

REPLY TO ATTACK ON COMMUNISTS

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

If there are going to be any more disarmament conferences they will be called in the United States. This is the attitude of Calvin Coolidge, if reporters rightly interpret the little silence at Swampscott. Paul Painleve French premier expressed a desire to call a disarmament conference. France might start in right now with the Rifian tribesmen and do a little disarming in Morocco. Perhaps France wants to get rid of the reputation of being the leading militarist nation in Europe, by calling fake peace meetings.

WHEN we say that capitalist peace conferences are war parleys in disguise we are not playing with words. The latest one held in Washington decided to scrap a lot of old warships. This suited every government in the world that was a serious sea power. They got rid of a lot of junk and the boats that were left are up to date. The most important feature of that Washington peace conference was the compromise between England and the United States thru which the former ditched the Anglo-Japanese pact in return for naval concessions made by the United States.

THE Shenandoah tragedy is one of the acts of God one cannot foresee declared a flying chieftain, in commenting on the wreck of the giant air ship. Funny how Christians are so fond of blaming God for their own blunders. Another opinion is that the disaster was caused thru the policy of economy followed by the navy department in its effort to save helium gas. This policy cost many lives, but human life is cheap under capitalism.

WILLIAM GREEN, speaking in New York said that discontent has always been the basis of human endeavor. In Detroit the same Mr. Green said that the Communists were the cause of all discontent and should be crushed for creating it. Is this a case of "Philip drunk and Philip sober"? If discontent is the basis of human endeavor, it seems to us that Green should urge the Communists to produce plenty of it. Needless to say, the discontent which Green does not like is caused, not by Communists but by the capitalist system.

THERE was a time when a labor leader was looked upon with hate and scorn by the American capitalist class. Some leaders are still out of favor, but only those who have not knelt down and worshipped the golden calf. When William Green, arrived in Detroit he was shown a copy of the Detroit Labor News, the official organ of the Detroit Federation of Labor, which is edited by Dennis Batt, formerly one of the three leaders and one tenth of the membership of the Proletarian Party. In the paper was a full page ad paid for by the Detroit Cleaners and Dyers' Association welcoming Green as a representative of American workers. If Green feels happy over this he is welcome to the thrill. The workers whom he claims to represent will think it strange that a man should receive compliments from those he is expected to fight.

THE American type of reactionary labor leader is a queer fish, but Britain's specimens take the cake. When the great British Trade Union Congress was opening in Scarborough, James Ramsay MacDonald, was spending a short vacation with the king at Balmoral Castle in Scotland. MacDonald is a socialist. It is possible that MacDonald may soon find himself outside of the Labor Party. He is frequently mentioned as a leader for what is left of the liberal party.

WRITING of the recent "regional convention" of the socialist party, the national office press agent, refers to "our great and strange fellowship" which still hangs on to the old decrepit hulk. Strange indeed if not great. Those regional conventions that the socialist party is putting on, are nothing more or less than glorified picnics. It's rather pathetic to not lamentable to see a party that once carried the banner of the class struggle, degenerate into a collection of ballyhoo artists.

British Schooner Bootlegs.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—The British schooner Dawn, with 800 cases of liquor aboard, was seized in Narragansett Bay by coast guard patrol boat No. 129. The crew, after beaching the schooner, swam ashore and escaped. Legal proceedings will be started against the vessel at Providence, R. I.

SIMONS WINS FIGHT AGAINST MAJOR BERRY

Brings Suit for Lost Time Compensation

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK—David Simons, who was president of New York Web Pressmen's Union No. 25, which Berry killed after breaking the 1923 strike, has thru a court of appeals decision won his suit for reinstatement in the international union.

The supreme court gave a verdict for Simons in the first round of the fight, but was reversed by the appellate division. The court of appeals decision says:

"Plaintiff was a member in good standing of the defendant's union, an unincorporated association, and subject to expulsion only upon written charges, and after a hearing upon notice. No charges have been made against him, and no hearing has been given. None the less, the defendant's officers have notified the other members to refuse to work with him on the ground that he has ceased to be a member, and in so doing have made it impossible for him to find employment in his trade. The charge in brief is that he has been denied the privileges of membership the never legally expelled.

"A cause for action is here stated for equitable relief. So far as the complaint shows, there is no provision in the constitution or the by-laws whereby plaintiff has a remedy by appeal to any organ within the association. Equity will enjoin the denial to a member of the privilege of membership where the denial, if continued, will work irreparable injury.

"The judgment of the appellate division should be reversed and the order of the special term affirmed, with costs in the appellate division and in this court."

Simons has brot another suit in the state supreme court for payment for the time lost since he was expelled by Berry. The suit will determine responsibility for the 1923 strike.

Another Try for the Pole

MILAN Sept. 9.—Capt. Roald Amundsen will again seek the North Pole thru the air next march, this time in an Italian dirigible it was revealed here today.

Preaching Profitable Business

The will of Monsignor Edward A. Kelly, late pastor of St. Anne's Church giving his estate of \$10,000 to a sister, was offered for probate yesterday.

MANY MASS MEETINGS ARE ARRANGED FOR LABOR DEFENSE DAY

The mass meetings already arranged for "Labor Defense Day" Sunday, Sept. 13, with speakers, are as follows:

- NEW YORK—Webster Hall, Dick Brazier, James P. Cannon, Robert W. Dunn, Benjamin Gitlow, and John R. Brodsky.
 - CHICAGO—Temple Hall, William Z. Foster, C. E. Ruthenberg, Duncan McDonald, and Henry Corbishly.
 - BOSTON—Franklin Union Hall, Ella Reeve Bloor.
 - MINNEAPOLIS—J. Louis Engdahl.
 - SAN FRANCISCO—Tom Lewis.
 - CINCINNATI—Bishop Wm. Montgomery Brown.
 - PHILADELPHIA—(William W. Weinstein).
 - NEW HAVEN—William Simons.
 - DULUTH—C. A. Hathaway.
 - BELLAIRE, O.—John Braithin.
 - CANTON, O.—William White.
 - BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Rebecca Grecht.
 - YONKERS, N. Y.—Jack Stachel.
 - GARY, Ind.—Thurber Lewis.
- Meetings and conferences also in Los Angeles, Hartford, Washington, D. C., Baltimore, Revere, Mass., Grand Rapids, Mich., Passaic, N. J., Omaha, Akron, O., Portland, Ore., Spokane, Superior, Wis., and W. Frankfort, Ill.

Daily Worker Savers Must Hurry or Be Too Late

Receipts Fall Far Short of Minimum Requirements.

SITUATION DESPERATELY CRITICAL

IT will take plenty of money and plenty of haste to save THE DAILY WORKER. Let no militant worker be in doubt about this.

Yet of the thousands of DAILY WORKER readers support in this crisis has been received from less than one hundred up to today.

Of the fifteen hundred Workers Party branches only a score have so far been heard from.

Of the \$5,000 needed by THE DAILY WORKER this week less than \$700 has as yet been received.

That the necessary money can be raised there is no question.

There can be no doubt of the ability and the willingness of American class conscious workers to raise it.

But the money has not been received and THE DAILY WORKER is in desperate and imminent danger.

The Answer Is—RUSH!

The answer is—"All possible funds in all possible haste TO SAVE THE DAILY WORKER."

Andy Young, of O'Fallon, Ill., knew the answer. Consider the answer he made:

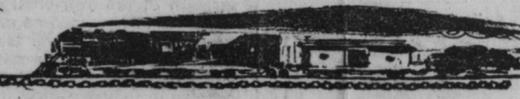
"I happen to be one of the victimized coal miners not able to get a job anywhere. I have been out of work for 18 months. But I made a pledge to the DAILY WORKER that the first five dollars I made I would give to save our press. Having been elected to the State Federation of Labor convention, I was advanced expense money to make the trip and I am taking this opportunity of making good my pledge.

"I only hope I will be able to do more in the near future.

"Yours in comradeship and for the success of the DAILY WORKER, ANDREW YOUNG."

If there are any readers of THE DAILY WORKER or any members of the Workers Party who are less able than Comrade Young to help save THE DAILY WORKER, they may stand exempt from duty in this task. But if Andy Young can take his place among the first hundred in the ranks of THE DAILY WORKER savers there are twenty-five thousand others who must take their place besides him.

Rush in Your Support to Save the Daily Worker



To Save THE DAILY WORKER

I am sending you my response to your appeal. I enclose \$.....

Name:

Street:

City: State:

Address letters and make checks and money orders payable to THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

As Much as You Can and as Soon as You Can

Wednesday, Sept. 9, Donations to Save the DAILY WORKER:

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Slovak Branch, W. P., Chicago, Ill..... | \$15.50 |
| South Slav Branch, W. P., Sheboygan, Wis..... | 15.00 |
| W. Theo. Woodward, DeLand, Florida..... | 10.00 |
| A. J. White, Buffalo, N. Y..... | 1.50 |
| Petre Barlow, Rochester, Minn..... | 5.00 |
| E. W. Kamel, Rochester, Minn..... | 1.00 |
| John S. Reed, Rochester, Minn..... | 2.00 |
| Frank Anderson, Chicago, Ill..... | 1.00 |
| Irving Park English Branch, W. P., Chicago..... | 26.00 |
| A. G. Arness, Pequot, Ill..... | 5.00 |
| Karl Heplik, Pequot, Minn..... | 5.00 |
| Jefferson Stone, Port Clinton, O..... | 1.00 |
| B. N. Freeman, Collinsville, Ill..... | 10.00 |
| Scandinavian Federation, W. P. (convention)..... | 16.00 |
| West Frankfort, Ill., City Central, W. P..... | 25.00 |
| S. M. Rubin, Milwaukee, Wis..... | 5.00 |
| Chas. Nelson, Cleveland, O..... | 5.00 |
| Eather Schweitzer, Cleveland, O..... | 10.00 |
| Ukrainian Branch, W. P., Lorain, O..... | 5.00 |
| D. Haas, Philadelphia, Pa..... | 3.00 |
| A. W. Young, O'Fallon, Ill..... | 5.00 |
| South Slav Branch, W. P., Bellaire, O..... | 10.00 |
| Total | \$182.00 |
| Previously acknowledged..... | 516.90 |
| Total received to date | \$698.90 |

NEGRO LYNCHED FOR FIGHTING COW THIEF, NOT ASSAULT ON GIRL

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 9.—Walter R. Mitchell, a Negro, was lynched at Excelsior Springs Missouri, not for assaulting a white girl but because he quarreled with a cattle stealing ring, the Kansas City Call a Negro paper, charges.

The Call asserts that Mitchell had quarreled with the girl's escort about some money he said was due him and whipped him, merely thrusting the girl aside when she attempted to interfere.

FIFTEEN MINERS OF ZEIGLER, ILL., FACING PRISON

Labor Fakers Try to Railroad Unionists

ZEIGLER, Ill., Sept. 9.—Fifteen of the union coal miners who appeared at the preliminary hearing before Justice of the Peace Moore yesterday, were held to the grand jury on a charge of assault with intent to kill, preferred by D. B. Cobb, vice president of Sub-District 9 of District 12, United Mine Workers of America. The other defendants were discharged.

Attorney Nealy of Marion, Ill., appeared as special prosecutor in behalf of Cobb against the members of the Zeigler Local Union No. 922. Cobb had sworn out warrants originally against 26 miners. Roy Martin, the regular district attorney was also present at the hearing. Among the twenty witnesses who appeared along with Cobb and Lon Fox, sub-district president, were many known members of the ku klux klan.

Center on Assault on Kill

The prosecution stated there were two charges, assault with intent to kill D. B. Cobb, and conspiracy to murder D. B. Cobb, but they were willing to let the latter charge go for the time being if the defense would agree to a hearing on the first charge. This was agreed to.

The prosecution said it would prove that there was an assault made on Cobb with intent to kill and that all defendants either took part in it or aided and abetted it.

Cobb was the first witness on the stand. He was plainly nervous, as he has a reason to be for trying to railroad members of his own union to the penitentiary. He had a hang dog look and made a poor witness. Although he swore out all the 26 warrants, he was able to remember only seventeen of the names of those whom he had accused.

Filmy Evidence

He stated that one defendant hit him over the head with a chair, and (Continued on page 2)

REVOLT AGAINST SIGMAN GANG IN CHICAGO I. L. G. W.

Slugging Started by Organizer Dolnik

Not being able to carry out the Sigman rule, Dolnik, organizer of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, attempted to slug Brother Harry Seff at the meeting of Local 5, I. L. G. W. U., the largest international local in Chicago. Brother Seff is one of the oldest members of the union and served a turn in jail in 1923 for his union activities. Prior to that time he was business agent for a number of years.

Seff was a delegate to the last Boston convention where he stated on the floor of the convention that there were some officers who had been guilty of scabbing. For this charge were brought against him in spite of the fact that he proved his accusations. He was further charged for slandering the officers.

All his appeals to the International have not even been considered, hence the membership demands an answer from the G. E. B. to which demand organizer Dolnik at this meeting objected and when the membership stated that they were going to carry out their wishes against this ruling, he attempted to slug Brother Seff.

A special meeting, it is reported, of Local 5 is being called to recall organizer Dolnik.

BRITISH LABOR LEADERS FIGHT RIGHT WING EXCLUSION OF THE COMMUNISTS FROM LABOR PARTY

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, Sept. 9.—The effort of the reactionary element in the British labor movement to suppress or oust the Communists and the left wing minority group—an effort made in suspicious coincidence with the sudden propaganda attack of the capitalist government and capitalist press on the Communists—is not likely to get very far in spite of the influential position of the reactionaries.

This is foreseen from the issuance of a declaration signed by a large number of prominent labor leaders on the eve of the Trades Union Congress now meeting at Scarborough, condemning any attempt to exclude the Communists from earned leadership in the trade unions or the Labor Party, whose conference is to be held in the near future.

This declaration in the form of an appeal to the labor movement to repeal last year's resolution excluding Communists from the Labor Party, is given below, and added signers are expected before the Labor Party conference. It says:

No Exclusion of Communists. "The critical times we are passing thru demand the closest solidarity of all the forces engaged in the struggle against capitalism, with its policy of piling up profits at the expense of the workers' wages. Anything that makes for division in the ranks must be avoided.

"A campaign against any section of the workers because of their 'extreme' views will only make for distrust, dissension and disruption. The long list of local labor parties, that appears in the preliminary agenda of the labor party conference, makes it clear that the attempt to exclude the Communists has not met with the approval of large and important sections of our rank and file, and that a continuation of this policy will lead to very bad results in the unions.

Repeat Exclusion Clause. "We, the undersigned, therefore, desire to make an appeal to the whole movement to give unanimous support to the resolution placed on the agenda of the Labor Party conference by (Continued on page 2)

Green Cannot Mislead the American Workers

Declaring the attack of William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, against the left-wing and the Communists is nothing more nor less than an attempt to weaken labor in its fight against capital, the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has issued a reply to the Detroit speech of the A. F. of L. head as follows:

Statement of Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party on the attacks of William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, against the Communists.

MONDAY, Sept. 6, the American workers celebrated Labor Day. Labor Day of the European workers is May 1.

May 1 is the day of labor. It was established by labor. It is a monument erected by the creatures of all wealth, by labor, to the creators of all wealth, labor.

American labor day is an empty, worthless bribe paid to American labor by the capitalists to pacify labor's militant spirit.

May 1 is a symbol of the strength of the labor movement of Europe. Labor Day is a symbol of the weakness of the American labor movement.

May 1 is the symbol of militancy of European labor. Labor Day is the symbol of reaction in the American labor movement.

May Day is the symbol of the victories of European labor. Labor Day is the symbol of the defeat and disgrace of American labor.

WILLIAM GREEN, president of the American Federation of Labor, used the occasion of Labor Day to voice the aspirations of organized labor in America in a Labor Day address, delivered in Detroit.

But did he really do that? By no means. Over 150,000 workers are out on strike in the anthracite coal fields. Their struggle is a hard one. They need solidarity of action for them and with them by all of organized labor in America.

DOES William Green raise the cry of danger? Does he attempt to mobilize organized labor's full strength behind the fighting anthracite miners? No. By no means. Not one syllable does he utter on behalf of the striking 158,000 miners, members of his own union.

The coal operators thrust the land have carried on an intensive offensive against the standard of living and working conditions of the miners and incidentally against the miners' union. This offensive is now centered against the anthracite miners. This is the fore-runner and accompaniment of a like offensive of American capital against the whole of organized labor in America.

WHAT is the position of the president of the American Federation of Labor in this situation? The capitalists use all the forces at their disposal in this offensive. Capitalist judges proceed with judgments against labor. Capitalist supreme courts war with

CALL GENERAL STRIKE OF N. Y. BARBERS, ASK MORE PAY, LESS HOURS

(From a Worker Correspondent) NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—All hair cutting will stop in the Rialto district next week if the call issued for a general strike is carried out. 250 barbers in the district have been out on strike since last Wednesday.

The general strike call was sent out by James Benotti, local organizer for the Journeymen Barbers' International Union, 4,000 barbers will walk out.

The workers demand a ten hour day, a minimum salary of \$30 per week and half of the intake of the shop over \$42

LABOR DEFENSE DAY MEETINGS IN MANY CITIES

Delegates Also to Confer on Sept. 13

The national office of International Labor Defense is being kept busy finding speakers to fill the requirements of the mass meetings and conferences being held throughout the country on "Labor Defense Day," Sunday, Sept. 13. This day, the first of its kind in the history of the American labor movement, will witness demonstrations in more than fifty of the largest cities of the country.

At the mass meetings to be held on Sunday evening, speakers will present the case of the more than one hundred class war prisoners in American jails. They will ask support for International Labor Defense which seeks to defend all workers attacked for performing their part in the class-struggle or for expressing their opinions. The feature of the meetings will be the case of the 18 Zeigler, Ill., coal miners who are being tried for "Conspiracy to murder," in connection with a mine strike in which their own union officials betrayed them. I. L. D. is making a nationwide issue of this flagrant alliance of union bureaucrats and mine owners in an attempt to railroad a group of progressive, class conscious miners.

Hold Local Conferences.
The evening demonstrations will be preceded in the afternoon by local conferences. In these conferences will sit representatives of all manner of working class bodies, trade unions, benefit societies, co-operatives, etc. In addition, there will be present delegates from permanent individual branches of International Labor Defense.

These latter are being formed at a rapid rate throughout the country. New York, for example has already close to fifty and Chicago forty-five. Permanent local central organizations of I. L. D. will be set up at the conference and will be composed of branches of individual members and collective affiliations from other workers' organizations.

The local units thus set up will work under the supervision of the National Executive Committee of International Labor Defense which was established at the national conference held last June. The work of the locals will consist in agitating for the release of all class war prisoners, conducting special campaigns in behalf of special cases of labor persecution, raising funds for prisoner relief and for the care of class war prisoners' families and resisting generally all attacks on workers regardless of their affiliations or views.

Handles Many Cases.
At the present time, International Labor Defense is confronted with many cases. Attempts to deport radical workers of foreign birth, free-speech in Pennsylvania, trials in Michigan and West Virginia, the attempted railroad in Zeigler, and persecution of members of the I. W. W. in defense of whom I. L. D. seeks to be of assistance, are some of the present duties of International Labor Defense. Scarcely a week goes by that does not add to the already long list of labor cases before the courts of the country.

The organization resulting from the conferences on "Labor Defense Day" will make it possible for International Labor Defense to handle all these cases and many more, beside conducting the necessary work of caring for the present class war prisoners and their families.

Prominent Speakers.
In Chicago more than 100 credentials have already been received from workers' organizations wishing to be represented at its defense conference. The Chicago mass meeting will be addressed by Henry Corbishley, the leading figure in the Zeigler trial, Duncan McDonald of Springfield, Wm. Z. Foster and C. E. Ruthenberg, the latter two defendants in the Michigan trials. The New York meeting will have as speakers, James P. Cannon, secretary of I. L. D. and prominent local labor leaders.

San Francisco, Minneapolis, Cincinnati, Boston, Detroit, Cleveland, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Seattle and many other smaller centers will stage these mass meetings and conferences on "Labor Defense Day."

Letter Carriers Meet in Detroit, Hold Big Parade

DETROIT, Sept. 9.—The twenty-fifth annual convention of the letter carriers of the United States opened here with a parade of more than six thousand letter carriers.

The convention sessions will be held in the armory each day until September 12.

Military Train Jumps Track, AUGSBURG, Germany, Sept. 9.—Two were killed and a score injured today when a military train, transporting reichswehr, was derailed at Donauwoerth, Bavaria.

MYSTERIOUS MAN LEAVES EUROPE IN HASTE ON SCAB LINER FROM SOUTHAMPTON TO NEW YORK CITY

By HARRISON GEORGE.

The strike of the British seamen against a wage cut of \$5 a month was of no concern to at least one passenger who sailed from Southampton Sept. 2 on the Majestic of the White Star line, which successfully avoided the mass of pickets on the Southampton docks with a tugboat load of scabs.

When the London office of the White Star line was packed with frantic Americans fearful lest the Majestic would not be able to get scabs, there was one American, who remained calm and assured, along with the company officials, that the company would win and the strikers would be thwarted.

One Man Not Excited
When the boat trains left London packed with passengers for the Majestic, there was plenty of skepticism among Americans who feared that the strikers might prevent the boat from sailing. But one American was unperturbed.

This one American, known to every reader of the DAILY WORKER, passed with the other Americans, bankers, stock brokers, actresses, capitalist newspaper owners, thru the grim faced mass of Southampton's striking seamen lining the docks in a solid mass. Many of these pickets were members of the Majestic's crew who had left the ship. A few minutes before this famous American was escorted thru the picket line, another group of the Majestic's men ran down the gang plank carrying their dunnage bags.

"She can't get away," they told their buddies on the picket line, "she hasn't got enough crew." The famous American, who had reached the ship and now stood at the rail with his wife, smiled cynically. Despite the fact that the ship was 129 men short she was clearing away from the dock before the eyes of the strike pickets only two minutes late.

Poker Faced Man of Mystery
But the mystery was soon cleared up, as the famous American knew it would be. He was schooled in keeping a poker face in such matters as strikes and labor troubles. He was not surprised when the huge ship, as it breasted the waters of Southampton Roads, was approached by a little tugboat which puffed suddenly from shore, pecked to the rim with rough men in rougher clothes.

The expectation of the famous American was fully confirmed when he learned that they were scabs signed on by an ex-service men's employment association in London, taken secretly to Southampton and kept hidden until the time came to rush them aboard the great White Star Liner.

One Sort of Worker Te Admired
The famous American rarely had been accustomed to greeting workingmen with any enthusiasm, but now he was very near cheering with the rest of the bourgeois Americans who yell

Fifteen Coal Miners of Zeigler, Illinois, Are Facing Prison

(Continued from page 1)
other had said something in the hall which he could not understand, after which everybody started grabbing chairs. His statements against the other fifteen of the seventeen consisted merely of such things as that "So and so yelled, 'Shut the door,' 'He should be killed,'" etc.

Four other witnesses put on by the prosecution made an even poorer showing. All, including Cobb, were frequently contradictory in their testimony. No witnesses were called by the defense. After Justice Moore held fifteen of the defendants to the grand jury, in spite of the flimsy evidence, \$2,000 bail was set for each defendant and was immediately filed by friends of the union miners.

Judge White of Marion and Attorney Morgan of Christopher conducted the defense end of the hearing.

K. K. K. and Labor Fakers in Plot
An idea of the evil forces behind this persecution of the militant miners of Zeigler can be had in view of the facts disclosed by an investigation committee of six miners elected by the Valler, Ill., local of the U. M. W. of A., who called upon Sub-District President Lon Fox and Vice President D. B. Cobb to get at the facts.

Fox stated in the presence of these six miner witnesses that he (Fox) had furnished bail to release Alex Hargis, the K. K. K. who murdered Mike Sarovich in the Zeigler union hall. Hargis had been armed and brought Fox and Cobb to the meeting, and had begun the fight by going to the door and

ed like mad as they hung over the rail welcoming these scores of tattered scabs taken from England's unemployment heroes, as they climbed up the side and were rushed to the fireroom by the ship's officers.

The famous American cheerfully made his way to the cabin as the Majestic, jeering the strikers on the docks with a deep toot of her whistle, headed for open water on the road to New York.

To those who have been persistent enough to read this far, it should be said that the famous American was Morris Hillquit, member of the executive board of the socialist party of America, who was just returning from the International Socialist Congress at Versailles, France, where the chief business was condemnation of Soviet Russia and praise of the League of Nations.

On Urgent Business Bent
Mister Hillquit—we cannot call him comrade—was on his way back to America on a scab ship. He had urgent business in America. The garment manufacturers in New York are having trouble with the left wing membership, which seems to have escaped from Sigman's shackles and gags. And beside these political matters, there is a little personal matter Mr. Hillquit is concerned over.

The anthracite coal strike had just been declared and Mr. Hillquit had only that morning received a cable from the Burns Brothers Coal Co., of New York, in which he owns great blocks of stock, that they were raising the price of anthracite 25 cents a ton, and Morris Hillquit, leader of the socialist Second International, was anxious to get back in order to see that the coal companies would hold out against the striking miners long enuf to beat them but not so long that the Burns Brothers would run out of coal and lose that 25 cents gouge on every ton.

The famous socialist millionaire of America, attorney at law and dealer in coal and perverted Marxism, was sailing on a scab ship back to America to look after his dividends and the American socialist party.

NOTE:—Read the sequel to this story in tomorrow's DAILY WORKER.

then firing his revolver into the crowd of miners from that point.

Kluxer Stole Election For Fox
Hargis is the man who refused to sign the return sheet in the local union election (Local 992), thus allowing Lon Fox to get himself elected and preventing Henry Corbishley, the Zeigler progressive from winning the sub district presidency against Fox by a large majority.

At a big open air meeting here Sunday, addressed by John Watt and Freeman Thompson of Springfield and Henry Corbishley of Zeigler, Thompson showed that this plot to send the union leaders of Zeigler to prison did not originate in Zeigler but is being backed by Frank Farrington, detested president of the Illinois district of the U. M. W. of A.

Farrington Just Like Bosses
Documentary evidence was shown proving how Farrington works with the coal operators. Farrington's statement praising the scabs who "stood loyally" by the company during the recent strike, was read along with another statement put out by a coal company after the Verdun, Ill. riot way back in 1898 when the U. M. W. of A. was fighting for organization. Word for word the two statements were almost the same.

Boat Burns, Then Sinks.
LOS ANGELES, Calif., Sept. 9.—Trapped in a fire on a small boat off Catalina Island, members of the crew to a fishing craft were believed to have lost their lives today.

The identity of the burned vessel had not been established and the only bit of wreckage recovered was a gasoline tank.

EIGHTY-FOUR IN COURT TODAY ON STRIKE CHARGES

Clothing Pickets to Take Jury Trials

Eighty four strikers employed by the International Tailoring Company will appear in the municipal court, Room 1106, City Hall, before Judge Harry Hamlin this morning to defend themselves against a total of over 100 charges.

These members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers were arrested by city police and detectives while walking the picket line during the past eleven weeks of the strike.

William A. Cunnea, attorney for the Amalgamated, hurried here yesterday from his vacation to defend the strikers. The strikers have already demanded jury trials, and it is that they will demand separate trials this morning.

Strikers Who Face Court.
Those who must appear in court today are:—Harry Novick, Tony Skel, John Lumino, Frank Sjoberg, Eucetta Odd, Sarah Mondello, Rose Cicola, John Riggio, Sam Zimmer, Sam Amari, Nick Ariando, John Wheeler, Morris Livitsky, Leo Ohrsten, Ben Wener, Jake Ram, Ruth Anselow, Ben Altman, Frank Gurnaski, Ben Weiss, Irving Sarch, Joe Maglono, Nick Fiorid, Julia Carmania, Esther Lami, Louis Ruskin, Norman Snodopy, Emil P. Greco, Joseph C. Wexler, Frank Shea, Robert Nirietz, Fred Riso, Frances Dispensa, Isadore Lipman, John Janoff, Louis Angelo, Herman Reese, Rudolph Pospichal, Sam Matzkin, Abe Blooming, Bernard Relling, Mike Salamon, M. Flakowski, Mary Spencer, John Lavote, Joe Damrowski, Peter Korak, John Bolot, Benny Wimpar.

Josie Florida, Ben Levatt, Hyman Schneid, Julius Berkowitz, Louis Zirtsky, Stanley Wassel, James Cooper, Joe Hadick, Marie Tenove, L. Nicoletta, Lucia Orlando, Jos. McCarthy, Dave Leven, Joe Novak, John Matucak, Harry Edelman, Alexander Martini, Thomas Saigh, John Lumino, Nuzzo Salvador, Patsy De Rosa, Marvin Caduro, Jos. Goldman, Nicholas Marino, Harry Egan, Nathan Florence, Mary Shimchuk, Frank Herman, Jos. Parone, Tony Rosetti, John Saldino, John Heminck, James McCarthy and Jacob Paulak.

Stop Production in Rock Island
In the 13th Street plant of the J. L. Taylor Company, Rock Island, which made an attempt to break the strike only 22 unskilled workers have been hired, including women and children, the Amalgamated announces. The company, which is a part of the International company, had boasted that it would be producing at capacity by Sept. 15, but instead of hiring 1500 strikebreakers, has only 22 working. There were no further arrests yesterday.

Typhoon Hits Korea.
LONDON, Sept. 9.—A typhoon has devastated Fusan, one of the principal ports of Korea, according to dispatchers from Tokio received here today. Ten persons are known to be dead and many are missing. The damage will run into huge sums.

Green Cannot Misdlead the Working Class

(Continued from page 1)
didate.

While American capital persecutes the Communists as the most militant of American labor, William Green joins the capitalists against militant labor.

"COMMUNISM is destructive," declares Mr. Green.

Yes! Communism is destructive. It is destructive of all the forces of capitalism that make life an almost unbearable burden for the toilers. All the constructive aims of the workers, the establishment of a universal republic of labor, are impossible of attainment without the destruction of capitalism enslaving labor.

"We stand for democracy," says Mr. Green, "While the Communists stand for dictatorship."

Yes, indeed! Mr. Green stands for the democracy. He stands for the democracy of Rockefeller who fights labor with fire and guns as he did in Ludlow. Mr. Green is for the democracy of Mr. Morgan who appoints either his lawyer, Davis, or his office boy, Coolidge, as president of the United States. Mr. Green is for the democracy that fights the organizers of his own union with militia, injunctions and persecution, as is the case in West Virginia. Mr. Green is for the democracy of big capital which dictates for the workers all the laws and their execution; which directs police and soldiery against the workers; which fattens at the expense of the health of the workers and their families.

BUT Mr. Green is opposed to dictatorship. The Union of Soviet Republics is governed by the kind of dictatorship Mr. Green hates. In Soviet Russia it is not capital that dictates to labor but it is labor that dictates to capital.

Trying to Hoodwink the Workers As to Benefits Under Monopoly Control

By J. LOUIS ENGDahl.

TODAY, the growth of greater trusts dims the Sherman anti-trust law. Instead of standing as a rock against the advance of greater monopolies, as it was intended by the petty bourgeois statesmen at Washington, the Sherman law has become as a tombstone to mark the grave of departed competition in American capitalist industry.

So enthusiastic have the great capitalists become, over the practical passing of the Sherman anti-trust law altho it is still on the statute books of the nation, that they herald the tremendous benefits its going will bring to the workers. To read the Labor Day speeches of the capitalist politicians, quickly followed by applauding editorials in the kept press, one is led to believe that capitalism has turned benefactor, and that the greater industrial combines are being brot into existence to help lift the burden of toil from the backs of the laboring multitudes, with the profiteers expecting absolutely nothing for themselves.

Secretary of Labor Davis, the Pittsburgh multi-millionaire, chose this theme as the burden of his Labor Day address at Mooseheart, Illinois, center of institutions established there by the Loyal Order of Moose, of which Davis is a high potentate. Coolidge's labor secretary forgot all about his attacks on the foreign-born workers as he pleaded that the American workingman is the victim of wasteful conditions in industry, declaring that all laws which prevent industrial combinations, "which might eliminate some of the wastes, should be repealed in the interests of labor."

Davis then looked about for the welcome ovation before he proceeded with the declaration that one-seventh of the shoe factories of the nation, if they operated 300 days during the year, could supply all the shoes that can be sold. Since he was speaking in Illinois, Davis had to cite an example from this state. But he chose poorly when he referred to the mining industry, claiming that a fourth of the strip mines in Illinois, if operated 300 days a year, could produce more coal than all the strip mines in the state raised last year.

There has been a growing centralization of control in the Illinois mine fields, just as there has been elsewhere throughout capitalist industry. But this elimination of waste has brot no benefits to the coal miners. Instead of the shortened work day, providing jobs for all the miners, the mine owners have waged a relentless war on every attempt to decrease the hours of labor. The great army of unemployed mine workers, that endlessly marks time thruout the coal fields of the state is testimony to the success of the coal barons in hogging all the benefits for themselves. It was at the Herrin strip mine that the mine owners sought an opening thru which to attack and crush the Miners' Union.

All the benefits of monopoly control are going to the dollars invested in industry, not to the workers toiling in industry. This is true of the shoe industry, with its great masses of unorganized and underpaid workers, as well as of every other industry.

It is, of course, necessary to hoodwink the workers into believing that they will be the gainers, by the passing of the Sherman law, that came into existence during an era of middle class trust busting. The propaganda of the bosses will fool some workers, no matter how crude and transparent it may be.

But the actual struggle of the workers with these growing monopolies will prove to them how foolish they are not only to believe these lies, but to place any faith whatever in any of the pretenses of the capitalist class. The ceaseless growth of the ever-enlarging industrial combines will open the eyes of new masses of workers to the real nature of the class struggle. It will teach the workers not only to fight for the immediate necessities, but for complete control over all industry. Labor will not benefit from the elimination of wastes in industry until it has seized all industry and made itself master over it, thru the overthrow of capitalist rule and the victory of the proletarian dictatorship.

RIFFS WIPE OUT SPANISH FORCE AT ALHUCEMAS

Landing Force Flees, Leaving Dead Behind

(Special to The Daily Worker)
PARIS, France, Sept. 9.—The Spanish troops under dictator Primo de Rivera suffered another disaster when they failed in an attempt to land at Alhucemas Bay, near Adjr. The Rifian shore batteries wiped out one-fourth of the Spanish forces, who hastily fled, leaving 500 dead on the shores of the bay.

The Rifians are concentrating for an attack on Tetuan, and fighting is going on two miles from that Spanish controlled city.

Spanish Workers Protest.
The attempt of the Spaniards to land troops near Krim's capitol was preceded by a heavy bombardment of French airplanes. American fliers also took part in the murderous air attack.

But the Rifians, with a withering fire withheld until the landing parties reached shore, mowed down the Spanish forces. They immediately took to their boats, leaving their dead, and fled back to Pennon Island, under a cross fire of machine guns and 75's.

In spite of this disaster, and the wave of disapproval which has swept the workers of Spain, it was announced that another attempt to land will be made soon.

Tangier Line Smashed.
Another French-Spanish fleet has been bombarding the hills at the mouth of the Lau river for many hours, but has not dared attempt a landing.

The Spanish attack on the Melilla and Larache fronts was repelled by the Rifians, the Spaniards losing heavily.

The break made by the Moroccans in the Spanish front at the Tangier zone has not been repaired by the Spanish invaders.

The Spanish dictator has clamped a strict censorship on the dispatches of correspondents.

Ku Klux Klan in Germany, Now Is Report of Police

BERLIN, Sept. 9.—A German ku klux klan, under the alleged leadership of three Americans, have been uncovered by the German criminal police.

Many arrests have been made it is reported.

The German ku klux klan, according to the police, has been operating under the name, "Knights of the Fiery Cross." Members, the police alleged, have been recruited chiefly from the ranks of the Hitlerites and monarchist and nationalist groups.

Revolt Spreads in Syria.
PARIS, France, Sept. 9.—The Syrian revolt is spreading, and the French garrison at Suedia, which has held out against the besieging natives for 48 days, is in a desperate condition. The Druze natives are in possession of the entire city, and are pressing the garrison of 950 soldiers hard.

As against the organization of the political forces of labor against the capitalist government machinery, Wm. Green propogates and practices a support of the capitalist government machinery against labor by supporting the capitalist parties and their candidates.

The capitalists are fortifying themselves in their attack against American labor by persecuting its most militant section. This section is the left wing under the leadership of the Communists.

THE left wing clearly sees that the only salvation for American labor is uncompromising struggle against capital. Decent wages and bearable working conditions can only be achieved in successful fights against the bosses. The bosses' power in this fight can be weakened only by a mobilization of all the political forces of labor thru a labor party.

Mr. Green does not propose such a struggle. On the contrary he fears it. He abhors an alliance with or even a recognition of proletarian Russia. He prefers an alliance and cooperation with the government of strikebreaker Coolidge and open shopper Dawes. Instead of fighting the capitalists with and in behalf of labor, Mr. Green prefers to fight the left wing of the labor movement and the Communists with and in behalf of the capitalists.

THIS attack of William Green against the left wing and the Communists is nothing more nor less than an attempt to weaken labor in its fight against capital.

The American workers will recognize it as such and will refuse to be misled.

Labor's enemy stands in the camp of capital; sometimes in the guise of labor leaders of the type of Mr. Green.

Labor's salvation lies in the unity

WHAT DO YOU SAY?

ONE of the features of the special issue of the DAILY WORKER for International Press Day, Sept. 21, will be the publication of replies to a questionnaire addressed to all the readers of our Communist daily. This day has been especially set apart in the drive for the Bolshevization of the Communist press. Every DAILY WORKER reader must join in this effort. Here are the questions:

1. Why do you read our Communist newspaper, the DAILY WORKER?
2. What shortcomings do you find in the DAILY WORKER, politically or otherwise?
3. What criticisms have you as to make-up, contents, display, etc., etc.?
4. Can you act as a worker correspondent for the DAILY WORKER?
5. What experiences do you meet with in getting others to subscribe for and read the DAILY WORKER?

Sit down today and write your reply to one, two or all of these questions and then mail them in to the Editor, the DAILY WORKER, 1113 West Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

JOINT BOARD SLUGGERS AND COPS UNITED

Raid Shops and Picket Line in I. L. G. W. War

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Sept. 9.—A gang of about 15 men entered the cloak manufacturing shop of Shulman Bros., 26 West 20th Street and demanded that the 30 workers in the shop go to the office of the New York Joint Board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union to attend a shop meeting.

When the workers refused, the intruders turned off the electric power which stopped all machines, and started an attack with chairs and blackjacks. In the struggle which followed, Sam Sabalofsky of 218 East 12th Street, a member of Local 9 and a worker in the shop, was hit with a blackjack and sustained a severe scalp wound. He was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital where several stitches were taken in his head and he was sent home in the care of a private physician. Several other workers, including Rubin Rabinovitz of 2865 West 32nd Street, Conny Island, suffered bruises and was beaten about the head and shoulders. The girls working in the shop escaped without injury.

Three Gangsters of Sigman Caught

One of the attackers was caught in the shop, and two others were arrested by traffic policemen on Fifth Ave., between 20th and 21st Streets as they attempted to make their escape in a taxicab. The three were taken to the 30th Street police station and released on bail.

The shop was left in wild disorder by the attackers and much damage was done to the materials and garments there. The members of the shop report that each day this week, representatives of the Joint Board have come to order the workers to attend a shop meeting. They have refused because they no longer recognize the authority of this body but are following the leadership of the Joint Committee of Action of Locals 2, 9 and 22, whose officers were expelled by the union, and who have for the past two months been conducting a fight against the Sigman gang.

Cops Harass Left Wing Pickets

There were six arrests on the picket line Friday. In front of the Principal Cloak Co., 32 West 18th Street, Ruth Sametefsky, Fannie Lifshitz, Esther Lifshitz, L. Dornier and Saide Elkes were arrested on charges of disorderly conduct. They were taken first two were fined \$5; the other \$10 each.

In the afternoon, Anna Flint who was picketing the Roth Costumes Inc. at 550 7th Avenue was arrested and taken to the 30th Street police station where she was released on bail until tomorrow.

Hearing on the injunction against picketing granted to Artman & Saltzman of 111 West 27th Street was postponed until Wednesday, September 9th in N. Y. State Supreme Court.

Reader Wants to Know

To the Daily Worker:—Engdahl's suggestion that Russia will eventually demand union made goods only is very commendable. Of course, it would disprove Gompers' accusation and open the half closed eyes of American workers.

Incidentally would like to know if the various banks owned by the trade unions employ in their offices union help or was Stone running them with scab labor same as he did in his mines? Thanks for the information you with pleasure supply thru the Worker.

WEAVERS OF UTICA GET LOW AVERAGE PAY, TOWN BECOMES SORDID

By ELLA REEVE BLOOR.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 9.—In Utica there are nearly 9,000 weavers in the cotton mills. The average wage is less than \$25.00 per week, including the so-called skilled weavers. One weaver said that many receive less than \$18.00 and of course, many work but three or four days per week, which would bring the average wage much lower.

The town is becoming gloomy and sordid like the average mill town of New England.

MASS MEETING Labor Defense Day

Lithuanian Hall, 271 Clinton St. SUNDAY, SEPT. 13, 1925 7 p. m.

Speaker: REBECCA GRECHT.

Auspices, International Labor Defense Binghamton, N. Y.

ZINOVIEV URGES UNITY OF SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC MASSES AND COMMUNISTS IN TALK TO GERMAN DELEGATION

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, (Imprecor).—The German delegation has visited Comrade Zinoviev and had a discussion lasting three hours with him chiefly upon the questions of the establishment of a united front between the social democratic and Communist workers. The social democratic delegates, Thon, Meilli, Benavitz took part in the discussion. They stressed that the chief difference was that the social democracy strove to achieve socialism on the way of democracy and the Communists by means of the dictatorship.

Thon declared that the tactless attitude of individual Communists hindered unity. Benavitz pointed out that the German Communists were not able to distinguish between the social democratic leaders and the social democratic working masses, and this hindered the establishment of comradely relations between the social democratic and Communist workers.

The non-party delegate Lange declared his complete solidarity with the Communists and said that the social democratic leaders prevented unity. Zinoviev explained that although in the past the Communists had made mistakes they had never concealed those mistakes from the masses. The failures of the Communist Parties are negligible compared with the tremendous mistakes of the social democracy which in 1914 drove the workers into the slaughter-house.

A new war is before us and we are convinced that the social democracy will once again drive the workers to the slaughter in defense of the bourgeois fatherland. In 1918, the social democracy disbanded the workers and soldiers' councils and gave the power back into the hands of the bourgeois.

BROOKWOOD TOOL OF GREEN, DREAM OF A. J. MUSTE

Supports Right Wing Among Students

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—That Brookwood Labor College at Katonah, New York, has discriminated against Communists for the purpose of carrying favor with president, William Green, and other reactionary American Federation of Labor officials, is charged in statements sent the DAILY WORKER by students and former students of the "labor" school.

"A. J. Muste, head of the college," writes one student, "had never intervened in any of the student controversies, but when the 'rights' protested an election won by the Communist elements, Muste's partiality was not hidden. Muste declared the reactionaries had been cheated."

"Several girls had supported the two Communists who were elected to the board of directors, and Muste asked them as respectable girls not to side with the Communists."

"Unquestionably Muste is permeated with the A. F. of L. officialdom psychology," writes another student. "In the entire history of the school it has never been the task of the faculty to settle the student affairs. But there is a purpose and a motive behind the intervention of Mr. Muste in this special event."

"It is generally known that the finances of the school are alarmingly low. It has been the dream of Muste to see the school recognized by the A. F. of L. officialdom. Brookwood, thru the instigations of Muste, wishes to become a tool of the A. F. of L. bureaucracy."

CHARGE WRECK OF AIRSHIP DUE TO NEGLIGENCE BRINGS ACTION AGAINST OFFICER; DISCRIMINATE IN BURIAL

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 9.—While the fourteen victims of the wreck of the naval dirigible Shenandoah, were being buried today, it was announced at the war department that "investigation" had been ordered of the charges of Col. William Mitchell that the navy was responsible for the disaster, as a preliminary to the disciplining of the aviator. Four of the dead officers of the Shenandoah were buried with honors in Arlington cemetery, the rest of the crew who were killed in the accident in Ohio, being buried without pomp by their families.

It was given out in the war department that there is little doubt but what Mitchell will be court-martialed. Ma. Gen. Hines, chief of staff, formally called upon Maj. Ell Helmick to probe Mitchell's charges.

Mitchell said that the destruction of the dirigible Shenandoah was the result of criminal neglect and almost treasonable administration of military aeronautics by the war and navy department. He said that the Shenandoah was sent out for propaganda purposes to "cover up" the disaster to the navy seaplane which was lost attempting a San Francisco to Hawaii flight.

ANTHRACITE STRIKE SHOWS NO WEAKNESS; OPERATORS MEETING

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—Representatives of the striking anthracite miners and the operators will meet at Hazleton this afternoon to iron out differences that have arisen over the agreement for maintaining maintenance forces in the mines, it was announced here today.

"Everything is quiet," was the way John L. Lewis, president of the mine workers' union summed up the strike situation. "After we adjust the little differences that have arisen over maintenance men I imagine everything will be quiet and serene."

The operators, it has been learned, are holding secret conferences here almost daily. No word is allowed to leak out as to what plans are being discussed. One prominent operator declared the mine owners will stick to their proposal for arbitration. "The operators believe they are adhering to the gospel of President Coolidge," he declared.

ILLINOIS LABOR FEDERATION TO MEET ON MONDAY

Pres. Walker Can Show Nothing But Failures

(Special to the DAILY WORKER.)

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., Sept. 9.—The forty-third annual convention of the Illinois State Federation of Labor convenes here in the gym annex, University of Illinois, Sept. 14, facing the grave problems of increased unemployment, accompanied by "open shop" and wage cutting drives.

The report will completely dodge the solution to these vital problems and will instead, be consumed with prattle as to the best way to nominate judges and similar subjects.

Pays Debt to Small.

Walker's report, according to advance information, will make big capital of the Guthbertson anti-injunction law passed by the last session of the legislature, and not yet declared unconstitutional by the courts.

In return for Governor Small's support in passing this law, which allows "peaceful picketing," Walker takes up the cudgels in his report for Small's plan of "nominating and electing judges by direct vote of the people."

Walker directs attention to the law forced thru the last legislature by Small which provides for the nomination of the 48 circuit and superior judges of Chicago by direct primary. This law took the election of judges from the hands of the political machine of Cook county opposed to Small, thus giving the governor control of more judgeships. Walker advocates in his report the extension of this law to include the circuit and supreme court judges of the state.

Did Nothing Against Child Labor.

Walker apologizes for the fact that the State Federation of Labor did nothing during the past year to abolish child labor in the state, for ex. his failure to bring the proposed child labor amendment to the federal constitution before the state legislature. It was decided to wait, Walker declares, because the time was "inopportune."

Backed Lies of Wise.

Walker also admits that he and Victor Olander, secretary of the federation, backed the false statements sent out by Joseph A. Wise, over the A. F. of L. news service, attacking the Communists and militant workers. Walker will say to the convention, "Wise was in constant touch with Secretary Olander and myself. His stories sent to Washington and from there to the labor press thruout the entire nation, strengthened very much your representatives in their work."

It was Wise, who at a recent meeting of the Chicago Federation of Labor, supported the strikebreaking activities of the United Garment Workers against the striking members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers in Chicago.

Offers No Solution.

Walker in his report admits that unemployment is greatly increasing, and paints a dark outlook of the situation of the workers of Illinois. Only the flat janitors and milk wagon drivers, and the building tradesmen "have successfully fought off any encroachment upon their wage rates and are more prosperous." Walker will tell the convention, "That, however, states all there is to be found on the bright side."

Walker then gives figures to show that unemployment, especially in the coal mines, has greatly increased during the past year. However, Walker does not tell how the wage cut drives and unemployment shall be combated. He does not favor organization of the unemployed and the unorganized. Nor does he favor amalgamation, or a labor party as a means of combatting the assault of the employers on the trade unions of the state.

If you want to thoroughly understand Communism—study it. Send for a catalogue of all Communist literature.

SOVIET RUSSIA SETS ASIDE 405,000 ACRES FOR AMERICAN FARMERS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Opportunities for homesteading in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics are now offered to American farmers. The Union of Socialist Soviet Republics has allotted 405,000 acres of land in the Northern Caucasus and Volga regions for immigrants from abroad, who desire to settle on land. Each family will be granted from 15 to 50 desiatins of land on a 12-year lease renewable if the homesteader proves himself competent.

The capital necessary for the cultivation of land should be figured approximately at about \$30 per desiatin. Only competent farmers are desired.

All information in regard to the immigration to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics can be obtained from the Central Bureau, 799 Broadway, Room 402, New York City.

SUB-MANUFACTURERS' STRIKE IN NEW YORK GARMENT MARKET WILL GET NO AID FROM THE WORKERS

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—It is reported that a new complication is impending in the ladies' garment industry in this city. The sub-manufacturers in the industry are preparing to call a strike against the jobbers in order to force a system of limitation of contractors, which was one of the union's demands made a year and a half ago and submitted to the governor's commission for consideration.

In a statement issued today in behalf of the Joint Committee of Action, of Locals 2, 9 and 22 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, Louis Hyman, the chairman, said:

"We have been informed that the sub-manufacturers are planning a strike against the jobbers on Wednesday, Sept. 9. Their aim is to force the jobbers to accept partial limitation of contractors."

Only the Union Can Win Strikes. "We are not ready to say that the sub-manufacturers are not justified in their grievances, but we are in doubt as to whether the American Association is in a position to win its demands. This is not the first time that the sub-manufacturers have talked of a strike, and have attempted to carry thru such a strike. But heretofore nothing has come of this talk except the loss of a few weeks' wages for the workers. Only the union is in a position to carry thru a successful strike, and establish standards in the industry."

"This proposed strike is rather amusing to us. We doubted the ability of the governor's commission to solve our problems and to do away with the present chaotic conditions in the cloak and dress industry. This was one of the real reasons for which we were expelled."

Workers Will Fight for Themselves.

"Now the sub-manufacturers are about to ignore the commission and the machinery which has been established for the purpose of adjusting disputes, and are resorting to the direct method of a strike. Whether their strike is successful or not, the workers who have already gone thru a long dull season will remain unemployed."

"The stoppage plan of the sub-manufacturers proves most effectively what a sad plight the workers are reduced to at the present time, thanks to the policies of the union. After a long slack season on the eve of the holidays, the workers are being thrown out on the street. However the sub-manufacturers must not be under the impression that the workers will strike in their interests. If a strike takes place, we will see to it that the workers derive some benefits from it too."

Army Officers in Lisbon Postpone Week End Revolt

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ROME, Sept. 9.—Premier Mussolini will participate in the forthcoming conferences of European foreign ministers to discuss the proposed "security" pact which was officially announced. The "security" pact proposal is an effort on the part of the entente to create a solid anti-Soviet bloc, with Germany participating.

New Conference Planned.

GENEVA, Sept. 9.—European foreign ministers will meet in Lausanne about October 10, to take the first steps in the concluding of a European "security" pact, according to intimations made by Austen Chamberlain, British foreign minister.

FASCIST ATTACK ON WORKERS IS AIDED BY HICKS

Baldwin Government Provokes Violence

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, England, Sept. 9.—The Baldwin government is lending support to the fascist activity against militant trade unionists and Communists. Fascists are increasing their violent actions against organized workers under the protection of the government.

Communists who had gathered at the Rotherham town square where princess Mary was to open a hospital, were attacked by fascist rowdies and a fight ensued. The Communists carried placards announcing they would meet as the royal party passed and deliver speeches on the subject, "Does Royalty Matter?—Workers Think."

Threaten Immediate Action.

The press and the government take the side of the fascist sluggers. The Daily Mail says Sir Archibald Bodkin, director of public prosecutions, has decided to "take immediate action against Communists spreading propaganda among troops."

A noticeable sentiment in favor of the Communists is spreading among the soldiers, especially those stationed at Aldershot, and the police have been given authority to arrest any one who induces a soldier to think for himself.

Clashes in South Islington.

During the street meetings in the South Islington district Communists and fascists have clashed in street fighting. Sir William Joynton-Hicks, home secretary, the chief enemy of labor in the government, has authorized the secret recruiting of a "volunteer constabulary" to fight the Communists and left wing trade unionists, it is reported. Joynton-Hicks thus places his stamp of approval on the fascist attacks on meetings of workers.

22 Organizations to Participate in N. Y. Labor Defense Meet

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—(FP)—The International Labor Defense organization reports that 22 labor organizations are participating in the Sept. 13 conference called at the Labor Temple 243 East 84 St., to further organize the work of defending labor prisoners. One of the organization's present New York activities is the defense of labor and radical deportees, seventy of whom are now on bail.

HOLD ENLARGED EXECUTIVE OF C. I. IN OCTOBER

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, (Imprecor).—In the presidium session of the Executive Committee of the Comintern it was decided upon the proposal of Zinoviev to call the sessions of the enlarged executive for October or November. The following provisional agenda was adopted:

1. The report of the presidium and the new political tasks in relation to the alterations in the world situation and the danger of war, the tasks in connection with the establishment of the workers' united front, etc.
 2. Trade union movement.
 3. Preparations for the sixth world congress.
 4. Plan of work of the executive for the next six months.
 5. The work in the East (The events in China and their lessons.)
 6. Questions of the individual sections (Communist Party of Germany, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Italy and France.)
 7. Report of the Communist Party of Great Britain upon the work amongst the masses (after the fifth world congress.)
- This agenda will be presented to the individual sections for discussion.

Mussolini to Sit in Anti-Soviet Confab in London

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ROME, Sept. 9.—Premier Mussolini will participate in the forthcoming conferences of European foreign ministers to discuss the proposed "security" pact which was officially announced. The "security" pact proposal is an effort on the part of the entente to create a solid anti-Soviet bloc, with Germany participating.

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OTHER TITLES ALREADY ISSUED:

No. 1 Trade Unions in America by Wm. Z. Foster, Jas. P. Cannon, and Earl R. Browder

No. 2 Class Struggle vs. Class Collaboration by Earl R. Browder

No. 3 Principles of Communism by Frederick Engels Translation by M. Bedacht

No. 4 Worker Correspondents by Wm. F. Dunne

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RUSSIA TODAY

THE OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE BRITISH TRADE UNION DELEGATION TO SOVIET RUSSIA

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ANNEXE III.

Moscow, 27-8-1924.

CIRCULAR LETTER No. 8.

To the Central Committee of the Communist Parties.

Dear Comrades:—On the basis of materials which are as yet incomplete, we may conclude that the "anti-war week" has provided some of our sections a considerable field for agitation against imperialist wars. The week of agitation against imperialist war should be made the starting point of permanent anti-war propaganda. It was our intention in the "anti-war week," by means of agitational slogans, to draw the attention of the masses to the inevitability of new imperialist wars, and to the new betrayal by the Second International which finds its expression in its "anti-war policy." Nevertheless the war policy of the imperialists is far too complex a problem to be disposed of by purely agitational means, by merely pointing out to the masses the need for our revolutionary anti-war policy as distinguished from that of the pacifist elements of the bourgeoisie and of the Second International. It is therefore necessary to continue systematically to deal with all the popular issues that were raised during the anti-war week on the subject of imperialism and imperialist war.

It seems to us that the most efficacious means for this purpose would be to make use of the party press. We suggest to our sections to inaugurate regular anti-war propaganda pages in their newspapers.

The anti-war pages should comprise the following features:

1. Constant unmasking of the pacifism of the bourgeoisie and of the Second International. We recommend starting a small section in the newspapers, under the title, "Ten Years Ago," in which the betrayals of social democrats should be constantly recorded.
2. Systematic reports on war preparations, imperialist conflicts, inflammable materials of future wars; unmasking the economic-imperialist nature of such wars.
3. Reports on technical preparations for war, on new inventions, army organization, etc.

GLOSSARY POLITICAL TERMS

- Bolshevik—Majority member of S. D. party—a communist.
- Menshevik—Minority member of S. D. party—a socialist.
- Comintern—The Central Office of the Communist or Third International situated in Moscow.
- New Economic Policy or N.E.P.—Lenin's change of policy in 1920-21, which ended War Communism and began a system of concessions and compromises.
- Nepman—A trader for private profit—vulgarily, a profiteer.
- Commissariat—A Ministry.
- Soviets—Revolutionary Committees that have developed into a system of representative councils.
- Tcheka—Extraordinary Commission—a counter-reactionary secret police now abolished.
- Presidium—A Standing Committee elected by plenum of an Executive Committee.
- The new Russian institutions and enterprises are expressed by compound words made up of the first syllables of the words composing their names—such as:
 - Sovnarkum—Soviet narodnikh Kommissarov (Council of People's Commissars).
 - U.S.S.R.—Union of Socialist Sovietist Republics
 - R.S.F.S.R.—Russian Socialist Federated Sovietist Republics (For other abbreviations, see diagram of Constitution.)
 - A.R.C.T.U.—All-Russian Council of Trade Unions

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

- 1 Dessiatine2.7 acres.
- 1 Pound (Russian)0.9 lb. avoirdupois.
- 1 Pood (40 pounds)36 lb. avoirdupois.
- 1 million poods16,128 tons.
- 1 Verst (500 sajens).....0.66 mile.
- 1 Sajen (3 arshins)7ft.
- 1 Arshin28in. (0.77 yard).

MONEY

- Tchernovetz10 Russian roubles.
- RoubleAbout 50 cents.
- KopekOne hundredth of a rouble.

THE END.

KUOMINTANG DELEGATES SEE SOVIET MILLS

MOSCOW—(Tass)—A delegation of the Kuomintang, headed by Mr. Tso Nao, member of the executive committee of the Kuomintang, now in Moscow, visited a series of mills and factories, labor clubs and workers' resting homes.

Interviewed by press representatives, the delegates declared that they were strongly impressed by the Soviet system, under which the working masses were the masters of the destinies of their own country and could control the national industry.

They further expressed their firm belief that the workers of the U. S. S. R. would lend a helping hand to the Kuomintang in its struggle for the national emancipation of China from the yoke of foreign imperialism.

Radios Widely Used in Middle Western Corn Belt Region

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 8—More than 550,000 farms in the United States are now equipped with radio, the department of agriculture estimates, following a nation-wide survey thru county agricultural agents. A similar survey last year showed 365,000 farms on which there are radio sets, and in 1923 only 145,000 farms.

This rapid increase in the use of radio by farmers is due, department officials declare, to the need for prompt market information in merchandising farm products, to the educational value of radio, and to its entertainment features. Many county agents reported that farmers have installed radio sets primarily to receive weather and market reports.

The department's estimate of 550,000 sets is based upon reports from 1056 county agents. Illinois leads the list in number of sets on farms, the estimate for that state being 46,000 sets; New York is next with 39,000 sets on farms; Iowa farmers have 39,000 sets; Missouri 37,000; Kansas 35,000; Nebraska 34,000; Ohio 27,000; and Minnesota 26,000. California has 22,000 sets on farms; Michigan 19,000; Texas 18,000; and Indiana 17,000.

The smallest number of sets is in Delaware, for which the estimate is 200 sets on farms; Florida farms have 300; New Mexico 500; and Nevada 600. The corn belt states show the greatest development in the use of radio on farms. The reason given for the slow development in the use of radio in the South is natural conditions which hamper clear broadcasting and reception.

Chile Provides for Mothers. CHILE, Sept. 9—Recent legislation in Chile provides that every working mother must have a rest period of 40 days before and 20 days after childbirth, her position being held for her during this period, that factories, shops, etc., must provide nurseries for the care of the babies of working mothers, and that mothers must have free periods during the day to nurse their babies.

(Concluded from Yesterday's Daily Worker)

SYNOPSIS.—The official report of the British Trade Union Delegation to Soviet Russia, described the workings of foreign trade, transportation, industry, finance and agriculture in the Soviet Union. The delegation concluded that in industry and agriculture the level of production, as well as foreign trade, is increasing. Finances are on a sound basis, and England is doing itself harm by not according Soviet Russia full diplomatic relations. "The results of education are astounding," the report states, after discussing the schools in the Union. "The Soviet government is achieving the most remarkable results in respect to public health, housing and the prison system," says the report. The report states of trade unions and the labor conditions, "The delegations were much impressed by the position and the activities of Trade Unions under the Soviet system." The general conclusion on labor conditions was, "The U. S. S. R. is a strong and stable state. The government is not only in every way better than anything Russia has ever yet had, but it has done and is doing work in which other older states have failed and are failing." The report then tells of visits to factories throughout the union, and describes conditions in Trans-Caucasia. The delegation declares that Soviet Georgia and the other autonomous republics are greatly benefited by being members of the U. S. S. R. The delegation then tells of investigation of the "Red Letter" and concludes it a forgery.

ANNEXE I. (a).

COPY OF FOREIGN OFFICE COMMUNIQUE OF THE "RED LETTER" AND THE OFFICIAL NOTE, WITH CRITICAL FOOTNOTES.

For Publication in Morning Papers of October 25th.

The following letter to the Charge d'Affairs of the Soviet Union was issued by the Foreign Office last night:—

Foreign Office,
October 24th, 1924.

Sir,— I have the honor to invite your attention to the enclosed copy of a letter* which has been received by the Central Committee of the British Communist Party from the Presidium of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, over the signature of Monsieur Zinoviev, its President, dated September 15th. The letter contains instructions to British subjects to work for the violent overthrow of existing institutions in this country, and for the subversion of His Majesty's armed forces as a means to that end.

* No original or communicated copy can be produced, and it is now alleged that the "Letter" was notes taken of a speech.

2. It is my duty to inform you that His Majesty's Government cannot allow this propaganda and must regard it as a direct interference from outside with the British domestic affairs.

3. No one who understands the constitution and the relationships of the Communist International will doubt its intimate connection and contact with the Soviet Government. No Government will ever tolerate an arrangement with a foreign Government by which the latter is in formal diplomatic relations of a correct kind with it, whilst at the same time a propagandist body organically* connected with that foreign Government encourages and even orders subjects of the former to plot and plan revolutions for its overthrow. Such conduct is not only a grave departure from the rules of international comity, but a violation of specific and solemn undertakings repeatedly given to His Majesty's Government.

4. So recently as June 4th of last year the Soviet Government made the following solemn agreement with His Majesty's Government:—

"The Soviet Government undertakes not to support with funds or in any other form persons or bodies or agencies or institutions whose aim is to spread discontent or to foment rebellion in any part of the British Empire and to impress upon its officers and officials the full and continuous observance of these conditions.

5. Moreover, in the Treaty which His Majesty's Government recently concluded with your Government, still further provision was made for the faithful execution of an analogous undertaking which is essential to the existence of good and friendly relations between the two countries. His Majesty's Government means that these undertakings shall be carried out both in the letter and in the spirit, and it cannot accept the contention that whilst the Soviet Government undertakes obligations, a political body, as powerful as itself* is to be allowed to conduct a propaganda and support it with money, which is in direct violation of the official agreement. The Soviet Government either has or has not the power to make such agreements. If it has the power it is its duty to carry them out and see that the other parties are not deceived. If it has not this power and if responsibilities which belong to the State in other countries are in Russia in the keeping of private and irresponsible bodies** the Soviet Government ought not to make agreements which it knows it cannot carry out.

6. I should be obliged if you would be good enough to let me have the observations of your Government on this subject without delay.

I have the honor to be,
With high consideration,
Sir,

Your obedient servant,
(In the absence of the Secretary of State),
(Signed) J. D. GREGORY.

M. C. RAKOVSKY,
etc., etc., etc.

ANNEXE I. (b).

Executive Committee, Third Communist International. Very Secret

To the Central Committee, British Communist Party.

Presidium, September 15th, 1924. Moscow.

Dear Comrades,— The time is approaching for the Parliament of England to consider the Treaty concluded between the Governments of Great Britain and the S.S.S.R. for the purpose of ratification. The fierce campaign raised by the British bourgeoisie around the question shows that the majority of the same, together with reactionary circles, are against the Treaty for the purpose of breaking off an agreement consolidating the ties between the proletarians of the two countries leading to the restoration of normal relations between England and the S.S.S.R.

The proletariat of Great Britain, which pronounced its weighty word when danger threatened of a break-off of the past negotiations, and compelled the Government of MacDonald to conclude the Treaty, must show the greatest possible energy in the further struggle for ratification and against the endeavors of British capitalists to compel Parliament to annul it.

It is indispensable to stir up the masses of the British proletariat (to bring into movement the army of unemployed proletarians)* whose position can be improved only after a loan has been granted to the S.S.S.R. for the restoration of her economy and when business collaboration between the British and Russian Proletarians has been put in order. It is imperative that the group in the Labor Party** sympathizing with the Treaty should bring increased pressure to bear upon the Government and Parliamentary circles in favor of the ratification of the Treaty.

* No one with any knowledge of the Soviet State would make this blunder. The Comintern is an influential body but no more "organically" connected with the U.S.S.R. than is, say, the Federation of British Industries with the British Government.

** The Soviet administration is a very powerful Government. The Comintern has no governmental power at all.

*** If the Comintern were, as said above, "organically" connected, it would not be "private and irresponsible body."

**** An interpolation as is obvious from sense and syntax.

***** NOTE.—Not the Communist secret organization. It is obviously constitutional agitation that is contemplated.

Keep close observation over the leaders of the Labor Party, because these may easily be found in the leading strings of the bourgeoisie. The foreign policy of the Labor Party as it already represents an inferior copy of the policy of the Curzon Government. Organize a campaign of disclosure of the foreign policy of MacDonald.

*The I.K.K.I. (Executive Committee, Third [Communist] International) will willingly place at your disposal the wide material in its possession regarding the activities of British imperialism in the middle and Far East. In the meanwhile, however, strain every nerve in the struggle for the ratification of the Treaty, in favor of a continuation of negotiations regarding the regulation of relations between the S. S. S. R. and England. A settlement of relations between the two countries will assist in the revolutionizing of the international and British proletariat (no less than a successful rising in any of the working districts of England)** as the establishments of close contact between the British and Russian proletariat, the exchange of delegations and workers, etc., will make it possible for us to extend and develop the propaganda of ideas of Leninism in England*** and the Colonies. Armed warfare must be preceded by a struggle against the inclinations to compromise which are embedded among the majority of British workmen, against the ideas of evolution and peaceful extermination of capitalism. Only then will it be possible to count upon complete success of an armed insurrection. In Ireland and the Colonies the case is different; there is a national question, and this represents too great a factor for success for us to waste time on a prolonged preparation of the working class.

But even in England, as other countries, where the workers are politically developed, events themselves may more rapidly revolutionize the working masses than propaganda. For instance, a strike movement, repressions by the Government, etc.

From your last report it is evident that agitation-propaganda work in the army is weak, in the navy a very little better. Your explanation that the quality of the members attracted justifies the quantity is right in principle, nevertheless it would be desirable to have cells in all the units of the troops, particularly among those quartered in the large centers of the country, and also among factories working on munitions and at military store depots. We request that the most particular attention be paid to these latter.

In the event of danger of war, with the aid of the latter and in contact with the transport workers, it is possible to paralyse all the military preparations of the bourgeoisie and make a start in turning an imperialist war into a class war. Now more than ever we should be on our guard*. At attempts at intervention in China show that world imperialism is still full of vigor and is once more making endeavors to restore its shaken position and cause a new war, which as its objective is to bring about the break-up of the Russian Proletariat and the suppression of the budding world revolution, and further would lead to the enslavement of the colonial peoples. "Danger of War"; "The Bourgeoisie seek War, Capital** fresh markets"—these are the slogans which you must familiarize the masses with, with which you must go to work into the mass of the proletariat. These slogans will open to you the doors of comprehension of the masses, will help you to capture them and march under the banner of Communism.

The Military Section* of the British Communist Party, so far as we are aware, further suffers from a lack of specialists, the future directors of the British Red Army.

It is time you thought of forming such a group, which together with the leaders, might be in the event of an outbreak of active strife, the brain of the military organization of the Party.

Go attentively through the lists of the military "cells" detailing from them the more energetic and capable men, turn attention to the more talented military specialists who have for one reason or another, left the Service and hold socialist views. Attract them into the ranks of the Communist Party if they desire honestly to serve the proletariat and desire in the future to direct not the blind mechanical forces in the service of the bourgeoisie, but a national* army.

Form a directing operative head of the Military Section.

Do not put this off to a future moment, which may be pregnant with events and catch you unprepared.

Desiring you all success, both in organization and in your struggle.

With Communist greetings,*

President of the Presidium of the I.K.K.I.,
ZINOVIEV.

Member of the Presidium: McMANUS.
Secretary: KUUSINEN.

4. Articles exposing international diplomatic conferences, unmasking the work of secret diplomacy; reports on legislative proposals for the promotion of imperialist wars.

5. Exposure of the chauvinist-militarist propaganda conducted by the official educational establishments (schools, theatres, cinema, etc.)

6. Propaganda of the policy of the R.C.P. during the imperialist war. Re-publication of the most characteristic articles of Lenin and Zinoviev on the questions of defeatism and national defense ("Against the Stream"), accompanied by brief explanatory historical notes. Application of the principles expressed in these articles to international relations as they exist today. Re-publication of posthumous articles by Lenin on the subject of war.

8. Reports on anti-war demonstrations by the population.
7. Reports on anti-war feelings among the masses of the soldiery, and on conflicts arising on these grounds between the soldiers and the military authorities.
9. Reports on incidents in the Y.C.I. campaign against imperialist war.

With Communist greetings,

Secretary of the E.C. of the C.I.,
TREINT.

ANNEXE II.

No. 180. Secret. September 12th.

To the Central Committee of the British Party.
Dear Comrades,—Herewith I am enclosing a copy of the the speech of Comrade Zinoviev delivered to the Enlarged Plenum of the Central Committee of the Russian Communist Party.

Its contents are strictly confidential and it is only to be read by members of your Central Committee.

The Secretary is charged to attend to this matter and to report confirming the strict attention to these instructions.

With Communist greetings,

For the Secretariat,
MacManus.***

* This could obviously find no place in a speech to the Executive and an explanation here of I.K.K.I. (which would in a real letter have been E.C.C.I.) is of course absurd.

** Another interpolation which makes the sentence almost nonsense.

*** Another interpolation interrupting the argument which makes nonsense and shows tampering.

**** Here the style and character of contents changes to secret, instructions to a Communist conspiracy.

***** The rest of this paragraph is taken from the anti-war propaganda.

***** "Seeks" omitted—showing hasty preparation of the document.

** An absurdity.

*** Should be "People's Army." This mistranslation of "narodny" would be impossible to any Communist. "National" is "nationality," and makes nonsense here.

**** These signatures are of course, incorrect in many respects.

***** Note: The Signature MacManus which is the form used by him in Russia, not McManus as in the "Red Letter."

JUDGE ASKS LAW PROBE SLUGGING OF LEFT WINGER

But Lets Gangsters Off With \$50 Fine

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—The district attorney has been asked by Judge Henry Goodman to make three investigations of the continued assaults which are being made upon members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union who have joined with the Joint Committee of Action of Locals 2, 9 and 22 in their fight upon the corrupt union officials.

In Jefferson Market court three gangsters came up for hearing on a charge of disorderly conduct following the raid made yesterday upon the cloak shop of Shulman Bros., at 26 West 20th street.

Gangsters Plead Guilty. The men pleaded guilty, and after the employer had testified that these intruders came up into his shop, turned off the power, damaged his goods and started a fight with the workers; and after the workers had identified the gangsters and accused them of hitting them with chairs, Abraham Goodman, attorney for the Joint Committee, introduced the affidavit of a physician who stated that Sam Sabalefsky of 218 East 122nd, who had been hit just behind the ear, with a blackjack, was too badly injured to appear in court.

Protest Light Fine. Attorney Abraham Goodman then argued on the injustice of such a decision in view of the flagrant violation of law which these gangsters had shown, and especially when just last week girls who had been peacefully picketing a striking shop had been fined \$50 in this same court.

Hyman Bushnell, attorney for the Joint Board who appeared for the defendants, began making statements to the effect that these workers in the shop were just a bunch of Bolsheviks, a lot of foreigners; that the Joint Board agents had a perfect right to go up into the shop and throw these people out. Judge Goodman remanded him and stated he was running this investigation and he was convinced a more thorough investigation of the whole situation was necessary.

Will Press the Case. When Lawyer Goodman asked that the men be re-arrested on a charge of felonious assault, the judge announced that he would turn the whole matter over to the district attorney. The three gangsters were paroled in the custody of their lawyer Bushnell, to appear at the district attorney's office on Tuesday, Sept. 8.

The Joint Committee of Action is determined to press the case to the fullest extent and make this the beginning of an energetic campaign against the Joint Board gangsters and their terrorist methods.

Military Prisoners Escape. COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 9.—The five military prisoners who escaped by sawing their way thru bars of the prison at Fort Hays, have not been apprehended. Three were seen to board an eastbound freight train but trace of them was lost.

CLOAK AND DRESS MAKERS STILL MILITANT THRU LONG FIGHT TO DEFEAT SIGMAN BETRAYALS

By a Rank and File. NEW YORK CITY, Sept. 9.—The struggle in the cloak and dressmakers commenced so long ago, that some of us hardly remember when it first started. And to some it seems almost endless!

We have been fighting for months and months—almost for years—against the Sigmans, the Feinbergs, and the whole gang of "yellow" job-holders, whose only interest is not the union, but to further trench themselves in well paid jobs—with fat salaries coming from the sweat and blood of hard working dues paying members, most of them with families and dependents to support and long months of slackness and enforced idleness to look forward to during the year.

Well, the fight is on—it is a fight to the finish—and the morale of our members has not been broken yet—not with ousters and expulsions, with suspensions of our most active members, of our duly elected executive boards, not with hired gangsters and thugs hired by our venerable leaders—Feinberg and company; to beat us up, not with their tactics of ordering firms to discharge members of Locals 2, 9 and 22 and promising to send scabs to take their places; not with helping bosses to obtain injunctions against us in shops where we have been compelled to declare strikes because of the wholesale discharge of our most active workers; not with using the most brutal and dirty tactics have they been able to break the morale of our members.

Morale Splendid. And the morale is splendid—worth the eulogy of a better pen than mine. Every day, day in and day out, our members walk up and down the streets doing picket duty, then come to the headquarters of Local 22 to guard them against the hired gangsters of Sigman and company who are diligently watching for an opportunity to take this home, built with so many years of toil and effort of the members of our union, away from us; or going out with newspapers and literature, spreading the truth about our struggle against the machine, our corrupt leaders and their paid hirelings, and dissipating the lies being spread by the same corrupt officials in their leaflets and bought press.

"Come, Join the Fight." If you are a worker, a member of a union, and believe in action—in fighting against corrupt officialdom, join us in this struggle. Come down on the picket line, or come down to Local 22 and watch us in action. You will become enthused with the untiring courage and ceaseless enthusiasm of our members.

If you are a revolutionist, you will

RUSSIAN INVENTED STEAM ENGINE, NOT WATT, IS REPORT

MOSCOW, Sept. 9.—The central committee of the Soviet Russian trade union of metal workers has passed a resolution declaring that Ivan Ivanovitch Polzounov was the first to make the steam engine work, and not James Watt.

Polzounov, the son of a soldier submitted complete plans of his machine, with a model, to Catherine the Great, in the year 1768, according to the report submitted to the committee by Comrade Rysko. James Watt took out patents on his patents on his engine in 1769, six years later.

OUR DAILY PATTERNS



5195. Flannel, figured silk or linen could be used for this style. The dress is made to slip over the head. The pattern is cut in four sizes: 14, 16, 18 and 20 years. A 18-year size will require 1 1/2 yard of 54-inch figured material with 3/4 yard of contrasting material for collar and cuff facings. Width of dress at the foot is 50 inches.

SHOE UNION IN OPEN LETTER TO THE UNORGANIZED

Points Out Struggle Ahead for Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—The following has been issued as an open letter to the shoe workers of New York and Brooklyn:

"There are two reasons why you should organize—to help yourself get better conditions and to help your fellow worker get the same. The manufacturers believe in organization, for themselves, but not for you therefore, it is your duty to believe in it for yourself.

"Concentrated capital must be met by concentrated labor. We must organize nationally and internationally. Individually you cannot bargain with the boss—and win—that is why you must organize. Today the shoe trust is rapidly developing and you must be in a position to deal with it. How? Organize!

STRIKEBREAKER BERRY ATTACKS REDS IN KANSAS

Daily Worker Expose Got His Dander Up. KANSAS CITY, Sept. 9.—"Majah" George L. Berry, president of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union was the principal speaker at a Labor Day celebration here yesterday. He divided his harangue on a fifty-fifty basis between praising God and American capitalism and denouncing the Communists.

What got Berry's goat was a story of his crooked career that appeared in The DAILY WORKER, which was distributed among the audience. The papers were grabbed by the pressmen and printers in the audience and hundreds more could have been disposed of.

Attack Was a Dud. Berry's attack on the Communists did not create a ripple. He charged the reds with trying to make people equal. He said the American worker was a one hundred per cent patriot and would never be touched by Communism. Despite this apparent immunity, the strike-breaker used up a lot of froth and fury on the Communists.

Cuneo Strike On. The strike against the open shop system which the Cuneo Printing company tried to put over on the pressmen and feeders with the aid of George L. Berry, and his strikebreakers, Marks, Orr, Brophy and McHugh, is still on.

The cost of this strike to the company can be gauged by the fact that on one day last week, the company paid \$500 in taxi bills for hauling strikebreakers to the shops. Many of these who were brot to the plant quit as soon as they learned there was a strike on. Most of the employees are in sympathy with the strikers. Craft autonomy prevents other members of the printing trades from walking out in sympathy with the pressmen and feeders.

Standard Oil Feels Sting in Turkey of Soviet Competition

MOSCOW. (Tass)—News has been received here that in view of increased import in Turkey of Soviet oil, the price of petroleum in Constantinople has lately fallen from 265 to 240 piastres, and the price of benzine from 338 to 296, a further fall being expected.

It is further learned that under pressure of Soviet competition, the Standard Oil company has cut the cost of its products, while other firms have even ceased the sale of petroleum at Constantinople in view of the impossibility to compete with Soviet products.

Government and Big Business Unite on War Plane Program

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 8.—The extent to which the government is going to serve big business is shown in the announcement that Henry Ford and Postmaster General Harry S. New were to confer upon co-operating between the governments aeronautical program and Ford's commercial ventures in the air.

"LABOR" BANK USING NON-UNION OFFICE WORKERS WHILE LEADERS OF UNION DISRUPT ORGANIZATION

NEW YORK CITY, Sept. 9.—The past few meetings of the bookkeepers, stenographers and accountants, Local 12,846, American Federation of Labor, have been taken up with charges, trial committees' reports, and expulsions. Such is the recent "activity" of the union.

At one meeting, Primoff was expelled because he pointed out to the membership that the paid officials of the union were not on the job organizing. Innumerable office workers were listed. But the union leadership pursued a policy of hesitancy and discrimination on the question of organizing the unorganized.

"Labor" Bank is Scab Shop. Leniency with the International Bank, which "union" bank refuses to be organized, and is gradually being placed on the "unfair" list; leniency with other international offices; leniency with the socialist party lawyers' offices is the policy pursued. Month after month, the cut and dried reports of the officials state "progress," with no new offices organized. Paper progress describes their reports.

One set of charges, at another meeting, were insufficient. So two sets were brot in. One set of charges was brot of "conduct unbecoming members of this union" against Chernow, and Cooper for bringing in a minority report, and against Kitzes for supporting the report of the minority, exonerating Primoff. To speak in favor of anything which the union leaders do not agree with is a crime in the B. S. & A. U. punishable with "expulsion."

Instantly, there followed another set of charges of "scabbing" against Nagin and Meyers. They were charged with having worked for Local 22, I. L. G. W. while a fake strike was on, immediately after the internal struggle in the I. L. G. W. Locals 2, 9, 22 began in both cases the false, illogical reasoning was proven by the fact that the B. S. & A. U. leadership could not distinguish between one separate and distinct organization and another. They considered the Joint Action Committee and Local 22 as synonymous. And they are wrong.

It is known thruout the labor movement that since the internal fight began in the I. L. G. W., the separate locals ceased functioning as such. No dues, assessments, etc., were collected. Only that a new, separate and distinct organization representing the three left locals was organized in the shape of the Joint Action Committee, and it needed the help of only a few office employees in the recording of the defense money collected and the distribution thereof.

Heavy Penalties. Reasoning very little, and that from the false premise that the Joint Action Committee and Local 22 were the same (which they are not) the conclusion arrived at was obviously and inevitably false. That the charged were guilty; Nagin was to pay \$75.00 fine and leave his job; Myers \$50.00 fine and leave her job, or both were to be considered expelled from the union if they did not so abide by the stupid decision.

In the discussion of the latter cases, it was clearly pointed out that: 1. The Joint Action Committee was a body distinct from either of the three locals of the International that it represented. 2. Local 22 has not been functioning as a local since June 18; and that it was not performing its regular duties as a local. 3. The B. S. & A. U. officials were taking sides in a controversial matter of another union. 4. The B. S. & A. U. officials were taking orders from the I. L. G. W. (mis)-leaders Feinberg and Baroff in

Your Union Meeting

- Second Thursday, Sept. 10, 1925. Name of Local and Place of Meeting. No. 5 Brick and Clay, A. O. U. W. Hall, Dolton, Ill. 12 Carpenters, 113 S. Ashland Blvd. 62 Carpenters, 6416 S. Halsted St. 241 Carpenters, 1449 E. 9th St. 434 Carpenters, South Chicago, 11037 Michigan Ave. 504 Carpenters, Ogden and Kedzie. 115 Engineers, 9223 Houston Ave. 18336 Federal Labor Union, 2110 N. Robey Firemen and Enginemen, Springfield and North Ave. 548 Journeyman Barbers, 180 West Washington St., 8:45 P. M. 240 Hod Carriers, Harrison and Green 18 Ladies' Garment Workers, 328 W. Van Buren St. 323 Marble Polishers, 810 W. Harrison 17320 Nurses, 771 Gilpin Ave. Painters District Council, 1446 W. Adams St. 371 Painters, Dutt's Hall, Chicago Heights. 26 Paper Rulers, 59 E. Van Buren St., 6:30 p. m. 17301 Park Employees, 810 W. Harrison 774 Railway Clerks, 65th and Blackstone. 1269 Railway Clerks, 3124 S. Halsted St. 1844 Railway Clerks, Harrison and Green Sts. 877 Railway Trainmen, 64th & University, 8:15 p. m. 130 Signalers, 180 W. Washington St. 742 Teamsters, 9206 Houston Ave. Wood Turners' Union, Liberty Hall, 8420 W. Roosevelt Rd. (Note—Unless otherwise all meetings are at 8 p. m.)

SICK AND DEATH BENEFIT SOCIETIES

Frauen-Kranken-Unterstützungs Verein Fortschritt. Meets every 1st & 3rd Thursday, Wicker Park Hall, 2040 W. North Avenue. Secretary.

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Six Places. 169 N. Clark 118 S. Clark 66 W. Harrison 167 N. Halsted 42 W. Harrison 234 S. Halsted PHONES: HARRISON 8514-7 specialties: E. W. Rieck Boston Bakes Beans and Brown Bread Fine Soups and Fresh Made Coffees Confectionery and Bakery; 1612 Fulton St. Phone West 2549

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Against Reaction and the White Terror! MASS MEETING Sunday, September 13, 8 p. m. WEBSTER HALL, 119 East 11th Street. SPEAKERS: BEN GITLOW JAMES P. CANNON ROBERT W. DUNN RICHARD BRAZIER JOSEPH R. BRODSKY. Auspices, International Labor Defense, New York Section. ADMISSION FREE. Following the Conference of the International Labor Defense, Sunday, September 13, 1 p. m., at the LABOR TEMPLE, 243 East 84th Street. All trade unions and working class organizations are invited to send delegates.

CHICAGO WORKERS! RALLY FOR LABOR DEFENSE September 13, 8 p. m. (Labor Defense Day) at PLASTERERS' TEMPLE HALL, Van Buren & Marshfield Get Behind the Zeigler Miners' Defense! SPEAKERS: HENRY CORBISHLEY, leader of the progressive miners of Zeigler and chief defendant under charge of conspiracy. WILLIAM Z. FOSTER C. E. RUTHENBERG DUNCAN MacDONALD, Chairman, former secretary-treasurer of the Illinois Mine Workers' Union and former president of the Illinois State Federation of Labor. ADMISSION: 10c. INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE.

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MORITZ J. LOEB
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Another Red Letter

Coincident with the convening of the British Trade Union Congress, another "Zinoviev letter" similar to the one sprung on the British public during the last general election made its appearance.

The object of this fabrication is the same as the one that helped to defeat the labor party. Its aim is to enable reaction, which is on the defensive in the labor movement to gain a footing and defeat the progressive movement by creating a wave of hysteria among the masses, that will enable the right wing leaders to bring the less class conscious workers under their influence.

The first fake letter spurred the petty bourgeois voters into activity and filled the aristocrats with a holy fear of the menace of Bolshevism. It had the same effect on the reactionary workers in England that the predictions of industrial disaster made by the republican party strategists here in case of LaFollette's election, had on millions of American workers.

The British labor party towards the end of its life in office, despite the best efforts of MacDonald and company, was being forced into taking action contrary to the interests of the ruling classes. It agreed to granting a loan to Soviet Russia; and it called off the indictment against the Communist editor J. R. Campbell, who was charged with inciting mutiny in the navy. When those things happened the ruling class decided that the labor party was no longer a safe and useful tool in its hands.

When the labor party went out of office the trade unions dominated the labor movement, and the stars of Ramsay MacDonald, Snowden and Clynes began to decline. Those of Purcell, Cook and Swales rose. The trade unions began to go to the left and the united front between them and the Russian unions together with the report of the British trade union delegation to Russia were the outstanding events of this period in the world labor movement.

The fight for a unified international trade union movement based on the class struggle received a tremendous impetus and the victory of the British miners backed by the other large trade unions over the government, faced the British ruling class with the fact that they were face to a face with a condition that threatened their very existence.

Desperate situations demand desperate remedies. The British ruling class hoped that its tried and trusted right wing leaders would hold their power. The sweep of sentiment among the masses, however, has been towards the left. For this tendency the disintegration of British capitalism is mainly responsible. The Communist propaganda which has been making such headway among the trade unions lately, would not have made such progress if British imperialism were in as healthy a condition as American capitalism.

The aim of the latest fake "Zinoviev letter," launched by the Daily Mail, the same paper that perpetrated the first one, is to frighten the masses away from the leadership of Cook, Purcell and Hicks, who are branded by the ruling class as "agents of Moscow," the neither are Communists. The capitalists hope thru means of this device to give the leadership back into the hands of Thomas, MacDonald and Snowden, the socialist king lovers.

This dodge may have some effect for the moment. It is part of the experience of the working class on its march towards freedom. But any momentary gain for the ruling class of Britain thru such methods will be counterbalanced by the reaction among the masses that will inevitably follow.

Sapping with the Devil Has Nothing on This

The Associated Press recently signed a contract with the Soviet government providing for the interchange of news with Tass, formerly Rosta, official news agency of the Soviet government.

Nothing succeeds like success. The Associated Press has been the principal fountain of anti-Soviet lies in the United States—since the czar and his government were toppled over into the historical abyss. But lies are poor weapons in the long run and a cause that depends on lies is leaning on a broken reed. The mighty revolution that humbled one of the oldest of dynasties in the world and erased it from the political map, plowed its way to victory thru a sea of falsehood and thru the bullets, bombs and bayonets of its myriad foes.

The Associated Press recognized an accomplished fact. It did not like to do it, but business is business and it cannot ignore one-sixth of the earth's surface if it wants to continue its existence as a news agency.

The same logic that forced the Associated Press to shake hands with the Bolshevik devil will compel the United States government to recognize the Soviet regime.

Slipping It Over

The Kalamazoo convention of the International Typographical Union rescinded the action of the Quebec convention in 1921 favoring "the amalgamation of the various printing trades unions to the end that there be but one union in the printing industry." The action was taken without debate and the motion to rescind passed unanimously.

This move was engineered by President James M. Lynch, the ultra-reactionary who returned to power in the I. T. U. in the last election. The convention was entirely under his control and there was not even a peep out of the so-called progressives.

Lynch, at one time was in favor of industrialism as opposed to craft unionism, according to the Industrialist, organ of the Printers' Industrial League of New York. Those who supported Lynch in the election which brought him to power, under the impression that he was a better choice than Howard who ran on the progressive ticket, probably now realize that Lynch's smooth way of working for reaction is much more efficient and hence much more dangerous than the stupid and bull-in-a-China-shop methods of fakers like Major L. Berry.

"Willy" Hearst and "Al" Smith are taking the lid off stinking capitalist politics in New York City. Let the workers get their fill of the smell and turn away from the old parties of capitalism forever.

Madrid dispatches claim the Spanish military machine is getting the best of the Riflians. But the news straight from Africa has a very different tune.

KRIM DEMANDS INDEPENDENCE FOR RIFFIANS

No Peace Until This Is Secured, He Says

PARIS, Sept. 9.—The complete independence of the Rif has been demanded as a preliminary to negotiations with the French by the brother of Abd-el-Krim, and with Krim's secretary, Ben Hadj Hatmi, who spoke for the Moroccan leader.

The interview was obtained at Tazout, Krim's headquarters near Chechouan. Speaking of the fact that France had forced the war upon the Riflians, Hatmi said: "We wrote many letters to Paris and Rabat, seeking ground for an agreement. All these letters remained unanswered.

Riflians Sought Peace. "Abd-el-Krim's brother and I went to Paris. Alas, we could not see M. Poincare nor his colleagues. We even went to the doors of the ministers without being received. During our stay in Paris we saw French commercial personalities, but without result.

"It was in Paris that we learned from our government that French troops were ready to cross the Ouergha river. We advised the French representative of Moroccan affairs not to advance the troops and once more asked him to come to an agreement with us. He replied that was a matter for Marshal Lyautey."

Spain's Claim Impossible. Hatmi declared that the arming of the Beni Zerouls by the French and the advance north of the Ouergha forced the Riflians to begin defensive action.

The Spanish note was ignored, Hatmi said, because Spain not only refused to consider Riflian independence, but claimed more territory than ever before.

BUFFALO POLICE TRY TO PREVENT BLOOR MEETING

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 9.—The Ella Reeves "Mother" Bloor meeting in open air in Shelton Square was interrupted by the police who demanded that she speak only on religion.

As a banner was displayed on the stand in bold letters announcing the meeting was being held by the Workers Party it seemed rather incongruous to suddenly start a "religious" meeting. However in order that she be allowed to continue Mother Bloor immediately took for her "religious" text "He that doth not work neither shall he eat" and told the story of the great land where that text was being practiced as well as preached.

It was then easy to switch off into the contrasts of America, England and Germany and the original subject of her lecture "The World Labor Movement." The crowd appreciated the clever turn given to the lecture by Mother Bloor with laughter and applause and a generous response with subscriptions for the DAILY WORKER.

In the meantime the police disappeared after remaining long enough to hear Comrade Bloor's references to Jesus and were not present when she made the transition to Lenin.

Utica Press Announces Mother Bloor's Arrival.

UTICA, N. Y. (By Mail).—Mother Bloor arrived here this morning on her coast-to-coast tour for the DAILY WORKER. The Utica Daily News, remembering her as the leader of the picket line in the Savage Arms plant strike during the world war, announced her arrival on her spectacular cross country trip for the DAILY WORKER in a boxed story advising its readers where the meeting was to be held.

"It doesn't matter if the police are also present" Mother Bloor announced. "I'm used to seeing them in every town I go and I know all 57 varieties of them. Despite interference the workers in this town are going to hear about Communism and the DAILY WORKER, and that's that."

She concluded saying: "I am too busy making Communists and getting subs for the DAILY WORKER to worry about anything else."

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Great Britain, pound sterling, demand 4.84%; cable 4.84%; France, franc, demand 4.69, cable 4.69%; Belgium, franc, demand 4.44%, cable 4.45; Italy, lire, demand, 4.95%, cable 4.95; Sweden, krona, demand 26.79, cable 26.82; Norway, krona, demand 25.08, cable 25.10; Denmark, krone, demand 21.63, cable 21.65; Shanghai, tael, 79.75.

LOST!

On Sunday, Sept. 8th, a pair of glasses were lost at Braeside Beach, Braeside, Illinois. Will the finder notify the Young Workers League office as soon as possible. Call any time during the day time and ask for Gilbert.

The Workers Party in Action

JEWISH CONVENTION OF WORKERS PARTY UNANIMOUSLY SUPPORTS THE NATIONAL CONVENTION'S DECISIONS

NEW YORK CITY, Sept. 6.—(By Mail).—The national convention of the Jewish Section of the Workers Party, which opened here yesterday, got down to work today with the acceptance of the report of the credentials committee seating 96 delegates.

The right of fifteen delegates to seats in the convention had been contested, but on recommendation of C. E. Ruthenberg, representative of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party at the convention, all delegates were seated and the question of contests referred to the Central executive Committee for final settlement.

The convention elected A. Wiener, of Detroit, as chairman by vote of 55 for Wiener and 40 for Ben Gifschitz of New York City.

The first order of business taken up was the report of the Central Executive Committee. Comrade Ruthenberg presented an analysis of the struggle within the party culminating in the national convention. He outlined the basis of the decision of the Communist International supporting the Ruthenberg group and then reviewed the work of the national convention, declaring: "The fourth national convention will mark a new period in the development of our party, the period of the beginning of the Worker Party becoming a really Bolshevik party." The speaker then outlined the tasks of the Jewish section, laying particular stress on the liquidation of Loreism in that section.

A discussion lasting four hours followed, in which the principle issue was the attitude of the former Loreist group consisting of Comrades Salzman, Siegel, London and Wiener. All of these comrades took the floor, acknowledging their errors and pledged themselves to follow the line of the party and the Communist International hereafter.

Dealing with these declarations Comrade Ruthenberg said: "Words are not sufficient to clear these comrades of their past errors. They must show by their deeds, by their work in the party, that they have really recognized their errors and can follow a clear Communist line."

The following resolution was presented by the representation of the Central Executive Committee:

Resolution on the Fourth National Convention of the Workers Party

HAVING considered the resolutions and decisions of the fourth national convention of the party, we, the convention of the Jewish section, declare:

1. That the resolutions of the party committee, unanimously adopted by the convention, lay down a correct line of Communist policy for our party. These resolutions provide the basis for work of the party members among the masses, thru which alone our party can grow into a mass Communist Party. We declare our wholehearted support on the resolution on the Immediate Tasks of the Party, on Trade Union Work, the Labor Party Campaign, Imperialism, Work Among Women, Agricultural Work, and other major campaigns of the party.

2. We welcome the action taken by the convention for the liquidation of Loreism in our party. Our party has reached the point of development where opportunistic deviations by leading members of the party cannot longer be tolerated. In the expulsion of Lore from the party and the removal of Comrade Askell from the editorial board of the Tyomies, the convention indicated that the fight against opportunism will be intensified in our party in the future. We pledge our support to this campaign. The conference declares that the activities of the Loreist group in the Jewish section represented by Salzman, London, Siegel, Wiener, etc., have been an obstacle to the growth of the Communist movement among the Jewish speaking workers, and to the Bolshevization of the Jewish section. The conference therefore declares that a determined campaign must be carried on in the Jewish section against Loreism and that the first prerequisite for the success of such a campaign is that none of those who have been leading Loreites in the Jewish section shall be elected into the Bureau of the Jewish section. These comrades and all others who have been prominent leaders and supporters of Loreism must show by their activities in the party in the future that they have recognized their errors and that they understand the line of the Comintern and are ready to give loyal, undeviating support to it.

3. The resolution on the Bolshevization of our party marks a new step forward for the American Communist Party. The reorganization of the party on the basis of shop nuclei and international branches and a centralized apparatus with the language sections reorganized as language fractions, marks a necessary step in centralization of our party, and lays the basis for its carrying on real Communist work. We pledge ourselves to energetically take up the campaign for reorganization and to give every aid possible in effecting this reorganization at the earliest possible date.

4. The cable of the Communist International to its representative declaring that "It has finally become clear that the Ruthenberg group is more loyal to decisions of the Communist International and stands closer to its views" lays the basis for the future development of the leadership of our party and the unification of its leadership. We declare our acceptance of the decision of the Communist International and that we will loyally support the Central Executive Committee elected on the basis of that decision in carrying on the work of the party. The conference is of the opinion that the majority in the party convention accepted the decision of the Communist International and carried it out in a responsible Communist manner worthy of loyal followers of the Comintern. The Conference declares that the best interests of the party and the solution of the party crisis require harmonious cooperation between the former majority and minority and a united fight by them against the right wing.

This resolution was unanimously adopted, the comrades named in it, who were delegates to the convention, voting for it.

A resolution endorsing the appeal of the former majority of the Central Executive Committee of the party against the decision of the Communist International was ruled out of order by Ruthenberg who declared "The comrades have a right to appeal to the Communist International for revision of its attitude toward them, but this appeal cannot be made an issue in the party and the Central Executive Committee will not permit it to come before the units of the party for action."

Jamestown W. P. Has Outing. JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 9.—The Workers Party of Jamestown, N. Y. held an outing at Scandia Park, Frenotville. Sports, boating and bathing were enjoyed in the morning and afternoon with a basket lunch at noon. Comrade Rudolph Katz of Buffalo was the principal speaker.

PHILADELPHIA TO HAVE ROUSING MASS MEETING SEPT. 13

(Special to The Daily Worker)

William Weinstein will be the principle speaker at Philadelphia's "Labor Defense Day" demonstration next Sunday, Sept. 13. The meeting will occur in the evening at Marichinist Temple, 13th and Spring Garden. The International Labor Defense local conference will take place at the same hall in the afternoon. Credentials already received for the conference indicate that Philadelphia will have a live functioning local of International Labor Defense.

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WORKERS PARTY REPEATS CALL FOR UNITED LABOR TICKET IN NEW YORK CITY MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

By BERTRAM D. WOLFE.

In nominating Benjamin Gitlow for mayor, William Weinstein for comptroller and Charles Krumbine for president of the board of aldermen, the Workers Party has again repeated in its municipal platform the call for a united labor ticket and has unequivocally declared "That it stands ready up to the very last moment to withdraw its candidates in favor of a united front against the capitalist parties."

The question of a united labor ticket was discussed at the nominating convention held in August and was embodied in the platform of the party

by unanimous vote of the entire convention. The position of the convention was expressed by Comrade Weinstein speaking for the platform committee when he said, "The issue of the united labor ticket and the demand made upon the socialist party brings up in a concrete manner the entire question of independent working class action and the menace of non-partisanship which has had such a disastrous effect upon the local labor movement. The socialist party says it stands for a labor party. In the past its position has been a platonic one. It has avoided every issue which might bring it into conflict with the local bureaucrats and would initiate a move against their support of the capitalist politicians. Last year it supported LaFollette but still declared it was for a labor party. This year it left out of its program any specific mention of a labor party and ignored the call of the Workers Party and the labor delegates at the so-called 'Fusion convention' to a united labor ticket in the coming election campaign.

"Again we call upon the socialist party to declare whether they stand for united political action of the working class against the powerful and united capitalist enemy or whether they will continue to break the front of labor on the political field as they have consistently done in the economic field."

In addition to the demand for the

Cleveland Y. W. L. Will Give Anti-Religious Meeting; Also Dance

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 9.—Meeting Tuesday eve, Sept. 27—Yom-ki-pur evening, the holiest evening on the Jewish calendar, when the Jewish petty-bourgeoisie of all degrees and even some workers—who are yet unaware of their position in society—assemble in the synagogues to beg forgiveness for all sins committed during the year, will be an eventful evening for the young workers of Cleveland. A meeting to demonstrate against religion is arranged for that evening, at the Freiheit Hall, 5311 Wodland Ave., where religion will be discussed and analyzed from the Marxian viewpoint. It will be exposed as an opium that helps the minds of the workers and does to keep them as a subjugated class. Comrades Gleisser and Duchan will be the speakers. All workers are invited to come.

Dance Monday Eve, Sept. 28.

All who have attended previous affairs of the Young Workers League will not stay away from the Yom-ki-pur night dance, Sept. 28, at the Carpenter's Hall, 2226 E. 55th.

You will help the Communist movement and at the same time spend an eventful evening with the red youth. Remember the date: Sept. 28 at 2226 E. 55th.

L. GOLDBERG, Sec'y. Y. W. L.

Jewish Branch Y. W. L. Express Sorrow for Loss of Comrades

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 9.—The Jewish branch of the Young Workers League of Cleveland express sorrow for the tragic death of Comrade Hoorn and Schiklansky and appreciate the great loss to the Communist movement. It pledges itself to add renewed vigor in its activity to hasten the day of the emancipation of the working class which Comrades Hoorn and Schiklansky lived and strove for.

GEO. GOLDBERG, (Secy.)
HARRY HOFZ,
ISRAEL BRENIC.

Bellaire, Ohio, Meeting Sept. 13.

BELLAIRE, Ohio, Sept. 9.—Labor Defense day, Sept. 13, will be observed by the workers of Bellaire with a mass meeting in Bohemian Hall, Bellaire, at 7 p. m. John Bratton will be the principal speaker. All party members are asked to be on the job to cooperate to make this meeting a memorable one. Bring your friends. Tell all the workers you come into contact with about this meeting.

Scientists for Sunlight.

Studies by physicians and scientists in England reported at the Congress of the Royal Institute of Public Health, held at Brighton in May, indicate that sunlight, "either natural or artificial, when properly administered, may have a definitely beneficial effect on mental activity." It was found that children handicapped in school work by illness, when cured with the aid of sunlight, caught up with or outdistanced their classmates.

UNIONS SEND DELEGATES TO DEFENSE MEET

Mass Meeting in N. Y. on Sept. 13

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—"Labor Defense Day," Sunday Sept. 13th will be observed in New York City by the holiday by a great evening mass meeting in Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. and a conference of workers organizations convening in the afternoon at the Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St.

Speakers at the mass meeting will be James P. Cannon, National Secretary of International Labor Defense, Benj. Gitlow, recently remanded to Sing Sing Prison by a decision of the U. S. Supreme Court, Dick Brazier, former I. W. W. prisoner at Leavenworth and now under deportation charges, Robt. W. Dunn of the American Civil Liberties Union and J. R. Brodsky, prominent labor lawyer of New York City.

Unions at Conference

The conference will be called to order at 1 P. M. and will seat representatives of trades union, workers' benefit societies, co-operatives, etc. and delegates from the fifty or more permanent branches of International Labor Defense established in New York City in the past several months. Twelve trade unions and ten workmen's circle branches have sent in credentials to date and many more are expected to appear at the conference.

The purpose of the conference will be to set up a permanent local New York organization of International Labor Defense. This will be composed of individual membership branches of I. L. D. and collective affiliations from other workers' organizations. The work of this local organization will be to agitate for the release of all class-war prisoners in America and all other capitalist countries, to provide relief to class-war prisoners and their families and to carry on campaigns of opposition to all attempts to persecute members of the labor movement for working class activities.

Zeigler Frame-Up Featured

The feature of the meeting, as with dozens of similar demonstrations being held thruout the country on the same day, will be the "Zeigler Frame-up." The story of the frame-up of eighteen Zeigler coal miners on a charge of conspiracy to murder following a strike in which the union officials combined with the coal operators will be told by the speakers.

The aims of International Labor Defense, founded at a national conference last June, will occupy much of the discussion in Webster Hall. I. L. D. is a non-partisan workers' defense body that seeks to afford protection to all workers, regardless of their affiliations or views, who are attacked for sharing in the struggles of the organized workers or for expressing their opinions. There are more than 100 workers in prison for the crime of labor activity. As many more await trial for the same offense and face prison or deportation.

Struggle in Other Lands

The story of the struggle of workers in other lands will be told. The white terror of the Baltic and Balkan States will be delineated by the speakers. At the present time three great trials are in progress in Europe. The second trial of Stanislaw Lanzutsky in Warsaw, the trial of the Executive Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and the process of the five hundred Bessarabian peasants now under way at Kishinev.

Some fifty other large centers in the country will have mass meetings and conferences on "Labor Defense Day." Bishop William Montgomery Brown will be the main speaker at Cincinnati. A. T. McNamara at Pittsburgh, Wm. F. Dunne at Milwaukee, Earl R. Browder at Cleveland, Ella Reeve Bloor at Boston, Foster and Ruthenberg at Chicago.

Minneapolis Y. W. L. Hold Meetings on Youth Day

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 9.—The Young Workers League of Minneapolis celebrated International Youth Day with outdoor meetings this year. The speakers were party speaker, J. Soltis; C. Forson; league speaker, and Bertha Weiss, league chairman. In the evening the following will talk at 7 p. m., at Seven Corners: V. Dunne, party speaker; M. Helander, league speaker; and Marian Anderson, league chairman.

Think Navy Plane Has Sunk.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 9.—If the missing San Francisco-Honolulu flight plane is not located by a thorough search of the northeast beaches of the Hawaiian islands it has undoubtedly sunk, according to a message received last night from headquarters here from Captain E. S. Jackson, commander of aircraft carrier Langley and ranking officer in the search area.