The Dollar's Role In World Economy

See page 2

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South Africa **Killings Met By Strikes Racist Slaughter Horrifies World**

As horror and indignation swept through many countries at the mass slaughter of South Africa's freedom fighters, Negro workers in the Capetown and Johannesburg areas, where the shootings took place, went out on strike.

"It was estimated that 50 to 90 per cent of the total labor force stayed away from work." the March 24 New York Times reported. "Among the industries crippled was a vast plant of the South African Iron and Steel Industrial Corporation at Vanderbijl Park.

Police in sound cars cruised through the Negro settlements urging a return to work.

Machine-Gun Fire

On two consecutive days-March 21 and 22 - police opened machine-gun and rifle fire on Negroes demonstrating in Langa, near Capetown, against white-supremacy laws. In these wanton attacks and the even bloodier one at Sharpville, near Johannesburg, the cops ad-mit to killing 72 people and wounding 184. Unofficial esti-mates place the casualty figures much higher.

The Anglican Bishop of Johannesburg has charged that police used dum-dum bullets.

The slaughter was the answer of pro-apartheid officials to a "fill-the-jails" movement organized by the Pan-Africanist Congress, an offshoot of the African National Congress.

The demonstration was orrequiring Negroes to carry passes at all times under penple to go to the police stations the purpose of the club: "In case without their passes and sur- this country is invaded we would rying them.





America's Freedom Fighters

222

Held in a stockade for parading against segregation in downtown Orangeburg, South Carolina, these college students waited several hours in 40-degree weather to be tried for "breach of peace." About 1.000 students from Carolina

Shaped Nine Young Boys

Residents of Yonkers, N. Y., have been given a taste of how the incessant anti-Soviet coldwar propaganda can warp the against Cuba is a counter-revothinking of young people.

in Guatemala in 1954. Nine boys, 13 and 14 years old, When the Cuban press or admitted to police that they had prominent members of the Casbeen smearing swastikas on churches and apartment build- tro government make this paign for abolition of the law ings. At a clubhouse maintained charge, spokesmen of the State Department fly into an official by the boys, police found Nazi rage, shrieking that the United war souvenirs, including flags, States is being "attacked" and alty of arrest. The Pan-African- helmets and nine bayonets. This that the charges "worsen" relaist Congress called on the peo- is how one of the boys explained tions. The hypocrisy of this at-

March 15. When the cops couldn't stop the marchers with tear gas and fire hoses, they arrested some 450 of them. Later, buses took those unable to post bond to the state prison.

State and Clafin Colleges participated in the orderly parade,

NEW YORK, N.Y., MONDAY, MARCH 28, 1960

How Cold War "News" Spills Beans Fight Continues On Anti-Castro Drive In Labor Party **Over Clause 4** By M. L. Stafford

The deepening crisis in the over Clause Four of the party's

tions of the economy. For all ciples, it nevertheless does comgoal. This is exactly what the after the Labor party's elec-

All sections of the left wing.

gue, opened a vigorous attack

Negro Sit-Ins Spread Despite Fines, Jailings NAACP Calls for Nationwide Integration

Memphis Struggle

In Memphis and other areas,

(Continued on Page 4)

Special Roundup

On Rights Fight

four pages to its March issue in

order to give full coverage to

the student struggle against Jim

Battle Stirs Campuses

"A wave of concern for Southern Negro college stu-Meanwhile, the 350,000-memdents is stirring campus after campus in the North," reported Advancement of Colored Peothe March 20 New York Times. ple issued a call March 17 for a Surveying student actions at 18 nation - wide boycott of the major Northern universities and Woolworth, Kress, Kresge and colleges, the Times found that Grant chain stores. NAACP atthe issue has aroused students torneys have mapped legal as had few others. strategy for coping with the

The paper's observation that mass arrests in the South, and "there is a quality of inven-tion to their work" was illusthe organization has pledged to defend each victim of Southern trated at Bennington College courts. in Vermont where 20 girls

staged a two-hour sit-down at a Woolworth lunch counter, refusing to buy anything.

the student-inspired integra-At Skidmore College in Saration movement is being taken toga Springs, N. Y., 200 placardup by the entire Negro comcarrying girls and 20 faculty members marched through the munity. town March 22. The following day seven students picketed the local Woolworth's but were hauled off to police headquarters where the police chief threatened to arrest them if they continued picketing. The indignant girls refused to give targets were quickly broadened. him their names and were taken

back to the college. In New York, 300 joined the tion at the Woolworth store on Thirty-fourth Street, and in

socialist objective of the Labor tinued by more than 100 supparty, calling for the public porters of the Youth Committee

Meanwhile, the New England Crow. its vagueness and inadequacy as NAACP scheduled Saturday a statement of socialist prin- picket lines for every state in the area except Vermont where mit the party to a socialist there is no branch. And in New York the city council of the

in many cities. Copies may be obtained for right-wing bureaucrats of the Negro American Labor Council Commenting on this ominous party, headed by Hugh Gait- called upon the unions of the ten cents each. or \$7.00 a hunskell, proposed to scuttle shortly city to give active support to dred, from Young Socialist, P.O. the Southern fighters for equal Box 471, Cooper Station, New to develop "hostile sentiment" rights.



MARCH 24 - Now entering its eighth week, the lunch-counter integration battle continues to spread in the South despite a mounting campaign of jailings and stiff fines by racist authorities.

Meanwhile, the 350,000-mem-ber National Association for the Wilkinson in **Court Appeal**

Price 10c

A new effort to curb the House Un-American Activities Committee in its uncontrolled attacks on constitutional freedoms is being made by the American Civil Liberties Union, which has asked the Supreme Court to review the case of Frank Wilkinson, one of the committee's victims.

Wilkinson is secretary of the Los Angeles Citizens Commit-Memphis had its first sitdown tee to Preserve American Freeast Friday when 12 youths took doms. He was convicted of seats at a downtown dime-store "contempt of Congress" after lunch counter. They left quietly he had refused on First-Amendwhen the manager closed the ment grounds to answer the entire store, but the integration committee's stock question, 'Are you now a member of the Communist party?" at a 1958 hearing in Atlanta.

A leading figure in the campaign to get Congress to abolish the inquisitorial committee, Wilkinson had gone to Atlanta to rally public opposition to the hearing, which was supposedly The Young Socialist has added probing for "communist infiltration" of Southern industries. He was immediately subpoenaed, the ACLU said, even though he had never been in the South previously, and The special eight-page edition though the committee members carries stories and photographs did; not even try to establish of the sit-ins and of the picketing that he had any knowledge of the field they claimed to be in-

> vestigating. The reason they put him on the grill was that he had sought



by Cubans to heave this bum out. But just in case, let's hope our State Deconstitution. partment is quietly undermining Castro, as the late Secretary of State John Foster Dulles did successfully to

a Red government in Guatemala in 1954. "The main thing is to get this public nuisance abated somehow, as soon as possible."

Dobbs' Statement

Enemy" which appeared in the March 15 New York Daily News. cry for a counter-revolution, "Whether he is a Commu- Farrell Dobbs, Socialist Worknist or only a prisoner of ers presidential nominee, ob-

Communists, Castro is drag-ging Cuba toward.catastrophe," says the venal hack who is paid

The real aim of the campaign | that could happen from our By Murry Weiss point of view would be for counter-revolution staged

British Labor party has found third picket line called by the its focal point in the struggle Youth Committee for Integra-

Clause Four formulates the Philadelphia picketing was conownership of the decisive sec- Against Segregation.

toral defeat last October.



By Joseph Hansen

Eighth in a series of articles.

The food explosion, whatever fears it may have aroused about our being suffocated by corn and wheat, intended victim! Is proof has proved how baseless were the fears of the Malthusians that the growth of population will eventually doom Then read the next two parahumanity to famine. This may still be news to the modern graphs of the editorial: disciples of the gloomy parson of 1798. It is not news to Marxists, as the record will show.

Sometime in 1861-63 Karl Marx copied from the introduction to the "Orgin of Species" the following acknowledgment by Charles Darwin: "In the next chapter the Struggle for Existence amongst all organic beings throughout the world, which inevitably follows from the high geometrical ratio of their increase, will be treated of. This is the doctrine of Malthus, applied to the whole ani- mand for a negotiated bilateral mal and vegetable kingdoms." Commenting on this, Marx sugar treaty with the U.S. has an even greater catastrophe for with a single devastating sentence detached that portion of the parson's anatomy sticking above his starched collar:

"In his excellent work, Darwin did not see that his discovery of the 'geometrical' progression in the animal and vegetable kingdoms overturns Malthus' theory."

Marx then shook the parson gently to show that his to set sugar quotas unilaterally head had really been relieved of its customary connection: for foreign and domestic sup-

"Malthus' theory is based precisely on the fact that he opposed Wallace's geometrical progression of human beings to the chimerical 'arithmetical' progression of animals and plants. In Darwin's work, for example in his discussion of the extinction of species, we find a natural-historical refutation of the Malthusian theory, not only of its fundamental principle but also of its details."

This refutation, a century old, is, we see, of the same type we noted in the food explosion now worrying the Department of Agriculture - the facts demonstrate that danger our source of [sugar] the progression of animals and plants is not arithmetical supply." as the Bible student of 1798 imagined it to be.

On the level of theory, Frederick Engels had already Cooley (D-N.C.), chairman of 19. The reactionary United Na- against the 14 the party held in refuted Malthus years before the appearance of the "Origin the House Agriculture Commit- tional party won 50 of the 151 the previous parliament. The of Species." In 1844, at the age of 24, he offered a solution tee, strongly opposes injecting seats, and its leader, Dudley LSSP was the only party to to the population-food riddle that still sounds completely modern. Let's give young Engels the floor. (As in the previous quotation, our source is the selections published by Ronald L. Meek under the title "Marx and Engels on Malthus.")

"[Under the competitive conditions of capitalism] a stage must ensue in which there is so much superfluous productive power in existence that the great mass of the nation has nothing to live on, so that people starve to death from sheer abundance. England has already been in this crazy situation,

(Continued on Page 2)

to express the opinion of this again from the false charges it reactionary sheet. "In the pro- makes against Castro. But in on Gaitskell's proposal to bancess, he is wrecking the once expressing hope that the cloak- ish socialism from the Labor and-dagger section of the State party. excellent and mutually profitable relations between Cuba Department is quietly blowing the taxpayers to a repetition of ing of the National Executive and the United States.'

Fascist Technique

This is the technique of fascist propagandists. Pin the blame for your crimes on the needed for such a conclusion?

now being waged by the State

Department and the majority of

the American capitalist press

lution like the one engineered

titude can be judged from an

"Of course, the best thing

New Sugar Bill Aimed at Cuba By Lillian Kiezel

troops. The Cuban government's debeen rejected by the White the people of America than House and State Department. Truman's ill-advised interven-Instead, Pres. Eisenhower sent tion in Korea.' (See editorial page 3.-

Congress a bill, March 16, that extends the present Sugar Act for four years. The law, in effect since 1934, empowers Congress

pliers. The Administration bill also

contains a new clause asking accident Congress to grant the president French emergency powers to cut foreign sugar quotas. At a news conference, March 17, Eisenhower insisted that the new clause would not be used to "punish" Cuba but is based on Cuba's current "activities" which might "en-

Others view the bill different-

diplomatic relations into the prime minister. farm program, under which the

sugar quotas fall. Cooley said he believes the new clause might be used as a weapon of reprisal" against Cuba and that the Administration has asked "for any club to it anyone with."

Despite the campaign in many big business newspapers to "get | doned this pretense. tough" with Cuba by cutting its

The revolutionary-socialist party, a conservative Tamil (Continued on Page 4) Lanka Sama Samaja (Ceylon group, won 15 seats.

At the stormy March 16 meet

Committee of the Labor party. the foul business in Guatemala, pickets lobbied the committee the News indicated in its own demanding that its members way what is really afoot. stand firm in defense of Clause "Another indication appeared Four. The Newsletter, weekly in the March 14 New Leader.

journal of the Socialist Labor Harry Schwartz, who enjoys a League, reports, March 19, some reputation for accurate reportof the responses to the lobbying in the New York Times, ing which was conducted by wrote in an article on Cuba SLL members, trade-union that dispatches from Washingbranch delegates, representaton 'tell of Government officials tives of constituency Labordebating whether the U.S. won't party organizations and memhave to send in the Marines." bers of the Victory for Social-"With such evidence we can

ism group. only come to the conclusion "I'm with you on this," that top circles in Washington Frank Cousins, general secreare really plotting an armed imtary of the 1,300,000-strong perialist adventure in Cuba, in-(Continued on Page 4) volving the use of American

"Such an attempt at counterrevolution would prove to be Readers Back Oregon Strike

Unionists at the strike-bound Portland Oregonian and Oregon Just the Beginning Two workers suffered an overdose of radiation at an paign. More than 9,000 cancel-

> reported by printing help five months ago.

Two Capitalist Parties Win Ceylonese Elections

Two capitalist parties share | Equality) party, which adheres a majority of seats in the Cey-lonese parliament as a result of suffered a setback in the elecy. Representative Harold D. the general elections held March tions, winning ten seats as Senanayake, has been appointed champion the unity of the Sin- hort, Agriculture Committee

He will be able to maintain the Tamil-speaking minority in (La.), will have much to say control in parliament, however, the country. It favored lan- about giving the State Departonly through the support of the guage parity for both groups. Great Ceylon Freedom party, A vote-catching coalition, dewhich won 46 seats. This party scribed as a "popular front" of committee chairmen are simi-split from the UNP in 1951. It Marxists and Buddhist priests, larly relied on for key legislamasqueraded as "socialist" un- put together by ex-Trotskyist tion by the same Administration der the late Premier Bandar- Philip Gunawardena won ten that presented the now watered-

anaike, but has since aband- seats. The Communist party ob- down "official" version of the tained three seats. The Federal civil-rights bill.

terers, however, are also in state supreme court.

Key Posts in Senate Screen Writer **On Blacklist**

By Arthur Jordan

Eighteen Southern Senators great demand in the liberal over the Senate?

Fulbright (D-Ark.), is counted on by the liberals to step up spend-The March 21 U.S. News and World Report supplies part of ing for "foreign aid." the answer. The Southerners Fulbright himself is reckoned are not ordinary senators. With

the Democrats in control of the Senate, they chair nine of the fifteen standing committees. The nine Southern chairmen "dominate action in a broad field-dcfense, taxes, finances, agriculhas had ture, foreign relations, the troubles.' courts. . .

All in all, the Southern sen-The leader of the filibuster. for example, was Sen. Richard B. Russell (Ga.), who chairs the ators form a highly influential Armed Services Committee. He

has a controlling voice in the disposition of the armaments budget, currently standing at forty billion dollars a year. If Senator Russell is eyed with respect by arms-contracthungry corporations (and their representatives in the Senate) so is "elder statesman" Harry F the running in scab editorial and Byrd (Va.), architect of "mas-

sive resistance" to school integration.

As chairman of the Finance Committee, Byrd "works in close harmony with his Virginia colleague, Chairman A. Willis Robertson of the Banking and Currency Commit-These two determine tee." who pays what taxes and how much. They also put "a damper on proposals for public housing [and] urban renewal. . . .

Byrd and another filibuster coella Systems of Seattle. Mrs. Ola Browning charged halese-speaking majority and chairman Allen J. Ellender that Slenderella had violated the state's public-accommodation laws when the weight-reducing ment the power to cut Cuba's outfit refused her patronage. sugar quota. Other Southern The manager told her: have never served anybody but

won't be happy here." A trial court awarded Mrs. Browning \$750. Slenderella then

The services of the filibus-

MARCH 21 - Screenland's talked for a little over a week, camp. Lister Hill (Ala.), chair- political blacklist suffered anand another civil-rights bill was man of the Labor Committee "is other jolt with yesterday's reon the way to being gutted- said to have exerted his influ- port that Frank Sinatra has by a legislative body of 100 ence ... on the side of modera- hired Albert Maltz, one of the members. The uninitiated might tion" in the passage of the Lan- "Hollywood Ten," to write the well ask: How do the eighteen drum-Griffin-Kennedy bill (for film adaptation for his indedo it? What spell do they cast which he voted), while J. W. pendent production of "The Execution of Private Slovik."

The ten Hollywood figures had been jailed in 1947 for defying the House Un-American Activities Committee on First

as a liberal, though some people Amendment grounds. "think it embarrassing, with the Since then, those like Maltz colored peoples of the world who have gotten work in the stirring," that the head of the industry have been able to do Foreign Relations Committee so only by writing anonymously should represent a state which or under pen names. "serious racial

Earlier this year, independent producer Otto Preminger

hired Dalton Trumbo, and Stanley Kramer hired Nedrick group with Republicans and Young. Trumbo and Young, fellow-Democrats alike, and it both writers, had been black-

He'll Go in Style

is not surprising that Robert D. listed. Novak should write in the March 21 Wall Street Journal that "King Filibuster" should

have "emerged from the battle A group of Americans pre-. stronger than ever," having sented Pope John with an airhelped accomplish the South- conditioned Cadillac. He said, erners' aim of rendering the "We are all traveling toward civil-rights bill innocuous. Heaven."

Does Waiting on Negroes 'Enslave" Slenderella?

A majority of the judges voted Expressions of anti-Negro big-1 stry by highly placed officials to uphold the verdict, but orderare by no means confined to the cd the damages reduced to \$100. South. Two judges of the Wash- because, they said, Mrs. Brownngton State Supreme Court re- ing had suffered only a minicently provided a Northern mum of embarrassment as no ample of racist thinking in the other customers were present case of a Negro woman who won when she was humiliated. damage suit against Slender-

But that wasn't concession enough to Jim Crow for the two dissenting judges. They asserted that Slenderella's right to discriminate is guaranteed by the Thirteenth Amendment which outlaws "involuntary servitude."

"W They cited a Florida decision, Caucasians, and I just know you which held that when "A white woman is compelled against her will to give a Negress a Swedish appealed the judgment to the massage, that too is involuntary servitude."

Journal are making significant headway with a door-to-door "cancel your subscription" cam-

atomic energy center near Paris lations have been obtained since March 15. It was the first such the papers combined and began

Slums Change Their Location The Dollar's Role in the World Economy **As Housing Problem Remains**

By Herman Chauka -

"The breeding places of disease, the infamous holes and cellars in which the capitalist mode of production confines our workers night after night, are not abolished; they are merely shifted elsewhere!" (Emphasis in the original.)

That was how Frederick Engels summed up, eighty-eight years ago, the results of what is now called "urban renewal." (See his book, The Housing Question.)

Just eight days ago, on March 14, Roland M. Sawyer, Housing Consultant for the United Steel Workers of America (AFL-CIO), declared that "it is well known that slums and blights are still being created at a rate faster than our efforts to build new housing or to rehabilitate our used housing supply. . . .

"Musical Chairs"

Page Two

Discussing the plight of racial minorities, who comprise 65 per cent of those being dislocated by "slum clearance" programs, Sawyer drove this point home even more tellingly. Such minorities, he said, "are still forced to play a decidedly unamusing game of 'musical chairs' that forces them to move from one slum to another

Sawyer's remarks were made at the twenty-ninth meeting of the National Housing Conference in Washington, D.C. At the parley, some important computations about the nation's housing requirements were presented by Boris Shishkin, secretary of the AFL-CIO Housing Committee.

He said that to meet the "rock bottom" national housing needs by 1975, 35 million new homes will have to be built. This calls for an annual construction rate of 2.3 million new units per year - nearly a million units more than the actual building rate maintained during recent years.

Shishkin broke down the need for new housing into the following categories:

First, some 15 million families are currently living in substandard homes. (Federal estimates, which are usually conservative, set the figure at ten million.)

Then, 7.5 million families are living in homes that will become substandard by 1975.

Shishkin estimated that perhaps five million of the homes that are now substandard or will become substandard can be rehabilitated, leaving 17.5 million units that must be replaced.

Then, another two million dwellings will be destroyed by fire, storm or other calamities or be demolished to make way for non-residential construction. Thus about 19.5 million housing units will have to be replaced without providing a single home for the new families the country will have by 1975.

Shishkin estimates that these will number

14.5 million. And to this figure he adds another million families who are now forced to pean capitalism? It would be double up and who need separate accommodations

As the first step toward closing the gap between housing needs and actual housing construction, Shishkin urged support for a steppedup program of federally subsidized low-rent public housing development.

workers in the moderate-income bracket - between \$4,000 and \$7,000 a year - to purchase their own homes. "... virtually all low income families and most moderate income families are priced out of today's housing market," he said.

Now that we have some idea of the housing needs in this country, let's take a look at should be made for the fact what the government has done about it. This that some American investwas summarized at the conference by Senator ments are strategically situated John Sparkman (D-Ala.), who chairs the Sen- in such fields as petroleums; ate subcommittee on housing.

Sparkman recalled that the problem is not blocks; and they are technolnew. The U.S. Housing Act - proclaimed as ogically advanced. the measure that would abolish the acute shortage of decent homes - was adopted back in 1937.

But, he explained, circumstances have interfered with the "implementation of this In 1939, the second world war began policy." in Europe, and "domestic needs were subordinated to defense needs." The nation emerged from the war "facing housing conditions more critical than they had been in 1939."

A "Great Year"

In 1949, however, a new turn toward public housing was made by a Democratic president and Congress, says Sparkman. In fact, he adds, 1949 was a "landmark," a "great year" for public housing. Congress authorized "a sixyear program for 810,000 units of low-rent offer attractive possibilities. The public housing." (That's an average of 135,000 French Commercial Counselor new units per year. Compare this with the in Washington, in a recent reneeds cited by Shishkin.)

But again circumstances wouldn't have it First came Truman's "police action" in Korea and, as in 1939, domestic needs were sacrificed for the war machine. Then, in 1952 a Republican president was elected, avowedly unsympathetic, says Sparkman, to public housing. So, like the forties, the fifties have been ques," No. 634, Feb. 23, 1960.a period of housing "frustration."

The reason for the federal government's failure to solve the housing question over the last twenty years goes deeper, however, than Sparkman's alibis about unfavorable circumstances and unwilling Republicans.

Capitalism "does not want to abolish the housing shortage even if it could," wrote Engels in the book we quoted earlier. It looks as if Engels knew what he was talking about.

By Tom Kemp At the present time, then, the new position of the dollar re-

Do the figures of increased insults from a series of factors vestments in Europe by major operating in the international U.S. firms mean that American sphere including the still large business is taking over Eurooutflow of military aid, as well as other government aid, and large private export of capital. premature to jump to dramatic conclusions. The degree of In one respect, however, we penetration is as yet not far adcan ascribe the end of the dolvanced. In the mid-fifties, Am- lar shortage for the advanced erican-affiliated companies ac- countries-temporary as it may counted for some four per cent be-to the fact that the interof the total sales turnover of national capitalist economy has Secondly, he proposed measures to enable British manufacturing industry. become more viable, and more balanced than it was a decade Whatever increased investment has taken place since then ago.

would not have transformed the American policy aims, as shown at Bretton Woods in 1943 picture either in Britain or in the continental countries, where and pursued hence forward, the position is broadly similar. sought to secure the adoption of At the same time, allowance monetary and trade policies favorable to American capitalism in a restored world market safe for American investment. That meant policies ostensibly dithey are in relatively big rected towards liberalization and the leaving of international monetary adjustments as far as possible to autonomous market

mechanisms, thus harking back in a way, to the example of British economic pre-eminence which rested on free trade and the gold standard. These policies were imple

mented through the Interna tional Monetary Fund, the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade and the Marshall Plan. International liquidity has now

As far as can be seen the big business interests involved do the dollar is no longer scarce. not aim at "colonization;" they (The United States has 50 per are after profits where they cent of the world's gold stock, think they are biggest. In these instead of 70 per cent at the end terms, the European countries of the war.)

But though the capitalist world is now safer for the dollar, the real problem, port, mentions a Chrysler exwe shall not take on which ecutive who declared, "It is here, is how safe is the capiabsolutely necessary for us to talist world? remain competitive and, if com-

On the narrower question it petition demands it, well we would be a mistake to see in shall move our factories the present situation a weakenabroad!" ("Problemes Economiing of American capitalism relatively to the other capitalist In other words, one motive countries. After all, the apparis to combat the working class ently contradictory phenomenon in America by bringing in products made by foreign labor exploited by American of a "weaker" dollar and an adverse balance of payments on he one side, and the growing capital in other lands. Such nvolvement of American capipossibilities urge the need for tal with foreign investment on American labor to become inthe other side flow from the ternationally minded if noth-

same source. We can define this in short as an effort to preserve the conditions for the extraction and realization of surplus value on a world scale in obedience to the inner laws of capitalism.

It is this which drives the United States government to now indispensable to economic "balance" - and sends American businessmen in search of

markets and investment fields



South Korean dictator Syngman Rhee (r) has good reason to gloat. Every year he gets a big slice of the American foreign-"aid" pie - in fact, his government in recent years has been getting a bigger slice than any other recipient. Walter Robertson of the State Department also has cause to smile in this picture taken at the end of the Korean War. Rhee has been loyal to Wall Street.

Despite the great material the international monetary sysossibilities of American aid to tem is in good health. We may the underdeveloped countries it refer again to the fears exhas, so far, made little impress mproved to, the point where on the problem. Politically it is easier to get dollars for milidollar gap would reappear and tary aid and to ward off a direct threat to American imperialism. than to put them into areas where immediate gains seem small and the ultimate gains reas far as possible from U.S. economic instability. note. To conciliate critics at

> nome the American administra-Even if in the 1958 events ion has had, for example, to ink the \$500 million aid under the problem remains. Internathe Development Loan Fund to tional liquidity is far from comthe purchase of American goods. plete. Despite the improvement

in their gold and dollar re-"Aid" Tied to War Pacts

serves, countries like Britain Moreover, a scrutiny of the and France still operate with lestination of American aid very small reserves compared outside Europe shows it linked with the pre-war position. up precisely and directly with This fits in with the changes hort-term strategic considerain the international position of

Thus more than two-thirds of the dollar which has taken place over the last year or two. aid to Asia in the years 1945-57 For, if the American authorities went to the four countries with should seek to put an end to whom the United States had the drain by reducing foreign military understanding - nameaid or raising import duties on ly, Japan, South Korea, Formosa manufactured goods, the old and the Philippines - and to the advantage of political re- problem of a dollar shortage and the chronic lack of internagimes, which, to say the least, tional liquidity would recur, were embarrassing to "liberal" notably in Europe. While such Americans. measures do not seem to be

While over this period, contemplated for the moment. Chiang's "Nationalist China" they might be taken in a recesreceived \$380 million for a sion, just when a general reducpopulation of 71/2 million, tion in such liquidity would be Nehru's India with some 400 probable in any case. million people, received a net total of \$250 million.

Putting this another way, it Independent of the will of the can be seen that the improve-American policy makers, the ment in the international liquidity of the other capitaleconomic impact of American in countries where costs are lower and profits higher. These drives are reflected in the bal-conomic impact of American capitalism on these countries can measurably weaken their conomics and thus bring about ist countries which has taken place in the fifties has been ance of payment, which is not a weakening of capitalism as a

position may now be briefly summarized Now as at all times since the 1920's the United States plays a decisive role in the world market. Its great productive capacity and financial power enabled it to restore the shattered economies of the other capitalist countries and make the world a safer place for American capitalism than it would otherwise have been.

It did not do this unaided; the complicity in this design of the right-wing labor and trade-union leaders and even, for a time, in the warm glow of Yalta and Potsdam, of the Communist parties must be emphasized.

Subsequently, the world capitalist economy, restored more rapidly than after 1918, swept into a phase of unprecedented expansion sustained by steady outflow of American dollars primarily determined by the new division of the world. Both the prosperity of the United States itself, and the buoyancy of the world market, depends markedly upon outlays - internal and external - which are directly related to the pressure on capitalism from the non-capitalist tates.

Consequently, it would be a mistake to ascribe the prosperity of the fifties to the inherent pressed in the course of the soundness of the system. More-1958 recession that a yawning over, the capitalist drives which Marxists are accustomed to disthat, to meet a threat to their cern propels the system into balance of payments, govern- new contradictions. We may ments would take restrictive note here the dilemmas which measures to insulate themselves arise in relation to the underdeveloped countries; the continued export of business capital, especially to the other industrial countries; and the unthese fears were exaggerated, derlying problems of interna-

tional liquidity. It is true that the forms in which the typical drives and problems of capitalism appear may be new, and that there have been great transformations in the world situation since the earlier part of this century.

However, there is no reason to see in these changes anything fundamental enough to require the marking-off of a new epoch; in fact, it can be highly misleading to build far-reaching hypotheses upon changes in one or a few components of the total picture.

Certainly the almighty dollar has not been dethroned, nor have the other capitalist states been subjected and dominated utterly by it. The tendencies upon which assertions of this kind can be built need to be inserted into the dialectical complexities of the international development of capitalism as a

March 3, 1960

Advertisement

possible because of the susined outflow of ollars A Pioneer "Best Buy" the United States, prompted by the desire to restore capitalism on sounder foundations The Wall Between

conditional nature of the im-

provement, even from a purely

technical financial point of view

it is not surprising that more is

being heard nowadays of

schemes to reorganize the Inter-

national Monetary Fund to en-

need not concern us. But the

earnestness with which such

discussions are conducted points

to deep-seated concern about

whole.

nanswered 1844 Argument

(Continued from Page 1)

in this truly absurd condition, for a considerable time. If the fluctuations of competition become stronger, as they necessarily do in such a state of affairs, then we have the alternation of prosperity and crisis, of overproduction and stagnation. The economists have never been able to understand this crazy state of affairs, so in order to explain it they thought up the theory of population, which is just as nonsensical, indeed, even more nonsensical, than this contradiction of the coexistence of wealth and poverty."

The main point to be noted in this approach is that Engels takes the population as a whole. The Malthusians isolate the poor from the population, certainly an arbitrary procedure, and then seek to explain the poverty of this segment on the basis of its size. This is obvious nonsense. Engels, on the contrary, takes the rich and poor sectors of the population as they really are, a living, interrelated combination. A "crazy state of affairs" is at once apparent. In the midst of abundance, part of the population goes hungry. It is self-evident to Engels that this is due not to the quantity of the poor but to the quality of the economic system in which they live - it dooms people to starvation in the shadow of bursting granaries and warehouses. Engels continues with his answer to the Malthubabies for the food supply:

theory to rid people of fears. As we know from the current scare stories in the press, quite a few eminent figures still exhibit neurotic anxiety in relation to the growth of still exhibit neurotic anxiety in relation to the growth of vast military expenditures -population. Engels was even willing to grant a small imposed by the Cold War, but kernel of truth to the Malthusian view:

ing else.

"From this theory we derive the most powerful economic arguments in favor of a social reorganization; for even if Malthus were altogether right, it would still be necessary to carry out this reorganization immediately, since only this reorganization, only the enlightenment of the masses which it can bring with it, can make possible that moral restraint

Tom Kemp teaches economics at Hull University in Great Britain. He is a frequent contributor to the British socialist publications Labor Review and the Newsletter as well as to the Militant and International Socialist Review in this country.

"For us the explanation of the matter is easy. The productive power at the disposal of mankind is immeasurable. The productivity of the land can be infinitely increased by the application of capital, labor and science."

To back this view, Engels cites calculations of the time indicating that Britain's production of wheat could be increased enough within ten years to support six times the population of 1840. Looking farther into the future, he declares:

"Capital increases daily: labor power grows together with population; and science masters natural forces for mankind to a greater extent every day. This immeasurable productivity, administered consciously and in the interests of all, would soon reduce to a minimum the labor falling to the lot of mankind . . .

Engels considers the Malthusian theory a "vile and infamous doctrine," a "repulsive blasphemy against man and nature," the "immorality of the economists in its is not due to the abundance of the poor but to poor dishighest form."

"Now the consequence of this theory is that since it is precisely the poor who constitute this surplus population, nothing ought to be done for them, except to make it as easy as possible for them to starve to death; to convince them that this state of affairs cannot be altered and that there is no salvation for their entire class other than that they should propagate as little as possible; or that if this is not practicable, it is at any rate better that a State institution for the painless killing of the children of the poor should be set up as suggested by 'Marcus,' - each working class family being allowed two and a half children, and the excess being painlessly destroyed. The giving of alms would be a crime, since it would encourage the growth of surplus population; but it would be very advantageous to make poverty a crime and the workhouse a corrective institution, as has already happened in England under the new 'liberal' Poor Law."

Engels does not dismiss the Malthusian theory as years. utterly useless. He credits it as a "necessary transitional stage" which had the effect of drawing attention to the "productive power of the soil and of humanity, so that now, having triumphed over this economic despair, we are handling of the subject we must turn to the major work forever secure from the fear of overpopulation."

In this optimistic conclusion we must admit that "Capital." Engels displayed overconfidence in the power of correct

upon the instinct for reproduction which Malthus himself puts forward as the easiest and most effective countermeasure against overpopulation."

Summarizing his position, Engels considers the central calculation upon which Malthus based his whole and the world economy, signisystem — that population increases in geometrical, food in fying that capitalism in the arithmetical progression:

"The difference is obvious and horrifying - but is it correct? Where has it been proved that the productivity of land increases in arithmetical progression?"

were written in the light of the "chemical revolution" which sian fear that humanity will eventually produce too many has brought an enormous increase in agricultural production in the United States in the past two decades:

> "The area of the land is limited — that is perfectly true. But the labor power to be employed on this area increases together with the population; and even if we assume that the increase of output associated with this increase of labor is not always proportionate to the latter, there still remains a third-element - which the economists, however, never consider as important - namely, science, the progress of which is just as limitless and at least as rapid as that of population. For what great advances is the agriculture of this century obliged to chemistry alone - and indeed to two men alone, Sir Humphry Davy and Justus Liebig? But science increases at least as fast as population; the latter increases in proportion to the size of the previous generation, and science advances in proportion to the body of knowledge passed down to it by the previous generation, that is, in the most normal conditions it also grows in geometrical progressionand what is impossible for science?

Engels thus makes three central points: (1) Under capitalism the distribution of hunger in the population bourgeoisie, are tempted by the

tribution of society's abundance. (2) Wealth can be increased rounded economic growth than without limit if society is so organized as to bring about has been possible, given their the most effective combination of labor power and science. dependent position in the world (3) Even if Malthus had a point in the sense that society economy. These rulers, driven on their sometime in the distant future might have to regulate the

flank by peasants and workers size of the population, this could not be accomplished desirous of improving their under capitalism but only under the planned economy of abysmal living standards, which they increasingly see as not the socialism.

result of implacable fate but of We can judge the power of these arguments from the social and economic institutions. incapacity of the Malthusians to answer them. To this must develop their countries or day they have not done much more than to point with alarm to the long-exploded "mathematical" puzzler popular tide. They are quite advanced by Malthus. They sound like a tape recording ready to turn to the Russians or the Chinese if they can get that repeats over and over a 1798 weather report predictwhat they need in capital and ing possibly disastrous floods within a couple of thousand technical assistance from that uarter.

Still, as Marxists, we must admit that the young Engels in 1844, however telling his arguments, did not advance a scientifically grounded position. For a truly scientific in which Engels later collaborated with Karl Marx.

(Next week: Marx's Scientific Concept.)

itself a causative factor

The Weakest Link

whole. This was demonstrated by the worsening of the position of a number of primary

A keynote here, too, is the in- producing countries which re-. and to face the Soviet chalterdependence of the American sulted from the American relenge. cession of 1958. Noting the temporary and

While the United States eco-United States is no stronger than nomy may be able to weather the world system of which it is successfully ups and downs a part. It was this which was more violent than those so far the underlying compulsion be- experienced in the post war hind American policies in the period, the reprercussions of postwar period and which now these swings may prove devas-Engels then advances arguments that sound as if they drives policy makers to more tating for the weaker capitalist urgent consideration of the countries, notably those in the weakest links in the capitalist underdeveloped category. chain — the so-called "under-Further, the national bourgeoisie is by no means in a se-

developed countries."

As economic aid to the more cure position in a number of professor, Robert Triffin, in a advanced countries becomes less these countries; political conscirecent number of "The Banker' necessary and the relay here is ousness is growing and the basis (January 1960), a leading jourcarried on by private capital exists for strong popular movenal of the banking profession in Britain. The details of this plan investment, the threat of ecoments with socialist programs. nomic "competition" from the That is why so many recipes are to transform the IMF into an Soviet bloc becomes more acute being recommended to deal international bank and float the in the colonial, semicolonial and with this so-called number one world market on a cushion of problem in American political carefully contrived liquidity former colonial areas.

problem of the advanced capi-

talist countries has been

From these areas come pri- circles. mary products without which Clearly, then, if the dollar

the American economy could not function, and they constitute potential markets and invest- brought under control, that of the health of the capitalist ment fields for the future.

the underdeveloped countries world market, despite a decade remains endemic. Further, this of expansion and prosperity. In the meantime private capital is only attracted into limited is essentially a problem of the The main conclusions to be sectors of the economies of entire capitalist world market derived from this survey of Amthese countries, while their ruland is recognized as such by ex- erica's international economic

ers, drawn from the nationalist perts in the field. Even the apparent disappear vistas of rapid growth through ance of the disequilibria of the industrialization and a more late forties does not mean that



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quarter.	
The underdeveloped coun- tries have thus become key	Name
areas in the economic con- frontation between the two	Street
irreconcilable world systems. The comings and goings of	City Zone
Eisenhower and Khrushchev bear witness to their growing significance in this contest.	State

By Anne Braden

They bought a house for a Negro friend in a lily-white neighborhood. White supremacists and city authorities retaliated with violence and a McCarthyite witchhunt.

able it to deal more effectively In a moving account, Anne with future threats to liquidity. Braden tells how her family Such a scheme was put forstood up to persecution and ward, for example, by the Yale prison for their principles. And she offers a sensitive and enlightening description of the effect of segregation on Southern whites and Negroes, of the social and psychological motivations and reactions.

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Think It Over

If you measured the Democratic and Republican parties with a micrometer a good micrometer, that is - do you think a difference between them could be detected? Say a little more liberalism in the Democratic party? A little less inclination to dance to the tunes called by big business?

If you believe so, we would like to ask you to consider two items in last week's press - the opinions of the two top Democratic chieftains on two of the hottest issues now facing America.

We think that after carefully thinking over what they said, you'll agree that the difference between the Republicans and Democrats has reached a mathematical zero, and that America needs nothing so much as a great big broom to catch up on some political housecleaning.

The first item is some remarks Harry Truman made at a press conference he called March 19 in Louisville, Kentucky, for the purpose of giving the world some pearls of wisdom he picked up somewhere in the Pendergast machine. "The only ambition I have is to educate the kids and let them know what they have in this country and how they can protect it."

After offering that appetizing dish of hogwash, the former Democratic president got down to cases; namely, to put a pitchfork in the back of the Negro freedom fighters who have been conducting sitdown demonstrations at Southern lunch counters.

"If anyone came into my store and tried to stop business," said this former proprietor of a haberdashery, "I'd throw him out. The Negro should behave himself and show he's a good citizen. Common sense and good will can solve this thing."

To make dead clear what this racist attitude goes with and who profits from it, Truman said: "Private business has its own rights and can do what it wants."

This declaration of attitude toward the Negro students fighting for equality in the South, was a real service to the Democratic high command. What candidate --Democratic candidate in the North, that is would care to express such racist sentiments while seeking a four-year lease on the White House?

Truman did it for them in his usual fearless, slam-bang style. Having had his turn in the White House, his only ambition now is "to educate the kids."

The Republican who can be considered the most authoritative spokesman for the same racist attitude did not, of course, reach Truman's high intellectual level. Eisenhower could only mumble something about not knowing for sure whether or not a person who asks for service at a lunch counter has a legal right to get it . .

The other item we would like you to consider is a declaration made to the press on the very same day that Truman was popping off in Louisville. The author was no one less than that outstanding liberal and two-time presidential candidate of the Democratic party, its present titular head, statesman Adlai Stevenson, champion political phrasemongerer.

He got the correspondents together in Buenos Aires in order to slip a jewelled carving knife into the back of the Cuban freedom fighters who have been struggling to loosen the chains loaded on them by American imperialism.

Stevenson accused Castro of "destroying" U.S.-Cuban relations. "He is very much guilty, Castro and his government. I don't know who else is running his government. I don't think it's the Communist party."

As for the Eisenhower administration, which patted itself on the back for engineering a counter-revolution in Guatemala under Dulles, Stevenson had only praise for the "correct attitude" it has maintained toward Cuba, where it is plot- at a meeting held in the Univerting a similar counter-revolution.

Then speaking through his sombrero like the true spokesman that he is of the to say, "Go west, young man!" peoples South of the Border, he said that Now they say, "Go south, young the heads of the Latin-American govern- man!' ments agreed "that the United States should take stronger measures against verbal attacks, expropriations of United States properties without consultation and tury this colonization is toward other offensive attitudes of the Cuban the south, toward South Amergovernment."

On hearing this praise, John Foster the best pasture for the imper-Dulles settled contentedly in his grave, ialist appetite. knowing that his spirit was marching on in the shape of Adlai Stevenson.

So there you have it. A united front America. Down here we see the of this, we Trotskyists, who won between the leading Democrats and Re- trip as dictated by an offensive- approval for the slogan in the publicans against the Negro freedom fight- defensive strategy in relation to latest congresses of the workers' ers in the South. And a similar united Latin America. On the world organizations, believe that the front between the leading Democrats and plane, Eisenhower pursues his time has come for vigorous agi-Republicans against the Cuban freedom but in Asia and Africa, to con- Trade-Union Conference. fighters in Latin America.

Do Truman and Stevenson speak for the coming conference with the developments: (a) last year's dethe American people? We think that you will agree most emphatically that they do ism has been in full offensive American conference of labor; not. One more question - don't you think against the Latin-American peo- (b) a proposal of the Venezuelan it's time to strengthen the socialist opposi- ples, an offensive that has been Federation of Labor to hold a tion to the Democrats and Republicans? Then why not get behind Dobbs and Weiss, the socialist candidates!

On Guard Against Internal Foes



A crowd in Havana seeks to get hands on Roberto Salas-Hernandez, charged with attempting to assassinate Cuban Premier Fidel Castro. The demonstration occurred during a one-hour stoppage last Oct. 22 that was part of a series of rallies against counter-revolutionary moves. Revolutionary vigilance of this nature will continue making it difficult for enemies of Cuban freedom to prepare a pro-imperialist coup.

The Saying of Today Is Go South, Young Man!

By Jose Valdez

SANTIAGO, Chile, March 9-The title to this article paraphrases what Senator Smathers

of Florida told us quite openly sity of Chile in the middle of January this year. In the past century the Yankee bosses used ome

In the old romance the advice covered the Yankee colonization westward where the Indian people lived. In the present cenica, whose "Indians" (with their rich raw materials) constitute

Following the "good advice" of his grandfathers, Eisenhower

made a trip through Latin solidate the U.S. position before

pacts and the creation of the Or- federation of Workers (the CUT)

passed the headquarters and more aware of the necessity of Latin-American unity. scattered a shower of leaflets approving the Cuban Revolu-The Anti-Imperialist Movement tion. In a display of servility to

perialist in its thinking and portrait of Castro as Eisenhower

the U.S., the police responded Despite all the mistakes and by placing ladders against the vacillations, the trade-union orbuilding and breaking into the ganizations, the nationalist movements, the class-conscious currents and the revolutionary workers parties, have advanced

Above all, in the union organizations, the "people's" parties, and petty-bourgeois tion, etc. intellectual circles, a Latin-American consciousness has appeared: a conviction of the unity of the Latin-American peoples and a realization that without this unity, it is impossible to resist Yankee imperialism effectively.

This is appreciated best in the rade-union movement. Because sition of Trotskyism. trips not only in Latin America, tation for a Latin - American

We base ourselves on these Since 1940 American imperial- Cuban Workers to call a Latinconcretized in a colonization Latin - American trade - union plan, not only economically but conference in Caracas; (c) last politically (through military year's resolution of Chile's Con-

ganization of American States). to organize a sponsoring com-But the world economic mittee: (d) a round-table dis cussion among various tradeunion organizations held in Sao Paulo earlier this year; (e) similar decisions of the Bolivian Federation of Labor and the Argentine General Confederation Labor. The Communist parties are hampering immediate formation of a Latin-American labor federation because they know they would be in a minority if it took place now. This was seen very clearly at of Kubitschek, president of Brazil, the second congress of the CUT in Cuba, Panama, Venezuela, everything, the movement for Latin - American trade - union unity cannot be stopped.

And It Isn't **Science Fiction**

A New \$58.50 Insurance Plan

American businessmen are supposed to lead the world when it comes to anticipating the needs of the public. But t must be conceded that our Northern neighbors have beaten our go-getters to the+ "Heart with only one auricle ounch in a field that might beincreasingly important. or one ventricle (instead of two me lowever, it can at least be said each), an open channel between the pulmonary artery (from the that a U.S. firm is putting up the lung) to the aorta (which suprash for the Canadian deal. The new development was re- plies the whole body), \$1,000.

"Siamese twins, narrowing of ported March 17 by Leonard the pulmonary artery . . . and Bertin, science editor of the Toronto Star in a column head- certain serious bladder defects, lined: "Unique Policy Insures \$2,000."

Atomic Birth Defects.' The new insurance being sold

Hugh Mitchell, president of by Mitchell, Upjohn and Co. vill cover "dwarfism, club feet Mitchell, Upjohn and Co., is goor hands, blindness and 63 other ing about the business of selling lefects since birth." The Conthe new policy with optimism

Cheerful Salesman

inental Casualty Co. of Chicago and good cheer. He observes: "Happily, the majority of conwill underwrite the policies and ditions can be corrected with pay off the claims. It is the first insurance of its routine surgery, but the surgical kind to be offered in Canada costs involved add to the natural

and, according to Bertin, peranxiety of parents." However, company officials haps the first in the world. Here's how it will work. For feel that many wives or brides-\$58.50, the insurance contract to-be will be "superstitious" will cover the mother for any about even discussing the posnumber of children born during sibility of such defects afflicting a three-year period. The policy their children. So it is anticiwill pay off on injuries, illnesses pated that the husband will ofand other defects traceable to ten buy the policy without discussing it with his wife. To faatomic radiation, providing they cilitate this, the simple, streamare defects dating from birth. lined atomic policy will not re-That there is real need for this

kind of coverage was pointed quire the wife's signature. out by Dr. Clement G. Martin, Isn't it wonderful to live in a medical director for Continental society that offers such intelli-Casualty, who says that today gent planning and that shows

headquarters of the union. some 2.5 per cent of all children such tender concern for the fu-In various countries, the Trotborn in Canada suffer from ture welfare of the people? skyists distributed leaflets, made some congenital deformation declarations, headed quickie He did not offer any estimate demonstrations, carried banners as to how many cases were supporting the Cuban Revolu- caused by atomic fallout. He merely said that only a small

proportion of defective births is In Chile, in particular, Comascribable to an inherent defect rade Luis Vitale, a national in either parent. leader of the CUT and a mem-Normally, prospective pur ber of the Revolutionary Workchasers are warned to carefully ers party, led the demonstration

read the fine print on an insurat the CUT headquarters, as a ance policy. In this case, they'll result of which he was seized need strong nerves to do sd. by the police. Even at the police Here, according to Bertin, i station he shouted slogans prowhat they are likely to come claiming the anti-imperialist po-

across as they look up the various compensation rates: In conclusion, we believe that "For absence of parts, such as the best way to counteract the legs, arms, nose, cars, \$200 perinfluence of Eisenhower's trip is part; to form a Latin-American trade-

union federation in short order. Thus we can hope for the day (hip out of joint at birth), ptosis when imperialism, thrown out (drooping eyelid), \$200. of Latin America, will no longer

"Blindness (total to one or both eyes), megacolon (enlargement of the large intestine), mongolism (a condition evidenced by flattened skull, oblique eye-slits, short thumbs and idiocy), kernicterus (a type of jaundice affecting the brain), \$500.

New Hazard the Roads Un TORONTO, March 17 - Driv-

- Alex Harte

ers in the vicinity of the U.S. border here now have an added reason for driving safely. Ontario government officials confirmed yesterday that U.S. trucks laden with nuclear cargo are driving on Canadian soil between Buffalo and Detroit.

Minor government officials say they suspect that nuclear warheads are included in the radio-"Club hand or foot, unde- active shipments which pass scended testicle ... hypospadias through customs uninspected. This was denied by a defense

department spokesman who said that some non-radioactive components of nuclear weapons hight be transported.

Ontario fire marshall W. J. cott points out that the radioactive shipments are a danger because the lead shielding on the trucks could be melted in a fire if there was a serious collision.

The Daily News Attacks Castro

To the New York Daily News goes the doubtful distinction of indicating about as frankly as is possible, given the lying nature of the American capitalist press, what the sinister aims of the State Department and its Wall Street patrons are in Cuba. As reported in an article on our front page, the objective is a counter-revolutionary coup d'etat like the one organized in collaboration with United Fruit against the legally elected government of Guatemala in 1954.

This is not the first time that the Daily News has made it its special business to start shouting "Communism!!!" when a country, suffering the accumulated effects of long years of imperialist oppression, has taken measures of self-defense such as those initiated by the Castro government.

On March 18, 1938, the Cardenas regime in Mexico expropriated the oil holdings of the British and American petroleum billionaires. This was Mexico's answer to attempts of the billionaires to push the Cardenas government around. When they got the only answer possible under the circumstances, the billionaires went to their own governments.

Roosevelt's administration threatened retaliation in the purchase of Mexican silver. Chamberlain launched a British boycott of Mexican oil.

And the Daily News in New York? It oiled up its hacks with whatever it takes to make the typewriters of these mercenaries run. A series of articles was cooked up telling the "grim" story of the "deterioration" of relations and how the "attack" schemed up by Cardenas was really master-minded by - Leon Trotsky.

Trotsky happened to be in Mexico at the time. Out of all the countries in the world, Mexico was the only one willing to grant the persecuted socialist leader the right of political asylum.

Trotsky in return had pledged not to intervene in Mexican politics, a pledge he kept although he was fascinated by the Mexican as well as the whole Latin-American political scene. The campaign of the Daily News was thus aimed at both President Cardenas and Mexico's distinguished guest.

The challenge had to be met. Trotsky asked his lawyer to call the attention of the News to the existence of laws regarding libel, thus touching the one nerve that can be considered sensitive in this newspaper - money. The News agreed to publish a reply by Trotsky in their Sunday edition (Jan. 8, 1939).

The gist of Trotsky's reply was that he had not had the honor of meeting President Cardenas; that he had taken no part in Mexican politics; and that in any case the Mexican government, concerned with tions took place, ranging from ban Workers, whereas the Trot- German government, a stand its sovereignty and its international pres- the demonstrations against Nix- skyist delegates backed the Cutige would not turn to an immigrant for on to struggles of greater force ban proposal. However, despite advice. Mexico was perfectly capable of running its own affairs. What Mexico did with its own oil was Mexico's business and no one else's. (In a coming issue of the Militant we hope to reprint this reply, which is of the greatest interest in view of the similar campaign which the Daily News is now waging against the Cuban government.)

Today the Daily News does not have a Trotsky whom it can seek to weave into its propaganda. But it does have the Soviet better prices for raw materials, Union which Trotsky helped found. And creation of a Common Market. with this it tries to make do.

The Daily News is hot for a counterrevolution in Cuba. It has expressed the hope that the State Department is quietly from trading with the USSR. going about it as it did in the case of Guatemala. And what is the reaction of the State Department to this?

Did Herter scream? Did Ambassador Bonsal demand a retraction? Did a single congressman, either Democratic or Republican, rise to wave his arms in the halls of Congress about this patent attempt to worsen relations between Cuba and the United States?

Naturally not. This was one of their propaganda rags. It happened to spill a bit Revolution, to isolate it, blockof the truth. Who around the State Department would dare challenge the accuracy of the Daily News?

But if Castro or a Cuban newspaper had ventured to make the charge - what ate strategy with the capitalist good whiff of the fumes from a we have to count on youngsters an army of scoundrels in Washington rulers of the various countries tear-gas bomb thrown against to get rid of that lunatic, apparently was most pronounced tween American and Philippine would have wrapped themselves in the against the Latin - American the demonstrators.

"recession" of 1957-58 had such serious repercussions in the Latin-American countries that their governments, despite being pro-imperialist in the majority, began to petition the U.S. and demand better prices and a more stable market for their raw materials. Thus in 1958 a surreptitious regroupment of the cowardly

Latin-American bourgeoisie began which culminated in the "Operation Pan-America"

Bolivia and Brazil.

All this - united with the critical world situation facing imperialism - obliged Wall Street, for the time being, to take a defensive attitude, dialectically interrelated with their governments, but the pubits permanent offensive line. In his defensive posture, for those who greeted the presi-Eisenhower sought to placate dent by waving little flags,

can would like more economic aid, troops on review. In brief, he sought to defer and

attenuate any protest movement of the Latin-American bourgeoisie, as well as impede them But U.S. imperialism is not in position to resolve or even ameliorate the contradictions of these semicolonial countries. In

fact it can't even do much about their immediate demands. It can't offer better prices for raw materials or increase purchases It can't permit the "full" development of a Common Market. On the offensive side, Eisennower sought to form a common front with the Latin-American

bourgeoisie against the Cuban ade it, in order in this way to prepare the conditions for an alist demonstration. imperialist blow (whether from

No Hero to Them

Eisenhower was received with pomp by the bourgeosie and posed itinerary.

lic remained indifferent, save the demands of his Latin-Ameri- bought with dollars shelled out "junior partners," who by the U.S. embassies, like

No massive anti-imperialist lemonstrations occurred due to the extreme vigilance of the police and the brake applied by the Communist parties. But actions against imperialism took place in every country visited by Eisenhower, although the

world press was silent about many of them. In Puerto Rico, demonstrators

openly demanded independence In Brazil, where they are very droit at giving the police the needle, they put up a banner that read, "Welcome Ike." As he president drew abreast, down came the word, "Ike," to reveal a different name, so that the sign read, "Welcome, Fidel."

within or from without). At the workers made Eisenhower sense same time he sought to co-ordin- their protests when he got a Castro plotter told Cannel "If deal of variety,

In Other Lands

be able to say, "Go south, young

The new slogan will be, "Go

to the moon, young man." That,

we think, will be said after the

American workers take power,

not to subjugate people, but for

the good of humanity.

man.'

Khrushchev Begins French Visit

to speed service of meals.

hundred mess halls in Chekiang

Province.

Says Germany Is Key Issue

Soviet Premier Khrushchev arrived in Paris March 23 for money for arms are run by, with meetings with President de and for youngsters. "Former Gaulle and began pressing for generals and ambassadors are a common Soviet-French posi- not going to follow the leaderputting on the agenda discussion last year when the Stalinists op- tion against "the rebirth of Ger- ship - no matter how goodof a Common Market. At the posed acceptance of the invita- man militarism." He urged of former corporals or cour- Dies in Norway same time, anti-imperialist ac- tion of the Confederation of Cu- French recognition of the East iers.

Cannel enthusiastically requickly rejected by De Gaulle. ported last Oct. 31, four or five anti-Castro groups operating out Khrushchev further developed his stand at public meetings of of Miami, Fla. Now he says the Communist party and before the counter-revolutionaries the workers' movement were other radical groups. The gov- have split into eight or ten ernment had tried to block such groups "drawing farther apart

public appearances by mapping from each other a grueling tour of the country. China's Mess Halls Khrushchev rejected the pro-

Promise Hot Meals. In his arrival speech, Khrushchev offered a tribute to dictator Service on Time De Gaulle. He referred to the authoritarian general as "a great Widespread criticism of the mess halls in China's rural peo-French patriot" for whom "the

Soviet holds sentiments of re- ple's communes has led to a spect." He also echoed De Gaulle's propaganda theme of duced in the kitchens designed the "greatness of France."

De Gaulle replied that he considered Khrushchev "an emi- leading Communist party newsnent statesman, very alert, very decisive . . .

Young People Form Large Majority of Cuban Population

"Oddly but relentlessly," the accommodating 365 persons each Cuban birth rate "plagues the have introduced such innovaanti-Castro underground more tions as bellows worked by feet than anything else," comments instead of by hand, bamboo Ward Cannel in a New York pipes, vegetable-cutting ma-World-Telegram article, March chines, noodle-pressing ma-19. entitled "Cuba Youth Turns chines, etc. Fidel Foes Gray.' Along with punctual service,

Cubans under the age of 25 make up 60 per cent of the

and tasty meals" with a great cent are under 15. One anti-Opposition to the mess halls

[Castro] we might as well give last summer and fall and led the businessmen as guaranteed by would have wrapped themselves in the workers' movement which is American flag to denounce the "attack!" workers' movement which is CUT raised a seven-foot-high is impossible to deal with an untary" character.

idealist in a land of children-1 Critics of the commune proexcept by force. But where are gram within the party, said the you going to muster the force?" mess halls "deprived people of In Havana, Cannel reports, freedom" and served too little round-the-clock rallies to raise food and food that was bad.

> Jeanette Olson, Trotskyist Veteran,

Jeanette Olson, a Trotskyist since 1928, died last month in Oslo. She was nearly 86 years old. Her most active years in between 1900 and 1914.

She was editor of several workers' papers in different parts of the country, and served as general secretary of the North-Norwegian fisherman's union during the First World War. She was also a leader of social-democratic and later of Communist activity among women.

From 1918-23, she was a member of the central leadership of number of devices being introthe Norwegian Labor party and from 1923-28 of the central committee of the Norwegian Com-The Peking People's Daily, munist party. In 1928 she became the leader of the Trotskypaper, refers to the changes as ist group in Norway and edited the "semi-mechanization" of the the monthly "October," issued mess halls. One instance of this jointly by the Norwegian and is the introduction of bamboo Danish Trotskyists. pipes for running water in one

Filipino Movement

In Shansi Province, mess halls **Throws Scare Into U.S. Businessmen**

A "Filipino first" movement 'aimed at helping Philippine citizens acquire a majority interest in their own economy" has American investors worried about "hard times ahead," the regime promises that the inreported the March 21 New novations will help provide "hot York Times. President Carlos P. Garcia, however, sought to give assurances that the program would preserve parity be-

In Argentina, the Peronists

organized an impressive nation-In Uruguay the students and population, and of these, 40 per

Letters from Our Readers

Woolworth Pickets Are Not a Quiet Lot Editor:

A young girl, a high-schoolstudent friend of mine, has been woman, she lives on East Tenth marching on the Woolworth picket lines. She commented on the attitude of the pacifists.

"They tell the kids on the line not to shout; to march quietly and be dignified. The kids don't listen. They can't. You just get so angry and so excited about the whole thing that you have to yell."

Well, I'm no youth any more, but on my first Woolworth picket-line duty at the Fourteenth Street Store last Saturday, nobody told me to be quiet - but if they had tried, they couldn't have stopped most of us from six to sixty.

Here's why. The crowds pass the store and hesitate to study the signs, to make a decision. You want them to do the right thing. So you holler with the others on the line, "Pass 'em by!"

If some one starts to make a out louder, "Don't go in, lady, don't give your dimes for segre- of the Trujillo government, these strikes but both were thwarted by our "leaders." gation.'

When a Negro enters the store the line yells almost in unison. "Don't go in lady, Jim Crow, Jim Crow!" Despite the many voices it sounds like a plea.

enter and a young Puerto Rican definitely exists in the Domini- Union of Mineworkers. girl on the line calls out loudly can Republic. in Spanish. The woman smiles

People keep joining the line. | ment - at the very same mom-One Jewish woman about fifty ent that the International Federation of Free Trade Unions is vears old marched all afternoon. She spots a woman acquaint- trying to enforce a world boyance about to go in. "Watch this," she says, "I know that Street. She's very religious." "Don't go in there," she movement.

you do." The woman turns. blanches and hurries off. A middle-aged Negro woman agrees to picket for minutes. She stays two hours, shouting, "Not just this Woolworth store, All the Woolworth stores." She's Editor:

one of the most spirited shouters on the line. H.G. New York Scores Longshore

Leaders for Deal With Gen. Trujillo

Editor:

The ILA thus collaborates shamefacedly and turns away, with a system that bans free and the line sends up a cheer. unions and a free labor move-

cott against the Trujillo regime! This is a despicable betraval of working-class aspirations and of the Dominican resistance shouts, "God will punish you if **Trent Hutter**

Miners in England **Fight Pit Closures**

New York

As a miner, I'm naturally interested in your reports on struggles of the American work-Here in Britain, we coalminers

face pit closures, unemployment, attacks on contracts, excessive disciplines, etc. The leaders of our National Union of Mineworkers, both

right wing and Stalinist, are giv-Concerning the Dominican ing us no lead whatsoever. situation, I have just read in the The recent strikes in the Dex-New York Herald Tribune on pit, Scotland, and the Bette-(March 9) that the International shanger pit, Kent, were both in Longshoremen's Association has protest against pit closures. The move toward the door, it comes organized the dock-workers of miners attempted to spread

whose "anti-communism" is be- Rank-and-file members of the ing praised by the ILA leaders. NUM in many parts of the coun-Under Dominican law - that try, including Nottinghamshire, is, Trujillo's "Labor Code" - have formed militant rank-andthere are no free unions. All file groups to combat the Na-"trade-unions" are controlled by tional Coal Board's attacks and A Spanish woman starts to the government. And slave labor to fight inside the National

> Best Wishes. G.S.

> > Bilborough, England

"Let's Act Big"

A presidential straw vote conducted by Union News, official publication of the Oil, Chemical and Atomic Workers, AFL-CIO, turned up some interesting sentiments.

The great bulk of those voting declared themselves Democrats - 409 as against 91 Republicans - with the greatest number of Democratic votes going for Senator John Kennedy and Senator Humphrey as runner-up.

The balloting, however, expressed some desire for independent labor political action. Three members declared themselves in favor of a labor party and four named prominent union officials as their choice for president. One vote was cast for Farrell Dobbs, Socialist Workers nominee.

One voter who expressed himself for a labor party was Ray Dilworth, editor of Local News, published by the OCAW's Local Union 1-547 of Torrance, Calif.

The March 7 issue of Union News carries a letter from Dilworth explaining why he voted for a labor party. The text of his letter follows.

"Thank you for tabulating my one lone vote for a Labor Party, in the first straw vote count. I was a wee bit afraid it would be considered a joke and that possibly it might be voided.

"Let me assure you no humor was intended. I am dead serious about feeling Labor Party is a requisite to the future well being of the labor movement. The 1960's are going to be rough years for us. "The next decade will call for drastic changes

in our way of doing things, if we are to survive. We must accept the fact that our present modes of operations are obsolete. Our mechanism is of a 1930 vintage and is no longer suitable to cope with the up-coming problems of the future.

"Our two-party system in America no longer serves the working people, who are the backbone of our nation. The two parties Little Rock last Thursday for re- 25 and 30 high school students wrangle among themselves, leaving us to shift for ourselves. We have in the past, associated ourselves with the Democratic Party. But they have foresaken us, too. We get clobbered no matter which way we turn.

"We are always on the defensive. It is high time we took the bull by the horns and do something about it. Let's show some initiative by taking drastic steps and elbow our way out of the fix we're in. Revolutionize our thinking, way of doing things, our attitude, and stop being the low man on the totem pole.

"Be positive thinkers. Think big, act big and be big. I don't mean be big in the sense of a bully. But be big in our own right. Be able to stand on our own two feet and not have to take any guff from either the Republicans or Democrats.

'We have men within the labor movement who are capable of being President of the United States. Our labor leaders have shown themselves to be diplomats and

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(Continued from Page 1) The next day, 41 Negroes were arrested when they sat down in two "white-only" pub-lic libraries. The prisoners included L. F. Palmer, Jr., editor of the Tri-State Defender, widely read Negro weekly, two of his employees and two newsmen from the Memphis World, also a Negro weekly.

On Monday, they were brought into a heavily guarded courthouse while hund.eds of Negroes sang and chanted outside. "Disorderly conduct" fines of \$25 were slapped on 36 of the defendants and Palmer was fined \$50. Charges were dropped against the other four newsmen. The 36 were held for grand-jury action on a state charge of "disturbing the public peace."

Undaunted by this victimization, ten Negroes marched back into the segregated library the next day and another 13 went to the local art gallery. All 23 were jailed.

Meanwhile mass meetings, attended by thousands, were organized by the Negro communty. A rally of more than 2,000 initiated "stay away from downtown days." On Tuesdays and Thursdays, throughout the Easter shopping season, downtown white merchants will be boycotted.

Savannah Sitdown

In Savannah, Ga., eleven ouths were jailed Monday for refusing to leave lunch counters at the Grevhound and Trailways bus stations and the local railroad station.

store urging Negroes to shop didn't interfere with the whites. elsewhere. Last week state

after gangs of rock-throwing week chose 60-day jail terms whites had assaulted Negroes in over \$300 fines, and called for a "fill-the-jails" stand throughout

olutions.

position, Gaitskell has been

a retreat. But he has managed

In New Berne, N.C., between fusing to leave a dime store were marched away from a dime store by police. In the

- Franklinn Peterson Negro and white students join in demonstration at

Backing Them Up

Madison, Wisconsin to show solidarity for anti-Jim-Crow movement in the South. "This issue appears to have aroused" the present campus generation "as have few others," said the New York Times, March 20, in its front-page roundup of student picketing in the North.

Negroes were attacked by a at Woolworth and Kresge lunch gang of 100 whites after police counters. Jim Crow movie The next day pickets appeared had forced them to end a three- houses in the town have been at the city's largest downtown day lunch-bar sitdown. The cops picketed for the past three weeks.

Victory in Texas

THE MILITANT

MONDAY, MARCH 28, 1960

Antonio, Texas, where five downtown stores agreed to Police Chief Story who claimed desegregate their lunch count- that "violence" might result. ers after receiving notice from Even today's demonstration the NAACP Council of projected might bring trouble, he warned sitdowns.

courthouse they sang and shout-A partial victory was scored unstable people and a lot of in Suffolk, Va., when the local them are nigger-haters who ed slogans as they were booked Woolworth lunch counter, clos- | would start violence - even in on "trespass" charges. Lunch counter action was ex- ed for two weeks after demontended last week to Bluefield, strations, reopened on a service-W. Va., when 17 students from to-all, stand-up basis with stools In St. Augustine, Fla., eight Bluefield State College sat down removed from the counter.



tations." "The political task of Labor party?"

in the South Wales area had already taken the same action and it was expected that the Depketics gates that his union would op- Derbyshire area would follow give it socialist content."

Demands Met UAW **At South Gate Plant**

LOS ANGELES, March 21 - Militant action by the membership of AFL-CIO United Automobile Workers, Local 216, forced management of General Motors assembly plant at South Gate, California.+-

March 15.

The settlement came at zero down."

Rights Parade And Rally Held In Cleveland

By Bob Kingsley

CLEVELAND, March 20 -500 people including 200 students from colleges in the area, marched along downtown Euclid Avenue today from the Public Square to Euclid Avenue Baptist Church where an overflow mass meeting of 3,000 was held. The meeting was spon-sored by Local 3 of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butchers Union, Region 3 of the Textile Workers Union, the Cleveland branch of the NAA-CP and other organizations.

The march was initiated by the NAACP chapter at Western Reserve University. The group had originally planned a week A victory was won in San day demonstration at Woolworth's but were blocked by as he told newsmen that ". there are a lot of emotionally

> a peaceful protest." But if any danger of violence had existed, it became a remote one as hundreds of Negro observers gathered along the line of march and many Negro-operated cars cruised up and down the ave-

nue. Unprecedented police restrictions were imposed on the Tribune reports that the NUM the moment," MacIntyre writes, marchers. They were forced to stay on the sidewalk, two abreast. They had to stop at the spirit of union members; every intersection because the management kept tightening the

to meet the major demands of tion proposal was "to add more the union in order to stave off manpower if the line speed were strike called for Tuesday, increased or to make up jobs when there was a line break

hour Tuesday. A special union This vague proposal was met meeting called for 4 p.m., at- with the cry "where are you gotended by some 1,500 members, ing to get them from-we don't ejected management's proposal have enough now." The memon the speed-up issue. The union bers voted to back up the had demanded the employment union's demand for six additionof additional men. The corpora- al men. When the vote was

taken on the management proposal only six votes were cast in favor. No sooner had the meeting

NUMBER 13

adjourned than management asked for another meeting with union representatives. By 7:30 Tuesday evening a satisfactory settlement was reached and the strike was called off.

In addition to the demand for additional workers to meet the Demonstrating their support to speed-up pressure the union the Southern "sit-in" fighters, won the following concessions:

(1) A shift preference agreement. Management had previously taken the position-that men would be assigned to a second shift without regard to seniority. This was knocked out and seniority provisions are to prevail in manning a second shift.

(2) Procedure for adequate relief. The union had protested the flagrant violations of "relief" privileges. Seventeen relief grievances had been filed and were being ignored. The situation had become intolerable. It was agreed "to establish proper and adequate relief for individual workers who find it necessary to leave the line for relief of personal needs.'

(3) Limitation on the use of maintenance employees on the line. Management, had made a practice of using maintenance men on the line to speed production instead of hiring relief men. It was agreed that maintenance men would be used on the production line "only in cases of extreme emergency, and then only on a temporary basis."

The most important aspect of the victory was the boost in union morale. The corporation had been riding roughshod over the shop grievance committee; union militants who filed grievances were harassed and victimized; disciplinary lay-offs were imposed in an attempt to break cops gave priority to traffic. screw to test the power of union esistan

When the membership re-

sponded with a vote for strike

action and showed they were

serious about carrying it

through the corporation beat

So far as management is con-

cerned such agreements are al-

a retreat.

Eight of eleven arrested sittroopers were sent into the city downers in Tallahassee last

the downtown area. Five youths were sentenced to the South.

30 days in jail and fined \$250 in lunch counter.

dict was handed down, groups of college students sat down at five segregated lunch counters in the city. The counters closed.

(Continued from Page 1)

Transport and General Work-

ers' Union, told the pickets.

Bill Jones, London busman

and member of TGWU execu-

tive council, s"assured dele-

Immediately after the ver-

They possess executive ability and leadership. "Let's look to the future. Plan ahead.

Think about it - why not put a man of our own choosing in the White House?"

Notes in the News

KAPITALIST KOMEDIAN - The Chief of Naval Operations, Admiral Arleigh Burke (note that suspicious "k" in his name), says that from now on he's going too spell Communism with a "K" because "it might help to testify Kommunism for what it is - a foreignism that will never be accepted voluntarily by a free people." The reform ought to be instituted at once in our cindergartens where spelling is first taught our cids along with other foreignisms such as Khristianity and arithmetik. A 100 per cent American project like this will undoubtedly be backed to the hilt by patriotic organizations like the Cu Clux Clan. . . .

BIG BROTHER IN ACTION - George Orwell's "1984" and Aldous Huxley's "Brave New World," both political satires warning of the danger of totalitarianism, were withdrawn from Miami high-school book shelves after an anonymous telephone call to a school official complained the books contained "obscene" passages. Seven of the principals who yanked the books admitted they had not read them. Author Philip Wylie, a Miami resident, described the action of the principals as "ignorant and craven" and declared they were helping to "bring 1984 dictatorship closer."

BEAT BUT NOT THROUGH - Last December, the Holy Barbarian, a small "beatnik" bar featuring cool jazz and poetry opened in St. Louis. It quickly won a wide patronage from all walks of life. But on March 8, the Holy Barbarian closed down. Situated in a lily-white neighborhood, it's jazz band was integrated and it declared its doors were open to all. The proprietor, Virgil Matheus, charges that cops kept coming in, ostensibly searching for "dope peddlers," actually to see if there were any interracial couples. They never found any narcotics. But authorities finally found a pretext for closing the place. A waitress turned out to be 20 years old, under the legal age for serving liquor. The bar's license was immediately revoked. Matheus announced to guests, "We may be beat, but we're not through." . . .

TIME IS MONEY - "How's your time?" inquires a card distributed to employees of Service Bureau Corp., a division of International Business Machine Corp. "When we waste or lose valuable time," it adds, "it's almost the same as throwing our money away." (Emphasis added.) It suggests to employees that "we" should be as careful about saving time as about saving money. To demonstrate the right attitude on saving money, a gift is attached - a plastic facsimile of a watch.

SMEAR AND RUN - The California Department of Education disclosed March 18 that at least six teachers subpoenaed by the House Un-American Activities Committee have been fired or forced to resign." The six were among 93 educators subpoenaed by the House committee before statewide public protests forced it to cancel its projected hearing. Rep. Walter (D-Pa.), chairman of the committee says that after he called off the hearing the committee's files of "evidence" against those subpoenaed were turned over to state authorities and that this may provide a pattern for future activity of the smear committee.

PRACTICALLY FOOL-PROOF - Students at Cornell University's College of Architecture in New York have designed a community underground atomic bomb shelter which they say will resolve the problem of psychological readjustment to subsurface life. The subterranean shelters of a specially designed school building are to be used normally as cafeterias and Sunday schools. This is designed to give the citizens a day-to-day acquaintance with the underground facilities and make them feel more at home when the emergency comes. One bug remains to be ironed out. One of the student-designers explains, "If there's a direct

hit, the problem literally disappears."

A SLUR ON FREE ENTERPRISE - Some subversive element in the top brass of the New York Police Department has posted notices in station houses advising the personnel 2.38-cent-a-pound premium the that bribery is a crime.

INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS - Job injuries million tons of Cuban sugar disabled 1.970,000 workers in 1959, according to each year is based "on an erronthe Bureau of Labor Statistics. Approximately 13,800 of the job accidents resulted in death. The total accident figure was 8 per cent higher than 1958.

. . .

SOME FOLKS ARE NEVER PLEASED Gov. Orval Faubus of Arkansas who called out the National Guard in 1957 to keep nine Negro interests operating in Cuba" children from entering Little Rock's Central who receive \$100 million a year. High School, is running for a fourth term. Attorney General Bruce Bennett, running anxious to maintain the status use against Cuba should its against him, accuses Faubus of being "soft" on the race issue.

pose all attempts to amend suit. the Union of Post Office Work-Clause Four."

Among the other NEC members who told the lobbyists that they would defend Clause Four were Anthony Greenwood, Tom Driberg, Harold Wilson, Jennie Lee and Barbara Castle, retir-

ing Labor party chairman. attempt to draw off the heat and gain his objective by Many of the right-wing union tricky maneuvers. Instead of officials are on the side of the calling for discarding Clause Gaitskell proposal, of course. Four he is now proposing to But the socialist concept is add "clarifying" phrases to it. deeply rooted in the ranks of British unionism, and finds ex-Alasdair MacIntyre analyzes

pression in the constitution of the various unions. Tradeunion officials feel this pressure and this tends to divide the right wing.

The left Laborite weekly, Tribune, reports: "The Yorkshire area of the National Union of Mineworkers - the largest in the country - supported the following resolution by an overwhelming majority: 'Arising from our own experience in connection with the mining industry and our demand for the extension of na-

reason.

rabid fellows on the Left." tionalization in respect of the MacIntyre submits the Clause distribution of coal, we reaffirm our belief in the common ownership of the means of pro- Marxist analysis which discloses against the Socialist Labor Leaduction, distribution and ex- its historical background and gue and Newsletter over a year change as set out in Clause Four' the reasons why it has been the ago, the right-wing bureaucrats



(Continued from Page 1) "Actually the premium is a subsidy paid by U.S. sugar quota and eliminating the government - financed premium to consumers to some 19 firms operating in Cuba." The major sugar producers, the sugar companies are not very eager that companies are the West Indies Sugar Corp. and the this be done now. And for good United Fruit Co.

The proposal to penalize the However, the vast holdings of pointed out that if the bureau-Castro regime by cutting the U.S. government pays above world-market prices for three agrarian reform law. In line come under attack. with the Cuban revolution's obeous idea of who gets the money," said Robert G. Spivack in the March 10 New York Post. "It turns out that the premium . . does not go to the Cuban

government," Spivack said, but mills. . "directly to the American sugar The change in the Sugar Act

thus seems to be designed for "The big sugar companies, quo, would be just as happy if government nationalize the isleverybody dropped the subject. and's sugar industry.

Other unions. including Meanwhile the crisis in the Labor party has erupted among ers are considering similar resthe Laborite Members of Parliament where at least 44 of the 257 Labor MP's are op-Against this background of posed to the official party Labor party and union oppolicy on "building an independent nuclear deterrent" for shifting and squirming in an England. The opposition, composed of pacifists and socialists, has come into increasingly sharp opposition to the imperial

ist foreign policy followed by the right wing. Richard H. S Crossman, a leading member of the opposition, resigned from this strategy in the March 19 the party's "shadow cabinet' Newsletter. MacIntyre warns: when Gaitskell tried to gag him when Gaitskell tried to gag him "Mr. Gaitskell's change is not by invoking the discipline of the Labor party's leading group to give the appearance of one in parliament.

who has retreated. This could Crossman's resignation assist him in two ways. It is from the "shadow cabinet" liable to disarm the Left and has stirred broad protest delude them into thinking that against the high-handed move they have won a victory when to suppress the opposition to they have in fact been defeated. the right-wing's foreign policy. And it could help to build the The issue is now whether image of Mr. Gaitskell as a MP's who are not in the reasonable man who is willing "shadow cabinet" may disto compromise, unlike those sent with right-wing policies.

When the capitalist press Four question to a searching opened a red-baiting campaign of the Labor party and the unions responded by joining the witch hunt and attempting to clerks in this city. silence and expel the Marxist group. The SLL repeatedly warned that the witch-hunt against the Marxists was only

the beginning. It appealed to all left-wing elements to rally to the support of its elementary democratic rights within the Labor party and the union. It

these American companies in crats were allowed to victimize Cuba - totaling 1.6 million any section of the left wing acres of land - are subject to with impunity, they would be expropriation under Cuba's emboldened and others would

The episode around Crossjective of bringing the island's man's resignation would seem economy under the control of to call for thoughtful considerthe Cuban people, the Castro ation of this warning at this regime might also decide to take time and begin a more vigorous over the American-owned sugar trend towards unity of all leftwing forces in the fight for union and party democracy, as proposed by the Administration well as the central fight for a socialist program.

> Why not pass this copy of the Militant on to a friend?

This was in contrast to Thursday's Saint Patrick's Day parade when traffic was held up for hours to let the dignitaries march by. In addition, the police sought to intimidate today's demonstrators by stationing cops on top of theater marquees and filming each marcher going

Kress stores here today.

tion.

continue.

ways made with tongue in At the spirited mass rally, cheek. The pressure will be on local as well as Southern Jim to soften up the ranks and weed Crow was roundly condemned. out the militants. It will be up

to the men on the job to see that the corporation lives up to the Spread Boycott ment. To San Diego SAN DIEGO, March 19 -

Calendar Joining the nationwide movement in support of Southern **Of Events** students fighting Jim Crow, more than 100 Negro and white pickets marched in front of the downtown Woolworth and

NEW YORK Organized by the local branch "WHAT'S WRONG WITH THE of the NAACP the action was NEW CIVIL RIGHTS LAW?" originally planned as a two-Hear George Lavan, staff memhour demonstration. But so ber, the Militant. Friday, April 1, many people volunteered that 8:30 p.m. 116 University Place. it was changed to an all-day ac-Auspices: Militant Labor Forum.

Contribution: 50 cents. At an open NAACP meeting

of 500 last week - the biggest * * * in many years—it was pointed out that Woolworth and Kress GALA SPRING SOCIAL. Saturday, April 2, 9 p.m. 116 both refuse to hire Negro sales University Place. Music, refreshments and special surprise Picketing of these stores will entertainment. Bring your friends! Contribution 50 cents.

