LET THE PEOPLE

VOTE ON WAR

RUMBLINGS OF REVOLT SHAKE WAR CAMPS

Hands off the Trade Unions, Mister Roosevelt!

Hundreds of labor unions and central labor bodies have been sending to Washington their protests against the union-busting campaign being conducted by the Roosevelt government through the Department of Justice and its Federal Bureau of Investigation—the G-Men.

What they are protesting against was aptly summarized by Thomas V. Smith, secretary-treasurer of the General Drivers Union of Omaha, Nebraska, in a recent statement to the Labor press on the FBI persecutions of the Midwest teamsters' unions:

"The Department of Justice and its Federal Bureau of Investigation is on a road which is surely leading to the development of American soil of the same sort of anti-labor political police which is the instrument of the ferocious dictatorships in Europe and Asia."

Arnold Cracks Down on Labor

The Department of Justice has answered these protests, in the form of a letter by Assistant Attorney General Thurman Arnold, sent to the secretary of the Central Labor Union of Indianapolis and simultaneously published in the press on Nov. 20.

The Roosevelt government plainly declares in this letter its intention systematically to employ the Sherman Anti-Trust Act against the labor movement, listing "five types of union activity" as "unquestionably violations of the Sherman Act."

The Sherman Anti-Trust Act was passed by Congress in 1890 as a law against the industrial monopolies, under the pressure of mass discontent. By the most flagrant formalism, the courts, in typical judge-made law, proceeded to apply the Sherman Act, not against the monopolies, but against labor unions as "restraining commerce." In that way Debs was sent to jail, the famous Danbury Hatters union members stripped of their life savings, etc. As the result of a national wave of labor revolt, Congress in 1914 passed the Clayton Act expressly exempting unions from the anti-trust laws.

But the Clayton Act and similar legislation have been whittled away by the judges for the benefit of the bosses. It was bad enough when bosses used the Sherman Act against unions, but the climax came when Attorney General (Tea-(Continued on Page 3)

Behind the Lines

By GEORGE STERN

By GEORGE STERN

tics involving the United States, en though the powers, driven people for a vote—but the Re-Japan, and the U.S.S.R., is be- helplessly by forces they could publican Party before the elecginning to be played a little fast- not entirely control, are at pres- tions came out strongly against er and more furiously. It is by far the most important sector of

In Europe the main hope of hoped to do two things: the diplomatic front of the war, carrying out these plans contin- 1. Avoid appropriating money far more important than any in ues to be the hope that Hitler for relief. 2. Avoid the responsi-Europe, because its outcome will will be displaced by another re- bility for not appropriating the decide in large measure the form gime, preferably a dictatorship of money. The Hague Democrats on and tempo of U.S. entry into the war itself and will have a decisive effect upon the further evo- Hohenzollern monarchy. With lution of the conflict. Fresh signs of approaching French indicate they will find it

agreement between Japan and possible to make a deal that will the Soviet Union have forced end the stalemate on the western Washington to increase its pres- front and turn war's spearhead sure upon Toyko. Cordell Hull eastward again. and Sumner Welles roll out their verbal batteries. Once again the terests" in China are reaffirmed Russia at sword's points and to inviolability of Wall Street's "inand Japan is angrily informed ensure thereby Japanese particithat these "interests" will be vig-

Without any effort to depict it umn repeatedly that it is a quesas a coincidence, the Navy Department announces a sizeable increase in the submarine force at- drawn to the sidelines and it is tached to the U.S. Asiatic Fleet. U.S. imperialism that is left to The largest and newest submarines in the navy will take their sure, wheedling, promises, threats, places in the first line of pros- and counter-threats that is called pective action against the Japan- modern diplomacy. nouncement comes as a little naturally, of the stakes, are pushese fleet in the Pacific. The ansemi-colon or dash punctuating ing ahead with all their might to the diplomatic barrage. A semicolon or a dash—because the General agreement "in principle' matter is far from concluded.

The Main Strategy

Let us reiterate once again the the Japanese militarists. central significance of this diplomatic tug-o-war: it still remains ing convinced of greater immedithe essential strategy of the Al- ate gains to be had through elimlies, including of course this coun- ination of the western powers try, to transform the war into a from China than through a deal war against the Soviet Union as with the Western powers that the most convenient and least will involve Japan in an early war damaging way out of the present against Russia that would take impasse. This was the hope rais- all that remains of her material ed so high at Munich only a lit- resources.

such a regime, the British and

The Game with Japan

consists of keeping Japan and

The Russians, fully conscious

has already been announced and

we can look for sizeable Soviet

concessions to the suspicions of

For them it is a question of be-

In the Far East the strategy

tle more than a year ago. It has The tight game of power poli- by no means been abandoned, ev- presented this referendum to the

(Continued on Page 2)

JERSEY S.W.P. **POLLS STRONG ANTI-WAR VOTE**

Only Party with Program for Workers in **State Elections**

Official announcement made this week that Alfred Lowenthal, candidate of the Socialist Workers Party of Essex County, New Jersey, had received 1,306 votes in the November 7th elections for General As-

This vote, a few hundred lower than that polled by the Thomas Socialist Party and the Stalinist Party, was generally regarded as an encouraging reply to the campaign of the Socialist Workers Party, which had run throughout the campaign as the party of revolutionary struggle against the war and theh war-

The capitalist parties, here as elsewhere throughout the country, were extremely careful to avoid all mention of the main issue, the war. Not once did either party's candidates for any office in the state take any position on the war.

They insisted that that was a national issue, and that the elections were state issues. But even on the state issues both parties showed how completely bankrupt they were.

After the war question, the most important issues in the elections were unemployement and relief, pressing labor legislation, and steps against racial discrim ination and Jim-Crowism.

As the Newark Socialist Appeal, SWP election paper, made clear, the two boss parties had no more of an answer to these problems than they had to the

The Relief Problem

With a quarter of a million unemployed and with no money appropriated for relief, neither ss party dared to offer a real answer to the problem. After an 8-month session the Republicancontrolled Legislature had been able to adopt only the idea of a state referendum on relief to appropriate \$21,000,000 through a bond issue for the years 1939 and 1940. (The minimum required to maintain even the present low standard for the two year period is \$60,000,000.)

The Republican Legislature

His Turkey Dinner



Give Thanks--Twice!

You May Not Know It But Conditions Are So Good, F.D.R. Gave Us 2 Thanksgivings

Thursday is Thanksgiving Day.

Young and old, good and bad, rich and poor, lithe and lame — all are supposed to pause, pray and give thanks. It's an olde American custom, even older than the horsedrawn trolley and the buffalo

Naturally, there are many people who have things to be

The Sixty Families, for example, will have one helluva time on Thanksgiving Day.

In their lavishly appointed mansions, they will sit around innumerable big, fat turkeys and in between their fowl mouthfuls and burps, give thanks

That the President is a big Navy man, That the war has finally are rolling in, That profits are sky-rocket-

That the big, fat contracts

And that, as a matter of fact, every day is Thanksgiving Day-for the Sixty Fami-President Roosevelt will

have many things to be thankful for. After the newsreel men have left with their clips of the Chief Executive carving up the biggest turkey of them all, the Prez will pause and give thanks

That he has in Frank Murohy an Attorney General who knows how to frame up that blankety-blank Minneapolis labor movement,

That he was able to ram through Congress a juicy part of his program for involving (Continued on Page 2)

Corporation Makes Big Haul of Profits, Offers Slaves Slim Pickings

(Special to the Socialist Appeal) DETROIT, Nov. 22 - Chrysler vorkers will go without their hanksgiving dinners Thursday, tbanks to the lockout the corporation is maintaining in its stubborn refusal to make any reasonable concessions.

No agreement is yet in sight on the question of wages ,the latest issue over which negotiations have bogged down. The UAW-CIO originally demanded an allaround 10 cents an hour increase in wages. It revised this proposal lownwards to five cents. In terms of annual wage increase the original sum of \$18,000,000 was revised downwards to \$8,000,000.

Corporation officials countered with an annual wage increase of \$3,000,000 which the UAW justly rejected as "ridiculous." The union's rejection is buttressed by some very solid statistics:

the Chrysler Corporation reported a net profit of \$26,000,000. Rising prices dig a deep hole into the wages of the Chrysler worker but they hardly make a dent in the millionaire stockholders'

Below Subsistence Wage

"The 'subsistence wage' for a amily of four in Detroit, accordng to the most recent Department of Labor figures, is \$1,423.-85," R. J. Thomas, union president said.

do not earn anything near that Chrysler workers earn \$1,190.40 a exists outside of Germany too.

Dickinson At It Again

ernor broke into print again. This "little Dick" in the nick of time Guard, so the statement ran. Now that France, like Germany, is a smoldering volcano. if the corporation wants to put the kibosh on negotiations and start some strikebreaking it knows where to look to for sup-

BOSSES SPURN JUST DEMANDS OF AUTO UNION Weeks of War

In Prague, Dublin, India, Paris, Moscow War-Makers Tremble at Spectre of Masses In Rising Against Their Bankrupt Rule

By FELIX MORROW

The first known large-scale struggle of a section of the masses against its "own" government during this war has taken place. The Czech students and workers have the honor. of initiating the revolutionary struggle against the war-

That this open clash came during the first months of the war, whereas years elapsed during the first world war before such a clash—that is the difference in the tempo of the two epochs.

The main attention of the "democratic" press has been concentrated on the dramatic resistance of the Czech students. It is clear now, however, that the workers also participated in the struggle. As early as Oct. 27, the Nazi officials of Prague officially branded "labor agitation" as "the work of Trotskyite Communists"—the universal designation of revolutionists by reaction. That strike calls were answered by the workers For the first six months of 1939 last Saturday is discovered from an official assertion that the strikes were terminated by Monday. But that would indicate that the strikes were not for economic demands, but were political protest strikes, in solidarity with the students, called for a specific time period and then terminated.

> In addition to the execution of twelve student leaders and the herding of thousands of others into concentration camps, it is reported that the Nazis fired artillery into the workers' quarters of Prague. The desperate measures taken by the Nazis is a measure of the profound crisis undermining their rule.

"Chrysler production workers Europe Sits on Powder Barrel

But their rule is not the only one which is being undermined. amount. The average hourly wage As everybody understands, the measures necessary to a totalitarn June of this year was 93 cents. ian regime mean that internal contradictions have reached an in-Given forty weeks of work a year, tolerable tension—only the most dreadful oppression keeps the inat thirty-two hours a week, ternal contradictions from exploding. And this explosive situation

The Nazis, in answer to the "democratic" glee over the mean-"That is \$233.45 less than the ing of the Prague events, retort—in the words of the Diplomatischgovernment says is required to Politische Korrezpondenz. Foreign Office publication—that Engkeep a Detroit family of four in land and France, in Palestine and Damascus among other places, the ordinary necessities of life." "have shown what methods they themselves are accustomed to

The other day our pious Gov- France Under Martial Law

France is today also a totalitarian regime—in the "democratic" ime, however, he wasn't on his form of martial law. To its previous repressive measures the govknees to Jesus, but to the Chrys- ernment on Nov. 19 added new ones—"effective as long as France ler corporation. His pipeline to is under martial law"—under which "individuals dangerous for na-God always makes a detour to the tional defense or the security of the state may be transferred from back door of the auto companies. their place of residence to a center that the War and Interior Somebody told him, it seems, Ministries select." Which, translated into plain language, means hat the negotiations were reach- that the decree gives these ministries power to proceed against ing a settlement. So in jumped anybody without recourse to the usual legal procedures, courts, etc., the ministries having the authority to define what individuals o offer any scabs who wanted it come under the decree. "With these decrees the government", says state protection. If the local cops the N. Y. Times report, "will be in a position to take drastic accan't get strikebreakers into the tion against any insubordination such as has been advocated in plant, I'll send down my National clandestinely circulated propaganda." These Hitlerite methods mean

Uprisings in North Africa

What does the Nazi taunt about Damascus mean? There are umors current in Paris about uprisings in French North Africa. Not a single dispatch has been published from Algiers in the American press in weeks! The French censorship is even stricter than that of the Nazis, all dispatches being subject to censorship before being sent. The volcano is smoldering.

Indian Volcano Seething

Britain is in no better plight. At the very beginning of the war the "jewel of the Empire," India ,with its 375 millions of revolting slaves, demands in irreconcileable language its freedom from British rule. Even Gandhi, who himself wanted to give unconditional support to Britain in the war, has now been compelled to threaten civil disobedience if the British do not yield. Remove India from the oundations of the British Empire, and the entire structure comes

Yet so impotent are the British rulers that they can do nothing bout the inspiring symbol which shows the way to the five hundred nillion colonial peoples oppressed by Britain: at England's very door is Ireland which, despite a government pliant in England's nands, will have nothing to do with the imperialist war.

Fritz Thyssen, who financed Hitler's rise to power, has left Germany because of a lack of faith in Hitler's war program. Such a break within the ruling clique is one of the harbingers of the downall of a regime. But the British have little to be happy about. For among their own ruling caste are such figures as Lloyd George, who conducted the last war and who now—at the very beginning! has so little faith in the ruling class' ability to withstand the shocks of war that he wants, someway, somehow ,to reach an understanding

The Spectre Haunts Europe

But if they could not reach a stable understanding in the years "peace," they can find none now .Each imperialist power needs what the other also needs, and only arms can settle the argument. There are no bridges back to the "peace" of Munich. A long and pitiless war is ahead ,and its vistas frighten the ruling class of every country. For at the end of it they see the spectre which is haunting Europe today more than ever before: the spectre of revo-

(Continued on Page 2)

The Appeal Needs Your Aid!

The second half of the National \$10,000 Organization and Press Fund Drive must go over the top on scheduled time. The twice-weekly SOCIALIST APPEAL is at stake. Without doubt our Party and its sympathizers are quite

capable to insure the maintenance of our most important instrument for spreading the program of the Fourth International and the Socialist Workers Party. Our semi-weekly paper has been maintained without

missing a single issue since our twice-a-week was established. One must not even contemplate a retreat, but, on the contrary, must look forward to increased frequency of the SOCIALIST APPEAL. The Party branches in the past have responded to the

requests for the necessary financial assistance to sustain the SOCIALIST APPEAL. By a similar response in the second half of the campaign there can be no doubt but that our Press can be maintained and established on a sounder footing than ever.

The reports from the Party branches throughout the country indicate their readiness to proceed with full speed to fulfill their quotas. We are confident that all supporters of our revolutionary Press will make every effort to fulfill their quotas for the National Organization and Press Fund Campaign before February 1st.

THE HORRORS OF WAR—

"PARIS, Oct. 21 (Delayed) -Paris is putting the finishing touches to her wartime wardrobe . . . Women are going practical all along the line . . . We are wearing short skirts at all hours; we insist on keeping smart, but we have no heart for frivolities. We have put away our plumed hats and our splashy jewelry; maybe we'll begin to take them out when the boys begin to return home on leave. Hair is coming down or off; coiffures are being simplified, for high, formal hair-dos are incompatible with gas mask

"The day after war was declared, nearly every dressmakinghouse in Paris, except Lanvin and Paquin, was closed. Molyneux kept the ground floor shop open just to sell such things as perfumes and lipsticks; the rest of the place was shut tight . . . Chanel clos-

ed on the first day of mobilization, reopened soon after, and reclosed on the day the Russians marched into Poland. "Lanvin was a rock in the

storm. She kept her place open and, with one mannequin, showed her winter collection to the few intrepid clients who still wanted to see it . . .

"The couturiers are on their mettle, and the French never work so well or fight so well as when confronted with apparently impossible obstacles. There's been a lot of talk of the possibility of transferring the couture to Biarritz. Asked about this, M. Lelon said, Never! Paris is the style capital. It would never be the same anywhere else.' And Agnes said, What an idea! When you get to Biarritz, you can't think of designing anything but a beret."

Feminine Fashion Dept. in The New Yorker of Nov. 11.

A strong opposition group is conducting a real fight against the Stalinist machine directed by Harold Pritchett which controls the International Woodworkers of America (CIO).

Pritchett is being opposed for re-election as president by Al Hartung, president of the Columbia River District Council, in a national referendum which will be completed on Dec. 2.

Loggers' Indictment

it calls itself, presents an indictment against the Stalinist rule | Stalin Fears German Revolution in a four-page leaflet entitled. IWA?" It says:

1. Violation of the IWA constitution; malicious hold honest differences of opinofficers disregarding charges he rules. placed against them, and insisttrying their own cases.

3. They have used the Timber Worker to attack the IWA mem-

against those who oppose the bureaucracy. Communist machine.

4. They have failed to organize the unorganized: the Williamette Valley, Klamath Falls, The Redwoods and British Columbia, with their thousands of potential members. They reported mem-100,000. They reported 100,000 members in 1939. The actual membership does not exceed 35,-

5. Squandering the union funds for two years by putting on the Big Front without any means or membership to warrant it. The International Secretary has failed to make complete reports!

6. Dictatorial (Abe Muir) tactics. Witness Orton at Carnation: Pritchett at Tacoma and Portland. The rule of ruin career boys acting as floor leaders in district conventions.

7. From time to time ous appointments of new editors ganizers without recommendaof the Timber Worker, New ortion or approval of districts. Some of them were known Communist Party members.

8. Using the IWA as a front to build the Communist Partyon the members' dues dollar.

Opposition's Program The Opposition CIO Bloc of-

fers this as its counter-program: to give the timber workers sec-1. Strict adherence to the CIO ond class citizenship in the union, program. Political Action-Non-the lumberjacks thought they partisan. Drive out the political would be able to establish a milmachine control within the un- itant, democratic union.

2. Organize the major sections moving out into the isolated dis-

ers upon recommendation of the clique. districts, based upon knowledge of the industry and ability to or- the various groups able to unite ganize rather than political affil- behind a program which could

4. Furnishing accurate finan-effectively. cial and membership standings to the membership.

nate the extravagant expenses. to help head off a revolt against 6. Abide by the constitution.

the International, district, and Stalinists had become. local unions in securing the best | The case of the Opposition wages, hours and working con- CIO bloc against the Stalinists ditions for the membership.

rank and file. Extend the use of tion contains elements which can the referendum and initiative only be characterised as "redwithin the IWA.

Over one hundred delegates, almost a majority, at the recent force in the labor movement, it third annual convention of the must relegate this tendency in-IWA signed this program. It to the background, and reject all represents a typical confused, opinions of that kind. but nevertheless progressive, movement as against the Stalin- good chance of winning the naist machine.

is quite evident in the emphasis sition fears—something happens on "rank and filism." They rep- to the ballots or the Stalinistresent but one of the tendencies controlled locals are given inunited in bitter opposition to the flated voting strength. ruinous course pursued by the Stalinists sincee this section of sition, all of whom are men of the labor movement was forced long experience in this field, out of the AFL and joined the are: Les Cadieu, for vice-presi-

Carpenters Union and its Czar, retary-treasurer; and George Willam Hutcheson, who sought Brown for trustee.

War Camps Rumble with Revolt In the Lamps Kumule with revolutions Third Camp Raises Its STRIKES IIE UP Jobless Get 5c a Meal; Thead at Start of War IN CAIRO, III.

The "democrats" are trying to convince themselves that the thunderbolts of revolution will strike only at their enemies. The former agents of German imperialism, the exiled leaders of the Vigilante Terror Fails social democracy, now in the service of Anglo-French imperialism, assure their new masters that the thunderbolts can be harnessed to To Break United Ranks the social democratic transformers which will step them down to a safe voltage. They did it once before, in 1918, when they were able Of Negroes and Whites to bring the German Revolution within the confines of the Weimar Republic-and of Hitlerism . They will do it again, they promise.

The British are paying their money for goods which cannot be delivered! No more than Hitler was satisfied with the Sudeten mountains will the needs of Germany be satisfied with a monarcho-democratic revolution. British leaflets-and social democratic leafletswill not break the iron hoops of Hitlerism; those hoops will be rent strike wave involving the major asunder only by the shattering of the entire German social order, The Opposition CIO Bloc, as which means by a socialist revolution.

Chamberlain does not understand this and hopes for a "reason-"What's Wrong with the Pres- able" explosion in Germany. But Stalin does understand this, and to foment race riots against the ent Administration of the fears it. Stalin knows that revolutions are contagious. Were the horizons of the Soviet Union ringed with red instead of brown, the are Negroes, are constantly social hatred stored up by the Soviet masses against the oppressive slander bureaucracy would no longer be frozen by the fear of imperialist zen has been tying to whip up against members and officers for intervention. Capitalist encirclement today is Stalin's best ally the purpose of purging all who against the Soviet masses. The German Revolution would provide the Soviet working class with a new perspective, and that would mean ion; ignoring the trial procedure the end of Stalin. For, like Hitler, Stalin's strength consists not of the strike of unemployed workin the constitution; international his own resources but of the passivity of the worekrs over whom

The economic system of state property established by the Octo- they have been unable to make ing that when and if a trial is ber Revolution plays as deadly a role in undermining Stalin as is a dent in the present strike held they will sit on the jury played by the system of private property in undermining the rulers ranks. in the capitalist countries. But with this decisive difference. Private 2. Using the Communist Party property creates anarchy and convulsions which can only be done machine to maintain themselves away with by ending private property. The state property of the in office and put over their pro- Soviet Union has demonstrated its infinite superiority over private ers of the Robets Cotton Seed gram. (Affidavits and abundant property by multiplying the volume of production in that backward Products Co. With the exception evidence is available for proof.) country by ratios unprecedented in history.

But this splendid steed cannot continue its further course under cent organized AFL Federal Lothe bridle of the ossified bureaucracy. It requires an entirely differ- cal is composed of Negro workbers without preferring charges end kind of guidance. The crises in Soviet economy, its dislocations, ers. They struck after a year of or presenting evidence to justi- and the panic-stricken answers of the bureaucracy in the form of futile attempts to bargain with purges and more purges-all this signifies that the economy es- the employer. An armed deputy (See the Timber Worker for tablished by the October Revolution is utterly alien to the bureauc- tried to break through the pick-June 3, 10, 17, 24; April 29; Au- racy which has usurped the power. The defense of the nationalized et line by driving his car into 27; etc.) Censorship property in the USSR requires the overthrow of the strangulating the strikers and brandishing a

Stalin, A Fair-Weather Friend

In allying himself with Hitler, Stalin hopes to help Hitler prevent the German Revolution which would overthrow them both. The diately. The local press is trying Communist International is already, though still in cautious terms, warning that Hitler's overthrow would "most likely" bring a monarchical regime hostile to the Soviet Union, therefore—this is the is unknown. bership in the IWA in 1937 of plain implication—it is best that Hitler be not overthrown. This is the line so long as Hitler's military position remains favorable, as it is likely to remain during the first year of the war.

But when Hitler's situation grows difficult, Stalin will try to leave the sinking ship and swim off toward the Allies. In return for his services at this point, the Allies may permit him to Sovietize the Baltic countries, and call for the independence of Hitler's Poland in order to Sovietize it too. And with this new turn the Communist International will sing still louder Stalin's praises as a "liberator"

But all this can take place only on the basis of Hitler's growing lifficulties. The consequent military defeat of Germany will inevitabbe followed by the socialist revolution in Germany. That will mean the end of Stalin too, as the Soviet workers clasp hands with line. But as soon as it was light their victorious brothers in Germany.

The German workers' state and the regenerated Soviet Union will understand, as did the party of Lenin and Trotsky, that their foremost task is to extend the revolution. They will put their rewith Negro and white workers sources at the service of the colonial revolutions against the "democratic" empires. The twilight of the British Empire will become the dawn of a new life for the peoples of Africa and Asia. "The epoch of wars and revolutions," Lenin called our times. In the first weeks of the Second World War we begin from the point at which the Russian

Revolution and the post-war revolutions left off. That is the other side of the present picture of growing reaction and repression. War and its attendant horrors are one side of the coin. The other is th world revolution, whose first rumblings are now being heard in Prague and Munich, Paris and Algiers, Bombay and Calcutta, Leningrad and Moscow.

However, through Pritchett, a smooth operator, the Stalinists of the lumber industry before managed to capture control of this union. For three years, various tendencies appeared in op-3. Strict selection of organiz- position to the rule or ruin

> But not until this year were rally the workers to fight the CP

Harry Bridges, California CIO director (recently demoted) was on a business-like basis. Elimi- rushed by the Stalinists to the Operate the International recent woodworkers convention the Pritchett machine. This was 7. Full cooperation between how precarious the grip of the

is borne out by all the available 8. Greater expression by the evidence. However, the opposibaiting." If the opposition is to become a genuine progressive

The opposition stands a very tional elections for which it has The influence of the Wobblies a full slate unless—as the oppo-

Other candidates of the oppodent; Worth Lowry, for vice-After breaking wth the AFL president; H. I. Tucker for sec-

HOW THEY FIGHT HITLERISM IN A "DEMOCRACY"

"Defense of Canada Regulations', under which anti-war fighters are being jailed, read like a Hitler decree. Here are the provisions under which Frank Watson was jailed:

"39. No person shall by word of mouth: (a) spread reports or make statements, false or otherwise, intended or likely to cause disaffection to His Majesty or to interfere with the success of His Majesty's forces or of the forces of any allied or associated Powers or to prejudice His Majesty's relations with foreign powers, or (b) spread reports or make statements. false or otherwise, intended or likley to prejudice the recruiting, training, discipline or administration of any of His Majesty's Forces."

"39A. No person shall print, circulate or distribute any book, newspaper, periodical, pamphlet, picture, circular, card, letter, writing, print, publication or document of any kind containing any material, report or statement false or otherwise (a) intended or likely to (as above Par. a) (b) intended or likely to (as above Par. b) (c) or which would or might be prejudicial to the safety of the state or the efficient prosecution of the

> Join the Socialist Workers Party

IN CAIRO, ILL.

CAIRO, Ill., Nov. 17-Cairo, the town that has never been flooded", is up to its neck in a industrial plants.

More than two hundred business men have been deputized as special police officers to break the strike movement. Attempts strikers, a majority of whom made. The Cairo Evening Citimob action.

But where the vigilante bosses were successful in smashing ers three years ago and framing their leader, Eddie Parker,

Negro Workers Strike The strike movement began with the walkout of the workof three or four, this 100 per-.45 revolver. Somebody, probably

a fellow deputy, shot him through the head. He died immeto pin his murder on a "negro striker" although the assailant

The militancy of the strikers at the Roberts plant spurred an organization drive in the Valley Steel Products Corp., employing 300 white and 25 Negro workers. Before the organization drive could be completed some 40 leaders were fired and the union struck.

Picket Despite Guns

the first night of the strike, Nov. 9, a deputized vigilante group armed with rifles and pistols drove off the picket enough to see, the workers rewith Negro marching side by side - before the muzzles of two hundred

Four days later, the company launched its back-to-work movement by sending threatening letters to the workers and dispatching foremen to plead and threaten in the homes of the strikers. The back - to - work movement fizzled completely when only 35 stooges guarded by two hundred armed deputies marched into the plant. Outside the picket line was stronger than ever reinforced by ILA the way. dock workers and cotton seed strike-breaking drive has come to an abrupt end.

At the present writing, the Governor's personal representa- relief. If you vote yes, it means tive, Vincent, Colonel Davis of you are voting to appropriate passed none of them, and that Hollywood wins and socialism the National Guard, NLRB rep- less than half the money re- the Democrats co-operated comresentatives and government conciliators have come to town to pour oil on the troubled waters. Strike ranks, however, are solid as ever.

Cannon Fodder Hard To Get in Canada

(Special to the Socialist Appeal) MONTREAL - The workers of this section of Canada, as in other sections, are not taking to the governments efforts to whip up war sentiment.

Recruiting in the French-Canducement of unusually good pay for soldiers, amounting to nearly \$50 a month, fails to attract recruits in sizable numbers. Results in other regiments are not much better.

On several occasions, in movie houses, British patriotic newsreel shots have been hissed at in recent weeks. Street urchins jeer and ridicule companies of soldiers as they march to drill through the streets.

One big mercantile establishment has adopted the policy of discharging its young male employees to "allow" them to join the army. It is generally believed that similar measures and even conscription might have to be resorted to in order to secure Canada's quota of cannon-fodder.

9,000 Rochester Families Face Starvation; FSCC Administrator Threatens to End Plan

ROCHESTER, Nov. 19-Five | ties Corporation and the Rochcents per person per meal. That was Rochester's helping hand to its citizens in need up

were starving to death. Then, with the aid of the Fedporation, Rochester made a pariah class of citizens on relief. alone to the local banks. "Salvation" was doled out with another two and one-half cents per person per meal through emand blue food stamps, entitling commodities.

Bankers Offer Less

Now, instead of remedying the the unemployed.

The continuance of the orange and blue food stamp plan in tioned the fate of nine thousand Rochester depends now upon an families whose food will be cut agreement between the head of by a third, should the F.S.C.C. the Federal Surplus Commodi- unit be removed.

ester Clearing House Associa-The banks of the city have in-

to a few short months ago, when stalled a one percent service total of 14 new subscriptions and it became evident that the needy charge on cashing the stamps given by grocers. As the local F.S.C.C. does about \$3,000,000 eral Surplus Commodities Cor- business a year, this means \$30,-000 revenue from this source

Will Close Project

Mile Perkins, bureaucratic head of the F. S. C. C., declared barrassingly conspicuous orange that the local project will be closed down December 1, if the relief clients to surplus farm banks do not discontinue their service charges. Raymond Ball, president of the Clearing House Association, states that the situation, Rochester's well-fed banks will not change their plan again to take one-third of stand. A local committee of grobankers have come along with a cers has petitioned both the govthe food out of the mouths of ernment and banks to discuss the matter. So far neither party has men-

GIVE THANKS—

(Continued from Page 1) the United States in the Second World War.

That he's on the best neighborly terms with certain "statesmen" below the Rio Grande who know how to put those ungrateful greasers in their place,

That he's going to ride into the White House for a third term making everybody believe he'll keep the country out of war, the dopes.

Yes, there are people who will have many things to be thankful for. But, of course, there are

some people who will balk at celebrating this great, traditional holiday. The locked-out youth, for example. What the hell have they got to be thankful for? Let Mr. Roosevelt and the first

families of Virginia keep their

traditions and holidays they'll

take jobs, thank you.

thrown off the WPA rolls. What have they got to be thankful about? And the millions and millions starving on the relief hand-outs? The migratory workers of

The workers who were

California, the beet-pickers of Colorado, the sharecroppers of Arkansas, what have they got to be thankful for? Their miserable wages, their underfed wives and children, their beatings at the hands of vigilan-

What will the Negro masses give thanks for? Their jimcrowed existence in black ghettos? Lynchings at the hands of the Ku Klux Klan?

Yes, Thursday is Thanksgiving Day. The Bourbons and their well-paid flunkies will offer up their many thanks.

The unemployed, the underprivileged, the ill-fed, illclothed and ill-housed will pass the day in their cold flats, their ramshackle huts and their migratory flivvers. To them Thanksgiving Day will be just another day. They have nothing to be thankful for-not under capitalism.

JERSEY S.W.P.

Continued from Page 1 the votes of the unemployed on

Loewenthal, SWP candidate, plant strikers. Since then the pointed out: "They have given us the choice of half a loaf or none. If you vote no on the refquired."

The Socialist Workers Party supported the referendum, call- to answer any of the real ising on the workers to vote yes sues, the workers voted against on the measure and to vote both the boss parties by staying against both parties which had away from the polls, hardly failed to provide an answer to more than half the number votthe relief, and to follow up the ing this year that did last year. elections with a mass action The Republicans swept the elecfight to force through a real re- tions again, even gaining a few lief program based on making seats in the Legislature, althe wealthy parasites, the Sixty though the vote against their Families, pay the costs.

Labor Legislation Similarly on vitally needed labor legislation. It was easy to show by the record that neither adian regiments is proceeding at party had moved a finger to do a very slow rate. Even the in- anything about the legislation called for by the trade unions of the state: decent wage-hour leg-

islation, anti - injunction bill, a little Wagner Act, the abolition of sweat-shops and homework,

The Fight Against Jim-Crow The Socialist Workers Party

paid particular attention to the problem of the fight against Jim-Crowism. Again it used the record to show that the boss parties were crafty enough to elected on their ticket to the 80 odd places in the State Legislature. The record showed that six mild laws against discrimination had been introduced by a Negro legislator, Frank Harerendum, it means no money for grave of Essex County, but that the Republican Legislature had pletely with the GOP.

As the result of this failure main plank, defeat of the relief referendum, showed how much they were trusted.

FIGHT AGAINST THE WAR;

What Your Dollar Can Do

ONE DOLLAR will distribute fifty free copies of the Socialist Appeal or-

Put an Appeal salesman on an important street corner for a full day. FIVE DOLLARS will distribute free 300 copies of the Social-

ist Appeal or— Provide an Appeal salesman for a week.

TEN DOLLARS will subsidize a local organizer for a week. Send your contributions to: NATIONAL CAMPAIGN FUND, Socialist Workers Party-116 University Pl., N.Y.C.

per to arrive on schedule on cer- rades to submit the stories. tain occasions. This is being remedied and, no doubt, this will aid the branches in systematizing the sale and circulation of the paper.

Subscriptions in the recent days have not been too many. A New York City securing 4 new

New York City.... 4 San Francisco Boston 3 Chicago 1 St. Louis 2 Philadelpia Minneapolis 1 Allentown 1 Pasadena, Cal. 1 Washington, D.C... 1 Westport Wisconsin Cleveland 14

Newark is making very determined efforts to stabilize and increase its circulation. In recent months matters have improved period. considerably, so that the Newark unit was able to increase its bundle and its sales. Newark is selling more papers now than ever prior to the next issue of the before, but has to solve other problems, including an old debt, to increase its bundle still fur-

The reports from branches | The various agents point out and literature agents of the So- that it is easier to sell the Socialist Appeal indicate that they cialist Appeal if there are stories are quite able now to distribute of local interest, such as those the twice-weekly Socialist Ap- dealing with trade union matpeal effectively and with increas- ters, factory conditions, etc. This ing success. Indeed, their legiti- is true, but for the Socialist Apmate complaint in recent days peal to carry such material, it is has been the failure of the pa- necessary also for the local com-

New Haven, under the direction of Nick Lyons, is doing well now in the sale of the Socialist Appeal and is making special efforts to obtain subscriptions.

The Harvard unit at Cambridge, Massachusetts, has in-13 renewals were secured with creased its bundle order by an additional five copies and has subscriptions, San Francisco 4 been making determined efforts renewals, Boston 3 new subs and to secure subscriptions both for Chicago 3 renewals. The list fol- the Socialist Appeal and The New International

While there have been a few small decreases in bundle orders, they have been sufficiently compensated for by similar increases in other localities. However, as pointed out frequently in this column, the branches have been quite weak in recent months in obtaining renewal subscriptions. as well as new subscriptions, so urgently needed in order to

maintain the Socialist Appeal. Moreover in the past month, due to varying reasons, many of the units have failed to maintain their payments on their bundles. and, as a result their indebtedness to the Business Department is higher than at any previous

We are again publicly advising these branches and agents that, unless payments are forthcoming Socialist Appeal, they will be sent their bundles C.O.D. This is imperative in order to insure regular publication.

WORKERS' FORUM

ANTI-SOVIET PICTURE

IS CONDEMNED

Dear Comrade Editor,

I am writing you to tell you about a movie I saw last night, Ninotchka, with the Great Garbo. The first twenty minutes certainly were funny and fast moving, and the three Soviet trade envoys who go to Paris to sell confiscated jewelry were real life stuff. But when their straw boss Ninotchka (Garbo), gets to Paris to see what's wrong every thing begins to slow up and leave a bad taste. At the railroad station the three Commies mistake a Nazi for their comrade, which isn't funny because it is a dirty crack at socialism. A minute later Ninotchka makes a flat joke about one of Stalin's greatest crimes, the mass trials, and says they left fewer but better

Russians. When Ninotchka falls in love with her play - boy enemy she goes from one extreme to the other. She gets drunk in a night club and wants to win over all the stiff shirts. It is a silly specpermit one or two Negroes to be tacle. Later she says, "Bombs may fall and civilization may die, but I want to have a good time." This may be all right for bureaucrats, but it's not so good for those who are dvinng.

> There are a few funny scenes about stool pigeons and bad housing in Russia, but in the end loses. Beautiful but poor girl

marries rich and good looking play-boy and they live happily forever after. I don't think, comrade editor, that poor people can appreciate this because they know that as far as they are concerned "happy ending" is a lie, like prosperity.

J. PYTLAK

New York

ANNOUNCEMENT

THEATER PARTY tendered by the Friends of the Russian Opposition Bulletin. "Chaver Nachman," by I. J. Singer, a Jewish play based on the Russian Revolution, with Joseph Ben-Ami, Celia Adler, and Ludwig Satz. At the National Theater, 2nd Ave. at Houston St., N.Y.C., on Tuesday evening, Dec. 12. Tickets are available at the National Office, 116 University Pl. Get yours early for choice seats.

Notice

Y. P. S. L.

MEMBERSHIP MEETING Sunday, Nov. 26-1 P.M.

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Irving Plaza

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THE

By J. R. JOHNSON_

Negroes in Steel (Continued)

Let us continue with our examination of the Negro in the steel industry, as portrayed by Cayton and Mitchell in their book, Black Workers and the New Unions.

The Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers for years did practically nothing to organize the Negroes-or for that matter, anybody else. The union officials passed resolutions and talked about accepting Negro workers as well as whites, but they did nothing to bring numbers of Negroes into the union, even after the passage of the National Industrial Relations Act. The union continued its policy of equality in words and segregation in action.

But among the new unions formed after the NRA, there was a new spirit, and officers and members went after Negroes, recognizing that without them it was impossible to win victories against the bosses. Wherever the proportion of Negroes in the plant was large the workers made a determined drive. An interview with a worker in McKeesport, Penna., shows in a few words the role of the Negro

"Negroes must be organized here if the union is to have any show at all; it would be impossible to ignore them completely because of their great numbers, especially since difficulties have been experienced in bringing in the highly skilled American

Outstretched Hand Not Enough

But the Negro has behind him three hundred years of deception and exploitation by whites. Many whites make the mistake of thinking that as soon as they go with an outstretched hand to the Negro he will forget everything and accept it. It is not so easy. Many of the white workers found that they had to make a special effort to get Negroes in. One of the most frequent methods adopted was to get Negro speakers to address meetings. And certain lodges elected Negroes to offices in the unions, so as to give practical proof that the equality of which they spoke was more than verbal bait for the Negroes. In Homestead, Penna., the financial secretary of Spirit of 1892 Lodge No. 172 tells of the great success that follows the elec-

". . . Then the rest of them came in droves. They are a clannish bunch, passing word of all such developments around among themselves. Each man brings his friends, and the next meeting the friend brings other friends, until enormous numbers of them attend in force."

The two areas where most Negroes filed into the union were Pittsburgh and Birmingham, one in the heart of the industrial district of the Northeast and the other in the backward South. This shows us once more a lesson that we must never forget, that in the last analysis it is economic relations which are decisive in politics.

No Racial Question in Profits

The economic relation is decisive in politics. The capitalist does not allow race prejudice to interrupt his porfits. When union activities became threatening, the owners in one factory tried a novel way of splitting the workers. Previously Negroes were not allowed to work the open hearth or as first helpers, but were kept as second or third helpers. To divide the working class, the company promoted several Negroes to first helpers, the most aristocratic, skilled, and well paid job in the whole mill. This had a double effect. Those Negroes who got the job would have nothing whatever to do with the union. And the other Negroes in the shop felt that at last promotion was open to them and they therefore became much cooler to

The white workers were now paying for their previous neglect of and discrimination against the Negroes. We shall see more of this in the future. But in any serious competition, on a large scale, between the workers and the bosses, the great majority of Negro workers-99 percent of them-will find their places beside their white brothers. Economic relations, though not the whole story, are the most important part of the story.

Many of the Negro workers are sympathetic to the union. They know that they will get little from the company, but what they fear is that in the event of a closed shop the white workers might discriminate against them. This has happened in many unions and nothing but the most vigilant honesty and fair play on the part of orkers can break down this justified distrust. Yet despite these difficulties, the unions were able to attract and to hold

Equality Begins Among Workers

An important part of this work is the election of Negro officers. In nearly every important lodge in the Pittsburgh area this has taken place. First of all the lodges began by electing Negroes to office simply in order to attract other Negroes. Later, as more Negroes came into the union, these voted for additional colored officers. And finally all the workers, white and black, recognized the capabilities of certain among the Negro officials and voted for them without regard for the color of their skin. In Clairton, Penna., for instance, according to an interview,

"There were more colored than white elected to office. Here in Clairton there are about ten whites to one colored person. When the nomination came off, they nominated whom they wanted. We wanted to put up as many Negroes as we could. We voted by secret ballot. They had a colored man and a white man watching the ballot box. Six colored were nominated and of these, four were elected. Mr. M. was elected corresponding representative, J.E. financial secretary, M.R. trustee, and J.R. another trustee."

When the Negro sees that he can make his influence felt and can elect some of his race to office, he can more easily turn his back on the bosses. It is in this way that the great battle for equality not only on the economic but on the political and social field will be won.

The Homestead, Penna., lodge, according to one of its officers, "... held a couple of bingo games and a dance, all of which Negroes attended in force with their ladies. At the dance, held in the lower section of the city near the Negro district, there were no restrictions. Dancing was mixed racially and sexually, whites with Negro partners. I danced with a Negro girl myself. Negroes enjoyed themselves immensely and there was no kicks from the whites. This lodge will soon have a picnic which will

There are many such successful attempts, despite some failures. This attempt of the workers to get together, naturally suffers from the tremendous pressure to which they are subjected by the race prejudices of a bourgeois society. But it is here that the battle for racial equality must be fought, and it is here that it can be won. Not in dances in Greenwich Village, or by bourgeois hosts and hostesses who invite intelligent Negroes to their houses for dinner in order to show that they are enlightened and above the vulgar prejudices of capitalist society. Some of these people mean well; some of them do not. But their activities, their parties and lunches, are a mere drop in the ocean. They are not important. Black and white workers struggling together for socialism will bring equality, and nothing else will.

Nev	University Place w York City. I would like to get better acquainted with your paper, Socialist Appeal. Please send me sample copies for next few weeks.
	Name
	Address

"LABOR WITH A WHITE SKIN CANNOT EMANCIPATE ITSELF WHERE LABOR WITH A BLACK SKIN IS BRANDED" VARIANCE TO THE WHERE LABOR WITH A BLACK SKIN IS BRANDED" VARIANCE TO THE WHERE LABOR WITH A BLACK SKIN IS BRANDED" VARIANCE TO THE WHERE LABOR WITH A BLACK SKIN IS BRANDED" VARIANCE TO THE WHERE LABOR WITH A BLACK SKIN IS BRANDED" VARIANCE TO THE WHERE LABOR WITH A BLACK SKIN IS BRANDED. NEGRO QUESTION Trade Unions, Mr. Roosevelt

(Continued from Page 1)

pot Dome) Daugherty used it to secure the injunction which smashed the railway shopmen's strike of 1922. Every weakkneed liberal, in Congress and in the legal profession, admits that the Sherman Act's use against labor is a flagrant anti-labor weapon.

Sherman Act Dragged Out Again

One sure sign of the growth of reaction is the reappearance of the Sherman Act as an active weapon against labor. That sign came in April of this year—the Apex hosiery case—when a Federal judge fined the hosiery workers union three-quarters of a million dollars under this law for a sit-down strike. And since then, an even surer sign, has been the return to this weapon by the government itself unprecedented since Daugherty used it against the railway

The "five types of union activity" which the Department of Justice letter outlaws under the Sherman Act read as if they were very specific and, on their face, unjustifiable union practices—until we examine them and discover that they are in reality blanket rules being established against

Take one of these "types,' jurisdictional strikes. To make it sound good, Arnold's letter points out that the AFL has condemned jurisdictional strikes. It is true that the AFL has moved to put an end to the jurisdictional strikes between building trades unions, and every progressive unionist is opposed to such conflicts between bona-fide unions.

But many a time an anti-labor employer, unable to fight a union head-on, resorts to the device of evading the union's demands by forcing the workers into a fake or impotent union. Sometimes CIO or AFL officials help bosses put this over. We have only to recall the notorious examples of the AFL giving a charter to the "blue card" company union in the tri-state lead fields, so that thereafter the unionization fight of the CIO smelter workers was, formally, a jurisdictional strike against the AFL "union"; or when the AFL chartered Oganic's" Progressive Miners" to fight the United Mine Workers. A particularly flagrant example of the CIO descending to this level is a CIO Stalinist-controlled "oil workers" local in Minneapolis and St. Paul, which will work with any boss against the legitimate locals in the field, affiliated to the Teamsters' Union.

Under the ruling of the Department of Justice, any time any stooge local connives with a boss to prevent real unionization, the real union, if it fights back, is liable to prosecution under the Sherman Act. So much for one of the specific "types of union activity" outlawed by the Department of Justice. We could similarly analyze the other four to show that they are equally vicious.

The Aim Is Wage Cuts

But that isn't all. In addition to the five specific examples, the Department of Justice makes two blanket prohibitions. Unions, it declares, "may not act as a private police force to perpetuate unnecessarily costly and uneconomic practices in the housing industry." And, furthermore, "preventing improved methods of prodution" is another "labor activity which goes beyond any legitimate labor purpose."

Just what Thurman Arnold means in outlawing "unnecessarily costly and uneconomic practices in the housing industry" will be understood if we recall what this same Assistant Attorney General told the Temporary National Economic Committee on July 7 in a speech announcing that the Department of Justice was shortly to investigate the construction industry.

It was a tirade against the labor unions in the construction industry. Tucked away in it was one paragraph which admitted that "unlawful restraints" (by labor) are not the only sources of high construction mosts. "Credit facilities offer one of the outstanding means of reducing ultimate costs. Land values are often high. Remedies . . . however [for these ills] are not within the scope of this report." And having thus dismissed the real reasons for high costs of housing, Arnold went after the labor movement:

"We can say to labor, 'You can get the same thing the heavy industries are getting: a greater annual income, based on having more work to do during the vear, without need to stretch the hours of work and the rate of pay on each particular job." (N.Y. Times, July 8, 1939)

Surrender your union wage rates and submit to a speedup, in return for an unguaranteed—and unguaranteeable promise of more work per year—this is the Department of Justice's openly avowed program for the construction industry, backed up by the G-men, frameup trials and the Sherman Anti-Trust Act. That's what Arnold now means by outlawing "unnecessarily costly and uneconomic practices in the construction industry."

G-Men Supplement Sherman Act

Nor is this all. The Sherman Act, even by the most difficult stretching, is an insufficient basis for all the prosecutions which the Department of Justice is now conducting against the labor movement.

The FBI has just railroaded convictions against seven teamsters' union leaders of Des Moines, Sioux City and Omaha. The original charge was one for the local police courts: that fifteen months previously a truck had been allegedly damaged during a Sioux City bakery strike. As a matter of fact, the charge was forgotten as soon as the minor strike was settled. But the Sioux City local was part of that magnificent North Central Area Drivers' Council which is the brightest spot in the American labor movement today, having brought a twelve-state area under a uniform contract for 350,000 over-road drivers and helpers. So that forgotten police court case was picked up by the G-

Riveting War Chains on Labor

The CIO and the Third Term

on in double-quick time.

a change of heart is not known, trades unions throughout the The deal that Lewis made with country. CIO top circles on the third-term. Hillman's point of view appears have prevailed.

Whatever happened in the se eret conclaves with Rooseveltabor movement—there is not the slightest plausible reason for the board. trade unions to back Roosevelt in 194. This is said entirely aside rom the general proposition that labor commits hara-kiri every ime it supports a capitalist caniciously anti-labor.

ROOSEVELT ATTACKS

THE LABOR MOVEMENT The heaviest blows the labor he differential between North the Sixty Families. and South, and slashed at union vage standards by increasing the

against the government!"

the teamsters' union leaders.

men, who put any amount of money and men over a fifteen-

month period into cooking up a frameup against seven of

Nor could the Sherman Act, with any amount of stretch-

ing, cover the dirtiest job of all which the G-men are now

carrying out—in Minneapolis. As part of the nation-wide

strike of WPA workers, the Minneapolis labor movement

called out the projects. Because the Minneapolis AFL un-

ions are progressive enough to understand the need for

unity between employed and unemployed, and the unem-

ployed and WPA workers there were a recognized section

of the union movement, the WPA strike there was more

effective than elsewhere. In addition, the Minneapolis labor

movement has been in the vanguard of labor's advances

since 1934 and its militant policies have inspired successful

For all these "crimes" the G-men were dispatched to

Minneapolis. During the WPA strike they disguised them-

selves as strikers and went on the picket lines—what dirty

work they did there is yet to be unearthed, but it is clear

they performed the malodorous role of agents-provocateurs.

the strikers. They have so far succeeded in railroading con-

victions against eight defendants; the third trial, involving

25 WPA workers, is now on, and a total of 150 have been

In the Minneapolis persecutions, the FBI stands revealed

in all its foul viciousness. For here they are not dealing with

those non-existent figures, the "well-paid" aristocrats of

the building trades, but with half-starved WPA and unem-

ployed workers. There's the War Deal of the Roosevelt

FBI was an anti-labor political police, carrying out the

Palmer Red Raids, systematic strike-breaking and snoop-

ing against the unions. All that was done away with after

1924, under Attorney General Harlan Stone—or so they

said. Labor was given a solemn promise that the FBI would

not be employed on prosecutions against the labor move-

That promise, it is now as plain as day, has been broken.

The first step in fighting this development is for organ-

ized labor to understand that this development has occurred.

The facts outlined above must be tirelessly explained over

and over again in every union hall in the country, in every

union paper. When organized labor realizes what has hap-

pened, the ways and means of smashing the government's

union-busting campaign will be easy enough to work out

The FBI, as Brother Smith of the Omaha Drivers has put

it, is being turned into an anti-labor political police.

During the First World War and the post-war years, the

Then they worked for months cooking up a case against

union campaigns throughout the country.

government in all its nasty nakedness!

indicted.

and carry through.

The New York and New Jersey fired the WPA strikers for re- the Roosevelt administration. The New York and New Jersey meeting maining away from work five State CIO conventions meeting maining away from where a STALINISTS MEET ISSUE last weekend adopted unanimous resolutions favoring a third term powerful labor movement styfor President Roosevelt. Exactly mied such quick strikebreaking, ficult if not impossible. What hap- drive, as are the Department of said in that speech: pened in the month to give Lewis Justice's prosecutions of building

Roosevelt-trading CIO support In the same period the personto the president in return for nel of the National Labor Rela- and makes use of its former pres- the FBI as a political police to miserly concessions in war-time? tions Board was transformed to -has remained the property of meet the demands of the Nationecret conferences. All we know al Manufacturers Ass'n and the of Wall Street." s that in the disagreement in Chamber of Commerce. So utterly hostile to labor's interests the CIO national convention adthe labor board as little as poscertainly nothing of benefit to the sible. It was Roosevelt who engineered this change in the labor

actions against labor came measdidate. Specifically, Roosevelt's ures more subtle but even more record in the past year has been inimical to the trade unions. Bilgram for America's imperialist Stalinists, voted for the Third ton down . . ." as Potash put it. his own words: "We must and Day dictatorship over labor were shall finish with this business of seated its worst enemies, appointrelief." With his blessing, the ed by Roosevelt: three lieutenants all WPA standards by equalizing the fourth a scion of another of

In face of Roosevelt's record, the support tendered him by the ate of pay. It was a gentle hint bodies can be characterized as a o private industrialists to chop monstrous betrayal of the interown the wage scales of skilled ests of labor, callous and scornful in its disregard of the rank When a half a million workers and file workers of the CIO unose in strike action throughout ions. The leadership of the CIO he country against the starva- is riveting the chains of a reaction, union-busting decree, Frank tionary War Deal administration Murphy, Roosevelt's Attorney around the ankles of the workers. General, made the Hitlerite pro- And by this fact, it is in advance nouncement: "You can't strike committing the American unions to supporting Wall Street's im-When they did nevertheless perialist war. By this action, the strike against the government, CIO leaders become a partner to

The resolutions for the third one month was required for the the G-men were turned loose on term at the New York and New against war, and support the top CIO leadership to clarify its the workers as agent provoca- Jersey conventions were adopted "president's record only up until non-committal position at the teurs. The frameup trials and unanimously. The Jersey resolu- now"? "Up until now" the presi-San Francisco convention and to convictions of WPA workers in tion was made unanimous after a dent has made his biggest strides jump on the Roosevelt bandwag- that city on the charge of "con- vote of 96-66 carried it. These towards plunging the US into the spiracy" is the direct work of unanimous votes included the del- war. "Up until now" a five bil-There is little doubt that an Roosevelt's Department of Jus- egates from the Stalinist-control- lion dollar armament program attitude of open hostility on the tice. The vicious onslaught now led unions. Have the Stalinist has been passed. "Up until now" part of John L. Lewis to the being carried on by the G-men trade union officials bucked the the United States has been turnthird-term campaign would have against the teamsters movement party line of opposition to Roosemade the passing of these resolu- of the Midwest is part and par- velt, laid down by Earl Browder under the new Neutrality Law. tions at the state conventions dif-cel of Roosevelt's anti - labor in his Boston speech? Browder "Up until now" the president's

That the president fed "the step in the war game but the acgreed for profits by American tual declaration of war. is this new Labor Board that monopoly capital" since the day he took office-Browder cannot have been accomplices in every vised its affiliates to go before say. Only yesterday, as everyone step in the preparation of war. the White Hope of Browder and declaration of war, is a fairy tale ROOSEVELT PREPARES FOR consistent with Stalin's foreign er way of expressing the Stalin-DICTATORSHIP OVER LABOR policy. Hence the decree to the ist line: so long as Roosevelt and Side by side with these overt party members and all its trade Stalin were in the same war unionists to go into opposition. camp, the "president's record" lions of dollars were appropriated port Union and Irving Potash of camp, we must "be vigilant and for the super - armaments pro- the Fur Workers, as well as other watch everybody from Washing-

intervention in the war. Roose- Term resolution. In New Jersey It isn't exactly consistent to velt's War Department staff 66 delegates, most of them Stal- call Roosevelt an agent of "monovement received in the past worked out the last details for inists, at first voted against the nopoly capital," to urge distrust year came from Washington. In the military strait-jacket to be Third Term resolution. How is and "vigilance" on the one hand. single shove, a million workers tightened around the unions when this to be explained? Confronted and on the other support him for ere flung off the WPA rolls at he openly enters the war. In the with the acid test of going into a third term. It isn't consistent, the command of Roosevelt. In commanding position of the M- outright opposition to Lewis, indeed, because the Stalinist pol-Hillman and the Roosevelt ad- icy is a fake from beginning to ministration, Quill and Potash end. That's why there is not one Voodrum Bill drove an axe into of the firm of J. P. Morgan and to lose by fully supporting the po- Potash in the Daily Worker. The crats could make the gesture of frighten Roosevelt into coming to nonthly hours to 130 at the same New York and New Jersey CIO opposition—and then join in the terms with the Hitler-Stalin war the consequences that would be Roosevelt is just as fraudulent as

STALINIST SPEECHES SHOW PARTY LINE HYPOCRISY

Stalinists.

"We believe," said Quill, "that The CIO today needs a third endorsing a third term at this camp again. This time to beat time is correct. But we are deal- back the war-mongering Lewising with the President's record Hillman supporters of war-mongonly up until now. From now on er Roosevelt and the Stalinist what the President will do. And war-mongers Hitler-Stalin. ee that President Roosevelt and the need of the hour.

| Roosevelt's WPA administration | the M-Day dictatorship plans of any official of the American government should never attempt to drive the American people into war. We are against war." Potash spoke in a similar vein. How can anyone say he is

> ed into an armory for the Allies public declarations on the war "The President and his Admin- have been indistinguishable from istration succumb more and more those of the belligerents. "Up unevery day to the greed for profits til now" the President has used by American monopoly capital, the Department of Justice and tige among the masses to secure frame up and smash the labor their acceptance of the program movement. "Up until now" the President has taken almost every

> That Quill and Potash, who recalls, the President was still will balk at the final step, the Co. Browder no longer backs to deceive little children. But that Roosevelt only because Roose- they were able to support Roosevelt's foreign policy is no longer velt "up until now" is just anoth-In the New York CIO Conven- was good enough; but now that tion, Michael Quill of the Trans- Stalin has jumped into the Hitler

> backed down. They had too much word of criticism of Quill and sition of the Kremlin bureaucra- Stalinists are not mobilizing the cy. In New Jersey, on the other masses against Roosevelts war hand, second line union bureau- policy; they are merely trying to unanimous vote—without facing camp. The Stalinist opposition to in store for top leaders like Quill is the Lewis-Hillman defense of and Potash at the hands of Lewis. the workers against Roosevelt.

> The CIO organizing drive two The speeches of Quill and Pot- and three years ago became a ash, qualifying their support of crusade of effective strike move-Roosevelt are perfect examples ments only because the workers, of how spurious and hypocritical the third camp, seized the handle s the new "radical" line of the of opportunity in their own

no right to predict war - mongering supporters of

while we now adopt this resolu- A third camp of the rank and tion and support him, we remind file from the shops and factories and warn the entire labor move- against the war and against capment that it should look out and italist reaction at home! That is

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One Frameup Flops

More than two years ago, amid a fanfare of nasty publicity, District Attorney Thomas E. Dewey of New York seized the books of Local 3 of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers. That was big news in the capitalist

On Monday Dewey returned the books. His staff had worked its head off without being able to find even a peg on which to hang a frameup. Dewey wouldn't comment on the return of the books, and the capitalist press didn't think it was news.

Dewey's move against the union was, however, handicapped by the fact that the funds and staff he has at his disposal are relatively limited. He must envy Attorney General Murphy who, with the authority of the Federal government, the funds of the Department of Justice and the staff of the FBI, can cook up a case out of nothing at all. The day of the local union buster is about over. The United States Government has taken over this dirty work.

Too Young To Die

"The continued pressure of unemployment on youth, in the midst of a war boom, will add to the degree of drifting into active participation in the war"—declares Owen D. Young's "American Youth Commission." Why?

Do the youth between the ages of 20 and 24 who constitute the largest group of the nation's unemployed, according to the commission's findings—want to water the trenches with their young blood?

to a recent YMCA poll of New York City, are ing class to yield to Hitler without striking a skeptical of specialization or ability as an assurance of a job-want to leave their bodies and limbs under little white crosses on some "Flan- that these democrats are every whit as corrupt ders field"?

Not on your life!

The youth want jobs. The youth want a minimum of security, a chance—in this "great land of opportunity"—to extract just a little comfort and happiness out of this world. Jobs, not bromides, about "vocational guidance," Mr. Young. (that was the only recommendation of the com-

The youth of this country, together with the rest of the unemployed, will get this security, Mr. Young. Even if they have to wrest it out of the crooked fortunes of the 60 families, to which you belong!

That's why you see "a drift into active participation in the war," Mr. Young. American youth are pounding the pavements but they find no jobs. Trained as engineers, mechanics, craftsmen, they are rejected and told to starve.

They see your bankruptcy. Starvation in the midst of plenty. No jobs in the "midst of the war boom." They see your kin marrying degenerate dukes and counts, squandering millions like drunken sailors. They know that you rule this country, that you have brought it to the brink of

You want to get rid of them—you and your kind, Mr. Young. You see trouble ahead, so you want to intoxicate their minds with martial music and then herd them into the trenches to be shot to pieces for the bloody gain of your gang of parasites. Then they will be out of the way. Dead men make no trouble, eh, Mr. Young?

But you are mistaken. The youth of this country is "wise" to your schemes. All they need is organization to make that knowledge effective. Then there really will be a "drift into war," Mr. Young. But it won't be the kind of war you want. It will be a war—

to tear the billions your congress is spending for battleships out of your hands and give to the youth jobs building homes and schools,

to tear the billions you and the Sixty families have stolen from the people out of your hands and make this country a paradise of opportunity, well-being and security for those who toil.

And, Mr. Young, in that war it won't be German, Russian or French workers who are in the opposite trenches.

Willi Changes Bosses

Maybe you don't know it, but the Anglo-French war camp is fighting for only one thing: "a federated Europe." Don't look so puzzled. It's all there in black and white. In what document of the Allied governments? In none. But you can read all about it in the Nov. 18 issue of the New Leader, Social Democratic Federation weekly.

Willi Schlamm, the author of the article in question, has peculiar gifts and a specialized training for writing in this vein of politics. He learned his business in the famous establishment of journalists conducted by Willi Muenzenberg, the publishing impresario of the German Stalinist movement. There Willi Schlamm learned how to make black into white and vice-versa. His employer was generous and that inspired Willi Schlamm to some great flights of fancy. But a sad day came when (thanks to what the Willi Schlamms taught the workers) Hitler came to power and all the Willis fled as the workers could not do.

In the emigration Willi-both Schlamm and Muenzenberg—discovered that Stalinism is unethical. Willi M. went into another line of business in Europe and Willi S. came to New York and made connections with the Jewish Daily Forward-New Leader establishment.

From this brief sketch of Willi Schlamm's background, it is obvious that he is just the man to write for the New Leader. A very skillful man, indeed. He quotes a flunkey of the British Ministry of Information (i.e., Propaganda), a ceremonial speech by the French president, a remark of Winston Churchill, another by British Ambassador Lord Lothian—all of it the usual clap-trap of war-time speeches. (Willi does NOT quote the one official declaration on war aimsthat by Lord Halifax, and with good reason! For it doesn't say what he wants to convey.) Then he applies to these vagrant remarks the "no accident" formula which he learned in Muenzenberg's school. "That all this occurred on the same day, and November 11 at that, is no coincidence, but evidence of a deliberated common action." That provides the necessary transition mechanism to conclude: "It is impossible to deny that the Allied war aims as they now are stated correspond exactly with the aims of decent people throughout the world."

After due consideration we have come to the conclusion that it is still possible for decent people to deny what Willi Schlamm asserts. We offer other matters, however, which are impossible to deny. It is impossible to deny that Willi Schlamm is one of that foul coterie of German Do the youth-80 percent of whom, according labor fakers who, having led the German workblow, now propose to go back to their pie-cards behind British bayonets. It is impossible to deny as their Stalinist competitors. It is impossible to deny that their stench pollutes the very air which the working class breathes. It is impossible to deny that their American patrons, the Jewish Daily Forward and the New Leader, are the most brazen war-mongering sheets in the United

Just Out!

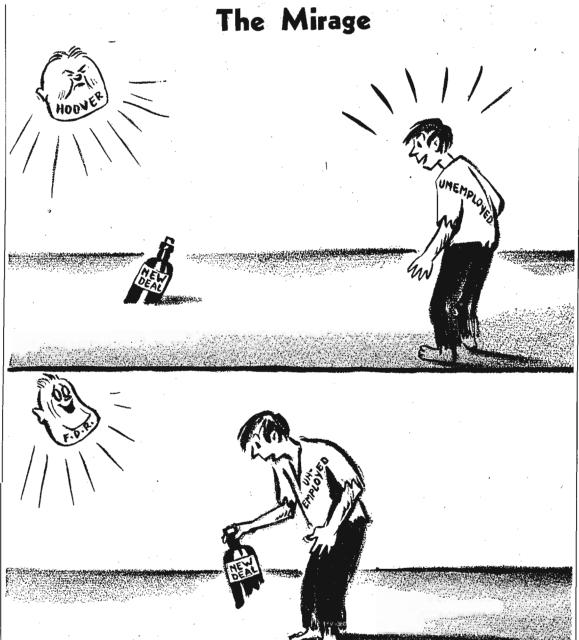
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By Dwight Macdonald

SPARKS IN THE NEWS

II Duce on War

If there is one thing that this war is making clear, it is that world capitalism has reached a stage of decay so advanced that the distinction between "war" and "peace" has broken down completely. Or rather, there is no longer any such thing as "normal, peace-time conditions" under capitalist economy.

This point was developed at length in the last New International, in the editorial and in my own column. And now it is stated boldly and explicitly by one of the chieftains of the enemy. According to a dispatch from Rome in today's N. Y. Times, Premier Mussolini, in a speech addressed—significantly enough—to the Supreme Commission for Autarchy, expressed himself as follows:

"There is not an economy for peacetime and an economy for wartime. There is only a war economy, because historically . . . it has been demonstrated that a state of armed warfare is a normal state of the people, at least of those living on the European continent, because even in years of so-called peace other types of war are waged, which in their turn prepare our armed warfare. "Therefore, it is the fact, or rather the im-

minent fatality, of armed warfare that ought to dominate and that does dominate economy. "He who fails to reach this conclusion is an ignoramus who has not got the right to complain or be surprised at the catastrophe

toward which he is going." In matters like these, Il Duce speaks with the uthority of an expert.

'We're All Socialists Now"

The late Judge Gary of the Steel Corporation once said, "We're all socialists now." The general reaction to the Judge's statement was in the nature of a belly laugh. But those were simpler times. Today Gary might well be taken quite

A proclamation was issued by a labor leader the other day to the proletariat of a certain European country: "SOCIALISM AGAINST CAPI-TALISM! THAT IS OUR BATTLECRY!" These words were addressed to the workers of Germany by Dr. Robert Ley, head of Hitler's "Labor Front." The war aims of Germany Dr. Ley defined as "the complete destruction of England and the domination of her moneybags over the rest of the people on the globe." (It might be added that the main point of Dr. Ley's message to the German workers was that their working day was to be increased two hours—at no extra pay.)

Thus the Nazis are beginning to raise on high the banner of socialism. Perhaps even more extraordinary, the rulers of the Soviet Union have also taken this banner out of the Kremlin attic and have flung it to the breeze, exuding a strong odor of mothballs. Charlie McCarthy Molotov denounces the war as an imperialist blood bath. Charlie McCarthy Browder damns the Roosevelt Administration as the tool of the bourgeoisie and even ventures a few unkind words about the Roman Catholic Church. And the puppet master in the Kremlin smokes his genial pipe in approval, removing it only to ask for a few more islands in the Gulf of Finland.

Rousseau to Ribbentrop

It may be objected that it is laboring the obvious to point such contradictions between the words of power politicians and their deeds. From time immemorial, statesmen have veiled their real policies in the handsomest available ideological trappings. However, I think there is an interesting difference in the way such trappings have been used in the past and the way they are

In the youth of capitalism in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, no one made any serious effort to pretend that there was anything very real or eternal about the verbal rationalizations used in the game of power politics. The language of diplomacy, was, of course, highly euphemistic; nor did statesmen fail to appeal to the noblest human sentiments in covering up whatever particular piece of skullduggery they were perpetrating at the moment. But it was generally understood that these high-minded phrases were simply the poker chips of the game, to be shoved about from day to day among the players as suited the tactical needs of the moment. Statesmen went through the forms just as lawyers go through the forms of talking about justice in our courts today-and with just as cynically realistic an understanding that it was all form and talk.

Then along came Rousseau and the rights of man and all sorts of other humanitarian and idealistic doctrines, finding their political expression in the French Revolution. There also arose the idea, hitherto unknown, that the people had certain democratic rights and that policies must be justified by their beneficial effect on the great majority of mankind. The liberal bourgeois politicians of the nineteenth century spent their lives in eloquently enunciating these high-minded, inspiring principles. It is true that the necessities of capitalism forced them constantly to act in sharp contradiction to their words. But if they wore an ideological costume to hide the shocking nakedness of capitalist exploitation, it was at least always the same costume. Gladstone was an old humbug, but he was eternally and consistently false to the same set of principles.

The Ideological Wardrobe

But where Gladstone got himself up in the same liberal costume all his life, Hitler and Stalin have a whole ideological wardrobe. Just as the King of England has one uniform for visiting the fleet, another for receiving the Lord Mayor of London, and so on, so Hitler, though he goes everywhere in the same belted uniform, changes ideological costumes according to whether his audience is made up of capitalists or workers. Molotov's recent remark about fascism being "a matter of taste"-as though it were a question of choosing a new hat—is clearly in this spirit.

What the totalitarian regimes are now showing us is a weird combination of the eighteenth and the nineteenth century usages in these matters. They feel the nineteenth century's need for gaining mass democratic sanctions for their policies, for shrouding their dirty work in high-sounding phrases of concern for the wellbeing of The People. But at the same time, they manipulate these ideological garments with the cynical abruptness of eighteenth century politics, changing from one cosmic, all-embracing philosophy to its opposite with the facility of a Metternich substituting one diplomatic formula for another.

In the last few months, the Kremlin and its mouthpieces have used indifferently, as instruments to be picked up or tossed aside according to the turn of events from day to day, the idealistic phrases of liberal bourgeois democracy and the impassioned rhetoric of Marxist revolution. When these bewildering changes of costume are possible, it is more important than ever for all who sincerely believe in the revolutionary road to cut through the jungle of phrases to the hard political reality underneath. Also to make this clear to the workers, lest they fail to differentiate between Stalin's fake "Marxism" and the

SPECIAL NEGRO NUMBER NOVEMBER NEW INTERNATIONAL

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By James Burnham Jovernment

It is very difficult to be sure just what has been happening in Prague. The reports sent to this country give the impression of a rather surprising candor. In general, Germany has been permitting the foreign correspondents to send out far more news than have France or Britain. So far the Nazis have not instituted "pre-censorship" of dispatches. This, of course, need not mean very much: "post-censorship," with its threat of expulsion if the correspondent's dispatches displease the regime, can be just as effective as precensorship; and several American correspondents have, in fact, been recently expelled.

We cannot be sure just how widespread the disturbances have been in Prague itself, nor whether they have extended to other Czech cities. We cannot trust the account of the extent of repressions. Most important, perhaps, of all, we do not know what slogans have been put forward.

Nevertheless, it seems possible to piece a few facts

The Uneasy Protectorate

The open demonstrations and clashes apparently began a couple of weeks ago, during the celebration of the Czech "independence day." Prior to this, however, there were indications that trouble was brewing, and the clashes were not unexpected.

The high point was reached in the student riots at the University. What set these off remains obscure. One story is that they began when a Nazi professor in one of the classes insulted the students. A considerable battle seems to have taken place at the Univer-

There is no reason to believe that the puppet Czech 'government-in-exile" had any direct connection with the demonstrations. This is shown by the statement of Jan Masaryk repudiating the actions as "ill-advised" and "premature."

The Nazis do not seem to have been prepared for disturbances on a scale that these in Prague reached. The dispatches suggest hesitations, and shifts in policy. Up to now, they have been trying to utilize the Czech protectorate regime, under Hacha, which they set up, and a primarily Czech police force as the main instrument of their rule—supplemented ,naturally, by concentration camps and the Gestapo. There were obvious advantages in this policy: it was easier to keep the Czech people divided when Czech cops were used to beat up Czech dissidents, and when a Czech "government" proclaimed the laws and regulations decided on in Berlin.

In the first demonstrations, the Czech police were assigned to "keep order," and all along Hacha has been calling for quiet. But by the time of the University clash, it had become clear that the Czech police could not do the job, and that many Czechs, especially the students, were not listening to Hacha. In some instances, the police seem to have been going actively over to the side of the demonstrators, as is indicated by the fact that several Czech policemen were shot in the repressions.

It became necessary to send in thousands of Gestapo agents and heavily armed detachments of S. S. men, their equipment including, according to reports, field artillery.

Statements now issuing from Berlin say that the protectorate status may soon be altered in favor of some form of more open, direct and complete Nazi

What is Foreshadowed?

Enough has happened to show that the Czech peoole have not accepted Nazism, and that they are ready to fight against it. What a commentary these brave students and the others who were with them provide on the cowardly capitulators of the Benes regime who now, as eager servants of the British, presume to call themselves the government of Czechoslovakia!

That the demonstrations began among the students and youth is in accordance with the usual pattern. The most volatile element in the society, their moods change more swiftly. While the broad masses of workers and peasants remain passive, the youth can accomplish only sporadic flare-ups, but their actions are symptoms of what is going on beneath the surface, and symbols of deepening revolt to come.

But what is to come will depend also on the perspective and direction which the movement takes. Benes states his views from London: the actions in Prague, and others like them, he found, will greatly

aid the "democracies" in their prosecution of the war. What would be the effect if the line of Benes were to be accepted by the Czechs? It would doom them to a terrible failure, and at the same time strengthen

If Hitler can present plausible evidence to show to the German people that the Czech anti-Nazi movement is actually inspired by the imperialist enemystates, whose sole aim is to crush Germany in their own imperialist interests, and is working for the victory of the enemy-states, then the Czechs will appear to the German people as no more than another division in the opposing imperialist armies. In compensation for some undoubted practical difficulties, Hitler would be able to draw the German people closer around himself and his regime. He can say: look, even the Czech workers are your enemies, in the service of the sated imperialists of London and Paris; you have only me to rely upon. And there could be no effective answer to him, for what he would say would be true,

Already Hitler is exploiting these possibilities, and playing up the Prague events as directed from London. The remarks of the traitor, Benes, and the general propaganda of the imperialist democrats about German revolt for the benefit of London and Paris, are what enable Hitler to get away with his dema-

This is why the Czech anti-Nazi movement, if it is to be successful and in the interests of the Czech people, must orient itself on a firmly internationalist perspective, against both war camps. In that light, the German workers, and the workers of France and Britain as well, will be their alllies in the struggle against the common enemy.

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