels of a plan which if successful will make the strike of the miners futile; the clerical rebellion. it is to flood the country with foreign coal, for which purpose the government already has made an appropriation, and let the miners luxuries, still continues and might unstarve. When they are sufficiently hungry and miserable they will questionably have a certain nagging be invited to go back into the mines on the owners' terms.

The miners and their families can be fed and clothed for a cer tain length of time by the rest of the British trade union move ment, the generous contributions of the Russian workers and with supplies from other countries like America.

But the steady increase in shipments of foriegn coal to Britain is something that food and clothing, no matter how large the supply, can overcome. Unless the British trade union leadership declares an embargo on coal into England, calls upon the international labor movement to prohibit coal shipments, and takes the lead in an international boycott against British capitalism, they will have added to the disgrace of the desertion of the miners by ending the general strike, the additional stigma of failing to adhere to the first rule of trade union ethics—the boycott of scab goods.

The British trade union delegation can give a powerful impetus to the movement in aid of the miners if they will call upon American labor to refuse to handle coal destined for England. We believe that organized labor will respond to such a call and the mere fact of its being issued would put sharply the question of how best to American Liberals, as an impartial support the British miners.

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### "Human Interest Stuff"

It has been said that Communists do not pay enough attention gether with the anti-clerical constituto what the capitalist press calls "human interest stuff."

Perhaps there is some merit to the statement, but we are not going to argue about it now, having been informed of a "human interest story" which would bring large scalding tears from any of the professional sob sisters if it were not for one fact.

Isabel Brown, wife of Ernest Brown, mother of a six-year-old the old Catholicism. But something child, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment, early in the more was neded too, and is still course of the British general strike, for telling strikers to make needed. The intervening years have friends with the soldiery—"fraternize" with the military is the created a situation where it is eviterm used in Communist circles.

Mrs. Brown was a public school teacher and the board promptly ropean model. It can no longer be revoked her license.

When she had six days more to serve her mother became seriously ill. Efforts were made to get the home secretary, Sir William Joynson-Hicks, to release the prisoner so she could see her mother

before she died. Sir William Joynson-Hicks refused.

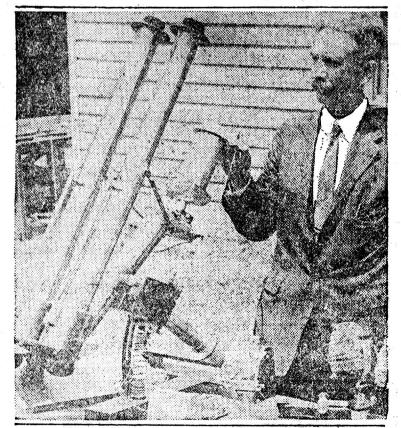
Isabel Brown's mother died two days before her daughter's sen-

That is all except that we said this was a story that would melt the professional sob sisters—except for one fact.

That fact is that Isabel Brown is a member of the Communist the most interesting and momentous Party of Great Britain and the wife of a member of its central exe- applications of it. If all other organcutive committee.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE DAILY WORKER!

#### SCIENTIST TRAVELS 30,000 MILES TO STUDY "OLD SOL"



Dr. Charles G. Abbott has completed a 30,000 mile trip to Southwest Africa where he has established a station for his "sun gun" with which he expects to measure the sun's radiation. He has taken this trip in an attempt to be able to collect data on the variation of the sun's radiation so that it will be possible to make accurate long-time weather forecasts.

By MANUEL GOMEZ. ARTICLE V.

EVERY local riot of hysterical Cathfied by imaginative American newspa pers into a "battle with the police. One such "battle" is reported graphically, under a six-column scarehead in yesterday's Chicago Tribune. It is supposed to have taken place at Torreon but the "war correspondent" who describes it wires his story from a desk in Mexico City, 1,135 kilometers Exceptional reliability is therefore hardly to be expected. Nevertheless, even in this obviously biased account, one discovers reading between the lines that the battle consisted of an altercation between a knot of lamenting ladies and some soldiers: the latter fired a few shots seems to have dispersed.

Contrary to the ill-disguised hopes of U.S. imperialism, civil war has not

Boycott, Diversion of the Rich. The boycott, or buyers' strike or effectiveness for some time to come. But it is only a pin-prick. It is exclusively a diversion of the rich. A few chauffeurs have been discharged perfume sales may have fallen off somewhat, etc. Luxury buying is too insignificant a factor in the internal economy of Mexico for even a 100 per cent effective boycott to have any decisive influence.

In the face of renewed papal imprecations. President Calles has reiterated the intention of his government "to enforce, without fearing interdicts or supernatural punishments," the anti-clerical provisions of the Meixcan constitution.

This has the true revolutionary ring. t recalls to mind the proud Jacobinism of the French Revolution

It does Calles little honor to defend him, according to the manner of executive merely carrying out the constitution he has sworn to administer. He has set out resolutely to smash the political power of the church

Mexico's "Reformation."

Some have characterized the disestablishment of the church in 1857 to tional provisions of 1917 as Mexico's 'Reformation." The analogy is all right if it is not pushed too far. "Reformation" in Mexico was so long impeded that when the hour of realization came it was necessary to take extraordinary measures to wipe out the accumulated structural ramifications of dent that Mexico cannot have a classic "Reformation" upon the Eusimply a clearing of the way for capitalism. The numerical and economic weakness of the Mexican bourgeoisie | ica.

dent with this there is the fact that the struggle of the poor peasants for the land, the rise of the Mexican prostrategically placed pettty-bourgeoisie of national resistence to the imperial-

ist aggression of the United States. The "Reformation" became merged with the Mexican Revolution, which became more and more predominantly a struggle against American imperialism for the preservation of the national resources. Such a struggle, to be successful in the long run, requires that Mexico make herself economically independent of Wall Street. A conwill provide the basis for a national accumulation of capital and the development of an independent national economy. In a country where there he co-relation of social forces is what be based exclusively upon the capitalist class.

Calles' Constructive Program. The course of the revolution itself structive revolutionary-nationalism in dent Calles a systematic program has been worked out which does not meet the needs of the situation but which

that direction. Calles' economic program may be characterized by the following accomplishments of his administration which I outlined, in part, in a recent article for the Workers Monthly:

is nevertheless an important step in

1. "conomy" program-reduction of the army-balancing of the budget-resumption of interest payments on the foreign debt.

2. Establishment of the National Bank of Mexico as the sole bank of issue.

3. Establishment of farm-loan banks.

4. Anti-monopoly laws. 5. Oil and land laws (under

Article 27 of the constitution)-"Ley de Extranjeria." 6. Law exempting from all taxes Mexican business concerns formed

with a capital of 5,000 pesoso or 7. Establishment of peasant co-

operatives. 8. Establishment of oil distribut-

ng co-operatives Distribution of permanent titles to lands partitioned out in

"ejides" (peasant comunities). 10. "Ley del Patrimonie de Familia"-step toward individual peasant land ownership, as against the "ejido."

11. Irrigation work, on co-operative basis or under government control.

12. Local road-building program. In the realm of international relations, Calles strives to hold off U. S. imperialism while maintaining an alliance with the American Federation of Labor and at the same time orientating his policy toward the nations of Central and South Amer-

In Mexico Calles tries to base him-

bourgeoisie under the patronage of a letariat and the aspirations of the Jacobinical state machine but the latthis policy as all who know him must ter are always uppermost in his mind. all flowed necessarily into the stream The weakness of his progress is that affords too prominent a role to the petty-bourgeoisie. Under his influence and that of Luis N. Morones, the official Labor Party and the CROM are being consciously poisoned with bourgeois ideology and all other than CROM unions are bitterly fought. In addition to hostilizing working-class. and peasant elements vitally necessary to success, his program requires him to compromise too freely with structive program is necessary which the demands of U.S. imperialism. Calles and the A. F. of L.

Moreover, he is attempting to retain the support of the labor-fakers of the A. F. of L. against imperialism by a s no present accumulation and where certain process of deception as to the bona fide" capitalist nature of his it is in Mexico, this program cannot regime, and partly for this reason he is obliged to engage in fitful attacks against the Communists. But the A. F. of L. will not be fooled, while his attacks on the radical labor elements has indicated the general line a con- at home only serve to undermine confidence in him among the masses who Mexico must take, and under Presi- must be made the strongest supporters of his regime. No successful revolutionary-nationalist program can be carried out on the basis of the narrow circle of Mexican petty-bourgeois and heir friends among the labor-fakers.

> As for his advances to the A F of L. Calles is of course correct in trying to maintain close contact with the Calles the best possible opportunity to labor movement in the United States, strengthen the national-revolutionary perialism. Indeed it goes far to prove is put down, as it will be put down, it alist sincerity. Nevertheless, the exe- of the possibilities of the situation present crisis, and has not even made will be in a position to proceed enersupport cabled to it by Ricardo Tre-revolution. vino of the CROM. Class conscious trade unionists must take this issue up in their organizations and insist church power, root out the enemies upon support for Mexico! If the A. of the revolution in strategic places, have to be under the pressure of the and send General Arnulfo Gomes on a evolutionary minority.

Where the Church Comes, In. letermined by his conception of revoing to mold a new social system church must be incapacitated for ren-them. lering important service to any one

goes even beyond the specific provis- force at his back.

self on workers, peasants and petty-stroying manifestly counter-revolutionary organs. Calles will be firm in realize. His answer to President Leguia of Peru, printed in yesterday's papers, shows his determination.

> An Imperialist Tool Answered. It was but natural that Leguia, the dictator of Peru should attempt to meddle in the Mexican situation and oring about an "understanding" with the Catholic church. Leguia is one of the most shameless tools of U.S. imnerialism in Latin America. He wired President Calles asking him to complay with "the high duty of bending your strong will for the re-establishment of harmony between the Mexican government and the church and avoiding calamities worse than war." Calles answered him in the followng strain:

"I can only take the message of your excellency as to the expression in no way signifies the mixing of of a purely personal opinion which the affairs of a foreign nation with affairs solely belonging to the domestic government of my country. Let me inform your excellency that in this case you are badly informed on the attitude of my government toward the Catholic clergy; otherwise, your good sense would have seen that the right is on the side of the Mexican government . . ."

After the Victory. The present clerical rebellion offers the home country of American im- forces in Mexico. When the rebellion is fundamental revolutionary-nation is to be hoped that he will grasp hold cutive council has not issued a single with characteristic firmness, enlightword of comfort to Mexico in the ened by all recent experiences. He ny public reply to the request for getically against the enemies of the

What he will do if he is wise will be to destroy the last vestiges of F. of L. carries on any real anti-im- break up the reacitonary "Sindicate perialist activities at any time it will de Agriculture" (landowners' league) long diplomatic trip to Europe.

Without breaking his bonds with Calles' attitude toward the church is the petty-bourgeoisie, he should orientate himself more and more toward utionary-nationalist needs and by his labor. He should adopt new policy eneral constructive program. It is a calculated to win the important supnecessary part of that program. Ideas port of the railroad workers, who are of a classic "Reformation" must be now dangerously hostilized. He adjusted to a situation where a Ja-should cease his warfare against the cobinical people's government is try-other independent unions, notably the oil workers in the Tampico region. along the lines indicated above. Every and he should refrain from attacks stronghold of reactionary landed aris- against the Communists. Above all, tocracy, and of "stockholders' capital- he must come to an understanding sm" and of imperialism, must be with the peasants, whose organization cooted out. The ideology that sup- has alienated by covertly supporting ports them must be rooted out. The the jurisdictional superiority of the organization that is the Cacholic CROM in the latter's efforts to absorb

If he follows such a course, basing himself thus securely on the active Thus, in forbidding religious period- masses of the Mexican population, he The Southern Pacific Railroad Co. has cals to discuss politics or to criticise can then face American imperialism laid off 158 workers. Another general he government in any way, Calles with a united national-revolutinoary



## WITH THE STAFF

Being Things From Here and There Which Have Inspired Us to Folly or Frenzy

#### We'll Say She Was!

"Miss X resembles Mrs. Mc-Pherson in that she is of the same general build and has brown hair. The reported goggles were horn-rimmed glasses. The two aprons I purchased in. Salinas. She was otherwise well equipped."-From Kenneth G. Ormiston's affidavit.

A TERRIBLE SKEPTIC. "In its attitude toward religion, the church, and such social phonomenon. Weisbord is thoroly cynical. He is thoroly suspicious of the leading protestant clergy of Passaio. He feels in his soul that they are the creatures of a capitalistic overlordship."-From the Christian Contury, a journal of religion.

YEH. IT'S HOT. The red soldier sticks to his guns through the fray,
The shoemaker sticks to his last,
The laborer sticks to his Job for his pay,
The sailor boy sticks to the mast,

The singer should stick to the But we guys on the Worker we don't care a ding.

work, sweat-and stick to our

"The Soviet philosophy controls the military powers of Mexico." From the frenzied phillipic of the Knights of Columbus.

#### Southern Pacific Lays Off 158 Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 8,-

Professor Haeckel Says:

" $R^{\sf EADERS}$  who are interested in the evolution controversy, as I here describe it, will find in my earlier works a thoro treatment

of the views I have summarily presented. I do not belong to the ami-

able group of 'men of compromise,' but am in the habit of giving can-

did and straightforward expression to the convictions which a half-

century of serious and laborious study has led me to form. If I seem

to be a tactless and inconsiderate fighter, I pray you to remember

that 'conflict is the father of all things' and that the victory of pure

reason over current superstition will not be achieved without a tre-

## Last Words on Evolution

By ERNEST HAECKEL.

The extension of the theory of evolution to man was, naturally, one of isms arose, not by a miraculous creation, but by a natural modification of earlier forms of life, the presumption is that the human race also was developed by the transformation of the most man-like mammals, the primates of Linne-the apes and lemurs. This natural inference, which Lamarck had drawn in his simple way, but Darwin had at first explicitly avoided, was first thoroly established by the gifted zoologist, Thomas Huxley, in his three lectures on "Man's Place in Nature" (1863). He showed that this "question of questions" is unequivocally answered by three chief witnesses-the natural history of the anthropoid apes, the anatomic and embryological relations of man to the animals immediately below him, and the recently discovered fossil human remains. Darwin entirely accepted these conclusions of his friend eight years afterwards, and, in his two-volume work, 'The Descent of Man and His Sexual Eelections" (1871), furnished a number of new proofs in support of the dreaded "descent of man from the ape." I myself then (1874) completed the task I had begun in 1866, of determining approximately the whole series of the extinct animal ancestors of the human race, on the ground of comparative anatomy, embryology, and paleontology. This attempt was improved, as our knowledge advanced, in the five editions of my "Evolutions of Man." In the last twenty years a vast literature on the subject has accumulated. I must assume that you are acquainted with the contents of one or the other of these works, and will turn to the question, that especially engages our attention at present, how the inevitable struggle between these momentous achievements of modern science and the dogmas of the churches has run in recent years.

It was obvious that both the general theory of evolution and its extension Snails in Holothurtens:" "The en- mmedusae, from the over of which to man in particular must meet from the first with the most determined re-

and made a particularly energetic rejustified and hopeful as, for seven or ance, few biologists accepted his theory, and the general attitude amongst them was one of cold scepticism. I experience. When I first openly advocated Darwin's theory at a scientific congress at Stettin in 1863, I was almost alone, and was blamed by the great majority for taking up seriously so fantastic a theory, "the dream of an after-dinner nap," as the Goettinger zoologist, Kefersteing called it.

The great attitude towards nature that we find everywhere today, that it is difficult to convey a clear idea of it to a young scientist or philosopher. The great question of creation, the plants and animals came into the fishes. world, and how man came into being, did not exist yet in exact science. There was, in fact, no questions of it.

Seventy-seven years ago Alexander find Johannes Muller, the greatest of German biologists in the nineteenth century, speaking that in 1852, in his famous essay, "On the Generation of Speaks in Holothymans." "The analysis from the over of which trance of various species of animals polypps develop today, must not have into creation is certain-it is a fact of come originally from the core simply

he Mosaic story of creation, and other perceived in the act and become an Biblical dogmas that were involved in element of observation." I myself it, and are still taught in our elemen- had a number of remarkable convertary schools. It is creitable to the sations with Muller, whom I put at shrewdness of the theologians and the head of all my distinguished teachtheir associates, the metaphysicians, ers, in the summer of 1854. His lecthat they at once rejected Darwinism, tures on comparative anatomy and physiology—the most illuminating and sistance in their writings to its chief stimulating I ever heard-had capticonsequence, the descent of man from vated me to such an extent that I ape. This resistance seemed the more asked and obtained his permission to make a closer study of the skeletons eight years after Darwin's appear- and other preparations in his splendid museum of comparative anatomy (then in the right wing of the building of the Berlin University), and to can well testify to this from my own draw them. Muller (then in his fiftyfourth year) used to spend the Sunday afternoon alone in the museum. He would walk to and fro for hours in the spacious rooms, his hands behind his back, buried in thought about the mysterious affinities of the vertebrates, the "holy enigma" of which was so forcibly immpressed by the row of skeletons. Now and again my fifty years ago was so different from great master would turn to a small table at the side, at which I (a student of twenty years) was sitting in the angle of a window, making conscientious drawings of the skulls of problem how the various species of mammals, reptiles, amphibians, and

particularly difficult points in anat- man anatomy, physiology, pathologiquestion: "Must not all these vertevon Humboldt delivered, in this very brates, with their identity in internal spot, the lectures which afterwards skeleton, in spite of all their external made up his famous work, "Cosmos, differences, have come originally from the Elements of a Physical Descrip- a common form?" The great master tion of the world." As he touched, in nodded his head thoughtfully, and passing, the obscure problem of the said: "Ah, if we only knew that! If origin of the organic population of ever you solve that riddle, you will our planet, he could only say resign- have accomplished a supreme work." edly: "The mysterious and unsolved Two months afterwards, in Septemproblem of how things came to be ber, 1854, I had to accompany Muller does not belong to the empirical prove to Heligoland, and learned under his ince of objective research, the descrip- direction the beautiful and wonderful tion of what is." It is instructive to inhabitants of the sea. As we fished

question I received the same resigned majority regarded it as insoluble. The ever about the origin of species." Johannes Muller was certainly one

mendous struggle."

teenth century. He takes rank with His insight was profound and peneprovince of biology was enormous. address, to Alexander the Great, eral independent realms at his death. ed no less than four different subjects, I would then beg him to explain founded after his death in 1858—hu- iron necessity of natural law had omy, and once I ventured to put the cal anatomy, and comparative anat. mation of the mountains and the months before Charles Darwin and Alfred R. Wallace made their first communications on their new theory of selection in the Journal of the Linnaean Society. I do not doubt in the least that this surprpising answer of the riddle of creation would have profoundly moved Muller, and have been fully admitted by him on mature reflection.

and to all other anatomists, physiolo- return to work victorious after havgists, zoologists, and botanist up to ing been idle for 5 weeks. The en-1858, the question of organic creation gineers had tied up the whole coal sistance on the part of the churches | Paleonthology; but it is supernatural organized polyps To this precoccious | was an unsolved problem; the great | industry.

answer: "Ah, that is a very obscure theologians and their allies, the meta-We know nothing what physicians, built triumphantly on this fact. It afforded a clear proof of the limitations of reason and science. A of the greatest scientists of the nine- mirable only could account for the origin of these ingenious and care-Curvier, Baer, Lamarck, and Darwin, fully designed organismsm; nothing less than the divine wisdom and omtrating, his philosophic judgment com- nipotence could have brought man prehensive, and his mastery of the into being. But this general resignation of reason, and the dominance Emil du Bois-Reymond happily com- of supernatural ideas which is enpared him, in his fine commemorative couraged, were somewhat paradozical in the thirty years between Lyell and whose kingdom was divided into sev. Darwin between 1830 and 1859, since the natural evolution of the earth, as In his lectures and works Muller treat conceived by the great geologist, had come to be universally recognized. for which four separate chairs were Since the earlier of these dates the ruled in inorganic nature, in the foromy. In fact, we ought really to add movement of the heavenly bodies. In two more subjects-zoology and em- organic nature, on the contrary, in bryology. Of these, also, we learned the creation and the life of animals more from Muller's classic lectures and plants, people saw only the wisthan from the official lectures of the dow and power of an intelligent creaprofessors of those subjects. The tor and controller; in other words, great master died in 1858, a few everything was ruled by mechanical causality in the inorganic world, but by teleological finality in the realm of biology.

(To be continued.)

#### Engineers Win Mine Strike.

SYDNEY Australia - (FP) - The strike of engineers and firemen employed at coal mines throughout Aus-To these elading masters in biology, tralia has been settled, and the men