CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

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MONDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1907

PRICE ONE CENT

LABOR'S GREAT PRO-TEST; 6,000 ATTEND

Peaceful Parade and Meeting to Call Attention to Mine Owners' Crime

TWO STATES ARE IN THE BIG CONSPIRACY

The Plight of Haywood, Moyer and Pettibone Is the Plight of all of Us-Federation of Labor Attends

Capitalist brutality in its worst form as exemplified in the kidnaping, prosecution and persecution of Moyer, Haywood and Pettilione was resented yesterday by wage earners of Chicago and hundreds of other cities, towns and hamlets throughout the United States in a voice which will cause the pillars of plutocracy to tremble.

Fully 5,000 people gathered in and about Brand's Hall, Eric and Clark streets, to commemorate the anniversary of the kidnaping of Moyer and Haywood. The meeting was preceded by a demonstration in which fully more than 2,000 men took part, and which extended over five blocks.

Banners with the inscriptions, "Are Idaho and Colorado in Russia?" "We demand justice for Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone," and others were carried in by the marchers in the procession.

The importance and the gravity of The impertance and the gravity of the meeting were still more increased and intensified when at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, delegates to the Chicago Federation of Labor, marched into the fall headed by the secretary of the federation, E. N. Nockels, by Fdwin R. Wright, president of the Illinois Federation of Labor, and other prominent labor leaders of this city. As they stepped upon the platform, and the chairman announced that the Chicago Federation of Labor adjourned its meeting after a session of forty minutes in order to come and join in the protest demonstration against, the protest demonstration against, the Moyer, Haywood and Petitione out-rage, they were greeted by a storm of applause which lasted several minutes.

Anton Johansen of the Woorworkers then made a short speech in behalf of the Chicago Federation of Labor, pledging the sympathy and support of that body.

hat body.

Mr. Johansen after briefly characterizing the Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone outrage as a capitalistic conspiracy, said that if these men are hanged the supreme court of the United States will stand trial before the working class of this country.

States will stand trial before the working class of this country.

The chief speaker of the day was John M. O'Neill, editor of the Miners' Magazine. In clear and cloquent (anguage, Mr. O'Neill pictured the personality of Moyer and Haywood, showing their broad, humanitarian sympathies and their undying devotion to the cause of the oppressed.

cause of the oppressed.

Mr. O'Neill pointed and that it was this very devotion to the interest of the working class which landed them in jail, and which may send them to the

gallows.
"They are victims of a dastardly conspiracy," Mr. O'Neill declared, "a conspiracy which aims to take away from labor the right to organize and defend its interests."

O'Neill's Call

O'Neill's Call

The speaker concluded his speech with a passionate appeal to the working people of this country to rise to a man and prevent the execution of their noble representatives.

Joseph Schmidt, editor of the Bakers' Journal, spoke in German. Mr. Schmidt scored the press of the United States for its assisting in this conspiracy to execute innocent men and betray the cause of labor.

He was followed by John Collins, who declared that the same class and the

He was followed by John Collins, who declared that the same class and the same interests which seek to send Moyer and Haywood to the gallows also seek to send Shes to the penitentiary. Mr. Collins said that the mine owners of Colorado are in a conspiracy to exhaust the funds of the Muiers' Union and thus prevent them from rescuing Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone.

Collins Points he Way

"The cause for these repeated outrages against labor," he declared, "is
all one. It is the ownership of the tools
of production by a handful of men.
The only way to get at the root of the
exil is to abolish the ownership of the
means of life by a few. This cannot
be done in any other way than by investing the government in the hands of
the neonle.

the people.

"A hundred thousand votes for a Socialist candidate for mayor of Chicago will do more to free Mover, Haywood and Pettibone than millions of dollars."

tibone in Colorada."

Mr. Collins promptly responded that he did not come to talk politics, but to point out to the workers the weapons with which they can free themselves.

"The only way the workers can prevent such outrages in the future." Mr. Collins continued. "Is to take possession of the government, to control the har and the press.

"The last of these things we have I

country, and especially here in Chicago. We have here the 'Arbeiter Zeitung' which champions the cause of the oppressed. We have also a new child which promises to be a rising giant of the future civilization—the Chicago Dalle Scallist '! Daily Socialist."
Appliause and hurrabs lasting for fully

five minutes greeted the mention of the name of the rebel daily.

J. Mahlon Barnes, national secretary

J. Mahlon Barnes, national secretary of the Socialist Party, said that if hanging was indispensable to progress, the working people should do it.

"Let us do the hanging," be cried, in a legal manner with a legal length of rope. If policemen are indispensable, then let the workingmen appoint it own policemen. Let the working ciass hold the club. Let the working people have their own courts, judges people have their own courts, judges and bars. Let them hang the real cul-prits and assassins of humanity."

Take Down "Liberty"

H. Bartel who spoke in German said that if Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone are hanged, America might as well pull down the statue of liberty at its New York harbor and replace it by the statue of a policeman with a club in his hand.

"The famed freedom of this coun y," Mr. Bartel said, "has degenera-

try," Mr. Bartel said, "has degenerated into a privilege for a few to trample down the rights of the many."
Martin Drescher, the noted German American poet and champion of the working class, recited a poen, especially will be the consistent.

working class, recited a poem especially written for that occasion.

A collection which was taken up for the defense fund brought \$120.15.

A meeting of the Moyer, Haywood and Pettibore conference will be held Wednesday night at 55 North Clark street. Delegates from every labor or ganization in this city are expected to attend this meeting, and plans for raising money for the defense of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone will be made.

RED FLAGS UP IN OLD ROME

Rome, Feb. 17.—A fremendous procession with 120 red flags and banners and twenty bands leading more than 20,000 marchers commemorated the death of the Philosopher Bruno, who was burned at the stake by order of the inquisition.

Every effort was made by the police and army to harass the marchers and ine'te them to violence.

After depositing their wreaths at the foo of the statue of Bruno in the Plaza dei Tiori they proceeded to the capitol where Enrice Ferri, the Socialist deputy, and world famous crimunologist, was to deliver a speech.

The police refused to permit the crowd to reach the loggia where he was to speak. The police finally drew their revolvers, which so infuriated the crowd that they overpowered the police and gained their coveted position, where they listened to the speech.

A company of infantry with fixed bayonets arrived later, but did not interfere with the speaking. IDy a Special Correspondent.]

CHURCH OBSERVES -KINAPING DAY"

Rev. J. O. Bentall, editor of the Christian Socialist, at a lecture at the People's Church, 9737 avenue L, yesterday drew a strong comparison concerning the Haywood-Moyer kidnaping. He said that the affair in Colorado is in all phases the exact shadow of the kidnaping of Jesus Christ.

The Supreme court of Colorado was

compared to the court of Pilate

compared to the court of Pilate.

Jesus Christ was compared to Moyer
Haywod and Pettibone.

The one "dissenting voice." Nicodemus, is paralleled by Justice McKenna.

The lecture was received in silent commendation and a silent resolution was adopted, the members of the congre-

was adopted, the members of the congre-gation standing.

The People's Church was the only church in Chicago that had the bravery to stand up and openly defend the cause of right in the Haywood-Moyer-Pettibone affair.

7 MEN PUT LIVES INTO COURT HOUSE

Widows and Orphans Will Draw No Interest-All Interest Goes to Bankers Who Only Gave Money

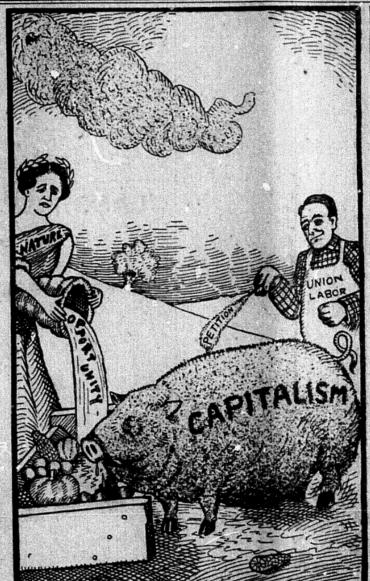
dames Lynch, a laborer who was employed on the new county building, is buried under twenty tons of debris, a result of an secident Saturday when a section of steel arch support fell eleven stories, carrying him and tons of masoury to the ground.

section of steel arch support fell eleven stories, carrying him and tons of masonry to the ground.

The accident is one of the most horrifying in the history of Chicago sky-scraper building and his fellow workers are working feverishly to remove the piles of masonry from his body.

Lynch and three other laborers were working on the top of the building when the arch gave way and it was only by the veriest good fortune that the other two men did not meet the fate of Lynch. Joshua Morgan, a colored workman, was caught by the falling debris and only saved himself by grasping the part of one of the intermediate steel garders.

Seven craftsment, so fur, have invested their lives in the new county building. This investment, however, will give no interest to their widows and children. All the intermed that will be paid by the county will be to the bankers who only invested money in the structure and have "honds" to show that they did.





THE NEW WEAPON WORKS BETTER

WUST NOT SHOW BOSSES' CONSPIRACY

Unionists Not Permitted to Show Employers' Association Caused Strike

CITY, STATE AND DRIVERS PLEADED FOR PEACE

Aggressive Capital Decided to Bust Unions and of Course Did Not Hear Requests for Arbitration

In his opening address outlining the defense in the Shez conspiracy trial, Attorney Cruice was permitted to tell some things that, while they were finally ruled out by the court, throw a vivid light

out by the court, throw a vivid light on the truth of the "conspiracy."

It appears that at the time the mea under trial were supposed to be engaged in a blackmanling conspiracy to call a strike against Montgomery Ward & Co., they were really bending every possible energy to secure arbitration, in which they were continually the article where they were continually the Employers' Association.

Three different arbitration committees were amounted by Mayor Dunne and one

were appointed by Mayor Dunne and one by Governor Deneen, and the State Board of Arbitration volunteered its services, all at the request of the drivers, and all of which were rejected by the employers.

Judge Bars Evidence

Judge Bars Evidence

The defense offered to introduce testimony to show that a meeting was held at which Robert J. Thorr., of Montgomery Ward & Co. with his attorney, Shea, Barry and other representatives of the teamsters and garment workers were present.

An agreement was drawn up by the unions and rejected by Thorne. Shea then told him to draw up one to suit himself, which he did, and Shea an nounced that the unions would accept it.

Thorne then said it must first be approved by his Board of Directors. Next morning he announced that it has been so approved, but before it could go into effect the Employers' Association sent a communication forbidding any settlement of the strike and announcing that they proposed to "pull the town wide open."

None of the evidence in proof of these facts will be permitted in evidence, as Judge Kavanagh declared that, while he was convinced that each side had showed little regard for law, yet "the employers are not, in this court and cannot be

Nochels Ttestifies

Nochels Ttestifies

Edward Nochels, secretary of the Chicago Federation of Labor, was the first witness called by the defense to-day. He testified regarding the meeting of the Federation of Labor on May 7, when a United States Express wagon, loaded with men flourishing revolvers and shouting insulting epithets, drove by the hall.

"What did Shea say at this time?" he was asked. This was the question over which the fight had been waged at the previous trial, and which Judge Ball had refused to permit the witness to answer. Judge Kavanagh, however, overruled the objection of State Street Attorney Miller, and Shea was permitted to reply.

"She said," replied Secretary Nockets, "You are now witnessing some

of the damnable tactis that have been resorted to by the employes of the U.S. Express company to incite the unions to riot. I advise you most emphatically to report f oyour unious that no such demonstrations should incite the unions to violence."

Secretary Nockels testified further that on May 4 he saw lifteen or twenty wagons go down LaSatle street past the City Hall, filled with negro strike breakers flourishing revolvers, and attended by many men on the sidewalk carrying heavy canes, but that no

carrying heavy canes, but that no trouble resulted. On cross examination Miller asked

him if at the meeting on April 2 Shea did not say, "The teamsters are ready and the Federation will furnish the

Secretary Nockels replied that what Shea had really said was, "The team-sters are ready whenever the Feder-ation is."

SOCIALIST \$500,000 BLAZE AT PULLMAN

Chicago Fire Department Called to Aid
—Entire Pullman Work Threatened

wood lumber yards of the Pullman com-pany, destroyed over \$500,900 worth of property today.

An area of fifteen square blocks has been swept by the flames, which is still turning firely, and the entire Pull-man plat is threatened. The pain man plant is threatened. The paint shop is in ruins and thefiremen are hav-ing a terrific struggle to save the freight car works from destruction. The fire had reached this building at the last report, and efforts of the fire-

men are seemingly in vain. Assistance of the Chicago fire department and fire apparatus from adjoining towns is being rushed to the configration, but owing to the bad condition of the roads it is feared they will not reach the scene until hundreds of thousands of scene until hundreds of thousands of dellars worth of property has been de-stroyed

WHAT MEANS THIS? WHERE'S TEDDY GOING?

President Said to Be Determined to Devote His Life to Economic "Reforms"

[Scripts McRae Press Association]
New York, Feb. 18.—The Washington correspondent of the Times today outlines the probable future course of President Roosevelt in fighting for "economic reforms," intimating that the president will devote the rest of his life to this battle.

will devote the rest of his life to this battle.

The president, it is pointed out, is waiting to begin his next struggle against the forces of monopoly, until the long session, realizing that nothing could be accomplished at the short resident, which ends in March. Demand for an inquiry regarding the valuation and root of railroad operation as a basic for rate regulation, is described as the next fight the president will begin.

Polities, the correspondent thicks, is President Roosevelt's natural field. To the end of his life he will continue the fight for reforms. He hints the president may become a candidate again in 1912, although he has insisted that he would not seek re-election in 1908, meant me trying to secure a seat in the senate.

Snow To-Morrow

Showers to a are scheduled by the weather bureau Snow flurries and lower temperature Tuesday.

WIRE MEN HOLD UNION LOVE FEAST

After Many Years Operators Discover That United They are Powerful

THEIR VICTORY A LESSON TO ALL WAGE EARNERS

Women Join Organization and Unionism Promises to Be Supreme in Western Union

Handel Hall, taxed to its utmost apacity, rank with the applause and cheers of a multitude of men and women at the lovefest of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America vesterday in commemoration of their recent victory over the great telegraph trust

Old enmittes were buried and past unpleasantries were torgotten. All was joy and gladness. While reading the wage scale and conditions thereof presented to the Postal Telegraph company, Local President Paulson was interrupted by the entrance of two hundred new members, composed of wire chiefs division chiefs. of two hundred new members, composed of wire chiefs, division chiefs
and women from the Western Union.
Wave upon wave of applause greeted
these new members as they marched
down the aisles to seats reserved for
them, and for the first time in their
lives with shoulders squared, heads
erect and faces wreathed with smiles,
they proclaimed their manhood and
their womanhood.

Old-Time Revival

No religious revival ever stirred the emotions as did this scene, and a thousand happy hearts seemed to sing in unison, "Thank God, the reign of Clowry is dead."

For it is due to the implacable enmity of Colonel Clowry for the past twenty-live years that the right of organization has been denied.

"Were the details of Clowry is persecutions and espionages on the teleg-

"Were the details of Clowry's persecutions and espionages on the telegraphers' union bared it would read more like a tale of darkest Russia than an actual happening in free America." said an old-timer.

Vice-President Newcomb of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers addressed the meeting and related some of the work done by his organization. The O. R. T. is striving for a universal eight-hour day in its tanks, and is sanguine of the passage of such a bill now before the Missouri state legislature, and already some of the eastern railroads have voluntarily initiated the eight-hour day.

This move, it is hoped, will in part mitigate some of the frightful railroad accidents now prevailing. For the commercial operators he predicted the strongest labor union in America.

Small's Advice

International President Sylvester J. Small. "Our Sam." as he is now called, followed with a felicitous speech. He cautioned the members against any indiscretions and asked them to "do a good day's work for a good day's may." He said the victory gained last week would be followed up by more demands, and called es-

pecial attention to the outside operators in branch offices and country They are to be taken care of just as soon as the committee can formu-late plans to do so. The "can com-mittee," meaning those rane discharg-ed operators who were reinstated Saturday, he thanked most heartily for the valuable assistance rendered.

Russell, Neat and Debonair

Grand Secretary and Treasurer Wesley Russell, neat and debonair, next took the floor and read the telegrams from the leading telegra-phers throughout the country congratnlating the Chicago operators upot their firm stand and splendid victory their firm stand and splendid victory. Said an old-time telegrapher: "Oae word from their leaders and the business would cease, industries stand paralyzed and transportation be tied up. Stagnation would set in. The world would go back to the old stage-coach days. Where is there another labor craft that could do such a thing?"

They were really surprised at their strength and little thought victory would be obtained without a struggle.

BAD DOSE FOR JAPS

Mayor Schmitz Says Exclusion Has Won Complete Victory

(Scripps McRae Press Association)
San Francisco, Feb. 18.—Members of
the Japanese and Korean Exclusion
League are today hoping for great
things in the way of shutting out Japanese immigration, following a telegram
received from Mayor Schmitz at Washington, in which he says:

"Amendment to immigration bill is
only forerunner of what is to follow.
Cannot make public all details until
later. Have not relinquished any of
our rights. Agitation at this time may
complicate satisfactory settlement."

League members regard Schmitz's
statement as meaning he will have good
news when he arrives home, and believe
they have won their points, while the
diplomatic difficulty of pacifying Japan
has at the same time been solved.

"STOP THIEF" IS UNIONISTS' CRY

Organized Labor Brands Fran-

chise as Plain Theft-One Man Says "Manila Rope"

A host of resolutions condemning the traction ordinances and warning labor to defeat the traction steal at the bal-lot box in April, were adopted at the lot box in April, were adopted at the meeting of the Chicago Federation of la-The strongest of these resolutions was introduced by J. H. Larkin, M. C. Buck-

ley and D. Emright of the street car men's union.
In explaining the motive for presenting this resolution Mr. Emright declared that the street car men have not only failed to get any clauses which would better their conditions in these ordinances, but they even failed to get a clause providing for the settling of all disputes

by arbitration.

"The traction ordinances are the boldest robbery ever committed by any tody of representatives upon their constituents," Mr. Enright declared, "I have studied the ordinances and the only way I can characterize them is by saying that these ordinances are a document conceived in hell as declivered in Chicago." by arbitration.

Berlyn Says Go Farther

Barney Berlyn warned the federation not to content itself with merely de-nouncing the ordinances in resolutions.

but to see that they are defeated at the spring election.

The letter sent by the Real Estate board to the odicials of the federation asking them to urge organized labor in Chicago to vote for these ordinances as Chicago to vote for these ordinances as "all the people approve them" was read before the federation. It called forth disgust and amusement at the maidenly innocence and modesty of the real estate innocence and modesty of the real estate gamblers. The secretary was instructed to answer the real estate board and tell it just what the position of the federation is on the traction question.

"The best answer," said one of the delegates, "will be to defeat them at the ballot box next spring."

Miss Margaret Huley then warned the federation against the amendment is public policy law introduced by Ald. "White City" Snow.

Mile thy Show.

Mile Haley Exposes W. C. Show

"The amendment," Miss Haley said,
"is intended to forever do away with
the circulating of petitions. It is an
absolute impossibility to circulate accerding to precincts. It would have to
be signed somewheres between 10 c'rlock
in the evening and 5 o clyeck in the

in the evening and 5 o'clicek in the morning.

Miss Haley advised the federation to send delegates to the city council and arge them to either come out openly against the public policy law and demand sits repeal which would be the honest and safest way for them to do, or else let it alone.

One of the delegates suggested that there is no telling what a council which passed such a gigantic steal as the traction franchise will do.

"Nothing," the delegate said, "can be expected from such a council. The only way out of the present graft muddle is to buy 2,000 feet of three-quarter inch Manila rope and hang every one of these rascals.

The federation referred all other business to the executive board and adjourned to attend the Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone protest meeting at Brand's hall.

THAW'S VALET MARRIES
[By a Special Correspondent.]
Beston, Feb. 18.—As soon as he co

get a clergyman and a license, Morley, Harry Thaw's former who arrived Saturday from Sweden to testify at the famous trial, married Miss Augusta E. Carlson.

Directly after the ceremeny Morley and his bride went to New York to con-fer with Thaw's lawyers. Morley and Miss Carlson grew up together as chil-dren in Sweden.

DAVIS MAY AGAIN ESCAPE A TRIAL

Danville, Ill., Feb. 18.—Owing to the illness of Mrs. E. R. Kimbrough, wife of the judge in the case of Viva Jackson, an Iroquois theater victim, against Will J. Davis, the proprietor of the ill-fated theater, the opening of the trial will probably be postponed. Mrs. Kimbrought is seriously ill and not expected to live.

EIGHT THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED

that will kidnap ex-Governor Taylor of Kentucky, now in Indiana Indiana, and land him in the hands of the Kentucky authorities before the beginning of the trial of Moyer and Haywood.

This sum has been pledged by the Appeal to Reason, the National Ripsaw, Wilshire's Magazine, the Goldfield Miners' Union and numer-

None of these people have any interest in the Taylor-Gookel feud or care whether Taylor is guilty or not. They only desire to last the

Unless the Supreme Court goes back on its decision in the Meyer-Naywood case the kidnapers will not be in any danger, as it was then rided that kidnaping is no crime.

The Socialists of the United States wish to know when

Supreme Court will give the same decision when an influential Republican politician is involved, as it did when the lives of workers were at

WHO WILL EARN THIS REWARD?

DOLLARS REWARD FOR A KIDNAPER The above reward will be paid to any person or set of person

Entered at the Chicago Postoffice as accord-class mult matter.

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EDITORIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

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portage should be seclosed.

The fact that a signed article is published does not commit The Chlengo Socialist to all opinions expressed therein.

Contributions and items of newl concerning the labor movement are requested from our readers. Every contribution must be accompanied by the name of the writer, nut accessify for publication, but as an evidence of good faith.

Those who fall to get the Chicago Daily Socialist regularly should compiain until they do get it. The circulation departmentalors under many disadvantages, and the co-operation of all readers is requested.

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Remit by express money order, draft, or in registered letter, at our risk.



Special Order Coatmakers, Local Nos. 150, 197 and 229, of the United Garment Workers of America, will meet Tuesday night at Colombia hall, 469 South Halsted street, to consider a new wage scale which is to be adopted.

F. H. Harzbecker, international secretary of Bakery and Confectioners' International Union, returned from a trip to a number of Western cities to attend to organization matters.

The United Cloth, Hat and Cap Makers of America have placed a per capita tax of 10 cents per year for support of the tuberenlosis sanitarium conducted by the organization at Denver for the benefit of its members.

To discover to the last cent just To discover to the last cent last what it costs a family of five to five in these times of high prices is the chief object of an investigation, plans for which have been announced by the Charity Organization of New York City. Socialists take no interest in such schemes. Their plan is to give a worker all he produces.

RANGE UNION MERTINGS.

Newspaper Delivery and Mail Drivers'
Uniou, Local No. 706, U. T. A.—Meeting
Tuesday night at 75 E. Haudelph street, All
attend.

attend.

Landry Drivers' Local No. 712 - MeetIng Tuesday night at 12 S. Clark street.
Ing Tuesday night at 12 S. Clark street.
Important business to transact. Rejustatement and initiation fee will be reduced to
\$1.25. Wm. Rowbotham.

Soda and Mineral Water Drivers' Union,
Local No. 723, 1 R. of T - Very important
business meeting Wednesday night at 19 S.
Clark street. Jerry Donovan.
Blacksunths Heipers thiom Local No.

23--Meeting Tuesday night at Forty-fourth
court and Westworth avenue. Election of
business agent. Smoker and refreshments.

L. O'Keefe.

Carriage and Wagon Workers Union, No. 4—Meeting Wednesday night at 55 N. Clark atreet. Every member is expected to be present, as business of great importance will come up before the meeting.

Wards by Precincts—One Ward a Da Chip and File for Reference

Following are the efficial returns from the Thirty-second Ward in comparison with the vote of 1905:

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. Where we	SHORT This	A arminer	THE STREET	WHEN THE RES

he ward, 222 votes or 44 per 4 precincts lost, 1 ded and 35

HOKE SMITH SEEING LIGHT

Georgia Cracker Statesman Has a Twitching at the Base of His Brain

A proposition to establish a state owned railroad from Chicago to Sa-vannah, Ga., was suggested to Corpor-ation Counsel Lewis by Governor Hoke Smith of Georgia in a letter re-

rocke Smith of Georgia in a letter re-ceived yesterday afternoon. Governor Smith declared that such a line would reduce freight rates and would have a great influence on the trade relations with the south. The letter says:

"I am much interested in the rail-road rates from the lakes to Georgia. Our state owns a railroad from At-lanta to Chattanooga, and there is a strong sentiment in favor of extending strong sentiment in favor of extending it to Savannah. If Cincinnati could reclaim control of the line built by its citizens from Cincinnati to Chicago, and Cincinnati and Chicago would join a movement for the construction of a ine from Chicago to Cincinnati, there might be made a through trunk line from Chicago to Savannah, operated trom Chicago to Savannah, operated solely for the purpose of paying expenses and interest on the actual cost of construction without the burdens of watered stocks and bonds.

Such a line would prove beneficial not only to the great cities through which it passed, but to a broad territory adjacent to the line. It would reduce freight rates more than 25 per cent. It would have a most marked influence upon cur trade relations.

OF CHINESE FAMINE

Consul Rogers Has Made Personal Investigation and Describes Conditions

[Scripps-McRae Press Association.]
Washington, Feb. 18.—Details of the horrors of the present famine in China have been sent to the state department by Consul-General Rogers at Shanghai, after he had made a personal investiga-tion on the outskirts of the stricken territory. He saw enough to convince government officials here that every effort should be made to afford relief to the starving millions at the earliest possible moment. The report has caused the Red Cross society to renew its cuergies in the campaign for relief funds.

"It must be borne in mind that no rain of any consequence has fallen in this part of China for many weeks." says the report. "As a consequence says the report. "As a consequence the camps are located not only adjacent to dirty and fithy canals and pools, but beside foul ditches and stagnant ponds."

He declares that there is no attempt at sanitation, and the mat huts are crowded together, and each contains many men, women and children, who are clothed in rags, who are disheveled beyond description, and who living on a scanty cup of rice a day.

BEBUXED

"Sather," said a bor of 12, "can you tell me who Shylock was?" Sther in an aggreesed tone, "have I sent you to Sunday school for the last six or seven years only to have you sak me who Shylock was? Shame on you, boy! Get your Rible and find out at once!" - Lippincott's Magazine.

CHAPTER XVIII.

town, and leaving to the left the main

road which led to it, struck into the fields, the strange and solemn beauty of

the landscape, lighted up, by numberless

lamps, to the verge of the horizon, fasci-nated my eyes, and rendered me for some time an mattentive listener to the

agriculture were being carried on by ma-chinery, the forms of which were new to me, and for the most part graceful; for

among these people art, being so culti-vated for the sake of mere utility, ex-hibits itself in adorning or refining the

shapes of it eful objects. Precions met-als and gems are so profuse among them, that they are lavished on things devoted

tify its tools, and quickens their imagi-nation in a way unknown to themselves. In all service, whether in or out of doors, they make great use of automaton

into which the race of the Vrileya is sub-

Are. She knows more than most of the Ana do. An An cares less for things that do not consern him than a try doe; the Gy et are inquisitive creatures."

"Does cach community restrict itself to the same manber of families or amount of population that you do."

"No; some have much smaller popu-lations, some have larger, -varying ac-cording to the extent of the country the

love of utility leads them to beau-

Along our way various operations of

As Tae and myself, on quitting the

GETTING NERVOUS

While Pixing Easy Seats for Others They Shift Uneasily on Hard Boards

A movement for the eight-hour day has been started among the upholsterers of Chicago. All information as to the exact nature of the denand is withheld by the union officials, but every upholsterer says that a demand for an eight-hour day will be made sometime next suring.

next spring.

The cuploying upholsterers believe that the matter is kept secret by the union until all the men in Chicago are thoroughly organized, and then the demand will be made in all the upholster-

ing shops simultaneously.

In anticipation of trouble with the union several employers have, during the last week, constantly been urging the union to sign agreements which expire sometime in March.

is preparing a new agreement, which will be submitted to the employers, and which, it is feared, will cause considera-ble agitation and difficulty. A decided ble agitation and difficulty. A decided increase in wages will be demanded by

the union in its new agreement.

"For the last ten years," an official of the upholsterers' organization declared, "the wages of upholsterers have been stationary. The cost of living has risen enormously in that time. The union is determined, therefore, to demand an in-

leaving it alone because there is no money in it. It is among the poorest paid trades, in spite of the fact that it requires considerable skill. Unless a decided increase is granted practically all the upholsterers will walk out next spring, and a good portion of them will quit the trade altogether."

SIX MONTHS' POSTALS

The Chicago Daily Socialist row has a full supply of s'x months' daily subscription cards. Same will be sold six for \$5.00 Here is an casy and simple way to help the paper. Send in your orders, get cards, then fill out same and mail to this office as workers. mail to this office as you get orders. This does not apply in the City of Chicago or by carrier service in outside

The accin of egotism is as harmless as the slurs of ignorance.

But the coar deesn't make the man—not even a coar of tar and feathers.

A man never realizes how unpopular he is until he begins to acquire fame.

An evil-doer is one who believes in doing others before they attempt to do him.

Of course, the man who thinks as highly of himself as you do of yourself is conceited.

Between some men and sponges 'ne only apparent difference is that sponges will take water.

thousand families; but every inch of its territory is cultivated to the utmost per-

fection of garden ground; its machinery excels that of every other tribe; and there is no product of its industry in

any department which is not sought for, any department which is not sought for, at extraordinary prices, by each com-munity of our race. All our tribes make this State their model, considering that we should reach the highest state of civilization allowed to mortals if we

could unite the greatest degree of hap-piness with the highest degree of in-tellectual achievement; and it is clear that the smaller the society the less difficult that will be. Ours is too

with emigration

EDUCATORS OF CCUNTRY
TO MEET PERSUARY 26

Schools and Problem in Training of Youth to Come Up

It is expected that educators from all parts of the United States will gather in Chicago on Feb. 26 to attendate annual convention of the National Educational association which be use on that day. All the sessions will be held in Music hall and the convention held in Music hall and the convention will continue three days. Mayor Donne, representing the city, and superintendent Edwin G. Cooley, representing the Chicago schools, will deliver addresses of welcome.

Among the rubjects that will be discussed are the school and its relation to the public; the scope, defects and products of the school; knotty problems the converse school; and the convention of the school; which we continue to the convention of the school; which we continue the school of the school

lems; the country school and special

The following are the officers of the national association: W. W. Steffen, president; H. H. Seerley, first vice-president; R. J. Tighe, second vice-president; J. H. Harris, secretary.

LITHOGRAPHERS IN LAST DITCH WAR

Standing at the firing line for over six months has exhausted the funds of the striking lithographers in Chicago and an appeal to organized labor for asistance was issued.

The lithographers are on strike to preserve their organization, which the Employing Lithographers' association, backed by the Manufacturers' associations throughout the country as associations throughout the country as associations throughout the country as associations.

backed by the Manufacturers' associations throughout the country, are now trying to break up. All efforts to come to terms have failed so far. The employers refuse to recognize the union or to run a closed shop.

A great many of the striking lithographers have secured employment in other shops or in other trades. Still a considerable number of men are idle. The condition of these men has been made as hopeless and desperate by their

The condition of these men has then made as hopeless and desperate by their former employers as possible.

The Employing Lithographers' association refuses to give reference to any men who are out on strike, and went even so far as to list every one of these strikers so that they cannot find employment in any firm which is connected either with that association.

strikers so that they cannot find employment in any firm which is connected either with that association or with the Manufacturers' association.

The loyalty with which the men stick to their organization, however, is bound to lead the strikers to an ultimate victory, efficials of the union say.

The local union has arranged for a grand prize contest for the benefit of the striking lithographers, which will be held March 30 at 145 East Randolph street. Tickets, at 25 cents apiece, were street. street. Tickets, at 25 cents apiece, were sent out to every union in Chicago, and it is expected that a considerable sum will be raised in this way.

The prizes will be as follows: First prize, one piane; second prize, one man-dolin; third prize, one old violin; fourth prize, one German sither; fifth prize, one lyre harp. They will be given to the unions showing the greatest interest in the strike.

"THE LAW WAS DUT ON WHITE" IS OPINION

(Scripps McRae Press Association).

New York, Feb. 18.—While there are not many tangible reasons to hase it, the general opinion is that the defence has at last "things coming its way."

This impression is attributed largely to the successful efforts of the defense on their having admitted in evidence the oral testimony of the defence's insanity experts.

the oral testimony of the defence's in-sanity experts.

As shown by the press comments, the betting and the general spirit of the peo-ple, the sentiment is lined upon Thaw's side. The expression that "the law was out on Stanford White," and that "Thaw did what any man with red blood in his veins would have done," are heard not only in the tenderlein, but in all parts of the country—yes, and even in Eu-rope. Despite this it was realized that some show on a technical defense under the statutes was necessary to an acquit-tal. With prop after prop knocked from the statutes was necessary to an acquit-tal. With prop after prop knocked from under the defence by the barring of the defense's insamily experts, there was defense's insanity experts, there was grave doubt for several days if the structure of this technical defense could be reared.

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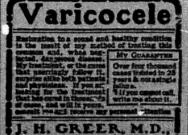


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LABOR UNION NEWS

The Women's Trade Union League of Great Britain is now on a solid feundation and is steadily growing in numbers and influence. The increase in membership last year was more than 11,000.

L. O'Keefe.
Laundry Drivets' Union, Local No. 712,
U. T. of A.—Important meeting Tuesday
night at 12 South Clark street, fop hall
initiation and reinstatement will be reduced
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VOTE FIGURES OF LAST ELECTION

doors, they make great use of automaton figures, which are so ingenious, and so pliant to the operations of veil, that they actually seem gifted with reason. It was scarcely possible to distinguish the figures I beheld, apparently guiding or superintending the rapid movements of vast engines, from human forms endowed with thought.

By degrees, as we continued to walk dowed with thought.

By degrees, as we continued to walk on, my attenues became roused by the lively and acute remarks of my companion. The intelligence of the children among this race is marvellously pre-cocious verbaps from the habit of having intrusted to them, at so early an age the tails and responsibilities of toid-dic age. Indeed, in conversing with Tae, I felt as if talking with some su-pertor and observant man of my own years. I asked him if he could form any estimate of the mumber of communities into which the country. divided,
"No, exactly," he said, "because they multiply, of course, every year as the surplis of each community is drafted off. But I heard my father say that, according to the last report, there were a million and a half of communities speaking our language, and alopting our institutions and forms of life and government, but, I believe, with some differences, about which you had better ask Zee. She knows more than most of the

SOFT GUSHION MEN

Officials of the union while unwilling to discuss the demand for an eight-hour day, say, however, that the union

crease in wages.
"Many members of our trade are fast

TRITE PHILOSOPHY.

THE COMING RACE By BULWER LYTTON

<u>rrange na na range range range range na parage range </u> capacities of the territory it occupies, the richer each individual is, and the larger the sum contributed to the genof Koom-Posh or Glek-Nas, resents our eral treasury; above all, the happier and the more tranquil is the whole political body, and the more perfect the products of its industry. The State which all tribes of the Vril-ya acknowledge, to be the highest in civilization, and which has brought the vril force to its fullest development, is perhaps the smallest. It limits itself to four thousand families; but every inch of its

"I no longer," answered Tae, "won-der to see you here so far from your home. What was the condition of your native community before it became a Koom-Posh?

This reply set me thinking. I reminded myself of that little State of Athens, with only twenty thousand free citizens, and which to this day our citizens, and which to this day our mightiest nations regard as the supreme guide and model in all departments of intellect. But then Athens permitted herce rivairy and perpetual change, and was certainly not happy. Ronsing myself from the revery into which these reflections had plunged me, I brought back our talk to the subjects connected with emigration.

The old States?"

with the neip of the machines they take with them, to clear ground, and build towns, and form a civilized State with the comforts and hixuries in which they had been reared." "You mistake. All tribes of the Vril-You mistake. All tribes of the Vrii-ya are in constant communication with each other, and settle amongst them-selves each year what proportion of one community will unite with the emi-grants of another, so as to form a State of sufficient size; and the place for emigration is agreed upon at least a year before, and pioneers sent from each State to level rocks, and embank waters, and construct houses; so that cach State to level rocks, and embank waters, and construct houses; so that when the cunigrants at last go they find a city already made, and a country around it at least partially cleared. Our narrdy life as children makes us take cheerfully to travel and adventure. I mean to emigrate myself when of age."

"The old States?"

"Yes, the sid States."

"With populations very small in proportion to the area of productive land?"

"On the contrary, with populations very large in proportion to that area."

"I see! old States indeed!—so old as to become drivelling if they don't pack off that surplus population as we do ours. Very old States—very, very old." Pray, Tish, do you think it wise for very old men to try to turn head-over-heels as very young children do? And if you asked them why they attempted such anties, should you not laugh if they answered that by mittaing very young children they could become very young children they could be years ago, and in every instance a very old State that played at Koom-Posh soou lumbled into Giek-Nas. Then, in horror of its own self, it exied out for a master, as an old man in his dotage cries out for a nurse; and after a succession of masters or nurses, more or less long, that very old State died out of history. A very old State attempting Koom-Posh-erie is like a very old man who pulis down the house to which he has been accustomed, but he has so exhausted his vigor in pulling down, that all he can do in the way of rebuilding is to run up a crezy hut, in which himself and his successors whine out 'How the wind blows! How the walls shake."

of Koom-Posh or Glek-Nas, resents our vicinity, and picks a quarrel with us: then, of course, as menacing our welfare, we destroy it: there is no coming to terms of peace with a race so idiotic that it is always changing the form of government which represents it. Koom-Posh," said the child, emphatically, "is bad enough, still it has brains, though at the back of its head, and is not without a heart, but in Glek-Nas the brain and heart of the creatures disappear, and they become all jaws, claws, and belly."

You express yourself strongly. Allow me to inform you that I myself, and I am proud to say it, am the citizen of a Koom-Posh."

Koom-Posh?

"A settlement of emigrants,—like those settlements which your tribe sends forth; but so far milke your settlements, that it was dependent on the State from which it came. It shook off that yoke, and, crowned with eternal glory, became a Koom-Posh."

"Eternal ylory! how long has the Koom-Posh lasted?"

"About one hundred years."

"The length of an An's life,—a very young community. In much less than another one hundred years your Koom-Posh will be a Gick-Nas."

"Nay, the oldest States in the world! I come from have such faith in its duration, that they are all gradually shaping their metitutions so as to nell into ours, and their most thoughtful politicians say that whether was the sendent with the say that whether whether the sendent was the substitution ours, and their most thoughtful politicians say that whether white the say that whether the say that the ing their institutions so as to infer into ours, and their most thoughtful poli-ticians say that, whether they like it or not, the inevitable tendency of these old States is towards Koom-Posh-"But," said I, "wheo, I suppose yearly, a certain number among you agree to quit home and found a new community elsewhere, they must necessarily be very few, and scarcely sufficient, even with the help of the machines they take with them, to clear grounds

"Do the emigrants always select places hitherto munhabitated and bar-ren?" "As yet generally, because it is our rule never to destroy except where necessary to our well being. Of course, we cannot settle in lands already on cupied by the Vrilvya; and if we take the cultivated lands of the other races of Ana, we must utterly destroy the previous inhabitants. Sometimes, as it is, we take waste spots, as 'find that a troublesome, quarrelsome race of Ana, especially if under the administration

(To be continued.)

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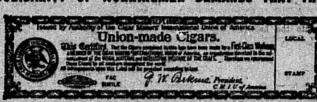
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cording to the execut of the country they appropriate, or to the degree of excellence to which ther have brought their machinery. Each community sets its own limit according to circumstances, taking care always that there shall never arise any class of poor by the pressure of population upon the productive powers of the domain; and that no State shall be too large for a government resembling that of a single well-ordered family. I imagine that no Vril community exceeds thirty thousand households. But, as a general rule, the smaller the community, provided there be hands enough to do justice to the

"KAISER'S VICTOY:" IT IS TO LAUGH!

George Bateman Gives Facts That Have Frightened Money the World Over

3,250,000 MEN TO STOP THE EUROPEAN WARS

Great Increase in Socialist Vote Give Assurance of Peace-Railway Incident in England

GEORGE BATEMAN

GEORGE BATEMAN

(Special European Correspondent for the Chicago Daily Socialist.)

London, Feb. 5.—"A Victory for the Kaiser!" the capitalist press announced in trumpet tones of triumph at the suit of the first round of the German elections. Now that the fact has become known that the Socialists, without compromising or trimining, and upon a purely Socialist program against the combined forces of all other parties, polled 3,250,000 votes, or a quarter of a million more than in 1903, the "victory" appears to be a bit shadowy. The year 1903 was one of miracles for the movement. Everything favored us. the movement. Everything favored us. Men of advanced opinions, but who were not Socialists, voted for our candidates, and the anti-Socialists found no real combination possible. This time the cry was stronger than ever before for a rally of patriots, imperialists, religionists, colonialists and social reformers against the "Red" propagandists. And in spite of the frantic pleadings of the emperor, Prince Buelow and leaders of the radical party, the Socialist vote has increased by 250,000. May his imperial majest, have many more such victoriest Hoch!

What the solid phalanx of 3,250,000 voters means the reactionists know full well. They are terror-stricken at its significance. It means that the whole of the capital and the empire, with the exception of one constituency, has returned Socialists, and that the exception only gave the opponent of Socialism a majority of 3,000 in a total poll of 13,000. It means that the whole of Hamburg has gone Socialist. It seems that in the event of a proposal for war, except for the upholding of right and justice, more than three million men, trained in the use of arms, taught to act together and rely upon each other, will oppose the proposition and declare for peace. It means also, as I am firmly convinced, that at the Stutigart conference in August, at which I hope to meet some Chicago comrades, and others from New York, there will he a strengthening of the international movement as a result of the splendid solidarity of German workers. Hoch! Let me invite our American Friends to drink success to them and to the movement.

H. M. Hyndman has sesisted not a little in putting the fear of Socialistic man action the heart of the militarist Kaiser. Hyndman, like all who hold together the international friendship, is anti-militarist. But, rebuking German arrogance and jingoism, he ventured to point out that France and Great Britain could at any moment unset any ureten. point out that France and Great Britain could at any moment upset any pretensions of the war makers in Germany to exert a military and naval dictatorship in Europe. Prince Bulow danced like a monkey on hot igns and foamed out accusations against our dear old comrade and English Socialists in general, and put on his hireling press to denounce Hyndman to the German werkers as a jingo. But that wen't mislead the comrades there, with whom the denunciation of English Socialists by the capitalist sheets, at the instigation of Prince Bulow, won't have the value of your proverbial "row of beans."

A cateful figuring of the votes polled during the contest shows that if they had a fair share of the seats in the Reichstag. 125 of the members would be Social Democratz. Even now a coalition of Socialists and Radicals would ru the government very close to a defeat again, Great is "e"victory" of the Kaiser!

of the Kaiser!

The Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of Great Britain did a smart little trick on the London & Northwestern Railway company, the biggest concern in the kingdom. An engine driver in that company's employ was badly injured and got \$5.75 a week componation. By and by this \$125,000,000 corporation missed this tiny contribution to the man they had maimed, whereupon they got a doctor's certificate that he could return to light duty, and although they made no sign of employing him, the paliry sum was stopped. The matter was placed in the hands of a solicitor, who at once seized one of the company's engines in the Preston shed under execution for the amount due. "Drive out the man in possession and release the engine!" flashed a message from the superintendent of the line. But before that could be done the solicitors' department stepped in with a reminder that both the general manager and the superintendent might be clapped in juli if they interfered with an officer of the court, which a man "in possession" becomes, and they had to pay—and smile. But the smile is a sickly one, and it is said all the members of the directorate who can do so have gone abroad to avoid the ridicule with which they have smothered themselves, while Lord Stalbridge, the chairman a small man but very starrby, scarcely duren to show his nose among railway folk.

One of the minor members of the new government, the lit. Hou, H. H. Fowler, who is chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, has taken fright at Socialism. He led issued a manifesto in which he says: "A school has arisen in this country—not a school to be despised—which denands that our national industries, slike of production, manufecture and distribution, shall be wested in or carried on by the public gathorities, and that the existing property of individuals, or proprieters, shall be transferred from private to public sunscribers. I lift up my voice against any such proposals." Hear that, now, and die, ye usaly Socialists! At the general election Fowler polled two voles to each one polled by his opponent. Next time we will split him up with a Socialist candidate. Then you'll hear him squeak over in the states.

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Does the design on a twenty-dollar gold piece here you?

Does your artistic nature feel distressed, when as a matter of form you are compelled to glance over the large number of these coins, that are handed to you weekly by the masters of the competitive systems?

If so, you need no longer suffer. President Roosevelt, ever anxions to head a new reform that will especially benefit the poor workingman, has decided to change the design of all gold coins—because they are inartistic.

The new designs have not yet been made public, but as they will be made at the president's own suggestion, there

at the president's own suggestion, there is no doubt that an allegorical representation of the battle of San Juan kill will be a spleudid substitute for the commonplace spread cagle, which has been so long in vogue.

(Comment.—A real pretty design of a shapely octupus wouldn't be so poor,

PACKERS CAUGHT AGAIN

Interstate Commerce Commission Af-ter Beef Men for Wire Rebates

An investigation into the charges that the Chicago packing firms are enjoying special privileges in tele-graph service, is being made by the interstate commerce commission.

If the charges are true, Chicago packers will be compelled to give up their "special" wire service.

The Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies, in anticipation of results vesterday withdrew all

of results, yesterday withdrew all trunk line service from the Omaha packing houses, leaving nothing but the 'pony' wires which connect with the offices of the telegraph companies in that city. The special operators were also transferred from the telegraph company's pay roll to that of the packing house. It is thought this latter move, how-

ever, was prompted by a desire of the telegraph companies to keep as many men as possible from enjoying the benefit of the recent wage increase and yet retain full benefit of their la-

WOMEN AS BOLD AS MEN IN ORGANIZING

Operators of the Gentler Sex Take Pledge to Stand by Their Brother and Sister Workers

One of the most potent factors figur-ing in the success of the commercial telegraphers' strike was support that telegraphers' strike was support that was given the men by the women workers. They backed up the men both in spirit and in words of encouragement and followed closely on she heels of their fellows with an action similar to that which won the men their increase. The following is the pledge taken by the woring operators. the women operators:

The Pledge The Pleage

I hereby plodge myself that, when
fity lady employes in the operating department of the Western Union Telegraph company in Chicago have signed
a like pleage, I will join with them
in making application in a body for
membership in the Commercial Telegraphers Union of America; and further,
that in case any person who so ions that in case any person who so joins the C. T. U. of A. with me is discharged by reason of such affiliation, or without reason being assigned, I will abide by the decision of a majority of my fellow-employes who are members of the C. T. U. of A. as to the action to be taken in the matter.

HOLD-UP AND SOME POLITICAL ADVICE

Hold-up men received Dr. C. P. Persinger, a west side dentist, of his watch and valuables last night, when he was returning home from a visit with G. P. Fraenchel, 213 West Congress street, the county secretary of the Socialist party.

Dr. Persinger had proceeded only a block from Mr. Fraenchel's residence when he was accosted by two armed men, who commanded him to give up his cash. The street lights in the neighborhood were not lighted, and the doctor could not identify his assailants, but as soon as allowed to go, he ran back to Fraenchel's residence and notified the Maxwell street police station.

After an hour's wait, three uniformed officers and two pkin clothes men, from the station appeared upon the scene. Finding that the complainant was not one of "Johnny" Powers' men, and was not the holder of a political pull that would benefit them, the officers whiled away several minutes, talking politics, then departed. Of course the robbers were not captured. They seldom sre.

The police fold Dr. Persinger that "it served him right for voting the Republican ticket."

WILD ESCAPE FROM TURKISH BATH HOUSE With Turkish Towel Draped About His Form He Buns Amuck

[Scripps-McRae Press Association.]
New York, Feb. 18.—Mercary sped through Lafayette place last night at midnight—the hour when strange things happen. Except for the graceful folds of a turkish towel, his garb wwo as skimpy as that favored by the messenger of gods, and the cold served to lend wings to his otherwise bare feet.

The keepers in the Lafayette baths, n Fourth street, are secustomed to sa, sights, so they were not surprised when his nimbleness appeared from the stearing regions below and complained that his clethes bag been stolen. After a brief parley he dashed out into the street.

GREAT BAZAAR FOR WEEK OF MARCH 24

Seven Days of Music, Song and Laughter for Working Class at Brooke's Casino

One of the most artistic entertainments of the winter season will begin at Brooke's Casino March 24 and

continue for one week.

It will be the bazaar of the Socialist party. Many surprises are in store for the public and especially for members of the working class in Chicago. The bazaar will have the cosmopolitate classification of the red narty and the character of the red party, and the committee in charge of the plans is drawing from all nations for ideas to

develop in the evential week.

There will be a prize for every person who attends, running from a \$500 grand Wing piano down to a tiny silken flag, the red flag, the emblem of human freedom.

For weeks the entertainment com-

of human freedom.

For weeks the entertainment committee, of which A. W. Mance is the chairman, has been at work on plans for the bazaar James S. Smith, state secretary of the Socialist party, will be manager of the affair. He has not yet made public all his plans, but has told enough to promise one of the most interesting weeks the public has been offered this year. been offered this year.

Women Must Help

This bazaar will be quite the most pretentious social affair the party has ever undertaken. Every branch in the city, and especially the women who are working for the revolution, are urged to assist in making the bazaar all that it can be made with the energy and ideas of the working class behind it.

The bazaar committee meets every

The bazaar committee meets every Friday evening at 155 Randolph street Workers are needed. Donations for prizes are to be secured and schemes for the booths and programs are to

Brooke's Casino is one of the new amusement places in Chicago, and is one of the best arranged and pleasant

to be had.

Bands of music will perform every afternoon and evening and there will be a ball every night. One of the evenings will be candidates night.

A Socialist Council

All the candidates for aldermen and other municipal offices offered to the working class voters will be present. They will be assembled as if in a They will be assembled as it in a council meeting, with George Koop sitting as mayor, and Mance as city clerk. Ambroz will be there, but will not have with him the millions of city funds he may have later, so there will be no danger of the working class "confiscating" the city funds at that time.

time.

It may be that a Socialist council meeting will be held and \$100,000,000 appropriated as "a subsidy to labor," as a burlesque on the national scheme

as a our esque on the national scheme to give a subsidy to Harriman and other poor ship owners.

There is a lot of work to be done to make the bazaar a success and all members of the party must get to work.

Assignments for duty will be made by Mr. Smith or Mr. Mance, and those ready to take a hand should report to one or the other at once. The ladies' branch of the party has offered greatly.

BOODLE CHARGES IN OHIO CAPITAL

[Serippe-McRae Press Association.]
Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 18.—Superintendent H. C. Lang, of the Cleveland Trinidad Paving Company, was arrested today on a charge of offering a bribe.
Bodle was dispensed, it is asserted, along with the award of the \$125,000 Broad street contract to the Cleveland company.

company.

The accusation, made by Local Manager The accusation, made by Local Manager Nelson Cannon, of the Cleveland com-pany, was to the effect that Director of Public Service Lied accepted \$3,000 in connection with the contract. Cannon was arrested on the charge of offering a bribe and both he and Lang were re-leased on bond. Lied has not been ar-rested. He denies the charge. Solicitor Marshall says he will call a special session of the grand jury to consider Cannon's charges.

SENATORS KILL LIFE SAVING AND JUST LAW They Hear Their Master's Voice and Emasculate 8-Hour Measure

[Scripps-McRae Press Association] Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 18.—Rail-road telegraphers here charge the rail-road lobby with killing the McCrum bill passed by the house, which gives them an eight-hour day, by inducing the senate railroad committee to adopt a substitute.

a substitute.

The original bill provided for an eight-hour day for telegraphes handling train by train orders, block system or interlocking plants, on have with three or more passenger, or tenor more freight trains passing each way in twenty-four hours.

The senate substitute applies only to telegraphers handling thirty or more train orders or to interlocking plants with twenty or more levers, and does not include any block operators. It would not affect half a dozen operators. substitute.

"GRAFT" KILLS REFORM
[Scripps-McRue Press Association.1
Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 18.—Avarice of
the earth-weary has killed Cleveland's
suicide commission. Mayor Johnson
created the bedy to investigate the
causes of suicide and, if possible, remove them. 'Prospective suicides in
ferred that the commission would be
willing to spend a little money to make
good. Letters have fairly popred in
on the members offering to defer or
abandon contemplated self-wurder for
sums from 85 up. Dissouraged by these
attempts at graft the commission has
virtually gone out of business. Chair
man Couley will, call a meeting to dissolve the body soon.

REG SCHEMER CHEATED

BIG SCHEMER CHEATED BY RACE HORSE SHARKS

New York, Feb. 18.—The police are looking for a gang or wire tappers who are said to have swindled William P. Walker, "becomding treasurer of the New Bricait," Conn., savings bank out of \$350,000.

The Hustlers' Column Words From the Field At Home and Abroad

The printing plant has started for thi-cage, without a dellar ewing on it to a capitalist creditor, it must be installed under the same conditions. To do this demands one mare lift from the workers throughout the country. It is probable that this is the last general call for as-sistance that will need to be made by the Daily Socialist. After this the local comrades should be able to meet any deficit that will arise. Indeed, there will be no deficit if the present rate of sub-scription increase continues. scription increase continues.

"The voice of the Street," by Ernest Poole, our new serial story, which will start in a few days, is one of the most powerful social romalices ever written. A street waif with a wonderful voice, a struggles to give the voice a chance. In that struggle you have the whole social problem, yet told so splendidly that you never notice the philosophy. Be sure to tell your wife about this new story.

A telegram has just been received saying that George Shoaf, the first of the Appeal to Reason correspondents who will cover the Idaho case, has gone to the seene, and that his reports will soon be received by the Daily Socialist. Engene V. Debs will be on the field in a few days. Every workingman in the United States will want to read the daily reports of that trial. The Daily Socialist reports of that trial. The Daily Socialist will be the only daily paper in America that will tell the truth, "the whole truth, and nothing but the iruth" about the situation. We must have a circulation of 50,000 to listen to that story. We are cetting on there to. Give as a lift day. adjust to fisher to fish story, we are gatting up there, too. Give as a lift for the next few weeks and make possible the issuance of a far better paper than we can turn out now. Several thousand readers have told us that the present paper is all right, but we see a hundred places where it could be improved.

That new plant will give a change to use more than twice as much telegraph news as we can use now. We get it every day after we have gone to press. You know our composing room and pressknow our composing room room are a half-mile apart.

Do not forget that banch of prizes for hustlers to be distributed on the first of April.

There is not a branch in Chicago that cannot add fifty subscribers to the Daily Socialist list in the next two weeks. It will only require systematic work. What is your branch doing? It will be easy to tell when the vote is counted for

Socialists are playing for big stakes, much larger than the \$100,000,000 fran-chise the Morgan and hield crowd are

WILSHIRE DEFIES SOCIALIST BUSTER

Scholarly Opponent of Working Class Supremacy Refuses to Meet Editor in Debate

[By a Special Correspondent.] (By a Special Correspondent.)

New York, Feb. 18.—Professor Mallock, the English orator, who is in America for the purpose of lecturing against Socialism, has been challenged to a joint debate upon the subject by Gaylord Wilshire, editor of Wilshire's magazine.

The challenge has not been accepted, however, Mr. Mallock begging to be excused for tack of time.

Mailock will remain in the United States for about thirty days, during which time he will travel about the country voicing his opinions against Socialism.

try voicing his opinions against Socialism.
He admits he is remunerated by capitalists of the Civic Federation.

WHERE TO GO

Mr. Bodine, superintendent of the compulsory education department, will lecture on the "Cradles of Crime" on Wednesday, Feb. 20, before the Settlement House Woman's Club, 783 Armitage avenue. On Feb. 27 Dr. Wilheit will lecture on "Relation of Aicohol to the Dunning Population."

BRONCHO BUSTER RIDES TO SPECTACULAR DEATH

Diving Horse Takes Rider Below Sur face of Water, and He is Drowned

face of Water, and He is Drowned

[Scripps-Mellar Press Association]
San Antonio, Texus, Feb. 18.—In the
presence of 5,000 spectators, Oscar
Smith rode to death on one of Dr.
Carver's diving horses, "Powder Face,"
yesterday afternoon. The performance
was given at the baseball park, and an
immense audience was present.

"The girl in red" being ill, Smith,
known as "the Boy Broncho Buster,"
an attache of Carver's show, volunteered to ride the diving horse, which
leave from a forty-foot platform into
a pool of water fourteen feet-deep. With
him on is back the horse made a
beautiful day. The horse hit the
water nose first with Smith sitting
gracefully on his back. The crowd
broke into cheers as the horse and
rider went under the water. The horse
came up, but no rider.

Smith's body was recovered by a
diver twenty minutes later.

PROZEN BODY DISCLOSES
GIEL'S TRAGIC END
The ice-bound lagoon in Ogden park,
sixty-fifth street and Center avenue,
yesterday delivered from its icy clutches
the body of Mary Foley, the 18-year-old
girl who has been mysteriously missing'
from her home, 6732 Laffin street, for
four months. Dark blue finger marks
abou the dead girl's throat lead the
police to believe that the case is one
for hteir activites, and they are today
searching for an Italian, who according
to Miss Foley's friends, was seen with
her two weeks after she had disappeared from her home.

Coroner's Physician Lewke is making a thorough investigation, and on his
report the police will gauge their
search.

Don't forget the Chicago Daily co-cialist has a full line of Socialist lit-erature on sale. Send in your order.

TWENTY-TWO DEAD AND OTHERS DYING

Daily Wreck Record Again Gives Colossal Evidence of Incompetency of Wall Street Ownership

[Seripps-McRae Press Association]
New York, Feb. 18,—The prosecution
on charges of manslanghter of several
high officials of the New York Central
ratirons is regarded as the probable conice of the Bedford Park wreck of the Brewster Express on the Harlem div-ision of the rund Faturday night, result ing in the death of twenty-two and injury of 150 passengers. Developments at the coroner's inquest this afternoon will finally determine whether prosecutions are to be expected.
Assistant District Attorney South is

inclined to place the blame directly on the railroad officials. P believes the disaster was due to the fact that the roadbed and tracks were too weak to stand the strain of the heavy electric motors at the high rate of speed at which they were driven.

they were driven.

The list of dead probably will be lengthened toda. Three of the victims are said to be fatally injured, while six others have only a fighting chance for their lives.

The railroad company's investigation has revealed a break in one of the front

wheels of the motor and in one of the

Many survivors lay the blame on the excessive speed at which the train was traveling, estimated by them from 70 to 100 miles an hour. They say the company was trying to make a record run between the city and White Plains.

WESTERN MINERS IN NEW STRUGGLE

Owners Begin Lockout Upon Advent of Agitators to **Prevent Organization** of Diggers

[By a Special Correspondent.] Bisbee, Ariz., Feb. 18.—Since last Tuesday 1,100 miners have been discharged by the big mining compan of the Warren district. Although official announcement has been made to the cause, it is generally understood that the discharge of the men is due directly to the advent of the organizers of the Western Federation of Miners in the district and their announcement that they are here for the purpose of union-

they are here for the purpose of union izing the camp.

It is the general expectation that before the close of this week all the mines in the district will be closed down. Warren district has always been an open camp, union and non-union muers alike finding employment here. The mining companies are determined to continue these conditions instead of having the camp unionized by the Western Federation.

DEMOCRATS AGAINST FEBERAL RAILROADS

[Scripps McRae Press Association.] Washington, D. C., Feb. 18.—Twenty-nine senators and representatives have been interviewed on the subject of gov-ernment ownership of railways, the suf-ficiency of the present interstate com-merce laws and the necessity of a plank on the subject in the next democratic obstructs.

platform.

All but one were against government ownership. The exception is Representative DeArmond, of Missouri, who is credited with having the presidential bee in his bonnet. He says he would favor it, if, after trial, government regulation of railroads fails.

Most of those interviewed think the new interestate commerce laws could be strengthened, but are disposed to give

strengthe are disposed to give them a fair trial first.

All oppose a government ownership plank but favor a plank reiterating the party's attitude for proper government regulations of interstate commerce.

DARWIN VS. WALLACE

Lewis Lecture Attracts Record Crowd to Masonic Temple

The attempt of Alfred Russell Walnes, the English scientist, to reconcile aritualism with Darwin's theory of "Natural Selection" was the subject of Wm. Lowis' lecture in Drill Hall yesterday morning and brought out the record crowd. Geo. Koop spoke five minutes before the Beture.

Mrs. Gillert was present with her orchestra and gave three fine selections, including the Marseillaise.

Resolutions condemning the kidnaping of Moyer, Haywood and Petitions were adopted manimonaly with great cheering. Owing to prolonged program a third of the audience got out before collection and the collection fell to \$34. The literature sales amounted to \$17.50, including 150 tencent copies of the Lewis Harriman Debate.

The subject next Sunday will be "The Social Revolution." Prof. Hunt will also be present with his famous children's orchestra.

MEN ADDRESS SUFFRAGISTS

Dr. Hirsch Gives "Man's Side of the

Dr. Emil Hirsch addressed the wo-men of the National Women's Suf-frage convention resterday at the Sta-debaker theatre, and enheavored to tell them "man's side of the situs"

He said in part that he thought that a therough system of housekeeping is needed in the big cities and would do more than any one thing to bring about suffrage of womas.

The annual election of officers to the national body will be held today.

Dr. Bigelow in an apigrammatic discourse came in second on the distributed honers, and while his speech was well received, that of Dr. Hirsch was accorded a stirring support.

Impure food is a bad thing to be but it have I done half the harm do impure later. It is really aston what a tare thing pure water is

NEWS AND COMMENT

The San Carles grand opera company, including Mme. Nordica, arrived in Chiengo lest night over the Hilinois Central. The company, which comprises 160 persons, opens a week's engagement under the auspices of Bryn Mawr college, at the Auditorium theatre, beginning tonight.

A party composed of two hundred mem bers of composed of two hundred mem-bers of commercial clubs from various cities in the United States sail from New York today for Panama, where they will inspect the progress of the work on the canal. With an empty whiskey bottle at her side, a well dressed woman, about 25 years of age, was found lying unconscious

across a grave in St. Bouifact cemetery, yesterday afternoon. Charles W. Baker, the son of the sec charies W. Baker, the son of the sec-retary of the Chicago Stock Exchange, who was arrested in Rochester, N. Y., iast week upon the charge of grand lar-ceny, will be sent to a saultarium as soon as his father can secure his release from the authorities.

.. skull, purported to be that of Pearl Bryan, the girl who was murden I by two medical students of Cincinnali, v ho were afterwards hanged, was discovered near Newport, Kentucky, yesterday. Miss Bryan, who was decapitated after the crime in 1896, was buried near the place where the skull was found. where the skull was found,

representatives of the ages and employment bureaus of other cities are in Springfield, this week, using every influence at their command to thwart the passage of the bill to stop the use of "blind" advertisements, and the charging of exorbitant fees in the employment business.

Representatives of Chicago and en

That advertising pays, was attested this week by the case of George Moon, a 40-year-old widower, of Ausonia, Conn. Moon advertised for a wife in a local paper, and has received nearly two handred replies from applicants for the position.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth celebrated their first wedding anniversary

· Thurman Walker, a Georgia juror, at tempted suicide by hanging at his bone in Athens, yesterday. He was resusci-Having their heads bumped together,

knocked the dueling spirit out of John Henry Willard, aged 16, and David Ha-ley, aged 18, two youths of Granville, N. Y., who were fighting each other with revolvers, as the result of a love affair over their school teacher, Miss Flora G. Carson, who appeared upon the scene, and performed the unromantic feat of bump-ing the duellists' heads, and taking away their guns.

That the voice of his dead sen was "materialized" by a spiritualist medium and made to produce testimony in a suit for payment on a \$3,000 note, is the assertion of William Abercathy of St. Joseph, Mich., who is suing W. G. Carmichael, of Chicago. Charged with threatening the life of Tessie Tamburrino, a lif-year-old girl, James Vergillio, 35 years old, 44 Crosby street, was arrested by Sergeant Noisa, after a chase of several blocks, during which several shots were fired. Vergillie attacked the girl as she was crossing the Habsted street bridge at the nostal-branch of the river.

The use of antitoxin in all cases of diphtheria, was strongly urged in the regular weekly report of the Chicago health department this week. Timely use of this remedy will cure any case of diph-

Confusion in the identification of "Pauline," the Polish girl who was found deat at the rear of a building in West Fourteenth street, last seek, has impeded the progress of a police in solving the mystery connected with her death.

A bill to change the method of choosing election commissioners is to appear in the senate, at Springfield, this week. The feature of the bill is to have commissioners elected by congressional districts in Chicago and Fvanston, instead of securing these officers by appointment. The new bill, if passed, it is said, will favor Republican candidates.

ROOSEVELT ASKED TO AID IDAHO MINERS

Cleveland Socialists Demand Radical Steps Be Taken by Chief Executive

[Scripps McRae Press Association.] Cleveland, O., Feb. 18.—A demand by Cleveland Socialists and members of the United Trades and Labor council that President Rossevelt interces in the cases of Nover, Haywood and Pettibone, the officials of the Western Miners' Federation charged with compileity in the murder of former Governor Steumenberg of Idahe, were forwarded to Washington today,

The president is asked to "use his power to compel the United States courts to reverse their decision legalizing khimaping and to obey the plain letter and spirit of the constitution."

A copy of the resolutions was also sent to Governor Gooding, of Idah.

SCHOOL GETS BOOST

SCHOOL GETS BOOST

[Seripps McRae Press Association]

Midlesboro, Ky., Feb. 18.—Miss Emily Winters, matron of the Grace Nettleton memorial school at Cumberland Gap, Tem., is in recept of a letter from President Roosevelt, in which the work of this mountain institution is highly commended. The president enclosed a check for \$200, stating that the money was from an "unknown friend." Mrs. Roosevelt was a pupil of Miss Winters when the president's wife was a young noman.

AMUSEMENTS

THE DAILY SOCIALIST

BAZAAR

BROOKE'S CASINO

Wai ash Ave. and Peck Ct.

WEEK OF MARCH 24th TO 30th

Grand Opening and Concert

Sunday, March 24, 2:00 P. M.

Banoing every evening.

PROGRAMME:

March 24-Grand Opening March 25--Candidates' Day March 26--Children's Day March 27--Scandinavian Day

March 28--Cerman Day

March 29--Bohemian Day

March 30-Grand Finale

Season lickets, 75c; single admission tickets purchased in advance, 15q; at the deor, 25c

1st Prize, One \$500 Wing Plano

Secure tickers from party members or JOHN M. CROOK, BAZARR TREASURED

Room 14, 163 Randolph St.



-MODERN-EXPERT-DENTISTRY

AT DENTAL COLLEGE PRICES PANYAGE STATES

\$2 Set of Teeth \$2 GOLD BRIDGEWORK....

State Dental Institute S. W. Cor. State and Van Buren S Entrance 65 R. Van Bures St., Chie Opposite Siegel, Cooper & Ca.



Has Your Local Taken a Share in the CHICAGO DAILY SCCIALIST?

WHET TO EST E. W. RIECK LUNCH ROOMS WHEN IN EST

300 Bearborn Street 5) Clark St., Tol. Sentral 6772

OPEN ALL MANT

97% Year Storm St., Tel. Spc., 1907 184 Le Celle St., Tel. Sice, 1909 06 Managan Sign

Specializat: Facus Colles, Compa and Decimal Intelligence

will quickly get into circulation

noney about this income.

Not by any means!

Trust the colleges of the country to

There will be no surplus, stagnant

If only Mr. Rockefeller and a dozen

or two more of the "swollen fortune"

tribe would kindly see that all their

incomes except what they would agree

to consume themselves were given

The Two Nations

Seldom indeed has there been a better example of the distance that separates the two great classes of exploited and exploiters than is offered by the Haywood-Moyer case.

Hundreds of meetings were held yesterday, reaching into every corner of the country and attended by thousands of people, in protest against the injustice being done these men.

Thousands of similar meetings have been held during the past year, and thousands more will be held in the months to

Millions of pieces of literature have been circulated dealing with the same subject.

Great organizations, representing a total of several million members, have passed resolutions on this same subject.

Yet it is not hard to find hundreds of people in the ranks of what are popularly supposed to be the best informed, because the best supplied with money, people who have never even heard the names of these men.

So complete has been the "conspiracy of silence" of the organs of capitalist opinion that they have succeeded in keeping their own class in complete ignorance of one of the most stu-I is movements of this century.

So widely separated are the "two nations" of present society that the rumblings and shakings of the foundation are never observed in the upper stories until they are trembling

The great labor press, which has grown up during the last few years, reaches today millions of the working class. It is beginning to create a "public opinion" distinctively proletarian. and with almost nothing in common with the old "public opinion" handed down from above.

We are not offering any advice to the present ruling class. They would not hear it if we did, and would not heed it if they

But we feel that such a situation is pregnant with possibilities scarce foreseen by these careful guardians of the thoughts of the American people.

This constant perversion and suppression of the facts of vital interest to the great majority of the population is not going to redound to the power of these engines for the manufacture of "public opinion."

Already the working class is doing its own thinking. It is growing in solidarity, in independence, in CLASS CONSCIOUS-

The day is not far distant when it will decide not only to think for itself, but to vote for itself, and then TO WORK FOR ITSELF.

Were the working class capable of rising to power upon the backs of some other class, as have all classes before it, then this growing class-consciousness would be something to regretat least by the class that was to be crushed by the rise of the

But the working class is at the base of the social pyranid It can rise only as it elevates the whole social structure.

Therefore this growing independence of thought and action, this separation of the classes is a sign of progress.

So long as the workers took their ideas from their rulers, so long as they thought and voted and acted in accordance with the wishes of their masters, there was no hope of their libera-

It may be a rude awakening for the masters, but it will be a joyful one for the workers.

Not Food. But Freedom to Get Food

'A cry has gene up for alms for famine-stricken Russia. We are assured that millions are literally starving and that unless relief comes quickly death will reap a richer harvest than has fallen to his sickle for centuries.

We would not hold back one hand that may be stretched forth in relief of starving Russia. Yet tossing out alms, with no matter how great liberality, will not stop starvation in Russia any more than in England, or America.

Russian peasants are not starving because the fields have refused to bring forth food, nor because of the lack of skill to transform the raw materials of her soil and forests and mines into forms that will satisfy the wants of her people.

RUSSIAN PEOPLE ARE STARVENG. JUST AS AMERICANS ARE STARVING BECAUSE THEY CANNOT GET ACCESS TO THE SOURCES OF WEALTH OR RE-TAIN THAT WEALTH WHEN THEY HAVE CREATED

In Russia the pressure just at present is harder, and the exrloitation closer than in almost any other country.

But in Russia, as in every other civilized-that is to say, capitalized-land, there is a body of people who are seeking to relieve the distress of the workers. They are seeking to relieve it not by begging alms from those who have taken wealth from the starving producers, but by stopping the exploitation.

When the workers of Russia are given an opportunity to rule themselves, and to so ure access to the fields and factories, mills and mines, they will feed and house and clothe themselves without help from anyone.

WHAT RUSSIA WANTS IS NOT FOOD, BUT FREE-DOM TO GET FOOD.

THE QUICKEST WAY TO RELIEVE THE RUSSIAN FAMINE, AND TO REMOVE THE POSSIBILITY OF FU-TUBE FAMINE, IS TO GIVE AID TO THE REVOLUTION-ISTS WHO ARE FIGHTING FOR A CHANCE TO FEED THEMSELVES.

Woman Suffrage and Capitalism By JOSEPHINE CONGER-KANEKO

In an address delivered at the opening meeting of the thirty-ninth annual convention of the National American Woman Suffrage association, in Music hall, Fine Arts building, in Chicago, on the 14th inst., the Rev. Anna Shaw, president of the association, told the story of how the suffragists of Oregon were de-

feated in their quest for the ballot, last

It is an interesting story in itself, but for those who understand the processes by which the present system is main tained, and who know that all roads of corruption lead to the profit system, it is but one more link in the chain of evidence that is rapidly being welded, and which will, in all good tone, form the hangman's noose that is to strangle into incompetency the ravenous throat of the capitalist incubus known as profit. The facts, as she gave them, are

"The women of Oregon, having trekked across the plains with their husbands, having suffered the privations of pioneer life, having toiled alongside their menfolk for the upbuilding of a great commonwealth, felt, when the time came for them to request equal privileges in maintaining that commonwealth, with their male co-workers, and co-citizens, that they should not be denied this privilege, and this right. . . . It was denied them

"Fifty thousand votes were necessary to defeat the suffrage movement. The citizens of Oregon were largely in favor of suffrage for women. But the united liquor dealers of the United States said movement must be defeated. And the liquor dealers of the country went about the task of deteating this woman's cause. There were two thousand saloon keepers in Oregon. Each of these saloon keepers must secure twenty-five votes. A letter was sent to each of them stating this fact. In the letter was a post card, which they were asked to return, as evidence that they would secure the twenty-five votes in favor of the liquor traffic, and against the suffrage question. No names were on the cards Each saloon keeper had, a number, and his name was listed alongside the number on the great roster of the liquor dealers' association. Thus was every saloon keeper kept track of, and his action in this matter noted.

"Besides securing the vote of the ice

man, the coal man, the gas man, and all others over whom they had influence the saloon keepers were given to understand that they could bring in aliens and, by allowing them to sleep in the ward one night, could register their votes

"And it was by this coercive and illegal method that the fifty thousand votes were secured that defeated suffrage for women in Oregon last year To the everlasting glory of the good men of the state, let if be said that thirty-seven thousand of them voted in favor of the measure."

Such, in brief, was the manner according to Rev. Shaw's story, in which woman suffrage was defeated in Oregon. "Since we have suffered the defeat, we are glad," she affirmed, "that we have discovered our enemies." The enemies of course, she took to be the liquor dealers. These men know that women as a rule will vote against the sale of liquor, and thus destroy their trade. Naturally, they opposed the right of women to vote They, then, were the enemies to be overcome, according to President Shaw.

But liquor dealers are not inherently bad, vicious men, who desire to ruin young men with vile whiskey. They are preeminently business men, and as business men, they must make profits. And to make profits they must sell very large quantities of the commodity in which they deal. Any interference in this profit-making means financial ruin to them. Hence their fight against the suf-

It is a pity these serious, hard-working suffragists cannot see the truth Frances Willard saw it. She declared that the liquor traffic could not be suppressed by agitation, so long as there was profit in it, Elizabeth Cady Stanton saw it. She knew that capitalism oppressed womankind as well as the toilers of both sexes, and she belonged to the Fabian Socialists of England.

The corporate interests are going to oppose and defeat the movement of orien toward freedom, just so long as th's movement promises to interfere with any of their profit-making.

The profit system, then, is the real, and the only effective foe woman suffragists have to face. The abolition of that system would bring them speedy victory.--Josephine Conger-Kaneko.

ROCKEFELLER'S GREAT GIFT

John D. Rockefeller has giv n \$32,-000,000 to the general education board. In other words, he has increased by that much a fund the income from which is to be given to increase the strength and efficiency of educational institutions already in existence or to establish new ones if a serious unfilled need should be dis vered.

The gift, undoubtedly the greatest single benefaction in the history of the race, is a most intelligent one

John D. Rockeleller is showing as keen a perspective in this as in the business enterprises of the past half cen-

Why is this an intelligent use of a fragment of his millions?

First-Because educational enterprises come as near as it is easy to get to the fountain head of civilization. The institutions which educate the educators do much to color the entire life of a people.

Mr. Rockefeller believes in culture as well as religion, and no doubt believes his reason for aiding colleges is the same that any father of college-bred children would have if he cared to benefit the world

But the upliffing of the intellectual level of the time will not be the only effect of this and similar gifts.

There are other reasons why this is an intelligent deed.

Second-Men of Mr. Rockefeller's position hold their wealth entirely at the pleasure of the people.

"We hold these truths to be self-evident. * * * That to maintain these rights (life, liberty and pursuit of happiness) governments are instituted among men, deriving their just power from the consent of the governed. When any form of government becomes destructive of these ends it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it and to constitute a new government laying its foundations on such principles and organizing its powers in such form as to them seems most likely to effect their safety and happiness."

The only possible lease of life for such phases of our present government as permits fortunes of the Rockefeller type is keep the people reasonably content th the conditions of things

There is little content with the Standard Oil type of fortune at present.

Such widespread execuation and indignation as have met revelations of methods employed cannot be safely allowed to continue, much less to increase in strength and definiteness."

A generous use of the money goined by these more than dubious conditions and law-defying methods is one of the simplest methods of making the people forget or condone the unpleasant facts.

Thirty-two million dollars is about half Mr. Rockefeller's personal income for one year.

It relieves the burden of finding new investments for that much of the year's accumulating bank account. If a large fortune's worth of good-will may be obtuned by relieving oneself of a few

months' income, how obtuse not to make the investment!

Mr. Rockefeller could well afford to expend balf his entire forme if it could win for him the admiring gratitude of the American people. He certainly is wise not to grudge half a year's income to that end.

Third-If the people are to be made and kept content with trust-built fortunes they must not merely be kept in good hantor, but their minds must be trained to see in the trust a beneficent ordering of industrial Providence in political domination by financial magnates. the natural ascendancy of the fittest to control in the inequalities and miseries of society the natural penalty of weakness in the struggle for existence.

The human mind is a most adaptable lump of clay. It easily takes the form into which it is moulded. What better way to make the average American be lieve that the existing order of wealth accumulation is a divinely beautiful arrangement than to put the colleges of the country under direct obligation system? The colleges teach the teachers, the teachers teach the writers and the preachers, the talkers and the voters

It all belps in making the mold into which the mass mind is to be poured.

Verily this is a most inelligent gift! Fourth-The provisions of this gift are most intelligent.

Two-thirds of the fund's income is to be bestowed according to the personal wishes of the Rockefellers so long as either of the two men live.

A wise provision!

Had it all gone direct to the board, the begging would have had to be done direct to its members.

The source of the money might have been forgotten or little noted. As it is, the greater part of this money is still in the family, so far as sanction

for its expenditure is concerned. The would-be beneficiaries must make their appeal to the Rockefellers as their

personal representatives if they are to obtain assistance

Fifth-If Mr. Rockefeller should give this amount twice a year it would belp solve one of the great problems connected with swollen fortunes. As it is, this largest gift in history is

but a drop in the bucket and scarcely affects the matter we have in mind. Still it will bear notice. The one stupendous rock always

threatening existing industry is "overproduction." If all owners of swollen fortunes would see that their incomes were spent

by some one there would be no overpro-Overproduction and panies come because there are not enough buyers for

what is produced.

Too much money goes into pockets alspent are what clog industrial circula-tion, that and is other side, the want of anything to spirid on the part of multi-

This \$32,006,000 will be out of this

serious.

ce to that!

promptly to schools and churches and charities and individuals, the problem of wealth distribution would not be so The money could be spent all right if it got into the right hands-no fear

of that ! By this gift Mr. Rockefeller belps put six months' income where its income

It is a step in the right direction, even a somewhat short step!

Any way in so far as it disposes of the income on the income of one man's fortune for a few months, it is a most intelligent gift!

How long will the people wait before they find a way to prevent one man from controlling the world's livelihood to the extent of \$60,000,000 a year?

How long will they be content to allow such legal and illegal conditions to prevail that half of one man's annual income is an amount greater than was ever before given to any charity, an amount great enough so that the income from it could found a university every

Will the subsidizing of institutions which teach the teachers avail to keep up the kind of civilization which tolerates this kind of thing.

Will fortunes which are able to mold the minds of the Chancellor Days succeed in keeping the rank and file content that the few should have the industrial and political life of the time in their keeping, even though they won their power by means as lawless as ever put man behind bars?

We do not believe it! Clever as is the benevolent role, eminently intelligent as it is, the hunan mind will be molded by stomach pangs and hard knocks as well as by scholarly sophistry.

They will see with their eyes and learn with experience as teachers and finally think with their own brain cells

It will not always be true that one man can endow a university annually from the income of what is but the income for six months of his own private, stupendous, immeasurable fortune. The people will manifest an intelligent policy of their own some fine day, even though the Rockefeller type of wealth continues graciously to dispose of its spare change with intelligent discer ment. - Denver

CHARON

A short distance out from the Wells street depot is a particularly dangerous crossing, where hundreds of trains daily pass, on a level with the street. Team traffic is heavy, and the pedestrian undertakes the crossing at the risk of his life, with much the same emotions, perhaps, as the ancients might have approached the river Styx.

And here stands Charon, in the person of the flagman, to pilot them safely over. But this Charon is a creature of flesh and blood, and day after day, through summer's heat and winter's cold, he stands at his crossing, through hours that seem almost as unending as those of the mythical ferryman himself.

His daily needs must be supplied, and probably those of a family also, from wage which is well known to be but pittance as compared to the cost of living in this prosperous city.

Perhaps many of the rich suburbans reclining at ease in the passing coaches, their minds filled with scheme for squeezing their fellow creatures, have given at least a passing thought to this man whose fidelity to his duty is oftentimes so plainly apparent.

The sum these exploiters of men, women and little children would name as a sufficient reward for this faithful service would doubtless outrage even a barbarian's sense of justice.

They have an incentive to do their best, that is, to make the last possible dollar, but what incentive has our unnamed hero who seems oblivious of sell as he guards the lives and safety of those who must hazard the crossing?

A teamster approaches perched high up on a truck. His head is muffled to protect him from the biting cold. He calculates that the last coach of the ingoing train will clear the crossing by the time he reaches the track, so he drives heedlessly on. But the flagman knows that this cain

only hides one coming much more rapidfrom the opposite direction. He ly from the opposite direction. He shouts and frantically waves his arms to gain attention, but in a babel of noises, wrapped and muffled, the driver does not heed. Why, O, flagman, do you leave your post and rush out until you intercept him, shouting your warning? Is it the thought of your pittance of wage that inspires you to such action? If the sum were doubled would your "incentive" be likewise increased? rather because you are a man. "The heir of all the ages," with an age long inheritance of those nobler qualities which raise man above the lower orders, so that he finds satisfaction in doing things that are serviceable and helpful to his fellow creatures? A myriad of selfsacrificing lives bear witness that this is

It would seem that those who preach hase incentives as being the strongest must be lacking in this inheritance of nobler qualities. Or shall we rather say that they are the perverted victims of the false education of a wicked system

TO THE EDITOR &

You look through capitalistic spectacles; you think from capitalists patterns. You can't take capitalism into the co-perative commonwealth any more than you can take riches beyond the grave. In the co-operative commonwealth you will pecter no mercenary reward for your invention other than the blessings you receive from the drudgery-saving, life-saving and health-promoting inventions created by others. This can be only measured by the imagination.

Of all such devices invented at this time how many bless the switchman's home; flow many hours have they shortened his day's wor?? Why cannot you have those things that your fellow workman invents and creates?

things that y ur fellow workman invents and creates?

If an lp:-artion does not operate for the common good it is of little value to man kind. Your knowledge came from those who lived before you; that which you would invent would be your payment, with interest, for and from what you had received. We are supposing that honor will be the greatest inventive for the inventor in the coming hatfon. This will not be a tin medal from A. Carnegle.

You will understand how great is the desire for approbation of one's fellow men when men like Carnegle will give away libraries and Rockefeller universities, trying to live in the hearts of their countrymen. But all of these will perish in the dust, while Edison's name will be revered here and hereafter, and this reverence will not be the tondyism of those that grovel before the rich.

the the tondyism of those that the rich.

Switchman friend, you mistake animal nature for human nature. The race struggles upward and away from animalism. Mercenary molities hever moved the world for can inch. Most of the mercenary molities you and I have have a buman hasis, else we would find little joy in their attended.

lament.
Bead "Equality", by Edward Bellamy,
Then you'll want more. Chicago, Feb. 16, 1907. H. A. JON., S.

me cream of all the good and impring news that a class-conscious Socialist craves. So many good things that I must write you to never fail to keep some of these you have in stock red hol. Such news as comrade Allen's from Pensacola. Pla., subject. "Bull in the Woods", and "Crack Company Busted". That commany busting was the best: We had a crack national guard here three years ago. They long since disbanded; died from the same craves and disease "Cit." three years ago. They long since distanced; died from the same cause and disease. Dick Militis Bill. It makes the old comrades smile now when people inquire about Captain Bonner and his military company. I have often wished some one would write a paroxy on the old song, "il's the Man Behind the Gun That Does the Work" and change that part of it to "il's the damphool behind the gun that does the work". I was not one that will be one out of ten or one hundred persons that will give \$1 for the best parody, provided it reads. "It's the damphool behind the gun that does the work". I was one of 450,000 damphools that stood behind the confederate guns, was shot twice on Wash.

of 450,000 damphools that stood behind the Confederate gins, was shot twice on Washington's birthday, Feb. 22, 1864, at Green Farm, near Richmond, between two other fools. Neither one of them owned any interest in a nigger. Statistics say 7 out of, 10 of the Confederate fool soldiers never owned any interest in the negro slaves. But ob! how they did like to fight and die for the rich slave owner. I had one third interest in 25 likely slaves and thought it right to own them then.

I wish you would send me a few copies of your paper to give away. I want to get subscribers—inter promise of some. It does my soul good to know you got the plant stock, lock and barrel—a home for the Daily Socialist.

Yours for the regulation.

chaffst. Yours for the revolution, G. D. BUMPAS.

ESPERANTO

These Lessons are arranged for this paper by the editor of Amerika Esperantisto, O'clahoma City, Studentshould address all inquiries to him. enclosing stamp for reply.

LESSON 10.

The Numerals. The cardinal numerals are: Unu du, tri, kvar, kvin, ses, sep, ok, nan dek, cent, mil. The tens and hun-dreds are formed by combining the

simple numerals: Tridek, kvardek kvin (thirty, forty-five); sepmil okcent kaj sesdek du (seven thousand eight hundred and sixty-two).

To form the ordinals, add the end-ing of the adjective, a: Unua, dua, tria (first, second, third); using the adverb ending, we have adverblal nu-merals: Unue, due, trie (firstly, sec-endly, thirdly).

endly, thirdly).

To form the multiples we add -obla or -oble: Unuobla, duobla, trioble (single, double, triply).

For the fractions add -ono: Duono,

triono, kvarono (one-haif, one-third, one-fourth).

For the collective numerals, add
-ope: Triope, sepope (by threes, by

sevens).
Mi ačetis dekduor da kuleroj kaj du dekduojn da forkoj. Unue, mi redonas al vi la monon. Kvinoble sepestas tridek kvin. Tri estas duono de estas tridek kvin. Tri estas duono de ses. Ok estas kvar kvinonoj de dek Unu tago estas tricent-sesdek-kvinono aŭ tricent-sesdek-sesono, de jaro. Tiuj du antikoj premeana ĉiam duope. Kvinope ili sin jetis sur min. sed mi venk's la kvin atakantojn. I hought a dozen (of) spoons and two dozen forks. First, I give back

(to you) the money. Five times seven are thirty-five. Three is one-half of six. Eight is four-fifths of ten. One day is a three-hundred-sixty-fifth, or three-hundred-sixty-sixth of a year. Those two friends walk aways the two together (by twos). Five together (by fives) they attacked me, but I vanquished all five assallants.

Many readers complain that they are not fully able to get the pronunciation and several have suggested that a pho nographic roll be prepared, giving the nds of the letters. The Daily Social ist is investigating this matter, and if any arrangements can be made will noti iv its readers.

I am much interested in the idea of esperants, and today have been puzzling over the pronnuciation of the alphabet as published in the Chicago Nocialist.

Allow me to suggest a phonographic record with the alphabet, weeks and a first lesson. This could be potten nicely on one record and would be very helpful to such as myself, for I must confess I do not catch on at all in this first lesson, and the only any I would have confidence to Let that I was pronouncing anyway hear right would be to know for certain from some such source that I was something near a right sound to the letters and words.

Please let me hear from you and send me list of publications that will be helpful. Yours for the good cause.

W. 42: KRUNKE.

e note with picasure the interest which are taking in esperanto, and are confi-that you can greatly aid the work that been going on to America during the two years under the stimulus exerted he American Experanto Association. We

I thought I would drop you a few lines in regard to how the railreads are getting all the mines within sixty miles of St. Louis. In the first place, they came here and said they had Kosooo. One to buy mines with. To get these mines they had to be on to their job and understand organization to perfection. In the first place, they had to be on to their job and understand organization to perfection. In the first place, they had their claim agents buy up all the coal surrounding all of these mines for miles. Then they went to the owners of these mines and offered them a certain amount for their mines, and all of the operators that would not give them an option soon found out who they were up against. They did not receive any cars for a few days or so, and then they would get cars again for one days run and then they would not get any again for three or four days.

Then this free, independent "American chirzen" (little operator) goes out to see the man that owns the coal that surrounds his mine, and there he gets another shock that almost kills the poor sucker (that has been skinning the miner for so long). He finds out that all the coal around his mine has been sold.

There are a few of these operators pre-

been sold:

There are a few of these operators preraring to bring suit against the railroads
for not furnishing more cars.

That is right; let them squander their
money and bring suit, for the soone; they
get rid of all their money the sooner they
will be down mining coal alongside us; not
wishing him any bad luck, but we hope to
give him a dose of the medicine he gave us
before 1887. It was bitter, but we had to
take it. We used to have to load two tons
and get paid for one (at 20 cents a ton),
and only see sunlight once a week, and
that was on Sunday.

Yours for the revolution.

Belleville, Ill.

Belleville, Ill.

Relieville. III.
P. S. This is the first time I ever wrote anything for a paper, so if this misses the wasie basket I may come again and try and show from a miner's standpoint what the duri soon wake up to help the Socialists to let the "inston own the trusts".

Yours,
J. W.

in answer to "A Switchman's" communi-ation, I should like to submit the follow-

cation, I should like to submit the following:

His first question is whether he would receive compensation for an invention from a Socialistic government. That looks like an easy question. A government which would pay him for his comparatively un important daily labor would certainly reward him for producing a valuable invention. He next asks whether he of the government would fix the price of the invention. Surely no reasonable man could expect the government to pay every inventor what he might consider the value of his invention.

At present a man with in invention must submit it to a patent commission to determine its patentability; so whywould it not be fair to him, if under Socialism he should be required to submit it to a government commission to determine its valu?

"A Switchman" say: "Could I not, if, if wished, become an idler, as you would allow

ernment commission to determine its valu?

"A Switchman" say: "Could I not, if I wished, become an idler, as you would altyme sufficient money certificates of labor to five upon for a given time, and in doing so would you not be taking from other producers to reward or pay me?" From this I gather that he is labering under the impression that a man, in order to be entitled to compensation, must perform some work of a physical, material nature. But is it not apparent that the invention in question, although not a physical entity, is nevertheless a valuable one? And if valuable to the producer, the inventor, belongs the product. To admit the value to society of the inventon, and then to say that "you would be taking tand he apparently means unjustly) if a others to pay me, is contradictory. The "money certificates of labor" which he refers to would not be an uncarned tax upon the product of anybody's labor, but would, in fact, represent collectively each individuat's purchase price of the beenefits to be derived by society from the invention.

A SOCIALIST.

A Laugh or A Smile

sugar a year.

An Expert

"Slick & is the worst cheat I ever "Yes, he is so expert about it that when he skins you it is a pleasure to

watch him." To hear hy bitter denunciations of trusts and things in general you would never imagine that the average American consumes seventy-six pounds of

In spite of the fact that they are the home of quinine, those Central American republic are nearly always in a feverish c .dition.

General Kuropatkin, having failed as a military man, has now taken up a literary career.

If the English women were allowed a voice in politics wonder if they would insist on doing all the talking in the halls

A Pointed Question

"Yes, my dear,"-explained Mr. Outlate, "I collided with a trolley car and it knocked the breath out of me." "Ah, and did you go into a saloon to

get a new supply of breath?" she retorts,

turning her head away. Shorts has begun his duties as president of the New York Metropolitan-Interborough company by making a speech asking the people not to be hard on the

Of course, when the house passed that bill providing for two new Dreadnought type battleships, the members had not a thought of the Japanese war scare.

poor corporations.

Shorts says the passing of two-cent fare laws will do great harm to the country. His supposition doubtless is that the railroads constitute the country

The announcement that the Bible is still the best selling book in the United States is poor encouragement to those struggling Indiana novelists.

Punishment

"Johnny, have you been fighting

"Yes. pop," "Well, the very next time I catch you

fighting I am going to send you off to If you have an urgent trip to make

you had better not put it off. After the legislatures get through the courts still have to deal with the two-cent fare idea. Telegraph operators have long sought

to get more of the money in the compa-nies' strong boxes, and they at last seem