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Build Workers Defense Guards!

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WORLD AWAITS MARCHING ORDER

Thrust at Relief Is Congress Plan

Lasser-Benjamin Testimony Aids Reactionary Schemes By Foreswearing Militant Action of Unemployed

LABOR STANDARDS FACE WIDE BARRAGE

(Special to the Socialist Appeal)

WASHINGTON, April 20.—A major thrust in the advancing offensive against the unemployed has been projected for early next week, according to Congressmen who have been leading the campaign of the Roosevelt Administration to slash relief appropriations and dump the money into the

This attack on the unemployed and their organizations is proceeding hand in hand with the developing offensive against

mions and union rights down against the provisions of the Wagner Act.

First, Colonel F. C. Harring-W.P.A. Administrator, will be called before the House Appropriations subcommittee MADE BY LEWIS which is now "investigating" relief and W.P.A. under the leadership of Representative Government Fears Blow Woodrum and demanded to brand the Workers Alliance as an "improper" representative of the relief workers.

If Harrington "recognizes" the Workers Alliance as an organization of the unemployed, then the second move will be initiated. Legislation will be introduced in Congress refusing to grant relief funds to any member of the Workers Alli-

Blow Against Jobless

This is a deliberate blow cold-bloodedly designed against all the unemployed, whether they belong to any particular unemployed organization or

It comes as an immediate result of the admissions by Workers Alliance bureaucrats Lasser and Benjamin be-.Woodrum's 'investigating" committee that they no longer believe in militant action and support no strike action by unemployed workers.

Ignores Loyalty Oaths Woodrum, who has long been notorious for his bitter opposition to any appropriations whatever for the relief of the unemployed, contemptuously brushed aside all Lasser's and Benjamin's protestations of loyalty to the U.S. government. Woodrum is not interested in listening to oaths of allegiance to the flag but in squeezing down relief appropriations to the last possible notch of starvation.

The seriousness of the offensive under way against the unemployed is thus demonstrated in inescapable terms. Unless immediate protests of a militant nature are launched by the unemployed on a nation-wide scale, the unemployed will find their organizations shattered, every cent of the funds which is theirs diverted into the war machine, and the most terrible hunger and suffering inflicted on their ranks.

BENJAMIN SAYS 'UNITED STATES NOT CAPITALIST

(Special to the Socialist Appeal) WASHINGTON, April 19 .-Herbert Benjamin and David ings held during the past two days by the House W.P.A. "Investigating" Committee headed by Representative Woodrum have grovelled about as low as it is possible to go without leaving the toe caps and

Lasser are the topmost bureau Woodrum, one of the most vio-

(Continued on Page 2)

through court decisions and through the barrage laid NATIONAL COAL

At War Preparation Program

(Special to the Socialist Appeal)
WASHINGTON, D.C.—Threat of a nation-wide coal industry shut-down was hurled this week by John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, in an effort to break he deadlock reached in negotiations with the Appalachian soft coal operators.

It would add 50,000 more strikers in Iowa, Kentucky, Indiana, and Illinois to the 320, 000 who walked out of the mines on April 1. Union notices were served to the mid-west operators informing them of 1. if the present dispute is not

Another 100,000 anthracite miners and soft-coal miners halls. who are not directly engaged be called out. Lewis declared. Combined with the acute shortage of coal in the railroad industry, in large cities like New York, and in mid-west in-(Continued on Page 2)



Sailors Victorious in Government Pledge to Discontinue Hiring Halls

SAN FRANCISCO—The long gave a written pledge to dis-

It was in the midst of a coastin the present strike might also wide strike vote being taken by the Sailors Union that Hopkins gave his word that the shipping commissioners, who are under the jurisdiction of the Depart-

ment of Commerce, would no longer maintain hiring halls. C.I.O. Auto Union Faces Attack from Many Sides

The Auto Union now finds itself in the strange position of possessing a highly democratic union constitution and an unscrupulous, autocratic gang of Stalinist machine politicians running its leading executive board. How did this bizarre com-

bination ever come into existence? The recent Cleveland convention, representing the overwhelming majority of the organized automobile workers, And Chrysler local had the saw a great opposition movement on the part of the rank auto membership on this propoand file delegates who were in- sition. dignant at the incompetence and treachery of their top ent board members? The anmeeting in Milwaukee, auto-present leadership. cratic abuse of power on the by an unscrupulous factional

and file delegations, represent- ing themselves upon their solid ing the genuine desires and as- control of key local unions such pirations of their memberships as Plymouth, the tool and die back home came down to Cle- locals, Murray Body, Cleveland veland determined to make the Fisher Body, Studebaker and prevent, in their opinion, a rep- known and well publicized figetition of any attempts to set ures of the UAW, they cement-

battle of union cliques and pol-

How Reorganize Union? How was the union to be re- convention. organized and set moving on the right road? The rank and union principles, their superior getting down under the sole of file delegates believed the organizational skill and experiproblem would be solved by ence their technique of playing Herbert Benjamin and David writing up a model constitution up to the worst prejudices of crats in the Workers Alliance, cratic procedures and rules. opponents and facilitated their west coast with fink-hall crews Stalinist-controlled unemployed What about the problem of the efforts to sweep into their bloc by now, had it not been for the therefore a blow to Bridges' organization. Representative leadership of the union? Chrys- all kinds of unsuspecting union ler local No. 7 said "Clean members. lent and ferocious opponents in House. Out with the present 24 executive board members.

backing of a huge portion of the Who was to replace the pres-

union leadership. They had swer given was: Anybody! witnessed, since their historic Anybody will be better than the The Cleveland convention part of both Homer Martin and was an anti-Martin convention man, Admiral Land, that the

his opponents and had seen and it is therefore no surprise their union being torn to pieces that the force which provided leadership in the fight against Martin dominated the convention. That force and leadership Broad sections of the rank was the Stalinist machine. Basup a dictatorship in the union. ed the largest and most effective organizational bloc at the

Their indifference to any

(Continued on Page 2)

as the union's answer to the izes the Department of Comfight of the Sailors Union of the announcement by the United merce, through its Bureau of States Maritime Commission Marine Inspection, to register controlled hiring halls resulted that it was planning to arrange lists of seamen. On this peg, in a signal victory last week for the opening of a govern- the commission — which runs when, in response to the de- ment-controlled hiring hall in fleets of ships—hung a regular ants. he pending shut-down on May mand of the union, Harry Hop- Seattle, Washington. Such hir- hiring hall system, situated in kins, Secretary of Commerce. ing halls have been operating the various offices of the shipsome time on the Eas continue government hiring Coast and, encouraged by its success in putting them over on East Coast seamen the commission had deemed the time ripe to invade the West Coast in spite of the warnings issued

> Pacific. Union Hiring Halls The S.U.P. won the fundaous 99-day maritime strike in ed seamen on the East Coast

by the Sailors Union of the

never achieved this basic right The entire fight against government-controlled hiring halls has been led and almost entirely limited to the Sailors Union on the Pacific, except for considerable rank-and-file support from seamen and firemen on both coasts. The only picket lines against the East Coast commission hiring-halls were conducted by the S.U.P. The pro-Roosevelt and pro-war orientation of the Stalinists made it impossible for them to support this militant action.

Commission's Alibi The U.S. Maritime Commission had justified its attempt to Bridges, West Coast longshore foist hiring halls on the sailors by the contention, enunciated by the commission's chair merchant marine must be considered "an auxiliary to the Navy.''

While the strike vote was be

ing taken on the seven seas. Harry Lundeberg, secretary treasurer of the S.U.P., was Harry Bridges. sent to Washington by the Union. He was first able to secure backing of Department of Labor officials for the union's po- claring that the only picket Lasser in testifying at the hear- union constitution "air-tight" to other locals and lead by well sition. "Madame Perkins has lines of the sailors that would dealt with the S.U.P. before be recognized by the longshoreand she knows our action on men would be those for "bonathe Copeland Fink Book." fide" beefs—i.e., Bridges would Lundeberg reported, "so she decide what the sailors had a knows the S.U.P. is one organ- right to strike for. Coupled ization that is not bluffing when with acceptance of the hiring they say they are striking the halls on the East Coast by coast. . . . It is admitted by Ad- Bridges' party cronies, it was miral Land and everybody that clear that Bridges was moving drown out the speakers by that of Jeannette Rankin who Cuba, Puerto Rico, Nicaragua, the (commission) ships would to an open alliance with the providing for faultless demo- the workers, made them tricky have been on the way to the fink-hall commissioners.

> action of the sailors union." The rank and file opposition a recent creation of President official post as C.I.O. West

Bureau of Marine Inspection.

Hopkins' Promise

Hopkins' answer to Lundeberg accepted the union's contention that the 1872 authorization was purely optional. "I can state that the shipping commis sioner's office will not be used as a hiring hall for anyone,' wrote Hopkins, and "If ship mental right to union hiring ping commissioners are at the halls as the result of the fam-present time maintaining hiring halls, it is the intention of 1936-1937. The Stalinist-controll- the Department of Commerce to discontinue this practice."

Not content with this, however, the union will complete its strike vote, as "an ace in the hole" against any governmental reneging. The union is also pressing for an amendment to wipe out of the shipping laws any provisions for registering of sailors.

Victory Undermines Bridges This hard-won victory of the S.U.P. is not only a blow to the plans of the Maritime Commission to make the sailors an auxiliary to the Navy, but is also a serious blow to the prestige of the Stalinists in maritime, especially to Harry chieftain.

When the Maritime Commission came to the West Coast for the "investigation" which preceded its announcement that it was opening a hiring hall ir Seattle, it was handsomely entertained in Hollywood by Lionel Stander, Stalinist front in the cinema world, and met with

When the S.U.P. issued its first warning to the commission. Bridges countered by de-

The victory of the sailors is prestige of such proportions The Maritime Commission— that it may topple him from his Roosevelt—utilized a law dat- Coast director.

Peoples of All Nations Face Ghastly Slaughter

Krivitsky Reveals Stalin Attempts to Woo Hitler

Disclosures by Former G.P.U. Chief Show How Gestapo Helped Frame-Up Case Against Tukhachevsky

Anglo-French diplomacy is making the most intensive effort to woo the Soviet Union into their bloc against Hitler. So far however, Moscow has continued to preserve the cautious middle-of-the-road position it has occupied in European politics ever

Ever since 1933 when Stalin openly offered friendship to Hitler and was rebuffed, it has been understood that some kind of deal with Hitler remained in the background of Stalin's calculations. When the People's

AVOID PRESSING Munich and in Spain, Stalin re-G.P.U. LINKS AT isolated and perilously exposed position in which the U.S.S.R. PASSPORT TRIAL in's abandonment of the international revolutionary movement

Hush-Hush Policy Aids question of Russia's orienta-Future Frame-Ups By Stalin

pecial to the Socialist Appeal) spiracy trial of passport forgers Ossip Garber, Aaron Sharfin and Edward Blatt moved into its second week before Judge Henry W. Goddard in Federal Court, it has become apparent that the government prosecu tors have so far deliberately avoided establishing the Stalin-

Although the prosecution has tator. already presented a great mass incriminating evidence against the three men and will continue to press its case in the sult of the purge in the Red coming weeks, its disinclination to air the Stalinist connec- that Stalin, far fom being contions of the conspirators is nicely covering up the G.P.U.

Hush-Hush Policy This is a continuation of the ing over a period of years to (Continued on Page 3)

Politicians Stage Final Maneuvers for War Alliances

ARMIES ON MOVE

Helpless millions throughout the world are waiting for the war clouds to break over their heads.

A handful of politicians, generals, bankers, and big capitalists are moving huge armies and navies across land and sea and manipulating whole populations like so nany chips in a poker game.

Britain and France have made it plain that they intend now to fight to hold on to the colonies, the markets, the natural resources and the millions of black, brown, and yellow slaves in Africa and Asia upon whom their power rests.

Germany and Italy have played their own hijacking game just about as far as it can go without a war. Danzig may be the last thing Hitler will be able to rake in without having to draw his guns—and perhaps not even Danzig.

F.D.R. Serves Notice

President Roosevelt has al-

tends to throw this country's

flict over the world's riches. He

alks about "democracy" but

what he means is that Wall

Street imperialism intends this

time to snatch a major part of

the world's swag for itself and

o complete its world financial

domination with even more di-

ect political control of the

najor markets, especially in

he Far East and in Latin

Mussolini, in his own squeaky

America.

tling confirmation has come of Stalin's previous efforts to find ready served notice on the common ground with Hitler. These efforts are described American people that he inin a sensational article by YORK-As the con- Walter Krivitsky, former head forces into the impending conof the Soviet Military Intelligence in Western Europe, pub-

Front set-up collapsed after

surned to this project as a pos-

sible way out of the horribly

ound itself as a result of Stal

in's abandonment of the inter-

Krivitsky's Disclosures

tion in the coming war remains

suspended on the narrow edge

of the imperialist crisis, star-

At this moment, when the

lished in the Saturday Evening Krivitsky provides a whole new mass of information linking the massacre of Marshal Tukhachevsky and other Red Army generals and high offi cers in 1937 to Stalin's secret negotiations with the Nazi dic-

Seeking a Deal

who broke with Stalin as a re-Army high command, shows cerned with any struggle be tween "democracy and dictatorship" has actually been try-

(Continued on Page 3)

His "plea" to Hitler and Mussolini was primarily, he New York Times was blunt enough to admit, for the "rec-When he issues his war call he will be able to tell the American masses that he did everything possible to keep the 'Breathing Space' Impossible

Y.P.S.L. Leads Militant Student Anti-War Strike

(Special to the Socialist Appeal) | Shachtman as he denounced NEW YORK, April 21.—The Roosevelt and the war mongers and the pro-war forces was on every college campus.

April, students have quit their classrooms in protest against imperialist war moves. This year the students were confronted by the pro-war Stalinsts and the American Student Union vociferously proclaiming their intention to support Roosevelt in a new "war for democracy." They were, however, supported by much smaller crowds than last year.

In most schools the Young People's Socialist League (4th nternational) led the anti-war forces. The key slogan was the Oxford Pledge which is a pledge not to support any war which the United States government may undertake.

The Y.P.S.L. (4th Interna tional) gave a demonstration of what an anti-war strike can be like at City Evening on Wednesday night. 150 Yipsels, in uniform, carrying hundreds of placards and torches marched. sang and shouted slogans. Over 300 people heard James Burnham, editor of the New shut up. A march around the Congress to stop war. Campus and the singing of the Internationale wound up a col- 200 women at Hunter Bronx, orful meeting.

Shachtman at C.C.N.Y. At City College 400 students tion by his piercing analysis of thunderously applauded Max

cleavage between the anti-war and called for the unity of workers and students in "the clearly demonstrated Thursday only war historically justified, the war of the toilers against For the past few years, in the bosses." The Stalinists had invited Ferdinand Smith of the National Maritime Union to speak. He is notorious on the west coast as a scab as has been previously pointed out in the Appeal. Fannie Hurst also was invited to speak, but wishing the "boys luck" (in the next war?) was all she could find to say. At Brooklyn College 250 stu-

dents heard Irving Panken and Isadore Rader, members of the Division Council of the Young People's Socialist League.

Burnham Attacks Wise At a forum at N.Y.U. James Burnham's masterful speech attacking James Waterman Wise who spoke for collective security received hearty applause. Immediately after the meeting the Young People's Socialist League started a meeting of its own which was attended by 400 people who took the Oxford Pledge.

Louis Becker of the Division Council of the Y.P.S.L. ad- ization" and "freedom" is just International, and Nathan dressed 400 students at the City Gould, National Secretary of 23rd Street strike. Becker's of India, the blacks of Africa, the Y.P.S.L. Stalinists tried to speech was in sharp contrast to the Indo-Chinese, the peoples of heckling but they were quickly advised a postcard campaign to Brazil, about the "democracy"

> Nathan Gould, speaking to won their enthusiastic support to the revolutionary war posi-(Continued on Page 2)

ittle way, has already made nis negative reply to the Roosevelt proposal for a ten-year armistice. But the real reply will come on April 28 when Hitler, the boss of the axis partaership, will in all probability serve on the world a sweeping series of axis demands as the price of terminating, for the time being, direct territorial grabs. Neither Germany nor Italy can actually even consider a en-year "breathing space" be-

cause the Fascist regimes could not withstand the terrific economic strain for that long. especially since there is no prospect of any general improvement in world economic conditions. They are driven to seek new markets, new colonies, new spheres of exploitation and to get them by any or all the foul means made familiar by the past history of imperialist expansion on the part of Britain, France, the United States, and all the other lesser freebooters. "Democracy" Talk Bunk

The so-called "democracies" on their part are going to hold on to their empires with all the force they can muster. Big finance in London, Paris, and New York is ready to protect its millions from its rīvals down to the last drop of workers' blood.

That is why we are today on the brink of a new ghastly world slaughter. All the rest about "democracy" and "civilso much bunk. Ask the peoples of Britain, France, and the United States! Ask the workers of Great Britain who have already been told they are going to have forced labor and regional dictatorships in war-

(Continued on Page 2)

=By B. J. WIDICK 💳

(Continued from Page 1)

to the Stalinist machine was

provided in Cleveland by a has-

cily improvised caucus under

he leadership of the big four

Detroit locals: West Side,

Briggs, Hudson and Chrysler.

officers had been aligned all

hrough the Martin tactional

light with the "Unity Group."

After the formal split, when

Martin formed his organiza-

tion, a furious battle broke out.

on the executive board be-

ween Reuther and his support-

ers, and the Stalinist machine.

The issues they were fighting,

remained, however, complete

ly obscure and the fight itself

was conducted behind closed

doors, without the knowledge,

approval or otherwise of the

In the week preceeding the

convention, Reuther and his

iriends deceived themselves in-

to believing they would control

an easy majority at Cleveland.

through the cooperation of the

C. I. O. officials. But when

hey came to Cleveland they

found the majority on the other

struggle on major issues that

would have split the Stalinist

forces, they staked their cards

ence of Hillman and Murray.

But as the convention showed;

they reckoned without their

The C. I. O. in the persons of

Hillman and Murray, was pos-

sibly the most important force

it the Cleveland convention.

Behind the scenes they wielded

a tremendous influence and

authority on all important de-

cisions. What did the C.I.O.

attempt to accomplish? Pri-

marily they wanted a "respon-

sible leadership" at the helm

of the U.A.W. That was why

A conservative unionist, they

knew he would be completely

amenable to C.I.O. advice.

Hillman and Murray rapped

then C. P. crowd over the

knuckles, as they had done in

the Pittsburgh C.I.O. conven-

and to avoid the impression

he top leadership of the union,

he defensive position of the

C.I.O. attack, the sure knowl-

edge of the C. P. that they had

a majority of the votes any-

now and their lack of great in-

erest in the constitutional pro-

visions, the presence of large,

mportant delegations in oppo-

sition to the Stalinist machine.

all worked to produce what ap-

peared as a highly democratic

The loosely knitted and im-

provised bloc of Reuther and

nis friends believed at the be-

ginning of the convention that

hey would differentiate them-

selves from the Stalinists by

heir proposals for a highly

lemocratic union convention

and thus swing the member-

ship to their side. But the Stal-

P. machine when under

caucuses.

convention.

C. I. O. Eorce

side. Instead of planning a

auto membership.

These locals and their leading

With the odds at 50-50 that war will break out this spring and 80-20 that it will begin by next fall, there isn't much time left to prepare the union movement for the trials and tribulations ahead under war-time conditions.

A study of the events in America in the last world war give a clear picture of what can be expected tomorrow, and incidentally, shows how phoney the last war for "democracy"

Spearhead Against I.W.W.

It was inevitable that the spear-head of the bosses' drive against unionism should be concentrated on the I.W.W. with its militant traditions and unrelenting struggle for the oppressed.

Chief union strength of the I.W.W. was in the Lumber Workers of the Northwest, 30,-000; the Metal Mine Workers, 40,000, primarily in the Rocky mountain and Minnesota and Michigan iron ore regions; the Agricultural Workers, 24,000 and others.

In the spring of 1917 a num; ber of small lumber strikes developed under the inhumane conditions and low wages that on the intervention and influmade work unbearable. They spread in Idaho. Washington, Oregon and Montana.

The government reply to the strikes was quick in coming. Infantry troops from Oregon were sent to leading strike centers and a round up of all pickets began. A concentration camp was erected at Ellens burgh, Washington, where many strikers were held for months without any charge being placed against them!

Resentment over this brutal treatment spread to other lumber centers, and combined with agitation for an eight-hour day they picked R. J. Thomas as and sanitary camp conditions, their candidate for union presia strike of 50,000 lumberworkers in the rich timber belt of Puget Sound resulted.

Miners Strike

At this time the country was scandalized to read about a disastrous fire at the Speculator mine in Butte, Montana that took the lives of 260 miners. 14,000 miners went out on strike to obtain union control of safety appliances underground and the abolition of the

The whole Northwest and West was seething with unrest It was then that the unionists got a real taste of the "democracy" for which American workers were losing their lives in Europe.

A vigilante "Loyalty League" in Jerome, Ariz., kidnapped 100 strikers and drove them out of the area. Police aided them by arresting the strikers after they were freed by the vigilantes.

In Bisbee, Ariz., 2,000 company officials, etc., armed with rifles, dragged 1,200 strikers from their beds early on July 12. 1917 and marched them to Lowell and other nearby cities. The strikers were corralled like cattle in railroad cars used for animals amid beatings, etc. and the murder of one striker.

After the train departed, U. S. soldiers took charge of it and put the strikers in an encampment at Columbus, N. Mi. where they stayed for over three months! Those who left and returned to the scene of the strike were arrested!

Frank Little of the General Executive Board and hanged him on August 1, 1917!

Whip Up Lynch Spirit Meanwhile, the press of the country, as emphasized in the

newspaper headlines. The hysteria aroused by this

campaign created the basis for the nation-wide raids, arrests beatings and murder of the J.W.W. members. On September 5, 1917, almost every hall of the I.W.W. in the country was raided.

the sanitary conditions!

C. I. O. Auto Union Faces Difficult Future

In the Jrade C.P. LEADERSHIP Liberal - Labor Caucus Endorses Socialist Workers Party Branch Withdraws Candidate WORLD WAITING FOR SLAUGHTER FOR SLAUGHTER FEST TO BEGIN

To Support Progressive Trade Union Slate

(Special to the Socialist Appeal)
MINNEAPOLIS — About 300 delegates from trade unions and Farmer-Labor ward charges but will give their support to all canclubs endorsed T. A. Eide as candidate for mayor, together with a partial slate of candidates for aldermen and other city offices. at a caucus held here April 8.

Eide has been secretary of the Franklin Cooperative creamery since 1925. A steering committee met two days later at the Central Labor Union and completed the

Following this development, the Minneapolis branch of the Socialist Workers Party issued the following statement on the withdrawal of its mayoralty candidate:

The Socialist Workers Party welcomes the resurgence of the Minneapolis trade union movement on the political field, as shown by the actions of the union delegates at the April of the wreckage of the once-progressive Farmer-Labor movement.

Stalinists Pushed Aside For the first time in three years, the Communist Party did not control a local labor political convention. The trade unions, reacting to the bureaucratic practices and antiworking class policies of the Stalinists, on the one hand, and to the ferocious attacks of the Stassen (Republican) machine on the other, sent representatives in such numbers as to choice of candidates and the platform upon which candidates are pledged to run.

Though dozens of Minneapolis trade unions have recently withdrawn from the Farmer-Labor Association, it was shown on April 8 organized labor.

labor political unification, and in order that weakness of the Farmer-Labor Association, no obstacles, real or imaginary, be placed in and one of the factors contributing to the the road of labor's campaign to drive the As- crash of the Farmer-Labor Party, was that sociated Industries from the courthouse, the it did not permit the trade unions to control Socialist Workers Party has decided to with- the persons elected by the F.L.P. We saw draw its candidate for mayor, Carlos Hudson. this in the case of Latimer, of Benson, etc., Our party urges all workers to vote for the etc. The caucus form of organization which

Withdrawal No Precedent Party does not set a precedent whereby we of the unions, once in office. We ask all workwill withdraw our candidates when confronted ers to raise in their unions immediately the with candidates of other labor groups. In fu-question of forming a Labor Political League ture as in past campaigns, according to cir- based on the trade union movement, to furcumstances, the Socialist Workers Party will ther the political struggle of labor. make its estimate either to file its own candidates or to give a measure of critical support | Leach crowd out of the courthouse! to candidates of other labor groups.

It is quite possible that unscrupulous policandidate of the union caucus, a "Trotskyite," Join the Socialist Workers Party, the only and to distort our position. We are sure, how-anti-war party of the working class!

charges but will give their support to all candidates of the labor caucus despite the fact that none of them is a revolutionary socialist. Eide is not the candidate of the Socialist Workers Party.

Indicates Differences

The Socialist Workers Party makes this move without in the least concealing its basic differences with both the political program and the organizational set-up of the labor caucus.

The platform adopted April 8 contains demands which are in the main progressive insofar as they go, but in almost every instance they could and should have been carried much further.

The most glaring deficiency in the platform is its failure to mention the very real threat of 8 labor-liberal caucus to salvage what remains a new horrible imperialist war "to save democracy" and to speak out unmistakably against that war, and the Roosevelts and Landons who are combining to lead us into war.

While it is true that the platform approved by the delegates to the April 8 caucus—unlike all Farmer-Labor platforms in recent yearscarefully avoids the attempt to tie the trade unions to either of the two old boss parties, it fails to make clear the next logical political step for the union movement: the creation locally of a Labor Political League and its imcontrol the April 8 convention and dictate the mediate hook-up nationally with the forces working for the creation of a national labor party independent of and opposed to the boss

Political Apparatus Needed

Though all candidates indorsed April 8 are that the unions are by no means apathetic to pledged to abide by the platform adopted, yet the severe political blows received recently by the trade union movement will lack the organizational apparatus to hold the candidates to In view of the long stride taken towards their pledges, once they are elected. A great

candidates of the April 8 labor-liberal caucus. will conduct the campaign for the union candidates is much too loose to give any guaran-By, this withdrawal, the Socialist Workers tee that the candidates will carry out the will

Clean the Stassen-Associated Industries-

Vote for the candidates of the labor caucus! For a Labor Political League of the trade ticians will now attempt to dub T. A. Eide, the unions locally, for a labor party nationally!

U.A.W. was dominated by a ferocious attacks against the bunch of "communists". But your Sisters, and your Cou-sins and your Aunts to the Astoria Branch Party. Saturday, April 22. Workmen's Circle, 28-40 31st St. (I.R.T.

> PHILADELPHIA, Pa. WORKERS EDUCATIONAL FORUM presents: Ludwig Lore-"Fascism in the United States." Friday, April 28 at 8:30 P.M. 810 Locust St.

DETROIT, Mich. MAY DAY CELEBRATION. Speakers: George Clarke and showing of "Tsar to Lenin." Sunday, April 30 at 8 P.M. A B C Hall, 7949 Mack (near

A.F.L. charter. The manufacturers may conspire to play off one union against the other in an attempt to destroy all unionism in the automobile in-

The Stalinist leadership is reactionary, incompetent, autocratic and pro-war. It is not interested nor concerned with the actual union problems of speeches of byzantine flattery the automobile workers or any to the superior wisdom of the other set of workers. It is in-C.I.O. Before a C.I.O. ultima- terested in controlling the working class into war.

of death" to any union organization.

It is the responsibility of the

ness and uncertainty. It faces have undertaken to lead the As the convention progressed a growing reaction in the coun- rank and file at the Cleveland progressive bloc didn't know itself felt in the very ranks of fight to continue the battle to the tricky, unpredictable, un- It faces a reactionary on- U.A.W. They must now adopt scrupulous C.P. machine. They slaught by the state legisla- a union building program, Frankensteen and even there which will shortly receive an union ranks.

(Continued from Page 1) dustries, the threat of the nation-wide strike is expected to hasten governmental intervention to break the deadlock.

Fear Blow to War Plans

Already John R. Steelman, ing them. director of the United States committee and the operators.

Anxiety was expressed in gam," and it was expected that Roosevelt would soon intervene to prevent any obstacles to his war plans.

Roosevelt, as usual, indicat ed he would step in after the union, as a pawn in its rotten preliminary stages had been ted that he was a renegade game to hurl the American built up by the department of Socialist, but denied that Soconciliation.

Closed Shop Issue

Chief issue between the U.M.W.A. and the coal operators is the closed shop which is vital to the miners union if a disastrous war between the C.I.O. and the A.F. of L. is to be avoided in this industry.

Besides the reactionary A.F. of L. dual union in the miners' industry a new threat arose in Western Pennsylvania where a set up. A closed shop for the

these rivals. The importance of the Appalachian agreement under dispute is that it sets the stanwere stumped. Their one and tures in the form of viciously along the lines of the program dards for contracts between the only attempt to fight the issues anti-labor bills. It faces a re-ladvocated at the convention by U.M.W.A. and the coal operated up and forty-seven delegates out on the convention floor in actionary onslaught from the a group of independent pro- ors throughout the country. connection with the officers' courts, of which the Apex de- gressives from Cleveland and But, in giving up all demands report was a total flop. A real cision is only a harbinger of Detroit locals and thus rally for higher wages and improved fight here could have set the the great anti-union campaign the rank and file into a great conditions which were included strikes were broken, the use of tone for the whole convention to come. It faces the growing progressive anti-Stalinist bloc in early negotiations, and in and split the C. P. bloc wide antagonism and reaction on which will be able to effect demanding only the closed shop open. But the fight, after the the part of the automobile tively solve the pressing prob- the U.M.W.A. committee is smoke had cleared, seemed manufacturers and it faces the lems that face the automobile dangerously neglecting an op- leaflet which he wrote a few back to work secured the eight- little more than a personal additional threat of a fratri- workers and eliminate the portunity to improve the poor years ago when the unemhour day and improvement in wrangle between Reuther and cidal war with Martin's union, Stalinist disease from the economic status of the miners ployed movement made great on a national scale.

(Continued from Page 1) time, ask the workers of Erance already under the iron hand of Dictator Daladier, ask the workers of America with the M-Day industrial mobiliza tion plans hanging over their heads about "democracy"! War for Profits

No, this war they are prepar ing is for the profits of the bosses, not the rights of the masses in any of the riva camps. As far as governmen .al system is concerned, there won't be much to choose be tween Germany, Italy, France Britain, or the United States once the war begins.

The present period of desperate diplomatic jockeying, supplemented by mutually menac ing moves of armies and nav ies, offers only an interlude. perhaps the final interlude, be fore it actually does begin.

The United States fleet is or its way to the Pacific to deal with the Japanese end of the Rome-Berlin-Tokyo axis. It is openly said in Washington that an undercover agreement ex ists between Washington and London whereby the American fleet will handle the Far East ern assignment and leave the British fleet free for operations in the Mediterranean and the Atlantic.

With much fanfare Lindbergh is paraded out to helr whip up the hysteria which will enable the government to convince the workers of the need for its gigantic airplane-building program. Millions more are appropriated for naval bases employed under the guise of an "investigation" of the W.P.A. and against the workers through court decisions aimed at the more liberal provisions of existing laws and at the rights won by workers in decades of bitter struggle. All this is part of the war prepara-

Offer Stalin Alliance

Among its many other purposes, the Roosevelt message to Hitler and Mussolini was also designed to aid Franco-British diplomacy in its efforts to swing the Soviet Union into the anti-Hitler bloc.

Britain and France are now reported to be offering Moscow a full-fledged military alliance. but all inspired and wishful reports to the contrary notwithstanding. Moscow seems to be continuing to hold Daladier and hamberlain off at arms length waiting still to see if they will make sufficiently ironclad pledges to warrant the plunge into their camp or if Hitler will yet grasp the outstretched hand of Stalin and make the one deal that would enable him to go to war with Britain and France with a good chance of defeat-

day, April 26. It will be in the ter of Chicago. hands of every branch by May

DIATELY, AIR-MAIL SPE- Akron branch. CIAL DELIVERY. Otherwise un for the SOCIALIST AP- Here is this week's results: PEAL.

THE BRANCHES AT WORK:

"The literature agent is ordering an additional bundle orler of the May Day edition. We plan to have a tag day on Sunday, April 30 in one of the working class districts in town o sell Appeals, to distribute he May Day manifestoes and o publicize the joint Twin City ally on May 1." - Dorothy 3chultz, St. Paul local.

"We have sold the last six ssues out completely. The street sales are o.k. - three days a week!"—John Taber. Boston literature director. In Sol Thomas of Philadelphia. sidentally, this Boston local unland Bob Ontell of Los Angeles. ier John's direction is going are the two star subscription places! Not only did they win getters of the Party. Each of he second prize in the sub-them have been far ahead of scription contest, but they are anybody else during the past completely paid up on their bill month. and have been steadily increasng their order. We under-increases during the past stand, too, that they have a fine week: John Murphy of Los Anstreet-sales squad.

appearance of the Appeal. I issue; while John Taber of Bosthink it looks more like a news-ton added 20 to his and now paper and is easier to read. takes a total of 105 copies per Generally speaking, the Appeal issue.

May Day 8-page APPEAL; has taken on more of a newswill be off the press on Wednes- paper character."-Sam Rich-

"We are particularly pleased with the enlarged format and Those few branches that improved typography, which have failed to send in their was recently effected. We hope May Day greetings yet, or have to fulfill our subscription quota not placed their special May and double it if possible, even Day orders can still do so. BUT | though we will be late in doing THEY MUST DO THIS IMME. so."-Paul Fielding of the

hey will be too late. This rep- Even though the sub-drive is resents absolutely the last op- over we still are able to report portunity. Everything indi- good results on subscriptions. cates not only a splendid May Let's try to keep up a pace of Day issue, but a record press 50 per week as a minimum.

MINNEAPOLIS	9
New York City	7
Boston	6
Chicago	6
Pennsylvania	5
California	5
Michigan	5
Youngstown	4
St. Paul	3
New Jersey	3
Ohio	2
Lynn, Mass	1
Missouri	1
Maryland	1
·	

Total.....58

We want to point out that

There were two bundle order geles increased his by 25 and "Congratulations on the new now takes 125 copies of each

and "educational" orders to industry while a drive is begun against organizations of the unagainst organizations Ask \$30, 30 Hours

FLINT, Mich., April 15—The organization's demands. A W.P.A. and Unemployed sec- mass meeting was set for Frition of the United Automobile day, April 21, following which a Workers (C.I.O.) last week un- mass demonstration will be oranimously demanded a W.P.A. ganized at the Welfare office appropriation of 5,000,000,000, and at the city hall. obs for all in need at \$30 for a Dozens of former Workers 30-hour week, and the inneedical Alliance members, who had ate doubling of the miserably low relief allowances in Flint.

ditions.

tion condemning the New with new born enthusiasm. Deal's spending billions of dollars for arms while starving mass meeting and demonstrathe unemployed and pointed tion through advertisements in out that even Roosevelt's original request would mean the distribution. Workers in the firing of hundreds of thousands of W.P.A. workers.

Demonstration Planned The resolution provided for in support of their unemployed immediate action to enforce the brothers.

been desperately clinging to Launched only three weeks the Stalinist-dominated outfit in ago, the W.P.A. and Unemploy- the hope that it might some ed section has shown the kind day drop its company union of militancy necessary to fight the New Deal's W.P.A. slashes Roosevelt, have joined the new and to alleviate local relief con- U.A.W.-C.I.O. Unemployed section. They voted for the vigor-The section passed a resolution ous anti-New Deal resolution

> It is planned to publicize the the press and through leaflet shops who are now facing a big lay-off scheduled for the near future, are expected to turn out

cidentally, walked through the picket lines in the recent hotel strike here), and James F. Dewey, a federal conciliator, conferred with the miners' compensation of the mi

(Continued from Page 1) has launched against the poverty-stricken recipients of government relief.

Believes in Capitalism Lasser on questioning admit-

cialism affected his beliefs any longer. "At the present time I believe in trying to make capitalism work," he said.

Asked about Benjamin's written by Benjamin advocating the use of the strike by the unemployed as a means of obtaining funds and relief from the government. Lasser responded: "From my knowledge of Mr. Benjamin, I don't think he subscribes to that now. It is large company union has been not my philosophy and it is not the philosophy of the Workers U.M.W.A. would eliminate Alliance. There have been no strikes authorized by us in the last year."

And it is during the last year, it might be pointed out, that the offensive against the unemployed has really gained head-

Loyal to Roosevelt

Mr. Benjamin, when quescioned, corroborated Lasser's statements, stating that they questioned directly about the gains through strike action, he

responded he would no longer White House circles that the Congress of relief appropria- subscribe to it. The booklet bility, miners' strike was "jeopardiz- tions, is lead dog and straining stated that relief workers must school administrators to ading the national defense pro- at the leash in the attack which not hesitate to use their right dress them. "Peace Rallies" the Roosevelt Administration to strike to avoid starvation. "That does not represent my views now," stated Benjamin meetings—the word strike becategorically. With Lasser he now believes in "averting" any strike action on the part of the unemployed.

U. S. Not Capitalist He no longer believes in com-

munism and the overthrow of capitalist democracies, he explained. He believes in capitalism. He is not only "trying to present attitude to a leaflet make capitalism work," as it was formulated by Lasser, but he believes that capitalism does not exist in the United States. It's a "democratic state, not "capitalistic." He finished with all the lucidity of a Daily Worker editorial, explaining that anyway the United States was a communistic state in the first place. there being "no difference between communism and the the principles upon which government American was founded.

In any case, whatever the U. S. government is, Benjamin and Lasser are for Roosevelt. and if the interests of the unemployed and the interests of Roosevelt clash, the "views" of these two bureaucrats are represented his position. When guaranteed to represent everything but the unemployed.

> Get Your APPEAL At the Newsstand

the Roosevelt war policy. In every school the Stalinists hid under a cloak of respectainviting reactionary was the official term used by the Stalinists for their jingo ing avoided like a plague.

Speakers of the S.W.P. and Y.P.S.L. for a militant revolutionary line on war, were sharply differentiated from those of the Youth Committee Against War (stooges of the Socialist Party Youth) whose speakers presented a drab pacifist line. Significantly enough it was the revolutionary speakers who received the greatest ovations from the students.

The slogans of the Y.P.S.L. 'Not One Man-Not One Cent for Boss War." etc., resounded on every campus. The solidarity of those students at the antiwar strikes with our program and our speakers bodes well for the future of the revolutionary youth in America.

The Y.P.S.L. is now preparing to rally all sincere anti-war fighters to march in the demonstration of the S.W.P. and the Y.P.S.L. on May Day to express student solidarity with labor.

WANTED: Comrades to share bungalow on Lake Hopatcong. New Jersey. Good swimming, boating, fishing, hitchhiking easy. Answer F. H., c/o Socialist Appeal, 116 University Pl.

FULL CHARGE BOOKKEEP-ER, 9 years experience, good references, desires position. Call AL 4-8547.

study made public recently by John Hopkins University, was whipping up additional lynch spirit by seeking to tie the Wobblies to the "German-Huns." All Wobblies were German spies, according to the

The convention of the Construction Workers Industrial Union. 15.000 strong, was bustarrested to be held for months without charges or trial.

While many of the lumber a modified "sit-down strike" tactic applied as "job-action" by the strikers who were forced

nists didn't give a rap about he constitution, as long as they Company gunmen kidnapped were going to do the interpretng and administrating. Far rom fighting the constitutional proposals, they became the hypocritical champions of decut down the powers of the Inernational President and shift and file was duck soup for the and therefore under the direct

> t became clear that the loose try, which is already making how to differentiate itself from

were not sure of the presi-

lency, they were sure of their

In their private caucus meetings, the progressives levelled Urday, April 22, 916 9th Ave. from getting abroad that the ings, the progressives levelled bunch of "communists." But Communist Party on the genthey would not and they could eral order of Lewis's attacks not fight the Stalinists in an against any political group conpen political struggle. Hill- trolling the union. But after man and Murray did most of the long factional battle with their work in the hotel room Martin, such attacks have lost a lot of their sting in the U.A. The temporary split among | w. What were the delegates supposed to do, what were they supposed to say and vote for on the convention floor? Because of their own inexperience, their lack of genuine program (as distinguished from a program on paper), their lack of clarity on why they were opposed to the Communist Party machine, the progressive bloc

was maneuvered into a position of waging its whole fight against the proposition of havng five vice presidents. Hillman and Murray, determined to avoid a sharp convention fight and seeing this as an opening to decrease the specific C. P. influence, publicly recommended as a compromise that no vice-presidents be elected. The C.P. would not

fight the C.I.O. leadership and

accepted the proposal by

tum-the C. P. always capitulates! This was a partial defeat for the C.P. machine and the only nocracy. They demagogically defeat that they suffered. By spurred on the rank and file to eliminating the Stalinist vicepresidents, the actual day by day administration of the Inhem to the Executive Board, ternational officers left more Why not? In this case the under the direct control of R. lemocratic desires of the rank J. Thomas, Union President

Stalinist machine. While they influence of the C.I.O.

Uncertain Future The auto union now faces a najority on the new executive future overspread with dark-four large local unions that the union membership, itself.

the Pittsburgh C.I.O. convention—in order to keep them the latter carried away the ANNOUNCEMENTS NATIONAL

Astoria). Fun For All.

Van Dyke). 35c.

dustry.

C. P. Perils Union If the C. P. controlled Executive board majority is allowed to run the union, unchecked by the membership and the local union organizations, it will run the U.A.W. right into the ground. Control by the C.P. machine constitutes the "kiss

Convention in an anti-C.P. rebuild and preserve the

That's Where the Money Goes

They say the United States is a great democracy because our industries are owned by millions of small stockholders, because the American Standard of Living is higher than anywhere else in the world. But the Bureau of Internal Revenue reports that in 1933 only 1,750,000 of the 120,000,000 citizens of this land had incomes high enough to be taxed. And even among these topmost 1.750,000, there was a striking concentration of wealth. Thus of those filing income tax returns in the highly prosperous year 1929, a tiny group of 3.28% got over 83% of all dividends paid out to individual stockholders. Or, to put it slightly differently, .3 of 1% of the population received 78% of all dividends paid that year.

What does this tight little oligarchy do with the lion's share of our national income it receives? A recent issue of Town and Country, an expensive smart-set journal, gives us the answers, as compiled from a questionnaire sent out to several hundred butlers in New York City. Practically all their employers, replied the butlers, have both town and country houses, the former averaging 18 rooms. the latter 22 rooms. (One family of five had a 44-room house, with 40 servants, or eight to each member of the family.) In the winter. each family entertained an average of 138 guests a month, and in the gay summer season, this rose to 181 guests a month. To keep host and guests happy took an average of 2,400 bottles of various beverages per family in the course of a year, including 242 bottles of Scotch whisky and 115 bottles of champagne. When it all became too utterly boring, the family went off to Bermuda, to the Riviera, to the South Seas-an average of two and onehalf trips per year, each time with seven trunks. Town and Country failed to point out that if the .3 of 1% of the population whose butlers it queried could only raise the 78% of the national dividends they now get to a reasonable figure-say 90%-they could increase their consumption of whisky to 300 or 400 bottles a year and could afford to take four or five trips per year, with, say, ten trunks instead of a measly seven. The New Deal's tax experts are now working on the

Add: Walter Duranty

A friend sends in a quotation from Martha Dodd's Through Embassy Eyes which to some extent confirms the hypothesis I advanced last week as to Mr. Duranty's whereabouts-only the room is in Moscow, not the Bronx. Considering the ardent Stalinist sympathies of Miss Dodd, her testimony is rather damaging. "When the Moscow trials were beginning," she writes, "one rather venomous journalist said that Walter never appeared at the sessions, that he sat at home and wrote his news from what he knew would happen and from the information he might have gotten from

day and far into the night to report the court room drama. I faced Walter with these charges, and he admitted them to some degree. He said that he attended sessions regularly but that he did not spend every minute of the day when they were going on, in the courtroom. He knew all the people involved. most of them personally and over a long period of time, he knew their past records, and he knew the charges against them. It was ridiculous for him to be as attentive as the rest of the correspondents."

Footnote to Fortune

In the February, 1938, issue of Fortune there was a long and laudatory story on Celotex Corporation, which makes roofing, wallboard insulating materials, etc. It was a very fine, up-and-coming enterprise indeed, one gathered, and it was run by a couple of supermen named Bror Dahlberg and Wallace Groves. "Both of them," burbled Fortune, "are men with large ideas, and both like to take chances." There was, it is true, a very delicate hint in passing that superman Groves "is a source of suspicion and concern to the Securities & Exchange Commission." But the

on fifteen counts of conspiracy and mail fraud. If the case goes against him, as it seems likely it will, he will face a maximum sentence of seventy-two years. Apparently, he took one chance too many.

Fortune's misstep is understandable. Wallace Groves, like the late J. Donald Coster, is no fly-by-night confidence man. He is one of the big shots in Wall Street, organizer-together with the eminently respectable Walter Mack, Jr.—of the \$6,700,000 Phoenix Securities Corp., which controls such nationally known enterprises as Celotex Loft Candy Stores, and United Cigar - Whelan Stores Corp. If such demigods as these turn out to have feet of clay, where will Fortune turn for

Right Out of the Horse's Mouth

'As president of the American Federation of Teachers for the past three years, I can say with complete assurance that the charges of 'communist control' are untrue." - Jerome Davis, in a recent New Republic. This explicit statement by President Davis, whose long struggle against Stalinism is well known. should set at rest those malicious rumors we have been hearing lately about the teacher's union. They were evidently the inventions of Trotskyist-Bukharinist-Gestapo elements within the organization.

MEN AND WOMEN OF LABOR

UT OF THE PAST

By EMANUEL GARRETT

ALBERT PARSONS

(June 24, 1848—Hanged, Nov. 11, 1887) When the eight Haymarket Martyrs came to trial, the labor-hating press, judge and jury slobbered venomously about "foreigners" country to destroy its good tutions. And true, seven of the eight had come to this country from abroad seeking a freedom they had been denied in their own countries. The eighth, however, was so American in ancestry that his accusers gagged with envy and frustration.

The first Parsons landed in New England in 1632. Various members of the family fought. in the American Revolution; one of them was with Washington at Valley Forge; a greatgrand uncle lost an arm at Bunker Hill.

Whether because or despite his heritage-Parsons became a labor agitator, so great a one that even had he not been martyred for his revolutionary beliefs, his name would still be revered by worker militants.

For Real Negro Emancipation

Born and reared in the South, he joined the Confederate Army as a youth of thirteen. It seemed the right thing to do-everybody was. But by the time the Civil War had ended, his neighbors, the Army Generals, and above all the Ku Klux Klan hated him for his opposition to slavery. And hated him bitterly, because he not only advocated Negro emancipation as provided for in the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments to the Constitution, but really and whole heartedly stood for Negro equality. In Texas, to which he had gone, partly to be under the protection of his brother, General Parsons, he stumped for execution of the reconstructionist measures taken by the national government to destroy the economic power of the plantation lords, relics of a long past era.

Parsons found work in Texas as a printer's devil. Having learned the trade, he worked on different newspapers and even founded his own, the Waco Spectator. During the years 1870-1873 he held a series of minor government posts—as chief deputy collector, etc. and visited many Texas cities on government business. On one of these he met, and later married, a Spanish-Indian girl (who it is said was also of part Negro extraction). Lucy Parsons became a colleague who joined in her husband's work for human emancipation.

Parsons moved to Chicago in 1873. Here he immediately joined Typographical Union No. 6, and shortly afterwards helped organize the first branch of the Knights of Labor in Chicago. Interested in economic problems, he read the literature of socialism, became an ardent socialist, joined the Social-Democratic Party which merged with other groups to found the Workingmen's Party in 1876.

Now it was that Parsons "unconsciously" became a labor agitator. The great Railroad Strike of 1877 had begun. Parsons one day in July addressed the strikers, explaining to them the program and purposes of his partyto use the ballot for securing control of production. The press seethed with fury. The Times fired him. The chief of police advised him to get out of town: "You ought to know better than to come up here from Texas and incite the working people to insurrection. . . .

Why the Board of Trade would as leave hang you to a lamp post as not." Parsons, of course, did not leave town, except as his revolutionary work, to which he henceforth devoted all his time, demanded. Workers looked up to union-men were all for him Parsons had become a popular orator, a leading so-

Unlike his German comrades. Parsons was an aggressive leader of the 8-hour movement. In 1879, for example, he accepted the post as secretary of the 8-Hour League of Chicago.

Discouraged with the results of the ballot box, he turned to direct trade union action as against political action. In 1881 he joined with the left wing of the Workingmen's Party to found the American section of the anarchist International. He was also present in 1883 at the founding conference of the revived International Workingmen's Association. When the International began publication of Alarm in 1884. Parsons was appointed editor.

The year 1886 opened, the "revolutionary year" it has been called. The 8-hour movement was at its height. Workers were in motion, strikes frequent. In Chicago, the McCormick workers were on strike. On May 3, the police staged a brutal assault on the strikers. The next day a mass meeting was called to protest. August Spies, a prominent anarchist, was scheduled to speak. Arrived at the place of meeting (Haymarket Square). Spies saw few workers were assembled. Moving to a smaller location, Spies opened the meeting. Lacking speakers he asked a worker to find Parsons. Parsons came to the meeting, spoke, and a rain having begun to fall left the street to go to a hall. One of the speakers continued. The police arrived. A bomb was thrownby whom it was never discovered. One policeman was killed, some others wounded.

Eight Are Accused

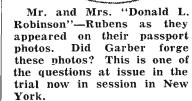
Parsons and seven others, including Spies, were charged with the crime. With a warrant out for his arrest, Parsons went into hiding. But when the day of trial came, Parsons entered the court and gave himself up so that he might face trial with his comrades-for the crime of being a revolutionist. The verdict of the jury was foregone. Five were sentenced to death, three to imprisonment.

Each of the eight made a final speech to the court. The accused turned accusers. Parsons, ill, spoke eight hours on two days. Opening with a short poem describing the lot of the worker he traced the development and meaning of capitalism, and the revolutionary struggle against it. "I am an internationalist. My patriotism covers more than the boundary lines of a single state; the world is my country, all mankind my countrymen.'

A gigantic mass agitation that spread all over the world failed to secure the freedom of the eight. Staunch, defiant they faced their end. A preacher came in to give Parsons the last rites. Parsons told him that "Preachers are all Pharisees. . . . And I don't desire to have anything to do with them.'

Parsons was led to the scaffold. As the rope was placed around his neck he tried to speak. "O men of America, let the voice of the people be heard. . . . " The hangman cut the rope.







general impression was that two such splendid specimens of American business manhood as Messrs. Groves and Dahlberg had not been discovered since Fortune's last corporation article. This may well be true. But a few weeks after Fortune's article appeared, its hero. Wallace Groves, was indicted in Federal court on fifteen counts of constitutions. The special scription of the society of the Soviet trade envoy to Germany. Actually, he was Stalin's in the inner Soviet circles that personal ambassador to the Stalin had long striven for an environment of constitutions.

(Continued from Page 1) use of Russia in dealing with over a year ago. Japan in the coming war, is also not averse to using the G.P.cow by covering up the G.P.U.

hand in the Rubens case. By keeping on the gag condemonstrable Stalinist conneccions of all the defendants in the present trial, the Federal stage one of its typical frameups on American soil by hangand charging that the whole hing was a "Trotskyist" plot Furth against Stalin.

Former Failures his angle was squelched. This in the council headquarters. attempt may be made again with the help of the United States government in the present trial in this city of the small fry involved in the pass-

rest of Rubens in Moscow. From the very first announcement by the Moscow press and the Soviet Embassy in Washington that the arrested couple "might well be Trotskyists," the Socialist Appeal has openly warned against another frame-up and has presented its own evidence, undenied to date, that at every point in their American operations, the

port ring uncovered by the ar-

Hitchin Attacked By C. P. Hooligans

(Special to the Socialist Appeal)
WINNIPEG—Carl Hichin, formerly prominent member of the Communist Party of Canada and now an active organizer in Western Canada for the Socialist Workers League, was badly beaten up by Stalinist hoodlums on April 16. This was the second beating Hichin had suffered at the hands of Stalinists in the past few months. Hichin recognized his latest assailant as "Red" Ramsay, a well - known member of the Winnipeg "strong arm Stalinist squad.

On the day of the latest attack, Hichin had spoken from the floor at a meeting of unemployed held in the I,W,W, hall. In his remarks, he criticized the C. P.'s sabotage of the local jobless organization and suggested militant action by the jobless to defeat an impending worsening of relief condi-

Hichin was followed from the meeting by a couple of known Stalinists. The assault soon followed.

During the assault his assailant told him that if he (Hichin) did not "get out of Winnipeg within the week" he would "be fixed once and for all."

Hichin refused to take sailant as suggested by the court action against his as-

r"Rubens" were connected with hush-hush policy pursued by known Stalinists. That they the State Department in Wash- were obvious G.P.U. agents ington ever since the Rubens and had the active assistance case first came to light. Wash- of American Stalinists was reington, which expects to make vealed by the Socialist Appeal Stalinist Links

In obtaining passports in the U. to destroy the revolutionary name of Robinson in the midmovement in this country. It year of 1936, the couple used nas consequently acted at ev- | the address of the Drama Trayery juncture to keep in the el League of 12 West 46 Street. clear in its relations with Mos- Miss Isabel Walsh, a worker in its office, identified a picture of the missing Ruth Norma Robinson as that of a nervous wo cerning the well-known and man who came into the office looking for Helen Ravitch. It has already been established that Helen Ravitch is a memorosecution is leaving the way ber of the Stalinist Internationclear for the G.P.U. later on to all Workers Order and is the wife of Dr. Solon Bernstein. onetime personal physician to ing the "Trotskyist" label on the Chairman of the American the aviation research facilities Rubens and his accomplices Communist Party, William Z.

Furthermore, passport applications in the names of Donald Louis Robinson and Adolph Ar-In the three great treason nold Rubens and those in the rials in Moscow in 1936-38, the names of Mary Smied, Ruth Stalin frame-up machine failed | Marie Rubens and Ruth Norma miserably in trying to smear Robinson were put into the prots real Trotskyist opponents as cess of certification by Aaron spies and wreckers. In the last Sharfin, who is or was a memtrial, the Bukharin trial in ber of the Communist Party April, 1938, there was distinct and was formerly assigned to evidence of an intention to de- the New York District, Section velop an American-Trotskyist- 15, (Mid-Bronx) Unit 12. Sharf-Japanese angle in which Rub in was active in the Stalinist ens would play his role as a Unemployed Councils at 1400 orovocateur. But there was a Boston Road near Clarement hitch in the proceedings and Parkway and for a while slept

> Max Schwartz, another of the links in the passport certification process, has been revealed as a Stalinist who, under the name Wershow, was active in Retail Clerks Union, Local 338 and who, as a star subscription salesman for the magazine "Soviet Russia Today," had his picture reproduced in that periodical in December, 1933.

At the trial session on Thursday, April 20, Harry Schwartz revealed on his own initiative that his brother-in-law, Ossip Garber, had tried to conceal the fact that he was "communistic.'' On Wednesday, Garber's sister-in-law, Mrs. Harry Schwartz, identified the passport picture of Adolph Arnold Rubens and testified that he was known to her simply as Mr. Richards. The name Richards was one of the various aliases employed by the imprisoned G.P.U. agent. Mrs. Schwartz testified that Richards had a typewriter and a desk in Garber's Portrait Studio. Obviously, this points to the fact that Garber forged passport applications under the close supervision of the Soviet

The Lawyer Blatt Edward Blatt, a lawyer, the third defendant, claimed to friends and relatives after the Robinson case broke into the press that "certain people had made a sucker out of him." Blatt "was made a sucker out of" quite willingly, according to the prosecution's evidence. For it was Blatt who quite knowingly obtained the court order changing the name of a dead person, Christian Rudewitz, to Adolph Arnold Rubens, in which name a passport was issued to the G.P.U. agent. Blatt also knowingly obtained a court order legally changing the name of another dead person, Marko Filipovitch, to Gerald Mark Moren.

It's a peculiar kind of "sucker" who engages in such legal practices without first discovering what it's all about. Blatt, a lawyer for 18 years, couldn't possibly have been naive out first establishing the nature | mation that Blank was a memthat Blatt knew perfectly well ety of the Stalinist Internation- yacht and the grandest home

pursuing in Europe the "Peo- superior. ple's Front" policy of collabo-

for the framing and murdering of the Red Army Generals, delaki mission was known only

Kandelaki's Mission in. Now Rudolf, who was Slout-lopponent.

ski's subordinate in the foreign come to terms with the Ger-|service, had achieved such suc-|arrival of Kandelaki in Mosman dictatorship against Brit cess in aiding Kandelaki that cow, Stalin was confident that ish and French ''democracy'' he was taken to report directly the deal with Hitler was as and was doing so even while to Stalin over the head of his good as consummated. At the

"Kandelaki had succeeded ration with the Anglo-French where the other Soviet envoys was liquidating his old comcapitalists and in this country had failed. He had initiated rades as German spies. He now with the Roosevelt administra- negotiations with the Nazi lead-Writing of the preparations audience with Hitler himself.

"The full nature of the Kan- purge of the Red Army." to half a dozen men. Stalin con-"In the growing tension of sidered it a triumph of his perimpending catastrophe a bomb-sonal diplomacy, for he alone shell burst. It was in the form | had: now for many years conof most secret news from Ger- trolled the Soviet ship of state. many, conveyed to me by Only a few of his closest lieu-Sloutski, who had returned to tenants were on the inside of his Ogpu headquarters in Most these negotiations. The Comcow. This news was that an missariat of Foreign Affairs, agreement between Stalin and the Council of People's Com-Hitler had been brought home missars that is, the Soviet Cabby Kandelaki, Stalin's confi- inet—and the Central Execudential emissary in Berlin. tive Committee, headed by David Kandelaki, a native of President Kalinin, had no part the Caucasus and a country- in the Stalin-Kandelaki scheme.

most three years had passed "Kandelaki, accompanied by since the night of the blood 'Rudolf,' the pseudonym of the purge in Germany which had secret Berlin representative of convinced Stalin, even while it the Ogpu, had just arrived was occurring, that the Nazi from Berlin, and both were regime was firmly established whisked straight to the Krem- and that it was best to try to lin for a conference with Stal- come to terms with a powerful

ON THE WAY TO THE TRENCHES

Colonel Charles A. Lind- units (of which 27 are new the U. S. War Department, since 1932. Lindbergh, who is a member of the Air Corps Reserve, will be assigned to make a survey of of this country and to report to of the Air Corps.

Twenty-five German warships left on April 18 for one month of training maneuvers Franco Spain.

A number of British troops forces in Libya.

ly Islands in the Pacific which own war alliance. France had claimed as a possession, the Japanese government made known its annexation of a group of reefs and islands in the South China Sea 300 miles long. The strategic importance of the acquisitions lies in the fact that the zone occupied is right in the heart of the South China Sea, astride ship lanes to Singapore and next to British North Borneo, French Indo-China and the Philippines. Japan has made it known that it will reject any foreign protests just as it rejected France's in connection with the Spratly annexation.

Britain has already perfected its plan for rationing out food to its population in the event Take Over of war. Over 80,000,000 ration cards have been printed and Another Yacht Harbor secretly stored away to be distributed as soon as the government imposes food control in wartime. 1,400 local committees with whom shopkeepers will have to register, will be all over the Western hemisbution.

The Atlantic squadron of the United States, comprising sixty. aliases for Ruth Marie Rubens. in the Carribean Sea. Why didn't Attorney Blatt, in The last word in ultra-modannounced in the Soviet press

In the case of a passport is her visits to London. sued to Ernest Weichen, which he sold for \$25 to John Blank, enough to accept clients with Weichen volunteered the infor Wenner Grens, whose riches of their business. The point is ber of the Latvian Unity Soci- possessors of the grandest what was afoot. Witness the al Labor Defense.

tober of that year?

bergh, who has been living in cruisers, destroyers and sub-England for some time, has | marines) is the largest force to been called to active duty by be assigned to eastern waters

Great Britain now has in the Mediterranean four battleships, one aircraft carrier, six cruis-Major Gen. H. H. Arnold; chief ers, thirty-nine destroyers, seven submarines, one escort vessel, six motor torpedo boats. ten minesweepers, one net layer, one coastal minelayer and off Spain and Portugal, near six depot repair and supply the Strait of Gibraltar which is ships. The bulk of Britain's in high hopes of signing an now patrolled by French and force is around Malta, which is agreement with the Nazi re-British ships. The German | near the "toe" of Italy. Famifleet's move may have some lies of naval officers stationed connection with a reported plan in Malta were advised by the by Hitler to unite Portugal with Admiralty office to leave for

have been moved back from appointed one of its ace diplo-Palestine to Egypt to counter- mats, Von Papen, as Ambas- more with reports of an imact the Italian concentration of sador to Turkey, is going to pending Russo-German alliopen a commercial airline to ance.' Turkey after ten years of ne-Simultaneous with a govern- gotiations. The "democratic" ment decree announcing the of- powers are trying desperately ficial annexation of the Sprat- to woo Turkey over to their made against his life by Ogpu

> The Senate approved on from showing reluctance about April 19 the expenditure of an agreement with Hitler, has \$68,000,000 over a period of bent every effort in trying to three years for expanding navy | realize it. If it does not materair base facilities. The appro-lialize — assuming that it has priation is only the first step in not yet been consummated!a series designed to develop it will not be for lack of trying U. S. military bases.

> "Now in April, 1937, with the very time he had been conducting negotiations with Hitler, he knew that he had no immediate ers and had even had a private attack to fear from Germany. The road was clear for the

> > The Army Generals, headed by Tukhachevsky, were murdered without trial by Stalin, according to Krivitsky, because of their criticisms of the official Kremlin domestic and foreign policies which; they believed, were undermining the morale of the fighting forces and, in general, weakening the country in face of the war dan-

Used White Officers

Krivitsky reveals that the Generals were framed up deliberately by Stalin and the Ogpu on falsified evidence furnished by Hitler's Gestapo to an organization in Paris of former Czarist White Guard military men, which was headed by General Skobline, who worked in this organization and with the Gestapo under the direction and with the full knowledge of the G.P.U.!

"Only the deal with Hitler, so auspiciously negotiated by Kandelaki, did not quite come off as expected,'' Krivitsky continues.

"It is true that on July 21, 1937, the world was treated to significant bulletin from Berchtesgaden, Germany, That afternoon Hitler had received the new Soviet Ambassador. Constantin Yurenev, at his mountain lodge in Obersalzberg, a rare distinction to be conferred upon any foreign ambassador. The exchange of greetings was so friendly that it created wide speculation in European chancelleries. Hitler had emphasized the need for 'normal relations between Germany and the Soviet Union* and 'for non-intervention' in the interests of the two coun-

"Three months later Yurenev was recalled to Moscow and arrested. Once more the relations with Germany became strained. But Stalin still lived gime. At the New Year's reeption given by Hitler in his new palatial chancellery in January, 1939, he singled out the newest Soviet ambassador. Merekalov for a particularly Germany, which this week cordial chat, a demonstration which set Europe buzzing once

> story of Krivitsky who, by the agents since he broke with the Kremlin butcher, Stalin, far

SOCIETY NOTES

Axel Wenner Grens

Mrs. Edmund C. Lynch has at last found a buyer for ONE of her numerous palatial homes, scattered practically Axel Wenner Grens have taken Lynch's hands—at a price reported to be fabulous.

The house occupies an out fact that he arranged with his standing site on Hog Island, brother-in-law, Isidore Schlan- which in spite of its unpreposger, to receive passports for sessing name, is one of the Mary Smied, another of the beauty spots of the Bahamas

the State Department in the from a series of tennis courts summer of 1937, when it was to an elaborate yacht landing. The house is about the only son were being sought by Sovi- grandeur of Palm Beach. Of ernment authorities here of the unique in its tropical setting, Prison. passport fraud before they left for it is furnished with pricethese shores, as they did in Oc- less old English furniture purchased by Signa Lynch during

As new owners of the Lynch residence and of "The Southern alias Gulbis, alias Apsit, a fugi- Cross," Howard Hughes' fortive defendant at this trial, mer yacht, there's no doubt the are as those of Croesus, are the in all Nassau.

A Relief Case Congress Won't Investigate

Out of work, penniless, his wife sick in bed suffering from an operation, his four children crying for food, John Young, 35 years old, of Brooklyn, went in charge of retail food distri- phere. The enormously rich out into the streets in desperation and held up a Borden Comthe Nassau home off Mrs. | pany milk wagon. He was unarmed and obtained only \$25.

Police tracked him down within a couple of hours and arrested him. He still had \$23 of the money, after buying brandy for his sick wife and a few groceries to feed his hungry children.

He was charged with grand order to protect himself, go to ernism, it boasts everything larceny for the attempt to nick Borden Company profits and dragged into court. When he pleaded guilty, Kings County that the persons named Robin- real approach at Nassau to the Judge William O'Dwyer sentenced him to serve two and a et police, and inform the gov- English architecture, it is half to five years in Sing Sing

But not even the judge had face enough to send John Young up the river to serve the inhuman sentence the law demanded for his spending \$2 of the Borden Company take. He suspended sentence because Young had taken the money "out of devotion to his sick wife

and four young children." But Young still has to convince Relief Authorities that he and his family need help.

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Editor: MAX SHACHTMAN Associate Editors:
FELIX MORROW HAROLD ROBERTS Staff Members:
EMANUEL GARRETT JOSEPH HANSEN Business Manager: S. STANLEY

FIGHT WITH THE SOCIALIST **WORKERS PARTY FOR:**

- 1. A job and a decent wage for every worker.
- 2. Open the idle factories-operate them under vorkers' control.
- 3. A Twenty-Billion dollar Federal public works and housing program.
- Thirty-thirty! \$30-weekly minimum wage— 30-hour weekly maximum for all workers on all jobs.
- 5. Thirty dollar weekly old-age and disability
- 6. Expropriate the Sixty Families.
- 7. All war funds to the unemployed.
- 8. A people's referendum on any and all wars.
- 9. No secret diplomacy.
- 10. An independent Labor Party.
- 11. Workers Defense Guards against vigilante and Fascist attacks

Like A Tombstone

There are few things more silent than a tomb-

During the past two weeks, however, one political tendency in this country has come perilously close to depriving the tombstone of its pre-eminence in this field. We refer to the socalled "isolationist" school of faith which devoutly prays that a world cataclysm can occur without involving the United States or affecting the class relationships inside the United States.

President Roosevelt very neatly and without the use of either firing squad or dungeon sealed the mouths of these "Keep-America-Out-of War-for-the-Time-Being" patriots. He merely outlined the realities of capitalist policy in the United States and his deliberate long-thoughtout plan to plunge the United States into the coming world war at the first possible moment.

The eloquent reply of the isolationists, in which they so successfully emulate the volubility of a tombstone, discloses most precisely that at bottom they are for the capitalist class, for President Roosevelt, and for the coming imper-

And it discloses at the same time that there is only one political tendency really opposing the coming war; that is, the Socialist Workers Party, which has devoted the major part of its press to denouncing the war-mongers during the present war crisis and pointing out the only road to defeat them-establishing a workers' political party and putting a workers' and farmers' government in power in Washington.

Dictatorship In France

The Daladier government which was voted into power by the Socialist and Communist Party-supported People's Front, last week established further straight-jacket laws for the labor movement.

In a decree issued in the same way decrees are issued in Fascist Italy and Nazi Germany, Daladier empowered Labor Minister Charles Pomaret to take the following steps:

Centralize "information" on the needs for labor in public services and private industry.

 Recruit labor in military fashion for the various categories as deemed necessary.

Arbitrarily assign workers to public and private enterprises.

Regulate wages and hours by arbitrary

If these regulations are successfully imposed, labor will occupy the same position in "democratic" France as labor in Germany and Italystarvation between the barbed wire of concen-

tration camps and the bayonets of the army. The closer war approaches the less there is to distinguish the "democratic" dictatorships from the fascist dictatorships. Workers' revolution is in order in both the opposing capitalist camps.

Saito's Ashes

When Hirosi Saito, former Ambassador to Washington, died in this country a short time ago, President Roosevelt as a diplomatic gesture ordered a United States cruiser, the Astoria, to carry back the ashes to Saito's home

Last week the Astoria arrived in Japan with the ashes. Observers report that the reception given by the Japanese people to Roosevelt's sending a cruiser across the Pacific with the remains of Saito was singularly moving.

All was silent as the Astoria entered the harbor. Traffic had come to a standstill hours before. Thousands of Japanese, gathered in deep solemnity, watched the cruiser break out the colors of the Rising Sun and fire a salute of 21 guns. Tears showed on many faces, A local shopkeeper was reported to have gathered in a very short time 5,000 signatures to a book expressing gratitude to President Roosevelt.

There were local demonstrations of gratefulness far in excess of that called for by official national mourning over a dead diplomat. Japanese officialdom had difficulty in preventing these demonstrations from swelling into national proportions and taking on an aspect which would have been grave to the Japanese government.

Observers report that the Japanese people bedieved-naively in face of Roosevelt's real designs—that the United States cruiser accorded by Roosevelt to carry the ashes home meant a friendly gesture from the people of the United States, a token that the cruel oppression which they are now suffering under their own capitalist bosses will not be deepened by war with the United States.

The size and the intensity of this wave of gratitude and relief expressed by the Japanese people is of the greatest significance. That it could seize upon such a minor incident, that the meaning attached to the incident is mistaken, is not of great moment. What is of importance is the indication it gives to the misery, the unrest, the need felt by the Japanese people to find some outlet for their longing for peace.

It is a demonstration that the strain of the war being conducted by the Japanese capitalists against China is becoming so intolerable that a spark can start the powder train which will fire a workers' revolution and blow up the present social structure in Japan just as it did a similar structure in Russia in 1917.

The deep embers of rebellion in Japan will flare up at the first indication anywhere in the world that it is really possible for workers to have their own government and to run a country for human needs instead of capitalist profits.

It has often been pointed out that a workers' revolution in France would immediately topple Hitler and Mussolini. The Mikado would not long keep his imperial peacocks after they fell. Likewise a workers' victory in the United States would immediately rebound with workers' revo-

The Japanese people receiving Saito's ashes an event such as this might well become the pivot where far-reaching changes in the moods and emotions of the international working class begin, changes that will start a new series of socialist revolutions and end by reducing capitalism to ashes.

A Princely Visitor

The Prince of Norway—that most democratic country of "the middle way"-is scheduled to visit these shores on April 27. If the workers of this country are to properly appreciate him, they should know certain facts about the royal house

In November, 1937, the Norwegian democratic government decided to make a friendly overture to Stalin by imprisoning comrade Trotsky and his wife, Natalia. The immediate pretext for the arrests was an article by Trotsky which appeared in the American weekly, "The Nation," about the situation in France.

But in making this arrest the democratic ministers were faced with an embarassing difficulty. No Norwegian law gave them a basis for imprisoning Trotsky.

In their quandary, the ministers—they were social-democrats adhering to the Second International-remembered their King. And in the constitution they discovered a paragraph which gives the King the right to issue emergency decisions (in the event of war or similar disasters). The provision was promptly invoked; the King signed a special order giving the ministers the right (which he himself did not possess) to imprison foreigners without cause. Thus did they save democracy in Norway.

Again, when Trotsky filed suit against the Norwegian Stalinist and fascist press, the government could not find a constitutional way to prevent him. Whereupon another special order was issued by the king, giving the government the right (which he himself did not possess) to deny imprisoned foreigners the right to bring legal suits. Thus did they again save democracy

We can, therefore, understand why the Second Internationalists love the royal house of Norway. It helps them make democracy func-

The Coming War Will Surely See Britain's Colonial Empire Wrecked

The Rising Nationalist Movements for Freedom In Every Section of the Empire Which Guarantee the Doom of the British Colossus Also Presage the End of Capitalism

By SHERMAN STANLEY

their money bags these days.

the colonies. They have always pendence for their country. succeeded in staving off the inprincipal methods has been to buy off and bribe the leaders of the opposition movement, or to with the British. This is what the Crown of Empire." they have done for example, in De Valera).

They have not hesitated for one moment to use the armed forces of the police and the British Colonial Army. The British unleash a Hitlerite reign of terror when necessary to preserve their rule. They have done this in Palestine, in Ireland, in their African colonies and especially in India.

WORLD-WIDE FIGHT AGAINST BRITISH RULE

Never before, however, has colonial opposition been so solmasses grimly await the opporout for them. Let us cite a few they are not wanted. examples of today's opposition: CAN'T FOOL THEM

Ireland: A newly revived na- ALL THE TIME ionalist movement has shattered the sweet dreams of the fictitious

against British imperialism. In The City" - London's Wall the past year this country has Without exception the people had a wave of strikes—general of all of England's world col- strikes in Bombay and Calcutonies hate and detest the Bri- ta, the working class centerstish rule. These colonial people militant demonstrations and will utilize the first available actions for freedom. Representopportunity-the war-to oust ed in the Indian Nationalist Congress alone are 5,000,000 Many times before the Bri- workers and peasants who are tish have faced opposition in pledged to gain complete inde-

The Indian nationalist moveevitable, however. One of their ment provides the biggest headaches for the bankers of "The City." That movement is rising over the heads of Gandhi maneuver things so that the and his conservative following. colonial masses are "led" by Once this is accomplished, then agents of the native capitalist the British know they can kiss class whose basic interests are good-bye to "the finest jewel in

Ceylon: In this important and India (Gandhi) and in Ireland strategically located island, the left-wing Socialist Party of Ceylon is leading an aggressive and direct struggle against the British. Little news reaches the outside world of their battles. Ceylon-a pearl of "democrat-

sealed from without. Meanwhile, from within, the British cary on their violent attempts to crush a people who never

give up. West Indies: These islands, famed for their hurricanes, have brewed a storm too severe for the British to handle. Laborid in its determination to put militantly led under the banner an early end to British rule, of the C.I.O.—has organized the Militantly conducting the strug- dock workers, sailors, sugar gles of today, the colonial mill workers, etc. Wave upon wave of strikes have served notunities that tomorrow holds tice on the British that here too

Egypt: The British granted a British money-baggers. The some fake nationalist politi-who live now will have the glo-Irish are starting in once again cians a few years back. They rious opportunity of witnessing where the traitor De Valera thought that these men could its break-up and replacement left off. Their struggle is for a indefinitely fool the laborers by independent, free nations of united, independent Ireland— and peasant "fellaheen." The workers and peasants, associree forever of British domina- British, who wrote the treaty, ated with and aiding one an-India: The workers and peas- affairs, financial matters and ety.

The financial wizards of four hundred millions are in remain in the country. The Street—are nervously fingering the forefront of the struggle thing was a fake from the word the vital Suez Canal!

African colonies have been stir ring restlessly. Headquarters of the African nationalist and rev olutionary movement, which operates directly from London itself, reports warm responses to the work of the organizers it sends out. Organization of black workers in sections of the Union of South Africa is progressing as never before. These

Even those sections of the Empire that are actually independent, capitalist nations are deserting the British. So great has been the pressure of the ic" England—is hermetically people in Australia, Canada and the Union of South Africa against supporting England in any war that the leaders of these governments have been forced to declare publicly that they will not send any soldiers overseas to aid the British.

politicians mean it. But we don't doubt that the people of these lands mean it! And their word will be the final word. All of this spells death for the

The most significant event in the rise of capitalism was the erection of this Empire. The most significant event in capitalism's fall will be the destruc-"independence" to tion of that Empire. And we kept control of Egypt's foreign other in a world socialist soci-

ants of this vast country of aranged for British troops to "go." Today, the masses led by radical students, continue the struggle for independence, real independence. Chalk up another thorn in the side of the British-right at the entrance to

Kenya, Union of South Afria, etc. All sections of Britain's

men will show that they too understand that freedom and British rule have nothing in com-

We doubt if these capitalist British Empire!

By Max Shachtman

It was to be expected that once the Popular Front regime in Spain came to its natural, that is, its ignominious, death, we would begin to get the complete inside story of what happened behind the scenes during its litetime. It was inevitable that all the sordid details of this "democratic" fraud would be revealed eventually in the form either of penitent confessions by its several participants or mutual accusations, each of which would aim at throwing the responsibility for the debacle on somebody else and all of which, properly assembled, would provide a fairly complete picture of the intrigue, the secret diplomacy, the horse-trading, the treachery that made up the life of this "instrument of the masses for the united defense of democracy.'

A Belated Witness

Among the first of the partners to speak up is Luis Araquistain, one of the "left-wing" leaders of the Spanish Socialist Party, well known as one of the principal advisers in the realm of theory and diplomacy to Largo Caballero. The "Independent News' of Paris has just made public a letter addressed on April 4, 1939 by Araquistain to the last President of the Spanish Republican Cortes. Diego Martinez Barrio. In it he announces a rather belated resignation from what he calls "our fantasmagorical Republican Cortes," and dissociates himself, also somewhat belatedly, from the "most inept, the most despotic, the most unscrupulous government ever suffered by Spain, even in the most disastrous periods of the Austrian dynasty or that of the Bourbons." This is his politest reference to the great government of the Democratic People's Front headed by his own party comrade. Juan Negrin!

"During the two years-approximately-that he held the power, we lost all of the North of Spain, we lost a part of the Mediterranean littoral, and finally we lost all of Catalonia. At another time and elsewhere, I shall set forth the totality of the causes for this disaster which has no precedent in the Spanish wars. It is enough for me here and now to record the fact and to indicate the profound source and the ultimate reason for this immense defeat: it is the stupid and brutal communist dictatorship which guided our hapless war and lead us to this tragic denouement; of this dictatorship, Juan Negrin and his coadjutor, the former Minister of State [Azana], were the docile and unconditional agents. Dictators under the dictatorship of the communist party."

Silent Accomplices

It is not out of place to add at this point that Araquistain, Caballero and their associates were, at the least, silent accomplices of this "dictatorship in the name of democracy." They tolerated it, they cooperated with it, they kept quiet about its outrages and crimes at a time when forthright and truthful appeal to the masses could have altered the situation, they did not take a single serious step towards organizing popular opposition to a ruinous and despotic regime—all in the name of the "unity of the People's Front."

Araquistain reminds Martinez Barrio of the story told the latter by President Azana who, in 1938, was thinking of a change in government policy. Negrin, the "democratic socialist," thereupon declared to Azana: "You shall not remove me, and if you try to do it, I shall resist; I shall place myself at the head of a popular and military movement, for the army and the people are with me." (Which, presumably, is why both the army and the people drove him and his cohorts out of Loyalist Spain.)

The Negrin regime was characterized not only by despotism and intrigue, but also by plain and fancy graft. Not a few professional democrats filled their purses with good Spanish gold. Araquistain's proposal to the government for an audit of its finances was cynically rejected, as was a similar proposal by the Ambassador to Washington, Fernando de los Rios.

"I hold that there were enormous administrative irregularities in the finances of certain agents of the Government abroad. By refusing to accept my proposal, it is evident that the so-called Negrin government shares the responsibility for these derelictions. I also affirm that high personalities of the Republican regime possess, deposited in their name in English banks and in those of the United States, important sums of money, hard to justify. But all possibility of a check-up being abolished-and that is what my proposal sought to avert-Republican Spain will never know which of its agents and representatives acted with probity and which behaved differently; all of them will be plunged into an atmosphere of suspicion. Nor will it know . . . what became of the Spanish treasury, of the 500 and some tons of gold which were deposited outside the national territory, nor how this gold was spent, nor what remains of it, nor the name or names under which this deposit was made, a fact of the highest importance and one which perhaps would explain also why certain people, in an incomprehensible manner, clung obstinately to power in spite of the defeats and the hostility of public opinion. . . .

The Mystery of the Vanished Gold Had Araquistain been given the opportunity to

read the article of Walter Krivitsky on "Stalin's Hand in Spain" before writing his letter to Martinez Barrio, at least part of his question about the disappearance of the Spanish gold stores would have been answered. Krivitsky revealed that not only did the Father of the Peoples in the Kremlin demand spot cash payment for the few rifles, cannon and airplanes he sold to his beloved Spaniards. but he also arranged for the transfer of a huge part of the Spanish gold reserve to Moscow. For, when Stalin made his one solitary reference to the civil war in Spain as not a Spanish but a world affair, he apparently interpreted it to mean a good business affair for the Soviet Commissariat of Finance.

As for all the varieties of leaders of the Spanish People's Front, the proletariat has the infuriating consolation that only now that they have completed their work of defeat and ruin will they themselves begin to tell the truth—by fits and starts, and in installments—about the crimes in which they acted either as principals or accomplices

President Roosevelt speaks on the campus of Tuskegee, famous Negro school: "Keep the ideals of your youth all your lives," he tells the assembled Negroes. No mention of the lack of the Negro franchise and other racial discrimination in Alabama was made by either Roosevelt or any of the listeners. Perhans this ideal was too close to home for the man who is so eager to denounce the race pogroms of Hitler.

Federal Criminal Syndicalism Law Would Foist Military Rule on Labor

By FELIX MORROW ed before the Judiciary Com- tion!

in the last twenty years. Last month Charles Edison, Navy, secured the introduction | Bill. of a bill outlawing "subversive" propaganda in the armed forces: it appears now, however, that the Army and Navy orefer the Smith Bill (H.R. 5138) which includes not only provisions referring to the armed forces, but is practically

universal in its scope. As we analyse this bill, do not forget that Roosevelt is Commander - in - Chief of the terpreted under this provision armed forces which have endorsed it!

A Criminal Syndicalism Law Title I of the bill begins: "It shall be unlawful for any perwriting, or by transmission by vise, or teach the duty, necesor the government of any subviolence. . .

organize or become a member of, or affiliate with any society, group, or assembly of persons who teach, advocate, or en- ful orders of a superior.' courage the overthrow or destruction of the government. .' **Punishes Beliefs**

The American Civil Liberties Union accurately describes this as "a Federal criminal syndicalism law." In complete violation of the fundamental legal concept traditional to democratic government, that only overt acts shall be punishable, the actual history of state crim-

punish ideas and beliefs only. There has never been a pros ecution under a criminal syndicalism law involving actual ment to violence; for such a outlawed right now, in peaceprosecution would have to time. prove facts, whereas the crim-

inal syndicalism laws has dem

onstrated that they are used to

inal syndicalism law, as used, | tions are, in large part, not Representatives of the War simply proves that the victim laws passed by Congress but and Navy Departments appear- is against capitalist exploita- rules handed down by the mili-

their weighty support to what cussion has been recognized late any regulation heretofore their weighty support to what cussion has been recognized has become known as the "in principle" by the United or hereafter decreed by the Smith Omnibus Bill—even the States Supreme Court, but nev- generals or admirals is a New York Times calls it "a ertheless criminal syndicalism composite of the anti-alien and laws still function in many anti-radical legislation offered states, and the principle involved troubles not at all the Congressional and Administraassistant secretary of the tion proponents of the Smith

Joker Against Unions

Title II of the bill, requiring censing of civilian military or ganizations, conceals a joker a mong organizations which must be licensed are those which by "economic coercion" advocate the denial to any citi zen of constitutional immunivies. A labor union's "economic coercion" of a boss could be into be violation of his constitutional right to his property!

The War and Navy Depart ments are specifically endorsing Section 9 of Title II, which son by word of mouth or in says: "It shall be unlawful for any person to advise, counsel radio, to advocate, abet, ad- urge, or solicit any member of the Army or the Navy of the sity, desirability or propriety of | United States to disobey the overthrowing or destroying the laws or regulations governing tribute any book, pamphlet, division thereof, by force or paper, print, article, letter or other writing which advises, 'It shall be unlawful for any member of the Army or the disobey the laws or regulations governing such military or naval forces, or to disobey the law-

Section 10 says: "Any book house or other place in which it may be found, or from any person in whose possession it may in whose possession it may be' -by search warrants to be issued under the war-time 1917 law governing treason and es-

Rule By Military Just realize what the Army and Navy authorities are advocating:

1. Any anti-militarist, antiwar, or pacifist literature which may fall into the hands or attempted violence or incite- of a soldier or sailor would be

2. Army and Navy regula- subordinates.

tary authorities. The Smith mittee of the House of Repre- The principle distinction be- Bill would therefore make it a crime. This ends all distinction between civil authority and the military authority which is traditionally presumed to be subordinate to the civil authority. It means rule by the mili-

> tary in peacetime. Dared Less in War-Time 3. The wartime treason and espionage law of June, 1917 provides for issuance of searchwarrants to civil or military officials on presentation of affidavits that in the official's belief, a search of some given house will aid in securing a

conviction for treason or es-In the midst of the last war, the government dared apply this procedure only to cases in-Now, in peacetime, the government's military authorities dare to propose to apply this procedure immediately to any

and all opponents of war! Aliens Made Criminals Title III of the bill is directed against aliens. It prohibits na-Government of the United the Army or the Navy or to turalization for those aliens States, or the government of disobey the lawful order of a who advocate "any form of any State of the United States, superior, or to publish or dis-government for the U.S. contrary to that now existing." A believer in peaceful transition to socialism or, for that matter. Section 4 of this Title says: counsels, urges, or solicits any a believer in non-violence who wanted the government also to person to organize or help to Navy of the United States to be non-violent, would be ineligible to become a citizen.

It provides a whole series of new reasons for deporting aliens, and for the registration of all aliens. Since it is obvious etc., may be taken from any that registration cards for aliens are wholly ineffectual unless citizens also have identification cards, this provision be found, or from any person is really a step toward compulsory registration of the whole population.

> Concentration Camps Title IV sets up restrictions against immigration from those countries which refuse to accept for deportation aliens now in this country, while Title V sets up a concentration camp for aliens who are now in this country and who cannot be de

ported. Such are the main outlines of this vicious bill-warmly endorsed by Roosevelt's military