

Vol. XXIII - No. 43

222

NEW YORK, N.Y., MONDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1959

Soviet People

More Consumer Taft-Hartley Move Fails **To Soften Steelworkers**

THE MILITANT

PUBLISHED WEEKLY IN THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

By Daniel Roberts

In a new concession to the Soviet working people, the Soviet government Oct. 16 ordered an immediate increase in the production of consumer goods to meet the "ceaselessly growing" demand.

The value of consumer goods according to an estimate of the produced in 1961, the govern- New York Times.

further.

ment announced, will be about The Soviet government's an-42% higher than that of last nouncement followed a twoyear's output. The government week campaign initiated by also promised new designs for Khrushchev as he returned from everything from lamp shades to his American and Chinese visits. refrigerators and improvements Khrushchev spent two weeks in quality "to match the best barnstorming in Siberian cities foreign samples."

If the promise is kept, 1961 So- was give and take between viet consumer-goods production Khrushchev and his audiences in most lines will be about two- on the subject of more consumer thirds that of the entire seven- goods. year period from 1952 to 1958.

Crowd Defends Woman Against workers when prices on consum-er goods would be lowered. He St. Louis Cops

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 13 - Two police dogs, "Fang" and "Duke but who would like to buy a I," were used here yesterday good pair of shoes," said to break up a crowd that Khrushchev. gathered in the Negro community when cops appeared to be threatening a 55-year-old woman whom they "suspected"

of having committed a stabbing. said Khrushchev. "The more The dogs were brought to the scene after more than a hundred people gathered in front of the home of Mrs. Lucille Hendrix when police began shouting at her on the porch and sought to push into

they had yelled in grilling Mrs. Hendrix because she is they brought shoes, fabrics, milk hard of hearing. They said they and many other things into the had received a report that she stores. Come and see us more had stabbed someone in her home.

on his way back to Moscow. It

Market for Shoes

Thus at the Bratsk Dam and Power Station on Oct. 9 Khrushchev was asked by construction answered not until production and labor productivity increased

"Perhaps there are among you some who are wearing boots

"There are, there are," a number of voices shouted. But another electric power

station needs to be built nearby, power we get, the more easy and productive the peoples' labor will be, the less muscular energy ists. will have to be spent."

In Vladivostok, Khrushchev took the popular side. He reported a conversation with a woman reportedly thrown at the cops. he stopped on the street to ask The police later explained how things were going. She told him: "Because you are coming, Union.

often; then there will be more to buy." Police dogs were also used Dressing up the city for his in the Negro community Aug. visit did not strike him as funny, 17 when several hundred peo- Khrushchev said. "That's not the 'peace" party in the 1960 elecple acted to prevent two cops right way to do things, Comfrom shooting down a youth rades.' Elsewhere, Khrushchev prom-

Chicago Rally Calls for End To Cold War CHICAGO, Oct. 19 - Nine hundred people filled the Grand Ballroom of the Hamilton Hotel last night to hear a group of prominent unionists discuss "Labor and the Cold War." The meeting was sponsored by the American Forum of Chicago. The speakers included Harry

Bridges, president of the West Coast Longshoremen's Union; Sam Pollock, an official of the Cleveland Butcher Workmen's Union; Ernie Mazey, a long-time member of the Detroit United

Auto Workers and Jack Bollens of the American Friends. Cecil Patrick, chairman of the Chicago Hotel and Restaurant Employes Union, presided.

Bridges attacked the AFL-CIO leadership as one of the principal props of the cold war. A recent registrant in the Republican party, he gave the Democrats second place among the warmongers and the Republicans third.

Urging support for the projected East-West summit meeting, he called for an end to atomic tests and advocated visits to the USSR by trade union-

Declaring the demilitarization of Germany essential to world peace, Bridges advanced the argument that a rearmed Germany might eventually aim against the U.S. rather than the Soviet

Pollock pointed to the fact that some sections of the capitalist class are now going at the plant gate of U.S. Steel's along with the idea of "peaceful Fairless Works in Motrisville, coexistence" with the Soviet Pa., to enter the mill as they

Union in order to be able to have been doing since the strike present the Republicans as the

Too Much Food



Granaries like these dot America's agricultural areas. The government has about \$2,500,-000,000 tied up in stored wheat, \$1,800,000,000 in surplus corn, and is paying \$370,000 a day just to store more than a billion bushels of it. This year's crop poured a new cascade of grain on the mountains already heaped up despite official efforts to keep down production. In capitalist society owners choke from surpluses while workers are denied the product of their own labor. In a socialist society extra food like this would be used to feed the hungry and to bring down living costs.



ident Eisenhower moved to force tracted walkout without signs of juction." the steel strikers back to work, internal stress and possible re-In the first week of this month.

a group of supervisors turned up volt seemed slight . . when the steel barons made a "Now that the hour of decision government made its first move

has arrived ... what is the standing of the teams? "The

strikers

Bitter Defiance Noted Among Rank and File as **Court Issues Injunction**

Price 10c

By Tom Kerry

OCT. 22 - Steelworkers across the nation are bitter and defiant over the attempt to force them to return to work under a Taft-Hartley injunction issued at the behest of Eisenhower. The rank and file are determined to continue their fight to preserve their union against the strikebreaking move.

In a last-minute effort to stave off the injunction, attorneys for the United Steelworkers went into court to argue that the application of Taft-Hartley to the present steel strike was immoral, illegal and unconstitutional. Since the adoption of the slave-labor law no court has ever refused to grant the government an injunction upon request.

"If an injunction is granted," said the union brief, "the great sacrifices which the steel workers have suffered will have been largely in vain. Their strike will have been broken. They would, it is true, be able to renew their strike after the injunction is dissolved, but in the interim the steel companies will have replenished their customers' stockpiles of steel and the economic pressure which the strike so far has caused will be neutralized."

Everything thus far has gone according to plan. The steel tycoons have dictated the policy of the government from the very beginning. Eisenhower set the stage at the outset of negotiations by warning against "inflationary" wage increases. This gave the steel barons the issue they needed to play the role of guardians of the public welfare.

Under cloak of the crusade against "inflation" the money-grubbing monopolists sought to impose upon the steel workers terms of unconditional surrender of union vorking rules and conditions

With negotiations deadlocked, the union leaders appealed to Eisenhower to set up a fact-finding board to weigh the issues in dispute. The corporations, raking in the greatest profit hoard in history, were against it. Eisenphony settlement "offer" and the hower, extolling the virtues of "free" collective bargaining, rejected the union plea. There was, he said, no "national the hardening sentiment of the emergency" justifying government intervention. This fitted in nicely with the plans of the steel bosses. In preparation for the forced strike the steel corporaand the hardships of feeding and Local 1196 at the Allegheny tions had entered into an understanding with the big steel clothing their families with no Ludlum mill in Tarentum, Pa. users to stockpile enough steel for at least three months. By that time they counted on Eisenhower to discover that on the rules issue. On the con- and we found that they're almost a continuation of "free collective bargaining" would "imperil the national health and safety" and call upon the towns is to 'stay out forever' offer. You can bet that if we courts to club the strikers back to work with a Taft-Hartley injunction. "Injunction Ike" did not disappoint his cronies. What now? The corporation heads, their stooges in government, the kept press and professional labor haters. William Graham, a welder at are having second thoughts. They had hoped that the buffeting the Steelworkers were taking would break their "that none of the men would said: "All I know is that if they spirit and force their capitulation. Nothing of the sort hapened. There has been no "back-to-work" movement, no mood of capitulation or surrender, no sign of a break in the ranks. five childen said, "It's been a If anything, the men of steel are more than ever determined to resist any further encroachment on their already badly mauled working rules and conditions. The weakness of the McDonald leadership, its tendency to-retreat, to pare down the union demands, to avoid a militant showdown struggle. is no reflection of the mood in'the ranks. On the contrary, the sentiment of the ranks has prevented the retreat of the top leadership from turning into a rout.

singled out as a suspect in stealing a purse.

Socialist Fund Campaign Gets Off to a Good Start

By Reba Aubrey, Campaign Director

Fall has arrived in New York, bringing in a wave of of advancing the cause of ernment. crisp, pleasant air. The change of season also ushered in "peaceful coexistence." His the \$16,000 Socialist Publications Fund which was undertaken by the recent convention+ of the Socialist Workers Party. point of new friends and finan-

It's truly a "worthy cause" and cially. Approximately 35 people this paper is backing it all the attended and after all expenses had been deducted we netted way. \$43.

Unlike fall, I can't report that "Since this social was successthe fund drive opened with a ful beyond our expectations, we wave of crisp greenbacks. But a good modest start has been plan to hold others. We feel that made. (It's some kind of a law parties such as this may open the that socialist fund drives begin door to winning new supporters with ripples and gather momen- and provide fund-raising prostum as they go along.) On the pects that we have been unable to attempt previously because of basis of this law, as demonstrated by past performance. I'm consmall numbers. In other words, fident that we'll meet the December 15 deadline in full and we are beginning to feel our on time. After all, the money is strength." going to help sustain a program of socialist publications in prep-

aration for a hard-hitting 1960 socialist presidential campaign.

I suppose the weekly score- the authors seem to be conboard (see page 2) is the best vinced that brevity is the soul barometer of a fund-raising cam- of eloquence. For example, there paign. But the letters that usual- are two letters from Detroit. The ly accompany the contributions first one says, "Enclosed find are even more interesting be- check in the amount of . . the human beings doing about the same point in exactly the gates prevented the thousand- chairman of Local 1299. the hardest job in the world - same words. The two checks put fighting for socialism in the Detroit up in fourth place. That U.S.A.

For example, the scoreboard Detroit comrades were gathering will tell you that the San Diego 32,000 nominating petitions to branch of the Socialist Workers put a socialist presidential ticket Party has sent in \$45 on a \$245 on the Michigan ballot. quota. But I think the letter en-From Berkeley came a note enclosing a check for \$97 toward closing the contribution gives a much better picture of what San the Bay Area quota. Since the Diego's final performance will scoreboard shows \$97 for the be.

There hadn't been an SWP that Berkeley has the lead over strike. branch in San Diego for many San Francisco and Oakland. But years but recently a new one I'm sure they're going to have was chartered. It's a lusty baby, to fight to stay ahead. "Last Saturday we held our first SWP fund-raising social in re- ped us a note of apology for

cent years. We are happy to re- tardiness in remittance and an port that the event was very assurance that "we'll make it." successful, both from the stand-(Continued on Page 2)

tions. He warned that this peace posture could be dropped after t had served its usefulness in spokesman said the local had (Continued on Page 3) he elections.

ended its policy of permitting supervisors to enter the plant He held that the central task because they had been violating vas the building of a labor party and cited the disastrous an agreement to restrict themselves to maintenance work. results of labor support of captalist politicians.

The incident reflects the mood He urged that radicals oppose of increased militancy being any efforts to thwart the devel- generated among the steel workcpment of labor independent ers by the strike-breaking moves pickets yesterday confirmed Raspolitical action under the guise of the companies and the gov-

Reports from the major

stress on the need for the unions steel centers show general recto break with the Democratic ognition among union ranks that party was warmly received by the days ahead are crucial in the the audience. defense of their organization. Jack Bollens discussed the They are ready to strike again

horrors of nuclear war and said at the end of the 80-day injuncthat labor must make the tion rather than accept a comstruggle for peace its primary pany plan to gut the union.

oncern Ernie Mazey urged support for the New York Times, has for "peaceful coexistence" but said he favored nomination of carefully followed strike deindependent labor candidates in Eisenhower for extending the mate: invitation to Khrushchev to vis-

the newness of our branch and it here.

"Enclosed Find . . .'

Other letters are equally re-By Jim Avery vealing, even though some of

morning, Oct. 14. money was collected while the

each of its striking employees about it.' last week end hypocritically

Bay Area there's no question on the union leaders for the foremen and office help who

R. French in Allentown dropefficiency" of operation.

bittemess in the past two weeks DETROIT, Oct. 18 - Further over an increase in office help evidence of rank-and-file soli- and supervisors helped motivate darity in the steel strike was the action. "The men decided shown this week in the most they'd had a bellyfull. They heartening way when a spon- especially resented the comtaneous massing of strikers at pany feeling sorry for us," said the Great Lakes Steel plant George Kenyon, grievance

A. H. Raskin, labor specialist

Although the local's officers entering the plant Wednesday appealed to the pickets to observe the "pass" agreement The demonstration was touch- with the company, the men ed off by a company letter to simply replied, "We'll think

The pickets showed resourceexpressing concern over their fulness. They allowed only the economic plight, falsely claim- fire department, safety, and ing that the company's pro-plant-protection men into the posals were fair and just, and plant. At the same time they attempting, to saddle blame picked up the passes of many have acted provocatively dur-An added fillip was the out- ing the months of picketing.

rageous claim that all the com- The company's response to injunctions. It is better to defy pany seeks is a "non-inflation- this came Friday when they ary" settlement and "improved filed a brief with the Circuit than obey and lose it. That was

taken such action. Increasing mass picketing.

firmer than ever. The lost wages Ed Southward, president of But this time a mass picketline turned them away. A union money coming in have brought told him: "We took an informal no hint of readiness to capitulate poll among our 4,000 members trary, the sentiment in the mill 100 per cent against this latest rather than let the industry have aren't offered anything better its way."

we'll be out on strike again as Discussion with Pittsburgh soon as the Taft-Hartley Act

for an injunction, Raskin noted

kin's appraisal of their mood. the Irvin Works of U.S. Steel, 'Some muttered." he reported, 'bust their backs' working under don't come up with a better offer, we'll be back on strike. This the back-to-work mandate. They offer insults my intelligence." scoffed at the notion that the In Gary, Ind.; a striker with lure of premium earnings under incentive wage systems would long strike and all of us need prove more powerful than any the money. But if we don't get tendency to hold back in protest what we want at the end of the

80-day period we'll walk out He quotes a worker at the again. Homestead mills of U.S. Steel:

'We loused ourselves up by WHO IS MORE EXPERT? velopments from the outset. Two breaking all production records New York officials have hired key areas. He praised President days ago he offered this esti- in the six months before the experts to investigate subway

strike . . . We're not going to be economies said to be undermin-"Last spring the chances that stupid enough to make the same ing safety. The same experts the United Steelworkers of mistake now that they're mak- recommended the economies.

against the forced labor decree."

The question posed by an injunction is: What will happen after it is dissolved? The general consensus based

(Continued on Fage 4)

Pickets Detroit Steel Company's Answer

The men at Great Lakes following glowing terms: "If I mark over the accuracy with will take place next Tuesday. Local 1299 have a long tradi- was looking for a banker to which the vote was recorded.

was

The Michigan Militant News-

fective way of responding: achieved in September, 1955, after 20 months of wildcat "Injunctions to the right, injunctions to the left, injunctions all around - and all Donald and Paul Carnahan, against labor. Aganist the then president of Great Lakes. steel workers and longshoremen

addressed a mass meeting of nationally, against auto workthe company's employees. ers at Cross, restaurant workers at Sno-White, mailers at In line with his "co-trustee-

the three daily newspapers. ship" theories, McDonald reminded the members that "We, "These injunctions prove that the courts are tools of big busi- union and management, are

ness and should remind us partners as only we in America there is nothing sacred about can be partners."

High Recommendation

injunctions and win a strike In turn, Carnahan (under Court here for an injunction the philosophy of unions in the whose signature as chairman corded a two-thirds victory This was the third time in against the union's district and past. We'd better return to it of the company the offensive over his opponent at Great \$4.9 billion after taxes. Previous 92 days that the pickets have local officers to restrain further if we want to have unions in letter was sent out last Satur- Lakes, many rank-and-file mili- high was \$4.3 billion after taxes the future.

day) praised McDonald in the tants placed a big question in the fourth quarter of 1956.

strike shut the plant over the Eugene Debs, America's outstanding socialist leader in the the "peace" pact of 1955. This days before World War I, gave was the policy followed by you credits your leader with nine months until he could es-

> The extended record of sellouts and bureaucratic dictator-

> > PROFITS SET RECORD

Profits of manufacturing cordency, a sizeable protest moveporations for any one quarter ment for the opposition candidate, Rarick, developed at Local reached a peak in the second 1299. Although McDonald re- quarter of 1959. Profits jumped to \$9 billion before taxes and

same question that prompted

Nine, Months Receivership

In August, 1957, a two-week

being safe and conservative and tablish a more compliant re-

his opinion of the meaning of plant superintendents of filing this kind of praise when he grievances in the wastebasket. strikes set off by unsettled said. "Put it down that when McDonald's response was to put grievances. At that time Mc- the capitalist who is exploiting the local in receivership for

not long in undergoing further ship did not suffocate the spirit experiences of the type that of militancy as last Wednesled Debs to make his observa- day's action again demonstrated.





letter this week took note of still open-shop Weirton Steel Dave McDonald." the injunction and of similar Company, and against the moves by companies in other union bureaucracy. strikes by suggesting an ef-A temporary "peace"

Hearings on this injunction tion of struggle, both against lend me money to build a new Injunctions, Injunctions . . . the company, a subsidiary of steel plant, the man I'd choose National Steel, owner of the from his appearance would be

Monday, October 26, 1959

They Heated the Open Hearths On Account of the 'Cold Snap' *Cold Snap' Co-Founders of the Soviet Union*

By Pearl Spangler

MORRISVILLE, Pa., Oct. 20 - The papers reported that the pickets at the big U.S. Steel plant at Fairless Hills stopped all maintenance personnel from free access yesterday, so I went down to see what was up. At the gate, where ten seasoned pickets were on duty, I talked with Frank Ford, chairman of publicity. He told me the story.

Page Two

When the strike began, the pickets closed the plant down tight, letting no incoming traffic go through. On Aug. 4, however, the company signed an agreement not to attempt any production work during the strike. In return the union permitted officials to come and go for "essential maintenance."

Yesterday members of the union grievance committee entered the plant and discovered that six open-hearth furnaces had been heated up to 1,800 degrees. Since steel can be tapped at 2,400 degrees and at capacity production they run at 3,000 degrees, the men saw that the company was attempting "to jump the gun," anticipating Eisenhower's use of a Taft-Hartley injunction.

And so the pickets decided to bar the gates. If a company official comes out to change his underwear, as one did, he can't get back in.

U. S. Steel, naturally, was highly indignant. Corporation spokesmen claimed they were only warming up the furnaces on account of the cool weather, "The bottoms of the open hearths could have cracked in this cold snap," an official told the press.

While I was in the area, I dropped in to see some of the strikers' families and to leave some socialist literature for them to read.

This is a relatively new housing development, built around 1950 when U.S. Steel bought some 4,000 acres of farm land to put up one of the biggest mills in the world. Homes average about \$10,000, quite a mortgage to carry. Schools are crowded and taxes are heavy.

One family with three children moved in last March after a year's unemployment at McKeesport. But they are sticking tough. "The injunction won't settle anything for the workers," the husband said. "They ought to let us stay out until the union wins.

At another home a woman was busy ironing. You could tell by the way she handled the iron that she had had it. She complained about the strike and her husband not working but at the same time she said, "They go back and there'll be no peace for the men." She needs money, she said, but she also wants a man.

A few doors away, a striker displayed considerable interest in the Militant. The local papers, he said, are lousy. They don't give the real facts.

Another striker said, "Ike's injunction is coercion. It's too much politics. Neither the Democrats or Republicans will help."

He agreed with my suggestion that labor should have their own representatives but he 1929 and a third volume, the thought that it would sure be a tough fight to win something like that. At another home a striker said, "Why

haven't I seen this paper before? Someone supports us all the way!"

I knocked at one door and the lady kept me waiting. She had both radio and TV on to get the news. When she finally came to the door, she said that the company was firing the things the first comprehensive ovens and that there was mass picketing going on. She wasn't any too lady-like in her remarks about the company.

Generally speaking I found that the Fairless workers are shaking the piggy banks and concerned about Christmas coming up. But not one worker or his wife felt that the union was asking too much or being stubborn. Their anger is directed entirely at the company.

Sure they are sore about the quality of surplus food products obtained from the government. One comment I jotted down was that "if this is the corn meal and flour we send overseas, no wonder we haven't made any friends.'

They are most sore, however, about the injunction. "Eighty days and then what?" That is their attitude. They are not pleased with interference from the government. Without it, they are convinced, "we can win this strike."

1921-1929, by Isaac Deutscher. Oxford University Press, New York. 1959. 490 pp. \$9.50.

In this volume Deutscher has succeeded in presenting a fascinating blow-by-blow account of the struggle initiated by Lenin, and continued by Trotsky, against the rise of the Stalinist bureaucracy in the Soviet Union. Deutscher's original plan was to devote this volume to completing the story of Trotsky's life and work from 1921 to 1940 as a sequel to the Prophet Arm-

ed. Fortunately he altered his plan. The present work ends with Trotsky's banishment from the Soviet Union in January Prophet Outcast, will "cover the stormy twelve years of Trotsky's last exile and . . . give the final assessment of his role."

What we have in this book is a self-contained work which is decidedly more than a fragment of a biography; it is among other contribution to a history of the Left Opposition in the Soviet Union, its inner struggles, its relations with the Zinoviev-Kamenev group within the United Opposition and the character and role of its outstanding leaders whose names constitute the honor roll of revolutionary giants of Lenin's Bolshevik party: Rakovsky, Radek, Preobrazhensky, Yoffe, Antonov-Ovseenko, Pyatakov, Serebriakov, Krestinsky, Ivan Smirnov, Muralov, Mrachkovsky, and Sosnovsky. Vividly sketched individual portraits of this remarkable group pass before us as the story of the Opposition is



Lenin and Trotsky reviewing detachments of the Red Army. The two revolutionary-socialist leaders assured the success of the October 1917 Revolution which established the first workers' state in history. When the bureaucratic degeneration set in, Lenin organized a struggle to remove Stalin from office. After Lenin's death. Trotsky continued the fight despite mounting odds against victory.

biographer, has been somewhat | within the Bolshevik party itself | eaucratic faction in the party is similar, with this difference, flourished in comparison with then accompanied by the aphowever, that when I set out to even the mildest period of Stal- pearance of a powerful right- pro-Stalinist standpoint. "There assail my mountain of dead dogs great events were about to strike Deutscher says, "Only the blind harin which expressed the pres- Deutscher's approach," Taylor at it with immense force. I had and the deaf could be unaware sure of the Kulak within the writes. "Emotionally, one might concluded the Prophet Armed, of the contrast between Stalin- party. The right wing and the say, he wants Trotsky to win; ism and Leninism."

Economic Policy, did not pre- enemy of the peasant.

vent him from immediately seeing the danger of the growth of policies, fully supported by the impossibly romantic. The tone of a capitalist restorationist ten- Stalin faction, brings the coundency based on the Kulak (rich- try to the brink of disaster, and gear; and the reader, like Mr. er peasant) and the Nepman after the Left Opposition has al- Deutscher, ends by being be-(speculators in small trade). ready been expelled from the wildered. Ought he to let his Against this danger which in- party, Stalin takes over the pro- emotions run away with him and evitably arose from the NEP, gram of the Trotskyists only to admire Trotsky's heroic stand? Trotsky was the first to call for carry it out with reckless burpolicy of planning, industrial- eaucratic ferocity, which again the puzzle-headed Stalin, doing ization and collectivization of puts the fate of the revolution his best for the revolution in agriculture. The rise of the Stalinist bur- bureaucratic zigzags in policy.

Lenin Opens Fight Against Stalin

It was Lenin who opened the Communist Party in 1925-27, struggle against Stalinism. New- disarmed and derailed, is left to y published material in the So- be massacred by Chiang Kaiviet Union, documents circulated shek while the butcher sits as by the Opposition and the hith- an honorary member of the Exerto unpublished material in the ecutive Committee of the Com-Frotsky archives at Harvard munist International, hailed by amply testify to this fact. As Stalin as the revolutionary lead-Lenin fights his growing illness er of the Chinese people.

and then faces death he turns We see Trotsky taking up the Trotsky, urging him to act for monstrosity invented by Stalin er, in his further work, in addiboth of them in launching an all- called "socialism in one coun- tion to seeking to present the

the role of Trotsky and Trotskyism is not yet settled. In January, 1956, the aforementioned Cochran described Deutscher as the product of "Marxist training wedded to Anglo-Saxon common sense" and said that this "has produced an effective combination." But this book by Deutscher, together with some of his other recent writings, testifies rather to an inner conflict between the Marxist scholar and the Anglo-Saxon empiricist. Just as Deutscher wrestles with the problems and dilemmas besetting the Trotskyists in approaching issues of the revolution, so he wrestles with his own dilemmas and the problems arising from an inconsistent approach to the revolution.

The impact of recent events in the Soviet Union is clearly evilent in the way Deutscher tells the story of the early struggle against the bureaucracy. The very texture and tone of his treatment bears the imprint of he upheaval in the Soviet orbit n recent years and the first intimations of the entrance of the modern Soviet proletariat onto the stage of history.

A "right-wing" critic of Deutscher, A. J. P. Taylor, reviewing his book in the Sept. 26 New Statesmen, perceives this discord in Deutscher from his own right-wing and somewhat Stalinists heap ridicule and scorn and he cannot help hinting that him and to institute the New "super-industrializer" and an circumstances in the nineteen-

twenties, he also cannot help ad-Later, when the right-wing mitting that Trotsky's ideas were the book is constantly changing Or ought he to sympathize with difficult circumstances?"

Essentially, Taylor is complaining that Deutscher has not been consistently "Deutscherite" in his book, in the sense that "Deutscherism" has come to mean crediting Stalinism with a historically "progressive" role, despite its barbarous methods. For our part, this conflict between Deutscher and Deutscherism is welcome. It seems to us to reflect, in the last analysis, the deepening contradiction in modern Soviet society between the proletariat and the bureaucracy. It is to be hoped that Deutsch-

Business Manager's Desk -"You Get a Fine Feeling Something New Is in the Air" By Karolyn Kerry

From the desk of the Milit- addition they sold considerable the past five months." ant's Business Manager, you get literature and over 150 copies of aging comments about the pa- ences, so tune in next week for per. Even more significant is the latest report.

the growing interest developing around our sister publication. The International Socialist Review.

a fine feeling these days that the Militant, International So- Los Angeles will be getting 150 something new is in the air. cialist Review and the Young subs in the next period and that office every day with encour- new territory and new experi- handle the work.

More inspiring than anything S. says: "Our September sub mobilization last week. Equally of Trotsky) in the Soviet Union a modified and softened system with ever greater insistence to cudgels against the theoretical that has happened in a long drive for Militant and combina- important is the distribution time is the story of the Socialist tion subs was most rewarding. they conducted at the recently Trailblazers. For the first time The appearance and content of concluded UAW Convention. become so evident that even and-seek" which reveals a little out struggle against bureaucracy try." We see him leading the facts in the important field he since 1945 when Eloise Black the paper and magazine are Everyone who participated came someone like Bert Cochran, who but conceals a lot has already and Rudy Rhodes set out on a genuine 'persuaders' to push the back enthusiastic. hitch-hiking trip selling Militant circulation of the press; and the One distributor commented: subs, two young socialists took readiness of former readers and "After the distribution I went to the road to introduce socialist new friends to subscribe shows up in the balcony of the audi-"A sub drive," she adds, "is could see Militant mastheads ed into the limbo of academia tempts to banish him once again bound to be an inspiring and everywhere. They all wanted to successful campaign. During keep the paper, too. One dele-24 students subscribed to the September we got 35 Militant gate ran after me for a copy ISR and the Young Socialist, subs and with the use of the and complained that he tried to newspaper of the Young Social- combination offer stepped - up get one from a friend who had ist Alliance, and some subscrib- the ISR circulation consider- finished reading it but the guy wanted to take it back with him. I'm sure we'll be getting subs Now from way out west we from that distribution." literature, were sold in front of get an indication of a welcome Now for all our friends all change. Don Parrott just wrote over the country who have been In Massachusetts, where they us about increased sales on all sending us subs - Keep up the barnstormed Harvard and Bran- the Los Angeles newsstands good work and we'll soon have deis Universities we now have and a new order for D & C News a good readers list in all the preface: at 508 South Hill. He writes states in the union. Not just one Now wouldn't you think that that: "We do not know the cause but dozens, then not just dozens was enough for two young men but we notice that newsstand but hundreds. Yes, there's somein two short weeks? But, no, in sales have been increasing over thing new in the air.

Louise Manning writes that New subs are coming into the Socialist. Now they are off to they have set up a committee to struggle is of current and urgent

more than ever determined to

fulfill our pledge on time and in

And now, a final brief point.

About that "General" listing on

the scoreboard. In the picture,

"The Inspector'General," Dan-

ny Kaye asked, "What do they

full.

Here on the East Coast New The Twin Cities, as usual, are We don't have the results yet

the first part of my study of Trotsky, while Stalin was still alive, and while his 'cult' appeared as indestructible as the stigma attached to Trotsky appeared indelible .

'Then came Stalin's death, told. the Twentieth Congress, and The book is one of the most Khrushchev's 'secret' speech. An absorbing and agonizingly tense accounts the reader is likely to earthquake shook the mountain of dead dogs, scattering half of encounter for a long time. One it far and wide; and for a mofeels inexorably drawn into perment it looked as if the other sonal participation in a great half too was about to be blown historic drama in which the fate away. Historically truthful refof mankind is at stake. The barerences to Trotsky's part in the rier of time and falsification crumble as the reader senses the Russian Revolution began to apimmediacy and urgency of the pear in Soviet periodicals for the first time in three decades, alstruggle.

though the paucity and timidity Deutscher's indubitable skill certainly accounts for much of of the references suggested how close the connection between this impact. The main reason. however, is that the true history history and politics still was in this case, and how delicate the of the Trotskyist Opposition's problem.'

Soon thereafter, Deutscher significance and is playing a says, Stalin's heirs took fright crucial part today in the profound changes that are taking and the "assault on the 'moun-York is making another record. place in the Soviet Union. We tain of dead dogs' was halted in need only consider what the its tracks. The Khrushchevite among the first to report a mop- but they started their drive for publication of Deutscher's book historians replaced Stalin's sysping up job on renewals. Helen subs by holding a "red sunday" (not to speak of the major works tematic and crude total lies with would imply to realize this. of half-lies. In Deutscher's opin-The vitality of Trotskyism has | ion this historiography of "hide-

in's regime. In this connection wing faction headed by Buk- is a deep equivocation in Mr. Trotsky's role in calling for a on Trotsky's "visionary" Trotsky will win posthumously necessary tactical retreat a year schemes of planning and indus- at some time in the future. Yet, before Lenin came to agree with trialization. He is reviled as a when he looks objectively at the

in jeopardy and leads to new

literature to pioneer territory. Let me report some of the re- action." sults after two short weeks in New England.

At Yale and Trinity College, ed to the Militant. In addition ably." to this, several subscriptions to

the Militant, along with other a church in New Haven.

over 70 new subscribers.

too.

not long ago sneeringly dis- gone too far to halt the march

missed the "relevancy" of the old of truth. "The new party lead-"Trotsky-Stalin dispute" now ers," Deutscher says, "have in says in his review of Deutscher's fact done virtually everything this to be a good field for torium to observe. Looking book, "But this latter (Trotsky- that was needed for Trotsky's down on the delegates, you Stalin) controversy has not pass- rehabilitation. Now all their at-

. . it still claims mankind's at- from the annals of revolution tention because it first grappled are vain."

with a host of political, sociologi-Deutscher has many disagreecal, and moral questions which ments with Trotsky on the naare only now being recognized ture and meaning of Stalinism. and which still remain as the He is obviously in sharp disagenda of unfinished business of agreement with some of the major portions of the globe." views of the Trotskyist move-(American Socialist, Oct. 1959.) ment today. For our part, our Deutscher is fully aware of disagreements with Deutscher the currency of his theme and are considerable, both as to

due course we will discuss them. "Carlyle once wrote that as This does not, however, prevent Cromwell's biographer he had to us from recognizing the enordrag out the Lord Protector from mous merit of his work which under a mountain of dead dogs, has that simple (but so rarely

Introduction to the Real Trotsky

By arranging the available | nomic strangulation of the coundata in painstakingly accurate try. The Bolsheviks are com-For last place in the fund mail- yet popular and comprehensible pelled to maintain the dictatorform, Deutscher has performed a | ship of the proletariat - without valuable service in spreading the the active presence of a politictruth. It must be recognized, too, ally organized proletariat.

This paradox, brought about that for many radicals emerging from the ideological jungle of Stalinism, dazed and bewildered internal counter-revolution imsays: "Enclosed is a check for by the shattering of Stalinist poses severe hardships on the \$75. I wish it were three times mythology, Deutscher's book young workers' state. Workers' that amount. The effects of the democracy is curtailed and at may well be the first introducsteel strike are hitting our comtion to the real Trotsky. By then times totally inoperative. The rades and friends but we are

going to the works of Trotsky methods of military rule developed in the period of "war comand Lenin, the serious revolutionist will be equipped to judge munism" have become entrench-

matters for himself - including ed. In this situation Lenin's party the opinions and critical assessments of Deutscher. faces the choice: shall we at-Some of the most striking tempt to maintain the conquests points in Deutscher's account of of the revolution despite the fact the Trotskyist Opposition's that the unprecedented difficul-

Lenin's own illness and then is do, inspect generals?" Well, in kept out of commission while struggle, which will come as ties have imposed civil-war case you've been wondering "new" to those who have so long methods of rule; or shall we sur- the first stage of the frenzied about who "General" is - it's campaign against "Trotskyism" been force-fed on a diet of lies, render to capitalist counter-revnot an anonymous brass hat conolution? Lenin and Trotsky is unleashed. We see him fighting can be listed as follows: tributing to the fund. It's you didn't falter. They chose the the infamous opportunist policy In the period immediately and all the other readers of the preceding the outbreak of the revolutionary path. But at no of the Anglo-Russian Trade-Militant who want to help assure struggle against Stalinism, the time did the Bolsheyiks hide the Union Committee which provideffective socialist participation Soviet state has just passed harsh truth from the workers ed the British trade-union leadin the 1960 presidential cam- through three years of civil war. either within Russia or abroad. ers with a left cover for their paign. How about sending in a Industry and transport are They never proclaimed that betrayal of the 1926 General contribution? Help keep "Gen- at a standstill and the urban emergency civil-war methods Strike.

We see him waging a struggle working class, which was the were normal practices of soeral" up with the rest of them for Leninism, as the tragic conmain force of the revolution, has cialist democracy. Furthermore, so he'll look real sharp for each virtually disappeared due to in the period of the worst hardsequences of Stalin's Menshevik physical decimation and the eco- ships, the practice of democracy course unfold and the Chinese week's inspection.

n the state and particularly in Left Opposition during the 1923 has chosen for research, will fathe party itself.

period, then, after Zinoviev and vor the tendency he has dis-Kamenev break with Stalin in played in this volume of look-For Lenin, the bureaucratic menace was personified by Stal- 1926, in a United Opposition; ing at the big issues from the then, after Zinoviev and Kame- viewpoint of the revolutionary in. The objective of his proposed struggle is to destroy Stalin's nev capitulate to Stalin in 1928 we see him trying to hold the newly formed bureaucratic maforces of the Opposition together chine and to remove him from his key post as general secretary of the party. This was Lenin's last great battle as well as literally his Last Testament. And after thirty years of falsehood it banished from the Soviet Union was officially admitted at the to Turkey.

Twentieth Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

How the ups and downs of Lenin's illness and his death played a major role in the timing and the tactics of the bureaucratic usurpers, regulating their advances and retreats, their hesitations and panic, makes gruesome reading.

Deutscher is highly critical of Trotsky's tactics in this period, holding that he failed to destroy Stalin's political power when he had the chance to. He disciplines his discussion, however, by carefully noting all the basic social and political factors that were at work: the ebb in the international revolution, the post-Revolutionary exhaustion and apathy of the working class, the by imperialist intervention and pressure of capitalist elements in the peasantry and the cancerous growth of the bureaucracy feeding on these reactionary social forces.

> As the main stages of the momentous struggle unfold, we see Trotsky in his role as Lenin's closest collaborator in the Communist International. We see him as he draws the lessons of

1923 German Revolution; as he

falls ill in the critical period of

October from the defeat of the

Why not pass this copy of the while Stalin hounds them out Militant on to a friend? of the factories, blacklists them. attempts to demoralize them and reduce them to despair and sui-Subscribe! cide. Finally we see Trotsky

To keep up with the real In the opinion of this reviewmeaning of big events at er, Deutscher's own estimate of home and abroad, you need the Militant. Try it for six

proletariat.



31 Americans Now Face Jail

Advertisement

In Defense of the First Amendment

• Join in support of the first two since the Hollywood Ten to be jailed for resistance to inquisitorial committees.

· Help preserve the First Amendment rights now in jeopardy as a result of the Barenblatt-Uphaus Supreme Court decisions.

Hear

LLOYD BARENBLATT

Now facing six-month jail term

DR. WILLARD UPHAUS

Now facing life imprisonment

And others of the 31 facing jail including, PETE SEEGER

Thursday, Nov. 5	8 P.M.	Contrib \$1
New York Center		227 West 46th Street

Sponsored by: COMMITTEE OF FIRST AMENDMENT DEFENDANTS P.O. Box 564 Radio City Sta. New York 15, N.Y.

(Continued from Page 1) The scoreboard shows that our speedy recovery. Others can And in a similar vein, David loyal St. Louis supporters are make up the contribution. But Stevens, who is directing the in third place. But that doesn't we need every socialist fighter in drive in nearby Philadelphia, mean it comes easy. Oscar C. good health. clipped a note to a check. It writes: "One of our members reads (the note, that is) "I know has been in the hospital under- bag, I've saved a "short, hasty that this is a slow start, but we going surgery and has just re- note" from Cleveland that

will pick up steam and make it turned home - no contributions makes it very clear why this in full, I'm sure." We're sure, from him until he gets back on fund drive is going to be a suchis feet." Here's hoping for a cess. Fund director Gene Fine

Newark Connecticut St. Louis		\$ 122	
Connecticut St. Louis		4 144	46
	100	40	40
	80	30	38
Detroit		. 205	34
Allentown	110	35	32
Boston		110	32
Twin Cities		467	27
New York	4,200	1,047	25
Los Angeles	4,400	1,018	23
Chicago	1,000	220	22
Cleveland	750	156	21
Milwaukee		57	19
Philadelphia		73	18
San Diego		45	18
Bay Area		97	12
Denver		0	0
Pittsburgh		0	0
Seattle		0	0
General	150	1	0

oblivion. My job, as Trotsky's the facts. Socialist Fund Campaign Starts

says in the opening lines of his method and conclusions and in

a huge load of calumny and encountered) virtue of stating



A Problem for the NAACP

Last week the Militant commented editorially on the failure of the top leadership of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People to sound the alarm about the Supreme Court's unfavorable decision last November on the pupil-placement laws in the South.

The failure, said the Militant, "raises the question whether or not they ... have secretly reconciled themselves to going along with token integration in the South." The pertinence of this observation was confirmed even as our editorial was being written.

Up to Oct. 9, an NAACP official as prominent as Gloster B. Current had continued to predict, as the Militant noted, that the Supreme Court would yet declare the pupil-placement laws unconstitutional in ruling in two test cases before it.

On Oct. 12 the Court blew Current's prediction sky high by refusing to review the cases. One would imagine that this would finally impel the NAACP top leadership to reassess their course. Vain hope! The Board of Directors passed a resolution Oct. 15 "expressing regret" at the Court's latest action. But instead of branding the decision as another blow to school integration, the drafters of the resolution could only say that the "court action encourages" school boards to "make no effort to desegregate the school system," and "relieves" them of "their constitutional obligation to initiate steps to desegregate with 'all deliberate speed'."

As if frightened at such "critical' language, the drafters hastened to add that school desegregation process . . . " Indeed! what process? The South's process of sub-what process? The South's process of substituting token desegregation for full de- Not even the Tories anticipated in Britain in the days that lie segregation?

What is the Court's intent? The authors of the resolution give their interpreta- their 18 candidates just mantion, "... to a significant degree the Court's aged to scrape 30,000 votes beauthorities to Negro parents."

So what should the NAACP locals do ber of parents to request transfers" for their children to non-segregated schools. How do you "encourage" parents in view of the discouragement from the Court? It's simple. You educate them. As the resolution puts it, "the advantages of non-segregated education must be made clear to parents through an intensive educational program "

This reaction indicates unmistakably that the NAACP heads are thinking of going along with token integration. A suicidal perspective! It really means giving up the struggle for genuine integration. We don't think the membership of the NAACP will go along with that. They already know about the advantages of nonsegregated education. The problem now is to give the NAACP tops an intensive education on the fact that it is not enough to rely on the courts. You've got to add militant mass action.

Dr. Perry Faces Prison

On Oct. 13, the same day that the Supreme Court again upheld North Carolina's "pupil placement" law designed to circumvent integration, the tribunal struck another blow at civil rights by refusing to review the conviction of Dr. Albert E. Perry of Monroe, N.C.

Dr. Perry was part of the new militant leadership in Monroe that rebuilt the NAACP on a fighting basis. In the summer of 1957, he led a struggle to desegregate Monroe's municipal swimming pool.

One answer of the racists to this courageous action was a KKK invasion of the Negro section of town during which they fired on Dr. Perry's home. This attack was beaten off, however, by the defense guard organized by Robert Williams, local NAACP president.

Shortly afterwards Dr. Perry was indicted for allegedly having performed an abortion on a white woman. The date of this crime was, curiously, purported to have been Oct. 4, 1957, the same day the KKK staged its attack on Dr. Perry's home. Dr. Perry denied the charge. The sole "evidence" against him was the testimony of the white woman in question. The jury took four hours' deliberation before finding Dr. Perry guilty. This circumstance alone, later said the Carolina Times, crusading anti-Jim-Crow paper, "lends weight

By Gerry Healy LONDON, Oct. 13 - The general election is over and the Tories are back in power with a majority of over 100 "it need not mean the end of the public members of Parliament. The rank and file of the Labor

such a large majority. The British Communist Party lost heavily at the polls and

Partial Defeat

The defeat is a partial one for the Labor movement. It is action shifts the burden from the school tween them. The worst defeat not definitive. The industrial for the Stalinists came in their working class in Britain is a former stronghold of West Fife powerful body, enjoying a stanwhere Lawrence Daly, who dard of living without parallel now? They must "encourage a larger num- broke with the Communist at any time in British history. Party over Hungary, polled The Tories can win the elecover 4,500 votes, against just tion, but it will be quite anover 3,000 for the Communist other matter to defeat the work-Party candidate, its national or- ing class,

ganizer, William Laughlan. The issues before Labor's The results of the general Left Wing now become crystal election mark a new stage of clear. The party was defeated the political situation in Brit- on policy, but it must be said ain. Political life since the end that even if it had acquired a of the war has been dominated socialist policy on the eve of

by the electoral struggles be- the general election it may tween Tory and Labor. All the have suffered an even greater big guns of Right-Wing Labor defeat. What is needed above have been brought to bear up- all in Britain today is mass on the rank and file of the propaganda and campaigning movement in an effort to per- for socialist policy.

suade them towards a policy of Capitalist nationalization has restraint in their struggle been thoroughly discredited by against the employers. The the Tories on the one hand Right Wing placed all their and by the Labor leaders on eggs in the basket of a new the other. The electorate is con-Labor government. Profits went fused. To have won this elecup and up and the Tories grad- tion the Labor Party would ually grew stronger in Parlia- have had to continue a conment. Now there is no way sistent campaign for nationalout except through industrial ization since it took power in action on a scale that will far 1945. Instead it abandoned all surpass anything that we have pretext of further nationalizaseen in Britain over the past tion as long ago as 1948.

Consequently a new camthree decades. As Mr. Bevan remarked after paign on socialist policy will be Labor Party must ally itself as spirit of timidity the electoral the election was over, the eyes absolutely necessary as part of of the working class will now the strategy for turning the trade-union rank and file. Out by the fatuous optimism of the shift from Parliament to the tide against the Tories. wage packet.

How Did It Happen?

wing swing in Europe, begin- actually went to the poll, rid-

of Dr. Adenauer in West Ger- Tory. many; the gradual deteriora-

> What Lies Ahead? all

Proves Costly Burden

By Tom Kemp

HULL, England, Oct. 13 - The third successive electoral defeat of the British Labor Party marks a turning point in the postwar history of the British working class.

How decisive it will be, whether+ it marks the beginning of a suc- power over these industries and over the state itself, and their cession of defeats or will prove the limit of the retreat im- use as the basis for a fully posed on the party by the Right- planned and nationalized econ-Wing leadership, will depend on omy. Such a conception has been

nany factors. attacked by the Right Wing for Certainly the heavy responyears: for them further nationsibility of that leadership for alization was contemplated not the debacle is being widely recat all, or only with reluctance. ognized by many of the most ac-At the same time they defended tive elements in the party. Many accepted the watered-down rethe nationalized industries as at present constituted, leaving the formist policies of the Gaitskellimpression that this was the "so-Bevan coalition as an electoral cialism" for which they stood. necessity. Now that these have There was nothing here to innot paid off even in votes they spire anybody — certainly not are in a mood to re-examine the whole policy of the party in rethe hesitant middle-class voter, or even the working class. This cent years. was especially so for the younger

Propped Up Capitalism

This policy during the 1945-51 period was not understood. But now the truth looms larger. Objectively, at that time, the Labor government propped up the tottering structure of British capitalism by nationalizing the most decrepit industries and satisfying popular criticism with extensive social reforms. They thus laid the basis for the recovery and prosperity of the next decade of Tory rule.

However, if there are still During that time the Right some millions of working-class Tory voters - and there was a fall in Labor votes in some prosperous towns — the Labor Party kept its mass working-class following. If anything there was hardening of the class lines which are characteristic of the British electoral map. Basically the solidity of the Labor vote arises from the acceptance by working people of the party as theirs,

Consequently there was no bite in the attack on the Tory government and, in any case, on major issues the policies of the two parties were indistinguishable. There were, for example, the great unmentionables, of which armaments were the most important.

policies, electoral promises or When challenged to explain how their vote-catching socialleaders. The Labor Party retains a reform program could be paid tremendous capital derived for, no Labor leader ever said from its deep historical roots from the cost of arms. Instead in the working class and the it was maintained that it would intensive loyalties it has evokcome from "economic expaned in half a century of strugsion" - under existing ownergle. Its position has, of course, ship and assuming away all the been re-enforced by the nature problems of capitalist crisis.

of the British Parliamentary We can run capitalism better than you, was, in fact, the un- system: but that is not, the main factor in its stable followexpressed claim of Gaitskell and (1) An end to the manufac-Co. And this at a time when a series of major City scandals presented, in an even sharper (2) The strengthening of the give ample material for attacking the foundations of capitalism. Foreign policy was also kept

Issue of Nationalization

fully kept out of the electoral

to the doubt that Dr. Perry Is guilty. . . . no jury of 12 white men would take four hours to deliberate over the case of a Negro physician performing an abortion on a white woman if there were not some doubt in their mind as to his guilt."

While appealing his conviction, Dr. Perry continued to fight Jim Crow. He had a socialist policy? Was the cars on election day. His supfigured prominently in the successful drive Labor Party's organization to to free Hanover Thompson and David blame? Simpson, the two Monroe children, nine and eight years old, who last winter were sent to a reformatory for kissing a white- day's politics alone. The right- promised to vote Labor some door meetings. girl playmate.

viction from the North Carolina Supreme Court, which ordered him retried. He was tion in France culminating in it is a realization of this which stewards, coal miners, Labor again found "guilty" and sentenced to two the establishment of the De makes the position of the Right Party workers and supporters to three years in prison last November. Gaulle regime; the continuation Wing almost untenable inside of the Campaign for Nuclear This is the conviction the U.S. Supreme of Franco's dictatorship in the Labor Party. Court refused to review.

question which is most com-

Dr. Perry won a reversal of his con-

The answers to these questions are not available to peo-

ple who think in terms of to-

Spain and the defeat of the Hungarian revolution -

ditional excuse of organization. demands. "How did it happen?" is the The Labor Party was never better organized. In the town monly asked. Could the defeat of Reading the leading Bevanhave been avoided if Labor ite, Ian Mikardo, had 150 motor porters had canvassed every

majority of the promises on demand for its propaganda. their canvass cards and yet, Hundreds of workers are daily among the 2,000 people who attending its open-air and in-

The next question which maxing in the swing to Tory- struggles in the period to fight for the 40-hour week.

Conservative party since Churchill's retirement, capitalized on refusal of Labor party leaders to press the socialist program in Britain. He can now hold office for as long as five years. Wing in the Labor Party must

Macmillan, head of the

See.

be formulated in conjunction with the industrial working class. All the blueprints of the Wing have tailored party policy "New Thinkers" which are to the taste of the most unstable drawn up without any contact and politically uncommitted of with reality have not even de- the British public - the so-callbating value at the present ed "floating voter" in the martime. The Left Wing in the ginal constituencies. In this closely as possible with the campaign was waged, backed up

Right Wing to argue the tra- combine industrial and political tory.

Socialist Labor League

The growth of the Marxist movement in Britain is revealing itself constantly in the development of the Socialist Lahouse in Reading. They had a bor League. There is a clear

The Socialist Labor League ning with the coming to power ing in Labor cars, and voted is organizing a National Assembly of Labor which will It was not organization and bring together students, shop Disarmament, in order to discuss the five-point program

(3) A fight for the extension

(4) A fight against oppression

(5) A fight against the bans

This program will undoubt-

forces which is now on the

in the colonies and against rac-

ture of the H-bomb.

of nationalization.

of this alliance will emerge a machine bosses in Transport It will be useless for the program of action which will House about the chances of vic-

Straw in the Wind

La Verite des Travailleurs (Workers Truth), a French Trotskyist paper, reports it has learned that the Soviet government recently issued a bulletin containing a selection of articles dealing with the USSR from the Trotskyist magazine, Quatrieme Internationale (Fourth International).

Six or seven thousand copies of the bulletin were distributed. Among the places receiving it was the University of Moscow.

Official comments on the articles were included. These aimed at "proving" the "falsity" of the Trotskyist position on the Soviet Union.

This is a significant development. In Stalin's time, Trotskyist writings were completely proscribed. The penalty for circulating, or even reading them, could be death. The vilest lies about Trotsky's views were circulated on a mass scale decade after decade. The co-founder of the Soviet Union, who was finally murdered by an agent of Stalin's secret political police, was pictured as a "fascist mad dog."

By admitting some of Stalin's crimes at the Twentieth Congress of the Russian Communist Party in 1956, Khrushchev with one blow toppled this framework of slander. The question inevitably arose among Soviet intellectuals, students, thinking workers and members of the Communist Party, "What obout Trotsky?"

Khrushchev has maintained an embarrassed silence since then. Even his famous speech at the Twentieth Congress has not yet been published for general consumption in the Soviet Union. But the demand to know the truth about Trot-

Dr. Perry's case "has taken the status these factors have gradually of a struggle between southern prejudice, strengthened the forces of re- arises is "What will be the backed by Ku Klux Klan influence, and action in Western Europe, cli- character of the industrial progressive Negro leadership," wrote the ism in Britain. Carolina Times last December. The racists have won a battle in this crucial struggle with the help of the Supreme Court. But this will not prevent new, militant leadership from coming to the fore in the South, from continuing Dr. Perry's work and from defeating the racists in the end.

sky and his position has grown just the same By making this bulletin available,

limited though the number of copies is, the Khrushchev regime has recognized the existence of the demand and made a limited concession to the pressure.

We greet the concession as another but he reiterated the warning vices (schools, hospitals, librarindication of the fresh political currents that prices will come down only ies, museums, scientific research, stirring in the Soviet Union. We are sure as labor productivity increases. that the bulletin will be avidly studied, At the same time as Khrushand that those fortunate enough to receive it will know how to read between standing complaints about waitthe official comments. ing lists for consumer items, poor

Many students, in fact, may indicate service, shortages and inferior quality. In addition to numerous about the need for putting sputtheir interest in reading more such samarticles, the letter columns alples of the Trotskyist position. They lowed the Soviet people to voice might even be curious about how the some of their grievances. Trotskyists would answer the official Though the outcry about concomments, if granted the freedom to do sumer goods was stage-manso in the Soviet press. aged, there is nothing artificial

about public demand for better The interest in Trotskyism is growing living standards. On the conas some foreign correspondents have noted. For example, Harrison Salisbury reported in the Sept. 10 New York Times: limited expression at this time "Russians used to blanch at the mention only because the Soviet Commuof the name of Leon Trotsky. Even today to add to the concessions already you do not hear it often. But a young extended in 1956 and earlier dress well." man in a provincial city brought Trotthis year. sky's name into a discussion of books on Feeding the pressure for bet-

Russia. Another joked about his own physical resemblance to Trotsky and a third said: "'We have begun to talk about Trot-

Are Sputniks Needed?

sky a little, but we still don't write about him.'" people.

Trotskyism is due for a big revival in the Soviet Union - and in the not distant future, we believe. Publication of this bulletin is another straw in the wind. ernment must strike a careful consumer goods, however, for consumer goods.

come?" One thing is certain higher wages, defense of jobs Each successive retreat of the here that these struggles must and defense of shop stewards, working class in Western Eur- have a greater political content against rent increases. ope restored the hold over the than on any previous occasion. middle class which the Tories The struggle against unemploylost during the war. The ment in the coal mines raises strengthening of Western Eur- immediately the whole question opean capitalism as a result of of capitalist nationalization and ialism in Britain.

the treacherous leadership of the necessity for workers' con-Stalinism and Social Democracy trol. The struggle against unlies at the heart of the Tory employment raises the need to Labor Party and trade unions. nationalize those industries election victory.

This swing cannot be halted which cannot provide work for edly play a powerful part in now except through a working- the people formerly employed the regroupment of radical class offensive and it may well in them.

The program for the Left order of the day in Britain.

balance between heavy industry | Soviet workers are not satisfied away from the Tory challenge ised to "report to the govern- and consumer goods, between with mere "capability"; they here, and no wonder! For ment" in Moscow about the ur- military preparedness and cigent consumer goods problem, vilian needs, between social sertheir demands.

Also feeding the mass pressure been waging a subtle campaign Now, as said at the outset, a for more consumer goods at of press advertisements, culmietc.) and individual consumpcheaper prices is the visible nating in an expensive public tion. But on an increasing scale growth of inequalities. Living opinion poll on a loaded queschev toured the Siberian cities, the masses want a revision of the conditions have undeniably im- tionnaire. This re-enforced the the Soviet papers stressed long- plans. They don't believe the proved for all since 1953, but constant attacks of the millionbureaucratic regime gives a high they have improved fastest for aire press. enough priority to their welfare. the privileged strata of Soviet

society. The commanding per- alized industries have come to be well as the historical responsisonnel of the Soviet government part of the bureaucratic ma- bilities, of militants within the and Soviet industry enjoy living chinery of the capitalist state, party have grown enormously. standards comparable in many bossed by representatives of big The next few years will be a

A letter quoted by Sovetskaya Rossiya stated, "Enough of covering ourselves with sputniks in this country.

If Soviet economic growth and and [air and sea] liners. Let's get down to the most ordinary half- defense needs really require as shoes. I have one pair, and al- many sacrifices as before, why trary, this demand has long been ready for four years. Why? Be- are the bureaucrats living it up? repressed and was permitted a cause it is from the West. It has And if sacrifices are not required a foreign stamp. I personally on so great a scale why shouldn't don't need a TU-114 [giant tur- all benefit equally? These guesnist Party leaders felt compelled boprop]. The trolley is enough tions, which the Soviet workers for me. But I want to live and are undoubtedly asking themselves along with their questions

Sovetskaya Rossiya de- about where a proper balance nounced the author of this letter between sputniks and shoes rocketry. These successes are ular recognition for the need of right of democratic review of all pressions. based on the hard work and sputniks, atomic power stations plans - that is, for an end to bodiment of our maturity, our revival of workers' democracy. replied:

force, our capability to satisfy It is this revolutionary de-

more fully the demands of the mand that Khrushchev seeks to people there do not picture a system? The Soviet workers know that people," said the periodical. This head off by promising a greater different system. The capitalist in planning production, the gov- brings the question right back to volume and a better quality of system, for example . . . They that way. The atmosphere is

ing. However, it is now being form than ever before, with a choice which will determine more than its own future.

The Choice

workers whose memories do not

extend back to the hungry thir-

ties and who, in many cases,

have been enjoying considerable

prosperity. On the other hand,

this prosperity has gone hand-

in-hand with a consciousness of

industrial power and a struggle

in the workshop - which the

Labor and trade-union leaders

have tried to keep entirely sep-

Working-Class Following

It was customary to hear this

from housewives and old folk

going to the polls, as well as

from the workers themselves:

"Labor is the party for the working class" "People of our

class shouldn't vote for any

other party." This regardless of

arate from politics.

in the background, or, when That choice can be put as brought in was concentrated on past misdeeds of the Tories, esfollows: Is the Labor Party to become the party of reformed pecially Suez. On current policapitalism, playing the parliacies no serious difference could mentary game of ins-and-outs. be discerned. And the same was as many of tits "friends" outand proscriptions inside the true of unemployment policy side the party are advocating? and, indeed, many social issues. In other words will it go further along the road mapped out for it by the leadership in re-As for nationalization - which cent years? Or will it go forfor many people typified the ward on the way indicated by the differences between the two the militant Left Wingers, the major parties - this was careclass-struggle road to socialism? The mortal threat which the campaign by the Labor leaders genuine Lefts represent to the whenever they could. They ran leaders has been shown by the witch-hunting of the Socialist Labor League in recent months. want the actual satisfaction of months the big concerns threat- The uncommitted rank and file ened with a state-take-over have was pretty lukewarm on that. new ferment is beginning in the party; a mood critical of the policies and leaders which have

dominated the party in the recent period is finding growing expression. In those circum-In fact, of course, the nationstances the opportunities, as cases to those of business execu- business to a very large extent. testing time in which the whole

tives or trade-union bureaucrats Their defense can only be car- future of the British working ried on in terms of workers' class is at stake.

> Guide at U.S. Moscow Fair Sees Soviet People Hopeful

Alex Kucherov, a member of pects of their system, but they the Board of Editors of U.S. look to improvement within the News and World Report, was a framework of the system. They Russian-speaking guide at the more consumer goods. They ter living standards are the as being "alone in his fabrica- should be struck, lead straight U.S. exhibition in Moscow last want fewer 'corrective labor achievements of the Soviet econ-omy in heavy industry and slander and cowardice" Pop-They set up the demand for the News he reported on his im-camps have now been renamed . . They don't see why they Asked if the Russians seem to have to change the system in sacrifices of the Soviet working and mighty planes "is the em- bureaucratic control and for the like their system, Kucherov order to get rid of these things. eplied: "Q Do people feel they can "I would say that most of the get ahead under the present

"A Yes, I think they do feel

are dissatisfied with many as- one of hope."

be that the turn of the tide Promised Soviet More Goods

This has led to doubts even

What About Shoes?

niks in orbit at this time.

(Continued from Page 1)

Letters from Our Readers

Commuters Forced To Pay for Service Vital to New York Editor:

I've been reading the New York Post's exposure of the deterioration of the city's subway from Taipei: system, but I've had the uncomfortable feeling that this liberal paper, despite its crusading journalism, etc., is going to help lead the crusade for a higher subway in response to the government's fare. I well remember when the call for economy.' fare went up from a nickle to a dime and then to 15 cents. I hope these articles are not the handwriting on the wall.

I would be interested in reading a series in the Militant on just how the subways are financed now, and how the original transaction which converted them from private to public property took place.

I understand that there are still people today who collect inchase of the subways by the city even though the subways were bought because their private owners were unable to run them at a profit.

a big hue and cry today that they be self-sustaining?

even use them. For instance, Fund-Red Cross drive so that it President's dogma . . . store owners in New York City benefit by the possibility poten- 316. tial customers have for relatively cheap and quick transporta-

tion. Employers benefit by being able to draw from a large segment of the population for the city streets is lessened.

It is possible for a city the size of metropolitan New York roll deduction plan for charity." tionalization as a panacea." to exist at all only because of modern methods of communicaallow for the extreme centraliproper with the work force living in outlying areas. Yet the to do so.

burden of paying for subway transportation falls more and more heavily upon that segment of the population who can least afford it - the subway com- the machinery group. The larger ism. muter.

Many people like to talk about such plans. ereeping socialism today but it is obvious that under the capitalist system even government-owned working stiffs are told to kick in political action) - the only corcorporations operate for the profit of the capitalists at the ment should take care of. expense of the ordinary worker. Carol L.

The steel strikers should be cal period. grateful for such plans for the New York City community. But how can they

Cheaper Funerals The state has even cut them from relief rolls. - For the Rich Editor:

It would be interesting to know how much the Director of the Red Cross contributes to The Militant is wrong about Chiang Kai-shek not granting this cause. He gets a salary of \$100,000 a year. any concessions to his subjects. E. S. Note the following AP dispatch Chicago

Editor:

"The Chi Loh funeral parlor, largest and most expensive in In What Direction Formosa, announced lower rates for funerals. It said it was acting is SP-SDF Going?

> O. T. Road New York City

Amazing Interest In How Workers Spend Their Wages Editor:

party, unique in that it func-It's amazing to witness the in- tions inside another party, the terest that union pie-cards take Democratic Party. The role of still people today who collect in-terest from the original pur-If only they took as much in-and in COPE . . . or in other terest in increasing those wages! organizations such as Americans Four of Chicago's finest "labor for Democratic Action and to statesmen" have joined the work among them loyally and large-scale over-all planning. "Mercy Crusade." William A. honestly."

t a profit. And if the city took over the Federation of Labor; Ray Scho-ist" — and coming nearly simulsubways because they could not essling, president of the Inter- taneously with Meany's denunbe run at a profit but in fact national Brotherhood of Team- ciation of the Democratic role in ran at a loss why is there such sters' Joint Council No. 25; Earl passing federal anti-labor legis-J. McMahon, president of the lation. And Prof. Samuel Beer

Chicago and Cook County Build- (current ADA national chairviewpoints that the subways Germano, director of District 31, National ADA Convention held should be largely subsidized by United Steelworkers of America, Oct. 10 (reported in the New taxes. Like the mail and the have all gone in for charity just York Times of Oct. 11): "The public-education system, the like the society moneybags. major deterrent to constructive subways benefit large segments These union officials promised legislation was the Democratic of the population who may not full support for the Community leadership's embrace of the

> may achieve its goal of \$14,638,-While even the labor bureaucrats and the State Department McMahon said, "Our men will "liberals" of ADA are moving work as trouble shooters with away from the Democratic Crusade of Mercy solicitors." Party, the SP-SDF is moving Lee said: "We must use every towards it! means available to make this Further in the SP-SDF "Re-

their work force. Congestion on year's campaign a success. One port," Norman Thomas says he simple way of doing it is to in- "sought no labor party" and goes sist that each firm adopt a payon to refute "the notion of na-

The SP-SDF and its youth According to the Chicago Sun-Times, Schoessling said the group have virtually suspended tion and transportation which Teamsters Union representatives all their publications in the past would urge firms which have several months, and are in a conzation of work in Manhattan not already set up voluntary tinuing state of financial crisis. deduction programs for the drive The organization should now dissolve itself, allowing its lead-

Germano promised to have ers to follow through on their Steelworkers Union representa- proposals by joining the Demotives promote the payroll deduc- cratic Party, an agency of reactions plan among small firms in tionary capitalism and imperialsteel companies have instituted

This would leave former SP SDF members free to support After receiving wages that are the UI-SP (or any other socialist will be rejected—in which case not near what they should be, group that endorses independent the strike will resume after 80 davs. for charities that the govern- rect and vital role American socialists can fulfill in our histori

> Cynthia Speare New York City

participate without paychecks? VOLUME XXIII

> Warning to New York Defies Committee **Stop Being Heartless**

By Constance F. Weissman

Can youth delinquency be curbed by more vigorous use of the club? Would it help to fine parents of youngsters convicted of vandalism? Prominent New York of-

nomic opportunities.

Commendable Plan

Hertel's plan is better than

The trouble with his plan is

questions. No less than ten supply adequate nutrition, sufbills for "tightening law en- ficient clothing, medical care. forcement" have been deliver- and living conditions. ("...more Sept. 5 and 6 - quotes Max ed to Governor Rockefeller by than 15% of the city's two mil-Schachtman (one of the three the city's legislative represen- lion families lack the means of securing the basic necessities

cirector of the Community Ser- living at the most modest level vice Society, one of the city's of health and decency accepted largest welfare organizations, in our culture.") Mr. Hertel doesn't make the has registered a vigorous no! In a report to contributors to headlines by blaming all the the society, Hertel scores the crimes on the Puerto Rican cold, heartless metropolis and people in New York either. He suggests that the solution to says that his program would the delinquency problem lies in give priority to minority groups,

"How is it," he asks, "that we have reached this state? Why is it that the largest, richest and most energetic city the ideas of most social workin the world finds itself-and ers. Social workers deal almost has found itself for too many exclusively with the very hardinadequate to deal with the jungle?

slightly beneath the surface of many give up hope and fall for juvenile crime will usually the propaganda that punishfind it is rooted in a depressing ment is the only solution. tangle of problems that have that it has little chance of bebeen either ignored or inadeing put into effect. As he quately dealt with."

izing all the city's resources to They just can't think except in

And where's the profit in quency rather than its symp- And where's the profit in toms. Such a program would program of helping people?



on a press sampling of the at- tion industries and then on the

Loaded for Bear

The steel barons went into the

Having been put through the The demands of the steel union wringer once it is not likely were rejected out of hand. Steelthat the steel workers will be workers President McDonald amenable to a crash production started running the moment the schedule designed to stockpile corporation spokesmen said boo! enough steel for another long The demands of the union for siege. In fact the sentiment for improvements in wages, hours



MONDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1959

Carl Braden, civil-liberties

fighter. He and Frank Wilkin-

ATLANTA, Ga. - Harrass-

son. They were found guilty of

of Appeals.

mittee.

School Battles **Padlock Drive of Racist Officials**

By Bert Deck

Highlander Folk School of Monteagle, Tenn., has had its main building padlocked by order of Circuit Judge Chester C. Chattin. He ruled that beer had been available for sale in this building without+ ter for "drunkenness, rowdia license

The temporary injunction was ness, immoral, lewd and uninvoked after a hearing in Sep- chaste practices." tember on a petition by Attor-

Public Indignant ney General A. B. Sloan to

NUMBER 43

close, the school as a "public According to the Oct. 12 nuisance." The injunction re-Weekly Bulletin of the Amerimains in force until the Circan Civil Liberties Union. Highlander has won "substan-tial public support" against cuit Court meets again in November to reconsider the state's motion to close the entire this persecution. "Aid came school. Meanwhile classes are from the students and faculty being held in other buildings of the University of the South on the school property. and the faculty of Vanderbilt

Interracial Workshops

University. Newspapers throughout the state criticized Highlander Folk School was

the hearings as being a waste founded in 1932 by Myles Hor- of taxpayers' money. ton. Since then the institution Among the organizations has provided short-term interwhich have come to the support racial workshops for students of Highlander are the Montof all ages who are interested gomery Improvement Association, the Southern Leadership in the problems of labor, inte-Conference and the Alabama gration and community organi-Christian Movement. zation.

ment of individuals for their In recent years the school work in behalf of integration has come under attack by and civil liberties was vigorsouthern reactionaries especiously assailed at hearings here ally for its work in the inte-Oct. 7 before the U.S. Court gration struggle. The governor of Georgia described it as a The hearings were on appeal "training school for communof one-year prison sentences of ism."

> In March of this year the Attorney General held hearings

in Nashville, Tenn., under inter after refusing to answer structions from the state legisquestions before the House lature to find a basis for clos-Un-American Activities Coming the school. Although the legislature had voted \$5,000 for Attorneys for Braden and this investigation, no legal Wilkinson charged that their grounds could be discovered clients were subjected to the for attacking the institution.

inquisition because they are ac-Raid Staged tive in fields of which the House Committee members dis-On July 31 Highlander was

approve. raided by a band of state Braden, of Louisville, Ky., is troopers and sheriff's deputies. field secretary and editor for Mrs. Septima P. Clark, the the Southern Conference Edu-| school's Educational Director, cational Fund, a southwide in- was arrested for "the illegal terracial organization working possession of liquor." Three for racial equality. white men, who were working

Wilkinson, of Los Angeles, is at the school, protested to the executive secretary of the Citi- state troopers and were immezens Committee to Preserve diately arrested for "drunken-American Freedoms, which is ness, resisting arrest, and incampaigning for abolishment of terference with an officer." Although Judge Chattin later the House Committee. Arguments for Braden were ruled that the raid and search mittee Member, Socialist Workensacola.

Calendar Of **Events**

NEW YORK

"Will Eisenhower Accept Khrushchev's Disarmament Offer?" Speaker: Joseph Hansen, editor of the Militant. Fri., Oct. 30, 8:30 p.m., 116 University Pl. (near Union Square). Contribution 50 cents. Auspices: Militant Labor Forum.

Haloween Party. Enjoy a bewitching evening. Music, dancing, refreshments. Sat., Oct. 31, from 9 p.m., 116 University Pl. Contribution 50 cents. Auspices: Militant Labor Forum.

LOS ANGELES

Celebrate the forty-second anniversary of the Russian Revolution with the Militant Labor Forum. "Socialism Challenges Capitalist World Rule." Hear: Milton Alvin, National Com-



ficials are saying "yes" to these

The "Report on the National Conference of the SP-SDF" held in South Haven, Mich., tative this week.

principal speakers) thusly: "In But Frank H. Hertel, general required for a self-sufficient many ways Labor's Committee on Political Education (COPE) today is an embryonic political

helping to give them a fair share of educational and eco-

"Inhospitable Jungle"

It seems obvious from many ing Trades Council; and Joseph man) said to delegates to the years - to be an inhospitable est-hit families. They feel so

"Anyone who probes even endless problems involved that

Among the "overlooked" points out, the plan requires problems, he lists "grinding the mobilization of all the reemotional and economic de- sources of the city. But the alprivation, discrimination re- locating of the sums of money sulting in inadequate educa- that are needed to provide tional and employment oppor- trained personnel, housing, tunities, wretched housing, il- medical care, etc., is up to the Carl Braden and Frank Wilkinlegitimacy, physical and men- capitalists. Mr. Hertel says that tal illness, parental neglect, and "materialism" has gained the contempt of Congress last winhomes racked by divorce, de- upper hand over concern for sertion, death and separation." people. It isn't that the capital-Mr. Hertel advocates mobil- ists are hard-hearted, however.

deal with the causes of delin- terms of profit.

action.

(Continued from Page 1) the unions in the mass productitude of the strikers is that the entire labor movement. last offer" of the corporations

negotiations loaded for bear.



Notes in the News

THINK THAT LAST PICTURE WAS A **STINKER?** — TV competition for customers is driving Hollywood to everything but better pictures. Columbia, for example, is wiring seats in several theaters with an electrical device to deliver sensations to audiences of its new thriller, "The Tingler." Another studio treats its patrons to a filmed hypnosis demonstration in which they are told they will experience horrors first-hand through the power of suggestion. Finally, there is Smell-O-Vision, a process that will release 35 odors in synchronization with the action in "Scent of Mystery." The audience will smell roses, garlic, bananas, a sooty railroad and the Mediterranean. It is reliably reported that they throw in an extra smell for the plot.

AUTOMATED MEDICINE - Automation is being brought into the doctor's office as a "matter of economics," according to Dr. Louis M. Orr, president of the American Medical Association. In an Oct. 14 interview he described an electronic computer being used in some offices. A patient enters and registers his complaint by pushing an appropriate button. The computer then directs the patient to a particular room for whatever tests may be necessary for the suspected ailment and the results are ready for the doctor before he sees the patient. Dr. Orr didn't say if a special computer has been developed to tally up the doctor's bills.

. . .

IWW STALWART DIES - Arthur Boose, a member of the Industrial Workers of the World for 50 years, died in Portland, Ore., at the age of 82. Well known in Portland as a persistent hawker of the IWW paper, the Industrial Worker, he was an active participant in the historic Mesabi Range mine strike and other Wobblyled workers' battles. Arrested during the Palmer raids after World War I, he served five years in prison.

EXPECTANT MOTHER WINS PENNSYL-VANIA JOBLESS PAY - The Pennsylvania Supreme Court ruled last month that an expectant mother in the town of McDonald, who was forced to leave her job, is entitled to unemployment compensation. Mrs. Thelma Kianiecki was compelled to resign from the Pittsburgh Coke & Chemical Co. because of a company rule that an employe cannot work beyond the sixth month of pregnancy. Reversing the Unemployment Compensation Commission, the court ruled that it was clearly apparent that Mrs. Kianiecki wanted to continue working.

* * *

CHANGES NAME BUT NOT LINE - The Canadian Communist Party, which for many years used the name, Labor Progressive Party, re-adopted the name of Communist Party of Canada at its recent national convention, ac-

cording to an Oct. 13 announcement. Party secretary Tim Buck said the change was made because people confused the Labor Progressive Party with the Progressive Conservatives. The party suffered heavy losses after the Khrushchev revelations when its leadership insisted on continuing as blind apologists for the Kremlin.

MECHANIZATION IN AGRICULTURE -The National Advisory Committee on Farm Labor is compiling information on the extent to which machinery is replacing farm workers. It reports that in New York state this year 130

bean-picking machines are expected to go into the unions under anti-trust laws, steel workers. operation, each machine replacing 50 to 100 workers. In New Jersey, 55 potato pickers, gaining, etc., etc. which halve 40-man crews, are already in operation. Cherry, cranberry and broccoli pickers

are also being tried. . . .

NEXT THE PIED PIPER? - A 450-block New York area, coinciding with the boundaries to do the job for them. of the Negro ghetto in Harlem, has been ofcially designated as rat-infested by the City Board of Health. Each year many babies in the corporations was intended to support has bolstered the deterarea are treated for rat bites. The Board of gut the powerful steel union mination of the steel workers to Health declaration means that landlords will and by extension to impose continue their struggle through be expected to call in an exterminator four open-shop conditions, first on and beyond the Taft-Hartley intimes a year. The New York Times solemnly described this as a "crackdown."

HOW MANY MORE ARE FLYING AROUND LOOSE? - A Strategic Air Command bomber, carrying two live atom bombs, collided with a refueling tanker over Hardinburg, Ky., Oct. 15. Eight of the 12 crewmen were killed but the bombs didn't explode. Defense Dept. spokesmen insisted there's nothing to worry about and that the odds are heavily against an explosion even if there are future similar crashes. No information was given as to the number of planes now flying over the U.S. with nuclear weapons or what the consequences will the Socialist Workers Party. be if the odds prove wrong.

RADIOACTIVE VEGETABLES - The contamination of vegetables by fallout from nuclear tests has reached such a point that the U.S. Department of Health deems it necessary to of the trade-union bureaucracy regularly test samples from all parts of the and how the contradiction becountry. The highest content of cancer-breeding strontium 90 found so far was in lettuce and the need for rank-and-file from California. The Health Department said the amount was below the "maximum permissible limit." Non-governmental scientists insist

there is no such thing as a safe limit for strontium intake. * * *

JUST A COINCIDENCE - In an anti-trust suit against five big drug companies, U. S. At- coffee and informal discussion. torney Lewis Bernstein charged that in bidding The sessions begin at 11 a.m. against each other on Salk polio vaccine, they on successive Sundays at 1702 CIO would not have been able ance of the idea of "an entirely had quoted prices identical to the fourth decimal. E. Fourth St.

slowdown is so widespread and working conditions were that attorneys for the govern- quickly jettisoned. The union ment asked that the injunction demands were reduced to asking be broadened to prohibit such for an extension of the old contract.

Emboldened by the capitula-The prospect of a resumption of the strike after the 80-day in- tory mood of the McDonald gued by Rowland Watts, staff ing that the School's charter be junction expires has sparked a leadership, the steel tycoons host of plans, proposals and took the offensive. Not only did schemes to further castrate the they refuse to grant any wage labor movement and render it increase; they laid down an ulimpotent against employer-gov- timatum that the union surrendernment attack. These embody er established working rules and all the union-busting devices conditions. This became the hatched over the years by the main issue and transformed the National Association of Manu- entire character of the struggle. facturers, Chambers of Com- The strike became one for the merce and other such outfits- preservation of the union and compulsory arbitration, placing was understood as such by the

When the employer-governprohibiting industry-wide barment assault on the steel union Having failed to crack the was coupled with the enactment Steelworkers' ranks through di- by Congress of the Landrumrect economic assault, the cor- Griffin-Kennedy killer bill the porations and their henchmen entire labor movement became are now clamoring for Congress aroused. Financial support was

poured in to prevent the steel The two-pronged attack on strikers from being starved back labor spearheaded by the steel to work. Promise of additional junction period.

Where the employers and their Swabeck to Talk stooges in government miscalculated was in interpreting the At L.A. School spineless, faint-hearted, craven conduct of the labor bureaucrats as a sign of weakness in the

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 17 ranks. Recognition of this error The School of International has given them cause to pause Socialism will open its fall and reassess their union-wrecklecture series here Nov. 1 with ing strategy. the first of three Sunday morn-The union militants can utiling lectures by Arne Swabeck,

to disclose.

tween bureaucratic practices

democracy will likely be re-

In later sessions of the school,

solved.

ize this period to rally the ranks veteran trade unionist and Naaround a militant program of tional Committee member of struggle designed to enlist the entire organized labor movement The first lecture will be on in mass action on the economic The Dynamics of Trade Union and political arena to stem la-Growth and Workers' Democ- bor's retreat and go over to the racy." In his next two lectures, counter-offensive. Swabeck will discuss the role

> Don't miss a week. Send in your subscription to the Militant.

their criticisms to the Republi-Senator Paul Douglas, a laborendorsed Illinois Democrat, told discussions will be led by Theo- the Illinois AFL-CIO convendore Edwards, Milton Alvin tion that groups like the Senate rackets committee were often Each session is followed by unfair and violated rights of promises."

privacy but had revealed facts new party."

the National Lawyers Guild, and been referred to the November cents. Leonard Boudin, New York, grand jury.

general counsel for the Emer- Following the raid, the At-School of International Sogency Civil Liberties Commit- torney General filed the petitee. Wilkinson's case was ar- tion with the Circuit Court ask- cialism presents its fall lecture series:

"The Dynamics of Trade counsel for the American Civil withdrawn. The petition charg-Union Growth and Workers' Liberties Union. ed that the school was a cen-Democracy." Sun., Nov. 1, 11

When Republican State Sen-

Penn. Marchers Seek State Fair-Housing Law By Ethel Peterson

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 14-| "We shouldn't give up the Some 500 protestors, in an em- march idea, but make them bigergency march sponsored by the ger," one woman said. National Association for the Another woman union mem Advancement of Colored People ber thought that Negroes should and the Pennsylvania Equal press inside the unions for more Rights Council, walked into the union participation in such

State Senate today determined marches. to win fair-housing legislation. They came by bus and auto ator Thomas B. Horney, chair-

rom various cities to confront man of the Senate committee, ciety." Speaker to be announced. the senators who had rejected entered the Senate session at Fri, Oct. 30, 8 p.m., 322 Henne-House Bill 322 by a vote of 9 to the last minute, the crowd fol-5 in the Republican-controlled lowed him beyond the brass Cities Labor Forum. railings set up to separate the Senate' Labor and Industry

Committee. The bill, which public from the legislators. would prohibit discrimination in the sale or rental of homes not occupied by owners, passed lice. The Senate has to meet." the House Aug. 4 by a vote of 131 to 66.

Before the walk up the cap- reconsider the bill, but he would al Center, 179 Clinton Ave. Conitol hill, a meeting at the YWCA go no further than that. was addressed by officials of the

NAACP, the Democratic and Republican parties, Protestant churches and the United Steelworkers of America.

Leroy Ervis of Pittsburgh, a Negro first-term Democrat and one of the bill's sponsors, said "I'll be damned if I'm going to be elected as a Democratic official if the House Democratic leaders don't act to pass a fair housing bill."

While most of the speakers implied their support of the Democratic party by confining LABOR'S PAL

cans, Henry Smith, Pennsyl-vania NAACP state chairman, warned, "We are no longer neophytes; we're learning how to split the ticket and vote for those who have lived up to their

Many in the ranks were ready about corruption that the AFL- to go further, including accept-

Lecturer: Arne Swabeck, National Committee Member, Socialist Workers Party. Forum Hall, 1702 E. 4th St., ANgelus 9-4953.

"The Bureaucratization of the

Trade-Union Structure and

Worker Acquiescence." Sun.,

Between Bureaucracy and De-

mocracy." Sun., Nov. 15, 11

"Resolving the Contradictions

Nov. 8, 11 a.m.

Further lectures to be announced.

MINNEAPOLIS

"Youth in a Delinquent Sopin, 2nd Floor. Auspices: Twin

NEWARK

A guard shouted excitedly, Farrell Dobbs, National Sec-"Get out! I'll call the state poretary Socialist Workers Party, discusses, "Labor's Role in the Under prodding, Horney 1960 Elections." Friday, Nov. 6, agreed to have his committee 8:30 p.m., Workmen's Education-

trib. 50 cents. Ausp. SWP.

Local Directory		
BOSTON Boston Labor Forum, 295 Hunting- ton Ave., Room 200. CHICAGO Socialist Workers Party, 777 W. Adams, DE 2-9736. CLEVELAND Socialist Workers Party 10609 Su- perior Ave., Room 301, SW 1-1818. Open Wednesday nights 7 to 9. The Militant, P.O. Box 1904, Uni- versity Center Station, Cleveland 6, Ohio. DETROIT Eugene V. Debs Hall, 3737 Wood- ward. TEmple 1-6135. LOS ANGELES Forum Hall and Modern Book Shop, 1702 E. 4th St. AN 9-4953 or WE 5- 9238. MILWAUKEE 150 East Juneau Ave.	NEWARK Newark Labor Forum, Box 361, Newark, N. J. NEW YORK CITY Militant Labor Forum, 116 Univer- sity Place, AL 5-7852. OAKLAND - BERKELEY P.O. Box 341, Berkeley 1, Callf. PHILADELPHIA Militant Labor Forum and Socialis Workers Party, 1303 W. Ghrard Ave. Lectures and discussions every Satur- day, 8 P.M., followed by open house. Call PO 3-5820. SAN FRANCISCO The Militant, 1145 Polk St., Rm. 4. Sat. 11 A.M. to 3 P.M. Phone PR 6- 7296; if no answer, VA 4-2321. SEATTLE 1412-18th Avenue, EA 2-5554. Li- brary, bookstore.	
MINNEAPOLIS	ST. LOUIS	

Socialist Workers Party, 322 Hen- For information phone MO 4-7194.