Meany's Attack **On Adam C. Powell**

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Hit Jim Crow At Lunch Bars **Negro Students Give Free Lesson**

To Kress and Woolworth Dime Stores By Alex Harte

FEB. 7 — A lunch-counter anti-discrimination sit-down action by Negro college and high-school students in Greensboro, N.C., yesterday forced the downtown F. W. Woolworth and S. H. Kress stores to close+

up. A number of white students | American flags and whites waysupported the protest which was ing Confederate flags. In the directed against refusal of the afternoon, the management said stores to serve Negroes at the a telephone call had been received that a bomb had been lunch counters. Today it was reported that the planted in the basement. They

students have called a two-week closed down the store. The Nearmistice and spokesmen for the gro demonstrators moved to the two stores said they would re- Kress store which then also open tomorrow but that the closed. The action was initiated by

lunch counters would remain closed temporarily.

The action was begun at the Woolworth store Feb. 2, forcing lege. They were then joined by it to close almost immediately students from Bennett College its segregated stand-up snack and Dudley high school. bar for Negroes. The students sat at the "whites only" counter. chatting quietly, studying and reading newspapers. About 60 students were involved.

A group of white teen-agers and some adults identified as also occupying seats and then aid if needed. giving them up to white patrons. Four of the white youths had tion in 1958 by Negro youth in **His Victims?** hunting knives strapped to their belts.

When the protest action opened, a spokesman for the Negro youth declared: "If they can sell us merchandise from other counters, we say they should serve us at the lunch counter."

Store manager S. L. Harris commented: "They can just sit Brooklyn, Jan. 17. It tore a hole there. It's nothing to me."

But yesterday the aisles of missile was eventually found the Woolworth store were jam- it had fallen back into the med with Negroes carrying room.

- Too Many Babies? -----

On the third day it was reported that white students were supporting the sitdown. Greensboro NAACP president Dr. George A. Simkins said that while his organization had no

students from North Carolina

Agricultural and Technical Col-

prior knowledge of the action, members of the Ku Klux Klan it was 100% behind it and tried to counter the action by would provide the students legal A similar lunch-counter ac-

Oklahoma City, Okla., succeeded in breaking through the Jim Crow barrier in a number of mood," Dominican dictator Rastores there.



accidentally at Fort Hamilton, in the roof and vanished. The

> ents, "Fingernails are yanked out, electric torture machines are applied to different parts of the body until a person either loses consciousness or dies." That is the report of Pierre Daniel, a French tourist, who has just left the Dominican Republic and who is still shaking from the horrors that he saw or heard of. His account is quoted in the Feb. 8 Revolucion, official



More than 200 men, women and children, exiles from the Dominican Republic, demonstrated in front of the Dominican Consulate in New York Feb. 6. They denounced U.S. support of the murderous dictatorship of Trujillo. After the demonstration they marched to the front of the United Nations where they heard a brief address by Pablo Hugo Espaillat of the Dominican Revolutionary Union. He hailed the demonstration as the first fruit of the united front recently achieved by six of the seven Dominican exile groups here.

On Tour If He Smiles, Who Can Hear The Kind of Politics That Doesn't Pay Off In a "friendly, back-slapping

Los Angeles, Calif. Editor:

fael Trujillo told New York Times correspondent Edward C. David J. McDonald of the Burks Feb. 8 that he intends steel union has been vacation-"later" to reduce the thirty-year ing a few miles south of here at Palm Springs, a swank watering place for the well-But Trujillo's "mood" in prito-do. The other day General vate is somewhat different from Eisenhower, also taking his the mood he displays for the ease in the same town, inbenefit of foreign correspondvited McDonald over to the golf links for a "social break-

fast." What Eisenhower had in mind, apart from an obvious intent to woo union support for the Republicans, was not disclosed; but a clue may be found in a recent public statement by Vice-President Nixon. tract." The general probably talked with the union leader along the lines of Nixon's assertion that"there could be nothing paper of the Cuban government. more irresponsible than to "Many of the political prisonplace before Congress in an ers are already dead as a conseelection year the complicated and potentially explosive issue of labor-management re-Victoria, situated on the outlations. skirts of the Dominican capital, This double talk urges the bosses not to put their political agents on the spot as open in cells without beds or blankets enemies of labor until they have got themselves re-electfacilities. Their only food is ed; for workers it seeks to water or flour and water." create the illusion of a prom-Fighting in the island was still ise there will be no further going on, according to Daniel, antilabor legislation. In addition Eisenhower no doubt appealed to McDonald's labor statesmanship in terms Spain for use against his own of Nixon's oily request to "excountrymen, had rebelled and plore every possible means of increasing productivity, re-According to Burks, the curducing costs and improving rerent wave of arrests, involving lations between union and management during the period 5,000 victims, followed an "upof this [steel] contract." rising" against the dictator of What a trap such labor "middle-class professional and statesmanship entails for the union is shown by a corporation directive to foremen circulated in the steel industry Soviet Population party. here. The population of the Soviet "Union strength now poses Union increased by 3,660,000 in an ominous challenge," the 1959. A census last year put the foremen are told. "The only logical answer to the pressure

buildup is increased management resistance — a stronger

labor relations posture." With the battle cry "No concessions are minor," the corporation prepares for continved struggle against any union effort to better the situation of

the steel workers. Stubborn refusal to make new concessions to the union becomes the point of departure for a persistent attempt to whittle away past union gains. "Any company bent on improving its operations," the directive says, "will, on occasion, find its actions at variance with the [union] con-

Foremen are assured that it is not a knock against them to have labor trouble in their department: "Support of sup-

'We'll Be Back Again,' Say Algerian Fascists De Gaulle Wields Dictatorial Powers

Macmillan Picketed on African Trip

When British Prime Minister Macmillan arrived in Lusaka,

Northern Rhodesia, during his ecently concluded tour of Briain's African holdings, hundreds of women members of the African National Congress met him

at the airport with placards incribed "one man, one vote." Their demand for universal adult suffrage (including the caise" — "Algeria is French" vote for women) was directed against white-settler control of lion. he Central African Federation.

The federation links Southern Rhodesia, Northern Rhodesia and Nyasaland. Its population numbers 6,630,000 Africans and 220,000 white European settlers. Yet of thirty-five members of tian Science Monitor.

the legislature only six are Africans, and these are virtually hand picked.

When Macmillan came to Blantyre, Nyasaland, an African demonstration demanded that he immediately release Dr. Hastings K. Banda, an imprisoned nationalist leader.

Blantyre cops handled the demonstrators with particular brutality. They caned, kneed, rabbit-punched and brought their heavy boots down on the Africans' bare feet — while Macmillan was attending a civic Feb. 7 New York Herald Tribuncheon nearby.

une says, "A new crisis may de-Addressing the South African velop when, and if, Gen. de Parliament in Capetown on Feb. Gaulle makes public his plan 3. Macmillan said: "The most [for Algeria]. The settlers, who striking of all the impressions mean to preserve today's Algeria have formed since I left Lonand their dominant position in don a month ago is of the it, could make Jan. 24 look like strength of African national cona picnic." ciousness.'

He warned the arch-racists mats in Paris, wrote Philip Gey- welcome are seen as steps who rule South Africa: "The elin in the Feb. 8 Wall Street toward resumption of normal wind of change is blowing Journal, believe that "the riots diplomatic ties between Cuba (Continued on Page 4) through this continent." and the Soviet Union.

Meany Alters His Story Albert Lea

To Discipline Rebellious Followers By Daniel Roberts Armed with dictatorial powers, President de Gaulle

has taken a number of steps to discipline the fascist elements in Algeria, within the army and among politicians in his own party.

These forces helped him assume power in May 1958 but threatened to overturn his regime last month. In fact, they have vowed to try again to dislodge him and to impose a fascist regime on France.

As Lagaillarde and his sup-As Lagaillarde and his sup-porters quit the barricades in Cubans Greet Algiers on Feb. 1 crowds of colons shouted "L'Algerie Fran-caise" — "Algeria is French" — Visitors from their war cry during the rebel-

anger, as groups of young people taunted the parachutists with 'letting us down,'" wrote Joan Thiriet in the Feb. 3 Chris-

Many observers are convinced that the Jan. 24 rebellion in Algiers will be repeated. Thus Joseph Barry writes in the Feb. 2 New York Post that so long as the Algerian war lasts "it will give fascist plotters fire to play with. Even if, as they must, Lagaillarde and Ortiz are sentenced as criminals, there are others to take their place the next time de

Gaulle seems near peace negotiations with the FLN." about Soviet achievements. B. J. Cutler writing in the As an offering of good will to the Cuban people, the Soviet government timed a cabled order for 345,000 tons of sugar to coincide with Mikoyan's arrival. Diplomatic relations were

broken off between the two countries under Batista's government. The fair, Mikoyan's visit Many journalists and diplo- and the Cuban officials' warm

"The atmosphere [in Algiers] was bitter, one of defiance and anger. as groups of Cuban leaders gave Anastas I. Mikoyan, Soviet vice-premier and director of foreign trade, a

Price 10c

warm welcome as he arrived in Havana Feb. 5 to open the Soviet Exhibition of Science, Technology and Culture, the same one that was displayed in New York and Mexico City.

Premier Fidel Castro greeted Mikoyan at the airport, and Castro and President Osvaldo Dorticos took part in the opening ceremonies of the exhibit. Revolucion used its entire Monday magazine supplement to tell

Second in a series of articles.

By Joseph Hansen 🗕

The Enemy Invades

American Politics

A prodigious amount of thought has been expended on the problem of how best to outfox our latest enemy; quence of the cruel tortures apnamely, the infant humans moving in on us. The problem plied in the Victorian prison. In is thorny, as we have seen, for if the present rate of birth keeps up and nothing happens to increase the rate of death, the prisoners are kept half naked babies will eventually devour all our resources - if the or completely naked. They sleep experts are right.

It is debatable whether the quality of thought devoted and with scarcely any sanitary to this problem is in proportion to the quantitative level. However, before we consider some of the representative contributions, we should perhaps note that although the perplexing riddle was stumbled upon some time ago, it when he left. He heard reports did not acquire great public urgency, at least in the United that Spanish legionnaires, mer-States, until quite recently; in fact, not until 1959 when the cenaries recruited by Trujillo in race for the White House began to warm up.

Then it took a form somewhat novel in American "fled to the mountains." politics. Each presidential candidate in the news was abruptly required to state publicly what he thought about the government fostering public enlightenment on contra- anywhere between 1,500 and ceptives and the granting of money from the U.S. Treasury to help the rest of the world use them.

A presidential committee headed by Major General business groups formerly allied William Draper, which had been set up to study U.S. with him. foreign aid, suggested in July 1959 that the government should assist poor countries in programs to cut down their birth rate. The use of public funds for such purposes was denounced by the Roman Catholic Bishops. Since one of the prominent presidential aspirants of the Democratic population at 208,826,000. party, John F. Kennedy, happens to be a Catholic he was compelled to state his views. He did this with adroit "Un-American" Probers

In this way the problem of what to do about preventing the population from spilling off our planet a thousand years from now became mixed with an issue of quite different character - the fundamental human right of everyone to scientific information about birth control and medical assistance in its practice.

obscured in the furor that hit the press, and some curious journment of a House Un-Amermixtures of reactionary nonsense and sage advice made ican Activities Committee sesheadlines.

For instance, Pope John XXIII condemned the "erroneous doctrines and the pernicious and death-dealing the Un-American Activities committee. "End Brain Washmethods" of birth control. In the same breath he maintain- Committee, the demonstrators ing," declared one. "Abolish ed that the right solution to the problem of hunger hunger for food, not sex - is a "better distribution of earthly goods." This, he said, could be accomplished by putting the wealth that is produced at everyone's disposal.

The Pope's conclusion about hunger follows with admirable precision from his premises. To place society's cause they had committed the the House Committee. But faced wealth at the disposal of everyone would certainly signify "crime" of participating in one with the prospect of 200 hostile a better distribution of goods. Unfortunately God's vicar or another of the World Youth faces in the audience, committee such a hole. Some 25,000,000 did not indicate by what means other than socialism this Festivals held in the past few highly desirable goal might be achieved on earth. Certainly years. it would seem to take more than failure to practice birth buses in front of the capitol

(Continued on Page 2)

It's Just a Hole Duck 200 Youth Pickets In AEC's Head

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 3 | uniformed police from three A demonstration of nearly different forces — the Metropoli-200 youth from New York, tan, Capitol and Park Depart-Philadelphia and Baltimore suc- ment police. The presence of The distinction between the two issues, however, was ceeded in forcing a hasty ad-plain-clothes cops was also rather obvious.

The picket line was quickly sicn here today. established and passers-by were Organized by the newly cregreeted with placards demandated committee, Youth Against ing the abolition of the House conducted a two-hour picket Witch-Hunting - Not Freeline in front of the White dom," read another.

House to register their pro-As previously planned, the test against the action of the picket line was ended so that witch-hunting body in calling the participants could attend the up five youths for grilling be- scheduled afternoon hearing of chairman Walter adjourned the day's hearing which had been

As the protesters got off the in session but two hours.

(See picture page 4.) building they were greeted by

ervisors should extend to making it clear to them that grievance activity within their work groups is no indication in itself that morale is poor or that the supervisor is failing to perform his job properly."

Grievances, the directive adds, "may indicate that he is directing his people in the positive fashion required for efficient production."

There you have it: ceaseless war against the unions in industry; meanwhile the workers are again to be lured into voting for political agents of the bosses who will use the government to deal some more hard blows against labor.

The Democrats are a part of this conspiracy along with the Republicans. So few Democrats voted against the Kennedy-Landrum-Griffin law that the AFL-CIO heads can't use outright opposition to the law as a test in searching for "friends of labor" in that boss

And let it be remembered that it was a Democratic governor who double-crossed the (Continued on Fage 4)

Killer Rill Caravan Set On Landrum Killer RIII

By Tom Kerry

After months of mealy-mouth- | tion was contained in the report ed twisting, top labor statesman adopted unanimously last Sep-George Meany informed the re- tember by the AFL-CIO concent AFL-CIO Washington legvention. Both are false! slative conference, that union The report to which Meany obbyists had been instructed to refers was submitted to the inform "labor friends" in Con-AFL-CIO convention as a "supgress there would be no reprisplemental" report of the Execu-

als if they voted for the Kennedy-Landrum-Griffin bill.

Meany's startling admission enacted just prior to the conthat the AFL-CIO Executive vention - too late to be includ-Council had sanctioned the vote ed in the regular report. There is for K-L-G came as a result of nothing in the supplemental rethe controversy in top union port even remotely resembling circles over what test to apply the confession of collusion made to "labor friends" in Congress. by Meany in his speech to the Some union leaders contended recent legislative conference.

that the only true test was the On the contrary: the report vote on the final passage of the indicts the conference bill in compromise bill. The Meanythe most uncompromising terms. Reuther supporters insisted that The convention resolution, imthe test be on the votes cast in plementing the Executive Counthe preliminary stages of man- cil report, goes even farther. It euvering the bill through Congress. bill in terms which admit of no

Meany and Reuther argue that ambiguity: by the time the bill emerged from a Senate-House conference enly subservient to the emcommittee in the final form of ployer lobby, and we mince the Kennedy-Landrum-Griffin no words in saying so." It then measure, labor had one of two choices: To accept the compro-

mise "killer" bill, or (2) to reject the conference bill and face the danger of Congressional enactment of the original Landrum-Griffin measure.

"Under these circumstances," says Meany, "our legislative representatives informed the members of Congress that labor could not in good conscience urge its friends to vote against the conference report, even though we considered it damaging to labor. In other words, we had to accept the lesser of the

had refused to answer question: before the House Un-American If this is a true account of Activities Committee at hearings what occurred, why did Meany wait five months to reveal it? in Boston, March 20, 1958.

Aware of this damaging time A graduate psychology student lag Meany hastened to add: and former industrial worker. "What I have just told you is Rosenkrantz was sentenced to exactly in accord with the rejail Feb. 3 after he had pleaded port which the AFL-CIO con-"nolo contendere" (no contest).

vention in San Francisco adopt-In his appearance before the ed unanimously."

Meany rests his case on two House committee, he had ackpropositions: (1) That labor had nowledged former membership no choice but the "lesser of two in the Communist party but reevils," and (2) that everyone was fused to answer any questions rying through a series of such to dig 19,500,000 tons of anthra- aware of the facts as he now that would lead to informing on court tests and is campaigning presents them and that his posi- others.

FEB. 9 - The Minnesota AFL-CIO has announced that on Feb. 13 a mass "solidarity caravan" of 3,000 cars will converge from all parts of the state on the town of Albert Lea. The demonstration will be in support to the 1,100

striking members of the United Packinghouse Workers at the Wilson packing plant there. Along with five locals at other tive Council. The Kennedy-Wilson plants, the union has Landrum-Griffin law had been been on strike at Albert Lea since Oct. 30.

> The company has been running a claimed 750 scabs into the plant.

The 3,000 cars scheduled to roll into the beleaguered camp will carry canned goods for the strikers and their families. Upon their arrival a giant parade through the town is planned.

The action is in line with the Feb. 1 declaration of AFL-CIO president George Meany calling flays those who voted for the on the nationwide union movement to rally behind the strikers with financial aid and a boycott "We think they were cravof Wilson products.

In a letter to all officers of AFL-CIO unions, Meany said, "This is the fight of the entire trade union movement."

First Amendment Victim In Boston Goes to Prison

(Continued on Page 4)

FEB. 8 - Paul Rosenkrantz His no-contest plea to the con-43, the fourth First Amendment empt charge represented a dedefendant to be imprisoned in cision not to pursue the lengthy recent months, surrendered this and expensive course of appeal morning to the United States up to the Supreme Court which Marshall in Boston to begin n the past year has upheld convictions similar to the one Rosserving a three-month sentence for contempt of Congress. He enkrantz faces.

Speaking of the other thirtytwo cases of individuals who have been cited or convicted of contempt, Rosenkrantz said yeserday at his home in Springfield: "Even though I did not choose to fight this case further in the courts, I am grateful that other cases will be carried to the

Supreme Court in a continuing effort to restore the rights of the First Amendment in such cases." The Committee of First Amendment Defendants is carfor public support in the fight.

One of the arguments used by U.S. officials to avoid a nuclear test-ban agreement with the Sovict Union is that underground explosions cannot be detected. To bolster this claim, the Atomic Energy Commission exploded some dynamite in a Louisiana two evils." salt mine. No one detected it. However, testimony before a

Senate subcommittee indicated that to successfully muffle a small 70 kiloton bomb a hole would be needed 600 feet in diameter placed about 3,000

feet below the surface. It is estimated that it would require two to four years to dig tons of hard rock would have to be excavated. For comparison, it took 21,000 men last year

cite.

class movement remains terribly

misled, confused and demoraliz-

ed; another opportunity to edu-

cate it for the trials ahead has

been scattered to the winds,

with the "new left" aiding in its

From the Start

How long ago did De Gaulle

know about the plot of the

colons and army officers that

led to the insurrection in Al-

giers? K. S. Karol, writing in

the Jan. 30 British weekly, the

New Statesman, says the general

Since De Gaulle announced

nis so-called "self-determina-

tion" scheme for Algeria last

September, Karol reports, "the

extremists have been preparing

"It was known in Paris," he

writes, "that Messrs. Ortiz and

Lagaillarde [leaders of the in-

knew it for months.

for armed revolt."

own way.



can Republic (which isn't a re- America threatens to wash away public but General Trujillo's his torture-chamber regime. All personal concentration camp) in the more reason then for workthe past few weeks has brought ers throughout the world to accounts of a massive purge in come to the aid of the Dominican last year coincided with an exmid-January. workers and peasants.

According to one source, more than 5,000 persons were arrested. All strata of the population have been affected. including top government officials who had been appointed by the dictator. The total number now in jails and prison camps or undergoing torture cannot be determined as yet.

In the U.S. little news of this has appeared in the big-business dominated press. The Dominican censorship is slim excuse for this silence, for Trujillo's own paper has leaked some information about it; and the State Depart ment, which supports the dic tator, has its eyes and ears.

News about the terror, the torture, the concentration camps the mass arrests, the purge are squeezed out of the U.S. press because of the need to shout about "communism" in Cuba namely, the Cuban recovery o' property held by absentee American capitalists and landholders The noisy campaign agains! Castro helps drown the scream: of Trujillo's victims.

liate financial difficulties due to Perhaps the Caribbean butcher's present fears are well a drop in the prices of sugar,

... Too Many Babies?

(Continued from Page 1)

derstand that he was displeased control, no matter how consistent, to win an economy of with the way they had spent his abundance.

Sharp answers to the Roman Catholic position appeared with commendable promptness. A typical one was made by John T. Edsall, Professor of Biological Chemistry at Harvard University. He sought to pin the pious Bishops down to the real issue; that is, what do we do a thousand had included instigation to muryears from now?

In a letter to the editor of the New York Times he argued that emigration to less crowded areas is out. This had been suggested by the Vatican's American spokesmen. In 150 years, Edsall pointed out, some sixty million people emigrated from Europe to America. "Today, however . . . Jose Pedraza, a foe of the Castro the population is increasing by some fifty million each regime. Pedraza, whom Trujillo year. ..." If emigration is impractical and you exclude birth apparently had wished to succontrol, how can you keep the population down? "A general nuclear war might put a quick end to this and other human given Trujillo's "new line." The problems," he observed gloomily, "but no sane man would welcome this hideous solution."

The specialist in biological chemistry lamented that anti-Castro Cubans in the U.S. medical programs which lower the death rate "actually serve to increase the sum total of human misery..." If "respects the principle of nonyou sought to argue to the contrary, Edsall would still intervention"; there will be no resist being persuaded. Despite abundant food, future gen- invasion of Cuban territory; and ties bar Negroes from voting.

Every traveler reaching the founded and the revolutionary coffee and cocoa and heavy exoutside world from the Domini- tide rising throughout Latin penses he has incurred in an armaments program.

Trujillo has boasted in past fiance of the government of the

agricultural workers."

treasury in better shape.

Goods Undelivered

Rafael L. Trujillo Molina,

however is not the most de-

pendable, dictator in Wall

Street's stable. Once he got his

oan, the anti-Castro campaign

he had been waging became less

mportant to him. He made anti-

Castro Cuban exile groups un-

'In mid-January, coincident

with the sweeping purge, the

government radio station "La

Voz Dominicana" suspended its

der, and began praising Dr. Fidel

Trujillo's secretary Otto Vega

had a talk with Cuban general

ceed Castro after a victory of the

counter-revolution in Cuba, was

"Chief" complained that \$30,000

he had put at the disposal of

noney without results.

and reform program.

thirty years?

study.

years ago.

Boycott Voted For

A step in this direction was taken last December when the Eixth World Convention of the International Federation of Free Trade Unions voted to organize a boycott against Dominican products and services. The resolution was submitted

by Nicolas Silfa, president of the many, Austria and Greece. Dominican Revolutionary party and a well-known leader of exled Dominican trade unionists. On adoption by the more than 300 delegates, representing 57,-)00,000 workers in some 100 countries, the convention asked

he Secretary General of the federation to consult with member organizations on how best to arry it out. The Dominican resistance

movement urgently needs international aid to offset the support which the Generalissimo is receiving from abroad. Last December the World Bank, an instrument of Wall Cuba. Street, granted the Dominican cvernment a loan of \$10,500,000 o help the dictator meet imme**Repeat the Role** Played in 1958 By Tom Kemp

> The surrender of the Algiers insurgents who for eight days manned the barricades in de-

years of freeing the government Fifth Republic brings to an end from debt. However, a recession its sharpest crisis to date. The tension had mounted until it penditure of \$50,000,000 for almost matched the near panic weapons, which the Generalissi- of May, 1958, both in France mo feels he needs to offset the and in Algiers.

influence of the Cuban revolu-The significant delay before De Gaulle's television broadcast tion on the Dominican people. calling the insurgents to order, Trujillo stepped up land disindicated that behind the scenes ribution and lowered rents. He his ministers were divided and also created a foreign legion hesitant. The ominous threat which opened a secret recruiting that the army would throw in office in Madrid and which is its lot with the ultras and preseeking mercenaries from Gercipitate civil war loomed on the horizon. The fissures in French Spanish recruits have been society seemed to gape wide shipped to Santo Domingo as they have been bridged temporarily by De Gaulle's still im-

Added armaments are a mense personal prestige and apheavy burden: but Trujillo has peal. no intention of tapping his pri-

Everyone can now see, howvate hoard of some \$500.000.ever, that the stability of the regime hangs on the life of 000 to put the Dominican one fired and aging man -His application for a loan was an uncrowned monarch carurned down by the Royal Bank ried to power by the forces f Canada, the Bank of Nova from which he now tries to Scotia and various European dissociate himself, and with no legitimate heir. The entire banks. But Wall Street decided capitalist press contemplates it would be useful to further with awe the political vacuum build up Trujillo as a counterwhich the events of the past revolutionary center against week have disclosed.

While the balance sheet of

this episode in the still short these same forces rallied their | This was a move in the bad history of the Fifth Republic is biggest effort. A vast concourse tradition of Popular Frontism being struck, it is worth casting from the Radicals to the CP - in which defense of parliaan eye at the policy of the thronged the streets; their slo- mentary institutions was hoist-French liberals and radicals gans - defense of democracy, ed to the masthead with the triduring the crisis. defense of the Fourth Republic. color, while the red flag and the In short a general rallying The funeral procession of the struggle for socialism were cast

occurred of the official trade- Fourth, some have unkindly into limbo. A further step along union organizations, including dubbed it. At this time no policy was the Communist-inspired CGT, to

the support of the Republic the Republic which had issued from a similar rebellion in May, 1958 - which, in the absence of political differentiation, meant support for De Gaulle. When the Fourth Republic

Fund and fifteen other southern

integration organizations. At-

tended by 1,500 people, the hear-

ing heard testimony from ten

witnesses on how racist authori-

anti-Castro propaganda, which was on the eve of its demise

presented which could rally policy has not yet been widely the working class into action understood. and swing behind it vacillating sections of the middle class. The great cry amounted



a Civilization "Gone Mad" Last week we reported the of Columbia noted that garnish-1 do, all that we say through the mock civil-rights hearing held ment was directly responsible popular communication media, in Washington, D. C., Jan. 31, for the hunger of children, the through newspaper, television under sponsorship of the South- rise in juvenile delinquency and and radio, both in the North and

ern Conference Educational the breakdown of family life. Hungry Children

> informed that 45,000 children, through exploiting defenseless, message! primarily Negro, were suffering trusting Negroes and helpless from hunger, yet their families whites.

tinet is more precise. There is Two months Civil rights, which is abso- he argues, no possibility of putlutely essential for establishing ting an alternative democratic by which De Gaulle himself brotherhood and peace, in the government in place of the De was brought to power.' Gaulle regime. "This amounts new world aborning, cannot be extended by those who get rich to saying," he adds, with emphasis, "that all our efforts must at our expense, nor guaranteed out big money, denied free ac- by exploiters of our suffering. tend to oppose a counterweight to the action of the army and Civil rights for extending the ultras and to exercise the necessary and urgent individmaximum pressure on the policy ual responsibilities must rise of the government." out of those working Negroes There must, he says, be no were already arming themselves and whites who, in sweat and concessions to the ultras and the and that they looked with contears, laid the foundation for principle of "self-determination" fidence for support from the this noble land of ours. must be really applied; i.e., by army brass. Yes, we want to vote in the De Gaulle's government, since District. We greatly desire a no other government is in prosnachinery for reflecting demopect! cratically the aspirations and Martinet called for a camneeds of the majority for genpaign of petitions, telegrams, uine education and against supmeetings and partial stoppages in the heart of Algiers." They pression by merchants and the leading up to a national day of business class -- the money protest, which was not unlike changers; a machinery which that actually carried out by the will serve to stabilize our family official workers' organizations. lives and secure us from eco-Thus the policy of the lesser evil nomic oppression. was translated into practice. . Liberation of the poor, from **Took the Advice** the encroaching power of vested interests operating from the On the back page of the same slave ship of yore, is but one journal another contributor reason why we need to make wrote "I have no doubt that our voices heard. There is the General De Gaulle is big enough whole wide world to be saved to accept his responsibilities." from a civilization gone mad, Yes, in a sense he took Bourand we ought to stand up and det's advice: while the French be counted now. Our voices are "left" was hanging in the air urgently needed on behalf of putting on the pressure. In true peace and brotherhood and Bonapartist style De Gaulle everlasting life. Stand ye to- balances between the seething gether, children of salvation. social forces in France and Al-

the leadership of the Communist geria to conserve French capitalparty and trade unions. It works ism and maintain its essential its ravages among the so-called positions in the colonies. Last 'new lefts" of various brands, week he moved to ward off a challenge from the extreme

right.

Bourdet's Letter

An especially subtle, not to He has not thereby become say brilliant — if equivocal — one whit more "democratic"; exponent of this line is Claude and the republic he has saved -Bourdet, editor of the influential with the support of the "left," eft paper, France Observateur. whatever its reservations or In its issue of Jan. 28, he pub- criticisms - remains the regime lished a long open letter to De of big capital. De Gaulle not Gaulle. In places he did not merely retains the initiative, obmince matters. He spoke of tains special powers and moves shedding the blood of the tor- to apply his own policy in Alturers, and perhaps that of his geria - but he is able to use the own friends, as perhaps neces- so-clever "left" as a footstool in ary to restore the honor of his maneuvers. The left and the working class

France's name before the world and before history. have gained nothing from the

He showed an intellectual's timid "lesser evil" policy adoptscorn for the General's ambiguity ed consciously or shamefacedly and obtuseness. But despite by their leaders. lese majesty and an emotiona' The lesson of the Algiers retone there was shrewd reasonvolt is that the French working-

ing in Bourdet's editorial. He argued that the revolt would strengthen the army and hat the deteriorating situation in Algeria arose from the General's own inability or unwillingness to come to terms with the Provisional government of the

Algerian Republic set up by the National Liberation Front (FLN). But, since the army no Plot of Colons longer had a De Gaulle in reserve, as it had in May, 1958, it would given firmness he obliged would, given firmness, be obliged to abandon any idea of insubordination - indication of which had been plain in the days following Jan. 24.

At the time of writing, at the height of the crisis, Bourdet clearly feared that the General would temporize with the insurgents. It was in desperation. rather than with hope of being heard, that he put forward the proposition of immediate negotiation with the FLN governthis road was taken in the latest crisis; the bankruptcy of this ment and asked De Gaulle to be "once more, as the defeatism of a whole class, and not your own wish, made you in 1940, the rep-

resentative of the people of France against the social forces to which you are attached." Bourdet mingles not a little admiration with his mistrust of De Gaulle; he shows readiness "representative of the people," though without much confidence that the "offer" would be ac-

cepted. In fact the reply came as soon as the paper was off the press: it was seized by the police and reappeared later minus Bourdet's article!

But that does not give Bourdet a clean bill of health. When the regime stands on the brink of South, is controlled by the disaster, instead of a message to Yankee dollar - dollars many of which were originally earned left" sends a personal message That same year Congress was in the slave trade and piled up to the autocrat - and what a

the working people, this "new In the same issue Giles Mar-

Advertisement

surrectionists who barricaded themselves in Algiers] had beto rally behind De Gaulle as gun to organize armed commandos and had been in close contact with army officers ready to go to the limit . . . they had openly declared that they would form a National Liberation government in Algeria the moment De Gaulle opened negotiations with the Algerian nationalists in Paris.

Moreover, Karol adds, a delegation of the "ultras" in Paris had gone directly to De Gaulle prior to the outbreak and boasted to him that not only did the army oppose his Algerian policy but that "some commanders would be willing to drop parachutists on Paris."

This, Karol notes, "was a



view for Generals Massu and Salan in Algeria in 1958 when they installed General de Gautle in power. Massu was removed by De Gaulle, precipitating the attempt of the "ultras" to overthrow him. But like the civilian insurgents, the paratroop leaders are held to be looking to another try.

Fascist-minded French paratroopers as they stood in re-

Biding Their Time?

How the "New Left" Helped De Gaulle

erations might be better off unborn:

"Even if we find the means to support a population of ten or twenty billions on this planet, do we want such a world? I believe that the best spiritual development of mankind requires open space, access to wild nature, and other precious things that go with a relatively uncrowded world."

So we come to a position lurking in much of the argumentation over population: It might be best in the long run to return the plains to the buffalo, give Manhattan back to the Indians and all go back to where we came from.

Here are some other typical declarations that serve to indicate how deeply the question has stirred public interest. The Rev. Dr. Zev Zahavy, an Orthodox rabbi, said:

'By what right does this generation take upon itself the task to decide who may propagate and who may not propagate? Birth control on a communal scale is anti-Godly. . . .

"If these people are sincerely concerned with the problem of human survival, then they should be shouting for salvation from the effects of atomic radiation and fall-out."

William Esty, an avowed atheist and former research demanded in a recent address in director of the Planned Parenthood Association of America, responded to the Roman Catholic position with these words:

The church's attitude toward the uses of sex in marriage is an appalling Procrustean bed which reminds me of Orwell's 1984 with its state-approved 'goodsex' and statepunished 'badsex.'

inconsistently, by a leading Protestant, Dean John C. Ben- pathy for the Cuban revolution helpless, unsuspecting Negroes nett of the Union Theological Seminary. He denounced the is any more sincere than his and poor whites from the South "rhythm method" of birth control. This practice was ap- pseudo-liberalism of ten years by dishonest salesmen. proved by Pope Pius XII since it does not involve the use of mechanical contraceptive devices. Dean Bennett com- viously not in good shape. A plained:

There are enough problems in marriage without having this one." In his opinion, the requirement in the rhythm method for periodic continence deprives marriage of one of

Bishop James A. Pike, the Protestant Episcopal Bishop of California, took a more open-minded, if somewhat pragmatic, attitude to the question. He challenged the federal government to initiate a "crash program" to perfect the Isn't it time to give a hand to rhythm method of birth control.

The challenge, made over a nationwide TV broadcast "The Population Explosion," was accepted the very next day by a spokesman of the National Institute of Health, a federal agency. "If a lot of scientists think more research is age person could absorb a huge needed into the rhythm method, they may get in touch with us." Applications, it was announced, will be referred abled. At least that's the hope to an advisory committee for consideration and recommen- offered by Leo Heogh, director dation.

This is enough to show us that whatever we may think gram, in the light of a recent of the "population explosion," some explosive questions certainly seem to be associated with it. The ramifications, in by "huge" is not clear. Victims fact, involve a surprising number of issues, some of them are still dying from the radiof prime public importance.

(Next week: The riddle gets thornier.)

Pedraza will not head any invasion force.

Is this just a momentary ruse? most powerful was made by Mrs. s Trujillo actually trying to ex- Jewell R. Mazique, who is active plore the possibility of coming in the Elks Civil Liberties to terms with Castro as a means | League of Washington, D.C. The of offsetting the influence of the following is a condensed text of Cuban revolution in the Domini- her remarks:

can Republic? Is that why he is In spite of the Supreme Court now claiming that the ideas in-

decision, without the vote in the spiring the Cuban revolution are District of Columbia, we are he same as those that have inspired his regime for the past again segregated and discriminated against - not by the law

Is It Blackmail? exploited by the money changers, victimized by the alcohol Or is he seeking to blackmail market, and engulfed in an imhe U.S. into granting the Doposed culture of sex pornogminican Republic a larger sugar import quota at the expense of Cuba? It is significant that Dr. Negroes of this community are L. F. Thomen, Dominican am-

beginning to wonder if we have bassador to the United Nations. not won the war and lost the peace. New York that the U.S. raise

The most striking example of the Dominican sugar quota. Negro loss is in our subservient In any case this is not Trujillo's first "left" turn; for he has and dependent economic relanever hesitated at attempting tionship to the rest of society. In adroit maneuvers to get out of the last few years there developed a system of garnishment by a tight spot or to cover up a rewhich consumers goods, much of volting crime. But no one will This atheist view appeared to be shared, perhaps not believe that his sudden sym- it worthless, was pushed on the

> When the poor struggling The Dominican economy is obworkers found themselves unable to meet the piled up notes, boycott could therefore have including the fraudulent interconsiderable effect if it were est charges, through the interranslated into action and not cession of the courts, their left a mere resolution on paper. wages were tied up and turned Are any unions in the United over by employers to cheating States putting it into practice? businessmen

> Are they giving it adequate pub-There developed a racket by city? Isn't it time to do somewhich the low-income group of thing about the resolution passed this town became, in practice, at the Sixth World Convention? enslaved through a system which simulated indentured servitude he Dominican freedom fighters? of colonial days - indentured servitude, the forerunner of How Much is "Huge"?

chattel slavery. By 1957, almost one out of In the event of war, the avertwo Negro families in Washington, D. C., had been hailed amount of radiation from a nuinto the courts and thus penclear blast without being disalized. In addition there were 7,000 cases involving poor whites from the Southern subof the federal civil-defense prosistence economy, who like the Negro counterpart in urban society, are equally disadvan-Exactly how much is mean taged and at the mercy of experienced merchants.

In his appeal to Congress on ation they absorbed at Hirobehalf of these suffering people, shima and Nagasaki almost 15 the Chief Judge of the District

vere employed. Among the indictments of the ago, a general study reaffirmed Jim Crow system, one of the the existence here of 44,000 hungry and neglected Negro children.

Without the franchise, withcess to THEIR PRESS we are

helpless, and we need the added strength for our cause here which you, our brothers of the South, bring us today

Add to these disadvantages that there exist in the Congress this time, but by custom. We are of the United States, where we have no voting power, those phony Northern liberals who masquerade as civil rights ex ponents, claiming moral responraphy, false values, and general sibility for Negroes, who bare delinquency. Serious-minded their teeth when matters as the garnishment case, so close to Madison Avenue and Wall Street, come before their committee for attention.

Together, these forces with the local merchants and manufacturers have captured the Ne groes' longing for freedom, denying our voices to this nation in its hour of greatest peril.

Consequently, Negro progress toward full equality in Washington today is stymied, and natural leadership is paralyzed by the invasion of vested interests and the calculated, deliberate blurring of issues

by phony liberals.

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Dewey's Theories On Education Dewey's theories on education have had greater

impact on the thinking of America's school teachers than those of any other modern figure. What were the economic and social forces that gave his ideas such great weight? Why is he still a controversial figure in this field?

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pointed allusion to the means

The significance of the press interview by paratroop General Massu, which precipitated the crisis, was not the public expression of his already wellknown views on the question of Algerian policy so much as the public declaration that his forces

This proved to be no idle boast. "Perfectly organized, carrying out elaborately prepared plans, they [the ultras] quickly formed a bastion of resistance

knew in advance what the attitude of key officers would be.

Advertisement

If Negro History Week reminds you to fill in some of those gaps in your knowledge, here's a good list of books to start studying.

Start with These

Negroes on the March - A Frenchman's Report on the American Negro, by Daniel Guerin. Cloth \$1.50, paper \$1. Black Reconstruction in America - 1860-1880, by W. E. B. DuBois. \$3.95.

Caste, Class & Race -Study in Social Dynamics, by Oliver Cromwell Cox. \$3.75. Thaddeus Stevens, by Ralph Korngold. A biography of one of the toughest political fighters in the history of the struggle for Negro equality. \$1.69. The Strange Career of Jim Crow, by C. Vann Woodward.

A brief account of segregation. \$1.19. Tender Warriors, by Doro

hy Sterling. Story and pictures of the Little Rock struggle for school integration. \$.59.

The Class Struggle Road to Negro Equality. A resolution of the Socialist Workers party. 25 cents.

The Struggle for Negro Equality, by John Saunders and Albert Parker. 10 cents.

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We know now, the Supreme Court notwithstanding, that wherever we go, whatever we



Monday, February 15, 1960



Meany's Attack on Powell

The prospect of Harlem Congressman Adam Clayton Powell succeeding to the chairmanship of the important House Education and Labor Committee is bringing to the surface race prejudice of a kind that is usually well concealed.

It is not surprising that Southern congressmen have been holding emergency caucuses to try to pressure Rep. Barden (D-N.C.) not to retire thereby giving Powell the important chairmanship by virtue of seniority.

The seniority rule gives the South its strongest hold over Congress. Fifteen of the House's 21 standing committees, and 12 of the Senate's 17, are chaired by Southerners because of Congress' rigid adherence to this rule. Although this rule's operation has brought a plethora of vicious white supremacists and scoundrels to key positions, neither the New York Times nor AFL-CIO President George Meany has ever registered more than perfunctory criticisms of it.

But the prospect of the Negro congressman chairing the committee has moved them and other "liberals" to wrath. On Jan. 26 the New York Times editorially urged that the seniority system be at least modified to prevent Powell's accession. It has justified its attitude by accusing him of "notably racist attitudes, his miserable record as a legislator and his extreme absenteeism.'

Readers of the Militant are familiar with our criticisms of Congressman Powell. Nonetheless we consider the Times' charges hypocritical. Powell's voting record compares favorably with that of liberal members of Congress on labor and social

matters. On civil rights it is too good (Powell Amendment) for the Times' taste and that undoubtedly explains the charge of "racist attitudes." As for the picayune charge of absenteeism, if the rest of Congress had been absent more often the working people of this country might not have had inflicted on them much of the miserable legislation which constitutes the "achievements" of recent Congresses.

For those who may have thought that Meany's outburst against A. Philip Randolph at the last AFL-CIO convention was merely a bureaucratic response to criticism it should be evident from his attack on Powell that Meany also is actuated by race prejudice.

For a labor leader, meeting with his fellow bureaucrats in Florida, where the very air is heavy with racial oppression, to accuse Powell of "a campaign to stir up race prejudice" gives the measure of a midget mind and a midget sympathy with the Negro people's fight for equality Meany can swallow the Democratic party's appointment of dozens of anti-labor and anti-Negro committee chairmen in Congress, but is moved to wrath at the "terrible" prospect of Powell as a chairman.

Is Meany speaking for the whole AFL-CIO leadership? Do Walter Reuther, Emil Mazey and other liberal bureaucrats endorse this attitude? Will they condone it by their silence? Labor's rank and file should demand that they put themselves on record. At the same time rank and filers themselves should speak out, demonstrating that now, as in so many other cases, Meany is not voicing their sentiments.

Hell-Bent for Testing

every kind.

tests.

Although a December Gallup poll announced that three out of four Americans favor a ban on atomic tests, the government appears to be moving toward resuming them.

Nuclear explosions have been halted by this country and the Soviet Union pending the outcome of a Geneva conference which also involves England. The conference has been in progress for fifteen months.

Now, says Neal Stanford in the Feb. 8 Christian Science Monitor, the Defense Department and the Atomic Energy Commission feel "a pressing need to do some new testing on the accumulation of projects and improvements made on the drafting boards during the present morasyndicated columnist Marquis Childs, this communities, minority groups plan was supposed to have been offered suffering most from police bru- investigated by the police themfor negotiation at secret sessions of the tality and civil-rights violations. During his testimony at the are almost invariably acquitted. Geneva conference, as 'a compromise procommission hearings, Parker, ir posal to the one advanced by the Soviets. discussing crime on the part of The latter have proposed that the three Mexican-Americans in Los Ancountries agree to eliminate testing of geles, made the statement that some of those people were not

islands, that's all."

By Lois Saunders

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 7 - De-

mands that Police Chief William

H. Parker be fired were renew-

ed here this week as a result of

Civil Rights Commission hear

The demand for his dismissal

was voiced by both the Mexi-

too far removed from the wild But to negotiate the American "comtribes of the district of the inner promise" plan evidently threatened new nountains of Mexico." delays, and we have already seen that the **Demands** Apology government feels a "pressing need" for the

New

Councilman Edward Roybal, terpreted, make it appear as if In Other Lands Before the scheme could be broached a representative of the Mexican- Negroes and Mexican - Amerito the Soviet Union and England, it was American community, asked for cans are far more prone to "leaked" to the press. When asked by re-porters for his reaction, the Soviet dele-gate, Semyon K. Tsarapkin, dubbed Washcording of his remarks played. relation between poverty and **Project Goal** ington's plan "nonsense" and "unaccept- He admitted his use of the word other environmental factors able" and reiterated his own government's "wild" was "unfortunate," and with crime with the disclaimer **Of Independence** took the occasion to make a that he is not a "sociologist." Nor The African delegation to the snide reference to Civil Rights does he point out other salient Commissioner George M. John-Kenya constitutional conference factors, such as the revelations last year that gambling raids in London endorsed, Feb. 3, the He didn't refer to Johnson by are conducted almost exclusive- goal of a parliamentary governname, merely as the "Negro ly in Negro neighborhoods. commissioner," who, he said, It was stated then --ment on the British model as It was stated then - and projected by Colonial Secretary had pressed him with "provonever denied - that police Iain Macleod in a recent plan for cative" questions. Parker ignor- never raid the plush white clubs Kenyan independence. The Afed the request for an apology where it is common knowledge ricans, however, reserved judgthree large-scale "scientific and industrial" for his remarks about "wild that gambling is a daily occur- ment on the detailed proposals, rence. Nor do they raid other according to Walter H. Wag-Criticisms against Parker known gambling resorts in goner reporting the conference were injected into the civil Hollywood or Beverly Hills. for the New York Times. rights hearing by George A. Parker's charge that 85% of The Africans are headed by Beavers, chairman of the City gambling arrests in Los Angeles Tom Mboya and Ronald Ngala: Housing Authority, who charged last year involved Negroes looks They have demanded universal the American people protest loudly and that Chief Parker "talks civil impressive - until the facts, as adult suffrage; elections from a rights but doesn't practice indicated above, are probed. common voters' roll (i.e., end of them." Other speakers added to Among those who have proracial-group representation) tested Parker's actions in the equal citizenship rules for Afri-Beavers' testimony. Among the charges made past, in addition to individuals cans, Europeans, Asians and who report they were brutally Arabs; and adoption of a bill of against the Police Department were: recurrent instances of beaten by police, were Judge rights protecting all citizens brutality, failure to arrest any David Williams who demonstraequally. A prominent delegate of the vandals who have tively dismissed gambling from Kenya's Asian community bombed and otherwise harasscharges against a dozen or more has endorsed the African proed Negroes moving into Negroes on the grounds that arposals The population of Kenya includes 6,171,000 Africans, 169,000 acy-minded European farmers **Producer Tells Legion** Asians, 66,400 Europeans and in the rich highland area from which African farming is ex-37,100 Arabs. Under the consti-'I'll Do My Own Hiring' tution in force through the cluded, declared themselves spring of 1958, the Kenya legis-"shocked" at Macleod's plan. lative council was composed of Group Captain Briggs, the British governor-general and party's leading spokesman, hint-FEB. 9 — Hollywood's politic-al blacklist, policed by the gion was described by one filmeight other ex-officio members, ed that his delegation might 20 members named by the govwalk out of the conference. Dis-American Legion, suffered a land correspondent as "extrasatisfaction was also voiced by ernor, one nominated Arab repnew jolt when Stanley Kramer, ordinary in Hollywood where the multiracial New Kenya resentative and 29 elected mema leading independent producer, the Legion is greatly feared." Group led by Michael Blundell. bers

rights violations and failure to promote Negro officers. The NAACP and the Ameri can Civil Liberties Union pre-

"No, I'm not against Cubans! I just can't afford to lose any more

his testimony before the recent and offered figures to show that in 1958 only two of eighty charges of police brutality and can-American and the Negro sustained by police investigation. Charges of this nature are

Convenient Oversight

The chief appeared before the ommission, armed with a series of charts showing crime concentration in Negro and Mexican-American areas, but he did not even mention the figures

on police brutality. Chief Parker's figures, uninThe American Way of Life

We Enjoy Equal Protection of the Law

poor equal protection with the rich, especially if they can afford it. This was illustrated with exceptional force in

common-law wife.

Mrs. Turrieta was married in 1952 but her husband deserted her within two months. She then entered into a common-law marriage with John Lopez. Two children were born. Then immigration authorities broke up the marriage by deporting Lopez to Mexico. His wife was dependent on Aid for Needy Children.

In December 1957, the authorities charged her with petty theft on the allegation that she had received county aid illegally inasmuch as she had failed to report a change of status in the household (her husband's whereabouts). Without benefit of counsel, Lucy Turrieta thought she must oblige the authorities by

pleading guilty. They put her on probation for two years, ordered her to make restitution of \$50 and ordered her to "cease her common-law relationship with John Lopez xtra-marital relationship."

Whether Lopez returned or Mrs. Turrieta met someone else He was given 90 days in jail. No is not clear in the published ac- one had claimed he hadn't tried counts. In any case, ten months to find work. later she gave birth to another

child. Her probation was promptly revoked and she was given six months behind bars. The ACLU entered the case Greenwood, who resigned his and won her release on bail on post in protest against the biased the argument that the original curb his selfish sexual activiconviction was invalid since Mrs. | ties . . ." That was simple justice The "wild tribes" comment by Turrieta was not advised of her in the eyes of the Law, since the

Commission added new heat to ACLU argued, "sexual internone of twenty-one charges of the long smoldering anger course between two adults . . is a fundamental aspect of perand Parker. A number of Mexi- sonal liberty and privacy guar- that twins born in December anteed by due process of law . . ." Meanwhile the Law sought to gust. Legally the probation orsame demand is also being tinez and Michael Ortega. Lucy retroactive.

Martinez had borne eight children without first getting per-

Law thus upheld, everybody Her social worker says, "There should now be able to live hap-

- Harry Ring

Los Angeles Negro Community **Insists** Police Chief Fired Be white" neighborhoods, civilrests on such charges are made in a discriminatory manner, and Police Commissioner Herbert A.

sented specific cases of brutality operations of the department. civil-rights violations had been against the Police Department elves and the officers involved

can-American organizations have already issued a demand that Parker be dismissed. The voiced in the Negro press.

Auto Production The peak year for auto pro-

when 7.9 million passenger cars Aid for Needy Children. were turned out. Auto production in 1959 was about 5.5 milnever has been a sign of child pily ever after. neglect involved and . . . these

It is well known that in America the Law offers the the case of three young Mexican-+ Americans who live in Pittsburg, | children born out of wedlock Calif., - Mrs. Lucy Turrieta, 24; have come as the result of unher brother, Michael Ortega, 23, met needs on the part of the and Lucy Martinez, 24, Ortega's defendant for security, love and a home.

The Law, however, was interested in the justice involved. On Dec. 2, 1958, Lucy Martinez was convicted of petty theft on the charge that she had received illegal aid during the common-law marriage to Ortega who, as husband, was responsible for supporting her. That he was

jobless was beside the point. Miss Martinez was placed on probation and ordered to "refrain from extra-marital relationships with any man to whom she is not legally married."

Page Thre

Last November the court discovered that she was again pregnant. The sentence was county jail for two months or until her pregnancy was finished. On Dec. 13 they let her out

and she gave birth to twins. Meanwhile the Law had come to grips with the complexities

of the private life of Michael Orand not to establish any other tega. Last August he was placed on three-year probation for failing to support his two children.

In December, after the twins were born, he was given another 90 days on recommendation of the probation officer that he "should experience a period of incarceration to motivate him to the chief before the Civil Rights right to counsel. Further, the twins were sure proof he had

violated his August parole. The ACLU won Ortega's release. The judge had to admit had been conceived before Au-

halt the sexual life of Lucy Mar- der could not be interpreted as And, as the court magnanimously admitted its error, the mission from the clergy, four of defendant and his wife respondthem the result of her union with ed by taking out a marriage liduction in this country was 1955, Ortega. She, too, is dependent on cense. With the majesty of the

torium.'

John M. Hightower, AP Washington correspondent, reports that Pentagon officials believe that if the 'voluntary" ban on tests continues beyond late summer or fall, the government would be "taking too dangerous a gamble in trusting Russia's word that it was not pulling off sneak tests."

President Eisenhower is said to be in agreement with the Pentagon. The scheme is to proceed with underground explosions of the kind that government officials claim cannot be monitored and that the Russians are presumed to be "cheating" on.

To keep up the appearances of "negotiating" for a test ban, the State Department drafted a plan to be presented at Geneva exempting underground explosions below a certain size. According to the

position for a complete ban. As a result says Childs, "the nuclear test ban talks . . have deteriorated to the point at which son. there may be no alternative but to break them off."

In anticipation of this development, the Atomic Energy Commission has announced that exploration and planning for experiments with underground nuclear tribes." explosions have reached an "advanced stage." All that is needed is a signal from the White House to proceed.

That signal need never be given if clearly and demand once again that a ban be placed on all tests.

What About Guantanamo?

Mass terror in the Dominican Republic has once again focused the spotlight on the role of the United States in maintaining Trujillo in power.

In the Council of the Organization of American States (OAS), Venezuela charged the dictator with "patent and flagrant violations of human rights." World-wide publicity was given the ensuing debate Feb. 8.

The reaction of the Cuban government was of special interest. Its position was specified in headlines eight inches deep in the Feb. 8 issue of Revolucion: "1. CON-DEMN TRUJILLO. 2. NO INTERVEN-TION!'

The newspaper explained that Cuba supports the position of Venezuela in accusing and condemning Trujillo, but is fearful that the United States will intervene in the Dominican situation. If this occurred. Revolucion contended, the U.S. aim would be to save what it could of the Trujillo regime from the wrath of the Dominican people.

As evidence of such an imperialist policy, Revolucion cited the fact that 4,000 U.S. marines had just been landed at the dictator's capital, ostensibly for their "vacations." Even if the excuse were true, the newspaper continued, the timing was inexcusable.

High Navy officials in Washington at once denied that intervention in the in-

ternal affairs of the Dominican Republic was intended. Only 3,500 marines were in the harbor and only half of them at a time were permitted shore leave. However, within a day or so, the State Department appeared to bow to the pressure and the marines suddenly embarked for their vacation grounds.

The incident serves, we think, to underline the sensitivity of Cuba, like other Latin-American countries, to the intentions of their powerful imperialist neighbor. We think that they are completely within their rights in demanding that the U.S. keep its hands out of their internal affairs and that their suspicions are justified by ample past experience.

It is true that Eisenhower has recently expressed friendly sentiments toward in practice that he means what he says?

We should like to repeat a suggestion we made two weeks ago: that the U.S. return Guantanamo, the naval base seized from Cuba a half century ago.

Instead of taking this obvious step, the Pentagon has leaked to the press a scheme to stage maneuvers around Cuba in March that will involve landing 18,000 marines at Guantanamo.

victim.

It is to be hoped that the belligerent attitude indicated by planting such rumors in the press will meet the public rebuke it deserves.

announced yesterday that he Meanwhile, Kramer and would hire any writer he Preminger were hailed today by pleases, regardless of "past af- the Authors League of America. filiations or suspected affilia-Identical messages from Moss tions.' Hart, president, said: "The

Kramer's declaration came in Authors League of America reply to a Legion attack on him council, which has always unfor hiring Nedrick Young, who alterably opposed any form of Cuba. But what is he doing to demonstrate had been blacklisted after defy- blacklisting of writers, unaniming the House Un-American Ac- ously voted at its meeting today tivities Committee. In breaking to commend and applaud you through the blacklist, Kramer for your courageous stand in took his stand with independent rejecting publicly the efforts to was reduced, but otherwise the producer Otto Preminger who interfere on psuedo - patriotic constitution has remained about fefied the Legion by hiring Dal- grounds with the right of writ- the same. ton Trumbo, also a witch-hunt ers to work."

In a renewed attack on Kram-Blasting the red-baiting Le- er, the Legion's national comgionnaires, Kramer described mander, Martin McNeally, howl- racial-group representation. their efforts to dictate Holly- ed that the major studios had However, they apparently do not

wood employment policy as conducted a "house cleaning, at grant universal adult suffrage "reprehensible, to say the least great cost to themselves" and at this time, for Macleod stated . . I think that those who dis- now the independent producers that "As time goes on, Africans agree with me have as much are offering the work of 'artists right to constitutional guaran- whom the major studios paid their voice will be the predomi- provisional government. Bel- after a general election next tees as I do." money to get rid of."

However, the latter delegates The 29 comprised 14 Europeans, eight Africans, six Asians have not rejected the Macleod and one Arab. The Africans elecproposals.

On the eve of the conference, ted their representatives in separate communal areas with which began four weeks ago, 'emergency" rule was lifted in the franchise limited by property and educational qualifications. cording to data cited by Wag-Members of other races obtaingoner, the British killed some ed the vote on coming of age. 10,500 African "terrorists" and In the spring of 1958 the numimprisoned 80,000 in concentraber of elected white members tion camps during the "emergency.

Congolese Demand Details of the Macleod plan have not yet been published, but Belgium Surrender

his proposals evidently abolish **Control Right Away**

. will be in the majority and over the colony to a Congolese ment which will go into effect nant voice" and that with de- gium agreed last month to grant September.

independence on June 30. Elections to a Congolese parliament that will govern the country after that date are slated for the end of May. In dispute now between the

Belgians and the nationalist leaders is whether colonial authorities or the Congolese themselves should organize the elections and administer the country in the meantime. Representatives of all Congolese parties have been participating for several weeks in a "round-table" conference with the Belgian government in Brussels.

The delegates of Abako, largest nationalist party, and of the Patrice Lumumba-led wing of the Congolese National Movement want the conference to set up a provisional government. Lumumba was released from prison, where he was serving a six-month term for a pro-independence speech, in order to

59 Soviet Census Cites Data on Jews

A recent Soviet census reports 2,269,000 Jews in the country. They are listed as belonging to a separate nationality within the USSR in the same the way that Russians. Ukrainians and Armenians are.

Almost half a million, or 20.8% of the Jews, reported Yiddish to be their native tongue.

This seems to contradict the claims of Soviet leaders in recent years that the absence of Yiddish literature and other cultural manifestations is due to

the disappearance of Yiddish as a language.

Kenya after seven years. Ac- Tanganyika Leader Visits in America

Julius Kambarage Nyerere, leader of Tanganyika's biggest political party, the Tanganyika African National Union, is currently visiting the United States on a State Department grant. The Union has a membership of 800,000 in a population of nine million Africans, 80,000 Asians and 22,000 Europeans. Tangan-Prominent Congo nationalists yika, a British-held territory unhave demanded that Belgium der United Nations "mandate," immediately relinquish its rule has won internal self-govern-

TOM MBOYA velopment in the franchise, Afparticipate in the parley. rican influence will necessarily and significantly increase. Delegates of the United party representing the white-suprem-



Windows Nailed on Campus

By M. L. Stafford

What are college students thinking about these days and what are they doing about what they are thinking?

Some interesting information on this question has been assembled by Fred M. Hechinger, a New York Times writer. The atmosphere on the campuses is stultifying, he says, and students are becoming dissatisfied with it. There are "soft noises of rebellion," although it isn't "the explosive revolt of political radicals or of idealistic reformers."

"The voices are not violent. They are only impatient. They seek escape not from the social order but merely from the protective, peaceful ivory tower."

He tells of a student at New York City College, a center of campus radicalism in the 1930's. who was doing research for an article on student life "then and now." He talked to a graduate of the early forties. After listening to the account of political activities, student rallies, picket lines, and so on, today's student observed with a tinge of disbelief, "It must have been exciting. Things are quiet today."

Educators voice concern about the absence of intellectual ferment and the lack of involvement in major social issues. They seem to agree that prosperity and pressure for conformity are largely responsible.

Professor Paul C. Wermuth writes in the bulletin of the Association of American Colleges that campus activities are "merely social," and devoid of any real purpose "except to amuse the witless."

He apparently feels that students need the taste of an old-fashioned depression to shake them up. He writes of students who "have never suffered or worked hard or been caught in the economic trap; never felt loneliness, fear, dread, loss, grief, pity, pain - and have not even shared these things vicariously through serious reading."

Edward D. Eddy, Jr., provost of the University of New Hampshire, says that today's

How to

Assistant Defense Secretary C. C. Finacune

admitted that some 27,000 men were assigned to

cook, drive cars, mow lawns, mix drinks, make

beds and clean toilets for senior officers. How-

ever, he said, it was not only wrong to call

these men "servants," but such wild charges

were also "divisive" and harmful to the "fight-

continued. The House Armed Services sub-

committee, on Feb. 3, divulged the contents of

an Air Force manual for steward specialists

entitled, "On-the-Job Training Package Pro-

hints for stewards and aides (not "servants")

assigned to further the defense effort through

proper maintenance of the morale of generals

daily chores. Necessity demands that pets

be fed properly . . . Overfeeding is more dan-

explain that "occasionally pets require baths"

and "The best way to accomplish this is by

using soap, water and plenty of elbow grease."

Despite this sober warning, the sniping has

Apparently it was not a classified

The manual offers invaluable household

"Feeding pets may become part of your

The researchers who drew up the manual

ing efficiency" of the armed forces.

and their dogs. For example:

gerous than underfeeding."

gram."

document.

student is "interested primarily in the mainten ance of the status quo - a very comfortable status quo . .

. This has led, he says, to an attitude he calls "privatism." The student "searches for a rich, full life for himself . . . The constant question is first, 'What's in it for me?' '

But in large measure, Dr. Eddy feels, the prevailing student attitude constitutes an indictment of the colleges which have created an intellectual vacuum by covering all controversy "under a blanket of . . . objectivity."

Some students are asking what can be done. This "top layer of intellect and sensitivity" are not radicals like their predecessors of the thirties. But they do tend to inquire and to fascists to date include the arfeel a need for action.

For example, a group of Yale undergraduates have organized a venture, "The Challenge." This is described as "student program of a few others. at Yale University to confront with realistic concern and responsible action the crucial issues of today's world."

"The Challenge" sets a theme for each term, organizes public meetings and tries to Algiers, was removed; five of the promote informal discussion, and, "where possible, individual action and involvement." It intends to publish a weekly paper and a syndicated column. The movement is said to have been received favorably at other colleges.

That new stirrings are visible on the campuses has been confirmed by young socialists. James Lambrecht, a member of the editorial board of the monthly "Young Socialist," concluded after a recent national tour that while socialists are a tiny minority, there is a growing interest in socialist ideas - a greater willingness to come down to a meeting, to discuss and to debate.

He expressed confidence that with patient persistent work, young socialists can rebuild a vital political movement on the American campuses that should help make the campus atmosphere more pleasant to breathe.



(Continued from Page 1)

VOLUME XXIV

were not just a desperate, last chance effort to block de Gaulle's self-determination, scheme but part of a deep, widespread move against the General that was accidentally touched off prematurely and will almost certainly be revived."

De Gaulle's moves against the est and imprisonment of a halfdozen individuals - including Lagaillarde - and house arrest

In addition, Jacques Soustelle was dropped from De Gaulle's cabinet: Colonel Godard, head of the department of security in fifteen right-wing political organizations in Algeria have been banned; and the editor of the Echo d'Alger, principal newspaper for the colons, has been transferred from house arrest to imprisonment.

It is rumored that an undisclosed number of army officers, including a number of colonels, are due to be transferred, retired or court-martialed for supporting the rebels. The Tenth paratroop division, which has had especially close connections

with the European population in Algiers is henceforth to be stationed elsewhere in Algeria. There is talk of decentralizing military and civilian authority in Algeria so as to render it less subject to the influence of the

Algiers colons.

But they will serve notice that, for the time being, big business is satisfied with De Gaulle - including his program for Algeria - and that the capitalist class is not ready to risk civil war at this time for the sake of bringing to power an even more totalitar-

The purge, however, leaves many key right-wing positions untouched. For instance, Michel Debre, involved for four years in all the conspiracies hatched in Algiers, remains 'De Gaulle's prime minister, and is also a beneficiary of the new decree powers voted by parliament. Indeed, "It is no exaggeration

members of the government . . . were involved with Lagaillarde in the 13 May coup," says K. S. Karol in the Feb. 6 New States-

man.

THE MILITANT

Youth Protest Thought Control

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1960

PEACE

NUMBER 7



By Jim Avery

After a three-hour meeting Feb. 5, workers at McLouth Steel in Detroit voted by secret ballot 1,096 to 489, to accept a proposed contract, thus ending the eleven-day strike that

cut across the pattern of United+ Steelworkers' settlements with a demonstration of what they think about "mutual trusteethe industry in January.

Two hundred youth demonstrated at the White House ship" between the union's A. E. Schwartz, Local 2659 Feb. 3 against new invasion of campuses by House Unbureaucracy and the industry's American Activities Committee. Demanding an end to the president, told the 2,500 membosses. assault on the Bill of Rights, some demonstrators also carried bers who filled Ford Auditorium The situation is now much that he had learned more lessons more favorable for the rank and in the past thirty days than in all file to launch a campaign for his past experience in the union movement. Indeed, what was democracy in the steel union in learned in this small crucible of the coming elections in June and

entire membership of the steel union. In the conciliatory atmosphere

ership of the union, the company confidently expected to whittle down the contract demands. Tom

gotiating committee into surrendering its bargaining rights; against the management of the out for one of the longest an indefinite extension agree- tion will be too fast for humans ment.

> The strike that flared that midjunction threat and voted overto negotiations.

Tuesday, Feb. 2, in a matter of minutes, McLouth signed a memorandum agreeing to the same contract terms that it had balked at Jan. 19.

The new contract includes 1956 agreement. In the eyes of shorter work week. the membership, it represented a

major steel companies. safety program won in a five-siderably toward installing a day strike after three workers leadership in the union capable were accidentally killed a year of meeting modern problems in ago, a simplified two-step griev- a modern way. ance procedure, guarantees in

union representation, elimination of the "secret" memoran- Blue Cross Asks lateral control of bargaining New Rate Hike

NEW YORK - The Blue Cross announced Feb. 7 that it

was seeking to raise its rates 30

By Herman Chauka Last summer some carping critics in Con-The aide is also reminded that "At times gress charged that thousands of GI's were being used as servants for the top military brass. This was firmly denied by the Defense Department.

Wash

of drinks." Mixing the drinks properly is only half the

Finally, the military guide book comes to grips with a crucial and very tricky tactical operation - "How to Set the Table." It explains: "The costliest table equipment can look out of place on a carelessly set table . . . [for luncheon] lace is one of the correct cloths and while white damask is never used, colored damask is appropriate. For tea tables you may use embroidered or hemstitched tea cloths."

Congressmen at the hearing, who are only permitted to put their relatives on the payroll and aren't assigned carefully briefed nonservant stewards, were quite indignant about the manual. Rep. Frank Becker (R-N.J.) asserted that if Communists had written it, they couldn't have produced a more 'morale-destroying document.

To placate the obviously envious congress man, Air Force spokesmen said the manual would be withdrawn and a revised one issued. And even though no one is presently assigned

you will be called upon to prepare beverages such as cocktails and mixed drinks for the per sonnel of the household and their guests." And, the researchers add, "There are a wide variety

Dog

battle. The manual cautions: "When placing glasses on the table or picking them up, never grip the glass near the rim. This will leave fingerprints on the glass and is unsanitary."

These measures will certainly not crush the fascists.

ian regime.

to say that more than half of the

As far as the army is concerned, the problem of its fascist leanings is highlighted by what one Western military expert told the Wall Street Journal's corres-

pondent: "You simply couldn't violations. transfer out of Algeria all the officers who feel that way, you'd

promised the army that it will

be kept in Algeria to supervise

elections and otherwise admin-

ister his program in case the

nationalists agree to his propos-

als. In either case the power of

the officer caste will not be les-

officers are purged.

Strike Won Against **Knights of Columbus**

NEW HAVEN, Conn. - The | Church to possible bad publicity recent strike of 350 office work- was further indicated by its apers at the Supreme Headquarters peal to both sides for modera-

of the Knights of Columbus, tion. which ended Feb. 1, offers an example worth noting in this fraternal order refused to negosuperexploited field although the tiate at all and the strike resemstrikers won only a partial vic- bled a lockout. The strikers, who The workers, of whom 80% are women, held out for 92 days hardship and sacrifice in holding

placards urging world peace. (See story page one.)

Catholic fraternal organization strikes in this area. in a determined battle for a wage increase and better union security. Under threat of an injunction,

mass picket lines were withdrawn after several weeks. However, when supervisors sought to intimidate pickets, mass picket-

ing was resumed. No one went in the headquarters except supervisors.

Originally the strike involved the typographers at the organization's printing plant here. They won an agreement but continued to respect the picket lines of Local 329 of the Office

Employees Union. The Knights moved publication of their monthly organ, Columbia, to Illinois. They also sought to move their office work

tory.

elsewhere but were unable to process claims of their some 1,000,000 policy holders. The union notified all state insurance commissioners of the situation

since the failure involved code

At first the management of the

had averaged only \$65 a week while working, underwent real

Finally a city-wide appeal for aid was made to all AFL-CIO unions in the city. The hearty response to the appeal plus the strikers' determination finally changed the tide.

The settlement called for wage increases totaling \$6.50 a week, \$3.75 of it immediately. The original offer was \$5, with \$3 to be given on settlement.

The union also won some negotiating power over management's previous practice of arbitrarily putting employees from the bargaining unit into supervision.

The workers felt that they were returning with a stronger union after their experience on the picket line.

Yesterday's Paper Today's Lunch?

You may not be able to stomdum agreements, an end to uniach what you read in the daily press but you may one day eat procedures by the company, and The Roman Catholic Church those words. Scientists have the spelling out of other benefelt constrained to dissociate it- found that nutritionally, newsfits. elf from the Knights of Columsimilar to hay. Repapers are

to run efficiently.

rollers and width controls, and give an alarm if any part falls

Now it can be told what the steel corporations meant by "efficiency" last year! The growing danger of being displaced by

McDonald raised it in a dim June. The continued installation

steel bosses in June, 1962. Machine Ends Jobs

Meanwhile the workers were given a fresh reminder that the Shane, the district director, on problem of automation is still Jan. 19 pressured the local's ne- unsolved. Great Lakes Steel anthen, at the eighty-day injunc- mill here. This electronic "brain" tion deadline Jan. 26 he signed is necessary because the opera-

nounced the installation of a computer to run its new rolling "All operations of rolling a

night put a halt to this maneu- slab of steel into a finished coil ver. On the following Sunday will be controlled by the comthe members ignored another in- puter," according to the Feb. 3 Detroit News. "It will control whelmingly for a ten-day limit temperatures, tighten or loosen

away from preset standards."

some thirty-four improvements automatic machinery raises in working conditions over the more urgently the need for a

"catching up" with practices at way last May, only to drop it in Important items included the of automation should help con-

rank-and-file militancy is worth November. Only by democratic calling to the attention of the control will the Steelworkers in the Detroit area be able to prepare for a real battle with the created by the McDonald lead-

Also, "The fingers are better than any mechanical device for applying soap."

Turning to the direct needs of the officers, the nonservant steward is informed that "Shoe polishing isn't a large task, but does require some exacting effort." (Five paragraphs are devoted to exact information on this essential service.)

The manual deals authoritatively with matters on which Emily Post used to have the franchise, "How to Receive Guests" is the subject of a snappy military directive: "Answer the door promptly and invite the guests in. Take any hats or wraps. See to any desires they might have for refreshments, according to the general's previous briefing."

to be a servant in the armed forces, they said have no army left." the new manual will prohibit GI's from taking on duties "which contribute only to the personal benefit of officers."

Major General Albert P. Clark, Air Force director of military personnel, explained, however, that the controversial manual was intend-ed only to "give these individuals an opportun-determination." He has also ity to improve and learn their jobs."

Furthermore, the manual itself specifically advises aides and stewards: "Your contribution to the overall mission of the Air Force can be even more important than that of an air-crew member, a mechanic, or any other individual airman.'

To this army brass, De Gaulle bus. The Catholic Transcript ex- searchers have experimented has pledged vigorous prosecu- plained that the organization is with pelleted cattle feed made control. The sensitivity of the minerals. independence movement if the Algerian Arab nationalists do

. . Meany Alters His Storv

(Continued, from Page 1) characterizes the Kennedy-Landrum-Griffin law as a measure "designed to destroy organized labor."

George Meany to the contrary sened even if certain individual notwithstanding - as the law-Meanwhile, several French yers would say - there is not a

labor leaders have warned that hint, not a single solitary sugalthough De Gaulle's blows are gestion anywhere in the Execucurrently directed against the tive Council report, or the convention resolution, that the top tutes a grave menace to the brass had given labor's "friends"

working class organizations. Maurice Thorez, secretary-

fascists, his dictatorship constigeneral of the Communist party,

in Congress the green light to vote for a measure - "designed

to destroy organized labor." Either Meany played fast and is one of those labor leaders. At loose with the truth at the conthe height of the Algiers rebellion, the CP leaders, as well as our opinion, based on accumuthe Socialist party leaders, rallating evidence, the truth is bekept the working-class moveing told now for the first time

since the sorry spectacle unfolded. At the time of the convention Ervin bill went to a conference movement helped De Gaulle to the air was blue with recrimin- committee, together with the ation - labor had been grossly House-adopted Landrum - Grifbetrayed. All sorts of dire fin measure, the conference threats were made by the labor compromise became a "lesser

statesmen. Meany himself was evil" to the original Landrumamong the foremost in warning Griffin bill. And so the Meanys the Democrats not to take labor and Reuthers clutch at one for granted. The time was not "lesser evil" after another. propitious then for the kind of Their epitaph might well be: onfession that Meany makes They lacked the fortitude to stand their ground! 10W.

What of the "lesser evil" argument? Senator Wayne Morse, who is a member of the confer-

ence committee and who cast one of the two votes in the Senate against the K-L-G bill, demolished that one some time ago. He proved by citing the ecord that if Senator Kennedy had supported his position in conference, a number of the oill's worst provisions could have been eliminated. On the

basis of his experience Morse "Because labor, itself, and the professed friends of labor They lacked the fortitude to in Colorado, New Mexico and stand their ground! It would be Utah.

tion of the war against the Arab not technically under Church from newsprint, vitamins and

hard to devise a more apt desed deals made over their heads. cription of the practitioners of The ranks did not settle with "lesser evil" politics. The cowthe company until they had first ardly labor skates have been on given a shake to their own leadthe run since labor-hater Mc-Clellan let loose his first blast ership.

against the unions. They ex-Even at the meeting their pressure was evident. Called pelled the Teamsters and a number of other unions in a upon to record their "vote," six Militant on to a friend? fruitless attempt to appease the of the nine members of the neunion-hating ward heelers in gotiating committee opposed the

settlement, feeling that the com-Congress. In deference to their policy of pany could be made to give supporting the "lesser evil," the more. This was due to promptlabor fakers plumped for the soing from the ranks.

Harry Lester, a popular officalled anticorruption Kennedy-Ervin bill. To their surprise this cer, who as a shop militant had been a key leader in the 1958 failed also to appease the unionelection victory of a "Rank-andbaiters. The Kennedy-Ervin bill vention or is doing so now. In was amended by McClellan and File" ticket, at first was nonpassed in the Senate. The committal. A shout went up for amended version of Kennedy-Ervin then became the "lesser evil" to Landrum-Griffin.

After the amended Kennedymendation. In this way the men prompted those representatives close

to the ranks in the shop to stand aloof from the district officialdom.

the rank-and-file militants held tribution 50 cents. Auspices: the offensive. They gave quite Young Socialist Alliance.

Insofar as union contracts go to 35% this year. It promised to these days, the vote of the membroaden hospital benefits. If the bership recorded their feeling that it was as good as could be State Department of Insurance expected for the time being. Of grants the increase, this will be greater significance to them was the third hike since 1958. The the demonstration that the previous increases were 22.3 and union bureaucracy can expect 26.5%. Organized labor in the city to be challenged on heavy-hand-

has made moves to build its own hespital chain and operate its own health insurance system as a result of the rapidly mounting costs under the Blue Cross systeni

Why not pass this copy of the



NEW YORK

YOUNG SOCIALIST FORUM. a clear-cut stand. He then called Topic: "Fascism and Anti-Semfor a "No" vote, prompting itism." The possibility that forthright declarations which re- France could go fascist today sulted in the six-three recom- has once again called sharp attention to the need to understand what causes fascism and how it can be prevented. Can Germany go fascist again? Can it happen in America? Friday, Feb. 19, 8:30 p.m. at 116 University

At every turn in this strike Place (near Union Square). Con-



Notes in the News

PAYS TO READ THE FINE PRINT -"Critic," a columnist in the British weekly New Statesman, says he received an airmail letter from the U.S. which provided "a pleasant example of the failure of two government departments to co-ordinate." The stamp bears a representation of the Statue of Liberty and above it is the legend, "Liberty for All." The cancellation message on the stamp reads: "Aliens must report their addresses during February."

PLAIN-SPOKEN TEXAN - In a Jan. 30 speech on the work of his organization, Jack Miller, president of the Texas Junior Chamber of Commerce, declared: "Admittedly, we have more energy than brains.'

. . . **PROGRESS REPORT** — The Urban League of Greater New York, which has been waging a campaign against the biased hiring practices of musical organizations, reported Feb. 4 that more than a dozen symphonic organizations in the area, an equivalent number of show orchestras and nearly as many television orchestras had hired Negroes during 1959.

. . .

THE POLITICAL SCENE - Some people felt that it was satirical exaggeration when the hero of the film, "The Senator Was Indiscreet," declared he was against both inflation and deflation and four-square in favor of "flation." But last week Senator Lyndon Johnson, a Democratic presidential aspirant, posed with a burro and declared he would describe himself as "a liberal and a conservative." The burro's comment was not recorded.

. . .

"FOLLY" - President Eisenhower's proposal to revise the law to arm NATO countries with nuclear weapons was assailed by the Federation of American Scientists as an act of "catastrophic folly" that would "virtually doom us to the ultimate-calamity of nuclear war."

. . . EQUAL OPPOHTUNITY? - The Census Bureau reports that illiteracy in the country has been reduced to an all-time low of 2.2%. But the illiteracy rate for Negroes has dropped only to 8%. While 43% of the nation's adult population has finished high school, only 20% of the nonwhite population has enjoyed that opportunity. . . .

WHO'S VULGAR? - "Most manufacturer's still believe, consciously or unconsciously, that lied behind De Gaulle. They the mass man is a pretty callow sort of fellow, without much esthetic discrimination. As a ment paralyzed in the face of result they continue to offer him only those the fascist threat. products which they have arbitrarily decided The passivity of the labor are suited to the vulgar taste," says William Blau, a Detroit industrial design researcher. On capitalize on the crisis by grabthe basis of an extensive study of mass taste bing more personal power which he suggested to business executives that they he now threatens to wield should realize that consumers are as sensitive against the working class.

and sophisticated with regard to taste as executives. . . . IN LOAN BUSINESS - The International Brotherhood of Teamsters has disclosed that one of its pension funds has loaned \$1 million to the Roman Catholic Diocese of South Florida.

The money came from the Teamsters Central States and Southwest Fund headed by union president James Hoffa. Loaned at 6% interest, it is said to be the first loan to a church organization reported by a union.

ONE MAN'S VIEW OF THE NAACP -In an interview with the New York Post Feb. 5, Dr. Robert C. Weaver, new board chairman of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, offered this opinion on the value of the organization: "One of the most unappreciated roles of the NAACP is that it has offered the feeling of hope and progress to Negroes and liberals in a way that has been a safety valve. Without the NAACP, we would have had much greater tension than we did. Agreed, you need tension, and occasional conflict, for progress - although sometimes it can be unhealthy. But the NAACP's effectiveness is that it operates within the framework of the American legal tradition and offers evolutionary - instead of revolutionary - progress."

On Tour

striking packinghouse workers in Albert Lea, Minnesota.

Events make it increasingly evident that labor statesmanship and its political end product of labor support to capitalist politicians have brought the unions to a perilous position. The workers need as their leaders fewer civic-minded diplomats and more classminded fighters.

As the bosses continue to rain blows on them, more workers can be expected to recognize that a house cleaning in the union bureaucracy is called for; and they will perceive the need to adopt union policies designed to mobilize the full economic and political power of labor as an independent class force.

Farrell Dobbs

(Continued from Page 1)

concludes: in Congress lacked the fortitude to stand their ground, the labor movement suffered its worst setback since passage of the Taft-Hartley Act."

port in the January Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists. The violations include failure to survey airborne radioactivity

levels and failure to post radiation areas. Union Carbide Nuclear and the Rare Metals Corp. have exposed employes to radioactive dust in excess of safety limits. In July, five mills were ordered to stop polluting rivers