

STATE MOVES TO BAR SCIENCE, SCOPES' DEFENSE AFRAID TO EXPOSE DOPE

DAYTON, Tenn., July 16.—The Scopes trial reached its great crisis today when the state's attorneys offered a motion to exclude all scientific testimony touching on "the relation of evolution to the divine origin of man."

Just before the session started, a mail carrier brought in a sack of mail for Clarence Darrow. He emptied the sack on the counsel table, most of the defense attorneys helping Darrow examine the letters.

Prayer a State Argument. Rev. James A. Allen, pastor of a Dayton baptist church, made the opening prayer. He was a fundamentalist, praying "God's blessings upon the deliberations of the court to the end that Thy word may be vindicated and the truth revealed."

Refuses To Attack Bible. Darrow first sought to have the scientists hear the court before making any decision. His purpose was to have the scientific testimony broadcast to the world, even tho it never reaches the ears of the twelve men who must sit in judgement on Scopes.

Accepts Fairy Tales "Symbolically." "We want to put learned scientists and real students on the witness stand," Darrow said, "To prove the theory of evolution is not in conflict with the divine origin of man. While there is not a soul on earth who believes the whole bible literally, we will not attack it, but merely prove that the bible and science can be reconciled."

Wants Ignorance To Decide. Bryan revealed the state's hand, for it wants the case decided by a jury all of whose members have admitted (Continued on page 2)

IT is interesting to note that the catholic church, the most powerful spiritual navy of big business is maintaining a discreet silence on the question of evolution, while the more hysterical religious outfits are defending their fortress of ignorance with wailing and gnashing of teeth.

THE capitalist anti-war organizations in the United States are reported to have united on a plan that promises to bring everlasting peace. The main plank in the plan is a clause (Continued on page 4.)

"GO RECKON OUR DEAD BY THE FORGES RED"—TWO MORE TOILERS DIE. ROXBURY, Mass., July 16.—Cyril Lightburn, a young Negro worker, is dead as result of his accident at work. He fell across a band-saw in the shop. BOSTON, July 15.—When a piece of broken brake drum hurtled from the whirling machinery in the Revere Refinery at Charlestown, Manuel Carrara, 24, was struck on the head and died soon after his removal to a hospital.

FRATERNIZE!



A poster distributed by the Young Communist League of France among the soldiers leaving for the Riff front.

COOLIDGE READY TO BREAK HARD COAL STRIKE

SWAMPSCOTT, Mass., July 16.—All of the power of the federal government is to be concentrated in an effort to prevent a strike in the anthracite coal fields.

President Coolidge took the first step in his campaign for the operators when he summoned Secretary of Labor Davis to his summer home here for conference over the weekend.

The mine union officials demand a wage increase of only 10 per cent, whereas the rank and file coal miners declare the increase should be 20 per cent. They point out that the operators will still make huge profits.

Belgium Must Pay. SWAMPSCOTT, Mass., July 16.—The fact that Belgium was over-run by Germany during the war leaves President Coolidge cold, and the plea of that country's debt commission that her war plight be taken into account will be refused.

FIRST FIGHT ON NEW INJUNCTION LAW IS WAGED BY AMALGAMATED CLOTHING UNION BEFORE FOELL

Again a rush of court business prevented Judge Charles E. Foell from hearing the J. L. Taylor & Co., and the International Tailoring Company's plea for injunction against the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' striking defendants.

"Hands Off China!"



FIVE WORKERS ARE THREATENED BY DEPORTATION

Pennsylvania and Texas War on Foreign-Born

Urgent appeals from five foreign born workers, one in Texas, the others in Pennsylvania and all threatened with immediate deportation have come to the office of International Labor Defense.

Deportation Means Prison. John Zagorski is confined in tank six, El Paso, Texas, county jail. He was intercepted coming from Mexico where he entered on a Polish passport.

Wife Tells Story. Mrs. Tony Stafford, wife of the deportee and mother of four children whom Stafford has not seen for more than six years, writes that the E. E. White Coal Co. of Glenn White, W. Va., are behind the persecution of Stafford.

Many More Involved. It is pointed out by the International Labor Defense that these two new cases bear out its contention that a drive is in progress against all foreign born workers who are active in the labor movement.

I. L. D. Appeals for Help. International Labor Defense is making every effort to break this widespread drive on active foreign-born workers. The secretary, James P. Cannon said today that altho the I. L. D. has been in existence for less than a month, having been organized at a national conference in Chicago on June 28, in that time the organization has been in receipt of a veritable flood of requests from all over the country asking for help in defending foreign-born and American workers alike who are victims of frame-ups and persecutions for their activity in the labor movement.

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FRANCE, IGNORED BY OTHER ROBBER POWERS, KICKS AT CONFERENCE

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.—Coolidge is having difficulty in putting over his imperialist intrigue to stall off and crush the Chinese national liberation movement and check the influence of Soviet Russia in the Far East.

Suddenly discovering that the rumored secret agreement between England, Japan and America was leaving French interests out in the cold, France today notified Washington that, after all, France considered that the "time is not ripe yet" for a conference on extra-territoriality.

FAKER STOOLS ON CHINESE SEAMEN IN U. S.

Olander Asks Workers Be Deported

Charging the immigration officials stationed in Chicago with "laxity and neglect of duty," Victor A. Olander, secretary of the Illinois State Federation of Labor, in the official organ of the federation, declared yesterday that Orientals and particularly Chinese, have been given easy access to the United States thru employment on a lake steamer.

Mr. Olander asserted that for the first time in the history of shipping on the great lakes the South American began her present season with Asiatics among her crew.

Olander is an official of the moribund International Seamen's Union, which has lost most of its members by dwelling overmuch on patriotism and ignoring wages and conditions. His well known standing as one of the leading labor fakers of Illinois, as well as his position in the I. S. U., is reported as probably having moved him to play the stool pigeon on Chinese workers for fear that these workers would want a real union that fights for working class interests.

But informing capitalist governments against workers so that they may be persecuted is rather strong stuff, even for a labor faker, and Olander is not expected to gain great popularity for such stool pigeon work among the honest members of organized labor.

DISTRICT NO. 18 MINERS BESET ON ALL SIDES

Splitters, Fakers and Bosses all Enemies

By ALEX REID (Secretary Progressive Miners' International Committee) While John L. Lewis is sporting himself at the beach in Atlantic City—the playground of the world—his faker friends in Alberta Canada, officials of District 18, are betraying and selling out the coal miners of that reactionary ruled district.

Sherman, the district president, supported by thugs, gunmen and the police are herding scabs into the mining towns to take the place of the miners at the mines, thereby aiding the coal operators to destroy the remnant of the union that is left. In furthering their unholy scheme of defeating the miners, and reducing them to abject slavery murder is being committed by a bunch of uniformed thugs assisted by the labor fakers in the valley.

The fighting miners of Drumheller were sold out, and a reduction of wages negotiated by the officials of the union, without giving the miners of that district any say so whatever, they were not given a chance to discuss (Continued on page 5.)

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GARMENT WORKERS REJECT FAKE 'AWARD', SCORE SIGMAN TREASON AND URGE UNITY AND STRUGGLE

NEW YORK CITY, July 16.—The Joint Committee of Action representing the suspended left wing Locals 2, 9 and 22 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers and embracing sixty per cent of the cloak and dressmakers of the New York market, yesterday issued a ringing defiance to the outrageous "award" of the governor's commission.

Charging that the corrupt officialdom of the International Union and the New York Joint Board had deliberately betrayed the New York garment workers into a morass of defeat and disruption, the Joint Committee of Action attacks with equal vigor the traitorous Sigman machine, the bosses and the trap into which the collaboration of these two have led the workers—the "recommendations" of the governor's commission as "impartial" arbitrators.

Text of Statement Following is full text of statement of joint committee on governors commission recommendation and the situation in the industry: Thru Struggle Only Will We Retain Our Rights A call to all cloakmakers. The leaders of the machine in our union who want to continue their control over our organization by force have issued a call to the cloakmakers to vote in favor of the report of the governor's commission.

"They want you cloakmakers to continue to suffer in silence. You must not participate in their referendum. The whole referendum business is nothing but a fake, this fake you must meet with contempt. We the cloak and dressmakers must decide for ourselves what attitude to take toward the recommendations of the governor's commission. We must decide for ourselves what our attitude should be toward the present deplorable situation into which we have been forced by the present misleadership of the joint and the International.

"The self appointed leaders of the joint board and the international have dragged us into a swamp from which we alone can save ourselves. What is the significance of the governor's commission? The Sigman clique in our union intended the decision to mean that the cloakmakers are to work another year under their old conditions. This interpretation is a fraud. The decision of the commission gives our employers even greater concessions than they enjoyed until now. This decision gives them still greater possibilities for intensifying their oppression in the shops.

"In their diplomatic maneuvers with the governor's commission, this irresponsible Sigman clique did one thing: Gambling at our expense, they of their own accord offered several new concessions to the employers thru the Hillquit memorandum. They thought that for these proposed concessions they will be handed a few crumbs for cloakmakers. The commission, however, accepted the concessions and denied even the crumbs. The commission accepted Sigman's concessions which obligate the union to become the agency for the bosses association.

"In order to save ourselves from this deplorable situation there is but one course:—Not thru miracles shall our problems be solved. Not thru decisions of bankers or influential politicians will we free ourselves from our present misery, but thru our own efforts, our own strength, and our own struggle. The cloakmakers presented the following demands to the employers: "Limitation of contractors. "A guarantee of forty weeks employment. "A raise of wages. "A forty hour week. "The right to examine employers books. "The right to impose penalties for (Continued on page 2)

SHANGHAI is Chinese territory, but governed under an administrative system in which the real ruler of the city is invariably the British consul general. This system was instituted under the unequal treaties. In a Japanese cotton mill in Shanghai recently, a Japanese employer killed a Chinese worker, in circumstances which moved the Shanghai students to make a public protest on May 30. They were entirely unarmed, and their purpose was to call the world's attention to the existence of industrial conditions which ought not to be permitted to continue. These unarmed students were shot by order of the British authorities in Shanghai. Some were killed on the spot and others seriously wounded. Shot to Kill. At a public trial which followed, the British Police Inspector Everson stated that he did not try to disperse the students by shooting at their legs, because his orders were to shoot to kill, in the last resort. Since then students and workers have been killed in Shanghai, Hankow, Canton, and elsewhere in China by British and other foreigners, and at Hankow and Canton they have been killed by machine guns manned by British naval forces. You have doubtless read in the press how these acts have aroused national feeling (Continued on page 5.)

'L' UNION HEAD TAKES VIEW OF BOSSES ON WAGE

Altho the elevated railroad employees have voted to reject the Chicago rapid transit company's proposal for a renewal of last year's agreement, and have demanded a five cent an hour increase in wages, their president, William D. Mahon, of the Amalgamated association of street and electric railway employees, was to take the part of the company. Mahon declared that at a meeting last night he would urge the union men to accept the company's proposal and go to work under the terms of the expired agreement. "Industrial conditions are not such that demands for wage increases should be pressed at this time," Mahon said, in siding with the employers, whose proposal he hinted was "justified."

MONARCHISTS TO LET WILLIE IN POLITICAL GAME

BERLIN, July 16.—Former Crown Prince Wilhelm will be allowed to enter politics, by the Prussian government. This official statement, overturning a belief that has been generally held, was made today by the Prussian minister of the Interior. Speaking of the protest against the appearance of Wilhelm at the agricultural meet at Breslau, the minister of the interior declared that Wilhelm, prior to his return from exile at Wieringen, neither gave a special pledge to keep out of politics, nor was asked for any such promise. Since his return to Germany, the former crown prince has been living on his estate in Upper Silesia, near the Polish border.

ANTHRACITE PRICE NOT DUE TO WAGE COST BUT TO HIGH PROFIT, SHOWN BY UNION AT CONFERENCE

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 16.—The present price of anthracite coal is not due to the cost of mining, but is "hitched on" after it leaves the mines. This was the argument advanced today by miners' representatives at the morning session of the wage conference between anthracite operators and miners, replying to the operators' statement that the industry could not stand a wage increase. The miners declared it cost as much to get coal from yards of dealers in Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and other cities to the consumer as it does to mine the coal. The plea to economize, it was claimed, is "along the road"

MAC MILLAN NORTH POLE EXPEDITION CROSSES GIRCLE AT DISKO ISLE

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The flagship Bowdoin of the MacMillan Arctic expedition remained at Hopeville, Labrador, today while repairs were continued on the broken propeller, but the airplane carrier Peary has crossed the Arctic circle and is off the Greenland coast south of Disko island, according to radio dispatches to the National Geographic Society here.

IMPERIALISTS INCITE CIVIL WAR IN CHINA

Chang Leads to Break Chinese Unity

(Special to The Daily Worker.) SHANGHAI, July 16.—Grave events are appearing again in the still rising movement for Chinese liberation.

Following the rumored secret agreement among the three imperialist powers—England, Japan and America for common action to defeat the Chinese by deceit and pretend a friendly interest in holding conferences in the near future, Chinese militarists who are known to be in the pay of these same imperialist powers, are starting civil war and moving troops against other provinces.

Military Agent Provocateur.

Chang-Tso-lin, flagrant agent of Japan, continues to move troops into the Shanghai area and threaten war upon the governor of Chekiang, Sun Chuan-fang. What is more sinister is that Chang Tso-lin is apparently acting with the consent of the Peking government, whose minister of War, Wu Kwang-sin, is on the road to Shanghai to try to force Sun Chuan-fang out of the southern part of Kiangsu province.

This menaces the unity of the Chinese with a digression which the imperialists will welcome as giving them the opportunity not only to check the Chinese upheaval, but also to give the excuse that the "lack of order" precludes any possibility of doing away with the unequal treaties and extra-territoriality privileges.

So clearly is this attempt to divide China to aid the foreign imperialists, that great numbers of Chinese organizations are pouring telegrams into Peking demanding that Chang Tso-lin withdraw his troops from the Shanghai area.

Peking Government Plays False.

However, there is considerable evidence to show that the Peking government is acting traitorously to the interests of the Chinese liberation movement, for besides many other things, not only is Chang Tso-lin beginning a civil war with the apparent approval of the Peking minister of war, but another government general, Yang Sen, is opening war upon rival generals near Chungking in the province of Szechwan.

From Peking comes the news that the promised conference which is pledged to talk about the abolition of extra-territoriality, is reported by U. S. Minister MacMurray to open in December, six months from now.

Chinese interested in liberation of their nation declare that the effort to break up the movement by intriguing generals and civil war is obvious, the imperialists already stating that "China, herself, is preventing the holding of a conference by internal trouble."

St. Louis "Hands Off China" Meeting Will Have Chinese Speaker

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 16.—K. Mikalchik will speak in St. Louis at the "Stand by Russia; Hands Off China," mass meeting and demonstration which will be held at the Labor Lyceum 1243 N. Garrison Ave., Friday, July 17, 8 p. m.

The local comrades got in touch with the local Secy. of the Kuomintang party and as a result there will be a Chinese speaker who will speak in English.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 16.—A total of 241 claims against the C. P. & St. L. Railway amounting to \$800,000, have been allowed by the circuit court and Charles G. Briggie, master in Chancery, today began mailing checks in payment. The Peoria and Pekin Union railroad company will receive \$208,000.

GARY, IND., ATTENTION!

The DAILY WORKER, Workers Monthly, Rabotnicza Tribuna and Novy Mir are for sale at the Workers' Co-operative Restaurant, 1733 Broadway.

Try to Bar Science in Scopes' Trial

(Continued from page 1)

knowing "almost nothing" about evolution.

"The court should not receive opinionated evidence when it touches the issue involved," Bryan continued. "The courts are agreed upon that."

William Jennings Bryan, the father-left his seat behind the state counsel table and moved up beside his son. The politician sat fanning himself, listening intently to his boy. The son however, showed none of the famous Bryan eloquence.

"To admit this testimony," Bryan closed, "would be to substitute a trial by experts for a trial by jury and to announce to the world that this jury is too stupid to determine the simple issue of this case."

State Withdraws Challenge

A short recess was taken. During which, Dudley Field Malone announced to the press tables that the younger Bryan's speech was a "withdrawal of the elder Bryan's challenge for a duel to death between evolutionists and christians."

"The father demands a duel," said Malone, "the son wants to take away our only weapon. We'll fight them any how."

When court resumed, Judge Raulston warned all spectators to make no demonstrations.

"We have counsel here, who may color their speeches with it," said the court. "If they do I don't want any applause for two reasons: First—it is improper and, second, this building is heavily burdened, and while I don't want to alarm any one, I don't want any vibrations caused which would shake the building and I'm afraid a heavy outburst of applause might cause trouble."

Arthur Garfield Hayes began the defense's argument. He told the court first there need be no alarm over any "applause greeting me which will shake down the courthouse."

"There isn't a single expert in this case who is paid," Hayes continued. "Every scientist who has come here, came because of his love for science."

Hayes said the state wanted both judge and jury to decide whether evolution was taught by Scopes without "even knowing what is evolution."

Hayes Explains Evolution

"If Scopes had taught that man descended from a monkey," Hayes added, "he would not be guilty of violating this law. That is the fact strange as it seems to the prosecution. The fact is that man and monkey are of the same order of animals, the first order, under every classification of science. And the law says that to be guilty, Scopes must have taught that man descended from a lower order of animals. Science would prove that monkeys were not of a lower order."

Hayes read a short paper written by Prof. H. H. Newman, dean of science school at the University of Chicago, in which the scientist said that Darwinism meant one thing to the lay public and another to science. "The jury should be told this," he added.

Theory of Natural Selection

"Darwinism is the term given to evolution generally by the lay public," Hayes quoted Newman. "It means an entirely different thing in science, for scientists look upon Darwinism as the term for the theory of natural selection, one of the principal theories supported by Darwin."

Hayes also demanded that the defense be permitted to show the "meaning of the bible."

Conflict Of Tenn. Laws

Hayes charged Scopes was jeopardized by two laws, one compelling him to teach Hunter's biology because it was the text book approved by the state text book commission and the other as the state contended, forbidding him to teach it. One law, Hayes said, ordered him to teach biology; the other forbade it.

This aroused the ire of William Jennings Bryan, who entered the debate for the first time. The commoner's remarks led defense counsel to demand whether Bryan had been entered on the record as an attorney for the prosecution.

Bryan, Sr., Enters Fray
"The Tennessee legislature passed this anti-evolution law without suspending the right of Scopes to teach this book," said Hayes.

Bryan interrupted; "It does not matter if the book was authorized, the teaching of the theory of evolution was forbidden, he had no right to teach it."

"That is a very good theory," Hayes admitted, "except the defense holds that if the new law intended to amend the old one, it would have said so." Hayes spoke the name "Mr. Bryan,"

stopped and asked the court whether he could insert the commoner's name in his remarks. Yesterday, the court made defense attorneys ignore Bryan. "Colonel Bryan is here as an associate counsel, I believe," the court ruled.

Malone arose and demanded to know whether the commoner's name was entered on the record. The court said Bryan had been duly recognized as one of the state's counsel.

Only An Associat

"Well, then, the leader of the prosecution—" Hayes began, when Bryan again interrupted him.

"It might be well," the commoner declared, "to recognize, that while the defense is seeking to make me chief in this case, that the fact is the attorney general (Stewart) is in charge of the case. I am only an associate counsel."

Everybody bowed, the commoner sat down but Stewart arose and announced that "in questions of law," he was referring to the superior judgment of Bryan. Hayes ended a moment later without again referring to Bryan.

Herbert E. Hicks, youthful local counsel, renewed the state's argument. He contended the only issue in the case was whether Scopes taught the prescribed biological lesson and whether that lesson conflicted with the bible. The jury alone could decide, he added.

"The defense wants to bring in secondary jury of scientists to decide the question in their favor," Hicks continued.

Against the "Foreigners"

"The state objects to letting them turn this courtroom into a college or school. If these foreign gentlemen—" "Now, now," the court admonished. After "foreign gentlemen—"

"They have termed themselves that," Hicks explained.

"We have no objection," Malone interposed, "go right ahead."

"If they want to have a college or a school here," Hicks continued, "we will give them ground right here in town. These men want to tell us what the bible means—"

The defense attorneys whispered together. Neal was on his feet, demanding "Who do you mean?"

Hicks Is Startled

Hicks looked startled. He meant the scientists, he said.

"Well, you ought to hear them first," Hayes shouted, "before you comment on what they might testify."

Darrow was on his feet. The young attorney faced him bravely. "Do you want to put me on the stand" he asked.

"I want to tell you that the caption of this law forbids the teaching of evolution," Darrow said slowly, "the body of the act says forbids teaching any theory which conflicts with divine creation. The body of the act does not mention evolution, the caption nothing else. This means the state must prove that evolution means just that and nothing else. Bear that in mind."

Bryan To Speak

It was announced that William Jennings Bryan would speak to oppose the admission of scientific testimony.

EMPLOYERS' RUN TO STATE COURT TO SAVE TAXES

In a petition for an injunction filed at Springfield the Illinois Manufacturers' Association has asked that the secretary of state be restrained from paying to the state treasurer moneys paid by Illinois Manufacturers under provisions of the Illinois state franchise tax act.

The franchise tax, the validity of which is now a question before the state supreme court, was recently dealt a severe blow by the United States supreme court which declared unconstitutional an act of the Ohio legislature almost identical with that of the franchise tax provisions of the Illinois general corporation law.

This tax amounts to 5 cents on each \$100 of capitalization represented by business transacted in Illinois. As the money for the tax is now due, the Manufacturers' Association seeks to prevent its disbursement in hopes of having the law nullified.

Electric Trust in Japan.

NEW YORK, July 16.—The Westinghouse Electric company, of Japan, capitalized at one million dollars, has been formed as a subsidiary of the Westinghouse International company, to distribute the company's products thruout Japan.

Persia Forms Tea Monopoly.

BAGDAD, Iraq, July 16.—The decision of the Persian government to put thru a bill to empower it to take over the import and sale of tea and sugar in Persia as a state monopoly is worrying the Bagdad middlemen here.

Employer For Coolidge.

DETROIT, Mich., July 16.—Continuing his support of "The Little Strike-breaker," Henry Ford, speed-up auto manufacturer, in a statement here said he would like to see Coolidge elected for a third term. Coolidge has served the business men well, Ford intimated.

WORKERS SUNDAY CAMP OPENS IN NEW JERSEY; GIVE HOUSE WARMING

NEW YORK CITY, July 16.—Sunday, July 19, is the opening of the Modern Sunday school camp at Lincoln Park, Morris county, New Jersey. All members of the party and Young Workers' League and their friends are invited to attend. Arrangements have been made for lunch, ice cream, etc.

This will be the first time that the working class children will be together in a summer camp. The charge is only five dollars per week per child, 7-14 years, covering board and lodging. The camp is limited to members of the modern school and those that are ready to join the school.

For information apply to chairman of camp committee, C. Heinzelman, Queens County Labor Lyceum, 785 Forest Ave., Ridgewood, New York.

SOVIET AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATIONS AID PEASANTS TO RAISE MORE CROPS; 1925 HARVEST GOOD

Moscow (By Mail)—Agricultural experimental work convention in the Russian Soviet Republic began on June 15. One hundred seventy-one delegates were present. The first report was read by Professor S. K. Chyanoff, who in 1924 visited the United States, where he studied the work of experimental stations.

According to this report, on October 1, 1924, the R. S. F. S. R. had 147 experimental stations, exactly the same as in pre-war days; but the amount of land attached to the stations is now three times greater. Also the amount of scientific workers has been increased. Much was accomplished by the stations in regions affected by draughts. The stations were able to raise 100 poods of rye and 40 poods of wheat on a desatin, while the peasants' crop was not more than 10-15 poods.

Peasants Learn New Methods. Much attention was paid to attract the cooperation of the peasantry. In 1924 over 6,500 peasant farms were utilized by the experimental stations to teach better methods of farming to peasants in general. Each experimental station had over 100 experienced peasants to help in this work.

Much attention was paid also to agricultural exhibitions. In 1924 various experimental stations organized 26 of such exhibitions. Over 2,000,000 peasants in different ways were in touch with the experimental stations. Much was done for the improvement of seeds. Twenty-eight of the agricultural stations are devoting special attention to this question. Up to June 15, the conditions of the harvest in the different regions of R. S. F. S. R. were as follows:

Harvest Conditions. North Region: Winter and spring crops—average. Northeast Region and Ural: Winter crops—average; spring crops—Average. Northwest Region: Winter wheat

and rye—above average; spring wheat and rye—average.

Central Region: Winter rye—above average, except in a few provinces; but after the fall of rain the conditions in these provinces are better. Spring crop—average.

Blacksoil Region: In the west of this region, the winter crop is average; in the east, after rains the condition is about fair. The spring crop is average.

Upper Volga Region: The winter and spring crops are average. Middle Volga Region: The winter crop except in small parts of two provinces is above average.

Low Volga Region: Winter crop except in one province is average. Spring—average.

North Caucasia: Winter crop is average. In many parts it is better. Spring crop is average.

The Amount of Crop Expected. According to Narkomsem (Department of Agriculture) the amount of crop expected is estimated at 3,530,000,000 poods (including 160,000,000 poods of unused 1924 crops). Out of this amount 3,266,000,000 will be used by the population, and the remainder—264,000,000 poods—will be marketed abroad.

Rehabilitation of Mills. In view of the exceptional crop in North Caucasia this year, attention has been given to effect improvements in the large flour mills of that region. They will handle 35,000,000 poods this season.

Soviets and Poles in Consular Pact. VIENNA, Austria, July 16.—The Polish government and the Soviet Union have reached an agreement by which the two countries exchange reciprocal consular privileges. Poland will have consulates in Moscow, Leningrad, Minsk, Tiflis, Kiev and some other cities, and there will be Soviet consulates in Warsaw, Lodz, Lemberg and Danzig.

Lithuania Spoiling the Anti-Soviet Block of the British Imperialists

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH.

TODAY, the outlook is not so rosy for Great Britain's Baltic bloc against the Union of Soviet Republics. The enmities aroused by the spoils divisions of the Versailles peace are too many to permit of easy sailing for the anti-Bolshevik league so dearly wished by the tory government in London, that sees its laboring masses at home getting redder every hour.

Lithuania is the latest stumbling block. Altho its population numbers but three millions, it occupies an important strategic position between the Poland-Roumanian front against the Workers' Republics and the Baltic states of Latvia and Esthonia, with Finland just across the gulf by the same name.

There have been scurrings to and fro, by British-inspired diplomats, among these states in an effort to ally the enemies of Soviet Rule. Finnish fascist government heads have reviewed the white guards of Esthonia. Meirovitz, the Latvian foreign minister, has made a tour of the capitals of Europe, to advance the cause of anti-Bolshevism. But all to no avail.

Lithuania still remains obdurate, spoiling the whole anti-Soviet plot, at least for the time being, because Poland still holds Vilna, seized along with one-third of Lithuania by the Polish general, Zeligowski, in the putsch of 1920, applauded and supported by the David Lloyd George government in England. There are not enough Vilnas at the disposal of British imperialist rule to satisfy both the Lithuanians and the Poles. The British have other schemes, however, including the return to Poland of the Memel corridor, which the Lithuanians took in 1923, if the Poles will only clear out of Vilna. Both Poland and Lithuania, however, raise the cry of "War!" immediately mention is made of any change in boundaries.

The Versailles peace established the League of Nations, which it was claimed would settle all of these disputes in behalf of capitalist interests. But "The League" has failed its masters here as everywhere else.

It was imperialist France that first tried to bolster the capitalist frontier against the Soviet Union, giving unparingly in money and munitions to Poland, Roumania and other buffer countries. France went broke in this anti-Soviet endeavor, and now Britain is taking up the war, with equal prospects.

How carefully London has planned its onslaught can be judged by the flood of propaganda that is being sent out, again trying to give the world the impression that uprisings, civil war and chaos are the order of the day in neighboring Soviet Ukraine, especially among the White Russians. The fact is that Poland still clings to White Russian territory, that should be under Soviet Rule, and all resistance is against further demarcation by the Polish oppressors, resulting in a bloody tyranny by the terror governments of Bulgaria and Roumania.

Lithuanian capitalist rule has no love for the Soviet Union, but it knows that the development of Lithuania depends upon an economic alliance with Workers' Rule. But even this solution offers no escape from its dilemma. The workers and peasants of Lithuania, on the edge of the Soviet Republics, will in time decide to throw off their ruling class and follow the Russian example. Imperialist tyranny is finding it increasingly difficult to use the Baltic states to pull its capitalist chestnuts out of the Soviet fire. Especially with energetic struggles being waged against it as in Morocco and China, with India and other subject nations restless and on the verge of revolt.

Garment Workers Reject Fake Award

(Continued from page 1)

violation of the agreement.

"A labor bureau.

"Adjustment of the scales of the finishers.

"The above demands cannot be won thru commissions, for these demands the cloakmakers will have to conduct an energetic struggle. Thru a general strike alone will the cloakmakers win better conditions for themselves.

"Sisters and Brothers!

"We must not for one moment forget the experiences of the past.

"Our self-appointed leaders have until now pursued a policy which lead to demoralization, instead of depending upon our strength and our own fighting spirit, they relied upon miracles and favors from outsiders. By pursuing this policy, our working conditions have continuously grown worse, and our union led into degradation.

"If we are to save ourselves from this situation we must follow another course. We must follow the course of fighters and not that of beggars. But we must remember one thing: in order to be able to conduct a successful struggle our forces must be mobilized, our union must be reconstructed and its leadership cannot remain in the hands of irresponsible people. We must eliminate all obstacles that hampered us in the past. We must solidify all our fighting forces in order to win our struggles.

"To attain these ends we must not for one moment recede from our struggle against the leaders of the machine who have disrupted our union and betrayed the membership.

"Sigman Co., must be driven from the international, the three suspended locals and all expelled active union workers must be reinstated.

"The joint board must be reorganized on the basis of proportional representation. A closer and more harmonious contact must be established between the rank and file and the leadership of the union.

"These are the outstanding needs of the moment. These are the basic needs that must be realized in order to present a strong front in our struggle with the employers for our demands.

"Sisters and Brothers!

"We are living thru one of the most critical moments in our union and in our industry.

"For a long time we permitted ourselves to be led by a clique of irresponsible leaders who dragged us into all difficulties.

"Let us cease to follow blindly. "Let us put a stop to this destructive work in our union. "Enough, defeat, enough suffering, let us be on our guard. "Let us build our union. "Let us carry on our fight. "Let us remember our old slogan: "In the struggle only will we attain our rights. We have nothing to lose and the world to gain."

COAL MINERS REFUSE TO ACCEPT AUTHORITY OF EMPLOYERS' 'COURT'

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, England, July 16.—

The coal miners have refused to accept the "arbitration" by a "court of inquiry" which, it is known, would rule in favor of the coal operators.

Differences on Friday, but the miners will ignore it.

HURLS CHARGE FASCIST KILLED ITALIAN DEPUTY

Senate Is Aware of Mussolini's Crimes

ROME, Italy, July 16.—The newspaper Epoca, which has until now been mildly pro-fascist, has published a document drawn up by the Aventine opposition to Mussolini in the chamber of deputies, charging that Mussolini knew of the plot to murder the socialist deputy Matteotti. The murder, and attacks on other opposition deputies were carried out with the assent of the fascist government, the paper charges.

The senate, the paper says, is in possession of sufficient evidence to show that crimes were organized under the auspices of the premier, to punish those opposing the fascist regime.

Our Readers' Views

Coast Power Steal, Berkeley, Cal.

The Daily Worker: Mayor Rolph—the smoothest politician hereabouts, tried twice to sell the Spring Valley Water Company, at the company's valuation to the city and both times failed by the vote route.

He fears this method in a deal now contemplated so the frame-up calls for a change of venue and the "principal" or his pals will do the trick in Washington.

The labor fakery here are, so far, rather quiet on the matter. They sense the rank and file as favorable to Rolph. The reason the rank and file are so is because Rolph, a water front coal importer, whose economic interests, in the recent days of "law 'n order" campaign of the chamber of commerce, clashed, and always showed sympathy in their strikes, was able to fool the workers, who believe today "Jimmie" is the honest cream cheese.

The whole situation here is another beginning of a power steal on about the same slant as Muscle Shoals.

Comradely, GEO. A. ELLIS.

Consider Chicago Traffic Trust.

The Chicago Surface lines, bus lines and elevated lines are considering a plan to consolidate under unified control.

CATCH CZARIST WHO SOLD BALKANS FAKE 'COMMUNIST PLOTS'

VIENNA, July 16.—Alexander Jacobovitch, a Russian czarist, has been arrested here after being caught selling forged documents to Balkan governments which he pretended were written by officials of the Communist International.

The Balkan governments used these documents, knowing they were forged, it is charged. Numerous "Communist plots" were concocted by this czarist.

Eastern Bootleggers Form Trust; Work on Two Shifts, Many Die

NEW YORK, July 16.—With the wiping out of rum row, bootleggers of Long Island, the liquor funnel of the East, have entered the distillery business on an organized basis, a survey disclosed today.

Along the scalloped coast line of the south side of Long Island, there is now a crackling "still" to almost every mile, laboring on a 24-hour shift to relieve the thirst of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and adjacent points.

The product of the "bubbling mash" is shipped in highspeed trucks along the Rockaway turnpike into New York. The "goods" are generally disguised in five-gallon gasoline cans, bearing the forged name of a popularly known oil company.

"Within five years the country will no longer be dependent on foreign imports for liquor but can count on the domestic output. Can we make as good 'stuff' in a still? Perhaps now the 'goods' are a little green but we have the best chemists we can hire working for us," an employe of a bootleg syndicate said.

State commissioner of health Matthias Nicol reports deaths from alcoholic poisoning in New York are increasing steadily.

C'mon Over!

If you have a day, an hour, or a minute to spare—why, c'mon over. There is so much work piled up on the small force in our office that we need your help so very badly, to insert letters, address, seal and stamp envelopes and ever so many other little-jobs that have us swamped. If you volunteer your services that's a fine way to help the DAILY WORKER. We'll be glad to see you—so just for fun, c'mon over!

New York Readers, Attention!

HOUSE WARMING PARTY

of

Modern Sunday School Camp

JULY 19, 1925

Lincoln Park, Morris County, N. J.

To reach camp take Lackawanna Railroad from Hoboken to Lincoln Park. Then 15 minutes walk to camp.

All comrades invited. No admission will be charged.

OPEN END OF SECRET PACT IS APPEARING

But Three Power Plan May Be Upset

(Special to The Daily Worker)

TOKIO, July 16—Japan approves the attitude expressed by President Coolidge and Secretary Kellogg regarding the imperialist powers' policy in China. A spokesman for the foreign office said today that Japan's attitude was "identical with that of the United States," and reaffirmed the belief expressed by President Coolidge that the Washington agreement "provides the best machinery for adjusting China's troubles."

This is regarded in intelligent circles as the open end of the secret agreement arrived at between Japan, Britain and the United States, to make a united front—while it can last—against the possibility that their own bloody suppression of the Chinese liberation movement may throw China into the friendly arms of Soviet Russia.

Imperialists Unite—For a While.

As stated yesterday, the Japanese, but more especially the British, agree to let goats be made of some of the brutal underlings who were responsible for the Shanghai massacre, in exchange for stalling the Chinese along with conferences and investigations and promises, while America agrees to give up her advantageous but hypocritical championing of China's rights by which she was figuring to obtain Chinese trade previously held by Britain and Japan, and in exchange obtains a united front temporarily for the double purpose of pretending to do something for China while really maintaining imperialist domination, and using all these factors against the most important foe of world imperialism—Soviet Russia.

It is particularly necessary for the imperialist powers to make a pretense of doing something for the aspirations of the Chinese people for national liberation.

Conference to "Consider" Not to "Abolish."

In this connection it should be accepted and reiterated that the imperialists have not agreed, either at the Washington conference or any where else, really to abolish the unequal treaties with their extra-territorial privileges. Readers of the DAILY WORKER will note that all diplomats' references to a proposed conference of the nine powers who signed the Washington agreement, do not say that such a conference "will abolish" the extra-territorial rights, but "will consider whether" these rights shall be abolished—and when.

Unquestionably, China is going to be deceived if possible. Whether or not it is possible depends upon the keenness of vision of the Kuomintang party, which is leading the struggle and in which as an affiliated body is the Communist Party of China.

Can Defeat Imperialists by Cancelling Treaties.

The Kuomintang party can tear the mask off the tricky imperialists, and so direct the struggle that the destiny of the Chinese people can be solved by their own revolutionary power and not by the intrigues of diplomats in the foreign offices of imperialist nations.

This can be done by the Kuomintang forcing the Peking government by mass pressure, to declare the whole lot of unequal treaties abrogated and nullified.

One Million for 200 Ships

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Henry Ford has offered \$1,706,000 for the 200 ships to be sold by the United States shipping board for scrapping, it was revealed when the bids were opened this afternoon.

INTERNATIONAL RED AID PLEDGES RELIEF TO FAMILIES OF FALLEN FIGHTERS FOR CHINA'S FREEDOM

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 16.—The International Red Aid Executive Committee has sent the following message to the workers and peasants of China:

"We welcome the beginning of the great Chinese Revolution on behalf of the five million members of the International Red Aid. The Executive Committee of the I. R. A. promises to the Chinese fighters the great possible support with all means at its disposal. The ever growing strike movement in China, is an occasion for the I. R. A. to join the ever growing numbers of the friends of the Chinese revolution who contribute with material and moral help to the victory of your struggle. At the same time the executive committee of the I. R. A. appeals for the formation of a Chinese section of the International Red Aid which will play a great role in your struggle for liberty from the oppressive yoke of imperialism, as the red ambulance of your fighting revolutionary battalions.

"Organize the Red Aid, the red cross of the proletarian struggle for liberation!"

"Long live the great Chinese struggle for freedom!"

"Long live the international solidarity of the workers of all countries!"

"The Executive Committee of the I. R. A."

Red Aid for the Chinese Workers.

The executive committee of the I. R. A. has sent to the trade union council in Shanghai \$15,000 for aid purposes. Some time before it had already sent \$1,000. The money is destined for the support of the families of the revolutionary fighters in China who have been murdered or injured in the struggle.

Charge Politicians Accepted Money

The charges that city politicians were influenced by bribes of the brick trust culminating in the recommendation of the aldermatic building committee that no changes be made in the building code, which prohibits the use of hollow tile in construction, have grown so numerous that the states attorney has been forced to investigate.

An affidavit has been signed that building commissioner Robert Knight, who spoke against amendments which would cut the business of the brick makers, has frequently conferred with William Schlake, head of the brick trust.

It has also been charged that alderman and others received bribes, and that the cement manufacturers offered a \$50,000 bribe provided the tile amendments were carried.

The investigation is taking place in the state's attorneys' office and witnesses have been called.

Y. W. L. Activities

Friday, July 17—Area Branch No. 1—Activity Meeting, Room 506, 166 W. Washington street. Special feature—Anti-Militarist Activity.

Area Branch No. 2—Activity Meeting, 1910 W. Roosevelt Road, 8 p. m. Special feature—Anti-Militarist Activity.

Area Branch No. 5—Activity Meeting 19 S. Lincoln St., 8 p. m. Special feature—Anti-Militarist Activity.

Area Branch No. 1—Activity Meeting, 2613 Hirsch Blvd., 8 p. m. Special feature—Anti-Militarist Activity.

Sunday, July 19—RED SUNDAY

All League members must report at stations assigned them for getting subs. More particulars elsewhere in the paper.

Schedule.

Monday—W. F. Hall—Class.

Tuesday—B. E. C. of No. 2—No. 2.

Wednesday—Party C. C. C. Leaflets at Printing Industry Evening.

Thursday—Branch No. 4.

Friday—All branches meet. Get speaker to appear on anti-militarist Sunday—Red Sunday.

Things for Consideration.

If convention on 22nd, must have election of delegates this week. Saturday afternoon need volunteers to get out Red Sunday stuff. Arrange for sample copies.

Agenda for the meeting on the 21st so that publicity could be sent out.

Get together with party relative to it.

Next meeting of the city executive.

Cicero—Pullman leaflets.

Police Chiefs Admit Politicians "Fix" Judges in America

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 16.—The International Association of Police chiefs in session here today admitted "politics interfere with justice."

Pointing out that in Canada judges are appointed for life and therefore are free from politics, chief constables J. Dickson of Toronto, Canada's first vice president of the association said:

"It is my observation the root of your trouble in the United States is politics interfering with the police force and judiciary. In Canada, if anyone tried to approach the judge or policeman to "fix" a case his friend would get double the usual penalty."

Another new Sub—Makes another Communist.

MOTHER BLOOR AT TOLEDO ON HITCH-HIKE TRIP

Speaks in Cleveland and Warren Soon

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 16.—Comrade Ella Reeve Bloor addressed several meetings here, where she arrived from Columbus on her hitch-hiking tour for the DAILY WORKER. She addressed the Toledo Workers Party membership meeting on the progress of our party.

Comrade Bloor left Columbus at 6 a. m. and arrived in Toledo at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. "Two comrades drove me to Marion, then I caught two long rides, one with an undertaker and one on a big truck into Toledo," Mother Bloor said. "I organized a local in Columbus."

Comrade Bloor speaks Thursday and Friday at open air meetings in Toledo. An intensive election campaign is on here. The collections at the open air meetings will be devoted to buying subscriptions to the DAILY WORKER. Large numbers of the papers are being distributed free.

Toledo will hold a picnic on July 26 at Point Place where the candidate for mayor of the Workers Party, William Patterson, and the Communist candidate for vice mayor, Bruce Smith, will speak.

There will be five Communist candidates for member of the city council on the ticket.

From Toledo Comrade Bloor goes to Cleveland for an open air meeting on Friday where she will speak at 3 p. m. on the public square, corner of Woodland and East Fortieth Sts. At seven thirty p. m. open air mass meetings will be held. Other speakers will be Carl Weisberg, Max Salzman, J. A. Hamilton and Alfred Wagenknecht.

Comrade Bloor will speak Saturday at a picnic in Warren, Ohio.

Foreign Exchange

NEW YORK, July 16.—Great Britain pound sterling, demand 4.85%; cable 4.86%. France franc, demand 4.72; cable 4.72%. Belgium franc, demand 4.64; cable 4.64%. Italy, lira, demand 3.72; cable 3.72%. Sweden, krona, 26.83; cable 26.86. Norway, krone, 17.83; cable 17.85. Denmark, krone, 20.78; cable 20.80. Germany mark no quote. Shanghai, tael 78.25; cable no quote.

Another new Sub—Makes another Communist.

Another new Sub—Makes another Communist.

"Stand by Soviet Russia!" Demand "Hands Off China!"

Mass meetings and demonstrations have already been arranged as follows:

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.—Friday, July 17, 8 p. m., Washington Park. Speakers to be announced later.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Mass meeting, Friday, July 17, Labor Lyceum, 1243 N. Garrison. Speaker, K. Mikalachky.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—July 17, 1814 N. St., N. W. Speaker, Rebecca Crecht.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—July 17 at 8 p. m. Labor Lyceum, 580 St. Paul St. Speaker Wm. F. Dunne.

NEW YORK, N. Y.—July 17 at 6 p. m. Union Park, 17th and Broadway, open air demonstration. Speaker, Wm. Z. Foster.

LOS ANGELES, CAL.—July 17. United Front Meeting. Auspices: Kuo Min Tang, Civil Liberties Union, Japanese Workers Association, Workers Party, at Music Arts Hall.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Friday, July 17, 8 p. m., Grand Fraternity Hall, Sixteenth and Arch.

W. FRANKFORT, ILL.—July 18, 7:30 p. m., at Band Stand. Speaker, K. Mikalachky.

SEATTLE, WASH.—July 18. Speaker, N. H. Tallentire. DULUTH, MINN.—Sunday, July 19, 2 p. m., Fairmont Park, 71st Ave. W. Speaker, C. A. Hathaway.

BOSTON, MASS.—Sunday, July 19, 4 p. m., Boston Common Mall. Speaker, Earl R. Browder.

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Mass meeting, Sunday, July 19, 2:30 p. m., Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St. Speaker, Ben Gitlow.

PORTLAND, ORE.—July 19, at 8 p. m. Workers Party Hall, 227 Yambell St. Speaker, Stanley J. Clark.

CHRISTOPHER, ILL.—July 19, 9 a. m., 2 blocks north of high school. Speaker, K. Mikalachky.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.—Monday, July 20, 7:30 p. m., Building Trades Council Hall. Speaker, T. R. Sullivan.

AKRON, OHIO.—July 20, 7:30 p. m., 601 So. Main St. Speaker, John Brahtin.

CHICAGO, ILL.—July 21, 8 p. m., Northwest Hall, North and Western Aves. Speakers: Foster, Chi (Chinese), Cirilo Manat (Filipino), Max Shachtman (Young Workers League).

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.—Mass meeting, Tuesday, July 21, 8 p. m., Finnish Hall, 1317 Western Ave. No. Speaker, William F. Dunne.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—Mass meeting, Wednesday, July 22, 8 p. m., Deutsche House, 444 Rice St. Speaker, William F. Dunne.

YONKERS, N. Y.—Saturday, July 25, at 8 p. m., 23 Palestine Ave.

CLEVELAND, OHIO—Open air mass meeting, July 25, Public Square, at 3 p. m. Speakers: William F. Dunne; Secretary Kuo Min Tang, Wong; John Brahtin, and others.

CLEVELAND, OHIO—Mass picnic at Willough Beach Park, July 26. Speakers: William F. Dunne, Ella Reeve Bloor, Alfred Wagenknecht, J. A. Hamilton for the party. Max Salzman and Carl Weisberg for the Young Workers League. Take Cleveland, Painsville and Eastern cars from the Public Square.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—Monday, July 27, 8 p. m., Labor Temple, 808 Walnut St. Speaker, J. Louis Engdahl.

Where to Buy DAILY WORKER in New York

Look for your news stand in this list. Urge friends and fellow workers to buy a copy each day. Buy one yourself occasionally for propaganda.

DOWNTOWN.

- W. Nelson, Allen & Canal Sts., N. E. Danziger, Bowery & Delancey St.
- S. E. Cor.
- Max Wolf, 111 Delancey street.
- Abraham Vogel, 144 Delancey street.
- Issac Rom, 183 Bowery.
- N. E. Cor.
- B. Tobman, 171 Broome street.
- L. Grossman, 255 Broome street.
- Raphael Farber, 70 Rivington street.
- Abe Mautner, 3 East Houston street.
- Sam Kramer, 115 East Houston street.
- M. Goldman, Houston & Second Ave.
- N. E. Cor.
- Meyer Abramovitz, 25 Ave. "A."
- Soloff, 12 First Ave.
- Frey Miller Bookstore, 204 East 10th St.
- Chusid, Twelfth St. & Third Ave.
- S. E. Cor.
- B. Rubenstein, 14th St. & First Ave.
- E. Cor.
- C. H. Greenbag, 14th St. & Second Ave., N. W. Cor.
- Sam Fishman, 14th St. & Second Ave., S. W. Cor.
- B. Soloway, 212 East 14th street.
- Delaney, 14th St. & Third Ave., S. E. Cor.
- S. E. Cor.
- S. E. Cor.
- N. W. L. Wexler, 14th St. & Third Ave., S.W.
- Daily Worker New York Office, 108 East 14th St.
- J. Weissman, 102 East 14th St.
- M. Hoffman, 14th St. & Fourth Ave.
- S. E. Cor.
- Jimmie Higgins Bookshop, 127 University Place.
- Rand Book Store, 7 East 15th street.

UPTOWN MANHATTAN.

- Mednick, 72nd St. & Second Ave., S. W. Cor.
- Minzer, 79th St. & First Ave., N. E. Cor.
- Friedlander, 401 East 80th street.
- Berkowitz, 305 East 84th street.
- Brody, 127 East 86th street.
- Kipin, 400 East 139th street.
- Sullivan, 99th St. & Third Ave., N. W. Cor.
- Rosenman, 1788 Third Ave.
- Perch, 103rd St. & Madison Ave., N. E. Cor.
- Kahn, 103rd St. & Madison Ave., N. E. Cor.
- Mazo, 106th St. & Third Ave., S. W. Cor.
- Engler, 1648 Madison Ave.
- Brusky, 21 East 110th street.
- Reiter, 48 East 110th street.
- Appelbaum, 119 East 110th street.
- Naiman & Morrison, 1774 Lexington Ave.
- Maac Marcus, 111th St. & Fifth Ave., S. W. Cor.
- Jack Barrett, 118th St. & Lexington Ave., S. E. Cor.
- Blumkin, 116th St. & Third Ave., S. E. Cor.
- Krumpholtz, 3783 Broadway.
- Baron, 2262 Amsterdam Ave.

LOWER BRONX.

- Bass, 138th St. & Brook Ave.
- Goldstein, 268 Brook Ave.
- Gittin, Brook Ave.
- Goldstein 530 East 138th street.
- Meisler, 677 East 138th street.
- Zucker, 542 East 139th street.
- Sullivan, 99th St. & Third Ave., N. W. Cor.
- Rosenman, 1788 Third Ave.
- Perch, 103rd St. & Madison Ave., N. E. Cor.
- Kahn, 103rd St. & Madison Ave., N. E. Cor.
- Mazo, 106th St. & Third Ave., S. W. Cor.
- Engler, 1648 Madison Ave.
- Brusky, 21 East 110th street.
- Reiter, 48 East 110th street.
- Appelbaum, 119 East 110th street.
- Naiman & Morrison, 1774 Lexington Ave.

UPPER BRONX.

- Alkon, 482 Claremont Parkway.
- Reiss, 167th St. & River Ave., S. E. Cor.
- Scott, 286 East 169th street.
- Kaplan, 160th St. & Third Ave., S. W. Cor.
- Bushel, 180th street & Maps Ave., S. E. Cor.
- Lowenstein, Prospect & Westchester, S. W. Cor.
- Ginsberg, Intervale and Westchester, N. E. Cor.
- Golub, 1060 Southern Blvd.
- Chaskin, 1055 Southern Blvd.
- Tannenbaum, 119 Southern Blvd.
- Michaelson, 1285 Southern Blvd.
- Melinsky, Freeman & Southern Blvd., N. E. Cor.
- Lubelsky, 931 Freeman street.
- Kosoff, Intervale & Wilkins Ave.
- Winkelman, 886 East 165th street.
- Pasekoff, 1058 East 165th street.
- Sidberg, 1104 East 165th street.
- G. Katz, 1112 East 165th street.
- Solomon, 1061 West Farms Road.
- Schetter, 1750 Southern Blvd.
- Dvorkin, 1767 Southern Blvd.
- Kupersmith, 2020 Boston Road.
- Chrenberg, 213 Boston Road.
- Goldstein, 2012 Boston Road.

WILLIAMSBURG, BROOKLYN.

- Freeman, 302 Broadway.
- Soloman, 469 Broadway.
- Schechtman Bros., 197 Havemeyer St.
- Koliner, 436 Grand street.
- Shapiro, Flushing & Broadway.
- Shifren, Myrtle & Broadway.

BROWNSVILLE, BROOKLYN.

- Mintz, 322 Park Place.
- Lifshitz, 234 Utica Ave.
- Reicher, 328 Grafton street.
- Katz, 89 Saratoga Ave.
- Cohen, 85 Livonia Ave.
- Wilson, Saratoga & Livonia.
- Weinstein, 2080 Pitkin Ave.
- Gelfand, 382 Hindsdale street.
- Bloom, 385 Miller Ave.
- E. Cohen, Sutter Ave., B. M. T. Sta.

SOUTH BROOKLYN.

- Barish, 928 Fourth Ave.
- Zlotnick, 948 Fourth Ave.
- Pomerantz, 515 Fourth Ave.
- Lusterman, 3905 Fifth Ave.
- Meyers, 5019 Sixth Ave.
- H. Levin, 5211 Fifth Ave.
- Yimngatan, 3606 Eighth Ave.
- Ososky, 4213 Eighth Ave.
- Bovitz, 4903 Fifth Ave.
- Kerr, 5004 Eighth Ave.
- Perlow, 4302 Twelfth Ave.

CONEY ISLAND.

- B. Goldstein, 2525 Mermaid Ave.
- Markush, 2525 Mermaid Ave.
- Robins, 2527 Mermaid Ave.
- Brown's, 3024 Mermaid Ave.

Tell other workers what happens in your shop. Write a story and send it in to the DAILY WORKER. Order a bundle to distribute there.

Look for It in the DAILY WORKER BEGINNING SATURDAY, JULY 25

RUSSIA TODAY

THE OFFICIAL REPORT of the British Trade Union Delegation to Soviet Russia Sent by the Trade Union Congress General Council of England

EVERYDAY

this great document on every phase of life in Soviet Russia by an impartial official body of British Labor will be published serially in a uniform half-page instalment that will enable you to clip and preserve it in one book. Maps and graphic charts will be included.

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NEW YORK TAXI DRIVERS START UNIONIZATION

Chauffeurs Organize Yellow Cabmen

(By Worker Correspondent.)

NEW YORK, July 16.—The drive to organize the exploited taxicab drivers of this city has started. The campaign is gaining headway and to date over 1500 drivers have lined up, to fight for a living wage and the right to organize.

The fight is being conducted by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters and chauffeurs, and the question on the lips of all the drivers in this city is, is the union going to organize the independent taxi drivers or the Yellow taxi drivers or both?

The men in the employ of the "open shop" Yellow Taxi corporation, have for the past two years, been waiting for the officials of the teamsters union to come to the garage where they work and organize them and as yet nothing definite has been done to encourage organization amongst these drivers, who are known to be the most exploited and the lowest paid men in the taxicab industry in New York state.

The Yellow Taxi corporation employs three thousand drivers and if the officials of the teamsters are sincere, they should start at once to organize in the garages of the Yellows.

Organized in Bronx

The current Taxi Weekly states: "Advice has reached this office that the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, stablemen and helpers is organizing extensively in the Bronx. Jack Treuhart of 860 Dawson St., Bronx is in charge of all enrollment for that district.

"There is quite a need" he said, "for such an organization among taxicab drivers as the International Brotherhood. We have as many as 1,500 members already, and expect to greatly increase this number within the next two or three months.

"The Taxi Limousine Chauffeurs Union Local 643, desires good men. My own opinion is, when all the hackmen understand the advantage of this union that we will get practically 100 per cent membership."

Farmers Continue to Flock to City Survey Reveals

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.—The farm population of the United States decreased approximately 182,000 during 1924, according to estimates based on a survey of 25,000 representative farms made recently by the United States department of agriculture. This is a drop of 6 per cent during that year, the estimated farm population on January 1, 1925, being 31,134,000 compared with 31,316,000 on January 1, 1924. This estimate includes not only the agricultural workers, but all men, women and children living on the farms on that date.

The movement from farms to cities, towns and villages in 1924 is estimated at 2,075,000; the movement to farms was 1,396,000 making a net movement from the farm population of 679,000 persons, or 2.2 per cent. Births among the farm population during 1924 are estimated at 763,000 and deaths at 266,000 leaving a natural increase of 497,000 which reduced the loss due to the cityward movement to 182,000 or .6 per cent.

Fire Fighters Hurt

DENVER, Colo., July 16.—One man was injured, several fire fighters sustained slight burns and 1,000 acres of timberland were destroyed today in a forest fire that swept Coal Creek, 25 miles northwest of Denver. Scores of volunteer fighters battled the flames thruout the night and it was believed the fire was under control.

"GIFTS" OF OWNING CLASS ONLY AN INVESTMENT IN CONTINUING DICTATORSHIP OF CAPITALISTS

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press Industrial Editor)

GIVE Till It Hurts means nothing to the money princes who govern industry, endow education and generally distribute royal gifts to the glory of God and the admiration of the populace. They simply can't give till it hurts. They have too much. And if they could it would mean stepping down from the throne of exploitation to become a common man.

This is shown in an analysis of the gift of 16,000 shares of Standard Oil of California stock by John D. Rockefeller jr. to the Metropolitan Art Museum of New York. This gift was estimated to have a market value of about \$1,000,000. It gave John D. Jr., front page in all the big dailies—something Mrs. Jones would never get if she gave \$10 out of her insufficient wages to charity. But this \$1,000,000 gift represents less than 1 per cent of Rockefeller's holdings in Standard Oil of California and less than a quarter of 1 per cent of his holdings in all the various companies composing the Standard Oil group.

In 1922, according to Dow, Jones & Co., Rockefeller, jr. held 1,902,016 shares of Standard Oil of California with a market value of \$104,120,960. He held altogether in the several Standard Oil companies 7,633,390 shares representing about one-sixth of all the shares of these companies. The market value of his Standard Oil stock was figured at \$410,000,000 with annual dividends totaling about \$12,000,000.

THE magnificent gifts don't even represent a diminution in the control these multimillionaires exercise over industry. They give to institutions whose financial policy they govern. Take the General Education Board endowed by the Rockefeller's with at least \$126,000,000. The income from this huge sum represents tremendous influence upon the country's educational system. But the stocks held also represent an important block in the control of the oil industry, a block which cannot be split up thru inheritance.

The General Education Board holds 356,518 shares of Anglo-American Oil valued at \$7,500,000; 163,460 shares of Ohio Oil Co. at \$9,454,000; 42,099 shares of Prairie Oil & Gas at \$5,696,512; 52,569 shares of South Penn. Oil at \$9,540,510; and 737,650 shares of Standard Oil of New Jersey valued at \$22,500,000, to mention only the largest of its blocks of oil stocks. Altogether the ledger value of Standard Oil stocks held by the board totals \$68,669,000 which is probably under the true market value.

This huge block of oil stocks is permanently under the control of men who will represent the dominant financial interests.

COLLEGE funds also mean a similar large block of ownership in industry which can be manipulated by the financiers from whom all blessings flow. A survey by the bureau of railway economics found that 65 of the foremost educational institutions had productive investments to a total of approximately \$532,000,000. Of this amount \$148,271,000 was in railway securities.

Colleges with big blocks of railway securities include Leland Stanford in California with \$13,907,000; Harvard with \$13,681,000; Yale with \$12,536,000; John Hopkins with \$10,156,904; Columbia with \$9,967,000 and Mass. Institute of Technology with \$5,759,000.

Needless to say the dependence of universities on these securities for their incomes influences their view of the economic problem. Pennsylvania which fired Scott Nearing owns over \$5,000,000 of railway securities.

Spain Studies Wine Pact

MADRID, July 16.—The Spanish directory today studied Spain's agreement with the United States bearing on transit of wine cargoes on Spanish Ships thru American ports enroute to other countries. The directory wished to make sure the agreement works no harm to the richly remunerative Spanish wine industry.

Rush that Sub—Campaign ends July 1!

CHINESE IN CANADA HOLD PROTEST MEET

Denounce British for Bloody Oppression

VICTORIA, British Columbia, July 16.—(By Mail)—While July 1 in Canada is celebrated as "Dominion Day" with all due ceremony, flags and so on; with the Chinese it was "Humiliation Day" recording the anniversary of their nation's humiliation.

Over 600 Chinese packed the assembly room of the Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Association on Fisgard St. and listened to many speeches, some fiery, urging the severance of diplomatic relations with Britain, and others more temperate. The more fiery speakers expressed the belief that there was a stage beyond which no self-respecting people could go without losing their independence.

Boycott Advocated One moderate speaker counselled a complete and continuous boycott of everything British, with the boycott to be maintained against any country which enforced discriminatory laws against Chinese nationals.

Another speaker advocated the formation of a comprehensive union among the Chinese working in Canada, divided into sections covering domestic servants, industrial workers, etc., for the purpose of bettering their conditions and educating themselves in the modern methods of production. The Chinese Immigration Act, 1923, was recounted clause by clause, the humiliating clauses being emphasized and the Chinese people everywhere were asked by one speaker to remember the indignity to which their countrymen in Canada had been subjected.

Protest Measure

Finally a resolution was passed with every solemnity, that telegrams and letters be sent to the Chinese government, demanding that in any settlement that may be sought of the present troubles in China, the demand must be made for the cancellation of all the humiliating clause from the Chinese Immigration Act of 1923.

Another resolution was passed pledging the full support, financial and otherwise, of the Chinese in Canada to the demands made by the late Dr. Sun Yat Sen for the denunciation of all unequal treaties, at whatever cost, even at the cost of war.

As a silent but striking further protest the local Chinese took down on Dominion Day every flag in Chinatown, of whatever sort, their own flags included.

"Crushed Fruit" Has Juice Abstracted, Government Finds

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.—Fruit from which the juice has been abstracted in part should not be labeled "Crushed Fruit" or with other similar designations unless the name is immediately followed by an equally conspicuous declaration that juice has been abstracted, according to a recent ruling by the officials of the bureau of chemistry, United States department of agriculture, who are charged with the enforcement of the federal food and drugs act. The ruling states also that sugar and artificial color, when added, should be plainly declared on the label.

Information has come to the bureau of chemistry to the effect that the product designated "Crushed Fruit" which is shipped to soda fountains is deprived of a considerable proportion of its juice. The juice is used in making fountain syrup, jellies and the like.

"The arrangement is in the nature of an experiment," says the official announcement, "to determine whether it is practicable to make such an examination before the embarkation of the immigrant as may be safely substituted for the major part of the examination now made at American ports of entry.

"If the experiment proves successful this method will be applied to other countries that express a willingness to have the examinations made in their territory."

BIG SEAMEN'S STRIKE BEGINS IN AUSTRALIA; ALL SHIPPING BLOCKED

MELBOURNE, Australia, July 16.—The shipping strike ordered by the Seamen's Union began here Tuesday as scheduled and stopped all movements of vessels. The Herald reports the cabinet has agreed on a tentative plan for maintenance of essential services.

Ohio Federation to Convene August 10

STUEBENVILLE, O., July 16.—The 42nd annual convention, Ohio State Federation of Labor, opens in Steubenville August 10.

HINDENBURG'S "AMNESTY" FREES ONLY MONARCHISTS, FASCISTS AND SPIES, WORKERS KEPT IN PRISON

BERLIN, (By Mail) IRA.—The amnesty which was promised when the new president in Germany was elected, has not yet been proclaimed. Under the pressure of mass protests, however, Hindenburg has finally stated his noble intentions with regard to an amnesty. But do not ask what kind of an amnesty!

Mockery, a disgusting cynicism, are the answer to the demand of the German working class for a general amnesty. What kind of an amnesty will it actually be? The government press publishes the following on it:

Mockery of Amnesty "The amnesty includes all the cases of high treason, formation of secret societies, offences against the paragraphs 7 and 8 of the law for the protection of the republic as well as the crimes against the paragraph 5 of the decree of July 26th, 1922.

"The amnesty comprises all fines as well as jail, fortress and prison sentences up to one year. Hard labor sentences are excluded from the amnesty. The amnesty refers only to those sentences passed by national courts. (Reichs court and supreme state court.)

"Proceedings for offenses which are still going on, are stopped if the deed has been committed before the 1st of October 1923.

"This would include mainly the not yet tried participants in the Kapp Putsch. Apart from this national amnesty the states will proclaim amnesties. As the states will act uniformly, negotiations of a state amnesty are going on."

Hard Labor Prisoners Remain This, then, is the decree which is presented to the German workers under the glorious name of an amnesty. It is actually a mockery of the political prisoners and of the German working class it is an amnesty which is no amnesty, for all prisoners who have been sentenced before October 1st, 1923 and are still in prison, are hard labor prisoners. They will remain in the class of the notorious German prisoners.

And for those who have been persecuted after October, in the greatest time of unlimited class justice, the prison doors will not be opened at all. The many political trials which are still in preparation, are not stopped. For months and years prisoners have been awaiting their trials. The members of parliament Pfeiffer and Fritz Heckert, the leader of the C. P. G. Maslow and many others, all well-known Communist officials, will also be placed before the court.

Under such circumstances what does the amnesty bill of the government mean? For this one must know the judicial situation at present in Germany.

Craf Arco, the murderer of Eisner, is free but 23 participants in the Bavarian Soviet Republic of 1919 are still in the hard labor prison in Straubing. They have to do sentences from seven to 15 years. Today, six years after the bloody overthrow of the Munich Soviet Republic, the Bavarian court passes sentences against participants in this revolution.

Jagon, the only participant of the Kapp Putsch sentenced, is now free, but in German hard labor prisons there are still many proletarians who by their struggle against the Kappists saved the republic. Today still, five years later, proletarians are persecuted by class justice and thrown into prison because they have led the struggle against Kapp in accordance with the appeal of the national government, the political parties and the General Trade Union Federation.

The students of Marburg, the murderers of many workers in Mechttersdorf, are free—but in the hard labor prisons there are still hundreds of workers who participated in the revolt of March 1921.

Hamburg Workers Not Amnesteed The very few Hitler bandits who were sentenced for the Munich Putsch of 1923 are free—but thousands and thousands of honest workers who prepared themselves for the defence against the attack of the fascists in October 1923, are in the hard labor prisons. Many of them have not yet been before the court and have been in prison already for 20 months. The Hamburg exceptional courts

SHOP NUCLEUS FORCES BOSS TO GRANT VACATION

Factory Paper Scares Employer to Action

By BERT MILLER

NEW YORK, July 16.—Shop Nucleus No. 11 has been successful in securing vacations for a number of workers in the shop. This result was obtained in this interesting way.

A short time ago, the nucleus published its first number of a shop paper. The paper contained a complete expose of the conditions in this particular shop. It showed up the unsanitary toilet conditions. It made plain the tricks used by the boss to fool the workers. It showed up clearly who were the stool-pigeons in the shop. It listed a number of demands which the workers should make and called upon them to organize. In fact the keynote of the entire paper was—organization.

Put In Tool Boxes

After the paper was gotten up, it was distributed in the tool boxes before the workers came to work. The workers in the shop read the articles and comments with the greatest interest. They were surprised and delighted to find an organ which dealt with their own conditions in the shop. "Every word" said one worker, "is worth its weight in gold."

Paper Brings Results

But of course a copy of the shop paper fell into the hands of the boss. At first he blundered blindly about not knowing what to do. Then, fearing the knowledge which the paper was spreading, fearing the discontent which might result, the boss began to institute a system of paid vacations for a number of workers who had been on the job for a certain length of time.

But the workers of the shop know full well why this was done and are looking gratefully to the Bolsheviks who started the shop paper which immediately brought such good results.

CROUCH AND TRUMBULL FEEL THE MAILED FIST OF U. S. GOVERNMENT

By WALTER TRUMBULL (Special to The Daily Worker)

FORT SHAFTER GUARD HOUSE, HONOLULU, Hawaii, (By Mail)—The autocratic mailed fist of the military system in Hawaii is being felt by Comrade Crouch and me. To watch the authorities in action causes one to entertain grave doubts as to their sanity.

For instance, no "literature" is allowed in the guard-house. Even poetry is not permitted. Books on science, languages, military tactics and religion are permitted.

We can have newspapers, but the Century Magazine for instance, is prohibited by our czars. Musical instruments of all kinds are named in the "prohibited articles" list.

I requested that I be permitted to bring a book, dealing with the rudiments of music in the guard-house. The answer was: "No. Music is an art and art is prohibited." As a matter of fact, the composition of music is an exact science and becomes art only when interpreted in audible sound. The narrow-minded officers can not be expected to know that though.

On the morning of June 26, 1925, we went to work as usual. We were given an order at about eleven o'clock to report to the post adjutant. We reported to him and he called the "Officer of the day."

Returned to Guard-House

The conversation was as follows: "You are the officer of the day?" "Yes Sir." "These two men, Crouch and Trumbull are to be returned to the guard-house and are not to leave this boat. They are not to leave the guard-house by hook or crook without an order from the dept. commander. Do you understand?" "Yes Sir." "You will be held personally responsible for these men. See that they get to the guard-house and keep them there."

We were returned to the guard-

house and a sentry was posted inside the cell room to prevent us from speaking to each other. After one day the sentry was removed. Yesterday we went to work again.

Soldiers Eager For Communism

Most of the men at Fort Shafter are favorable to our cause. The field for propaganda is much greater here than at Schofield. We are doing all in our power to spread the truth and are listened to by eager soldiers on all sides.

I believe that I can safely say that four fifth of the enlisted personnel of the post are ready and willing to learn all about Communism. They are extremely friendly to us.

Mexican Government Buys Modern Machine Guns from Germany

MEXICO CITY, July 16.—Ten machine guns especially designed for anti-air craft use were in the hands of the war department today. They were delivered by a German ship and were said to be of the most efficient type.

- - The International Co-operative Day - -

APPEAL OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL.

THE London International Co-operative Alliance was held July 4th; the Third International Co-operative Propaganda Day. This should be on occasion for the millions of organized consumers to examine very carefully this organization and its attitude to the severe struggles of the working class. The co-operative day takes place at a time in which the attack of world capital upon the working class has again made great progress. The "stabilizing" of the capitalist regime means an enormous increase of the exploitation of the workers in town and country: high prices, unemployment, wage-cuts and lengthening of working hours are burdening the shoulders of the working class. By means of hunger and misery, the imperialist powers scourge their work slaves in order to render them defenseless against the preparations which are being made in feverish haste for a new world war.

IN all countries of the white terror the co-operative societies are destroyed or economically ruined. In Bulgaria innumerable co-operators have been killed or cast into prison, the property of the greatest revolutionary co-operative society, "Osvobodshdenye," has been confiscated and a torture chamber for prisoners has been set up in the premises of the co-operative society in Sofia. The social democrats have supported all these shameful acts. In Italy thousands of co-operative societies have been burnt down by the fascists, numerous co-operators have been voluntarily handed over to the fascists by the social reformists. In Hungary the social democrats have sold the great workers' consumers' co-operative society to Horthy. In Roumania the government of boyars has dissolved the Bessarabian co-operative society on account of its sympathies for Soviet Russia. In Poland the terror is raging against the class-conscious workers' co-operative societies.

In Germany the co-operative societies are financially ruined. After their own capital has been squandered during the war in war loans, the co-operative societies have been delivered over to finance capital. In Austria the policy of the social democrats has handed over the Hammerbrotwerke (Bakery) and the "nationalized" undertakings to finance capital. In Switzerland the co-operators, under the glorious leadership of the bourgeois and of the social reformists, supported the policy of the big bourgeoisie, the custom tariffs and the forcing up of prices. In France the co-operators, in spite of "harmonious collaboration" and in spite of their "valuable services" rendered during the war, are suffering from exceedingly heavy taxation. And in England, the motherland of the movement, the co-operators are using their considerable strength not in promoting the class interests of the proletariat membership, but they are acting as

the supports and tools of the capitalist regime. In all countries the co-operators are becoming the fields of exploitation for big capital, sources of petty bourgeois illusions and strongholds of social traitors' policy. In this time of severe struggles for existence on the part of the working class, of the need and misery of the members of the co-operators and their families, of the advance of reaction and the threatening danger of war, the co-operative alliance, in its manifesto for the 4th of July, is again doping the masses with pacifist phrases. IT is a mere mockery of the untold sufferings of the working class. It describes itself as the "germ cell of the United States of the world," and talks of "building up a happier social order." Behind the hypocritical mask of "political neutrality," the reformist and petty bourgeois leaders of the co-operators are betraying both the political and the economic interests of the workers.

The workers and employees in the co-operatives are exploited just the same as the workers in capitalist undertakings. This is shown by the ever-increasing number of strikes and lock-outs in the consumers' co-operators. The trade union demands are rejected. The prohibition of night work in the bakeries finds strenuous resistance before all on the part of the co-operative bureaucrats. A gigantic campaign of incitement is being conducted against the communists, who are summoning the masses to the fight against this anti-labor policy of the co-operative leaders. The leaders do not even shrink from expulsions and attempts to split the movement. Empty phrases, injurious spreading of illusions and open treachery, that is the theory and practice of the co-operative reformists. The co-operators can only become a sharp weapon in the hands of the proletarian consumers when they aban-

don the policy of coalition and reconciliation with capital and the bourgeoisie, and carry on, in common with the revolutionary workers' organizations, the fight for the defense of the interests of the workers. Only when the co-operators actively participate in the fight of the working class against high prices and profiteers, against the danger of war and fascism, will they become real fighting organizations of the proletariat on its way to overthrow capitalist exploitation. Look at Soviet Russia! THERE the workers and peasants together have overthrown the capitalist rule and established their Soviet Republic. There alone of all countries today is the co-operative foundation of the proletarian economic construction. There alone in whole world has the way been cleared for the economic and cultural advance of the working class. Convert Co-operative Day into a day for drawing the masses of co-operators into the revolutionary class front. Only by means of your mass pressure can the co-operators be converted into organizations for defending the working class. Demonstrate on Co-operative Day under the slogans: Against the capitalist and fascist offensive! Against the new preparations for imperialist war! Against the lowering of the standard of living of the masses! Against the unceasing treachery of the trade union and co-operative leaders! For the light of the co-operators in the defense of the vital interests of the proletariat! For the proletarian united front and the international fighting alliance of the co-operators with the trade unions! For the closest relations with the Soviet Co-operators! Long live the revolutionary class and fighting co-operators! The Executive Committee of the Communist International.

GENERAL FENG FLAYS FOES OF CHINA FREEDOM

Cables Article to Communist Weekly

(Continued from page 1)

and indignation thruout the length and breadth of China.

How is it possible for such deeds to take place in a so-called independent country? Suppose they had occurred in America, France or Italy, or Kemal Pasha's Turkey, a declaration of war would have been swiftly made against Britain, because these countries are sovereign and independent, not on paper but in reality. But just as subjugated India could not declare war against Britain for the Amritsar massacre, so China is unable to declare war against Britain for the recent British massacres at Shanghai and elsewhere.

Under Foreign Yoke.
Foreign imperialism, led by Britain, holds our country in real subjection. Foreign imperialism acts under the unequal treaties, the first of which was imposed on China by Britain in 1842. On the basis of these treaties, the imperialist powers have developed an international system of rule under which:

(a) British and other foreign nationals are not bound by our labor, factory, or fiscal legislation, nor by any other of our national laws and are wholly outside of the jurisdiction of all our courts of justice.

(b) British and other foreigners govern areas known as settlements (like Shanghai), concessions, and leased territories, which are really strategic fortresses where foreign capitalism controls and dominates our import and export trade and fixes and regulates (in the interests of foreign owned banks and international finance) the money exchange rate between China and the world's money market. These centres, serving as safe asylums for defeated militarists and corrupt officials, do in fact constitute a real factor of political disorganization and administrative inefficiency and corruption in China.

Big Dumping Ground.
(c) Owing to foreign control of our customs administration not only is China denied the right to fix her own customs tariff, but she is undoubtedly becoming an international dumping ground for the products of the sweated labor of the capitalist states of the world.

Nationalist China, in whose name I speak, demands liberation from the imperialist system, which is based on the unequal treaties, and therefore the abrogation of these treaties and the negotiation of new ones on the principle of China's equality with every other sovereign and independent state. As long as foreign imperialism holds my country in subjection, the repetition of British massacres like those at Shanghai is inevitable.

And while we are a patient and peaceful people, there is a limit to our capacity for suffering massacres at the hands of the British imperialists. —Feng-Yu-Hsiang.

RUMANIAN TERROR TRIES FIVE HUNDRED BESSARABIAN PEASANTS FOR ATTEMPT TO FORM SOVIETS

...BUKHAREST, Rumania. (By Mail)—According to information of the press the trial of the 500 peasants of Kishinev was to take place on June 23. In connection with this it is rather interesting to recall an insurrection of the Bessarabian peasants, that took place in the year 1919.

The Rumanian occupants who obtained in the year 1918 the appreciate title-deed of "voluntary" annexation of Bessarabia to Rumania, felt rather on their high horse and began to rule with the aid of whip and bayonet. The registration and simultaneous requisition of grain-supplies was announced. After a few days a severe conflict sprang up with the representatives of the local authorities; single cases of murders, assassination of gendarmes and military representatives of the occupants took place.

Peasants Revolt Against Tyranny.
The rural gendarmes were given unlimited power and we have to do justice to them—they made good use of it. Every village, every hamlet turned into a separate kind of some vassal's principedom, where the sovereign was the gendarme, endowed with the right to "execute and pardon." The logical response to such a system of government was the unanimous revolt of the North of Bessarabia, before the anniversary of the "reunion" between the "Tsaria Mummy" (mother country) and its "daughter"—Bessarabia.

The revolt broke out in the county of Khotinsk and spread quickly over the Soroksk county that is mainly populated by Moldavians. The spontaneous cruelty with which the peasants got even with the occupants can illustrate best the tender "love" that the whole population of Bessarabia cherished towards Roumania. Almost the entire population took part in the insurrection. The avenging hand struck first the celebrated Rumanian hangman, Gen. Paeta, who was killed in the village of Ataka by the 17 year old son of a worker. In the village of Oknitsa a 50 years old peasant personally fired from machine-gun at the offensive Rumanian cavalry.

During two weeks the revolted district enjoyed full liberty. The occupants became perplexed, not being in a position to master the high tide of the mass rebellion. The insurrection grew with irresistible rapidity. The Rumanian soldiers were captured by scores and as it seemed, it was only necessary to get in touch with the center of Bessarabia and success was secured.

Needed Workers' Aid.
But the rebels could not avoid the general fate of all the spontaneous peasants' movements that are not supported by the will-power of the industrial proletariat. Soon reinforcements arrived from the center of Rumania and with the aid of the army "order" was "reestablished." The cable announcing that the insurrection had been put down runs as follows: "After prolonged resistance the Bessarabian rebels were dislodged from Khotin by the gathered united force. The rioters retreated beyond Dniester."

According to data given by the refugee department of Kamenetz-Podolsk there are 50,000 peasants living in the one county of Kamenetz who "retreated beyond the Dniester."

How "order" was reestablished can be seen from the ruins on the road between Khotin and Novoselsk.

DISTRICT NO. 18 MINERS BESET ON ALL SIDES

Splitters, Fakers and Bosses' All Enemies

(Continued from page 1)

cuss the question, no vote was given them to ratify or reject the illegal agreement, and no explanation were offered them.

The miners of that valley were offered a settlement at the old wage scale, which was in existence prior to the latest cut-off attempted cut, and were further offered the right to belong to whatever union they wished to, and the guarantee that the coal operators would recognize their union, providing the men would go back to work pending a settlement for the whole valley. This the men refused to do and are standing for an agreement for the whole valley, and the right to have one union of the men's choosing.

In the face of this the union officials have signed an agreement that is a great deal worse than the one that the men could have got themselves, and in a desperate effort to put it over the labor-fakers are resorting to any and all methods they think necessary to accomplish their treacherous desires.

Police Begin Violence.
On Thursday evening July 9th, a group of boys were playing near the coal company's property when a dozen or more policemen chased the boys down the hillside, and sent a couple of shots into them, striking one boy who today lies in a very critical condition with no hope of recovery. Everything that can be done to goad the men to commit violence is being carried on to supply the excuse needed for a general massacre, but up to the moment of writing the friends of Lewis with their gunmen and police have failed to break the spirit of the strikers, or succeed in their attempt to split solidarity.

The Drumheller men are determined to fight for an agreement for the whole of the valley with no reductions in wages, or reduced condition and the balance of the men in the valley are rallying to their support, even the scabs quitting and repudiating the coal company.

The following resolution was passed at one of the local unions, and shows the sentiment of the men in the district, and their feelings for their fake officials.

To Officers and Members of District 18, U. M. W. of A.—Greetings,
"WHEREAS, the present district officials have by their policy of class collaboration, deliberately played into the hands of the coal operators, causing the disruption of District 18, and
"WHEREAS, our district officers have viciously attacked the active union men of the district, more especially those of Sub-District 5, and are at present openly sabotaging their duty, acting as dictators rather than as servants. They have not only negotiated a wage reduction for the Red Deer Valley Mine Workers, but have done so without the sanction of the rank and file or their representatives and without taking a referendum vote on the question of endorsing the new wage scale, and
"WHEREAS, they are now openly co-operating with the coal operators of the Drumheller Valley, and with the police in forcing the miners of Sub-District 5 to accept unthinkably low standards of living, and at the same time pay per capita to the present incompetents in the district office, which action from the point of view of the workers, amounts to betrayal after betrayal

"THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that this local union circularize the remaining locals of old District 18 demanding that they force the present district officers to resign, and make room for such miners' representatives as will work in the interests of the mine workers and the working class as a whole, and
"BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we are for the SOLIDARITY of the mine workers of this district, for a union in reality, not merely union in name; we are against splits, even though those who are working for a split profess to seek the interests of the United Mine Workers of America, and
"BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we will not tolerate another commission in this district."

"Your fraternally,
ROY REID,
JOHN MICHALUK,
J. BEREN,
Resolutions Committee."

Seal of Local Union No. 306

1924 Production Only Five Per Cent Below 1923, Hoover Reports

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.—"The American people have little cause to complain of our economic situation during the year 1924," says Herbert Hoover in a foreword to Commerce Year Book. Even agriculture has shown partial recovery and industrial production was only 5 per cent less than 1923, the banner year.

Another new Sub—Makes another Communist.



BUILDERS AT WORK

This Is the Second Important Notice

Twice for Importance

For the second time notice is being made in this column of the special Anti-Imperialist (July) issue of the WORKERS MONTHLY.

The importance of a wide distribution of this issue cannot be stressed enough. Today when Imperialism is becoming an ever more important question to the workers, when the Chinese situation is drawing world wide attention, it is most essential to distribute a Communist analysis of the meaning of imperialism to the working class.

Just What's in This Issue

For the information of every worker (and the shop and trade union are the best places) this issue of the WORKERS MONTHLY gives side-light on not only the new development in China but many angles on our own American Imperialism and its many and increasing tenacles. Just what Imperialism is, how it operates, why—and how it affects the working class—all these questions are answered for the worker in this special issue of the WORKERS MONTHLY which is one of the very best that has ever appeared.

The many photographs and splendid cartoons are additional features to draw the interest of every worker. Get a bundle of this issue at once. Sell it, distribute it—Build the American Communist movement!

A Word About Free Distribution

A few hundred copies of back numbers still remain in our files. The best place for these copies to be is in a worker's hands. Will you help us get them there? A free bundle of back numbers of the WORKERS MONTHLY will be sent to you without charge and postpaid IF you will see to it that they are distributed where they will do most good.

Here is a splendid way to do a nice job of Communist propaganda work. Will you do it? Tell us how many copies you can use—you'll get them in a hurry.

Letters from Our Readers

He Likes Our Paper.
To the DAILY WORKER: I congratulate you. You are getting out a Red Hot Paper! So much information about world-wide events which the organs of plutocracy will not publish.

I became a radical 30 years ago. I was a "working stiff" then. Now I work the bees and the orchards.

I am a member of the socialist party of California by virtue of registration only. I have been a candidate of said party many times, came within 300 votes of being elected to the city council in 1911.

How They Betrayed Workers.
The socialist party is dead and what is left of it is a joke. I was chairman on arrangements two years ago when they trotted poor old brokendown Debs out to the west to reorganize—no, to get the cash. The yellow state committee set the admission fee at \$1.00 and \$1.50. When I protested and said in an angry frame of mind that the "working stiff" will not and cannot pay that price, I was told by Alexander Horr (the little Napoleon) "Well, they didn't get them either. Did they rebuild the party at that time? Bunk! They talked loud as long as the money lasted."

After the state convention last fall we had some meetings in a park here in Sacramento. The yellow bosses told us "We should not mention socialism."

I have seen so much dirty work in the socialist party in the last few years, I must say, "how can they expect an honest radical to join such company?" Why is it that they use only poor old Debs? Why don't they send some of their damned slyster lawyers out?

Cooperatives Under Capitalism.
I was a director of a so-called marketing exchange of California. I was put on the state executive committee. Then I learned that I was expected to help the First National Bank of Los Angeles saddle a debt of \$367,000 on the honey producers of California. They promised me the job of president. I absolutely refused and I told the members "tell them to go to hell." All this happened between 1918-22. They have since tried to collect the \$367,000 with small success.

Practically every co-operative marketing exchange is under a Dawes plan. I call co-operating marketing a new and better way to skin the cat. And only a damned fool will stay with such a crooked game.

I am waiting for the new crop so will send only \$3.50 for six months now. But you can count on my being a regular subscriber.

When I am called a Bolshevik, I say: "Thank you for the compliment." Best wishes. Very fraternally yours, Caspar Nausser.

EXPLOSION IN DU PONT POWDER PLANT INJURES NINE, SOME FATALLY

BARESDALE, Wis., July 16.—At least nine men were injured, some probably fatally, in a blast which destroyed several buildings at the Du Pont Powder Company's plant here.

A complete check-up on casualties has not yet been possible. The cause of the explosion has not been announced.

FUNDS POURING IN FOR DEFENSE OF PRISONERS

Hat and Cap Makers Get First Receipt

As announced at the National Conference for Labor Defense held in Chicago on June 23 the machinery of the Labor Defense Council has been turned over to the new International Labor Defense founded by the above conference. Receipts for defense donations, therefore are now being issued by the International Labor Defense at 23 South Lincoln St.

The drive for the Defense of the Pittsburgh cases initiated by the L. D. C. is being carried on by the I. L. D. The returns on the Pittsburgh Defense donations as well as contributions to build the new organization are now coming in.

In the last week of June, thru June 30, the Labor Defense Council received the following remittances:

C. Garfinkel, Chicago	7.10
L. D. C. Local, Seattle, Wash.	48.20
T. Lewis, San Francisco, Cal.	4.00
L. D. C. Local, Chicago	300.00
Delink, Chicago	33.13
W. S. & D. B. F. No. 106, Chicago	5.00
A. L. W. L. A. No. 38, Benwood, W. Va.	5.00
Y. W. L. Br., New Haven	3.00
M. Stanovich, Dillies Bottom, O.	8.00
Douglas Br W. P. Chicago	4.00
S. S. Osasto, Brentwood, Wis.	3.00
Machinists, No. 337, Chicago	4.00
Mary Ferguson	50.00
Finnish Br., San Francisco, Cal.	30.00
Local No. 41, J. H. & P. U. W. U. H.	10.00
Bulgarian Br., Pontiac, Mich.	24.00
Russian Br., Scranton, Pa.	24.00
Local No. 151—B. L. & H. C., Schenectady, N. Y.	10.00
N. Raud, Donnelley, Idaho	4.00
S. Slavik Federation	72.55
S. Ratick, Galloway, W. Va.	9.50
A. Boehle, No. 25, I. H. C. U.	5.00
Russian Br., Gary	15.00
S. Menskur, Boston	5.00
J. Fitzsimmons, Canton, Ohio	4.00
Edward Royce	5.00
J. Janulvina, Chicago	5.25
Delink, Chicago	15.30

Hat and Cap Makers.

The first organization to remit \$24.00 or more for 6 full sheets of coupons were:

S. S. Osasto, Hanna, Wyo.	\$37.00
Russian Br., Scranton, Pa.	24.00
Bulgarian Br., Pontiac, Mich.	24.00

On July 1, the International Labor Defense began issuing receipts and the Hat and Cap Makers Union No. 1, of New York City, was one of the first organizations to receive an I. L. D. receipt. Others were:

P. Pinta, (Czecho-Slovak Br.) Chicago	5.00
S. Stiller, Local No. 1 United Cloth Hat & Cap Makers Union, N. Y. C.	25.00
Hilda Edwick (Finnish Br.) Woodlawn, Wash.	2.75
T. Drydyk, Amboy, N. Y.	5.50
E. Gibertini, Chicago	9.00
Workmen's Circle No. 715; Brockton, Mass.	8.00
W. Blyznick (Ukr. Dram. Club) Buffalo, N. Y.	10.00
Armenian Br., Chicago	8.27
L. D. C. Chicago Br.	93.42

Your neighbor would like to read this issue of the DAILY WORKER. Be neighborly—give it to him!

OUR DAILY PATTERNS

A SIMPLE DAINTY PARTY FROCK A COMFORTABLE APRON STYLE



4915. Crepe de chine, taffeta or voile could be used for this style. It is also good for gingham, wool or cotton crepe, or challie.

The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 1, 2, 4 and 5 years. A 4 year size requires 1 1/2 yard of 32 inch material.

NOTICE TO PATTERN BUYERS—The patterns being sold thru the DAILY WORKER pattern department are furnished by a New York firm of pattern manufacturers. Orders are forwarded by the DAILY WORKER every day as received, and they are mailed by the manufacturer direct to the customer. The DAILY WORKER does not keep a stock of patterns on hand. Delivery of patterns ordinarily will take at least 10 days from the date of mailing the order. Do not become impatient if your pattern is delayed.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps.

PITTSBURGH, PA.
To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent on all their dental work.

DR. RASNICK DENTIST
645 Smithfield Street.



5039. This simple design may be attractively developed in linen, unbleached muslin, sateen, gingham or percale.

The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: Small, medium, large and extra large. A medium size requires 2 1/2 yards of 32 inch material.

FASHION BOOK NOTICE!
Send 12c in silver or stamps for our up-to-date Spring and Summer 1925 Book of Fashions showing color plates and containing 600 designs of ladies', misses', and children's patterns, a concise and comprehensive article on dress-making, also some points for the needle (illustrating 30 of the various simple stitches), all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

Your Union Meeting

- Third Friday, July 17, 1925.
 - 237 Bakers and Conf., 3420 W. Roosevelt St., S. P. M.
 - 8 Bookbinders, 175 W. Washington St., S. P. M.
 - 29 Broom Makers, 810 W. Harrison St. Building Trades Council, 180 W. Washington.
 - 1 Carpenters, 175 W. Washington.
 - 70 Carpenters, 2705 W. 35th St. Carpenters' Dist. Council, 180 W. Washington St.
 - 2200 Carpenters, 4539 S. Halsted St.
 - 9 Electricians, 2901 W. Monroe St.
 - 214 Electricians, 4141 W. Lake St.
 - 779 Electricians, R. R., 5324 S. Halsted St.
 - 564 Firemen and Enginemen, 5438 S. Halsted St.
 - 84 Glass Workers, Emily and Marshall.
 - 225 Hod Carriers, Monroe and Peoria Sts.
 - Ladies' Garment Workers, Joint Board, 328 W. Van Buren St.
 - 83 Machinists, 113 S. Ashland Blvd.
 - 113 Machinists, 313 S. Ashland Blvd.
 - 273 Painters, 2345 So. Kedzie Ave.
 - 637 Painters, School and Sheffield Ave.
 - 863 Painters, 3140 Indiana Ave.
 - 1332 Painters, 3140 Indiana Ave.
 - Pattern Makers, 119 S. Throop St.
 - 612 Plumbers, 9251 S. Chicago Ave.
 - 346 Railway Carmen, Village Hall, Kozie, Ill.
 - 376 Railway Carmen, Village Hall, Kozie, Ill.
 - 998 Railway Carmen, 5445 S. Ashland Ave.
 - 328 Railway Clerks, 20 W. Randolph St.
 - 679 Railway Clerks, 5 S. Clinton St.
 - 1356 Railway Clerks, Ft. Dearborn Hotel.
 - 4 Railroad Trainmen, 1538 E. 64th St.
 - 119 Railroad Trainmen, 3245 North Ave.
 - 198 Railroad Trainmen, 9120 Commercial Ave.
 - 367 Sheet Metal Workers, Ashland and Van Buren.
 - South Chicago Trades and Labor Assembly, 9139 Commercial Ave.
 - 2 Stage Hands, 412 Capitol Bldg.
 - 12 Stove Mounters, 3609 W. Irving Ave.
 - 3 Teachers (Women), Women's City Club Rooms, 430 p. m. Telegraphers (Com.), 312 S. Clark St.
 - 484 Waitresses, 19 W. Adams Street, 3 P. M.
 - Women's Union Label League 220 S. Ashland Blvd.
- (Note—Unless otherwise stated all meetings are at 8 P. M.)

D. S. ZIMMERMAN DENTIST
2332 N. CALIFORNIA AVE. Phone ARMITAGE 7466

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WILLIAM F. DUNNE }Editors
MORITZ J. LOEB }Business Manager

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Advertising rates on application.

Wall Street's Four Fronts in China

The insistence of the American state department on a conference of all powers signing the treaties of the Washington convention to go into the question of extra-territorial rights in China, delivered to President Tuan Chi-wei by Ambassador McMurray, is evidence of the widening breach between American and British imperialism and American and Japanese imperialism.

Coming at a time when Australia is in the American market for a \$100,000,000 loan and the biggest American fleet ever assembled in the Pacific is making a tour of the Far Eastern ports, only a blind man can fail to see that the much touted Anglo-American bloc is only a veil for a deep-seated and irreconcilable conflict between these two dominant imperialisms.

Under the guise of friendship for the Chinese government and people, American imperialism is putting tremendous pressure on her British and Japanese rivals in China. They now enjoy advantages of extra-territoriality and control of customs revenues in which American imperialism does not participate. To demand the same advantages would be to undecieve many Chinese who see in America a friend because she has not heretofore insisted on special privileges and gone in for extensive armed conquest as have the British and Japanese.

It is much simpler and more effective to force Britain and Japan to relinquish their advantages and in this way place American imperialism on an equal footing with them in China.

American finance capital has nothing to lose and everything to gain by such a policy.

It has one advantage in particular—America appears in China as a champion of the territorial integrity of the Chinese republic and thus serves to offset the influence of Soviet Russia—the proletarian power that American imperialism is shrewd enough to recognize as its real enemy in China.

American imperialism is operating in China on three fronts openly—against Great Britain, against Japan, against Soviet Russia. Secretly it is fighting on another front—against the liberty of the Chinese masses.

Just as Wall Street in Mexico frees the Mexican masses from the oppression of British imperialism so that it can set up a more stringent form of slavery under its hegemony, so in China it demands the abolition of extra-territoriality laws in order that it can have at least an equal opportunity with Great Britain and Japan to enslave the millions of Chinese workers and peasants.

That it will have to fight Great Britain or Japan, or both, to establish equal rights for American imperialism is unquestionable. The anti-Japanese attitude of the American press seems to indicate that Japan will be the first foe.

The drive for militarization of the nation, the increased naval appropriations, the anxiety over the fortifications in the Pacific possessions are sure signs that American imperialism prepares for war in the Pacific.

To challenge the extra-territoriality rights of Britain and Japan in China means war and this is exactly what American imperialism is doing.

The slogan of the next war can almost be heard now: "Freedom and American democracy for China."

In 1898 we "freed" Cuba with a similar slogan. The Chinese masses will achieve freedom in spite of the American imperialists if the American working class forces a genuine "Hand Off China" policy and keeps the bloody hands of Wall Street from the throats of the Chinese workers and peasants.

Darrow Sidesteps in Dayton

Fundamentalists can be understood. They stand on the bible as the word of their god and close their minds to reason.

Believers in the materialist conception of history stand on the sure ground of science and are able to show that religion has evolved from the fears and ignorance of our savage ancestors—that geology, ethnology, biology, physics, chemistry and the kindred sciences, historical research and the sociological sciences all prove the mythical character of all religions.

Communists are content to rest their case against religion on scientific proof with additional evidence of its use to enslave mankind.

But what can be said for the defenders of Scopes who seek to prove that a belief in evolution is compatible with a belief in religious dogmas—that there is no conflict between religion and science?

The best that can be said for them is that they are even bigger fools than the fundamentalists who have enough fanatical cunning to feel that the issue is between religion and science, between light and darkness.

The theologians of all ages have fought every advancement of knowledge. They have fought also that freedom of inquiry which leads to knowledge and the opening of the Scopes trial with prayer at each session is symbolic of the belief in a being to whom appeal from the decisions of earthly men can be taken.

It is no far cry from the human sacrifices on the altars of tribal gods to the spectacle in Dayton, Tennessee. Nor is there any great difference between the banishment of the jury when scientific evidence is being taken and the secret hearings and torture of the inquisition.

No conflict between religion and the doctrine of evolution?

No conflict between religion and science?

Whoever does not know that this is one aspect of the age long struggle between master and slave is a fool and who knows and still denies it is a hypocrite.

The need of modern capitalism for scientific processes and mastery of nature has served to gloss over the conflict between religion and science and conceal its essentially class character. The Scopes defense is fighting no clean cut battle, but more than the mediaeval-minded Bryanites is befogging the issues involved.

Only the Communists stand squarely against religion as "the opium of the people."

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for the DAILY WORKER.

The Militarization of Railway Labor

By William F. Dunne

AMERICAN railroads are ready for the next war.

At a conference held in Washington, the exact date of which is not known but which was reported in the New York Times of June 22, a complete scheme for mobilization of rail transport was submitted to the gathering composed of "rail transportation officials and businessmen."

The basis of the scheme for military control, as outlined by Assistant Secretary of War Davis to the conference is:

1. Possession and control by the government of the lines taken over is essential in order that the government, in carrying out the war program, may make the necessary demands upon the railroads and insure obedience to these demands as a matter of right.

2. Effective mobilization and use of the transportation resources is impossible unless the lines taken over are operated as a single system under one control and one administration.

3. Requirements of the government can be carried out most effectively, intelligently and successfully by availing of the existing organizations of the several companies and by making full use of the trained experience and skill of their personnel. Too violent changes in either organization or methods of procedure are liable to have an adverse effect on efficiency and morale.

THE army appropriations act, passed August 29, 1916, gives the president, acting thru the secretary of war, the power to take possession and control of the railroads. This law was enacted six months before this country entered the world war in April, 1917.

How many people know of such a

measure?

The control of all matters relating to the railroads, under the scheme placed before the conference, will be vested in the hands of a single individual appointed by the secretary of war. There will be an executive board of railroad presidents who will be nominated by the Association of Railway Executives subject to the approval of the secretary of war. This executive board will deal only with questions of policy, however, the actual management of the roads being vested in the secretary of the war department and his assistant. The plan states:

...it should be the policy of the secretary of war to encourage the initiative and management of his executive assistant by placing upon him the responsibilities for general management.

THE railroads are not going to lose any revenue under the plan. They will be paid:

... a sum equivalent to the average annual net railway operating income for the three years ended on the thirty-first day of December next preceding... except that if exceptional or abnormal conditions were found by the president to exist during all or a substantial portion of such period of three years which justify a larger or smaller compensation... and in any event due allowance in the compensation should be made for the use of additional, improvements on equipment, the use of which was not fully reflected in the operating railways revenue of the said three years...

THE railway owners seem to have taken care of themselves very well in the matter of payment for their properties while the war necessity

exists. The question arises:

Why, since the capitalist press of America constantly points out the superiority of private over government control, continually lauds the efficiency of the present railway management and fights militantly all measures for the extension of government control, have the railway executives, who since the last war have been claiming that government control ruined their properties, submitted tamely to the plan proposed by the war department?

THERE are probably two reasons: First, the Coolidge administration can be trusted to work no hardship of the railway stockholders and to see that the clause in the war plan dealing with compensation is interpreted liberally—in meaning and in cash.

Second, there is the feeling that the international situation is pregnant with war and that in the event of hostilities it is better to militarize the railroads before railway labor gets a chance to take advantage of the situation. The most militant opponents of government interference in business never hesitates to encourage such interference when it will aid him in crushing labor.

THE railway brotherhoods are the most conservative unions in America. They do not strike, they feel, for the most part, that they are part of American capitalism and are loyal to what are called "American institutions." They have made no protest while the process of militarizing the transportation systems has been going on.

The unions have said nothing while skeleton army units have been set up on the railroads and the master mechanics, trainmasters, roadmasters, divi-

sion superintendents general managers all the official personnel have acquired military rank in the national army ranging from lieutenant to general.

The officialdom of the railway unions have made no protest while a steel web of military discipline, which can be tightened the moment a Wall Street president declares a "national emergency," has been woven around the membership.

THE railway workers of the United States have already become part of the military forces of the American imperialism. Most of them do not know it yet but they will learn the bitter truth when they find that they have been drafted to serve under the same bosses they have to fight to prevent their standard of living being reduced. These bosses have been given military rank, the railway workers will be the troopers, their daily tasks will be to carry out the orders of superiors who can and will order them before a firing squad the moment they protest—in "a national emergency."

Who is so foolish as to think that the rulers of America go to all this trouble for "defense?" Or that unless they have plans of world domination leading inevitably to wars of conquest, they secure agreement from the railway capitalists for government control, under the dictatorship of two men—the secretary of war and his assistant—at a time when violent protestation of the peaceful intentions of America emanate from the White House daily, and the slogan of "no government in business" resounds in every haunt of the ruling class and its hangers-on, from the Civic Federation, the Security League and the Union League Club to the humblest gather-

ing of kiwanises and rotarians?

NO! The American railroads, so far as railway capital is concerned, are ready for the next war.

It remains only to consolidate the skeleton military units on the railroads into actual regiments and divisions offered by the same individuals whom the railway workers have to fight in peace time. War, being the extension of capitalist competition to its logical conclusion, makes it logical also that the railway workers should, as part of the imperialist war machine be bullied by the agents of the railway capitalists.

LET the railway workers examine the evidence submitted here. The evidence of their betrayal into the hands of war-mongers.

They will see that while the railway labor board has been fighting them on matters of small wage increases and working conditions, the rest of the government apparatus has been strengthening the machinery by which the workers can be deprived of their civilian status at any time the rulers decide it necessary.

In every local union of every railway organization this matter should be brought up and the official instructed to immediately organize the unions for resistance to this wholesale militarization. If the officials do not act it is proof that this scheme has been carried out with their knowledge and that the membership must devise ways and means of bringing mass pressure on both the union officials and the government for the repeal of all military measures.

The time to begin to fight this industrial conscription for imperialist war is now.

MAY KEEP BRYAN FROM MAKING AN ASS OF HIMSELF

But It Will Be Hard Job for the State

DAYTON, Tenn., July 16.—William Jennings Bryan, hailed as the "evangelical leader of the prosecution," may be barred from making a new "cross of gold" speech in the Scopes anti-evolution trial, it was learned today.

Although he has waited in the stuffy courtroom for a week fanning himself patiently while other orators held the spotlight, Bryan may be counted out in his chair. Under the prosecution's present plans, it was learned, Bryan will not be called upon to speak upon any point of law. If he does speak, it will be on evolution and its relation to the bible, which the defense has been trying to expound in the trial.

If the defense fails in this effort, as was widely predicted today, the champion self-advertiser will be without a subject for the first time in his life. He will have come from Florida, dropping his Chautauqua engagements, merely for a vacation in a heat stricken community, far from the luxuries of life. For if the scientific evidence is forbidden by Judge John T. Raulston, Bryan will likewise be prohibited from touching upon evolution, from attacking the modernist cause, from defending fundamentalism and from endorsing the biblical story of the divine creation of man.

These subjects eliminated, the noted real estate dealer might just as well have remained in Florida. His speech, if he makes one under these circumstances, could deal only with the testimony of two fair haired high school youngsters who said Scopes taught something or other from page 155 of Hunters' biology.

Omaha Street Meetings Win Workers' Interest in Communist Movement

OMAHA, Nebr., July 16.—We held very successful street meetings in Omaha with Comrade J. E. Snyder talking on class war prisoners, general strike, unity movement, imperialism and the Chinese situation. We had good crowds and the DAILY WORKER, the Workers' Monthly and our party literature were sold and distributed. These meetings brot us a large number of inquiries and we feel they were highly worthwhile.

The Comrade Snyder has left for Sioux City to join Alfred Knutson for a speaking trip thru the small towns and farming communities, the open air meetings have not been stopped. Comrade David Coutts is delivering splendid talks every evening at 16th and Capital Ave., between 8 and 9:30 with Comrade Patten acting chairman. All readers of the DAILY WORKER are invited to attend.

"Pacifist" For Big Navy. LOS ANGELES, July 16.—David Starr Jordan, the liberal pacifist, declared in a speech before the council of international relations a "peace" organization, that "as long as the United States has a navy, it ought to be a good one."

Jordan spoke on the same platform with Secretary Wilbur, who condemned the pacifists and spoke for further armament.

HANG SCOTT ON SON'S BIRTHDAY, NOT ALLOWED TO EMBRACE HIS WIFE

Six feet of space between them, not permitted to embrace one another and two guards present, Russell Scott and his wife, Catherine, bade their last adieu today.

Scott is to hang this morning for the murder of Joseph Maurer, a drug store clerk.

"Don't tell my little boy that his father was hanged on his seventh birthday," he said.

Governor Small denied appeals by Mrs. Scott and Scott's father that he intervene in the execution.

FRANCE NOT TO LEAVE COLOGNE AS PACT PRICE

PARIS, July 16.—The foreign office announced today that should Herr Stresemann, German foreign minister, in his reply to Foreign Minister Briand make the military evacuation of Cologne a condition precedent to the entry by Germany into a security pact, the reply would be entirely unacceptable.

Rumors that such a condition would be proposed by Berlin have reached the Quai d'Orsay.

Forest Fires Sweep Montana and Idaho, Still Uncontrolled

MISSOULA, Mont., July 16.—"The most menacing in many years" was the way officials today characterized the forest fire situation thruout Montana and northern Idaho.

Two new fires were reported from the Custer national forest in eastern Montana, previously considered "fire proof."

A total of more than 400 fires have been reported in western Montana, and the Idaho panhandle. Many of these have been controlled, but others have spread until scores of dangerous fires are now burning in the Kootenai, Pend O'Reille and Kankishu national forests.

Cal Boosts Commercial Aviation. SWAMPSCOTT, Mass., July 16.—President Coolidge today accepted the resignation of Col. Paul Henderson, of Chicago, as second assistant postmaster general, effective July 31.

"I understand you are engaged in commercial aviation," the president wrote. "Altho this is not work for the government I feel sure that you will contribute to the progress of commercial aviation in such a manner as to render a public service."

The government feels that the commercial planes can be turned into a war fleet on short notice.

MEXICAN GENERALS IN DUEL TO DEATH OVER FAVORS OF SHOW GIRL

MEXICO CITY, July 16.—Identities of the two generals said to have fought a duel to the death over a Mexican show girl remained hidden today. Army officials promised the names would be made known when a complete investigation had been made.

THE SLEEPER



Wage Fight on New Injunction Law

(Continued from page 1)

violence, claiming that there were acts of violence committed every day.

"You have a hundred policemen on the job, they seem to handle the situation pretty well for you," replied Cunnea.

Always Urgent. "This is an urgent matter," repeated the bosses' slyster.

"Did you ever see one of these requests for an injunction against strikers that wasn't urgent for the employers?" asked Cunnea.

Judge Foell became very much interested in the violence charges. "Violence must stop," said the judge. "Will you give me your word that violence will stop, Mr. Cunnea?"

"If there is any violence committed it is instigated by the employers and the police," said Cunnea. "They arrest men and women there indiscriminately, and finger print them as if they were criminals."

Who Expects Foell to "Look Favorably?"

Judge Foell warned the attorney for the strikers to tell his clients that he would not look very favorably on their side of the case if acts of violence continued (as if a capitalist judge would ever look favorably on the workers' side of the case.)

Cunnea tried to have the case set over until Friday while the bosses' attorneys pleaded again for an immediate hearing. With two cases on his hands already set the judge said he probably would have to wait until

Friday to hear the injunction plea.

Three More "Criminals."

Yesterday two strikers were arrested absolutely without any cause, and another got a place in the wagon for good measure. The strikers gathered around the wagon and gave the victims rousing cheers, to which a police sergeant objected and threatened arrest of demonstrators. But nobody paid any attention to him or any other cop.

Yesterday the Italian business agent, De Fellich, addressed the strike meeting and got an enthusiastic reception. The meeting was interrupted somewhat by camera men taking pictures of the crowd of strikers. Everybody was jolly and wanted to get into the picture and show their faces among the workers who are standing firmly for the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union and against the open shop.

New Trick—Same Old Failure.

The I. T. C. is now trying something new to get scabs. It has obtained, by some underground manner or co-operation with other bosses, names and addresses of workers whose previous employers went out of business for one reason or another. Figuring that these workers might still be looking for a job the firm gets the address and sends the worker a letter offering him or her a nice job scabbing—altho it don't say so—at "union wages."

This is another case where the solidarity of the capitalist class is proven, and the strikers are learning to match the bosses in unity—and since the workers have more power than the bosses when they are really

united, the outlook is good. The following is a letter received by a worker whose boss went out of bustness several weeks ago:

"Mr. R. Leesa, 2512 Haddon Ave., Chicago, Ill.

"Dear Sir:—The firm last employing you discontinued business in Chicago because—well, I guess you understand the conditions.

"We offer you now a position in your own line of work at regular union wages. We are going to stay in business in Chicago and to work for us you won't need to wait until you are at the top of the list. How many thousands are there ahead of you on the list?"

"Come in and see us—work under union conditions—receive regular wages and good full envelopes.

"We have always had the best paying positions in Chicago and that condition will continue to remain so.

"Yours very truly,

"International Tailoring Company. "Bring this letter with you."

This trick is not the first and will likely be not the last one the open shop firms who are aided by the scabby United Garment crew will try to pull off. But the Amalgamated strikers are very alert and no one has accepted the "kind invitation" to scab, even at "union wages"—the kind the United gets them.

The fight goes on and the battle in the capitalist courts shows how desperately the I. T. C. is being pressed. Bankruptcy may lurk around the corner, other firms get their business and without the secret fund of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' association is paying the bills, the I. T. C. is getting leaner fast.