

McKEES ROCKS STRIKERS BACK TO AL VICTORY; CRAFTS PREVENT STRIKE UNITY

By IRWIN, Worker Correspondent. McKEES ROCKS, Pa., May 11.—By unanimous vote the strikers of the Pressed Steel Car company of McKees Rocks, Pa., decided to go back in a body on the basis of the concessions offered by the company. These concessions were: 1. Recognition of the workers' committee in taking up grievances of the men. 2. Reinstatement of men discharged during the strike. 3. No further wage reductions. The company also gave a tentative promise that the 9 1/2-hour workday would remain in effect only for the period of the daylight saving system.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY. FRENCH and German steel magnates are planning a giant trust which is expected to knock the British manufacturers out of the European markets and even out of the markets of India and Asia. If blood is thicker than water profits are thicker than both. Jingoistic morons who shouted their fool heads off against the "German Hun" during the war would bash out the brains of anybody who foretold then that French and German capitalists would forget the hatreds generated during the war, once they found it to their interests to do so.

IT is reported that Saar steel will be allowed into Germany duty free. Saar is a part of the former German empire now in French possession but to be returned to Germany after a certain period. Lorraine steel will have to pay duty up to a certain amount. But the Saar capitalists will reimburse the Lorraine steel men for this outlay. Ingenious solution! Saar being technically a part of Germany, British manufacturers cannot object to this most favored nation treatment. Lorraine gets around the law very cleverly. What have the million French pollus who are pushing up the lilies to say about this fraternization? And the Germans who pushed the Kaiser's flag almost to the walls of Paris? They are dead.

THE little entente, composed of Czechoslovakia, Jugoslavia and Roumania, are holding a conference in Geneva, that international rendezvous for political crooks. They would like to adopt a united policy against Soviet Russia, but they are deterred by fear of the Red Army. These bandits are usually busy applying the cutlery to each others' throats. The only time their fingers loosen on the dagger hilt is when they sing the hymn of hate against the workers' republic in unison. None of those countries have as much independence as a prostitute who pays toll to the local police captain for protection. As long as they do the bidding of the big capitalist powers they are allowed to strut and pose as independent governments. But if they get back in their installments the lash falls and they squirm.

THE Bulgarian foreign minister is running around Europe looking for help. A substantial part of the help this panhandler is after can be expressed in gold coin of the realm. If those bandit functionaries of the Balkan nations escape the coming debacle with their heads they should be fully qualified to make a good livelihood with the tin pan and the bandaged eye on the corner of Forty-second street and Sixth avenue, New York, the premier stamping ground for beggars.

THE Federation News, official organ of the Chicago Federation of Labor, did not have much backbone even when it bore another name, but since Robert Buck deserted its editorial page it is entitled to the beerless stein, first prize for the bonehead championship of the journalistic profession. A few weeks ago the "know-nothing" who edits the "Fakeration News" rewrote a yarn that appeared (Continued on page 2)

ARMY AUTHORITIES FORGE FALSE RECORDS OF CROUCH AND TRUMBULL "TRIALS", SUPPRESSING EVIDENCE

HONOLULU, Hawaii, May 11.—The United States army authorities, who sentenced Paul Crouch and Walter Trumbull, Hawaiian Communist soldiers, to 40 and 26 years in federal prison for their Communist views, have issued a forged "stenographic record" of Crouch's trial. In this false report, documents presented by the defense are not even mentioned. Crouch's testimony is perverted, and whole passages changed entirely. The testimony given by Crouch, in answer to questions of army officers, revealed their complete ignorance of working class organizations. Crouch's testimony would have hurt the government as it showed up the absurdity of the court martial. The government authorities issued these forged documents and manufactured reports to the newspapers, and issued orders that (Continued on Page 4)

RAILWAY WORKERS OF GUATEMALA DEMAND 8 HOUR DAY, PAY BOOST

GUATEMALA CITY, Guatemala, May 11.—The employes of the International Railways company of Central America have demanded a 33 per cent increase in pay, an eight-hour day, a six-day week, better living quarters, and better working conditions.

RED BAITERS IN MINNEAPOLIS IN INTERNAL WAR

Anti-Communists Fight Each Other Over Graft

(Special to The Daily Worker) MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 11.—This Wednesday evening will witness another bitter clash in the meeting of the Minneapolis Trades and Labor Assembly, now known as the Minneapolis Central Labor Union, because the old name was tainted with Communism.

But instead of a united front against the Communists, as organized and carried out by the Gompers regime, more recently displaced by the equally conservative reign of "Bill" Green, there will be revealed the first open manifestations of an internecine struggle (Continued on page 2)

PAINTERS' UNION LOCAL CALLS OTHER UNIONS TO PLEDGE LABOR TO INTERNATIONAL UNION UNITY

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 11.—Painters' Local Union No. 1348, on the occasion of its celebrating the International May Day, adopted unanimously the following resolution:

"Whereas successful negotiations are conducted for some time to unite the existing workers' internationals into one powerful world international of labor unions, "And whereas thru the organization of such an international the working class of the whole world will gain a mighty force for organization and education and a tremendous power in their actual class struggle, "Therefore, be it resolved that we pledge our full and undivided support to these efforts for world trade union unity, We denounce each and every one who is trying to block or to hinder this world labor union movement. We also call upon all labor unions to do the same. "This resolution to be printed in all labor newspapers. "Painters' Local Union No. 1348, "S. Solomon, "H. Fish, "Press Committee."

FLAG WORSHIP CULT EXCITED AT SACRILEGE

Cal's Bunting Hung at Wrong Angle

(Special to The Daily Worker.) WASHINGTON, May 11.—Since Mitchel Palmer and W. J. Burns joined hands with the late Security League to enforce a ritualistic treatment of the American flag, there has not been such a hubbub over irreverence to that much-abused bunting as the one started by the American Flag Association because two flags were draped in front of President Coolidge's box at the opening baseball game of the season. Coolidge is honorary president of the flag-worshiping association, but that did not save him from the protest of his professional priests of the flag religion.

It seems that true believer in the American Flag Association will not permit a flag to be draped, or bunched up in any way, or hung in any fashion except with the stars at the left. Draping two flags with their star fields next to each other maybe artistic, but it is sacrilegious and treasonable, and smacks of pro-Germanism and Bolshevism.

The White House has declined to comment on this protest at the mistreatment of the national emblem. Unofficial apologies are made by underlings—for instance, that under these rules it must be wrong to let the wind whip the flag about on a pole, and that pretty soon we will have to paint the flag on the White House front, to be sure that it stays in a correct attitude.

However, the president will not publicly laugh at the crafty hypocrisy involved in the whole flag etiquette system. Nothing that is effective in creating awe and a sense of inferiority in the minds of millions of the people will be laughed at by the chief of the administration.

SOCIALISTS AID ZANKOV WHITE TERROR MURDER

Women Tortured, Reds Shot Down on Sight

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, England, May 11.—That there is little difference between the "democratic pacifist" socialists and the fascist murderers who are ruling by means of the white terror in many European countries, is seen in a letter from C. L. Malone, former member of parliament, sent from Sofia, and printed in the Daily Herald.

Malone tells how the socialists of Bulgaria, in their cowardly fear that the white terror might be inflicted against them, lined up with the fascists in murdering men, women and children known to be champions of the workers.

Malone tells how the fascist Zankov government is torturing and murdering Communists and other militant workers by the hundreds, and how the socialists are approving of this bloody assault upon the Bulgarian workers.

The letter states:

"In Sofia no one is allowed out after 7 p. m. without a special pass. We went out last night, but were stopped every 20 yards by soldiers with bayonets and hand grenades.

"Of course, terrible things have happened since the bomb outrage. All Communists or people suspected of Communist opinions have been rounded up. Reports vary from 500 to 4,000. Many have been shot, strangled or pounded to death. I have seen something in the streets.

Socialists Approve Murders. "At first the political heads of the government gave us permission to go everywhere, including the prisons, but the military have cancelled that—they are really in control.

"The terrible thing is the bitterness of the social democrats against the Communists. Manulov (right wing agrarian), Pastukov (social democrat editor of Epoch) and Dimo Kassaroff (ex-minister), have all published statements in the press supporting the Zankov regime. The social democrats attack the work of Russia and attribute everything to Moscow. The government, however, attributes the outrages to Serbia rather than to Russia.

Torture Women.

"The protests made on the initiative of Colonel Wedgwood by the American and British ministers to Zankov against massacres may save some lives, but I fear that when we arrived on Saturday many hundreds had already perished. I understand that the British minister is sending a strong report to the foreign office.

"This evening we saw some women being taken to be tortured at the Bureau of Public Safety; and many lorry-loads of poor wretches being taken out to be shot, which has made the blood of one of my companions boil so much that he wanted to take off his coat, altho the street was thick with men with automatic pistols who were longing to use them."

India to Export Little Wheat; Held for Home Markets

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 11.—The Indian wheat crop is forecast at 322,000,000 bushels, compared with 354,000,000 bushels produced in 1924, according to a cablegram received by the United States department of agriculture from the Indian department of statistics.

The production reported is just about sufficient for home requirements leaving little or no grain for export. The Indian people, however, are not dependent upon wheat as a food grain, and should good harvests be obtained for other grain crops such as rice and millet, some Indian wheat may find its way to the world markets.

The Indian cotton crop for 1924-25, according to the April official estimate, amounts to 5,069,000 bales of 478 pounds, which is an increase of 58,000 bales over the February estimate and agrees exactly with the December estimate. The 1924-25 acreage is placed at 26,461,000 acres, which is 12 per cent more than in 1923-24.

Recover Dead in River Tragedy

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 11.—The superstructure of the ill-fated steamer M. E. Norman, sunk late Friday in the Mississippi, 16 miles south of Memphis, was being ripped apart this afternoon by powerful derrick boats in an effort to release the twenty-one bodies believed imprisoned 25 feet below the surface of the water in the cabins of the boat. Dynamite may be used in case grappling hooks fail to tear the ship to pieces.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY BOARD AGAINST THE RETURN OF GALLIGAN

HERRIN, Ill., May 11.—Williamson county is not seeking the return of Sheriff George Galligan, now on vacation with pay at the request of Governor Small who sought to settle the klan and anti-klan differences there.

It was reported today that the new county board, dominated by anti-klan members, would pass a resolution this afternoon, opposing Galligan's return. The exiled sheriff recently visited Governor Small presumably to discuss his return. Galligan has a year and a half to serve in office yet.

POLICE CLUBS GUARD GERMAN FASCIST CHIEF

Bayonets Halt Protest Against Hindenburg

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BERLIN, Germany, May 11.—The monarchist-fascist president-elect of Germany, Field Marshal von Hindenburg, was protected by the guns and clubs of sixteen thousand police, the largest police force mobilized since he republican revolution, when he made his entry into Berlin this afternoon.

The police, at the last moment prohibited the three monster open air meetings arranged by the Communist Party to protest the election of the Kaiser's war lord.

Socialists Accept War Lord.

The police force was under the direction of the democratic vice-commissioner of police, who was in the socialist-camp coalition which campaigned against Hindenburg during the election.

The socialist officials, directing the largest single political party in Germany, made no active protest against Hindenburg, or against the police action in halting the Communist meeting.

Hindenburg Well Guarded.

Along the monarchist line of march, seven miles thru the streets from the Herr Strasse station to the chancellors' palace, police kept close watch over the crowd, ready to shoot down any observer who showed disfavor against the Kaiser's friend.

Forty motorcycle police guarded Hindenburg's automobile, and police reserves were stationed at many points thruout the city in trucks, ready to pounce upon any workers who might hold open air meetings not approved of by the fascists.

Two Workers Killed.

On Saturday there was trouble at Odenburg, an outlying town, where two workers were killed by the police.

Tacoma Workers Meet Demands Two Jailed Soldiers Be Released

TACOMA, Wash., May 11.—At a mass meeting of workers, held here under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party, a resolution was unanimously passed, demanding the immediate release of privates Paul Crouch and Walter Trumbull, Communist soldiers sentenced to 40 and 26 years for organizing a Hawaiian Communist League.

Glasgow Workers in Poor Health.

GLASGOW, Scotland, May 11.—The Glasgow board of health has issued a report showing that the city's workers are in poor health with many workers in impaired physical condition and struggling to make both ends meet. The cost of living has gone up, but wages are pitifully inadequate.

Irish Republicans Have Envoy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 11.—On orders from Eamon de Valera, Irish republican leader, permanent headquarters have been established in Washington. Sean T. Kelly, has announced. Kelly will act as "envoy of the Irish republic and personal representative of De Valera."

Fire Destroys Ship.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 11.—An official report received by the Clyde Steamship company today confirmed reports that the freighter Mohigan was scuttled last night to extinguish a fire in its afterhold.

The crew of the Mohigan was taken off by the steamer Tulsa. No one was injured.

Don't you be a campaign shirker—get subscriptions for the DAILY WORKER!

MONARCHIST AND WAR DANGER IN GERMANY IS DUE TO SOCIALISTS, SAYS COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

(INPRECORR CABLE)

MOSCOW, May 11.—The Executive Committee of the Communist International has issued the following appeal to the workers of all countries, entitled, "Thru Noske to Hindenburg":

"Hindenburg has been elected president of Germany. The 'peaceful, democratic and unbloody evolutionary tactics' have helped Hindenburg to the throne. Noske and Ebert led to Hindenburg, the forerunner of the new Hohenzollern.

"During the years of the imperialist war, the social-democrats had celebrated Hindenburg as the 'national hero, the greatest figure in the history of the world, the noblest saviour of the Fatherland, and the most prominent statesman of Germany.'

"The social-democratic party of Germany shares the responsibilities for the circumstance that the backward section of the masses look upon Hindenburg as a national hero.

Caused by the Robber Peace of Versailles.

"No less have the entente imperialists contributed to this circumstance. Fourteen and one-half million votes were cast for Hindenburg. A part of these votes was cast not so much for Hindenburg as against the entente, against the creators of the Versailles peace, and for the idea of revenge. In the hands of the Hindenburg clique, these votes become weapons of social reaction, white terror and monarchy.

"There are two ways of fighting the monarchy. The first way was demonstrated by the Russian workers in 1917 and 1918; the other way, that of evolutionary democracy, was to be demonstrated by the Second International thru the medium of the German social-democracy.

"The German social-democrats refused to overthrow William II, but they were the first ones to help overthrow the German soviets; they overthrew the workers' and soldiers' councils in 1918. 'Noske is working for democracy and against all dictatorship,' the German social-democrats had told us.

Even the Blind Can See.

"But now even the blind can see that Noske and the social-democratic party of Germany are not opposed to every dictatorship; they are fighting against the dictatorship of the proletariat only, and for the dictatorship of the bourgeoisie, with the result that Hindenburg has ascended to power. By crushing the Spartacus uprising, and by murdering Liebknecht and Luxemburg, the social- (Continued on page 2)

YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE N. E. C. IN SESSION RECEIVES RESOLUTION OF CONFIDENCE FROM THE Y. C. I.

The plenary session of the National Executive Committee of the Young Workers League was held on Saturday and Sunday, May 9 and 10. Both of these sessions were public for all league and party members.

The agenda as adopted by the session included reports on the Y. C. I. bureau sessions, the Young Worker, Leninist education, past and future activities.

Comrade Shachtman reported at length on the sessions of the Y. C. I. bureau. The important points considered by the Y. C. I. were the immediate Bolshevization of the leagues, Leninist education and the activities of the Russian Young Communist League.

Chinese March in Protest at Murder of Three Students

PEKIN, China, May 11.—Twenty thousand students demonstrated today before the residence of China's provisional executive, Tuan Chihui, demanding the dismissal of Minister of Education Chang Shih Chao. The protest against the new education minister grew out of the breaking up of a students' demonstration a few days ago by police, who so severely beat up some of the student demonstrators that three of them died.

Only three hundred students took part in the first student demonstration, in which seventeen students were arrested.

A delegation of one student from each school was finally admitted to present a petition demanding the dismissal of the education minister. Teachers in the government schools took part in the parade before the executive's offices. (Continued on page 2)

SIX POLICE KILLED IN PROTEST OF SOUTH AFRICANS AGAINST THE VISIT OF WALES, BOSSES' LACKEY

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, England, May 11.—In a clash between hundreds of native Africans and British police, who commanded native soldiers, in a suburb of Johannesburg, six native soldiers were killed.

The prince of Wales is touring Africa on behalf of British imperialism endeavoring to pacify the restive natives. The demonstration of the South Africans which the police attacked is thought to have been against the prince's visit, which the native Africans regard as a symbol of the yoke of their slavery to the British capitalists.

RED BAITERS IN MINNEAPOLIS IN INTERNAL WAR

Anti-Communists Fight Each Other Over Graf

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within the anti-Communist camp itself.

Quarrel Over Rich Graf.
The battle has started over the easy graft connected with the celebration of Labor Day, not labor's international holiday, May First, but the holiday that American capitalism has set apart for its loyal slaves on the first Monday in September.

On the one hand are the forces back of Robly D. Cramer, editor of the Minneapolis Labor Review, supported by Chairman O. T. Anderson and Secretary Roy Weir, of the council, representing what is called the center grouping in the local labor movement.

Against these forces are now arrayed the right wingers headed by James Fullerton, of the Typographical Union, and T. J. Kelly, of the Plumbers' Union.

The Communist-led left wingers have so far played the role of interested onlookers.

Plan to Shake Down Advertisers.
The trouble started when the Card and Label Council, under the control of Fullerton-Kelly element, issued an announcement of the early publication of a "Labor Year Book." Like all similar publications it was to be a shakedown of the business elements for a bunch of easy money.

This immediately stirred Editor Cramer into action. He sent out letters to all of his advertisers declaring that the Minneapolis Labor Review was the only official organ of the Minneapolis labor movement, and it alone was authorized to receive labor advertising. The letter was signed by Chairman Anderson and Secretary Weir.

Tell of "Labor Day Editions."

The next meeting of the Fullerton-Kelly controlled Card and Label Council ordered the sending out of a letter charging that the last "Labor Day Edition" of the Minneapolis Labor Review was a private graft; that only \$1,500 was turned into the paper, whereas, from \$15,000 to \$20,000 went to "outside men," who put the edition over. It was charged that local men had guaranteed a much larger amount to the paper, but that their offer had been rejected by Editor Cramer. It was further claimed that this year's "Labor Day Edition" was being let out in a similar manner, the getting of "ads" going to a man by the name Lewis, of Buffalo, New York. The Fullerton-Kelly crowd, therefore, urged all local business men not to advertise in Cramer's Labor Day edition, since most of the money went out of town. They were urged to patronize a 100 per cent home institution.

Editor Cramer then issued a long statement. He said that the Citizens' Alliance started out four years ago to fight the Minneapolis Labor Review, sending out circular letters urging businessmen not to advertise in it. This drive was kept up year after year, without much success.

Charge Alliance With Big Business.

Editor Cramer now charges that the right wing is doing the job of the Citizens' Alliance thru the medium of the Card and Label Council. He further charges that this group is lined up with the "socialist" renegades grouped about Thomas Van Lear and Lewis Harthill, that they are trying to destroy the Minneapolis Labor Review and make the anti-Communist, red-baiting sheet, known as "The Minnesotan," the official organ of Minneapolis labor.

Delegate Fullerton brought the matter up at the last meeting of the Central Labor Union, but the adjourning hour of 10 o'clock prevented any action being taken.

It is noticeable that since the war on the Communists in the central labor body was started the attendance has fallen from about 200 delegates to the 30 delegates who attended the last gathering. Thus the organized front of the working class in this militant labor center is being weakened in its struggle with the open shop interests.

Government Gives Railroad Trust a \$147,028 Present

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The Southern Pacific company won in the supreme court of the United States, its appeal from the court of claims of a suit asking \$147,028 additional from the government for transporting troops and discharged soldiers during the war period.

The company accepted payment from the government for such transportation under provisions of its land grants, but later claimed that national guardsmen and discharged soldiers should have paid full fares because they were not "troops of the United States."

The Western Pacific Railroad company had a similar claim for \$11,055. It also won its suit.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

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in the Chicago Tribune about a large consignment of "Moscow gold" for the Communists. It is reported that the hack rewrote it on orders from a former disciple of "Skinny" Madden.

IN the current issue, this illiterate dumbbell attacks the Negroes, who are trying to organize—for their own protection—a race that is oppressed racially and industrially; he attacks the amalgamation movement which the Fitzpatrick-Nockels crowd once gave lip service to; he tries to prejudice the work of the Irish Workers' and Peasants' Famine Relief Committee; he takes a slam at the Labor Defense Council. There is no effort in behalf of the exploited workers that this omnidisciple does not turn his mud guns on. But the radical movement has withstood the fire of the brainiest stoolpignons in the pay of the capitalist class. The ravings of an ignorant ink sprinkler will only leave a black splash on its shield.

THE workers of Melbourne, Australia, will not welcome the Wall Street navy on the occasion of its forthcoming visit to the Antipodes. The labor council voted not to participate in the official greetings organized by the bourgeoisie in honor of the war dogs of Morgan and company, the no objection would be taken to the fraternization of the workers with the rank and file sailors of the American fleet. The Melbourne workers took this action as a protest against the imprisonment of their brothers in the United States under the espionage laws. Good for our Australian brothers! Long live this kind of international solidarity!

AN allegorical painting by an old artist almost caused a religious war at a recent meeting of the New York chamber of commerce. It was proposed that the picture be shown throughout the country in order to inspire religious feeling in the hearts of the young men and women of the nation who are on the road to hell—what with hip moonshine, bobbed hair and cross-word puzzles. But there are more gods than one, even if this fact is not widely advertised in a christian country. There are protestants, catholics and Jews in the chamber of commerce, and their respective gods fight like furries on the slightest provocation. For the sake of harmony the embattled christians consigned the picture of Jesus to the garret.

CHINESE FAMINE HORROR BRINGS CANNIBALISM

Report Millions Are Starving to Death

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
LONDON, May 11.—Millions of Chinese in the province of Kwai Chow are famine stricken, many are dying on doorsteps where they beg in vain for food, while the roads are littered with dead, according to the Daily Express Shanghai correspondent. Sixty districts are affected.

Stocks from last year's harvest were exhausted long ago, the report says, and the people of Kwai Chow have been living on grass, after having stripped trees bare of leaves.

Cannibalism has presented another solution to the food problem, and is prevalent in the villages. Many portions of the countryside have been deserted by migration of inhabitants, altho many died en route. Opium traffic in the stricken province is brisk, many wishing to "dream their way to death."

The situation, the correspondent reports is likely to become worse rather than better, for relief on any considerable scale is impossible until the rice crop is harvested five months from now. The provincial treasury is depleted.

Partial Victory at McKees Rocks

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ment for union organization developed; many strikers acknowledged that, after all, that must be their first object. Representatives of the Machinists' District Council appeared at a couple of strike meetings ready to begin organization of all who were willing to join, but were compelled to withdraw when the silly stupidity of the craft union system threw down the bars of jurisdiction.

One international union had already succeeded in organizing the few men of its craft who were employed in the plant and who enjoyed the eight-hour day. Another union was carrying on a so-called campaign also to organize the few men of its craft employed there.

Crafts Objected to Strike Unity.
Both these unions objected to the strike, fearing that their few men may be compelled also to throw down their tools, and, of course, it never occurred to them that even the most elementary principles of solidarity demands that they should have joined hands with the rest of the workers

YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE N. E. C. IN FULL SESSION

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great deal of activity had been conducted.

The campaigns on child labor, arrest of Hawaiian comrades, against entry of religion in the schools, against the arrest of Comrade Lanzutsky and against Abramovich had all been participated in by the league.

Favorable Organizational Growth.
The organizational growth was also commented upon favorably by all the comrades, there having been organized since January 1, 1925, 21 shop nuclei and 10 branches. These were located principally in Chicago, Pittsburgh, New York and other districts. During this same period 10 nuclei collapsed, principally thru the activity of stool pigeons.

Comrade Harvey, the acting editor during the past few months, reported on the necessity of developing the Weekly Young Worker; especially in the field of regular shop correspondence, general news correspondents, etc.

For Leninist Education.
The necessity of Leninist education was stressed in a report by Comrade Carlson. He pointed out the necessity of our entire membership receiving an adequate political-minimum of education and the importance of training leading functionaries so that the directives of the national office would be applied more effectively.

The future tasks of the league during the next three summer and pre-convention months was dealt with by Comrade Williamson. The tendency of laxity in the summer months was discussed and definite tasks adopted for the membership to carry out during this period. These include nuclei organization to be closely connected with membership drives. Every branch is expected to increase its membership by at least 10 per cent before the convention. Other tasks included youth fractions in trade unions, anti-militarist, junior and education.

Unity Behind the N. E. C.

On the basis of the Y. C. I. resolution which called for close unity of the entire membership behind the N. E. C. it was decided to send Comrade Williamson to the New York district to assist the D. E. C. in its activity and consolidation of the entire membership behind the policy of the Y. C. I. and the N. E. C. Other organizational readjustments were made as follows: Acting national secretary, Barney Mass; editor, Shachtman; business manager, J. Harvey.

The spirit of the meeting was fine and portrayed a definite determination to still further increase the activities which have been commended favorably by the Y. C. I.

The tone of the entire meeting was one of constructive activity and the consolidation of the entire membership behind the program of the N. E. C. and the Y. C. I.

Small Attacks Sanitary Trustees.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 11.—Governor Len Small who now has a bill pending before the state assembly which would add new jobs to the state payroll totalling millions of dollars, declared today that he vetoed the sanitary district trustees' proposal to increase the bonding power of the Chicago sanitary district, because of their extravagance.

Small condemned the "publicly notorious extravagance" of the sanitary district trustees. The proposal to increase the bonding power from 3 to four per cent was embodied in the McCullough bill, which Small vetoed last week.

Small claimed that the sanitary district trustees were using the present income for other purposes than eradication of sewage disposal.

Manila Airplane Burns.

MANILA, May 11.—Military authorities today launched an investigation of the death of Lieut. John D. Barriger, found burned to death after his airplane crashed into a tree near Stotenburg. Barriger was searching for three lost soldiers.

Independent Harbor Boatmen of New York to Push Organization

NEW YORK, May 11.—The Independent Harbor Boatmen Union, at a special called membership meeting held Monday, April 27, at Melcher's Hall, 216 E. 12th St., voted to apply for a charter in the United Labor Council of Greater New York and vicinity and elected a committee with power to make the necessary negotiations.

This organization intends organizing all harbor boatmen into one union and their president and delegate say that an intensive campaign of organization will be started immediately.

MONARCHIST AND WAR DANGER DUE TO SOCIALISTS

(Continued from page 1.)
democrats have paved the way for Hindenburg.

"By dispersing the workers' and soldiers' councils, by splitting the trade unions, by shooting the revolutionary sailors and workers, by imprisoning the bravest German proletarians, by crushing the uprising of the German workers in March 1921, by helping General Seeckt into the saddle, by the defense of the bourgeoisie with body and soul in 1923, and by shedding the best blood of the revolutionary proletariat, the social-democratic gentlemen have prepared the way for Hindenburg's triumph.

Comintern Proposed Election Alliance.

"The Communist International had proposed to the German Communist Party to support the social-democratic candidate in the second election, if the social-democrats had retained their own candidate. But true to their role of loyal lackeys of the bourgeoisie, the social-democrats dropped their own candidate in favor of the bourgeois favorite, Marx.

"The social-democratic party of Germany tried time and again to eliminate from the arena of world history the 15 million strong German proletariat as an independent political force. The vanguard of the German proletariat, however, refused to be misled. Once again the leaders of the social-democratic party of Germany have demonstrated before the entire world, that they are as doubtful republicans as they are bad socialists.

"There can be no doubt whatsoever, but that the leaders of the social-democratic party of Germany and the Second International will try to put the blame on the German Communists. They will try to deceive the masses. They will take up the cudgel against the vanguard of the German proletariat time and again. "Hypocrites! Demagogues!

A Record of Crime and Betrayal.

"Has not the German social-democracy supported the butcher Zankov? Does not the Hungarian social-democracy and a section of the Second International support the hangman Horthy? What is the difference between Horthy and Hindenburg? Does not the right wing of the Italian social-democracy and a section of the Second International support Mussolini? And is Mussolini perhaps any better than Hindenburg? Do not the social-democrats and the mensheviks in Esthonia support the hangman of the Estonian proletariat Laidoner? Does not the Polish socialist party, as a party of the Second International, support the hangman of the Polish people? Are not the successors of Comper in America the supporters of the most brutal bourgeois reaction? Do not the leaders of the Second International, MacDonald and company, bow before the king?

"Such are the fighters against monarchy and against reaction!

"The class-conscious workers of Germany and of the whole world must realize the significance of Hindenburg's victory. Those workers who still follow in the footsteps of the social-democrats must come to the realization that the tactics pursued by the social-democracy inevitably lead to the victory of world reaction. In Germany there is a real monarchist danger. The workers and the Communists must see this clearly.

Communists Always Take Sides.

The Communists cannot adopt the viewpoint that it makes no difference to us whether a monarchy or a bourgeois republic is in power. The Communists cannot remain indifferent to this question; they must take the lead in the real struggle against the monarchist danger.

"Once again the Communists offer their hand to the social-democratic workers, by proposing to them a united front for the joint revolutionary struggle against the monarchist danger.

"The political map of Europe is becoming ever blacker with the colors of reaction. In a series of countries reaction is advancing. Thruout the world the Communists are conducting a struggle for trade union unity. The Second International on the other hand is leading a wild attack against unity, thereby demonstrating anew that it is the most loyal ally of the bourgeoisie.

Socialists Oppose Unity.

"The same German social-democracy which is responsible for Hindenburg's

Yellow Press Circulates Fake About Betty Blythe To Jazz Up Its Readers

By J. LOUIS ENGDHAL.

TODAY, another lie is added to this rapidly multiplying breed of the "Brass Check" press. When Ellis Parker Butler, the American author, wrote his "Pigs Is Pigs," telling of the amusing situations arising out of the rapid multiplication of guinea pigs, he made thousands laugh. Millions of workers should laugh at the latest chapter of "Lies Is Lies," as it applies to the falsehoods spread by the yellow sheets that depend upon their working class readers for an existence. They should laugh at the hysterical antics of this frantic press in its efforts to attract attention. Then they should turn their backs upon it. They should turn all workers away from it.

The latest episode in American "kept press" perversion took place when the canard was spread that Betty Blythe, the American moving picture actress, had been kidnapped by Bedouins in the deserts of Palestine. Practically every "big business" sheet in the land gave that story big headlines, while semi-nude pictures of the "movie queen" were also given generous display. It was all supposed to produce an "Oh Gee!" kick for the blase readers of these publications.

Hundreds of workers may die in some industrial accident and they would receive far less attention. Tens of thousands of workers might engage in some giant industrial struggle; but the day's news would pass them by, except in the town where the strike occurred, and then it would only be misrepresented. The editor would say, "Our readers are not interested."

But Betty Blythe in the deserts of Palestine is "played up." All the thrilling trimmings are put on to jazz up a listless reading public. Two paragraphs are worth quoting here: "According to the cable received by Harding (John Harding, Betty Blythe's London agent) Bedouins, fierce nomad horsemen who roam Palestine and Syria, attacked the automobile in which the star was riding.

"Two Frenchmen who were riding with Miss Blythe, a Dr. Markus and Edward Jose, were wounded during severe fighting with the Bedouins, before the actress was dragged from the automobile and carried away into the desert. The cable said troops were immediately dispatched in pursuit."

Every editor who published the story knew it was a lie. But it went in just the same because it was "good stuff."

Investigation resulted in Miss Blythe being located at Mount Carmel. It was found that she had not been attacked, and the authorities at Jerusalem are reported as being highly surprised at the published story. It was claimed that this "newspaper fake" was hawked among the newspapers of London, but they refused to accept it. Not until it was cabled to the United States did it receive circulation from the American press.

The United States leads the world in the number of kept sheets that publish this sort of stuff. It has 30,000 newspapers. France is a poor second, with only 10,000.

Daily the tens of millions of copies of these employers' publications with their insidious poison are spread among the workers. If the workers can be interested more in the fake escapades of Betty Blythe, in Palestine, than in their own problems, then capitalism is safe.

But the workers in the United States, as in other lands, are building their own press—the Communist press—that fights for labor as the daily press of capitalism fights for the employers. Let the workers rally on the side of their Communist press—the DAILY WORKER. Let the capitalists read their own sheets. If the capitalists alone read them, their influence will be gone. The workers would then be near to the day of their liberation.

triumph, is, of all the parties in the Second International, the fiercest enemy of trade union unity.

"German workers! Have you not yet realized that the 'triumphant tactics' of the socialist party of Germany are leading you under the yoke of the bourgeoisie and to the restoration of the monarchy? Have you not yet realized that the liberation of the German proletariat can be attained only thru unity of all workers in Germany regardless of party affiliation?

"Of course, unity is to be understood not as unity under the flag of Stinnes, Barmat, or Wilhelm Marx—but under the red banner of revolution. The Comintern calls upon you to close your ranks, to effect the unity of the workers of all countries under the banner of the class struggle, and for the joint struggle against the monarchist danger.

Add to War Danger.

"Remember that the election of Hindenburg does not add to the prospects of peace, but on the contrary, increases the dangers of war. Remember that only the strictest unity of the international proletariat can avert these dangers. Hindenburg's victory should give some thought to every class conscious worker.

"If the toiling masses do not abandon the social democracy even now, then they will help prepare with their own hands, new imperialist slaughters, new terrors and suffering. The great political lessons should not have been in vain. The road from Noske inevitably led to Hindenburg, but the road from Hindenburg must not lead back to Noske.

Unity Could Win Soviet.

"If the fifteen million strong German proletariat were not split and if it were to reject the counter-revolutionary tactics of the social-democrats of Germany, it could liberate its country from the yoke of capitalism, and build up a Soviet republic. Otherwise, the growth of reaction, new defeats of the working class, new wars and the direct restoration of the monarchy, are inevitable.

"The Communist International calls upon you to close your ranks, to establish a united front, in the struggle against the bourgeois reactionaries

NEGRO STRIKERS JAILED BY COPS OF WILMINGTON

Given 30-Day Sentence for Picketing Mill

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

WILMINGTON, Del., May 11.—Negroes employed at repair work in the Klamens Woolen mills here, who went on strike for an increase in pay from 30 to 45 cents an hour, were attacked by police. Seven of the Negro strikers were arrested and five of them were sent to the New Castle county workhouse for thirty days, in default of payments of fines of \$20.00 each, and costs.

The Negro workers went on strike after Richard J. Cohn, one of the owners of the woolen mills, had violently cursed them when they asked for an increase in wages. The Negroes declare that Cohn made slanderous remarks about their race.

Immediately after the strike, Cohn sent in a riot call, and policeman Bowen, in charge of a squad of highway police force, raided the striking pickets, and arrested seven strikers.

The employer charged that the strikers "terrorized the community, throwing stones at the building, and driving the other workmen in the mill to the streets." The Negro strikers denied the charge, and said that their employer had cursed them and ordered them back to work at the old pay.

Those arrested were Edward Stone, Wilson Harris, John Hill, Sam Elliott, Charles Bailey, Charles Brooks and John Miller. They were "tried" by Magistrate Tinsman, who found them all but Brooks and Miller guilty of "inciting to riot," on the sole testimony of the mill owner.

Big Crowd on South Side Hears Problems of Negroes Discussed

Robert Minor was the principle speaker at a tremendous street meeting at 30th and S. State St., where over 800 people mostly Negroes, listened to the story of the persecution of Negro organizations by the United States government. Several Negro workers took the soap box declaring that these persecutions must be stopped thru the concerted action of Negroes, who must also ask the support of all organizations of white workers.

Minor in his speech showed that it would not be possible to stop such persecutions except thru the establishment of a workers' and farmers' government in this country. Minor told of an article that appeared in the DAILY WORKER and was reprinted in the Negro World, which gave the Communist position for the emancipation of the Negro workers. The Communists do not believe that the Negroes can achieve anything thru the exit to Africa, but that it is a world situation and that the emancipation of the American Negro must be fought right here. Minor's reference to Abdel Krim, who is driving imperialism out of Africa, brought cheers from the great crowd.

Norval Allen spoke for the American Negro Labor Congress. After the meeting there was a great rush for copies of the DAILY WORKER which were all sold out in no time.

Governor Hits Ford Suit.

JACKSON, Miss., May 11.—Governor Whitefield of this state publicly rebuked the state revenue agent for bringing a suit against Henry Ford for \$12,000,000 damages, charging that the Ford Motor company violates the anti-trust laws.

Whitefield, in a signed statement, laments the filing of the suit, and asks the revenue agent to drop the suit. The suit alleges that the anti-trust statutes of the state were violated when the Ford company made contracts with local agents fixing the price for products of the firm.

Search for River Dead.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 11.—Maj. Donald H. Connolly, of the United States engineers, asserted today that the steamer Norman, lying at the bottom of the Mississippi, 16 miles from here, with its cargo of human dead, would be jarred loose sufficiently late today to release the bodies of the victims imprisoned within its hull.

Preparing for this possibility, a small fleet of fast motor boats will be kept patrolling the river while the rescue work goes on, on the chance that the bodies, if released, will rise to the surface.

Profiteers Sell Shoddy Houses.

NEW YORK, May 11.—Shoddy buildings are the rule in America, it was brought out at the sessions of the American construction council at the Biltmore. Ninety per cent of the building in the United States is done by speculators and done badly, said Walter Stabler, controller of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. Houses are difficult to heat and have to be rebuilt in 10 or 12 years, he declared.

New Zealand's Premier Dies.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, May 11.—William Ferguson Massey, premier of New Zealand, is dead here today a long illness.

REPORT BUILDING STRIKE SETTLED BUT TERMS REMAIN SECRET

The strike of the union building trade workers, employed on the twenty million dollar new market project being constructed by the McLennan Construction company for the Central Cold Storage company, was reported settled yesterday, altho the building trades council officials were in consultation with the contractors and the terms of the settlements were not made known.

The electricians, bricklayers, plasterers, tile setters, plumbers, and iron workers went on strike a week ago against the open shop, in order to force the unionizing of the unorganized "Landis award" carpenters, cement workers and laborers working on the same construction job. Twenty-five hundred workers are employed by the McLennan company.

thruout the world, including the monarchist reaction and for the struggle against advancing fascism; for trade union unity, and for a determined struggle against the danger of new wars.

"Down with the social-democratic lackeys of bourgeois reaction.

"Long live the revolutionary struggle of the international proletariat.

"Long live the unity of the proletarian ranks."

No Pay to Teachers For Overtime.

NEW YORK, May 11.—Overtime without pay for New York's teachers is the request of Superintendent of Schools William J. O'Shea who is calling for teacher volunteers to supervise school playground activities. Sixty school playgrounds are opening and a new order keeps school athletic centers open from closing hours till 8 p. m.

Your branch needs more members—get a sub to the DAILY WORKER and "make another Communist."

THIS PAGE
Is Devoted to the Activity and Interests of the
Trade Union Educational League
(T. U. E. L.)
North American Section of the
RED INTERNATIONAL LABOR UNIONS
(R. I. L. U.)

THE T. U. E. L.

Represents the Left Wing of the Labor Movement. Its Purpose is to Strengthen the Labor Unions by Amalgamation of Existing Unions, Organization of the Unorganized, and by Replacing Reactionary and Class Collaboration Policies with a Unified Program for the Transformation of the Unions into Organs of Revolutionary Class Struggle for the Overthrow of Capitalism and the Establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

HISTORIC PACT OF RUSSIAN AND BRITISH UNIONS ASSURES UNITY BASED ON THE CLASS STRUGGLE

LONDON.—In pursuance of the effort for trade union unity of the world's labor unions, and at the invitation of the general council of the British Trade Union Congress, a joint conference of the Russian and British unions was held here on April 6, 7 and 8.

Soviet Union Delegates.

At this conference which marks a historic day for the world's workers, the Russian unions were represented by the following delegates: M. Tomsy, Olga Chernishova, I. I. Lepse, N. P. Glebov-Avilov, V. M. Mikhailov, G. N. Melnichansky, secretary and V. Y. Yarotsky.

British Union Delegates.

The British union delegates were A. B. Swales, A. A. Purcell, H. Boothman, J. W. Bowen, G. Hicks, E. L. Poulton, W. Thorne, B. Tillet, Julia Varley, R. B. Walker, Fred Bramley, secretary, and George Young. A. B. Swales, president of the British Trade Union Congress presided.

Presages World Change.

After long and serious discussion, negotiation and exchange of documents, an agreement was reached, which will be recommended to the respective councils of the Russian and British unions. If adopted it will change the relations of capital and labor throughout the world, and this fact is already sensed by the British and other great capitalist powers' ruling classes, all of whom have at once launched a world drive to check the westward wave of revolutionary labor from its tower of strength in Soviet Russia.

The text of the agreement follows:

The Agreement.

"1. The joint conference affirms that national and international unity must be recognized as the first essential condition to enable the trade union movement to defend effectively the present position of the workers against attack and to achieve the social and political aims of organized labor as set forth in the declarations made by the workers of many countries.

Reaction Dominant.

"2. The political situation in nearly every so-called civilized country is dominated by reaction and in many countries the increased power of coordinated capitalist interests is evident. This is shown by the continued persecution of leading trade unionists who in the exercise of class prejudice on the part of employing interests are suspected, persecuted, thrown into jail and even tortured by those in power.

"3. In the industrial and economic field the capitalists of all countries are forming their united front—a united front for the exploitation of workers all over the world. The workers in the meantime remain divided, and in some countries are formed into antagonistic groups. Instead of being employed in the task of defense against capitalist aggression they are plunged into bitter quarrels and dissensions.

Workers' Advantage Lost.

"4. In nearly every country, in consequence of the growing power of the capitalist class and the lack of unity among the workers, advantages gained in the direction of reduced hours of labor and increased wages have been lost. Where the 8-hour day has not been abolished, it is imperiled. In many industries the hours of labor have once more reverted to nine, ten, or even more hours per day, and it is only in countries where the trade union movement is strong that the standard in relation to hours is maintained.

Unemployment, Despair and Degradation.

"5. Thru the economic paralysis of Europe caused by the world war, millions of workers are unemployed and with their families are being driven into the depths of despair, starvation and degradation. Wages, never sufficient to maintain a decent standard of life for the workers, have been reduced by 20 per cent, 30 per cent, and in some cases over 40 per cent. The standard of living in many countries is now below pre-war level.

"6. The hope of better times which existed among the workers shortly after the great world war and which they were led by unscrupulous politicians to believe would be the result of their enormous sacrifices, has now disappeared, and given place to despair. The pledges of politicians and the promises of capitalists during the war and directly after it, have been cynically repudiated.

"The blind faith that inspired the workers to fight for respective governments in the universal catastrophe in which millions of their class were killed and maimed, has been shattered. After the greatest sacrifices and the severest sufferings they are now faced with little prospect of a better life for the workers.

New War Preparing.

"7. Already it would appear that a new war, more terrible, more monstrous than anything known hitherto is being prepared. New weapons of destruction are being devised; the chemists and scientific thinkers of European countries are devoting their knowledge and skill to the task of inventing new weapons of torture and destruction for use not only against the soldier, but also against the civilian.

CARPENTERS' OLD AGE HOME A NICE THING FOR HUTCH

A \$420,000 Kitty to Play With

By MIKE ROSS.

For a number of years propaganda was spread by the general officers of the carpenters' union, for the necessity of an old-age home to take care of the old and infirm members.

It seems peculiar that an administration that has persistently defeated the will of the membership and so notoriously worked against their welfare, should suddenly become so interested in the welfare of the old members.

A few examples of their actions are shown in the signing of the Chicago scab agreement by William F. Hutcheson.

Czarist Actions.

In the expulsion of 65 locals of New York by Hutcheson in 1916 because they fought for a higher scale of wages. Lately the expulsion of all those militants who actively fought for the welfare of the membership and the ruling that the progressive carpenters' campaign program, on the basis of which Morris Rosen, candidate for general president, asked the members to support him, is "unconstitutional."

When such a corrupt administration becomes so anxious for the welfare of the old members that it goes to the extent of falsifying the referendum vote and violating the constitution in order to get the old age home, as proven in the evidence published in the pamphlet "What's Wrong in the Carpenters' Union?" then it is high time to wake up and examine the reasons.

Raising the Kitty.

The first thing done was to increase the per capita tax to 10 cents per member per month for that purpose, netting an increase in revenue to the general office of about \$420,000 per year.

The second thing done was to purchase the land at Lakeland, Florida. The inner details of the transaction will probably never be made public, yet there is a rumor that the land was first purchased by a private company in which certain union officials were secretly interested and then resold to the carpenters' union at a great profit to this private company.

Big Graft in Land.

Whether this is true or not, at any rate many people who know the value of land there claim the price paid is greatly in excess of its value.

So important was the old-age home considered that every issue of The Carpenter had articles on it, and at the last convention almost half the time was devoted to it. An appeal for the repeal of the proposition was suppressed and the chief spokesman, Mulcahy, was expelled from the convention.

Despite all this treachery, fraud and corruption, the old-age home was defeated in the last referendum vote after the convention.

Since then many locals have asked that the land be sold and the 10-cent per capita tax per member per month be relinquished, but the officials are in a dilemma. If it is sold it would have to go at a great loss. This would cast suspicion among the membership.

Give Back the Cash!

As to the tax, it is now six months after the old-age home was defeated, and they show no intentions of giving back to the membership \$420,000 per year.

In this fight the selling of the land and the dropping of the tax, the militants must take the lead, not because of the tax or land itself, but as a means of rallying the membership around the left wing and exposing the corruption of the machine.

Farm Workers Treated Like Work Animals

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Living conditions for farm laborers, and especially for transients, "were found to be in a deplorable state" on many of the 375 representative truck farms in New Jersey which have been studied by the U. S. department of agriculture, which is seeking to find what can be done to make farm labor more efficient. The official report, just out, is a confession of conditions such as have led to the formation of protest movements in other parts of the country.

"Some cases were found where only a board set on edge marked off family spaces on the floor of shacks used for common sleeping quarters, where straw and rough bedding were laid," says the department. "Sanitary facilities were sometimes conspicuous by their absence, and when found were usually primitive and inconveniently located."

Recommendations include the construction of decent sleeping and cooking quarters, sanitary arrangements, etc., and the giving of more steady employment. It was also the opinion of the investigators that some means must be found to "enforce" school attendance of children of migratory farm workers.

Only one in seven, of the native-born employes, had attended school

ORGANIZATION DRIVE FOR HOTEL AND RESTAURANT WORKERS ON IN NEW YORK; BIG MEETING MAY 14

By ARTHUR SMITH

NEW YORK CITY, May 11.—The hotel and restaurant workers' branch of the Amalgamated Food Workers is about to start the most significant campaign to organize the unorganized of the trade ever launched in New York.

The conditions of the unorganized of the industry are turning from bad to worse. It is a generally known fact that hotel and restaurant workers spend half and in some cases even more than a half of a day in filthy cellar kitchens or airless dining rooms making heavy profits for the bosses and getting hardly enough to make a living for themselves. Under such conditions a drive to organize them for the betterment of their miserable lot is very timely.

Organization Drive Proposed.
The recommendations for the drive were put forward by the executive board on the initiative of the secretary-organizer, at the last general membership meeting of the branch. It was a lively meeting. It aroused real enthusiasm among the members.

In view of the fact that the hotel and restaurant trade, particularly the former, went thru a trustification process in the last couple of years, the problem confronting the organization on a large scale is very great. However, the suggestions of the executive board seem to have solved this problem at least from a theoretical point of view.

To put it briefly, the recommendations of the executive board are as follows: To make the campaign a success the organization will charge \$1.00 for the initiation of the new members. That is the only charge we make unless the man wants to become a full-fledged member of our organization right away. This amount shall entitle them to a membership and stand good as initiation fee for six months.

No worker shall be compelled to join as a full fledged member until he succeeds in securing him the promised betterment of his conditions. For the newly initiated members the union shall organize educational meetings.

In our drive we demand \$50 minimum wages for the chefs and waiters, \$38 for comis, and \$30 for miscellaneous workers (bus-boys, blue jackets, dishwashers, etc.). Our demand for \$50 weekly wages for the waiters, of course, means the abolishment of tipping system. To interest the waiters in our drive this is made plain in so many words, by our slogan.

Organized Workers Must Support Drive.

When the floor was thrown open for discussion there was not a single objection. Everybody taking the floor supported the recommendations wholeheartedly. The members readily conceived the great problem before the organization and it was repeatedly emphasized that if we want to make a success of the campaign, we, the organized workers, have to support it to the fullest extent.

The benefit of a successful organizing campaign accruing to us organized workers are immense. The control of the closed shops shall be solidified. The competition of unorganized labor, shall be at least partially eliminated, etc.

Bryant Hall Meeting May 14.

A mass meeting at Bryant Hall, will be held probably on May 14, will mark the start of the campaign.

The drive is centered against the big hotel trust and restaurants simultaneously. The first object being to initiate sufficient number of workers into our organization to paralyze the whole industry in case of a strike.

If the contention that conditions are ripe for such a drive is correct and the organized workers will give their active support to this campaign, it undoubtedly will, in face of all obstacles, be a success. It is on us organized workers of the industry that the success of this drive greatly depends. If the unanimous vote given to the recommendation of the executive board, and the enthusiastic reception of them means something, if it will be converted into active support, we have won the battle.

HILLCREST TAKES BITTER PILL OF OPEN SHOP MINE

HILLCREST, Crow's Nest Pass, Alta.—The Hillcrest miners have decided to go back to work, the vote being 123 to 91 against and nine spoiled ballots.

Most of the contract miners voted against it. There are a lot of men who can't get back now and are not likely to later. Several of them were ordered out of the mine office when there looking for work.

They went to see the general manager. He told them, "The Hillcrest collieries will hire and fire whom they think fit." He then added, by way of insult, "Who do you think is running his mine?"

This is only the beginning of what is going to happen. The men who have no work have called a meeting of the unemployed, trying to get the men on strike again. It is the only chance they have. Hillcrest is on the road to get a bellyful of open shop conditions. It is up to them. By sticking together they can improve their conditions.

Leaving it to the few militants to better things gets them nowhere, only gets the few blacklisted and the rest are left helpless. The conservative elements must aid the militants and fight under their direction and learn how to make it a common struggle.

This is what they must do, or else they will always stay beaten down. Too many think that if they have a job they will not do anything for fear of getting themselves "in wrong." But they find that they get in wrong ultimately anyhow and have no fighting organization to help them after all. Wake up, Hillcrest! You have shown the rest of the Pass that you can fight. You have nothing to lose but your bad conditions.

FIGHT IN W. VA. MINERS' STRIKE NEEDS MILITANTS

Mass Disobedience is Injunction Cure

By E. STEPHENS, Worker Correspondent.

WHEELING, W. Va.—Despite the weak leadership given their officials and the criminal negligence of real opportunities to organize the unorganized union miners who are now on strike in the northern part of West Virginia, stand solid as a rock.

Wm. Roy, a vice-president of District No. 6, was put in charge of the strike in the Panhandle section. Time after time the local men requested organizers, especially colored organizers. But they were told there were no organizers to get. At the same time organizers and officers in western Pennsylvania go from local to local, attacking and slandering progressive miners.

These officials did not send organizers into the West Virginia field until the companies started to bring in colored miners from the south. Although the organizers are now in the field, they are afraid to go near the mines owing to a grey-haired injunction the operators want to revive.

The miners of this section remember how Howat and the miners in Kansas struck against the industrial court law and defied the court to stop the strike. As a result of this mass fight by the miners and the aggressive leadership of Howat the industrial court law was killed forever.

Although the miners here talk of using the same method and defy the injunction by mass action still they realize that mass disobedience of the injunction requires leadership that is not afraid to face the jail if it is necessary. This kind of leadership is lacking among the organizers in this field.

The only militant leadership that is given comes from the ranks of the miners themselves and is supplied by the Communists. The miners are beginning to see who are the moving spirits in this struggle and the need of developing their own leadership.

Painters' Union of Cleveland Shows Fine Class Solidarity

CLEVELAND.—Union painters and glaziers struck against the employment of non-union window washers on the \$4,000,000 Cleveland public library a few days before the huge structure was to be opened.

Get A Sub And Give One!

What a Ford Job is Like in Detroit

DETROIT, Mich.—I started in Ford's River Rouge plant about two weeks ago, as a machine hand, No. 483.

I lasted two days on their machines and was all in on account of the noise of the machine, dust and dirt and the speed production. I was transferred to the sweeping department. On the eighth day, being a stranger in Detroit, I was put out of my dirty, stinking room by the landlord at 515 E. Congress because, not having been paid yet, I could not meet my room rent. I tried to draw \$15 on the \$35 I had earned. The foreman gave me an order for \$15 on the paymaster in Ford's office.

The Badge System.

Incidentally they have a great badge system here. After the third day you are supposed to get a nice metal badge, instead of the dirty temporary one you wear until the third day. But after you get it you are charged \$5 if you lose it.

Get in line after eight hours of beastly hard labor, look very apologetic and explain to the funkies in the badge crib why you want a regular badge. I did that for four straight nights after quitting work, but was never able to get a regular Ford badge.

Ford has "No Money."

Well, when the paymaster looked at the order for the \$15, he said they had no money in the office. This was after I had borrowed enough from a

Cleveland Bosses Want Open Shop But Don't Want to Pay

CLEVELAND.—Professional anti-unionists, after working for the chamber of commerce, fell flat in their attempt to kick up Cleveland public opinion against union men. Only \$75,000 was pledged, too little for a bitter war on a scale comparable to Chicago's \$3,000,000 war on the building trades. The chairman of the chamber's labor relations committee quit his job, bewailing the apathy of Cleveland business men.

RAIL WORKERS' CONVENTIONS RAISE ISSUE

Enginemen Demand An Amalgamation

The Order of Railway Conductors is holding its triennial convention at Minneapolis, having opened its sessions May 4.

The Brotherhood of Railway & Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express & Station Employees began its triennial meet in Kansas City, its original headquarters, on the same day.

On May 12, the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen convene in Cleveland.

On June 1, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen & Enginemen meet in triennial session in Detroit.

Conventions and Death Benefits.
Two issues confronting the Railway Clerks are reducing the cost of conventions and putting the death benefit department on a sound actuarial basis. The 1922 convention at Dallas, Texas, cost \$263,535.89 for mileage and expense of delegates. The problem is to cut the number of delegates without destroying democratic control of the convention.

The death benefit averaging \$290 per deceased member is draining the reserve fund because the assessments for this benefit are practically negligible. Ten years continuous membership entitles the member to a \$1,000 death benefit certificate but his total payments in that time will amount to only \$12.

Amalgamation Issue with Enginemen.
The locomotive firemen face intricate financial problems in the proposal, so far not completed, to amalgamate with the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. Negotiations between officials and committees of the two engine service brotherhoods await convention action of the firemen on insurance and other adjustments that must precede amalgamation.

crippled fellow worker to pay for my breakfast and dinner. It was all he had.

Now I have known what it is to be on the Bowery in New York City with hat in hand, without a place to sleep or anything to eat, looking for assistance in that hardest of places to get it, but I never realized what it was to be a beggar until I tried to get the \$15 from that Ford paymaster, after I had earned it sweeping up the dirt, dust, tobacco, sputum, grease and filth.

I have worked at Hog Island and almost all the large war plants during the war. Hog Island was known as a summer resort for war slackers and non-workers, especially the office workers, red tape rats. But Hog Island has nothing on the River Rouge plant, for red tape.

They have no police in the place in uniform. They don't need them. About every five feet there is a boss doing a policeman's job, stopping, hollering and motioning. It took me one day to get the job, after the examination and all the rest from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

I have never been in the penitentiary. I often wondered how a convict felt leaving prison after doing a hard job. But when a man goes thru the red tape here in Ford's pay office trying to get his final pay, he will know how a convict feels. I finally got out of Ford's jail.—Signed, George Henderson.

Get a sub for the DAILY WORKER from your shopmate and you will make another member for your branch.

The Workers Party in Action

RUSS MEETINGS WILL BE HELD IN CHICAGO DISTRICT

The Voice of Lenin Will be Heard Here

Comrade Alexander Chramov, national organizer of the Russian section of the Workers Party who is touring the United States will be in the Chicago district from May 12 to May 26. He will speak in the cities of this district the following dates:

South Bend, Ind., Thursday, May 14, at the Workers' Home, 1216 W. Colfax Ave.

Gary, Ind., Sunday, May 17, at 2 p. m., at 215 W. 18th Ave.

East Chicago, Ind., Sunday, May 17, at 6:30 p. m., at the Russian school, 144th and Olcat Ave.

Chicago, Ill., Tuesday, May 19, at 1902 W. Division St.

Chicago, Ill., Wednesday, May 20, at 3925 So. Kedzie Ave.

Chicago, Ill., Thursday, May 21, at 2734 W. 18th St.

Pullman, Ill., Friday, May 22, at Stanciks' Hall, 205 E. 115th St.

Milwaukee, Wis., Saturday, May 23, at Miller Hall, cor. State and 8th St., 3rd floor.

Kenosha, Wis., Sunday, May 24, at 2 p. m., at German-American Home, 665 Grand Ave.

Chicago, Ill., Sunday, May 24, at 7 p. m., at 1902 W. Division St.

Chicago, Ill., Monday, May 25, at 1080 W. 14th St.

Milwaukee, Wis., Tuesday, May 26, at Miller Hall, cor. State and 8th St., 3rd floor.

At the meetings at Pullman, Kenosha, Milwaukee on May 23, and Chicago on May 24, the voices of Lenin, Trotsky, Lunacharsky and others will be heard from phonograph records.

All comrades who have any connections with Russian workers are requested to inform them about these meetings. If there are any prospects for the organization of a Russian branch in the district, the Russian district committee should be notified at once at the following address:

Russian District Committee W. P., 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Workers Give May Day Wages to Labor Defense

The Labor Defense Council has just received \$36.00 and the following letter from South Bend, Indiana:

"Enclosed you will find \$36.00 collected at the meeting celebrating the workers' international holiday, May 1. We here are not strong enough to hold any demonstration in this city on that day; we were compelled to work or lose our jobs, so we had to work. But we have decided to donate that day's earnings to the Labor Defense, and here are the names of contributors."

There follows a list of eleven workers who gave the \$36.00. The comrades of South Bend have set a good example to other organizations. The new address of the Labor Defense Council is 19 South Lincoln street, Chicago, Illinois.

ANTI-WHITE TERROR MEETING TO BE HELD IN CHICAGO SUNDAY

An anti-white terror demonstration will be held on Sunday, May 17, at 2:30 p. m. at the Hod Carriers Hall, 814 W. Harrison street.

It is arranged under the auspices of the Workers Party, Local Chicago with the main support coming from the Balkan federation branches of the Workers Party.

The speakers for this demonstration secured thus far, are Earl R. Browder, in English; K. Mikalacki, in South Slav; C. Koteff, in Bulgarian; K. Kostis, in Greek; M. A. Stolar, in Russian, and other speakers. Admission is free.

YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE ACTIVITIES. LOCAL CHICAGO.

Tuesday, May 12. Working Area Branch No. 3, 3201 S. Wabash avenue. "When the Next War Comes."

Wednesday, May 13. City Central Committee meeting, 8 p. m., 2613 Hirsch Blvd. All delegates must be present.

Thursday, May 14. Activity meeting of Working Area Branch No. 4, at 3118 W. Roosevelt Road.

Activity meeting of Working Area Branch No. 2, at 1910 W. Roosevelt Road.

Friday, May 15. Activity meeting of Working Area Branch No. 1, Room 506, 166 W. Washington St.

Activity meeting of Working Area Branch No. 5, 19 S. Lincoln St.

Activity meeting of Working Area Branch No. 6, 2613 Hirsch Blvd.

Bronx Students, Attention! NEW YORK, May 11.—The class in the principles and tactics of the Third International, which was interrupted for several weeks, will be resumed Tuesday, May 12, at 1347 Boston road. If you are interested in keeping up this class, please attend these lectures.

Give your shopmate this copy of the DAILY WORKER—but be sure to see him the next day to get his subscription.

RAISE \$100 IN CITY FOR I. W. A. MINERS' RELIEF

The first hundred dollars of Chicago's five hundred dollar quota for the Southern Illinois miners' relief appeal has been passed, with only a small number of branches and individual members heard from. While the "pay envelopes" have not come in as rapidly as was expected, the contributions have been generous, and when the campaign is ended it is expected that the quota will be more than met. Every member is asked to donate one per cent of a weekly wage, and to try to get two friends or fellow workers to do the same. Thus far the contributions have mostly been from members of the Workers (Communist) Party branches, but it is expected that beginning this week the contributions from sympathizers will materially swell the receipts. To date funds turned in are:

Polish	\$37.03
Russian	4.05
N. W. English	6.41
G. Maurer	.50
South Slav No. 1	12.37
D. P. English	9.49
J. W. Wein	2.00
Wm. Barten	2.00
Irving Park English	4.85
N. W. Jewish	4.71
R. Kaplan, N. W. Jewish	1.50
I. Eltinger	.40
N. S. English	1.25
Ger. Hung. S. & D. B. F.	3.25
Rheingold, N. W. English	.26
Nucleus No. 5	23.17
Italian W. S. No. 1	3.00
Lettish Branch W. P.	17.20
Total	\$133.44

In most cases these contributions represent only a small part of the total ultimate contributions from the branch. They are either the collection at a branch meeting, or more often, the sums brought in by a single member. All envelopes, unopened, are to be brought to the local office, Chicago Council for Defense and Relief, 19 South Lincoln St., immediately. All unused envelopes must be returned also for control. Every branch must institute an immediate drive to fill its quota and make immediate and full settlement.

'SOCIALISTS' GO DEMOCRAT AND G. O. P. IN MPLS.

Funny Animal Awaiting Visit by Eugene Debs

(Continued from page 1) game headed by Thomas Van Lear when he was the "socialist" mayor, sharing the limelight with "socialist" Mayor Dan W. Hoan, of Milwaukee, Wis.

It developed that the four aldermen, reputed to be Albert G. Bastis, A. R. Gissien, Peter J. Pryts and Lewis Beneke, had no party membership in back of them. Two of them, in fact, had paid no dues for two years. They were in fact opposed to a dues paying membership organization. It might interfere with their political deals in the city council. It is claimed that their object in meeting with Birch Wilson was not to help him resurrect the dead "socialist" organization, but rather to see that he didn't resurrect it; that it was permitted to rest unmolested in its political grave.

Some Grab Elephant's Tail. This analysis is supported by all the facts. Two years ago both Thomas Van Lear, ex-socialist mayor, and his man "Friday," Lewis Harthill, the "socialist" chief of police, with Robert D. Cramer, editor of Minneapolis Labor Review, brought pressure to bear upon G. T. Lindsten, who had filed as a "labor" candidate for mayor, so that he withdrew two days after the time for filing had expired. This left the field clear for the "socialists," after double-crossing the militant elements in the labor movement, to endorse George Leach, the republican candidate.

This betrayal was followed in the national elections last fall, when Van Lear and Harthill came out for the straight republican ticket, charging that the farmer-labor movement had been captured by the Communists. Mayor Leach, with his "socialist" following, not only attacked the farmer-labor campaign and the LaFollette candidacy, but gave whole-hearted support to the republican campaign of "strikebreaker" Coolidge. Leach had in fact, been a candidate for governor in the republican primaries.

It is not known that the four other "socialist" aldermen, Theodore Jensen, A. E. Voelker, John Peterson and I. G. Scott, met with Birch Wilson, during his visit here as Deb's emissary. But the glaring fact stands forth that not a single "socialist" who is a candidate for re-election in today's election, is running as a "socialist," not even as a "laborite." What they usually glory in is their "small business support."

Others Follow the Donkey. In this campaign, while the Van Lear-Harthill-Cramer-Wiggins crowd are supporting Mayor Leach, the other "socialist" wing is backing Harry Lund, a democrat, for mayor. Lund was appointed a collector of customs by President Woodrow Wilson, and has a long record of subserviency to the democratic machine.

The "socialist" alderman, Peter J. Pryts, acted as chairman at one of Lund's meetings in the proletarian twelfth ward, heralding his democratic offering as a "representative of all the people." The "socialist" Pryts never mentioned the working class once during his talk. He dwelt on street sprinkling, the pavements on Franklin Ave., and the "solid support" that he had won the "Franklin Avenue businessmen."

It will be interesting to study what Debs attempts to do with these classing democratic and republican wings of the Minneapolis "socialists."

In the present municipal campaign, with the class fight thus deserted by all "socialist" elements, it remained for the Communists to put a Workers Party ticket in the field, as the only labor group carrying the standards of the class struggle. It has done this successfully. Thru the Communist mayoralty candidacy of Dan W. Stevens, and several aldermanic candidates, the Communist message has been carried into all sections of the city. When Debs comes here for his "socialist" membership meeting, he will without doubt, find that all "socialist" rank and fileers worth while have gone over to the Communists.

NEW YORK, NOTICE!

THE GREAT DEBATE OF THE SEASON on PROLETARIAN DICTATORSHIP vs. CAPITALIST DEMOCRACY

MOISSAYE J. OLGIN, Workers Party
 PROF. WM. GUTHRIE, City College

will debate on

Resolved: That the Russian Soviet System Is Superior to Parliamentary Democracy.

CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE, 67th Street and 3rd Avenue
 Sunday, May 17, 2 P. M.
 Admission 50 Cents.
 Auspices: Workers' School and Trade Union Educational League

Army Authorities Forge Records

(Continued from page 1) Crouch and Trumbull must not answer the reports and must say nothing for publication. The military laws require that the defendants be given copies of the stenographic letters of the trial. Crouch, when given his "record," could hardly recognize it. Below he tells the story for the DAILY WORKER of how the records were forged by the government, and tells what he did say in answer to questions and what records of the trial were destroyed by the government.

First is given the testimony as printed in the lying government report and then Crouch tells the truth about the trial.

By PAUL CROUCH.
 (From Testimony of Crouch.)

Q. What are your principles of Communism?
 A. The state rather than the individuals ought to have control of the instruments of wealth, that they ought to be held collectively rather than by individuals.

(Correct: Q. What are the principles of Communism?
 A. The state rather than individuals should have control of wealth, especially the instruments of wealth production; that is, they should be held collectively rather than by individuals.)

(Reference was made to underground propaganda of the American Communist Party in 1920-21.)
 Q. Were you a member of any Communist organization at that time?
 A. I was.

(Correct answer—"I was not.")
 Government Invents Answer.
 Q. Have you got any of those papers with you—any of the clippings?
 A. I do not have any with me except an article published by me in the Honolulu Advertiser of the 12th, giving my viewpoint on the matter; and I have a clipping published last year giving my viewpoint regarding the work of President Wilson brotherhood, which I consider identical with the first principles of Communism.

(The above answer is a product of some diseased and abnormal imagination. I never made the statement quoted above or any remotely resembling it. I said nothing about the "President Wilson brotherhood."

Manufactures Nonsense.
 Q. Do you believe there are times when rule by a minority against the wishes of the majority is justified?
 A. Yes; during a time of national emergency it is the duty of the minority to enforce any measures that may be necessary for society, such as compulsory military service and labor against a man's wishes.

Q. Do you believe in compulsory military service?
 A. Not unless it is necessary.
 Q. When would you consider necessary?
 A. National defense or to prevent a minority from obtaining power.

(The above rot is more manufactured testimony. I said nothing that resembled this nonsense or expressed such absurd ideas. How could a minority use compulsory military service to prevent itself from obtaining power? Perhaps the government "stenographer" thought one minority would use force against another minority while the majority was a disinterested observer!)

Q. Private Crouch, do you know what the membership is of the Russian Communist Party?
 A. About 75,000.
 (Correct answer: "About 650,000.")
 Q. What makes you think that the army does not desire men of radical views?
 A. I know that no military service would desire men with extremely radical views.

(I did not make such an answer. Of course, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics desires men with radical views in the service.)
 Q. Then are your views opposed to capitalism?
 A. Yes sir; but I have never yet made a statement that they were.

(More rot! I made the reply: "Yes sir," without qualification.)
 Q. Now, what was your feeling at the outbreak of the Russian revolution in 1916? (Question said, "in 1917.")
 A. I was glad to see an autocracy overthrown.

Q. In what respects were you not pleased?
 A. I considered the violent outbreak at first to be based on no sound foundation and I believed that the Russian Communists were starting prematurely.

(Perverved imagination! I said nothing about "no sound foundation" or that the "Russian Communists were starting prematurely.")
 Defense Evidence Destroyed.
 Some documentary evidence not included in record of Crouch trial. (But used at trial.)
 Letter from Crouch (on letterhead of league) to Lieut. Col. Murphy, written before arrest, protesting against persecution of Communists. Article by Crouch in Honolulu Advertiser, Feb. 12, 1925. Article: "Reasons Why America Should Become Communist," except one sentence reading, "In fact, the army exists primarily for the purpose of protecting capitalism against its foes, both internal and external."

(All documentary evidence was read to the court and most of the prosecution's documentary evidence was included in the records.)
 Stupidity of Army Officers.
 From testimony of Creque at Crouch trial.
 Q. Did you ever hear of the I. W. W.?
 A. I have.

(Correct: Q. "Did you ever hear of the International Workers of the World?"
 A. "I never heard of the International Workers of the World, but I have heard of the Industrial Workers of the World."

Apparently the government did not wish this exhibition of ignorance on the part of the trial judge advocate to be made public.
 Testimony Doctored by Government.
 From testimony of Trumbull at Crouch trial.
 The mailing of the letter to the Communist International by Nadeau was under discussion.
 Q. How did he happen to mail it?
 A. He was secretary.

(Correct answer: "It was written for the purpose of being mailed.")
 From testimony of Crouch at Trumbull trial.
 Q. Private Crouch, was or was not, Private Trumbull, from your personal observation, in your opinion, an inactive man?
 A. Yes sir; I believe that he was. (Answer was—"an intelligent man," not an "inactive" man.)

WEEK OF MAY 1st BRINGS \$500 IN CONTRIBUTIONS FROM WORKERS TO INSURE THE DAILY WORKER FUND

Thru the week of May 1, workers and Workers Party branches contributed over \$500 to the 1925 fund to insure the DAILY WORKER, bringing the total to \$28,400.64.

The itemized list of remittances is as follows:

Detroit, Mich., Roumanian No. 1	\$19.00	Chicago, N. S. English	5.00
Detroit, Mich., Roumanian No. 2	3.00	Rockford, Ill., Lithuanian	2.00
Detroit, Mich., Ukrainian	12.00	Kansas City, Mo., English	8.00
Akron, O., Hungarian	3.00	Hingham, Mass., Finnish	1.00
New Castle, Pa., Finnish	16.50	Boston, Mass., English	3.00
Racine, Wis., Finnish	5.00	Elizabeth, N. J., Russian	6.00
S. Omaha, Neb., Czecho-Slav	8.00	Schenectady, N. Y., English	5.00
Akron, O., Russian	8.00	Salem, Mass., Finnish	5.00
Chicago, Ill., Finnish	35.00	Green, Mich., Finnish	5.00
Chicago, Ill., Czecho-Slav No. 1	5.00	New Haven, Conn., Italian	6.00
Boston, Mass., Ukrainian	2.00	W. C., Chattanooga, Tenn.	.50
Philadelphia, Pa., English	6.00	W. C., Portsmouth, Va.	4.00
W. C., Br. 71, Boston Mass.	5.00	Julius N. Benck, Milwaukee, Wis.	1.00
Duluth, Minn., Finnish	6.00	John Devecho, Portland, Ore.	1.00
San Francisco, Calif.	56.00	Jean Stevenson, San Pedro, Calif.	1.00
Gary, Ind., Hungarian	10.00	Axel Fredrickson, Ferndale, Mich.	5.00
Temple, Me., Finnish	2.00	J. Weinstein, New York, N. Y.	2.00
Perth Amboy, N. J., Hungarian	9.00	All Reight, Tofty, Alaska	1.00
Orient Ill., Jugo-Slav	7.00	J. Rowly, Detroit, Mich.	1.00
Keene, N. H., Finnish	2.00	Albert Bernhart, Teller, Alaska	5.00
Ironwood, Mich., Finnish	4.00	Karl J. Malinstrom, Moline, Ill.	2.00
Buffalo, N. Y., Finnish	10.00	A. Todubry, Syracuse, N. Y.	1.00
Rockland, Me., Finnish	2.00	H. Rosenberg, Philadelphia, Pa.	3.00
Gilbert, Minn., Finnish	20.00	Geo. Holgate, Edgemoor, Del.	10.00
Chardan O., Finnish	46.00	E. J. Bryan, Clifton, Ariz.	2.00
Phelps, Wis., Finnish	7.00	Mrs. A. Stoker, Grand Rapids, Mich.	5.00
Drummond, Mich., Finnish	5.00	Anon, River Forest, Ill.	5.00
Chicago, Ill., Slovak Society	10.00	Total	\$28,400.64
Chicago, Mid-City English	5.00		
Johnston City, Ill., S. Slavic	5.00		
Chicago, Ill., Hungarian	1.00		
Shenandoah, Pa., Russian	4.00		
Cleveland, O., W. English	8.00		
Cleveland, O., E. English	12.00		
Cleveland, O., German	8.00		
Cleveland, O., Jewish	3.50		
Cleveland, O., Y. W. L. W. Eng.	3.00		
Cleveland, O., Finnish	56.00		
Superior, Wis., English	1.00		
Blair Station, Pa., Greek	4.00		
Newport, N. H., Finnish	7.00		

THE GOOD THINGS in the MAY ISSUE of THE WORKERS MONTHLY

GUDOK by Wm. Z. Foster

An article written in Russia about a great newspaper in the world's first workers' republic. (With Photographs)

Revolution in Trade Union Terms by Wm. F. Dunne

A Communist analysis of the British Trade Union Delegation Report on Russia. (With Photographs)

Communism on the Streets of America by Earl R. Browder

From Communist theory to action in the stronghold of world capitalism. (With Photographs)

May Day in America by Harrison George

A great day of the working class traced thru the progress of American organized labor.

Coke Miners in Revolt by Arne Swabeck

The uprising of the "men who dig in the bowels of the earth"—a picture of the class struggle today.

The Fight for Unity in Minnesota by C. A. Hathaway

A history of the struggle of the mid-west farmer and industrial worker on the political field—and a proposal for the next step to be taken.

The Pan-American Anti-Imperialist League by Manuel Gomez

Further light on American Imperialism and the rise of the working class for unified action in Latin America to combat the rule of Wall Street.

The Death of Sun Yat Sen by G. Zinoviev

The president of the Communist International writes of the passing of a great national revolutionary figure.

The Lenin School in Chicago by Thurber Lewis

An interesting account of a new experiment in American working class education.

The Slaughter of the Workers in Halle by Peter Maslovsky

The murder of workers in a country where the working class is gathering forces to assume power.

CARTOONS including one of two pages by Robert Minor

BOOK REVIEWS by Floyd Dell—Moissaye Olgin—Martin Abern

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Orders filled immediately from new stock just arrived.

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 1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ill.

CAPITALIST LAW IGNORES TRADE DISEASE INJURY

37 States Leave Injured Helpless

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, May 11.—(FP)—A survey of the workmen's compensation laws made by the Workers' Health Bureau since recent legislative sessions closed shows how little attention lawmakers are paying to the victims of occupational diseases.

Such obvious injuries as broken legs, coming under the accident provisions, are grounds for compensation, but the insidious and often deadly diseases that come with chemical poisoning or the inhalation of rock dust are usually ignored.

Only four states and the federal government have blanket occupational disease laws. Six other states and two territories give protection in a limited number of occupations: Thirty-seven states ignore the occupational disease sufferers entirely.

The federal law relates only to federal employes. No provision is made by either state or federal occupational disease legislation for railroad and marine workers.

Defeated Five Times in Two Year Fight. In fighting for legislative relief organized labor is advised by the Workers' Health Bureau to work for blanket occupational disease laws rather than to spend its energy on piecemeal legislation covering only certain trade hazards.

This policy is urged as the result of the experience of the bureau and the New York Federation of Labor in the two-year fight they lost for five compensation amendments covering a specified list of industrial diseases. There is more to be gained by striving for blanket laws for the protection of all workers.

Pittsburgh Ido Group Banquet and Affair Comes Off May 16 PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 11.—On Saturday night, May 15th, the Ido Group will hold its first public affair and banquet in the Greek Hall, 5211 Wylie Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. Speeches will be made in Ido, English, Croatian, Finnish, Greek, Italian and Russian. The international will be sung in Ido by the Ido chorus. The Pittsburgh comrades should not miss this opportunity to hear Ido spoken and attend this affair. Buy your tickets in advance. They are for sale in every party branch.

Communists Study World Language. Another class in Ido, the world language, has been started with 20 pupils. They have one lesson night on Monday and one conversation evening once a week at the Greek Hall, 5211 Wylie Ave. For information about the local group address Comrade E. Carethers, 104 Sylvania Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FIVE AND TEN CENT STORE OWNERS MAKE MILLIONS OUT OF WRECKED BODIES OF LOW PAID GIRL SLAVES

(Federated Press Industrial Editor) Thousands of women deprived of the means to a decent, self-respecting existence, enabled the four leading 5 and 10 cent stores to pile up over \$35,000,000 in profits during 1924. By paying the lowest wages the owners of these stores have in 10 years secured profits totalling many times their original investments.

Woolworth's 1924 profits amounted to \$20,669,397, a return of 32 per cent on the par value of the stock. The profits would have been much larger but for the expense of opening and stocking 96 new stores, many of which were exceptionally large.

Forty-one Per Cent Return. Kresge's profits amounted to \$10,114,163. After paying preferred dividends the common stockholders got a return of 41 per cent on their holdings. But Kresge's stock dividends since 1916 have added more than 450 per cent to the amount of stock without the investment of an additional cent by the owners. The 1924 profit means a return of over 140 per cent on the 1916 investment.

Kresge's profits amounted to \$6,255,768 or \$24.45 on each \$100 share. And McCrory's profits were \$1,988,987 or \$4.32 a share with no par value. Here are the profits per \$100 share of the two leading companies since 1915:

Table with 3 columns: Year, Woolworth, Kresge. Rows from 1924 to 10 years.

If we make allowance for Kresge's stock dividends the 10-year return on \$100 invested prior to 1916 has amounted to approximately \$650, or 6 1/2 times the investment.

Get \$10.00 a Week. Reports of the U. S. women's bureau shows what kind of wages make such profits possible. In Ohio \$10.55 a week was the typical wage paid women employed in 5 and 10 cent stores, just about the lowest wage in the state.

Taking industry as a whole the typical wage for women was \$13.80 or more than \$3 a week above the 5 and 10 cent store level. The report for Missouri shows \$9.80 as the typical wage paid white women in 5 and 10 cent stores which compares with \$12.65 for all employed women. Over 80 per cent of the 5 and 10 cent store employes received less than \$12 a week whereas in all industry only 43 per cent fell below that level.

In Kansas, where only one-fifth of all women workers averaged less than \$9 a week, four-fifths of the 5 and 10 cent store workers fell below that pauper level. The predominant wage in all industry was \$11.80—in 5 and 10 cent stores it was only \$8.10.

Such examples show how the profits of a Woolworth or Kresge are made possible by the grinding down of women forced to seek a livelihood in their stores.

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OUR DAILY PATTERNS

A SIMPLE YOUTHFUL MODEL. A SIMPLE "EASY TO DEVELOP" ROMPER FIGURE.



5110. Tub silks such as broadcloth are attractive for this design. It is also good for flannel, kasha, linen and rep. The pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 16, 18 and 20 years. An 18-year size requires 3 1/2 yards of 32-inch material if made of one material. If made as illustrated, the facings and belt will require 1/4 yard of contrasting material. As pictured white taffeta with facings of yellow faille was used.

NOTICE TO PATTERN BUYERS—The patterns being sold thru the DAILY WORKER pattern department are furnished by a New York firm of pattern manufacturers. Orders are forwarded by the DAILY WORKER every day as received, and they are mailed by the manufacturer direct to the customer. The DAILY WORKER does not keep a stock of patterns on hand. Delivery of patterns ordinarily will take at least 10 days from the date of mailing the order. Do not become impatient if your pattern is delayed.

Eat at the GLOBE CAFETERIA. Best Foods at Moderate Prices. 14th STREET, COR. IRVING PLACE (Opposite New York Party Headquarters) Does your friend subscribe to the DAILY WORKER? Ask him!

PLUMBERS' UNION WINS FIGHT ON THE OPEN SHOP

Painters, Also Gain in National Capital

WASHINGTON—(F. P.)—Union plumbers in Washington have defeated, without a strike, the no-wage-increase conspiracy formed by speculative builders, bankers and real estate operators under the name of the Fair Wage Committee.

The Master Plumbers' Association has signed with the union an agreement calling for a wage increase from \$10 to \$10.50 a day which will stand until next February, when the scale will become \$11 a day until May, 1927. Steamfitters who have made demands identical within a few days.

While the Fair Wage Committee of anti-union enthusiasts has thus far declared that it will refuse to give contracts for work to any master plumber who pays more than \$10 a day, the parties to the new agreement predict that these threats will soon be forgotten.

Union painters, on strike for a raise from \$9 to \$10 remain confident that they will break down the bosses' opposition. After five weeks of deadlock the master painters have begun to quarrel with the speculative builders who drove them into this fight. They find that the employment of strikebreakers is difficult and expensive, and that much of the resulting work is so bad that they are obliged to do it over.

Nova Scotia Miners Have Co-operative Against "Pluck-Mes"

NEW YORK, May 11.—The sum of \$42,000, representing a 12 per cent savings return, was distributed in cash to 2,767 members of the British Canadian Co-operative Society in the Nova Scotia mining district. Co-operation, organ of the Co-operative League, announced in its May issue. The co-operative is made up of miners who are now on strike against the British Empire Steel Co., against whose stores the co-operators have to fight for trade. The company policy is to keep miners in debt to its stores so that their effectiveness in striking is weakened. The co-operative is winning more of the remaining 9,000 miners to its wisdom.

White Collar Union Holds Meeting Right on Morgan's Doorstep

NEW YORK, May 11.—Wall Street's white collar workers are getting the message of unionism at noon day meetings conducted by the Bookkeepers', Stenographers' and Accountants' Union. At a preliminary mass meeting near the stock exchange a big crowd was addressed by Ernest Bohm, president; Leonard Bright, secretary and Nathan Fein, member of the union. A special drive on bank workers is being made, said Bright. Bank workers are sternly exploited. Long overtime without extra pay is frequent. The noon day mass meetings will be continued with a reinforcement of speakers from other unions.

Your Union Meeting

- Second Tuesday, May 12, 1925. Name of Local and Place of Meeting. 133 Boot and Shoe Workers, 1939 Milwaukee Ave. Calumet Joint Labor Council, 514 W. 177th Street. 461 Carpenters, Witten's Hall, Highland Park, Ill. 302 Clerks, Grocery, 59 W. Van Buren Street. 826 Engineers (Locomotive), 5058 Wentworth Ave. 381 Electricians, 505 S. State St. 8705 Equi Inspectors, 415 N. Clark St. 27 Hod Carriers, 62nd and La Verne Avenue. 15441 Federal Union, 3046 W. 26th St. 12 Leather Workers, 777 W. Adams St. 17 Leathers Workers, 777 W. Adams St. 915 Machinists, 2548 S. Roman Ave. 275 Amalgamated Clothing Workers, 409 S. Halsted St. 5:30 p. m. 180 Garment Workers, 175 W. Washington St. 21 Bricklayers, 912 W. Monroe St. 58 Carpenters, Diversay and Sheffield. 141 Carpenters, 1023 S. 76th St. 272 Carpenters, Moose Hall, Chicago Heights. 1786 Carpenters, Springfield and 26th. 402 Engineers, 180 W. Washington St. 5 Hod Carriers, 225 E. 15th Street, Chicago Heights, Ill. 6 Hod Carriers, 814 W. Harrison St., Chicago. 81 Ladies' Garment Workers, 328 W. Van Buren St. 1494 Machinists, 6234 Princeton Ave. 546 Meat Cutters, 175 W. Washington Street. 571 Meat Cutters, 9206 Houston Ave. 17358 Nurses, Funk's Hall, Oak Park. 192 Plumbers, 1507 Ogden Ave. 402 Plumbers, 4111 W. Madison St. 1170 Railway Carmen, 11037 Michigan Ave. 1267 Railway Carmen, 6324 S. Halsted Street. 739 Railway Clerks, Moose Hall, Chicago Heights. 906 Railway Clerks, 5438 S. Halsted St. 373 Railroad Trainmen, 3359 W. Madison St. Teamsters' District Council, 220 S. Ashland Boulevard. 67 Tile Layers, 180 W. Washington Street. 415 Railway Carmen, 8617 Vincennes Ave. 7:30 p. m. 614 Railway Clerks, 549 W. Washington Street. Marine Fire and Oilers, 357 N. Clark St. 117 Painters, 20 W. Randolph St. 180 Painters, N. W. cor. California and Madison. 184 Painters, 6414 S. Halsted St. 191 Painters, N. W. cor. State and 55th. 275 Painters, 220 W. Oak St. 521 Painters, Trumbull and Ogden Ave. Plasterers, Monroe and Peoria Sts. 2219 Railway Clerks, 509 W. Washington St. 7 Waiters, 234 W. Randolph St.

The Government Gives an Opinion That the Government Is Right

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, May 11.—(FP)—Dismissal of over 150 printers, members of Columbia Typographical Local No. 101, from the government printing office two months ago has been held legal and regular, in an opinion sent to the White House by Attorney-General Sargent. The union had protested the dismissals as being in violation of federal law, and had demanded that President Coolidge dismiss Public Printer Carter.

The party grows large—All runs gaily, When subs are coming To "Our Daily."

Strategy of the Communists

The famous letter from the Communist International to the Mexican Communist Party—In which not only is outlined the policy for the Communist Party of Mexico, based on the facts of the struggle in that country—But also the strategy for Communists of all countries. No worker who wishes to understand the fundamental strategy of the Communists should omit it from his reading.

A Special Issue of the Young Worker

containing stories from our delegates just returned from Moscow and a feature article on the Young Communist League of Russia, by John Williamson, member of the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International.

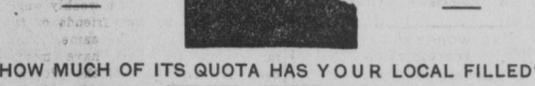
EVERY WEEK The Young Worker contains all the news of most interest to the working class youth, and since it has become a weekly paper is more interesting than ever before, with more news, an improved international news service and interesting articles by leaders in the Communist movement thruout the world. RATES \$1.50 A Year 85c. Six Months THE YOUNG WORKER 1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ill.



BUILDERS AT WORK

MILWAUKEE, WIS. Leads Local Having Quota of 100 Subs or Over

MONESSEN, PA. Leads All Cities in the Second Annual Sub Campaign



Milwaukee Leads the Big Ones WEST ALLIS, WIS., AND PITTSBURG, KAN., FIGHT IT OUT

The comrades of Local Milwaukee, led by Builder-in-Chief Comrade Gus Shklar, have from the very beginning led the parade of the fifteen locals having a quota of over one hundred subs. Philadelphia, due largely to the splendid work of City Agent, Comrade Lena Rosenberg, comes stepping right on Milwaukee's shirt-tails. Minneapolis was near the bottom until Comrade Dan W. Stevens became City Agent—and now look at them! Here they are with the other large locals in

Table titled 'THE SECOND ANNUAL SUB CAMPAIGN' with columns: City, Subs Sent In, Quota, Percent Filled. Lists cities like Milwaukee, Philadelphia, Minneapolis, etc.

Young Workers League Leads the Little Ones PHILADELPHIA RIGHT ON THEIR HEELS

Due to the splendid efforts of the Young Workers League of Monessen, Pa. with Comrade Leo Kaupplia as the young Builder-in-Chief they are the first of all locals to go over their quota. West Allis, Wis., a suburb of Milwaukee, got the Milwaukee habit of getting subs and has tied Pittsburg, Kansas, of the rebellious coal fields for second place in

Table titled 'THE RACE IN THE SECOND ANNUAL SUB CAMPAIGN' with columns: City, Subs Sent In, Quota, Percent Filled. Lists cities like Monessen, West Allis, Eureka, etc.

TEACHER HELD WHEN HE TELLS OF EVOLUTION

Only Evidence is Book on Darwin's Theory

(Special to The Daily Worker) DAYTON, Tenn., May 11.—T. J. Scopes, who was held for action by the grand jury of Rhea county charged with teaching evolution in the Rhea county school, pleaded not guilty on the ground that the law passed recently by the state legislature is unconstitutional. The only evidence presented against Scopes was the book on biology which Scopes used as the school's textbook. One passage objected to by the state declared:

"We have now learned that animal forms may be arranged so as to begin with very simple one-celled forms and culminate with a group which contains man himself. This arrangement is called the evolutionary series. Evolution means change, and these groups are believed by scientists to represent stages in complexity of development of life on the earth. Geology teaches that millions of years ago life upon the earth was very simple, and that gradually more and more complex forms of life appeared, as the rock formed latest in time shows the most highly developed forms of animal life. "The great English scientist, Charles Darwin, from this and other evidence, explained the theory of evolution. This is the belief that simple forms of life on the earth gradually gave rise to more complex, and that thus ultimately the most complex forms came into existence."

7,236 Deported and 18,601 Debarred in the Last Nine Months

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Immigrants and other aliens admitted to the United States during March, this year, were 39,616 in all, and for the nine months ending March 31 they totaled 332,968, according to statistics announced by the federal bureau of immigration.

Of these totals, the quota immigrants in March were 16,260 and the nonquota immigrants and the non-immigrant aliens were 23,356, of whom 12,716 were non-quota immigrants by reason of their birth in the western hemisphere. For the nine months period, the quota immigrants were 104,052, with an additional 1,335 who arrived before June 30, 1924, but were admitted after that date. Of the non-quota immigrants, 131,085 were born in Canada, Newfoundland or one of the Independent Latin-American countries.

In this same nine months period a total of 18,601 persons were debarred from entry, and 7,236 were deported. Of the deportees, 3,317 were sent away for lack of proper visas under the immigration law of 1924; another 1,552 were declared likely to become public charges; 384 were unable to read, also over 16 years of age; 276 were listed as belonging to the "immoral classes," and 508 were pronounced to be criminals.

'Polikushka' Will Be Shown in Pittsburgh District May 16th

In addition to the six showings already held in the Pittsburgh district within the last ten days there will be another show on Saturday, May 16, at New Croatian Hall, West Brownsville, Pa. The show begins at 7 p. m. and tickets are 50 cents. The program includes "Polikushka," a feature film made in Russia by the Moscow Art Theater, with Ivan Mosvin in the title role. On the program are a two-reel Russian slapstick comedy, "Soldier Ivan's Miracle," and a news reel giving scenes from the life of Lenin. In this district this program was received with even greater favor than the latest film from Russia, "The Beauty and the Bolshevik." The same program will be shown at the Eagle Theater, Livingston, Ill. on May 26.

Any labor organization which has not yet run all of the films prepared by the International Workers' Aid, 19 S. Lincoln St., Chicago, Ill., should get in touch with that organization at once. There are features which make up an entire evening's educational and entertainment program as well as short films that will round out and furnish a special attraction at meetings, picnics, etc.

PITTSBURGH, PA. To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent on all their dental work. DR. RASNICK DENTIST 645 Smithfield Street. WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM Married couple (no children) want furnished room with use of kitchen, between 14th and 80th Streets, Manhattan. State rent when answering. Address: N. J., Room 21, 108 E. 14th Street, New York City.

THE DAILY WORKER

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J. LOUIS ENGDahl / WILLIAM F. DUNNE / MORITZ J. LOEB
Editors Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail Sept. 21, 1923, at the Post-Office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

290 Advertising rates on application

Charlie Schwab's Smile

We have heard of the smiling Mona Lisa, whose vampish orbs follow you with an intriguing message, which makes it a matter for public thanksgiving that the coquettish optics are on canvas and not located in an animated piece of protoplasm. Domestic tranquility is thus saved an added strain.

Charlie Schwab is in the field as a competitor to the beaming Mona. If we are to believe John M. Glenn, secretary of the Illinois Manufacturers Association, Charlie's smile is worth as much to the American capitalist class as Lisa's merry twinkle is to the Parisian picture gallery where she hangs.

But the department of justice is out to rob Charlie of his dimples along with some of his dough. This is how it happened: During the war Charlie was one of those willing patriots who offered his services to the government for one dollar a year when American soldiers were dodging German bullets and French cooties for thirty dollars a month.

But Charlie's steel company could not avoid getting contracts for making battleships for the navy. And the government paid generously in those days. In fact, while Charlie was only receiving one dollar a year he was spending \$250,000 a month. This news created quite a sensation at the time and it is a matter of history that Charlie shed tears over the thought that anybody would doubt his integrity or his patriotism.

The tears won for the time being. But the department of justice for some mysterious reason which only the gods can unravel is suing the Bethlehem Shipbuilding corporation for \$11,000,000, alleged to have been disbursed to that company by the government in overpayment.

The soft-hearted editor of the Manufacturers News does not object to the government suing the company and recovering the money, but why hurt the feelings of such a tried and true patriot as Schwab? Isn't he one of the greatest business men of the world? And he did not commit a crime! At the worst he only robbed the government of \$11,000,000. And surely everybody knows this is not a criminal case. He might have violated the criminal syndicalism law of Idaho and be a real scoundrel, but stealing a trifle like eleven million dollars in the name of patriotism is the highest compliment that could be paid to his business genius.

Fearing that rough usage may rob Charlie of his eleven million dollar smile which might prove invaluable in the coming war with Japan, Glenn sobbs: "Take the money away from Mr. Schwab's company if it has been overpaid, but leave his smile which will fade if his character is unjustly destroyed." Here pause a moment to fish out a dry handkerchief. Pity Albert B. Fall, and other fallen angels if the D. of J. does not listen to reason.

A Mexican girl attempted to kill the president in order to wrest a catholic church from the hands of a body of Mexican catholics who do not recognize the pope. She was inspired by god. The old fellow is just as bloodthirsty as he was in the biblical days.

Defense Day

Quite a lot of noise was made last year about the designation of November 11, the anniversary of the cessation of hostilities in the world war, as "defense day." The pacifists were so vocal that the war department was obliged to soften their wrath by promising that it would not happen again; that it was merely a test to try out certain plans that the military leaders had made for defending the country in case of attack.

But our our militarists do not drop a good idea very quickly. The war department has now announced that it intends to make "defense day" a regular annual event. The date will be November 11. A good day to get the masses excited! It is now distant enough so that the war agonies have lost their sting and life under this monotonous capitalist system is so sordid that even the job of dodging bullets will look more inviting than the prospect of spending a lifetime listening to the whirr of an automatic machine.

The war department is planning to militarize this country to an extent never even dreamed of by the German kaiser before the world war. And this militarization is not directed against an outside enemy but against the enemy within, which is, in the eyes of the capitalist class the labor movement.

Every day get a "sub" for the DAILY WORKER and a member for the Workers Party.

Ivory Headed Labor Leaders

When the Barr state police bill was before the Illinois state legislature the DAILY WORKER declared that this bill, tho endorsed by the leaders of the Illinois Federation of Labor and supported by Governor Small, was just as vicious as the Dunlap bill which was the first preference of the open shop manufacturers.

The employers preferred the Dunlap bill, but it would appear that their opposition to the Barr substitute was only a sham one calculated to deceive the workers. The Chicago Tribune came out boldly for the Barr bill, holding that it established the principle of state police and was a step in the right direction. Now we have the same opinion, tho somewhat stronger, expressed by the Manufacturers News, which is edited by John M. Glenn, notorious open shopper and secretary of the Illinois Manufacturers' Association. The editorial is quoted in full so that the rank and file of the labor unions in this state will see what a collection of sapsheads their sagacious leaders, Walker, Olander and Fitzpatrick are. No doubt they will not feel comfortable in the same boat with John M. Glenn, but there is where the traitors belong.

The editorial reads: "Illinois is to be congratulated. After a number of years' efforts—tacking, shifting sails—running aground and wallowing in the trough of the sea—we are going to have a state police law. It is the Barr bill which was passed by the senate last week by a vote of 34 to 9. It will be passed by the house also because nearly everybody is in favor of it.

"What's in a name?" It does not matter whether it is the Dunlap or Barr bill so that we have a state police force that will effectively patrol Illinois highways and stop crime that has been a bad advertisement for the state.

"As Manufacturers News sees it, there is not much difference between the Barr bill and the Dunlap bill except that the Dunlap bill provided for 450 men and the Barr bill has a limit of 750 men. Under both bills the police can be used to enforce law and order. They can oppose crime wherever they see it. Their officers can send them wherever needed. They can be mobilized if necessary for any purpose.

"It has been charged that the Barr bill will provide for a political police force. It will be no more political than the police force would have been under the Dunlap bill. Its use, its activities and its policies will be directed by public sentiment—the strongest force in the world. Governor Small, if he wants to, can make the Illinois state police the most efficient state police in the United States. It would be the most popular thing he could do. It would be playing the kind of politics that would make a hit with the public. We believe he will do it."

The official organ of the open shoppers has as much faith in Governor Small as the labor leaders have. Neither the labor leaders nor the employers will be disappointed. But the workers will have their eyes opened sooner or later and their heads perhaps by the clubs of the state cossacks.

Every day get a "sub" for the DAILY WORKER and a member for the Workers Party.

An Oily Investment

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., gave a gift of \$625,000 to the fund collected for the upkeep of five American colleges located in the oil areas of Asia Minor. A budget of \$2,500,000 is being raised to keep those colleges going for five years. The ease with which this money is raised indicates the importance attached by the American capitalists, interested in the exploitation of Asia Minor to the kind of education their future slaves should have inside their domes.

It is a safe bet that the professors hired with the money donated by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., will not tell the workers and peasants of Asia Minor, that the mineral resources of their country belong by right to the people of that country who apply their labor power to the task of creating use values of this raw wealth. On the contrary they will be told what blessings the big trusts have brought to the people of America and how much happier the inhabitants of the Near East will be when they develop a crop of pious millionaire Sunday school teachers.

So far the war between the rum runners and the American navy seems to be a draw. Perhaps the noise that sounded like the discharge of guns was only the popping of champagne corks. The fight may not prove decisive, but it will be spirited.

Curtailed liberty is alright, provided the object in view is the prevention of the working class from throwing off the chains of slavery. But suppression of the license of a few exploiters to rob the majority is a horse of another color.

The Chicago Tribune admits that liberty in Italy under Mussolini is somewhat emasculated, but perhaps, says the Trib, the Italians like their freedom that way. Only Americans like it unadulterated, like their moonshine.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for the DAILY WORKER.

Character and Driving Forces of the Russian Revolution

By JAN SEN.

THE question of the driving forces of the Russian revolution loomed big at the last discussion within the ranks of the Russian Communist Party in connection with the publication of Trotsky's Lessons of October. In connection with this discussion, some comrades in the Comintern expressed the opinion that the difference between Trotsky and Lenin is that Lenin contributed much more to the development of the Russian Revolution than Trotsky could have done on the basis of his theory of revolution. This is a thoroughly erroneous viewpoint, for it does not show any basic and essential difference between Lenin's theory of revolution and that of Trotsky.

In his appreciation of the character and driving forces of the Russian revolution in 1905, Lenin pointed out to the mensheviks that they held erroneous views of the peculiarities of the Russian bourgeois-democratic revolution. The judgment of the mensheviks followed the usual conventional historical lines. Their idea was that if the revolution is a bourgeois revolution its main driving force must be the bourgeoisie. Lenin on the other hand pointed out that the Russian bourgeois-democratic revolution was an agrarian-peasant revolution. Lenin had come to this conclusion when studying the peasant movements in 1902-03. The liberal bourgeoisie, far from supporting these peasant movements, resisted them with all its might. On the basis of an economic analysis of the tendencies of the development of economic life in Russia, Lenin came to the conclusion that two types of evolution were possible for the Russian of those days. On the one hand, the American type—total abolition of servitude, latifundia, elimination of medieval agrarian relations, large scale development of an untrammelled capitalist system of agriculture. On the other hand the Prussian type—slow evolutionary transformation of large estates into capitalist concerns. From the viewpoint of objective economic development both these types were possible and the task of the party of the working class did not consist in meditating fatalistically on objective historical development, but impressing energetically on the scales of history and contributing to the development of Russia by means and methods most advantageous to the working class. Lenin never tired of exposing the erroneous interpretation given by the mensheviks to the nature of the Russian bourgeois-democratic revolution. Lenin pointed out also the Russian revolution had to be socially and economically a bourgeois-democratic revolution, its main driving forces had to be the working class and the peasantry. The mensheviks, as well as the authors of the well-known theory of permanent revolution—Parvus and Trotsky, fail to understand these main historical peculiarities of the Russian revolution. The mensheviks asserted that the Bolshevik formula "revolutionary democratic dictatorship of the proletariat and peasantry" would inevitably lead the working class to socialist exaggerations and illusions, and will be the grave of the socialist ideal for a long time to come. The advocates of "permanent revolution" said that the task of the working class consisted in initiating immediately the socialist revolution. Parvus and Trotsky's

main political slogan was: "Without the czar, but a labor government." On the other hand Lenin considering the concrete international conditions under which the revolution of 1905 had developed, and the social class structure in Russia, said that Russia was not on the eve of a socialist revolution.

AFTER the defeat of the revolution of 1905 the mensheviks adopted a liquidator's point of view. They considered the bourgeois-democratic revolution accomplished. The mensheviks supported the "Stolypin" "Prussian" form of government for Russia. During these years their dispute was not about the character of the revolution, but about the possibility of revolution in general. The advocates of "permanent revolution" were at that time on the side of avowed mensheviks. The agrarian program is so to speak the mirror which reflects the character of this or that fraction of Russian social-democracy.

Supporters of the theory of permanent revolution whilst retaining their revolutionary character in a general abstract form, accepted the menshevik agrarian program with its medieval agrarian conditions.

Strange revolutionaries indeed who proclaimed immediate straightforward socialist revolution and at the same time supported feudal agricultural relations. But this only showed that the advocates of "permanent revolution," as well as the mensheviks failed to understand that the main peculiarity of the Russian-bourgeois-democratic revolution is that it is an agrarian revolution. The advocates of "permanent revolution" and the mensheviks failed to understand that the main task of the bourgeois-democratic revolution in Russia was the solution of the agrarian question.

ALL the errors of Trotsky's revolutionary theory as applied to Russian conditions originate in his over-estimation of the elements of capitalist development in the country. In his estimate of the significance of the peasantry for the pending Russian revolution, Trotsky wrote in 1915 "The experience of the Russian revolution and the reaction which followed it shows us that now, even less than in 1905 we can depend on the peasantry playing an independent and decisive role in the development of revolutionary events, insofar as the peasantry has remained in a state of feudal slavery. It remains in its ele-

mental opposition to the old regime all the economic ideological insularity and political and cultural backwardness and helplessness which paralyzes the social energy of every movement and compel it to stop short where real revolutionary action should begin. But, insofar as the peasantry has made during this epoch economic and cultural progress, this progress is in the form of bourgeois development and is therefore bound to contribute to the further development of class differences within the peasantry itself. This means that the industrial proletariat is confronted now much more than in 1905 with the question of drawing to its side the proletarian and semi-proletarian elements of the countryside, and not the peasantry as a class."

BY this statement, Comrade Trotsky shows that he failed to understand that the peasantry as a whole could rise against medieval agricultural conditions. History has shown us that this is possible. For the countryside the October revolution of 1917 began as a bourgeois-democratic revolution. The whole peasantry supported the Soviets in the struggle against the landowners' medieval agrarian conditions. It was only in the middle of 1918 when the "committees of poor peasants" were organized that the class struggle began to permeate the villages and that the upper stratum of the peasantry dissociated itself from the revolution. The slogan of the struggle for land played a very important role in the organization and mobilization of large peasant masses. It was a great advantage to the Russian revolution that the proletarian revolution coincided with the "peasant war" against the landowners. What Trotsky's revolutionary theory failed to take into account is that the Russian revolution of 1917, which began as an agrarian peasant revolution, will develop into a socialist revolution.

IN his book The Proletarian Revolution and the Renegade Kautsky, Lenin wrote on this subject as follows: "It has happened just as we said. The trend of the revolution is a confirmation of the correctness of our reasoning. At first together with the peasantry against the monarchy, against landowners and medievalism (and to this extent the revolution remains a bourgeois-democratic revolution.) And then together with the poorest peasantry, the semi-proletar-

iat and all exploited against capitalism, including the village rich, the kulaks and speculators and in this respect the revolution becomes a socialist revolution. To endeavor to erect an artificial Chinese wall between the former and the latter, to separate them for each other by any thing else but the degree of the preparedness of the proletariat and the degree of its unification with the village poor, is a flagrant misinterpretation and degradation of Marxism, tantamount to substituting it by liberalism. . . . In the meantime, the reason why the Soviets are a much higher form and type of democratic is that by uniting and drawing into politics large sections of workers and peasants they provide in close proximity to the 'people' (in the sense of Marx's statement in 1871 on a real people's revolution) a very sensitive barometer of the development and growth of the political and class maturity of the masses." Lenin being a brilliant dialectician, fully understood the development of the bourgeois-democratic revolution into the socialist revolution. Therefore we say that those comrades whom we mentioned in the beginning of our article and who are of the opinion that the Russian revolution could have been begun on the Trotsky theory but could not have reached such an advanced state of development on the strength of that theory, are wrong. For Trotsky wanted to skip over the link of the agrarian-peasant revolution, which had to be taken hold of in order to develop the fight for socialism.

"If the Bolshevik proletariat," said Lenin, "without waiting for the class struggle to get hold of the villages and without preparing it and making use of it, had tried to 'decree' civil war or the 'introduction of socialism' in the country, if it had attempted to do without a temporary bloc with the peasantry as a whole and without a number of concessions to the middle peasantry, etc.—this would have been a Blanquist perversion of Marxism, an attempt of the minority to force its will on the majority, a theoretic absurdity, a failure to understand that a general peasant revolution is still a bourgeois revolution and that it is impossible in a backward country to make it a socialist revolution without a series of transitions and transitional phases." (Continued in next issue.)



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FOREIGN TRADE OF RUSSIA IN BIG INCREASE

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 11.—The growth of Soviet Russia's foreign trade, has made tremendous strides in the past year, it is admitted even by the anti-Soviet secretary of commerce, Herbert Hoover.

In the nine months ending in March 1924, the portion of Soviet Russia in Europe imported \$4,121,167 worth of products according to Hoover's figures. Imports in the nine months ending in 1925 to Soviet Russia in Europe amounted to \$6,135,094, according to these figures.

In the month of March, 1925, the imports were \$1,259,806, a jump from \$680,499 worth of imports in March, 1924.

Exports also soared during the last year, the department of commerce figures show. The value of exports in nine months ending March 1, 1925, was \$33,373,474, compared to \$7,456,292 in the corresponding nine months of 1924. The value of the exports increased four times in one year.

In March, 1925, \$7,353,265 worth of products were exported and in March, 1924, \$2,999,940.

None of these figures included trade carried on by the portion of Soviet Russia outside of Europe.

Wood on Murder Mission.
MANILA, P. I., May 11.—General Leonard Wood, military dictator in the Philippines on behalf of Wall Street imperialism, is now enroute to Lanno to lead the fight of his constabulary to exterminate the Moro natives who have taken refuge in a mountain fort near that point.

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE!