Subscription Rates: In Chicago, by mail, \$8.00 per year. Outside Chicago, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1926

Published Daily except Sunday by THE DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO., 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Price 3 Cents

STRIKERS MAKE BEWANDS

SACCO AND VANZETTI ARE STILL IN JAIL

PASSAIC, N. J., TEXTILE WORKERS **NOW ASK THE 44-HOUR WEEK AND** TEN PER CENT WAGE INCREASE

By J. O. BENTALL. (Special to The Daily Worker)

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 7.—The new demands of the textile workers presented to the bosses by Organizer Albert Weisbord, representing the united front committee of textile workers, struck terror in the camps of the mill owners who had expected that the strikers would meekly return after a short period of protest against the wage cut.

The strikers gathered in several halls to hear the reports and get further instructions and the spirit was at a higher pitch than ever since the strike started.

Since the monster parade the strikers and the people of the entire city have agreed that they will win this battle and every one is set in his opinion that the workers have made entirely reasonable demands. Store-

keepers, bakers and other busi-

nessmen have offered co-opera-

As the matter now stands, and the

strikers are pulling out workers all

the time and adding to the force, the

Textile Mills Out.

Passaic Worsted. - Has 600 work-

The Gera Mill. Has 1,200 workers.

900 out. Mill trying to operate, but

New Jersey Spinning Mill. 1,200

workers. Only few out. Fifty more

The united front committee of text-

ile workers of Passaic and vicinity is

circulating the following declaration

"Our new demands! To all textile

the mill bosses. We said to them

"1. Not only the abolition of the

(Continued on page 3.)

CLEVELAND CO-OPERATIVE

ENDORSES INTERNATIONAL

ANTI-FASCIST ALLIANCE

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 7 .- The

Finnish Co-operative Hotel and

Boarding House of this city adopted

a resolution at its annual meeting

protesting against the fascist at-

tacks on the workers' and farmers'

co-operatives in Italy and endorsing

the proposal of the Red Internation-

al of Trade Unions for a joint inter-

national conference of the Red In-

ternational of Labor Unions, the

Amsterdam International Federa-

tion of Trade Unions and the Inter-

national Co-operative Alliance to lay

"We now demand:

Strikers' New Doma

The Botany Mill. All out. Mill shut

Garfield Mill. All out. Mill

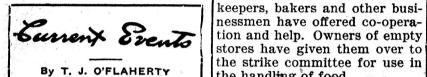
400 out. Others coming every

results. Will shut down

the handling of food.

shut down.

came out yesterday.



DURING the month of September, 1925, several political court martials were held in Esthonia. Sixty following mills are effected: workers and peasants were sentenced

to 343 years hard labor for "Communist activities." Those workers were down. not charged with any overt act, merely for believing and propagating their political ideas. Five students indicted for having solicited funds for a worker who was later exe-

A LETTER from a political prisoner in Reval reads: "The inquiry prison in Reval, which is threatening to fall to pieces every day is being From thirty to forty prisoners are crowded into one cell, which was originally intended for five prisoners. The meager prison rations have been cut and the meat ration has been discontinued entirely." This is the situation in the little "democratic" satrapy of England, one of the capitalist buffer states against Soviet Russia. It should not be forgotten that it was

the Esthonian General Laidoner, who workers of Passaic and vicinity! was chairman of the league of nations committee that handed the Motths with the mail because We have been very patient with INPERSON FOR sul oil fields over to Britain. Yes, Please give us our wage cuts back, the Esthonian government has a soul

THE capitalist papers never learn must pay for it. Here is our answer anything and forget everything to the insults of the bosses. Which shows that they are even ahead of the Bourbons of France. It may be noticed that recently a lively dis- wage cut but a 10 per cent increase cussion took place in the Russian in wages over the old wage scale. Communist Party, now the All-Union Communist Party. This is as it should be, as political parties, and in fact every organization that is not decently reposing in a graveyard, must have conflicts if it wants to give the impression that it lives. As usual in all conflicts there is a victor and a vanquished. In simpler terms somebody gets licked. This is exactly what happened in Russia.

THE Russian Bolshevik leaders are as frank with each other as they are with the capitalists. They are in the habit of calling a spade a spade. Tho the fate of one-sixth of the earth's surface hangs on their decisions and the they know that every capitalist and labor hater in the world is looking with a hawk's eye on the Soviet territory hoping against hope for a sign of dissension, the leaders of So-(Continued on page 3) plans for combatting fascism.

committee reads as follows:

CONGRESS OF RUSSIAN COMMUNIST

PARTY BY A VOTE OF 559 TO 65

speeches of Zinoviev, and of Molotov and Stalin for the central

munist Party adopted the following resolution with 559 against

65 votes, with 41 delegates absent. The voting was conducted

by roll-call. The resolution in favor of the policy of the central

Resolution on the Political and Organizational Speeches on Be-

THE party congress approves completely the political and or-

ens the party of the working class and the general forward move

of the people's economy in the whole country and consolidates

(Continued on page 6)

the position of socialism in and outside of the Soviet Union.

ganizational policy of the central committee which strength-

Thanks to this policy the Soviet Union received internation-

half of the Central Committee.

SUPPORTS THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE



Justice Is Not Only Blind But Movable.

of the committee on the new demands among the workers that are still in a number of shops where efforts are being made to get them out and to other workers to acquaint them with the new development in the textile

but they have kicked us in the face. We have lost our patience. If the Lauds Exploiter as bosses wish to make us suffer they Humanitarian

(Special to The Daily Worker)

Ford was complimented for his "greatness and humanity" in a "keynote speech" at the annual convention of the Michigan State Federation of Labor at Jackson.

The speech was delivered in stilted and frequently ungrammatical English by none other than William Collins general organizer for the American Federation of Labor, assigned to the Detroit district for a 40-week's organization campaign.

Here is the way Brother Collins aroused the workers to etxend their unions to the huge shops of the Ford Motor Co. with its unprecedented speed-up system:

"Here in our state we have fine em ployers like Mr. Ford and others, who are supposed to pay good wages and take care of the personal welfare of their employes. Let us look into this subject and we will find that Mr. Ford has got about as much time to look after or know the actual operation of his plant from a human point. is any executive of a large manufacturing corporation. Many are the letters of compaints that are sent to he American Federation of Labor asking when they are coming to bring organization to these employes. It was only the other day that the unsanitary condition of one branch of After a discussion lasting three days and after the closing investigated by your state department of labor. It is not for the purpose committee, the Fourteenth Party congress of the Russian Com- of minimizing the greatness and humanity of Mr. Ford that I mention

(Continued on page 4.)

SPEAKER IS CHARGED WITH BLASPHEMY UNDER PURITANICAL BLUE LAWS

WORCESTER, Mass., Feb. 7 .-- A. Bimba, who was arrested by police for a speech he made in Montello, is charged with blasphemy under the old Puritanical blue laws. The ally a number of new recognitions from capitalist countries, con- International Labor Defense is handling the case.

BOTH PERU AND CHILE DISSATISFIED WITH U. S. BANKERS' ELECTION LAWS

ARICA, Chile, Feb. 7-Both Chile and Peru have appealed from the mission to charge of the coming plebiscite to "determine" who gets Tanca and Arica.

More Negro Segregation. BALTIMORE, February 7 .- (FP)-Judge Bond in the circuit court of Baltimore has given Henry Johnson. JACKSON, Mich., Feb. 7—Henry 1 egro, 24 hours in which to move from the dwelling he had rented at 1107 West Franklin St. Judge Stanton has previously issued an injunction to compel Johnson to move, on the ground that the owners of all property in that block had agreed to permit no Negro to become an occupant.

TRUMBULL EAGER TO BE ACTIVE IN **WORKERS' RANKS**

Will Fight for Release of Class War Victims

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 7.-Valter Trumbull, who has been reeased from the Alcatraz military disciplinary barracks, on his release declared that he wanted to thank his comrades all over the country for their loyalty to him and to his pal, Paul Crouch, both of whom were imprisoned in Alcatraz for belonging to the Communist League in the Philippine Islands and for carrying on propaganda among the soldiers for a workers' and farmers' government.

He declared he is proud to be out once more, but is very sorry that his comrade. Paul Crouch. must remain behind and asks that comrdaes pour in letters to Paul Crouch.

He thanks the workers' organizations that sent telegrams of greeting to him on his release and declare hat it will be his greatest joy and pleasure to have the opportunity to return to his comrades and carry on the agitation for the release of Paul Crouch and the other class-war prisoners and to aid in the building of the Workers (Communist) Party and the International Labor Defense to such an extent that frame-ups and persecutions of workers will be impossible for the master class.

Trumbull is now touring the country under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

KEYNES SEES

Misery for Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker) for the Bolshevization of Germany, miners' interests. is given in an article by the English bourgeois economist, John Maynard Keynes, published today by the Lokal

Anzeiger. Under the caption, "The second year of the Dawes plan," Professor Ceynes says that while the first year f the Dawes plan was "plain sailing," reat difficulties will have to be overome in the next three years when the ransfer committee must turn a deficit of \$250,000,000 into a profit of \$500,

The professor declares the activity of the transfer committee must be concentrated on lowering the standard of life of the German workers.

German industrialists are ready to cooperate with the Dawes plan executives. Keynes continues, but there will be a time when no German government will enjoy the confidence of the German people.

An attempt to reduce the living standard of Germany would pave the way for revolution, the professor believes.

"I foresee the greatest difficulties in the execution of the Dawes plan and for the present Germany is the danger point of Europe." says Keynes. Keynes, as a capitalist apologist, observes what has been plain to all revolutionists—that the Dawes plan. instead of stabilizing conditions in Germany will help to make the lot of the working class much worse.

For the workers there is but one way out and that is revolution. Of course the liberation of the workers appears as a calamity to the capitalist economists of the Keynes type, as such people view the overthrow of capitalism as destruction of humanity others will speak.

MINERS' UNION HEADS 'FORGET' THEIR SELL-OUT TO OPERATORS IN ZEIGLER COALDIGGERS' TRIAL

By TOM BELL.

(Special to The Daily Worker) COURT HOUSE, BENTON, III., Feb. 7.—"They are on trial here because the sub-district officials want to get them out of the

way-so that they can steal more union elections." This declaration by Attorney Isaac E. Ferguson concluded the opening statement for the defense in the trial of the thirteen Zeigler miners charged with assault with intent to murder D. B. Cobb. It brot the prosecuting attorney to his feet in objection and was ruled out by the judge. But it goes to the heart of the

prosecution was a masterpiece of evasion. The cause of the whole trouble was not mentioned. The fight of the miners against the sell-out of their interests by Fox, Cobb & Co. to the operators, the attempt at terrorization of the membership with the aid of the ku klux klan, the murder of Mike Sarovich by Alex Hargis, klansman and supporter of the Fox-Cobb-Farand one other assaults against the rank and file miners was not men tioned.

Union Miners Called "Mob."

union who were set upon by a "mob" miners to call off the strike. Fox used the word on the standwhile in the performance of their

The "foreigner" issue, was dragged in the anthracite coal strike to settle in by the prosecution by the state the dispute between the coal operatment that Stanley Paurez ended a ors and the United Mine Workers of speech in English by saying something in a "foreign language" which many eastern states have deluged the precipitated the attack on Cobb at the senators requesting they take some union meeting on Aug. 11 last year.

The opening statement for the de-strike. fense raised the real issues by recit- Many letters from New York, Massaing the facts of the miners' struggle chusetts, Connecticut and other states with the company to force accurate that use anthracite mainly for heating weighing of their coal, how Fox and point out the predicament that house-Cobb had lined up with the company holders find themselves in, paying and deposed Henry Corbishly and the high prices for coal substitutes and other progressive local officials at the for coal which is mostly slate. demand of the company.

The dastardly murder of Mike Sard vich by Hargis was also told to the jury and a promise made that it would Dawes Plan Means be proven up to the hilt. The desperate efforts of the officialdom to protect their tool Harris is one of the reasons for the present trial. By utilizing the courts to frame up and railroad these miners they expect to dis BERLIN, Feb. 7.—The execution of tract attention to their own crimes, the Dawes plan may pave the way and get rid of those who fight for the

The prosecution witnesses will be proven to be a well coached pack of iars before this trial is over who de pend on the lead given them by the

BUFFALO WILL PROTEST

AGAINST FRAME-UP OF

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 7-A pro-

test meeting against the frame-up

of the members of the Street Car-

men's Union by company stool pig-

eons and agent provocateurs will be

held Monday evening, Feb. 8, at 8

o'clock in the Engineers' Hall, 36

West Huron street. The meeting is

being held under the auspices of the

International Labor Defense, Buffalo

section. James C. Campbell, Her-

bert Benjamin, Rudolph Katz and

UNION STREET CARMEN

(Continued on page 2)

AGAINST MINERS

rington machine, the shielding of Hargis by this gang, and the thousand Use Soldiers to Settle Anthracite Strike

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7-Representative Somers of New York urged on Instead the state's attorney attempt- the floor of congress that President ed to make it appear that Fox and Calvin Coolidge send the army into the Cobb were upright officials of the anthracite strike zone and force the

> WASHINGTON, Feb. 7-Following the refusal of the senate to intervene America, thousands of letters fro

Coolidge and his administration are

(Continued on page 2.)

ABANDON EFFORTS TO RESCUE SIXTEEN MINERS IN HORNING MINE NO. 4

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 7-Mine officials announced that no attempts will be made to reach the bodies of the sixteen entombed miners in the Horning Mine No. 4 of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal company and that the fire walls will not be broken until all gases have been pumped out of the mines.

CLEVELAND NOW HAS ONE UNITED RELIEF ORGANIZATION TO ASSIST STRIKING ANTHRACITE COALDIGGERS

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 7.—The conference called by the district commitee of the Workers (Communist) Party has united with the conference called by the district committee of the Workmen's Circle.

The conference called by the Workers (Communist) Party was participated in by 24 organizations with 36 delegates. Two other organizations elected delegates to the conference, but their delegates were prevented from attending. This conference therefore comprised the following organizations:

Joint board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, joint board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, Automobile Workers' Union No. 195, Bakers' Union No. 56. Journeymen Tailors' Union, Co-operators company, two branches of the Hungarian Sick Benefit and Educational Association, American Lithuanian Workers Literature Society, two Hungarians workers' clubs, the Icor. and Icor Auxiliary, Slovak Workers' Sick and Benefit Society and the Slovak Workers' Club, the Hungarian Working Women's Society, the International Workers' Club, the International Labor Defense, the Lettish Educational and Singing Society, Young Workers (Communist) League, Workmen's Circle No. 334 and the Workers (Communist) Party.

The conference elected an executive committee of evelen with George Schwartz of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union as president, and A. Hamilton of the Automobile Workers' Union, as secretary. The decision of the conference was that, in view of the fact that the district

(Continued on page 4)

LEAGUE PRELIMINARY DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE HAS BEEN POSTPONED

GENEVA, Feb. 7.—The league of nations sent out official announcements of the postponement of the preliminary disarmament conference, which had committee of the Workmen's Circle been scheduled to meet on February 15,

FOR THE UNITY OF THE CITY AND LAND

CO-OPERATORS SHOW UP FAKE **FARMER PAPER**

County Agent and Farm Bureau Condemned

By CARL HAESSLER. (Federated Press)

Just as organized labor constantly has to unmask and combat fake labor papers, so the farmers ares finding it necessary to direct publicity against the publications that masquerade as farm spokesmen when they are in reality subsidized by the livestock dealers and others that bleed the farmers of his reward. Even President Coolidge's big-business secretary of agriculture feels constrained to condemn as "unobjectionable and unfair" the methods of one of the papers.

Fake Farmer Paper in Chicago.

show up an alleged farm paper that calls itself The County Agent and

The neither the National Association of County (Farm) Agents nor the to apply as interest on their capital American Farm Bureau federation have anything but condemnation and repudiation for this sheet it brazenly and abuse farm co-operation and to that is chronic in American agriculplay the game of the intrenched non- ture." It sets up the principle that in co-operative livestock exchanges.

Its December issue editorially says, marketing to hand the farmers." It is angry at the publicity given to the impoverished farmers and whines that corporations when they are hard up "cannot afford to send out newspaper stories about their precarious condiwork" as the true salvation of the farmer when, as it happens, too much work resulting in a surplus of product is ailing him now.

Supported by Profiteers. "Live stock exchanges at severa terminal markets of the United States

are supporting The County Agent and Farm Bureau," the producer society It is published by the Lightner Pub

lishing Corp. at 2721 S. Michigan Ave. and while it sells for \$1.50 a year it is actually mailed free year after year to many farm advisers, officers of live stock shipping associations, officers of county bureaus and others that have

Artificial Genitation of Animals.

MOSCOW, (Tass) Feb. 7 - Soviet science is contributing much towards the artificial genitation of animals Prof. Ivanov, the noted Russian biolo gist, has carried out a series of experiments in the artificial genitation of do mestic cattle, wild animals, pigs. rab bits, etc. Successful experiments were made on foxes, which may prove high-priced silver foxes and other rare the cross-breeding of different kinds first reported. of animals. This has been found possible only among animals differing measures backed by Secretary of Laonly in secondary features. It was bor Davis and by Congressman Albert impossible to obtain cross-breeds among animals of distinctive different mittee on immigration. The alien rekinds, such as rabbits and hares, or gistration bill (H. R. 5583) provides

Russian Wheat Rivals Canadian. MOSCOW, (Tass) Feb. 7-Analysis of the Soviet wheat crop of 1925, made at the order of the people's commissariat for foreign trade of the Union of Soviet Republics by the state experimental station of grain products in Berlin, has shown quite satisfactory quality of grain. The ten samples of winter wheat had on an average 14.98 per cent protein, 37.69 per of proof on the alien. cent of dry gluten. The best sorts of Canadian wheat, establishing the prices of the world market, contain protein and gluten in similar quanti-

LABOR DEFENSE PLANS MANY ACTIVITIES FOR CHICAGO NEXT MONTH

All International Labor Defense branches in Chicago are asked to send their delegates and secretaries are also urged to attend the conference to be held at 180 West Washington street, February 10, 8 p. m. All sympathetic organizations and labor unions should send their delegates to this conference.

RESERVE MARCH 19. A Paris Commune pageanat and drama has been arranged by the Chicago International Labor Defense local for March 19. Moving pictures of labor defense in the United States and of the class war prisoners' aid In Europe will be shown. Bishop William Montgomery Brown will be among the many speakers.

GREET TRUMBULL MARCH 5. Reserve March 5 to hear and welcome Walter Trumbull at the International Labor Defense rally at North Side Turner Hall, March 5.

AMERICAN FARMERS RECEIVE **NEGATIVE REWARD FOR WORK;** CONDITION BECOMES CHRONIC

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press. Farmers don't get a reward for their labor and a return on their capital commensurate with the wages and returns to capital and enterprise in industry, says the U.S. department of agriculture in a statement urging restrictions on the undue expansion of farm areas. It draws attention to the low incomes farmers are now getting as follows:

"After paying interest, rent, taxes, and money expenses, it is estimated that the net cash income of American farmers for the crop year 1924-5 averaged only \$510 plus an average consumption of food from the farm valued at \$336. This return represented what farmer operators received in interest on an average investment of \$5,043 and as wages for the labor of themselves and their families. An allowance for the labor of the farmer and his family at average wages of In Chicago the National Live Stock hired farm laborers besides what the Producers Assn. finds it imperative to farm supplies to the family living would leave no interest return whatever on the farm operator's capital In fact the average farm family would have lacked \$184 of having anything

Calls Condition Chronic

investment.

"These figures," says the departgoes on month by month to malign ment, "are illustrative of a condition general new land should not be brought into use until it will earn a "the politicians will have to find some return for capital invested in improveother bunk outside of co-operative ments and for labor, equivalent to the returns to capital and labor in other branches of production.

Farmers in the United States received \$708,000,000 less for their grain crops in 1925 than in 1924, the department of agriculture estimates on the tion." It recommends "good old hard basis of Dec. 1 prices. It places the gross value of grain crops for 1925 at \$3,810,713,000 compared with \$4,518,-716.000 in 1924, a reduction of more than 15%. Corn gave the farmers \$314,238,000 less in 1925 than in 1924 and their wheat income was reduced by \$172,723,000.

Cotton producers with one of the 3 largest crops on record, exceeding 1924 by 2,000,000 bales, got \$120,996,000 less than in 1924. Potatoes alone of the major crops gave farmers a larger income in 1925 than in 1924. With production 100,000,000 bushels short of 1924 the value of the crop was up \$339,280,000.

Taking all crops together farmers have \$347,000,000 less to show for their work in 1925 than in 1924, the department estimates. But it thinks the shrinkage in crop values will probably be offset by higher livestock

Alien Registration and Deportation Bills

The alien registration and deport standpoint of fostering the breeding of tion bills pending in congress which are being opposed by a group of orfur-bearing animals. Ivanov has also ganizations interested in immigrants carried out interesting experiments in are more far-reaching than was at

All of the bills are administration

Johnson, chairman of the house comfor registration thru the post office of for all annual registration thereafter. Failure to register is made a crime and subjects the alien to deportation.

The proposed deportation bill (H. R. 344) amends the act of 1917 by providing for the immediate deportation of "every alien who upon arrival in the United States is not found entitled to enter" thereby placing the burden

Another bill authorizes the deportation of all aliens who have resided in the United States for 5 years and have not applied for citizenship papers. U. S. marshals are required to make danger point of Europe," Keynes conan annual registration of aliens of this class.

Ford Planes Rule Air. DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 7-Keen interest was expressed in aviation cirthe Ford Motor company plans to inaugurate a passenger air service between Detroit, New York, New Haven, Buffalo, · Boston and other eastern

Triple motored planes will be used in the service, because such machines can face any weather with impunity, and in case of motor failure in one or two of the power units, the remaining motor can make a safe landing.

Ella Reeve Bloor to Address Warren, O., I.L.D. Meeting Feb. 14

WARREN, O., Feb. 7 - Ella Reeve Bloor will speak in Warren, Ohio, on Sunday, Feb. 14th, at 2 p. m. on International Labor Defense. The meeting is being held under the auspices of the I. L. D.

You do the job twice as wellwhen you distribute a bundle of The DAILY WORKER with your story in it.

BROOKSTON FARMERS CONDEMN FASCIST ATTACKS ON CO-OPS

BROOKSTON, Minn., Feb. 7-The Farmers Co-Op Trading company here passed a resolution at its annual membership meeting protesting against the fascist attacks on the co-operative societies in Italy and endorsing the proposals of the Red International of Labor Unions to call a conference of the Red International Labor Unions, the Amsterdam International of Trade Unions and the International Co-opcrative Alliance to devise ways and means of resisting fascist attacks.

WEISSMAN SHOE CO. DRAGS UNION BEFORE JUDGE

Charge Violation of Strong's Injunction

By J. O. BENTALL.

(Special to The Dally Worker) BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 7 .- The Weissman Shoe company that shout ed there was no strike in its shop at 91 Orange street again entered the courts bringing Pascal P. Cosgrove. organizer of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union, before Judge Haggarty charged with the violation of the injunction issued by Selah B. Strong wo weeks ago.

Weissman's attorney tried to show that Cosgrove as leader and organizer was guilty of having disobeyed the injunction which had forbade the use of the word "strike" or the statement that there was a strike in the Weissman shop.

It was hard for the workers to understand how this charge could be made in view of the fact that the pickets have carried signs reading: 'Members of Shoeworkers' Protective Union on Picket Line." The banner used no word prohibited by the in-

Joseph Brodsky, attorney for Cosgrove and the Protective, argued that no injunction had been violated, and that the banner as carried was legal Whitney Case to Come of which it is carried according to also brot out the rotten conditions in the shop, which Judge Strong would in the industry, as well as badly ven- comrade Whitney says: tilated and so short of chairs that many of the workers have to sit on among the I. L. D. cases and to be old boxes.

and whined that his business is inter- putting up, and I shall be glad to call ferred with and that he cannot get upon you should occasion arise, but I enuf scabs to take the jobs of the sincerely hope that it will not have union men who went on strike, and to be for funds for I think you are the scabs he has spoil his goods and carrying a tremendous load as it is turn out but few.

The strike is in a very healthy condition and the Weissman shop is all aliens over 16 years of age, with in a very sick condition. The strikan initial fee of \$10 and a fee of \$5 ers have made up their minds that they will see the shop unionized be fore they go back.

> Judge Haggarty has taken the matter under advisement while the pickets carry the banner cheerfully in front of the shop where the owner says there is no strike.

THREE MORE ARTICLES ON

Ammunition for Coming Campaign

Three more articles on the world court by H. M. Wicks, appearing Tues day, Wednesday and Thursday will complete the series now being run. hey will deal with the beginning of the fight in the republican party, the conate debates and the means Comnunists must use to combat this imperialist venture.

Each article is separate in itself, as t deals completely with a given phase of the world court. It is important hat every active worker familiarize imself with these articles because he question of American adherence o the world court will be the major ssue of the coming congressional campaigns and it is necessary to be ble to expose alike the Morgan sentors as well as the futile opposition of the Borah group.

Senator Urges That Coolidge Send Army Against Coal Strikers

(Continued from page 1)

not interested in intervening in the coal miners' strike as things are alright for the operators as yet. While the miners worked, the operators stored up large quantities of coal near the mines. Much of this coal is of a poor grade. Now that the strike is on, the operators are selling this lowgrade coal at fancy prices. As soon as these reserves are depleted and the operators are up against the wall, then will Coolidge and the administration-backers in the senate consider the intervention of the United States government in the coal strike on behalf of the operators to force the miners back to work.

Numerous telegrams have been received by Coolidge and the other cabinet officiols to have the president inervene to settle the coal strike. Coolidge declared that he had not changed his attitude and that he had no power to act in the coal strike as congress had failed to give serious consideration to legislation which he had twice presented congress asking for the power of a czar in averting or terminting strikes in any of the basic industries.

there is no strike in the shop in front Before Supreme Court both Weissman and Judge Strong. He Mar. 15, I. L. D. Reports

Charlotte Anita Whitney's appeal to not let him do, and let Judge Hag- the supreme court will be given a Pending in Congress gerty know that the shop was one hearing before that body on March of the dirtiest and most unsanitary 15th next. In a letter to the I. L. D. "I am glad to have my case listed

identified in that way with the splend-Weissman squealed like a stuck pig id fight that our many comrades are and I hope in the near future to be able to assist the fund more largely than I have been in the past."

The Scripps papers of California are carrying a story of Anita Whitney's life and John Francis Neylan, a prominent lawyer and newspaper man has given the case very valuable sup-

A sub a day will help to drive

To Stand By the Miners MISSOLINI IN Is to Wage the Fight of WILD TIRADE WIRLD COURT the Whole Working Class THREATENS WAR

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

TODAY, the 158,000 strikers of the Pennsylvania anthracite coal fields start the second week of the sixth month of their struggle. The end of the strike is not in sight.

That the mine barons are satisfied with the trend of developments is shown by the fact that Coolidge refuses to interfere and the United States senate balks at taking any

That the strikers are not content with results so far secured becomes apparent with new demands they are serving upon President John L. Lewis thru their grievance committee in the strike field. It is also revealed in their rapid drift toward overwhelming support of the militant demands of the progressives.

New York congressmen profess to be very angry because President Coolidge refused to listen to the story of the hardships of the freezing anthracite consumers in the metropolitan district. Coolidge didn't have time to receive a delegation headed by Congressman Somers, a democrat, who claims he wishes to join with the republicans in a "non-partisan conference." They must keep up the camouflage of claiming to protect their constituencies. Just to relieve himself of his disappointment at not being able to see Coolidge, Somers declared:

"The president has had many unimportant conferences recently. Yet he did not have time to see a group of the people's representatives on the coal problem. Considerable time, for example, was spent by him IN POSING FOR A PICTURE IN A RIDICULOUS PIECE OF HABER-DASHERY WILLED TO HIM BY THE LATE FRANK MUNSEY."

Congressman Somers doesn't yet know why we have presidents of this capitalist republic. They are furnished to entertain and delude the multitudes. Somers either innocently or intentionally tries to convey the idea that if Coolidge would only give him an audience, that would help the coal strike situation. It would do nothing of the kind.

If the spirit of protest would develop to great and bitter proportions in New York, the New England states and other anthracite consuming districts, then Coolidge would probably receive a congressional delegation. But not for the purpose of relieving the situation. Instead it would merely constitute an attempt to calm the discontented into the belief that the White House was attending to their woes.

At the same time, however, the White House would be the scene of visits from the mine barons, probably headed by their die-hard, John Hays Hammond, demanding that extreme governmental measures be taken to bring the miners to their knees. Somers has already urged that troops be sent into the coal fields, with the evident hope that they can force the strikers back to work.

The government at Washington is not kept going for the purpose of relieving the sufferings of the masses, either of the battling strikers or the helpless coal consumers. It is the government of the mine owners. It will only be used in an effort to drive the strikers back to their jobs and to protect the mine barons in their property rights in charging the consumers pretty much what they please.

The strikers instinctively realize their position by intensifying their demands, especially the demand that the strike be made more effective thru the calling out of the maintenance men. Their militant spirit is attested by their refusal to acquiesce in the maneuvers of President Lewis for a surrender. The strikers want no compromise written in terms of defeat. No coal is being mined and they are determined that none shall be mined until they triumph.

This is the situation at the beginning of 1926. The great capitalists have been warned to prepare for an industrial depression toward the end of the year. The war on the anthracite miners is only part of the wage cutting campaign of the mine owners, that is being pushed thruout the whole industry. The coal profiteers are not waiting for an industrial crisis, with its growing army of unemployed, to aid them in their attacks on the mine workers' demands. They started the war a year in advance.

Thus the victory of the anthracite miners, recording an achievement in a great basic industry, will again become the victory of the whole working class in the present crisis, since the defeat of the wage cutting drive of the mine owners will be a blow to similar attempts of the capitalists in all other

TO STAND BY THE ANTHRACITE STRIKERS NOW. IS TO WAGE THE FIGHT OF THE WHOLE WORKING

Fascist Dregs Stage Gaudy Show

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ROME, Italy, Feb. 7-Desperate in he face of growing hatred against his regime in Italy, Mussolini is trying to crush the opposition by shaking his fist at Germany. The pretext for the atest outburst of the fascist maniac is the deep resentment felt by the inhabitants of German Tyrol at the despotic acts of the government.

In one of his customary bombastic speaches, recking with threats and maledictions, the fascist murderer worked himself into a frenzy and the calleries crowded with hooligan fassists cheered his vapid utterances to

Opposition elements were prevented rom entering because the scene was arefully prepared and the very scum of Italy assembled long before the hour for the speech in order to crowd the chamber and prevent others from entering. Rome always knows when the braggart is to address the chamber by the motley crew of the lowest criminals that swarm the place. With he stage thus set the foreign newspaper correspondents are invited and the illusion of a strong, new-born Italy, conscious of its power is created. This, however, is mere dumb show and noise. Behind this scene lurks the threat of revolution, which is silenced in the chamber but very audible in the factories, mills and in all the industrial centers of the nation.

In Terms of Eternity.

With his customary ranting Mussoini declared that the boundary under discussion was created by the hand of god, and speaking in terms of eternity, he shrieked that "Italy will never change its policy in the Tyrol." The excuse for this latest outburst was a headline in a fascist paper stating that "Italy will never lower the flag on Brenner." Taking this headline as his text, the fascist despot said, "Italy can, if necessary, carry the tri-color beyond the frontier, but will never

He talked about the Germans indulging in senseless, laughable anti-Italian propaganda and asserted that nothing would make an impression on young, proud fascist Italy."

Afraid of Opposition.

The internal situation in Italy is such that the most fantastic efforts are necessary in order to keep up the morale of even the fascists themselves as everywhere there is evidence of widespread hatred of Mussolini, Farinacci and the other fascist chiefs, who by their insane policy have alienated most of the elements formerly supporting them. The madness of the fascist, desperate to hold power, may even lead him to a war. which will be the signal for the Italian masses with arms in their hands to drown in blood the monstrous fascist regime and proclaim the proletarian revolution in Italy.

New York Labor Defense Bazaar to Open on Wednesday

NEW YORK, Feb. 7-The Annual International Labor Defense Bazaar to be held at Central Opera House, 67th street and Third avenue. Feb. 10-13 inclusive, for defense and relief of class war prisoners and their families, promises to exceed all expectations for attendance, variety of interests, and

Prosecution of Zeigler Miners Is War on Militants

(Continued from page 1) prosecution attorneys to guide them in answering. Out to "Get" Leaders.

It is apparent that Henry Corbishly, Steve Meanovich, Stanley Paurez and Ignatz Simich are the ones that cles following the announcement that the prosecution wants to "get." Every witness mentions them specifically, and they are pointed out with great care to the jury. Witnesses who are deaf, dumb and blind to all other things remember vividly seeing or hearing them do something that links them up with the assault charged.

But it is the prosecution that is on the defensive. They have lots to hide. Using the courts to get rid of their opponents in the union, working with the ku klux klan to terrorize the membership, the murder of Mike Sarovich, Cobb's use of a blackjack at the union meeting-all of these things they are attempting to hide by evasion and

Fox as a Witness,

was Lon Fox, president of the subdistrict. He sprawled in his chair like a mud turtle and gave everyone the impression that he had gone to sleep several times so long was he in of his diligence in aiding the prosech-lawyer that he had hired to aid the don't recall."

structions to hold a special meeting Simich.

of the local to elect officers in place of those deposed. He struck the "for- able to identify these men whom he Paurez had said something in a for-asked him, "Have you been sitting gign language at the close of the with the prosecution attorneys during meeting "as we went toward the door" this trial?" He admitted he had for and this led to the striking of Cobb three days during which the defenwho fell on the floor. He "couldn't dants had been named and made to Henry Corbishly "with a chair in his long enough for Fox to get to know hand partly folded." He also heard them.) Henry Corbishly say, "Kill the son of

He also saw Ignatz Simich kick The first witness for the prosecution these union miners were brought a sent calling the local meeting. He was overruled by the judge. step nearer to the penitentiary by one could not remember what the chairof their own officers.

Fox Sweats Blood.

Carefully avoiding any mention of whitether he had ever seen Frank the fact that he had lined up with Corbishly before August 11 last year the company in swindling the miners The same applied to Martin Simich in the weighing of their coal, and that He never talked with him, but had he had deposed the officers of Local business with him before August 11. 992 on the demand of the company, But could not "recall the nature of the Fox stated that he had issued in business" which had led him to know

To help Fox understand how it was igner" note by stating that Starley had no acquintance with the defense

"I Don't Know" Fox.

Then followed a long period dealcobb while he was lying on the floor. ing with what happened at the union plied "on his abdomen." This is not at Fox fell back on the old gag of " all unlikely since union officials like don't know." He did not even remem-Cobb are usually all stomach. Thus ber what he had said in the note he man of the meeting had said. With great effort, apparently, he did remember that something had been said that Under gross-examination Fox sweat- The question, "Did the members claim answering questions. That this union ed blood. While he had been able to night about weighing coal at the mine official should be a witness for the identify the three Corbishly brothers that you had sided with the company

You have been taking an active inin the prosecution?" "I made arrange- fight on the progressives! ments." "Also with Attorney Robert Smith?" "Yes."

oom appreciated the cross-examination occurred said, "At the east end on of Fox as they showed by the of the hall at the north-east corner huckles they indulged in.

Prosecutor Leads Witnesses. The other four witnesses followed he general lines of testimony of Fox. The prosecution had more trouble say who struck him," but he saw stand up several times. (Apparently keeping them on the straight line, will be continued Mounday morning nowever. The procedure was to get The attempt to send these miners to the witness to identify one of the ac- the pen will then be taken up again. cused and then put the question to Militant workers expect to be framed him: "What did you see So-and-So do that night?" The reply was that So- ness of a union officialdom utilizing and-So had been kicking Cobb, or the courts to railroad courageous rank Asked where the kick landed he re- meeting on Aug. 11, during which swinging a chair, or shouting bloody and file defenders of the interests of nurder against the upright and peace- the membership is unique and damnful sub-district officials. The objectable. tions of the defense to this procedure

> One witness, Jess Alexander, relucantly admitted under cross-examina-

To pour salt into the wounds of man you saw in the hall who is not ox the defense finished up with, a witness or a defendant." He replied, "Billy Hogan." This Hogan is one terest in the prosecution?" "Yes." of the appointees of Farrington who 'Did you retain Judge Neely to aid hangs around Zeigler to aid in the

Another stickler of accuracy, Burrell, when asked where Henry Corb-The audience of miners in the court ishly was standing when the commoof the table." Geography lost a genius when he became a miner.

The taking of the testimony of these creatures who have sworn to tell "the whole truth and nothing but, etc., up by the bosses, but this odious busi-

Punishes Drunken Driver.

Mrs. Julia Van Valkenburch must tion that he had only attended the not drive an automobile or ride in one, local meetings three or four times al not even a taxicab, for six months as ear until the meeting of August 11. | a penalty for driving her sedan while But he was able to give testimony intoxicated and causing a collision inking the accused with the assault with a police flivver. This punishprosecution is no surprise in the light perfectly under the guidance of the against them?" brought the usual "I on Cobb. He also showed his wide ment was ordered by Municipal Judge acquaintance with the members of the Adams of Chicago.

PITTSBURGH COAL CO. RESPONSIBLE FOR MINE DEATHS

Operators Try to Blame Union Coaldiggers

By GEORGE PAPCUN. (Special to The Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 7.-Horning mine No. 4 is located ten miles south of Pittsburgh. The fire in the mine was supposed to have started from the sparks of a coal cutting machine when the cutters were cutting thru some clay in order to reach the coal. They hit a gas pocket which burned all day. The coal company did not notify the workers that the mine was on fire but tried to check the fire by building up a brattice. The explosion occurred thirty minutes after the miners had quit work and it is claimed by the company that 22 workers were in at that time. The coal miners, however, say that over 40 men were trapped in the coal mine

The explosion occurred in the section known as right butt of section four, 180 feet down and 4,000 feet southwest. Andy Blic, one of the workers killed, was reported to have been operating the cutter while the other victim, John Petrovich, was an the mines to combat the flames. The evidence: bodies of these 3 miners have been recovered.

News of the disaster spread rapidly mouth of the pit.

red Jan. 23 and six miners were badly burned.

1917 scale. Not long ago one woman deputies on the striking mirers.

dead: Andy Blic, Andy Petrovich, tered. Christian, Howard M. Ernst, George Tiavis, Mine Foreman Load-Harry Maloney, William Holzhauser, Heirns, John J. Luzer, Reese Brad- detectives, grabbed him by both arms burn and two unidentified workers.

In the last 6 years in western Pennsylvania over 174 workers were killed in mine disasters which have station, where he was quizzed and always been found out to be the fault searched. A copy of Bishop Brown's of the coal companies. In the last 25 years 858 workers were killed be- three copies of the "Zeigler Frame-up" cause of the neglect of the coal com- and membership cards in the Young

ing to put the blame for the explosion International Labor Defense, were on the workers but it is clear that found on his person. it was the fault of the coal company No. 827 of the United Mine Workers of America.

Six Soldiers Dead After Bay Rum Orgy

HONOLULU, Feb. 7-Six soldiers condition and thirteen others were recovering following a bay rum orgy provinces of the Union in Europe. at Schofield barracks.

Make your slogan-"A sub every week!"

Big Headline Over Capitalist Press Fake

\$44,000 HOLDUP IS FOILED

THE above reproduction shows the screaming headline over the fake story of an attempted robbery that recently appeared in the Cleveland News. Read the story on this page. It shows how the capitalist press operates.

CLEVELAND NEWS' FALSE TALE OF MINERS' ARREST

Coaldigger Acquitted by Trial Judge

CLEVELAND, Feb. 7-How the cap-Italist press makes a business of falsifying news was never better demonstrated than in the accompanying photograph of a headline and story in the Cleveland News of Jan. 26. Here other victim, John Petrovich, was an are the facts as brot out in court when assistant. Louis Christian, the third Joe Kobylak, the young miner was resectim, was one of the men sent into leased by Judge Moylan for lack of

Kobylak, a young miner having recently come to Cleveland, letf his home early on the morning of Jan. and vast crowds of workers, including 26 to search for work. His search the relatives of the man believed to be for a job finally brot him down to the trapped in the mine, gathered at the intersection of Euclid avenue and East 9th street. The Cleveland Trust com-The mine is owned by the Pitts- pany has its main office at this corburgh Terminal Coal Co. This is the ner and Joe not being too familiar second disaster in less than a week with the city was standing near a of this same coal company, the other doorway of the bank looking across disaster was at the No. 3 mine at the street for a certain building, there Mollenauer, where an explosion occurbeing an advertisement in the morning paper for a stock clerk with a firm located in this building. As in stood This same coal company is trying to there looking across the street one of run its mine in Library, Pa., on the the Cleveland Trust money cars drove up to the curb. A number of men got was killed and one is still in the hos- out and took several money bags into pital as the result of the attack of the the bank, passing Joe as they went in He was standing two or three feet The following miners are reported from the door thru which they en-

Joe barely noticed them. After the men had already disappeared into the man, Andrew Smith, John Gretch, Jr., bank Joe commenced to cross the street. Just as he reached the curb Joseph Tiavis. James Powell. Tony two men, who later proved to be city saying that they suspected him and that he was under arrest.

He was taken to the central police "Communism and Christianism," Workers (Communist) League, the As usual the coal company is try- Workers (Communist) Party and the

When taken before Judge Moylan, and it was only by stroke of luck that Kobylak was discharged and the de- meeting without permitting the elec- in number. the 600 miners were not killed. The tective was threatened with suit for ilmine is under control of local union legal arrest and damages by the at- feared he would not be re-elected to side, I march along. In front of us orney engaged by the International Labor Defense for Kobylak.

Letter-Carries Use Skils. MOSCOW, Feb. 7 - (Tass.) - The People's Commissariat for post and telegraph has provided 5,000 lettermail on skiis takes place in the village were dead, three were in a critical districts far away from the large roads-in Siberia and in the northern

> He will like it! Give your union brother a sub to The DAILY WORKER.

MARX AND ENGELS

on

REVOLUTION IN AMERICA

No. 6

IN THE LITTLE RED LIBRARY

More than fifty years ago the men who first

clearly formulated Communist principles, fore-

This booklet, written by one of the outstanding

figures in the revolutionary movement in Ger-

many, gives us the letters in which the two great

minds pointed out the road for American labor.

The lessons of Marx and Engels written many

years ago still hold good today and should be

carefully read by American workers for their im-

mediate as well as historical value.

10

Cents

saw also the development of American labor.

HAS WARDEN RELEASED STEPHENSON, KLAN HEAD? ASK IND. NEWSPAPER MAN

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., Feb. 7 .--Walter Daly, warden of the state prison here, refused to permit reporters to see D. C. Stepenson, serving a life sentence for the murder of Miss Madge Oberholtzer, in person, to determine the truth or falsity of persistent rumors that the famous prisoner has been released.

When questioned about the rumors at first, Warden Daly declared Stephenson was at work in the prison chair factory and invited a newspaper man to come out and see the prisoner for himself.

Informed that a newspaper representative was coming out to see Stephenson in person, Daly reversed his decision and declared that he would not permit anyone to see the prisoner. "They'll have to take my word for it that he's safely within the walls of the prison," Daly said.

Governor Fears Investigation INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 7 .-- Gov. Ed. Jackson refused point blank to issue an order to Warden Daly of the state prison at Michigan City to permit a newspaperman to see D. C. Stephenson, to verify or discredit widespread rumors that the prisoner had escaped.

"I won't issue such an order," the governor emphatically said. "I don't see why you don't let Stephenson alone, why you don't let the warden alone, why you don't let the whole matter alone."

DISRUPTS LABOR LYCEUM MEETING

Fear He May Lose Board of Director's Control

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 7—Continuing the shareholders of the Labor Lyceum. tion of a board of directors as he he board of directors. From the be vote itself, Shier as chairman, appoint- we continue the march. ed his own tellers who announced the In conversation he tells us his story.

Filibuster in Meeting.

At the end of the filibuster he called for the election of a "nominations com- him. mittee" to present the shareholders with a slate next meeting. This nom- scab" he answers. inations committee is an obvious evasion of the legal procedure which workers. His relatives also. What ridiculous to pretend that Russia is calls for re-elections. Realizing they else could be become if not a textile yet a Utopia, a land of milk and now over 400 physical culture socieare defeated they are using these worker. In fact that he has started

on the election of each official as pro- in the mill, for father and mother are gradually developing their socialvided in the by-laws—and are opposed earn so little that it is not enough to ized industry and training themselves to political bargaining. The left wing support the family. asks that the shareholders themselves coming year.

Fight Yellow Forward Gang. For four years the Shier group dominated the affairs of the Labor Lyceum. The time to rid the Labor Lyceum of this group has come. The coming meeting Sunday will decide this question unless the chairman again attempts to adjourn the meeting against the will of the sharehold-

Openshop Bosses

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 7-Hartford building trades employers are trial of the textile barons to see what trick, and pressed to pay the lawyer a massing support of their stand against effect this slogan would have upon the the five-day work week for building workers. The effect was that the trades workers. The painters' union strikebreaker left the room without leads in demanding the shorter work- making any use of his feet. week. Hartford chapter Associated General Contractors of America is seven thousand. The bosses will not with lawyers and "law" is surprised sending letters to local employers ad the wedge into the ranks of organized building workers by fighting the provocators. Do not let them disturb wake up.

PASSAIC PICKET LINES PULL OUT **MORE WORKERS**

Strikers Enthused Over Solidarity

By LOUIS KOVESS.

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 7 - It is six clock in the morning. The streets are empty and dark. Only here and there a striking worker rushing to the Neubauer Hall is visible.

Another half hour passes as the strikers assemble. The committee members take their position and the strikers fall in double line. Then the march to the plant of the Passaic Spinning mills on 8th St. begins.

The weather is cold. For a while they walk in silence. The young institution in the world. Not only are strikers shiver in the cold. The cloth- the Communists not opposed to pubing of some is only fit for August licity but they spend large sums of weather.

But as the march goes on with faster steps, their shivering bodies warm-up. The strong wind blowing in heir faces does not matter any more. The silence breaks. Cries are heard from the lines to the by-passers: "Get discussion. Zinoviev, the president of n line, do not scab."

The streets are getting busy. We have been marching about 20 minutes. The strikers sing with great enthus-

"Oh we ain't gonna slave no more

"Oh we ain't gonna slave no more "Until we get our ten per cent, "We ain't gonna work no more."

We arrived at the Passaic Spinning Mill. A whole army of traffic and moorcycle policemen are stationed in front of the mill.

In this mill the workers are mostly young girls and boys. Their wages were also cut 10 per cent and their overtime by 25 per cent.

The long picket line forms a ring around the mill.

"Join the line" "Don't scab!" shout the strikers. Some of the girls who his tactics of the previous meeting of are trying to enter the mill, hesitate to join the line. But soon they join D. Shier, Minneapolis agent of the the pickets and by the time the picket-Jewish Forward, again adjourned the ing is over the pickets are increased

With a Hungarian worker at one a short young fellow is walking. He ginning of the meeting he attempted turns around and we see that he is to stifle any discussion of how he used only a young boy and one of the most the Labor Lyceum for his political and militant strikers. Upon our inviattion financial ends. When it came to the he joins us and now three in a row

carriers with skiis. The delivery of vote a tie: 89 to 89. Instead of im- He has been working seven months geons in Moscow with Lenin jeering mediately calling for another vote, in the milt. He worked himself up to at him thru the keyhole. which is the procedure according to \$10.65 a week. He reached the highest the by-laws, he permitted a 4-hour sages he can get in that mill. He came out vesterday with two hundred the wishes of the capitalists and came out yesterday with two hundred other workers.

"Why did you come out?" we ask "You don't think I am going to

His father and mother are textile Union is forging ahead. It would be methods of keeping themselves in to work in the mills at an early age. he sees nothing peculiar. All his Union and all that it produces belong The left wing shareholders insist friends of the same age are working to the workers and peasants. They

in the art of managing their own in-"Even when the strike will be over stitutions. This takes time. It would and not the small gang in control de- and we go back to work, I wouldn't go take less time if the workers of highcide who shall be their officers for the back to the same foreman. The hell by developed industrial countries with him," he says. He shouts to his dumped their ruling class and were older fellow workers, who are hesita- in a position to lend the maximum aid ting to join the line on the corner: to building up the world republic of "Stand in the line. Don't be afraid." labor, the goal of the proletariat. We return to the Neubauer Hall.

Picketing has also been carried on at the Botany and Phoenix mills by their respective groups. The first hireling of the bosses has

dready appeared at a meeting. When the Botany workers held their strike meeting at Neubauers' Hall, the hall was jammed with the enthusiastic buy The DAILY WORKER at a Southworkers. The speaker Weisbord, or side newsstand. The other day I noganizer of the United Front Committiced a news item about a lawyer be-Fight 5-Day Week ganizer of the United Front Committeed a news item about a lawyer bettee of Textile Workers was interrupting shot by a client in a loop builded with the hoarse cry of the Bowery, ing. The client, according to yellow "No more strike." This was the first newspapers, lost a civil case thru a

> The number of the strikers exceeds be able to break the ranks of the that such things don't happen often

FEDERAL "LABOR" STATISTICIAN FALSIFIES FIGURES TO ASSIST STEEL TRUST TO SLASH WAGES

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press.

Gross exaggeration of the improvement in living standards in the iron and steel industry appears in an extended article in The Iron Age based on figures furnished by United States commissioner of labor statistics Ethelbert Stewart. Here as in his article on union wages Stewart has played directly into the hands of the steel barons by basing his calculations on hourly rather than full-time weekly earnings.

Stewart's figures show that in 1924 blast furnace employes enjoyed a standard of living 48.8% above 1913 and nearly 39% above 1907. As a matter of fact the weekly wages of these workers will purchase only 11.3% more than in 1913 while their purchasing power shows no improvement over 1907.

KELLOGG PERFORMS

FLAG-WAVING STUNT

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7-Entry in-

to the United States of the liberal

Countess Catherine Karolyi, wife of

the first president of the Hungarian

republic, would be "prejudicial to

the interests of the country," Sec-

retary of State Kellogg declarde to

the District of Columbia supreme

court when asking for dismissal of

the petition compelling him to

Current Events

(Continued from page 1)

viet Russia are not afraid to air their

differences in public. The organiza-

tion which is branded by the capital-

ists and the reactionary socialists as

a conspiracy is the most open political

money in order to get their views be-

NOW it came to pass that prominent leaders of the All-Union Commun-

ist Party were on opposite sides of the

the Communist International did no

agree with Stalin, secretary of the

Russian party. The differences were

thrashed out before the congress and

a majority favored Stalin's position

Those are the facts. What did some

capitalist reporters do? They immedi-

eater from his couch. After the czar-

two leaders differed over certain poli

cies. Lenin would be fleeing to Spain

one day with Trotsky on his trail,

while a few days later Trotsky would

be safely locked up in the vilest dun-

their hirelings the Soviet Union is

still there and is there to stay. While

the other countries of Europe, outside

of England are "on the bum" and

even England on the way, the Soviet

honey. Not by a long way. But that

Our Readers' Views

Justice Under Capitalism.

not a Communist, but occasionally I

fee of \$500.00, he decided to take the

law into his own hands. The last week

before the shooting occurred he slept

Anybody that had some experience

Ant. Zaleski. | 5

in bathhouses.

To The DAILY WORKER:- I am

got to Leningrad."

fore the masses.

grant a passport to the countess.

IN SUPREME COURT

The significant fact which Stewart omits is that average full-time hours er week have fallen from 81.4 in 1907 and 78 in 1913 to 60.5 hours in

Blast-furnace workers are even vorse off today than figures for 1924 indicate, for the cost of living has een steadily rising without corresponding increase in steel wages. By December 1925 the purchasing power of their wages was only about 7 per cen above 1913 and was 31/2 per cent below 1907, quite a different showing from Stewart's figures boastfully featured in the Iron Age.

Table Nalls Stewart's Lie.

Changes in blast-furnace weekly wages, in the cost of living and in the purchasing power of these wages from 1907 to December 1925 are shown in the following figures issued by Stewart's own bureau of labor sta-100 per cent.

Purchasing power Pet. of 1913	Living cost Pct. of 1913	Per week Pct, of 1913	Blast furnad wages
1907	91	82	111.0
1908	86	84.3	102.0
1909	85	88.7	95.8
1910	90	93.0	96.8
1911	90	92.0	97.8
1912	90	97.6	92.2
1913	100	100.0	100.0
1914	97	103.0	94.2
1915	97	105.1	92.2
1917	152	142,4	106.7
1919	248	188.3	131.7
1920	258	208.5	123.8
1922	176	167.3	105.2
1924	190	190.7	111.3
1925 De	c. 190	178.0	106.8
			V 1 W

ately repaired to the nearest joss Figures for other important depart house and dragged a Czarist opium ments of the iron and steel industry show similar results. The workers in two branches of the industry are ist got another shot in the arm or a new pipeful of his favorite luxury he working for wages which actually purspun a fantastic yarn about "Stalin's chase less than their 1913 wages. troops" fighting with "Zinoviev's Those employed in blooming mills troops" and Zinoviev's "section of the with a 77 per cent gain in weekly Checka" threatening to hoist Stalin's money wages have a loss of one-half head on the point of a spear if he ever of one percent in purchasing power and those in plate mills with a gain of 72 per cent in weekly money wages THIS is funny, and frankly, but for have a loss of 3.3 per cent in purchas-I the fact that some workers are ing power.

The gains to December 1925 in silly enuf to believe this stuff, we other branches of the industry are: would be in favor of asking the Bessemer converters 82 per cent in Soviet government to keep the capitalmoney wages and 2.2 per cent in pur- formed in each reading room. ist correspondents in opium, provided the Soviet government can buy enuf chasing power; open hearth, 99 per cent and 11.8 per cent; tinplate mills of it from the christian British government to supply the needs of the 111 per cent and 18.6 per cent; pudfiction masters. We remember very dling mills 136 per cent in wages and vividly, the varns that were spun 32.6 per cent in purchasing power. about Lenin and Trotsky, when those Union Betters Conditions.

The purchasing power of wages in the iron and steel industry has fallen naterially since 1919-1920. In the same period the purchasing power of union wages increased nearly 40 per cent. Compared with 1913 the great majority of unorganized steel workers fall considerably short of the improvement in living standards secured by

Physical Culture Conferences.

MOSCOW, (Tass) Feb. 7-A conference of physical culture societies was held in Minsk. According to reports submitted to the conference, there are ties, and upwards of 70,000 members day is coming. The land of the Soviet in White Russia.

SOVIET PRESSURE FELT AS GENEVA PROPOSALS FAIL

Failure of Arms Conference Heavy Blow

(Special to The Daily Worker)

GENEVA. Switzerland, Feb. 7 .-This town, the seat of the council of the league of nations, is beginning to feel the effects of the determined stand of the Soviet Union, that insists upon boycotting the country on account of the scandalous manner in which Switzerland defended the murderers of Vorovsky, the Soviet diplomat, at the Lausanne conference in

The league is inclined to attach some of the blame for the failure of the armament conference scheduled for the 15th of this month on Switzerand and there is much talk at European capitals of moving the headquarters of the league to some other capital of a small European nation. It is also known that Emile Vandervelde wants the headquarters moved to the Belgian capitol, Brussels. Failure Heavy Blow.

The failure of the preliminary conference is the heaviest blow ever delivered the league, as it is the first conference on a world scale it has even attempted. It is pointed out that the Washington conference, called by tistics. The year 1913 is taken as the United States, a non-member of the league, met with much more farorable response than anything yet achieved by the league. Another such failure will shatter what prestige the league possesses among European

Western Railroad Heads Prepare to Fight Union Demands

Executives of western railroads, meeting here to discuss the wage demands of the Order of Railway Conductors and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen for pay increases averaging about \$1 per day, unanimously decided not to grant the increase.

It has not been decided as to what terms the employers will offer the union committee and as March 2 has been set as the time limit the railroad officials declare they will devote the remainder of their conference to organizing themselves to resist the union demands when the limit ex-

Radiofication In Russia.

MOSCOW, Feb. 7 - (Tass.) - The Moscow Soviet of trade unions has completed the initial plan of the radiofication of the villages of the Moscow district. Radios are established now in all the 209 volost (parochial) village reading rooms of the Moscow province. Radio circles are

A Joint Celebration

THE DAILY WORKER

GRAND DANCE

THE FREIHEIT

with a

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Westminster Hall, 3806 Olive St.

Saturday, Feb. 27

Tickets in Advance 50 Cents, at the Door 75 Cents.

The Menace of

OPPORTUNISM

By Max Bedacht.

The revolutionary movement has

its dangers from within. Unless it

can guard the crystal clearness of the

principles and policies that lead to

The Latest Publication!

A book that should be in the hands of every worker and one no Communist can be without.

OTHER BOOKS BY THE SAME AUTHOR:

> White Terrorists Ask for Mercy. 5 Cents.

Translation of Principles of Communism by Frederick Engels.

10 Cents.

power, its progress is retarded—and the movement endangered. In the American movement, these dangers have become apparent. This timely booklet completely annihilates the distorters of revolutionary principles and is an invaluable guide to the correct road for American Labor.

Clarity of principle is essential to correct policies. This booklet is a splendid contribution to Communist

15 Cents

DAILY WORKER

vising them that it condemns the five strikers, even when they mobilize the in our "civilized" country. whole underworld of New York. They People have been fooled by "law," day week as "economically fatal." Twelve Copies for One Dollar Hartford open shop building trades ex. will not be able to provoke any fights "democracy," "justice" and "liberty" of this or combined numbers in change endorses the stand and en among the workers. The strikers are by a bunch of yellow capitalist newswell disciplined. THE LITTLE RED LIBRARY. courages openshop firms to help push papers and their tools-politicians-Striking workers! Beware of the long enough. It's time for people to

PUBLISHING COMPANY 1113 W. WASHINGTON BLVD. Chicago - ILL.

Organization Meetings Workers (Communist) Party

Social Affairs

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 7-Enroll-

nents for all the five classes that are

to be given at the Detroit Workers

Party School are urged at the earliest

possible moment so as not to interfere

with the immediate progress of all the

classes. Thursday evening has been

chosen as the most suitable for the

giving of all classes and while this

will limit individual enrollments to

but one class per term, the fact that

comrades are all engaged in various

Party activities is barrier to more

than one evening a week for class

The class in Workers' Correspond-

ents will meet in the House of the

Masses and will have as its instructor

in all the party's activities.

lass from the following:

evitably arise.

Masses. Edgar Owens, instructor.

1343 E. Ferry. Raduloff, instructor.

Section 3 in Finnish Hall, 5969-

Section 5 and 6 in Grayling Hall,

2376 Grayling Hamt. Schmies, in-

LOUIS HENDIN APPLIES

FOR RE-ADMISSION; PARTY

EXPELS MAYER RUDINSKY

NEW YORK, Feb. 7 .- Louis Hen-

din, who had been previously ex-

pelled from the party for attempt-

ing to organize together with Salut-

gether with Louis Gross, for mem-

and answers were submitted to the

decided that these were not satis-

In view of the fact, however, that

they show a willingness to work

period of one year they shall co-

operate with the party under its in-

stated in the party as yet. If, dur-

central executive committee may re-

The district executive committee

has acted upon this matter and has

expressed its approval of the action

of the central executive committe in

delaying their reinstatement until their co-operation with the party in-

dicates that they are fit for party

membership. Hendin has indicated

his acceptance of the central exe-

Mayer Rudinsky has been expelled

from the Workers (Communist)

cutive committee ruling.

consider their case.

They were requested by the cen-

bership in the party.

the party.

on Thursday evenings:

Reynolds as instructor.

work.

Masses.

Owen Stirling.

OPENS CLASSES MONDAY NIGHT

Speaking Training

The dates for the first session of the Chicago Workers' School classes are: Monday, Feb. 8. Capital, Vol. I; Pioneer Leaders Training Course Workers Journalism, Tuesday; Feb. 9. National and Colonial Problems, Elements of Communism (1st term); English (Tuesday and Friday): Wednesday, Feb. 10th. American Social and Labor History; Elements of Communism (2nd term); Aims and Purposes of the Y. W. L. Thursday, 11th. History of the 3 Internationals; Trade Union Organization and Tactics. Friadditional minutes for summing up. day, 12th. Elements of Communism (2nd term) 6:15-8:15; Historical Materialism 8:15-10:15; English (8 p. m.) Tuesday and Friday, Sunday, 14th. History of the International Revolutionary Youth; Research.

Except where specifically mentioned, classes start at 8 p. m. sharp at 19 S. Lincoln St. The Pioneer Training, Research, and Workers Journalism, are to be held at 1113 W. Washington Blvd.; and English at 2644 Le-Moyne St.

One class is scheduled for Tuesday and Friday. Some can spare only one night a week; some are beginners, others advanced. Some want a class on the South Side. The solution to these questions depends on the number of enrollments. All who want English should come to the first class sharply at 8 p. m. School Secretary Simons will be there. A class commitee will be elected, with the right to consult the teacher on methods.

The working class revolutionary movement is international. But how of Chicago, will be invited. The prepdid it arrive at this stage? What aration for the conference will be dangers did it avoid? What was the betrayal by the Second International? What did the first International accomplish? What did Bakunin do? These are among the questions to be discussed by Arne Swabeck, who knows the situation in the various Wicks to Speak on countries and in the Communist Inter-

Research.

On Sunday, Feb. 14, the class in Research will begin. No one need be afraid that the class will require too much work. It will train comrades to America's entry into the world court Form 70 Shop and 54 get material necessary in carrying our party work. The class will be of direct assistance to the party campaigns in District 8. Each nucleus should be represented by at least one comrade, so as to tie up the research work with the actual work of the

National and Colonial Problems. The release of Trumbull in America, of Julio A. Mella in Cuba, the Philip- workers as to why this seemingly Illinois and parts of Indiana, Wiscon- will be available at all shop and pine Commission in Washington raise sudden change of front. the entire question of the relation of H. M. Wicks, noted Communist isolated language branches, that is, trict office. A nominal fee of \$2.50 the national and colonial problems to speaker and writer who has recently units of one branch in each city. will be charged which will be used to class with Manuel Gomez, secretary series of articles on the Locarno pact been instructed to transform themof the All-American Anti-Imperialist for The DAILY WORKER, will be the selves into street nuclei and among League.

secretary of the Workers School Northwest Hall, corner North and members who speak other languages, should see William Simons at 19 S. Western avenues, Thursday, Feb. 25, and so forth. Lincoln St., every evening, Feb. 8 to at 8 p. m. Admission will be 25 cents, 12 inclusive, from 7 to 8 p. m. Regis- with the printed card, 15 cents. Antration now going on at the same nouncement of the places where cards

WORKERS' SCHOOL DIST. NO. 8, CHICAGO, WILL HAVE AGITPROP CONFERENCE FEB. 21 DETROIT PARTY

remedying this defect.

An agitprop conference has been called by District 8 executive committee for Sunday, February 21, beginning at 10 a.m. The agenda consists of six points:

NEW ENGLISH CLASSES

TO OPEN AT NEW YORK

SCHOOL IN NEXT WEEK

NEW YORK, Feb. 7-New courses

start this week in Elementary, In-

termediate and Advanced English.

also in Literature and Worker Cor-

respondence. The fee for each three

months, onee-a-week course is \$2.50.

The schedule of English courses

Monday nights-Elementary Eng-

Tuesday nights - Intermediate

Wednesday nights-Higher Ele-

mentary English and Advanced Eng-

Thursday nights - Intermediate

Friday nights-Modern Literature.

The teachers are Sonia Waldey,

Joseph Freeman, Sohla Ginsburg,

Ella G. Wolfe, Eli Jacobson and

Paulina Rogers, Additional classes

on other nights will be started if

registration warrants. If these

nights are unsatisfactory for the

courses you wish to study, come in

and register anyhow and where

necessary, the night of the class

will be changed to suit the needs

of those who register. You can

register any afternoon or evening

of the next two weeks in Room 34

of the Workers' School, 108 East

Street Nuclei

In District No. 8 Workers (Com-

munist) Party, outside of the city of

other things, to begin to conduct their

party work in English and draw in

The union membership, outside of

the city of Chicago, has not been so

accurately reported, since many of the units have difficulty in sending in

such information. There are 20 miners'

shop nucleus units, with a total mem-

bership of 217. These members of

course belong to the United Mine

Workers' Union. There are 8 shop

nuclei in steel mills, with a total mem-

bership of 76. Two railroad nuclei,

with 12 members, a shop nucleus in

a foundry, one in a brass company,

in an oil concern, machine manufac-

turing, clothing workers, stockyards,

and co-operative. Union affiliation

among these is chiefly among the

machinists and building trades work-

In the city of Chicago over 1,000

members are registered in 26 shop

nuclei and 40 street nuclei. In the

entire district, therefore there are

70 shop nuclei, with a total member-

ship of 612, and 54 street nuclei with

a membership of 1060 and 12 isolated

units with a membership of 117. A

registered membership in the district

shows 1,790 members.

DISTRICT EIGHT

lish and Worker Correspondence.

English.

14th street.

at the Workers' School is as fol-

1. Agitprop Work and Organiza-

2. Agitprop and the Party Cam

3. Agitprop in the Factories. 4. Propaganda and the Party

5. DAILY WORKER, Language Press, and Literature.

6. Agitprop and the Trade Unions. The reporter on each point will take 20 minutes for presentation, and ten Each point will be discussed from the floor in six speeches of five minutes each. The entire conference will consume six hours. After three hours, there will be an adjournment of one

A letter from the district office is being sent to all nuclei, sub-section. and section committees, giving the agenda, and a series of questions under each point, so as to guide discussion in party units. It is expected that each nucleus will send to the District Agitprop Committee a written report on their recommendations and experiences, before the conference, so as to permit the committee to study

All members of Agitprop committees of nuclei, subsection and section committees are invited to the conference. In order that the conference may extend its influence, representa tives from cities in District 8, outside thoro; the District Agitprop committee will come before it with definite proposals. The greater the prepara tion by the nuclei, the more fruitful the conference will be.

World Court at the

A meeting on the Locarno pact and is being arranged for the workers of Chicago by Section 6, Workers Party,

The recent vote in the Senate for America's entry into the league of na- | Chicago, we have 44 shop nuclei ortions thru the back door of the world ganized, with a total membership of structor. court, in spite of all the "Keep out of 432. There are 14 street nuclei with Comrades wishing to enroll in any foreign affairs" talk, raises the ques- a membership of 240. Thruout the of the above classes should register in tion in the minds of the American entire district which comprises all of the district office. Registration forms

the revolutioonary movement. These toured the eastern part of the counwill be considered in detail in the try on this subject and has written a 117. These few isolated units have other small expenses which will inspeaker of the evening.

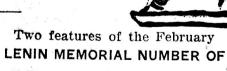
All workers who wish to consult the The meeting is to take place at

can be obtained will be made later.

The I. L. G. W. U. Convention

By Wm. F. Dunne.

The Furriers' Convention



The Workers Monthly A Communist Magazine

25 Cents a Copy

The work of agitation and propaganda, under direction of Agitprop Committees, is comparatively new to the party. Many of these committees are still in doubt as to their functions. The relation of Agitprop to the various phases of party work has scarcely been traced. A well planned conference Students to Get Public on Agitprop work in the Chicago district would go a long way toward

hour for lunch.

Units Send Delegates.

Northwest Hall, Feb. 25

The Left Wing at Two Conventions

By Wm. Weinstone.



Tribesmen Submit Peace Terms.

BEIRUT, Syria, Feb. 7-The Havas gency reports that Druse tribesmen are offering the French imperialists opportunity to make peace. The Druses insist on having the mandated territory taken from the French.

STATE and REVOLUTION

By LENIN

"The question of the relation of a proletarian Socialist revolution to the State," says our great leader, "is an urgent need of the day, being concerned with the elucidation for the masses of WHAT THEY WILL HAVE TO DO for their liberation from the yoke of capitalism in the very near future."

Lenin explains this question simply and beautifully in this booklet which is now a classic of Communist literature.

25 CENTS A new edition in duroflex durable binding

NEW YORK WILL HAVE SECOND DAILY WORKER CONCERT ON FEB. 21 NEW YORK, Feb. 7-The Jubilee Concert of The DAILY WORKER

SCHOOL OFFERS The DAILY WORKER Builders' Club of New York has arranged for **FIVE CLASSES** a second concert to be given in the Yorkville Casino, on Sunday afternoon, February 21st at 2 o'clock. Thursday Night Chosen for Study

The same violinist, who entranced the audience at the first DAILY WORKER concert, Elfrieda Boss from Leningrad conservatory, will play again. -Edith Segel will dance. Leonore Rose, piano soloist, has consented to appear on the program. The principal speaker will be J.

last month was such a success that

Louis Engdahl, editor of The DAILY WORKER. Admission will be fifty cents. Tickets on sale at DAILY WORKER New York agency, 108 East 14th Street.

The DAILY WORKER banquet will be beld at 6 p. m., right after this concert, in another hall of the same building, Yorkville Casino, 86th Street and Third Avenue.

WORKERS REFUSE The following classes will be held The class in Trade Union Organiza-TO JOIN STRIKE; ion and Tactics will hold its sesions in the House of the Masses with Wm. CRIPPLE FIGHT The class in Public Speaking will have Maurice Sugar as instructor and will be held in the House of the

Silk Mill

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 7 .- Henry The class in Party Policies and Doherty's 500 broadsilk workers that Campaigns will meet as occasion de- they could strike for the 44-hour week mands. This class will take up party just as well without affiliateing with resolutions and decisions as they are either of the two unions that were issued by the central executive com- co-operating in the 44-hour fight, the mittee, will make a thoro study of Associated Silk Workers, independent them for clarification and then its and the United Textile Workers, Amemembers will go before the nuclei to rican Federation of Labor. The Dolead the discussion on resolution and herty workers formed a local assodecisions. All members of the D. E. ciation instead of a union and struck C. will be enrolled in this class, and alone, rejecting the support offered as many of the leading comrades of by the unions. the shop and street nuclei as possible.

The strike is over now. The work This class will have as its major funcers are back on the boss' compromise. tion the leading of the discussion on a 47-hour week, or 10 minutes work a party policies and campaigns before day less.

nuclei and should prove of great value "If they had accepted our support," said the unions, "they would have As has been previously announced won the 44-hour week by now or be in The DAILY WORKER one subject striking, assisted by the relief we would have furnished them." has been set aside for Monday eve-

The Doherty workers are carefully ning, the Elements of Communism, and to enable every party member to selected from out of town communities. Paterson men and women are take this course a number of classes have been organized. Choose your not wanted. They have never yet stuck with any strike. But the two Section 1 and 4 in the House of the unions will continue efforts to win hem and literature in six languages, ncluding Syrian, is being printed. For Section 2 in the South Slavic Hall, ill the Doherty open shop is unorganized the open shop has a big foal point in Paterson. 14th street. Mollenhauer, instructor

Armed Troopers Defeat Lynchers' Plan to 'Get' Hardy, Negro Worker

SHREVEPORT, La., Feb. 7—Attempts to break into jail and lynch sin, lowa and Missouri, there are 12 street nuclei meetings and at the dis-Joseph Hardy, a Negro workers, for These have a total membership of purchase reference books and to meet he murder of a plantation owner. John S. Glover, failed. State troopers with guns in their hands kept the mob at bay while the trial of the Negro worker took place.

In his first trial at Coushatta, Hardy showed that he killed the plantation owner in self-defense. The trial ended with a divided jury. At this time one of the members of the mob, that was determined to "get" Hardy and lynch him, shouted "fire" and in he confusion attempts were made to take Hardy from the court-room. This move was frustrated by the sher-

sky and others an organization On the day preceding his second against the party, has applied, totrial-which ended in a life sentence for Hardy-attempts were made by he lynchers to break into the jail and hen lynch Hardy. This attempt tral executive committee to reply to ailed and at the second trial-which certain questions indicating their also ended in a divided jury-troopattitude toward the party policy ers with guns in hand guarded the and party conduct. The questions

central executive committee, and it Michigan Official of Labor Pays Tribute factory enough for reinstatement in to "Open Shop" Ford

(Continued from page 1)

with the party, the central executive committee has decided that for the hese things but to bring strongly to our mind that what can happen in a plant like Ford's, who wants to do structions. They cannot be reinright by his employes, but has not got the time, how about the plants ing this year, they demonstrate that hat are operated on the real absentee they can act in the spirit of diswnership plan." ciplined members of the party, the

Later in his speech Brother Collins vho would like to smash the Detroit rederation of Labor open forum, principally because it is a forum-urged organization by discussing the contents of Samuel Butler's 'Erewhon' and the fine work done by the building trades on the cathedrals in the lifteenth century.

He sees the "crucible of your great ndustrial plants" as a "psychological battle between machine versus mankind.

His conclusion was an obscure quotation from the humor column of the Detroit Free press.

Party on account of conduct unbe-Tobacco Company Closes Doors. coming a Communist in his local CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 7 - The Alston Tobacco company, an American concern, was forced to close its A sub a day will help to drive doors when it refused to pay the

Cleveland Unites for Miners' Relief

(Continued from page 1) had called a conference, it was the duty of the Cleveland Workers' Conference for Miners' Relief to bring about unity of the two conferences.

Call on Workmen's Circle. A committee of the Cleveland work-

ers' conference called upon the conference called by the Workmen's Circle, and altho a few delegates had some fears that a united organization might not be able to function among the various nationalities, these fears were considered of no moment by the conference. Delegate Weisman de clared that the two conferences must be united for otherwise it would mean a splitting up of forces. "But," he stated, "we know that there are two sides represented here—our side and the other side. And we declare that if the other side try to use this campaign for their propaganda we will not go along."

Comrade I. Amter, one of the dele gates from the Cleveland workers' conference to the Workmen's Circle conference, answered by stating that "the purpose of the conference called by the Workers (Communist) Party s to raise relief for the striking miners. We know that the real struggle in the anthracite fields has just begun. Negotiations between the coal perators and the miners have been roken off. If the coal companies succeed in breaking the miners' strike, then the open shoppers will fight all along the line. We intended by proposing that our conference hold mass Unionization Drive on at meetings, to bring the question of the miners strike clearly before the workers of Cleveland, so that they will see that if the coal miners' strike is lost,

the fight will begin against the entire labor movement '

United Relief Organization.

The question of uniting the two conferences thru the executive committees, was then put and carried unanimously.

About 35 organizations including Carpenters' Local No. 1750 and four more branches of the Workmen's Circle, are now combined in the new organization, which will begin its work immediately. Mass meetings. collection of clothes, contribution lists and the holding of a tag day will be the activities of the combined relief conference. As the Cleveland workers' conference for miners' relief is he only organization of international composition, the work of raising relief among the different nationalities outside of the Jewish, will fall exclusivey upon the organizations originally affiliated to its conference.

MEET ME AT THE Manhattan Lyceum **CAFETERIA**

66-68 E. 4th St., New York, N. Y. A Labor's Eating Place That Deserves Your Patronage.

Under the Ownership and Management of the Ukralnian Labor Home, In., a Co-operative Labor Organization Best Quality Food Served. Special Dishes Eevery Day. Reasonable Prices American, Ukrainian and Russian Kitchen.

Best Cup of Coffee on the East Side



for the Thousand New Subs to THE DAILY WORKER

Ends February 15

The Daily Worker is now well on the way of having three thousand new readers three thousand more workers to join the ranks of fighting labor who have chosen the road that Lenin pointed out as the road

The readers did not all come to The Daily Worker without being told-without being SHOWN-that this paper is THEIR paper.

Workers in the factories and in the trade unions have spoken to their fellow-workers and brothers. They have spoken for The Daily Worker and they got a sub. Many have spoken to their neighbors.

Have you? Whether you already have or have not-SPEAK UP NOW! Speak up to another worker to get his subscription-

A N DPUT IT HERE!

Rates: in Chicago: Per year .. Six months Three months 2. Outside of Chicago: Per year\$6.0 Six months ... Three months 2.0

DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
Enclosed \$ for a month subscription
to put over THE LENIN DRIVE.
Name:
Street:
City: State:

WORKER CORRESPONDENTS BY JANUARY 13 1927

GIRLS' SPUNK WINS STRIKE OF FOOD WORKERS

So. Chicago Restaurants Are Being Unionized

By JOHN PERRIDES. (Worker Correspondent.)

The strike at the Simon Bros. restaurant and bakery at 92nd and Commercial Ave., South Chicago, was won with a great victory for the workers who now have better working conditions, shorter hours and higher wages. This is one of the victories of a campaign to organize the South Chicago Food workers which has been

The two Greek proprietors of Simon Bros.' restaurant were notified by their employes that they had joined the Food Workers' union and the workers presented their demands. A strike was called when no attnetion was paid to the demands by the

started a short while ago.

Every day since February 1 the workers walked up and down in front of the restaurant with placards announcing that a strike was on at Simon Bros. One morning a group of energetic girl waitresses walked right into the restaurant and announced to all present that the place was unfair to labor and should not be patronized by workers. One of the bosses, Nick Simons, began to force the girls out of the place with the result that all the people in the restaurant arose from their tables and began to leave the place telling the owner if that's the way he treats his workers they would not eat there anymore. The waitresses now work eight hours a day, six days a week, and earn \$18 a week. The men work nine hours a day, six days a week and wages are, for chef, \$42 a week, night cook \$37 a week and night waiters \$30 a week. The dish washers get \$18 and \$20. Everything is running smoothly and the employes with big smiles and happy hearts go about their work. Who is next to start the ball rolling

Workers Packed Like Sardines in Oakland **Employment Agencies**

in South Chicago?

By VINCENT IGNATUS

(Worker Correspondent) BERKELEY, Calif., February 7 As we look over the capitalist papers, we see in them boasts of how prosperous this country is at the present time. Predictions in the Bay dis tricts newspapers augur a good year for business in California, but what does that mean to the farmer and worker?

Bankrupt Farmers.

In the San Joaquin valley the fruit grower is on the verge of bankruptcy, not because the land has not produced enough, but because there was no market for the products. About a month and a half ago the vines were laden with thousands of tons of grapes rotting in the fields, it did not even pay to pick them. Some of the farmers picked some and shipped them to the east, and after doing all the work of preparing them for market, in the end they were presented with a proceeds for the fruit. That is the problem that the gruit grower here in California is facing.

Unemployed Workers.

The industrial worker, fortunate enough to have a job, gets wages that in proportion to the cost of living insures him a subsistence for each day he works, the moment he is laid off it means starvation. There are thousands of men unemployed. The employment office in Oakland is jammed every morning. They stand there for hours at a time packed like sardines. There are hundreds of men again going their rounds in the mornings, from shop to shop begging for something to do. Most of them have been so weakened by just a coffee and doughnut diet that they would not be able to perform any work if they did

GIVE US A TRIAL!

ANNA'S RESTAURANT 2701 W. Division St.

Oriental Food! Home Cooking!

GIVE US A TRIAL!

Telephone Lehigh 6022 DR. ABRAHAM MARKOFF Surgeon Dentist

249 East 115th St., Cor. Second Ave. NEW YORK CITY Office Hours: 9 to 12 A. M.; 2 to 8 P. M. Daily, except Friday; Sunday 9 to 1 P. M. Special Rates to W. P. Members

THE LIVING ARE CURSED WITH THE DEAD



DEFEATS BOSSES IN SHORT STRIKE

Manufacturers Forced to Terms by Workers

By GERTRUDE PINCUS. (Worker Correspondent)

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.-The tuckers nemstitchers and pleaters of Local No 41, New York, who went on strike to prolong the union agreement until Nov. 1, 1927, and compel the manufacturers to give a security to the union, and to organize the open shops have won their strike. The Association of the Tuckers, Hemstitchers and Pleaters agreed to the demands of the workers and the strike was

association was elected to investigate and see to it that the workers get the scale of wages agreed upon. In the independent shops the workers receive from \$4 to \$5 per week increase in wages. From 40 to 50 open shops were organized. The strike carried on at the Star Pleating company for the east six months was also settled.

Operators Now Get by Without Paying Miners for Dead Work

By a Worker Correspondent.

McDONALD, ra., Feb. 7 - The people of McDonald and Bergestown, Pa. are beginning to realize that much suffering may be looked forward due to the unemployment conditions prevailing.

Near Bergestown at a mine called Bulgar Mines two men are used where formerly four men were employed with no pay for dead work which is twice as hard as loading coal. The Midway Mining Co. operates a mine freight bill that was larger than the directly below Bulgar's. This mine is known to have 26 working places, but 3,000 miners applied for work, with the result that only friends of the boss and men who positively have no class consciousness and no union affiliations were hired.

> The general superintendent of the Carnegie Coal company was asked why they had not placed a few guards around the mine and why they don't resume the 1917 scale. He said it costs too much money to employ guards and they did not need them as they are not paying for dead work and the miners push cars in and out of the rooms. He said the men were nungry and had to do as the boss said or starve and that the company had hings their own way now.

Unemployed Workers Seek Hand-outs on

By a Worker Correspondent.

ling and begging have increased in thing that could be done with me was Buffalo, due to the cold weather, and to get rid of me. ack of jobs. The low wages paid in Later in the day I received a call the open shop industries result in the from the superintendent's office. As lestitution of the workers as soon as I entered the office the superintendent unemployment strikes them.

costed by requests for money, "eats," where you were placed?" He then places to sleep, and what not. Work- told me that I had to work where ers picked up by the police welcome was placed and not argue. I answer the chance to get a meal and shelter ed that I refused to be put out in the from the cold. They tell stories of cold air with my scanty clothes and lack of work that put the lie in capital run myself into an early grave for any letters to Coolidge's pipe dreams boss. For this I was fired. about prosperity. Young workers of only 18 and 19 are forced to beg or go

it a book on Communism!

This Week's Prizes!

This week's prizes for the best contributions by worker correspondents will differ somewhat from those previously offered.

The first prize will be a valuable fountain pen. In the near future when the increased circulation thru the co-operation of our worker correspondents will permit we promise to offer a portable typewriter. Now we must confine ourselves to a fountain pen, but even that is not a gift to be sneezed at by a worker correspondent, since it is a useful tool in the trade of writing.

The second prize will be Karl Marx's Capital, Volume No. 1, because we feel that every worker correspondent should familiarize himself with Marxian economics.

The third prize will be Lenin on Organization, Volume 1, a valuable and necessary book for every worker correspondent's library. It needs no further recommendation.

Who will be the hard workers next week?

MACHINES IN HOE PLANT ARE CONSTANT DANGER TO WORKERS' LIFE AND LIMB

By Worker Correspondent.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7-Workers in the R. Hoe and company work under the most unreasonable conditions on machinery that in most cases is from 50 to 60 years old which is a constant danger to the workers' life and limbs and are expected to turn out good work. They work overtime for many weeks at one stretch and then without any reason whatever they are fired and a new ously.

Before going home we wash up in old pails. Instead of having lockers for our clothes, we hang them up on a nail that is driven in the wall. Dust of all kinds gathers on the clothes. If the men in the shop were unionized at present we would be able to better our conditions.

Superintendent Fires Worker Who Refuses to Break Neck for Boss he tramped back to the states, down

By a Worker Correspondent.

a railroad yard for the Chicago Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, California and Grand Aves. in the cleaning department. When passenger cars fornia he was on his way to try his arrive here we must clean them out luck there. When he thot of the famand make them ready for immediate lily that he left in Washington and his

One cold day, after a heavy rain, were standing in a row and said that accomplished only by fighting. would have to wash the oustide of these cars.

As I had always been employed cleaning the inside of the cars and was not dressed for work out in the cold, I refused to do so and pointed out to the foreman that I could not do Streets of Buffalo the work dressed as I was. He calledw me a number of names and said: "You're a smart guy. You must be a BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 7-Pan-hand- Bolshevik" and said that the best

asked me "Are you number 600?" One walking down the street is ac- replied "yes." "Did you refuse to work

> There is alway news around you is you will look for it. Don't know how? Come over to the worker correspond-The DAILY WORKER office.

Machinist Travels Up and Down Western Coast Seeking Work

By a Worker Correspondent.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Feb. 7-1 net a man on the street, 56 years old, machinist by trade, broke, hungry and carrying a knapsack on his back, who isked me what I that his chances vere for a few days work in Santa

As there is a considerable number unemployed here and has been for some time I told him, much as I hated to, that I thot his chances were few nd far between. The rainy season is here and generally it is a bad time of the year for getting work. He had left Washington last Sep-

ember, traveled thru Montana, from there to Saskatchewan, Canada, where he obtained nine days in the harvest

The harvest fields like every other place he went were crowded with men villing and anxious to work. Large numbers of men had come all the way from Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. About the end of October the fourth snow storm came along and made it into the Imperial Valley of California, near the border of Mexico. Little work could be obtained. Men were A short time ago I was employed in plentiful and it seemed the bosses would hire no one but Mexicans.

Having heard things were a little better in the northern part of Caliown helplessness it worried him.

What the world was coming to, he the foreman approached me and said did not know. He was hoping that the "come with me and I will show you "rotten capitalist system," responsible where you are to work today." He for his misery, would be destroyed. showed me a dozen or more cars that He knew that its destruction could be

NO ONE SHOULD STAY AWAY FROM TONIGHT'S CORRESPONDENTS' CLASS

Students who have not as yet enrolled for the second semester of the Workers Correspondents' class should do so tonight at 8 p. m. in the editorial room of The DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington

Blvd. Those who have been assigned by their nuclei to take this class cannot put it off any longer. They will be expected to attend tonight or good reason for failure to appear will have to be given.

The class committee meets at 7:30 to outline work for the progress of the class. Class starts at 8 p. m. sharp.

Why a worker correspondent? Why not? Is there nothing of interest hapsend it in!

DODGE BROTHER WORKERS **ARE COERCED TO SUPPORT** COMPANY POLITICAL PET

By Shop Nucleus Correspondent,

DETROIT, Feb. 7 .- On the time clock at the Dodge Brothers plant hangs a picture of a woman candidate that the bosses are supporting.

The company decided to hold a mass meeting of the workers to boost this "lady." In order to cover the "expenses" each foreman was supplied with tickets at fifty cents apiece and every worker was compelled to buy one. A number of workers refused to purchase one of these tickets and were told by the boss if they "didn't come across" they would lose their jobs.

As the concern employs about 25,000 workers, it means they collected \$12,500. What are they going to do with this money, is a question many workers are asking and are also wondering whether this "lady" will aid the workers or the bosses after she is elected.

Worker Sent to Fake Job Makes Agency Pay; Unemployed Organize on bread for strikers.

By L. P. RINDAL, (Worker Correspondent.)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 7.—The Russell Employment Agency, 532 Towne Ave., tried to cheat two workers out of their money. The men were sent out to Boulevard Land Co., Gerard, Cal. Each man paid a fee of \$2.50 plus some blood money to a railroad corporation. The "job" turned out to be a fake. The agency had been notified before the hiring took place, that no more men were needed at Gerard. This affair, however, is a mild one compared with hundreds of other cases of this kind in the land of sharkdom.

Thru the labor commissioner, the fees were returned and all other expenses paid. The shark was raving mad. He

said to one of the men:

'You must be a lawyer?' "No, but I am a Californian, and so much crooked work is going on they will reduce their prices, efforts here-not least around the employment agencies—that one learns law everything else," was the an-

"You can get no more jobs here," the shark came back.

"To hell with you and your fake jobs! We are going to organize and run you ragged before long," retorted the angry, victimized worker.

Action Taken. Speech making every day on the seekers on Towne and Stanford ence to be held Sunday, Feb. 14, at avenues organizing the Los Angeles 2 p. m., at 743 Main Ave. County Unemployment League, a delegated body of trade unionists and members of other working class organizations

West Virginia Local Downs Hutcheson's Red-Baiting Proposals

(By a Worker Correspondent) HUNTINGTON, West Virginia, Feb. 7.—Local Union No. 302 of the United O. Bentall in his talk to the strikers and three of his pals went on a spree Brotherhood of Carpenters and Join- at Neubaur's Hall, "we will carry our and came home-or tried to come home ers voted down a motion to accept and put into operation the steps urged by make the same demands there. The of the parade after the mayor had Hutcheson against the members of bosses will find it mighty hard to written his refusal to participate with mpossible to continue threshing. So the Workers (Communist) Party, the escape the union if the workers once the workers in their demonstration. Trade Union Educational League and other left wing organizations.

After the letter had been read, one reputation of being one, who was instrumental in breaking the Street Carmen's Union, made a motion that the instructions be complied with. One of the progressive members of

the union took the floor and pointed out that this instruction was in violastated that the union would not interfere with the members' political and who said he would not deal with the religious beliefs.

Color Bar Bills Before Virginia Legislature

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 7.—One of the bills introduced in the Virginia import exhibition after the style of house of delegates in the last few the All-Union Agricultural exhibition days is one by G. A. Massenberg, of for this spring. This exhibition aims Hampton, designed to compel the to show the import and export possiseparation of white and colored in bilities of the State Trade Company public halls, theaters, opera houses, to the population of Soviet Russia and motion picture houses, and places of to foreign concerns. Foreign counamusement; to penalize those who do tries will have exhibits at the fair. not enforce the proposed law, and to punish such persons as may refuse to accept the seats designated for

Aged Negro Flower Seller Tarred and Feathered by Mob

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 7-Mrs Eleana Malphus, 62-year old Negro flower seller, was taken from her home by a band of masked men and tarred and feathered because she refused to Are you going to give? Make ents' classes every Thursday night at pening around you? Write it up and sell her home, which is in a "restricted neighborhood."

New Demands Made on the Bosses by the Passaic, N. J., Strikers

(Continued from page 1)

"2. The return of the money taken from us by wage cuts since the ime the wage cuts were last given. "3. Time and one-half for over

"4. A 44-hour week.

conditions. "6. No discrimination against un-

on workers.

"7. Recognition of the union. "Textile workers, strike! "Strike for these demands to the

"United Front Committee of Textile Vorkers of Passaic and vicinity."

Textile Workers is now trying to solve the problem of relief. It has received many offers of help from not only other working class organizations, such as labor unions, that have pledged to give from one hour's to one day's pay, but also from landlords, physicians and trades people, wages, with back pay since October without a single request having yet 1st. een made for help.

The following trades people have so ar volunteered to assist the strikers announces the United Front Committee in a letter being sent out to the

Bakers.—S. Plesser, 194 Parker Ave., Passaic; 25 per cent reduction Passaic mills must "meet competifor strikers. Goodman's Bakery, 124 3rd St., Passaic; 25 per cent reduction

Barbers -- Seifert's Barber Shop, 208 Hope Ave., Passaic. Free service Monday and Tuesday to strikers, men and women. F. Gargash, 104-4th, Passaic. Free hair cuts any time.

Druggists .- Shuit's Drug Store, 10 per cent off on all ready made medicines; 33 1-3 per cent off on all the store's own medicines; 50 per cent off on all doctor's prescriptions.

Landlords.-E. Lygas, 15 Jackson St., Passaic, has offered free rent of a store which the strikers expect to use

Organize Relief Work.

Relief work will now be started on a large and systematic scale. It is planned to have a great benefit performance with the best professional talent, from New York City, a tag day will be held in the near future, several dances will be given, all stores of the city will be canvessed by a committee of the strikers to see whether will be made to secure a fleet of trucks that will scour the city every day to get from the very sympathetic storekeepers of this city food, clothing and other necessities of life for house to house appeals for clothing strikers.

All organizations of this city which wish to aid in relief work have been slave market resulting in the job invited to send delegates to a confercación.

Try to Scare Workers.

The press here came out with big neadlines telling of offers that the is not all that they had bosses have received from the cham- lieved it to be. In a life and death ber of commerce in Rome, Ga., to struggle for food, the mayor says he move their mills there and get cheap has nothing to do and will not take labor and tax free conditions for 25 the side of the oppressed. This is years. This proposal was explained quite strange to the men and women by the speakers as a ridiculous meth- who have slaved for many years unod of scaring the workers to go back der the impression that the governwithout getting their demands. "If ment aids the laboring masses. they want to move the mills," said J.

organization work to Georgia and -about five o'clock on the morning make up their minds to get together Their condition was such that they and fight the bosses."

J. Zack of New York, told the strikof the ex-business agents, who has the ers of the victories won by the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and how their conditions have been improved and the wages raised and the bosses beaten when they tried to cut wages.

The letter addressed to the mill owners by Weisbord with the new tion of the application pledge which demands was taken without comment except by Johnson of the Botamy Mill. present committee or with Weisbord. The motion was put to a vote and The strikers declare he will be forcthe majority of members voted it ed to deal with just the representative that the workers choose and with nobody else.

> Plan Import-Export Exhibition. MOSCOW, Feb. 5.—(Tass.)—The

State Trade Company "Gosstorg" of Soviet Russia is organizing an export-

WORKERS' UNITY ALARMS PASSAIC TEXTILE BARONS

"4. A 44-hour week. "5. Decent and sanitary working The Kept Press Bewails Bosses' Poverty

By J. O. BENTALL. (Special to The Daily Worker)

PASSAIC, N. J., February 7-The nonster parade of the striking textile workers here caused a veritable hurricane in the circles of the bosses and the new demands presented by the The United Front Committee of striking workers came as a cyclone into their camp.

Strikers Determined to Win.

In the homes of the strikers is a grim determination to fight to the bitter end against the bosses and to stick for the new demands of 10 per cent increase in pay over the precut

The Passaic Daily News which has been silent till now, on the strike, comes out with an editorial filled with sob-stuff about the poverty of the bosses and says the bosses cannot pay the demanded wages since there have been cuts in other mills and the tion."

Organizer Weisbord is laying plans for relief work and is getting the support of organized labor thruout the country. This department of the strike is of utmost importance as the workers in the mills have been paid such low wages that they have not been able to save enough to live on one week after their meager pay

stopped. Send Out Collection Lists.

The United Front Committee that s in charge of the strike has sent out collection lists and made a call for donations of food stuffs. Many of the merchants have promised to supply the strikers at a big reduction in price, and others have offered to sell flour and meats at cost.

The success of the strike depends largely upon the ability to keep the strikers alive. If the bosses find that there is suffering among the workers hey will hold out that much longer against them. With well established relief the bosses will weaken and the workers will go back to their jobs

with all their demands granted. The strikers are asking each other why Mayor McGuire was not in the parade. He was invited by the United Front Committee; but declared that this matter did not concern him. "If distribution among the strikers, it is it is not his business to see that you planned to have a bundle day, when get a living, what is his business as mayor?" asked Bentall at Neubauers will be made to protect the destitute Hall, today. "Did you elect him for mayor?" was the next question. "Yes," came the reply. "Are you going to elect him again?" "No," roared the

Government Against Strikers.

The strike has taken on a political significance and the workers are not blind to the fact that the government

It has leaked out that the mayor ran into a truck and wrecked their car, and had to be escorted by the police of a neighboring village to their homes at daybreak. An attempt was made to keep the matter secret but the facts soon came to light. The story was too good.

So even the local papers told of the merry four, who were in such a condition that the the truck driver ran off the road to give them the right of way, they sailed into him and smashed their DeLuxe Lincoln into a neap of junk.

Russian Branch to Give Affair

The Russian branch of the International Labor Defense is giving a concert and dance Saturday, Feb. 13, at the Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St. An interesting program is being arranged. Beginning at 8 p. m. sharp.

SICK AND DEATH BENEFIT SOCIETIES

Frauen-Kranken-Unterstuetzungs Verein
Fortschritt
Meets every 1st and 3rd Thursday,
Wicker Park Hall,
2040 W. North Avenue.
Secretary.

IN NEW YORK CITY!

Scott Nearing

"What I Think of Soviet Russia" COOPER UNION, Saturday, February 13, 2:30 P. M. Admission 75 Cents NOW. \$1.00 at Door.

"Education in the Soviet Republic" COMMUNITY CHURCH, Tuesday, February 23, 8:15 P. M. Admission \$1.00 and 75 Cents NOW. \$1.25 and \$1.00 at Door.

Tickets on sale Now: New Masses, 39 West 8th Street; Jimmie Higgins Book Store, 127 University Place.

A....

THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO. Phone Monroe 4712 1118 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

By mail (In Chicago only): \$4.50 six months \$5.00 per year \$2.50 three months

SUBSCRIPTION RATES By mail (outside of Chicago): \$6.00 per year \$3.50 six months

\$2.00 three months

Address all mail and make out checks to THE DAILY WORKER, 1118 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Illinois

J. LOUIS ENGDAHL WILLIAM F. DUNNE Business Manager MORITZ J. LOEB.

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chi cago, Iil., under the act of March 3, 1879.

E 190

Advertising rates on application

Deeply Deplore Postponement

Imperialist knaves and pacifist imbeciles who hailed Locarno pre-war level and to secure an inthe dawn of peace, the achievement of the ages, the beginning of the creasing role for the socialist elemillenim, will have a difficult task explaining why there was such unanimity in Europe regarding the postponement of the arms con- iet power consolidated the alliance ference scheduled to be held at Geneva, the 15th of this month. If between the workers and the peas-Locarno meant peace why this reluctance to scrap armaments?

Without exception all the nations so eagerly agreeing to the postponement (?) of the conference, expressed deepest regrets that co-operatives, drew together broad such action was taken.

Britain, for instance, must be exceedingly pained at its postponement. Instead of favoring further arms limitations she has already served notice that she will go no further on the road char- the unity of the peoples of the Soviet tered at the Washington conference and that she resents the 5-5-3 naval quota involving that country, the United States and Japan. Her far-flung colonies and mandates seething with nationalist movements blending into proletarian insurrectionary threats, her struggle against the ever-growing power and arrogance of Wall Street bank capital, sufficiently account for her reticence in the matter of discussing limitations of armaments.

France waits for the rains to cease in Morocco so that Marshal Petain may shower shrapnel and liquid fire into the huts of the is a condition for further economic inhabitants of that objective of imperialism, while droning air. growth. planes, manned by such scum of the earth as the American assassins who were there in the last campaign, drop high explosives upon defenseless women and children.

Mussolini, the maniacal murderer of Italy's working class, boasts of a revival of empire with himself as the Louis the Little.

In the far east the "island empire," Japan, trembles before the prevent such mistakes in the future. blows being delivered imperialsim in China as the nationalist forces blows being delivered imperialsim in China as the nationalist forces AT present the party is beginning smash the lines of Chang Tso-lin. With China threatening to slip A to work under new international from their greedy clutches, all the imperialist banditti assembled in that part of the world are increasing their forces.

Everywhere the contradictions within imperialism are driving toward another world war. Only half-wits expect to achieve disarmament in such a situation.

Disarmament will only finally be achieved when the human cannon fodder take the arms placed in their hands by the imperialists and use them to destroy capitalism root and branch. When, thru the mighty power of the proletarian revolution, the imperialist bandits are dispersed and their citadels razed, the world will be prepared for disarmament-but not until then.

Mussolini on Rampage

Estimated at his true worth, the butt of ridicule of Europe, and facing the threat of revolt in Italy, the braggart despot, Mussolini, is now endeavoring to foment a war against Germany. Or at and this conceals within it a series of letariat upon the basis of the new ecoleast indulges in the threat of war in order to wipe out the opposi- new dangers which must be drawn in nomic policy and the advance of the middle peasant is and must be the tion to his regime by fanning the flames of chauvinism. Under the to consideration by the party in its economic system of the Soviet Union firm ally of the proletariat. One may guise of unifying the nation for a struggle against a fictitious outside enemy he will endeavor to wage reprisals against his political the Soviet Union. A partial stabilizabecoming ever more the advance large landowners and the transaction

A paranoic, Mussolini pictures himself wearing the garb of Ceaser, but in reality he merely struts in the buskins of Louis the Little (Napoleon III) of France. The Italian tyrant threatens Germany in the Tyrol with the boast that the tricolor of the nation America has increased enormously almay be carried beyond the frontier and into Germany.

Louis the Little also had maniacal dreams of empire, he also invaded Germany shoping relentlessly and at one lightning stroke to British empire as a world power is crush that nation. He fought one battle on German soil and was setting in. The following facts must beaten. Then came Sedan and surrender. As Victor Hugo said: also be recorded; the contradictions "He began with the black flag of anarchy and ended with the white states, the contradictions in the camp flag of shame?

After Sedan came Metz; after Metz the Paris Commune with the contradictions between Europe the crimson emblem of the revolution flying from the Hotel de Ville, and America, the undermining of the Bonapartism in the mire, the red flag floating defiantly to the breeze.

History has taught Mussolini nothing. Life will teach him the which in various places has taken on lessons he ought to know and thus complete his education. But it the form of wars for national freedom, will do him no good. Louie the Little died in exile in London, but the blood streaked monster of Italy will perish as he has lived. of new forms in the European work- the growth of a new bourgeoisie in And not even Morgan's millions can save him and his fascist regime ing class movement, in close connecfrom utter annihilation before a proletarian revolution. The analogy between Mussolini and Louis Napoleon can be carried far.

But the aftermath of the revolution will be different. More the Soviet Union, etc.) than 50 years seperates us from the Commune. Capitalism still had vitality, was still in the ascendency; today capitalism is in its decline and we live in the era of the proletarian revolution.

It Was Coming to Them!

Down in southern Illinois two "volunteer" prohibition agents were killed for snooping around premises on which they had no business. One of them was a constable and the other a moron he picked up to accompany him on a raiding expedition. They in-false disarmament shouting of the vaded a place they suspected was used to manufacture whiskey. They had neither federal nor state warrants. They relied upon the forces for a new war. In answer to fear of a tin badge to bluff the victims of their raid. Evidently these blocs of the capitalist countries they underestimated the courage of the people they attacked for under Anglo-American hegemony both of them met sudden and violent deaths.

. We have no sympathy for bootleggers, but we do insist that therefore, carry with them the danany person, bootlegger or working man, whose premises are invaded by any official of any stripe, without a warrant and without first establishing the fact that he has such warrant is nothing more than an outlaw, a criminal invading other people's domiciles and should be treated precisely as were these two rats in southern

For much too long the American people have been police-ridden and a few killings of this sort will do much to regain rights that UPON the basis of this estimation have been taken from them.

· Defending domiciles against illegal invasion is an American tradition and we hope to see it exercised much more frequently.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription

Congress of Russian Communist Party by Vote of 559 to 65 Supports the Central Committee

(Continued from page 1) cluded new commercial and concessional agreements with them, built up its foreign commerce still further and consolidated its international situa-

Thanks to the same policy the Sovet Union was able internally to secure the state budget, to progress with the development of industry and he further development of agriculure and at the same time to introduce general increase of wages and to speed up the standard of production. to bring its production nearer to the ment in the whole people's economy. Thanks to the same policy the Sovantry, and secured the proletarian eadership of this alliance; raised the actual role and significance of the

WHILST recording these successes, the party congress recorded at the same time the mistakes made in connection with the provision of cereals and in connection with the foreign commerce, mistakes which endangered the stability of the currency and which created a passive foreign trade balance, the activity of which

ections of the technical and other in-

tellectuals under the leadership of the

proletariat upon the basis of social

ist reconstruction, and consolidated

The party congress approves of the decisions passed by the central committee in November for correcting these mistakes and instructs the central committee to strengthen the leadership in the work of the people's commissariat of economy in order to

and internal circumstances. The maintenance and extension of the breathing space upon the field of foreign politics has become a whole period characterized by the so-called peaceful existence of the Soviet Union side by side with the capitalist countries altho the contradictions between these two camps have become not weaker but stronger.

This breathing space brings with it struction. On the other hand, how- various economic forms, natural peas- antry and in this way to extend their ening connections between the Soviet tion, private economic capitalism pendence upon the latter is increased way the economic advance of the proof the European bourgeoisie must be economy.

most to the extent of its financial world hegemony.

Further, the gradual twilight of the of the victorious states themselves, whole imperialist system on the part of the awakening colonial and halfcolonial peoples, whose movement has reached unparalleled and gigantic dimensions, and finally, the growth tion with the proletariat of the Soviet Union (the struggle for the trade un-

I rope and the "pacification" of to life, the last of which was the Locarno conference and the guarantee pact pointed against the Soviet Un-These blocs and agreements which are covered by the allegedly pacifist league of nations and by the Second International, mean essentially nothing but a new arrangement of which are accompanied with an ab normal increase of armaments and gers of new wars, including also the danger of an anti-Soviet intervention, the proletariat of the advanced countries is drawing closer to the proletariat of the Soviet Union. With slogans of the struggle for peace against all new imperialist wars and against armed attacks upon the Soviet Union.

committee to conduct its policy with

regard to the following principles: 1. To consolidate in every way the alliance of the proletariat of the Soviet Union as the basis of the world

des, and to hold its course upon the evelopment and the victory of the nternational proletarian revolution.

policy of the Soviet government and capacity of the market to absorb and to be at the basis of all its interna- in agreement with the financial possitional actions.

3. To carry on the economic recontruction in such a way that the Soviet Union will develop from a country which imports machinery to a that in this way the Soviet Union eneconomically dependent upon capitalist world economy but will become an in- peasantry in particular. dependent economic unit building itself up socialistically and thanks to its conomic construction a powerful ill countries and the suppressed peoples of the colonial and half-colonial countries.

4. As far as possible to form ecoomic reserves as a guarantee for the country in all accidents in the integal and external market.

5. To take all measures to consolidate the defensive forces of the rmy, navy and air fleet.

Upon the field of economic recon

cruction the party congress adopts he Leninist standpoint that the Sovet Union as the land of the prolet rian dictatorship "possesses everything necessary for the construction of a complete socialist society." The the work of industry in particular, party congress considers that the impossible are simply calculated to struggle for the victory of the social- prevent the growth of the socialist ele-

ion is the chief task of the party. struggle of private capital against the The period since the 13th party con- latter more easy. For this reason the gress has proved in full the correct- party conference considers a widewith the main mass of the peasantry of Leninism to be necessary. has achieved the first serious successes in the work of socialist reconstruction, before the conquest of power by the proletariat of other countries, however, with its unqualified support, without the so-called help on the part Growth of the industrial proletariat of foreign capital and in an unbroken strengthening of the rich peasants in struggle against the internal private the village, growth of the new bourcapital. The past year brot with it a stormy development of the people's tivities of all classes and groups in economy in general which approached the pre-war level and showed of the class struggle at the present growths in its individual branches: Industry, agriculture, transport, external and internal commerce, banking and credit system, state finance, etc. The the possibility of internal reconstruc- specific gravity of socialist industry, the conquest of the masses of the tion and in consequence of the eco- of the state and co-operative comnomic relations with foreign coun- merce, of nationalized credit, etc., is tries, certain advantages which can be growing in the people's economy of used to speed up this work of recon- the Soviet Union which consists of ever, in consequence of the strength- ant economy, small commodity produceconomy and world capitalism, the de- state capitalism and socialism. In this

> THE party congress pointed out that this success could not have been ing up of the socialist industry (the ductivity of labor, the productive forms the main mass of the peasantry. councils, etc.).

At the same time, however, the spe the specific dangers and difficulties nomically with the commercial capiion unity, the workers' delegations to struggle for the subjugation of the THE comparative stabilization of Eu- economies.

American capital, called a whole sys-structs the central committee to be slogan of his neutralization, leads to tem of economic and political blocs in- guided by the following directives upon the field of its economic activity:

1. To pay chief attention to the task of securing the victory of the THE struggle against the Kulak socialist economic forms over private peasant economies for the work of latter. socialist reconstruction.

2. To secure the economic inde pendence of the Soviet Union in order to preserve it from developing into a pendant of capitalist world econ omy and for this purpose to pursue a course for the industrialization of production from the means of produc tion and for the creation of reserves

to allow economic room to maneuvers. 3. To strive for the growth of proof the international situation the in the country upon the basis of the of capitalist exploitation and which party congress instructs the central resolutions of the 14th party conferdoes not wish to understand the ab-

> 4. To utilize all resources to control the issue of state means carefully to increase the tempo of the state industry, commerce and the co-

5. To develop our socialist indus try upon the basis of the increased 2. To conduct a peace policy to level of technique, at the same time, orm the center of the whole foreign however, in the closest unity with the

> bilities of the state. 6. To support the development of Soviet industry in the provinces, dis-

tricts, republics, etc., by promoting the initiative in the provinces, etc. country which produces machinery so with regard to the organization of this industry the purpose of which is to circled by capitalism will not become satisfy the most varied demands of the population in general and of the

7. To support and bring forward agriculture in the development of the increase of agricultural culture, the neans to revolutionize the workers of development of technical culture, the increase of agricultural technique, (tractorization) the industrialization of agriculture, the regulation of the division of land and the support of the various forms of collectivism in agriculture.

THE party congress is of the opinion that one of the struggles ountry and to strengthen the Red against the disbelief in the building ap of socialism in our country and against the attempt to consider our andertakings, undertakings of a "logial socialistic type" (Lenin) as state apitalist undertakings.

Such tendencies which make the conscious attitude of the masses to ist reconstruction of the Soviet Un- ments in economy and to render the ness of this principle. The working spread educational work for the purclass of the Soviet Union in alliance pose of overcoming these mutilations

> WITH regard to the relations of the classes, the party congress observes the following basic phenomena our country. One of the basic forms moment is the struggle between the capitalist and socialist elements in economy, the struggle between the bourgeoisie and the proletariat for litical expression chiefly in the at tempts of the Kulak elements in the village to win over the middle peas

TF the vlilage poor, above all th I land workers, are the support of the proletariat in the village, then the socialist struggle and in securing the in the direction of socialism is taking not forget for one moment that in connecessary economic independence of place. The socialist state industry is sequence of the confiscation of the tion of capitalism and a relative guard of the people's economy and of their property into the hands of strengthening of the political power leading after it the whole people's the peasantry, in consequence of the policy of the committees of the village ence of the Kulaks in the village and finally in consequence of the removal obtained without the active partici- of the land from commodity circulapation of broad masses of the workers tion (nationalization of the land) the in the general activity for the build- middle peasantry was strengthened extremely and now this section, decampaigns for the raising of the pro- spite the process of differentiation,

Without having this mass as a firm ally, or should this mass only be cial contradictions of this growth and neutral, we cannot after consolidating the dictatorship of the proletariat, caused by this growth are develop- build up socialism. For the main way ing. To these belong the absolute to the building up of socialism in the growth of private capital, a phenome- village lies in the growing economic leadership of the socialist state indusdecrease, the special role of private try, of the state credit institutions commercial capital which takes its etc., which are in the hands of the business into the village, the growth proletariat, in the mobilization of the of the Kulak economy in the village chief masses of the peasantry in the and the differentiation in the village, co-operative organizations, and in securing the socialist development of the towns which strives to unite ecocoming and abolishing their capitalis. talist and Kulak economies in the elements. Any underestimation of the middle peasants, the lack of under main masses of the middle peasant standing for his specially important role, the attempt to lead the party I rope and the "pacification" of Europe under the hegemony of Anglo- HAVING regard to all these consi- from the slogan of the firm alliance with the middle peasant to the old a destruction of the dictatorship of the proletariat because it destroys the workers' and peasants' bloc.

> I must proceed thru the organization capital, to strengthening the monopoly of the village poor against the Kulak of foreign commerce, to the growth of and thru the consolidation of the alli- of all class groupings upon the basis socialist state industry and the mob- ance of the proletariat the village of the economic progress is a factor dization under its leadership and poor with the middle peasant for the of the highest political importance with the help of the co-operatives of purpose of winning the middle peasthe greatest possible masses of the ant from the Kulaks and isolating the

> The lack of understanding of the policy which was laid down by the state apparatus. fourteenth party conference and the the country, for the development of mittee. The party congress decisively town in an enlivenment of the town condemns the digressions which underestimates the differentiation in the village, which overlooks the dangers which are bound up with the growth duction and of commodity circulation of the Kulaks and the various forms village poor found its expression in solute necessity for the pressing back their exploitative efforts, and which of the proletariat to organize and mob-

At the same time, however, the

party congress condemns just as de cisively the attempts to conceal the basic question of Communist policy in the village, the question of the struggle for the middle peasant as the central figure of agriculture, and the question of co-operation as the basic organizational form of the movement of the village towards socialism. THE party congress stresses in par-

L ticular the necessity of the struggle against this last digression. Having regard to the relatively greater political successes and with the aboliariat and the peasantry, that is with tarian masses made possible. he end of our whole work of reconstruction.

THE party congress ratifies completely the decisions of the foureenth party conference in the peasant juestion (including the extension of ease rights, the right to employ labor ower, the assistance for industry and the transition from the system of administrative pressure to the system of economic competition and economic struggle and the enlivenment of the Soviets, etc.) which were directed to the further betterment of the policy of the party towards consolidating the illiance between the working class and the peasantry. The party congress leclared that this turning of the party policy alone which comes from the altered class relations, has radically improved the situation in the village, has raised the authority of the proletariat and its party amongst the peasantry and has created a firm basis for a wide organizational work for the purpose of drawing the peasantry into the work of building up social-

At the same time the party congress completely ratifies the decisions of he October plenum of the central committee upon the work amongst the village poor. Only in so far as the progress of the productive forces in he village, under the present circumthe village poor and upon the organization of groups amongst these latter, the party congress stresses that there can be no question here either of return to the committees of the village poor nor a return to the system of pressure from the times of war Communism and to the practice of suption of organizing the village poor. the state power they must overcome the remains of their pauper phsychology in the struggle on the economic and political front. (collective economies, artells, co-operatives, peasant committees. Soviets) and they must go the way of organized class resistance against the village usurers and become the firm support of the proietarian policy and its struggle for the unification of the middle peasantry and the proletariat.

THE party congress declares that A agricultural co-operation, in relaion to its economic work, from the tandpoint of the mobilization of th masses and its correct socialist lead ership, is still very far from the com pletion of its great role. The party congress makes it the duty of al party members to pay the greates: attention to the development of agr cultural co-operation and to take al measures to guarantee its correc growth.

The increased activity of the mass es together with the growing activity The proletariat and its party as the basic and leading social force must utilize this growth for the purpose of still further drawing the masses great importance of the struggle in into the process of socialist reconthese two directions is connected with struction upon all fronts and into the the unification of our Leninist party, two digressions from the correct party struggle against bureaucracy in the

This growth of the activity of the October plenum of the central com- masses found its expression in the Soviets, the trade unions, the workers co-operatives, etc. In the village the increase of the activity of the mass es of the middle peasantry and of the an enlivenment of the Soviets and the co-operatives. The party congress stresses once again that in the presof the Kulaks and the limitation of ent circumstances the dictatorship of the proletariat cannot be consolidated does not see the duty of the party thru the methods of war Communism and administrative pressure, that one revolution, with the western European operatives, for the purpose of raising lilize the village poor and the land cannot co-operate without the prin-

ciple of voluntarism, without the reponsibility on the part of the elected rgans to their electors, without trust n these organs on the part of the nembers. The enlivenment of the Sov iets and the growth of their connecion with the broad masses of the working population is the necessary condition for all the further work of the party and the Soviet power.

THE enlivenment of the village Soviets and the co-operatives which release the initiative and the activity of the peasants, assumes from the point of view of the maintenance and consolidation of the proletarian leadpreparation of the party for the im- ership, the enlivenment and the unimediate struggle against the village fication of the growing activity and usurer and with the possibility of the consolidation of the proletarian overcoming the first digression, the organizations. Only upon this condiovercoming of the second digression tion can the proletarian dictatorship represents a much more difficult task, be consolidated and the carrying for this demands complicated meth- out of a correct political line from ods of struggle and a unification of the point of view of socialism be the methods for the political isola- guaranteed. From this proceeds above tion of the Kulaks with the methods all the slogan for the enlivenment of for the drawing of the peasant mass- the trade unions, these proletaries es into the work of socialist recon- mass organizations which must in struction. All the more because in clude the whole proletariat. The trade the present circumstances this sec- union democracy must be the method ond digression threatens a return to by which the participation of the the policy of struggle against the Ku- masses in the general work is made aks with the methods of war Com- easier, the possibilities of chosing new munism, and with an abandonment of comrades to place in higher posts, en he present party policy in the village larged, the leading bodies of the trade which has already produced serious union organizations renewed and the class consolidation and the raising ion of the alliance between the prole of class consciousness in the prole

N order to carry out this whole work of enlivening the mass organzations of the proletariat and the peasantry, it is necessary that the leading forces of these organizations also, that is to say, the Russian Com munist Party in all its parts, take the way of a logical internal party democracy. The party congress ratifies the November declaration of the plenum of the central committee in relation to the internal party democracy and proposes to the party organizations to pay attention to the tasks upon this field:

(a) An increase of the activity of the broad party masses in discussing and solving the most important ques tions of party policy.

(b) A logical carrying out of the electoral system of the leading party organs and the drawing in of new forces to the party work, an increase in the activity of the party members and the education of new party forces to assist the old.

(c) Raising of the quality of the active party members, in particular, raising the theoretical level.

(d) The spreading of the basic principles of the Leninist theory in the broadest party circles.

THE consolidation of the party and the strengthening of its leading stances of increased activity of all role upon all the fields of the suborclass groupings, is accompanied by dinate work of reconstruction which the organization of the poor peasants in the present complicated situation and the land workers, can the neces- is more necessary than ever, assumes sary reciprocal relations of class forc- a correct regulation of the composies and the leadership of the industrial tion of the party. The party conproletariat be guaranteed. Whilst gress holds it to be necessary upon ratifying the decisions of the central this field to carry on a policy directed committee upon the material aid for towards raising the quality of the ing greater numbers of workers into the party and steadily raising the specific gravity of its proletarian kernel. ratifles the necessity of the firm carrying out of the measures of limitation in relation to the acceptance of pressing the Kulaks, etc. It is a ques- proletarian elements into the party It rejects, however, the policy which With the assistance of the party and leads to an unnecessary swelling of the party membership and its overflow with half-proletarian elements which have no training either from the trade unions or other proletarian organizations. The party congress condemns such attempts which have nothing in common with Leninism and which deny the correct relation between the party (advance guards of the class) and the class and make the Communist leadership impossible.

The leading role of the party can only be assured with an absolute unity of will, with a unity of the party orces, with the maintenance and con olidation of the Bolshevik projetaran discipline in the party.

THE party congress ratifies the policy of the central committee which vas directed towards preventing pen discussion with individual leadrs of the Leningrad organization and heir sympathizers outside the cenral committee and to thrashing out he differences of opinion internally nd securing a collective leadership of he party.

The party congress instructs the central committee to struggle decisively against all attempts to make a breach in the party no matter from where or from whom it may come The party congress is certain that the Leningrad organization will march in the first ranks of the fighters for a unification which we shall hold at any price and which we must consolidate.

The party congress welcomes the consolidation of the alliance between the proletariat of the Soviet Union and the proletariat of all countries. The party congress sees in this the growing influence of the Soviet Union as the support of the international working class movement. The party congress proposes to the central committee to fight also in the future with all forces to consolidate the band of international solidarity under the banner of which the dictatorship of the preletariat was born