Cyrus Eaton Hits FBI Tyranny in Nat'l Broadcast

MAY 5 — National television viewers who saw the Mike Wallace show last night heard Cyrus S. Eaton, Cleveland millionaire and industrialist, blast the FBI for

snooping and spying on the ferences, Mr. Eaton said, it had that TV audiences are treated been an American who was "a to denunciations of J. Edgar Hoover's agents. There is almost an unwritten law that public attacks on the FBI should be suppressed. In recent years several books glorifying the federal political police have been widely circulated. MORE THAN HITLER HAD

Mr. Eaton, the 74-year-old industrialist who has sponsored a number of international conferences of nuclear scientists at Pugwash, Nova Scotia, said that Hitler at the height of his power, "never had such spy organizations as we have in this country today." Mincing no words, he said there were "scores of agencies" engaged "in investigating, in snooping, in informing, in creeping up on people."

Undoubtedly millions of people in this country have been made aware, directly or indirectly, of the tremendous growth of the FBI since the 1930's. Resentment and anger are countered by a well-organized campaign to portray the FBI as necessary guardians of "national security.

Eaton pointed out that the FBI had "sold itself in a marvelous way." Then he said, "But I always worry when I see a nation feel that it is coming to greatness through the activities of its policemen." The importance of the FBI is enormously exaggerated, he said. "They make no contribution to the upbuilding of this country. and its respect abroad."

Eaton's work with representatives of science throughout the world has given him a picture of sentiment in other countries. In one of these con-

> In this Issue "Why I Am A Marxist" (See Page 2)

Stingiest Jobless Aid Bill ideas. "I think everyone was astounded at the freedom with which the Communists discussed any scientific problem." In Eaton's opinion, scientific development in the United States has been "enormously retarded" because "the scientist is conscious that the Federal Bureau of Investigation is breathing down the back of his neck all the time, scaring him." Bureau of Investigation is neck all the time, scaring him."

little more cautious for politic-

al reasons" in expressing his

Eaton scoffed at the notion Now Aping that "communism" would not last in the Soviet Union and China. "We can't destroy it. **McCarthy** It's there to stay," he said. And he warned that an all-out war would be a catastrophe.

Returns Home

Wearing a borrowed over-

coat and clutching a bunch of

flowers from a well-wisher,

William Heikkila returns to

his home in San Francisco.

He was kidnapped and de-

ported by the Immigration

Department but a public out-

cry won his return.

20000

15000

10,000

Commission to stymie the growing American demand for halt to nuclear tests became more invidious when AEC chairman Lewis Strauss, on April 4, sought to smear the anti-test movement as "Sovietinspired." Interviewed on a national TV hookup, Strauss cynically as-

Efforts of the Atomic Energy

Head

Vol. XXII - No. 19

222

serted that anti-bomb protest coming after the Soviet Union instituted a unilateral test ban and just prior to U.S. tests in the Pacific "runs up a signal which warrants inquiry."

Avoiding the fact that the major impetus to the protest movement has derived from widely publicized statements by prominent individuals and groups, Strauss hypocritically declared he would be in a better position to judge the "sincerity" of those sparking the protest "if they came out in the open." Strauss' agency has been nailed "in the open" in a series of deliberate falsifications and distortions in its campaign to justify continuing the deadly tests.

'MODERN McCARTHY'

His current red-baiting at tack was vigorously and accurately characterized in a May 5 statement to the U.S. Senate by Clinton P. Anderson (D-N.M.). Anderson declared: actually got called a tool of Russia, but the implication is there . . . The chairman of the

"Nobody Workers. commission thus seeks to be-

come the modern apostle of McCarthyism." Meanwhile, gover over 800.000 unsold carsagents moved to prevent a dramatic anti-test demonstration by seizing the 30-foot ketch, the Golden Rule, which was heading into the Pacific UAW's 1.3 million members The "Big Three" quickly rezone of the presently scheduled U.S. tests in an effort to block the explosions. The four pacifist crew members of the Goldcharges of criminal contempt of million goal when the contracts took the initiative by announc-An injunction against their General Motors alone would with the union as of May 29. court and jailed in Honolulu. An injunction against their nearly exhaust this since bene-sailing into the test area had for exhaust this since bene-termination of the Chrysler for its very life. been issued by a federal judge after the AEC issued a ruling barring entry into the 390,000

150,000 W. Germans Protest A-Bomb

THE MILITANT

PUBLISHED WEEKLY IN THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

NEW YORK, N.Y., MONDAY, MAY 12, 1958

Both Parties Help Boost



A view of part of a giant rally of 150,000 in Hamburg last month. It protested plans for arming West German military forces with nuclear weapons. Similar demonstrations are being held throughout West Germany, and the Socialist Party is pressing for a national referendum on the issue.

The Auto Negotiations

By Fred Halstead

The secrecy of the auto nego- extend the existing contracts porations one at a time, it will tiations was broken for a few for three months, foregoing a have to start with the most days last week to reveal the six-cent hourly "annual im- costly strike-against GM. UAW corporations pushing their of provement factor" wage in vice-president Leonard Woodfensive from a position of pow- crease which falls due each cook, director of the GM deer. The auto bosses advanced summer under the contracts partment, replied: ". . . We impervious to volley after vol- signed in 1955. This very real can only repeat: GM has the ley of "public spirited" press retreat was further dressed up legal right to end the agreereleases from the Reuther lead- for public approval by propos- ment, but it has no such right ership of the United Auto als to remove excise taxes on to force the union to strike." automobiles and cut prices so This statement can only im-

With the General Motors, as to stimulate sales. The union press upon the workers in the Ford and Chrysler contracts also asked an extension, during plants the idea that they will expiring at the end of May, the the three months, of Supple- have to take whatever the comcorporations hold a stock of mentary Unemployment Bene- pany dishes out in the way of fits for those workers who have speed-up and contract violations

Democrats' Maneuvers Behind the Scenes Kill Better Measure

By George Lavan

MAY 8-With both capitalist parties publicly committed for months to extending unemployment compensation for the millions of jobless whose benefits have

already run out or soon will do so, the House of Representatives finally passed the stingiest and most anti-labor bill possible.

The Democratic Party, which controls the House with 234 seats to the Republicans' 200. was supposed to be sponsoring slightly better unemployment compensation extension bill, but when the vote came, only 148 Democrats voted for the better

STANDARD PERFORMANCE

This is another example of the shell game regularly pulled on pro-labor voters by Northern Democrats, just as they pull the same trick on Negro voters with civil-rights legislation. To maintain a reputation as "friends of labor" the liberal Democrats pretend to fight for legislation favored by unions and civil-rights organizations. Behind the scenes the real

leaders of the Democratic Party, a coalition of Southern racist politicians and big-city machine leaders, decide what is really going to be passed or defeated. All that the Northern Democrats ask is that they be allowed to make the record and put on a good show for their constituents.

ment has been long demanding

ation. But the initiative is en- weeks better. The labor move-

In the case of the unemployment compensation extension bill this pattern is very obvious. After Eisenhower on March 8 called for an extension of job-

Price 10c

EISENHOWER

only aid for some two million uninsured jobless.

That the Democratic leadership agreed to sponsor this bill for a longer extension of benefits to more people, is explained by the fact that it was tacitly understood the bill was not to be passed but used only for campaign propaganda in the fall elections. The Democraticcontrolled House committees arranged that amendments and substitutions to the bill could be voted right on the floor rather than having to be referred back to committee as



Youngstown Takes 2nd

By Murry Weiss National Fund Drive Director

MAY 7 — The steel industry may be down to 47%capacity but the Youngstown branch of the Socialist Workers Party has jumped from 13th to second place on the scoreboard of the Socialist Expansion Fund. (See page two.)

The layoffs and short workweeks in steel and auto and other industries have confronted SWP branches in such cities as Youngstown, Detroit and Buffalo with great difficulties. But we are proud to again note that these branches have been leading the drive to raise \$20,000 to expand the work of the socialist movement in 1958.

Last week we received \$1,683, the second best week in the threemonth drive which has 24 days to go to the May 31 deadline. The New York Local led the way last week with a contribution of over \$500 edging its way ahead of Los Angeles for the first time in the drive.

A big help to the New York Fund was the May Day Celebration last Saturday. A record crowd jammed 116 University Place to enjoy a magnificent International Smorgasbord, hear talks, dance and sing way into the night. Those present contributed generously to the Fund.

The toughest job is now at hand - the crucial wind-up period of the drive. We have been going along at a steady pace gradually cutting down the initial lag. Now the successful and prompt fulfillment of the

quota of \$20,000 by May 31 depends on every branch making a final spurt.

Fund activities are being scheduled throughout the country for May.

We hear that the Twin Cities branch is planning a big social affair for May 17 to "make up the difference between pledges and

our full quota." Twin Cities Fund Director, Fannie Curran, writes: "We will certainly exert every extra effort needed the propaganda hokum about the continue growing through 1962, ment in 1956, and, in 1958, will just making propaganda capital. REAL RESULTS last few weeks of the drive and that means that victory is danger of a "sneak attack" by at a rate roughly twice that of probably exceed our own." definitely in sight."

of right. miles danger area. Without legal precedent, the AEC decree OFFER EXTENSION

is in clear violation of internadom of the seas.

enough to supply current de- already exhausted them. This until a more opportune time mand for two months even if would be financed out of ex- for resistance arrives. production were stopped com- isting funds, costing the cor- HOPE FOR CHANGE pletely. At least 400,000 of the porations nothing.

are already unemployed and plied with rejections and counnot paying dues. The union's ter-demands that the contract strike fund will stand at least be extended without change tirely with the corporations. \$10 million short of the \$40 for two full years. Then GM expire. A two-month strike in ing termination of its contract fits, according to the UAW con- contract had already been set

stitution, must be paid to all by the union for May 31 and a bitter showdown. More likely opposed even to any encouragestriking members as a matter for June 1 for Ford.

The GM move is unprece- year contract, which Woodcook, improvements in the present dented in the history of union- according to the May 3 Busi- inadequate law. So the whole bill was defeated next day and In face of this situation, the employer relations in the in- ness Week, said might be bill was framed as a temporary a substitute, combining the tional law safeguarding free- UAW leaders announced pub- dustry. It is a threat that if the "agreeable." This would prob- help for some three million in- worst features of it and the licly, April 28, a proposal to UAW intends to strike the cor-(Continued on Page 4) sured jobless and this-once-

less benefits, the Northern the customary House proced-Democrats started drafting a ure. Then the signal was given bill that would be better than to the Southern Democrats to the Republicans' but not too get out their knives and whittle The union itself is commit- much so. The Republicans were down their party's bill without ted to stalling in the hopes of | talking of 13 more weeks, the fear of punishment. a change in the economic situ- Democrats went them three

With understatement verging on irony, the N.Y. Times (May 2) news story of the bill's de-Technically, after May 29, GM permanent improvements in the feat remarked: "It was apparcould legally violate seniority unemployment insurance law ent that the Democratic leaderprovisions, for example, which such as higher benefits and ship had done little to keep would force the union to strike coverage of workers now left the Southerners in its camp.' out. But the real heads of the This, however, would mean Democratic Party are strongly Equally apparent was the lack of real fight for the bill by the is a compromise around a one- ment of the idea of permanent Northern Democrats. Reaching the House floor April 30, the

(Continued on Page 4)

Sees Soviet Production as the Real Dulles

gence service head bluntly According to the figures overtaking the U.S. in the ex- impressive strides in breaking self to the thought: "Take care, By Harry Ring

states: ". . . the USSR does not which his agency has apparent- pansion of industry looms up through the U.S.-imposed eco- at some future date the Soviet Allen W. Dulles, chief of the intend to use its military pow- ly gathered with meticulous even larger in terms of the nomic iron curtain and is rap- Union may do to you what we U.S. military and political es- er in such a way as to risk care, annual overall growth in present industrial slump. Dulles idly expanding its foreign trade of the U.S. have been doing pionage service, the Central In- general war . . . it is most the Soviet Union has been run- soberly notes: "Since 1956, So- with capitalist countries. telligence Agency, spoke before probable that the fateful bat- ning between 6 and 7%, with viet output has continued its Seventy percent of such the real result of growing Sothe United States Chamber of tles of the 'cold war' will, in the annual growth of industry rapid expansion. In the first trade gains, Dulles said, has viet-West European trade. And Commerce, April 28. His sub- the foreseeable future, be between 10 and 12%. ject was, "Dimensions of the fought in the economic and "These rates of growth are trial production was eleven per- tries of West Europe. The USSR tionary effect on the thinking International Peril Facing Us." subversive arenas." The title, speaker and audience

combined to suggest one more dreary tale of cloak-and-dagger by the CIA role in the over- ing limited periods of post-war limited States" activities by "Communist ag-ents." But instead Dulles provided his audience with a set of surprisingly candid admisof surprisingly candid admis-Union is not playing the game that it opment is but an anticipation opment is but an anticipation Sino-Soviet bloc has for the the assembled business men. and about the nature of the is "subverting" governments by of what is expected in the near first time surpassed the United "Over the years, the USSR may and about the nature of the is "subverting" governments by future. The Soviet Union is not future. The Soviet Union is not States in steel production . . . well become a major source of the complains that the Soviet bosed to represent. geous trade pacts.)

Taking note that the Cham-The evidence presented by but is also expanding the size ber of Commerce "occupies a key position of influence in our Dulles to document "the ser- of that plant at an unparalleled (In 1956, at the height of the may be able to supply two where imperialist powers like nation's approach to interna- iousness of the Soviet economic rate. tional as well as domestic prob- threat" provides striking con-

lems," Dulles marshaled an firmation of the Marxist view ment . . . as a portion of the array of extremely important that socialized property forms gross national product in the facts and figures which hammer are superior to the capitalist USSR [since 1956] was significhome one central point - the forms.

planned economy of the Soviet more dynamic than the cap-italist mode of production and this presents a major challenge is the there is an early pros-priciously raising prices, or by dumping commodities, the So-nist doctrine." Union is proving itself far Soviet Union has developed from funds in the USSR were plow- trends. "A recession is an exthe spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-the spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-the spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-the spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-the spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-the spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-the spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-the spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-allurgical base, and in the pro-away at American free enter-the spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-the spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-the spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-allurgical base, and in the pro-away at American free enter-the spresents a major challenge into the world's second econom-at the council tables of the to the future of the capitalist ic power, Dulles reports that ducer goods industry. In these away at American free entersystem.

the Soviet economy has been fields it was over 80 percent of prise." Dispensing with the usual growing, and is expected to actual United States invest- And the Soviet Union is not

the Soviet Union, the intelli- the United States.

(An authority in the field of "They have rarely been match- comparison, the Federal Re- port such products as petroleum closer ties with the Soviet "subversion," as demonstrated ed in other states except dur-

enticing them into advanta- only increasing the productive

* Andreas Andre

According to Dulles, "Investabout 50% of that in the U.S.) oil requirements.

'EXPENSIVE LUXURY'

United States."

USSR [since 1956] was signific-antly higher than in the United nessmen of the real peril for warne of acanamic merificial which "credits and grants are forms. Explaining that since 1928 the since in the USSP were plow- trends "A recession is an ex-

great industrial nations of Europe.'

alloys.

he explains. During the past This bit of advice to the package credit deal - long The fact that the USSR is several years it has also made European countries reduces it-

for years." But Dulles avoids quarter of 1958, Soviet indus- been with the industrial coun- that is its potentially revoluextremely high," he observes. cent higher than a year ago. In has increased its ability to ex- of the masses, who, through further impelled to establish a similar type of economy in

In the crucial field of steel "The USSR is already a supproduction he reveals that "in plier in traditional Western Turning to the r

the first quarter of 1958 the metal markets," Dulles warned Soviet trade with former colonial countries. Dulles finds the only increasing the productive the USSR alone turned out such industrial necessities in he complains that the Soviet capacity of its industrial plant over 75 percent of the steel Western Europe." By 1972, he according to the capitalist book. tonnage of the United States." estimated, the Soviet Union according to the capitalist book. boom, Soviet steel output was thirds of West Europe's crude the U.S. use their economic resources as a form of political If this trade continues to ex-ed countries, the Soviet Union blackmail against underdevelop-

> Furthermore: "The Communists have no interest rate problems. They have no legislative restrictions. The USSR has developed an attractive (Continued on Page 4)

5,000

Page Two

THE MILITANT

Ceylon Socialist Explains 'Why I Am a Marxist'

We publish below an article by Colvin R. de Silva, one of the leaders of the largest working class parties in Ceylon, the Lanka Samasamaja Party. The article was originally published, March 11, in The Dinamina and republished, March 13, in the English weekly, Samasamjist. - Editor.

I am a Marxist because I | To master the world one think that Marxism, both as a must set about the effort of philosophy and as a guide to changing it. And when one sets action, is correct. about the job of changing the As a philosophy, Marxism world one begins to understand attempts an interpretation of that the world itself is in

the world. It attempts to un- change, is developing. derstand reality.

Marxism holds that matter is that the task of understanding real. Our understanding of the reality is both active and nevnature and structure of matter has, of course, changed with the increase of knowledge. But Marxism insists that, whatever its nature and complexity, matter exists as a reality independent of its apprehension by the human mind. As the philosophers say, matter is an objective fact.

The above view of matter is, I may say, not peculiar to Marxism. Other schools of philosophy hold the same view. All schools of philosophy which osophy. hold this view of the nature of matter are called materialist. What is said above will no doubt show the precise meaning of the word "materialist" in this context.

The task of philosphers is to to change it." understand the world. The task Marxism is thus an active of man is to change the world. philosophy: it is an instrument And the high aim of man is of change. And it is as an into master the world by learn- strument of social change that ing to control the forces of Marxism has become popular in Ceylon. nature.

No Eternal Verities

In the field of social change | tions, the first point that Marx-Marxism operates with certain ism stresses is that society, like principles. Incidentally, these all other phenomena, is in conprinciples are deduced from the stant change. What is more, facts of historical development Marxism points out that these and are subject to verification changes are not confined to and reformulation. Marxism changes within an eternally does not present its principles lasting social system. Social tems rise, fall and disappear, the way of organizing the proas eternal and absolute verities systems themselves change in giving place to other and new duction of things. In turn, in the manner of revealed re- the far more fundamental sense ligion. The Marxist verifies are that there are in history differ- the answer in man's inventive ing production require changes relative verities. They are ing social systems which have themselves subject to develop- replaced one another.

ment as our knowledge and understanding develop.



KARL MARX is shown in drawing above at work at his desk writing his pamphlet on the Paris Commune of 1871. May 5 was the 140th anniversary of his birth. He died in 1883. During his lifetime of work as theorist and organizer of workers' struggles few accepted his view that the struggle between the workers and capitalists in modern society would lead to socialism and the organization of planned economy. The validity of this theory was demonstrated in the victory of the Russian working class in the Revolution of 1917. No other writer of the 19th century made such an impact on the 20th century as Karl Marx. The books he wrote are studied today in every language in the world.

social systems. Marxism finds changes in the way of organizman's constant change of the organize in societies.

the need for the radical or revolution is not just this clash fundamental reorganization of between the rival groups. The society. Marxism has studied revolution consists in the fundeeply the process by which damental reorganization of sothis replacement of an old so- ciety; in the reorganization of ciety with a new society comes society on the basis of new principles that is to say, in the about.

The first point Marxism replacement of the old society stresses is that this replacement with the new. But - and this does not simply come about but "but" is all-important - this is actively brought about by change, this re-organization, the effort and struggle of some this replacement has not thus group of people within the old far taken place in history withsociety. The group struggling out the open and direct clash for the bringing into being of the new society clashes with we have spoken above. That is the group struggling for the continuation of the old society. This results in the revolution. It is to be noted that the pregnant with the new.

Historical Perspective

Marxism proceeds from his- the point of view of their retory: and history, let us remem- lation to the means of producber, is the accumulated experi- tion; that is to say, from the ence of the human race. His- point of view of the way in tory shows not only that so- which society has organized itcieties do change but that they self for the purpose of producmust at a certain stage give tion. These groups constitute place to new and different so- the classes of which Marxism cieties. History shows moreover so constantly speaks. Moreover, that these changes, this replace- Marxism demonstrates that ment of old societies with the these classes are in constant new, is necessary for the fur- clash with each other in the her progress of mankind in its pursuit of their differing-and constant quest for the mastery clashing - interests. In other of its environment. Marxism words, Marxism discerns that therefore regards revolution as the classes are in struggle.

The great value of Marxism an integral part of the process of social change and not mere- in political activity comes at ly as an unnecessary accident. this point. Marxism shows that Marxism is thus a revolu- the struggle between the classtionary philosophy in the above es is also the struggle between profound sense. It recognizes the past and the future; and that in each society or social the role of force or violence in system there is a class which social change and faces up to will be the agency of the

the fact. change-over from the existing How does Marxism face up society to the future new soto the fact of force as a factor ciety which mankind will reof social change? It does so quire if it is to progress fur-

the service of the interests of that class and to help that class pressing need for revolutionary to revolutionaries is that it

revolutionary period in man's and mission. It should be noted in conhistory. Marxism in its search for clusion that social change, and power, and in particular in in the way that men themselves this agency found the truth of especially that most rapid form viduals, learn from experience. also a tool of political and sothe class division in society and of it which is called revolution, Men in the mass, moreover, act cial analysis. It is indeed the



Monday, May 12, 1958

Shown above is a rally of the Lanka Sama Samaja Party (Ceylon Equality Party) attended by 30,000 people. The LSSP, the Trotskyist Party of Ceylon, is the official opposition party in the parliament in which it holds 14 seats. The Communist Party of Ceylon has but three seats. Interestingly enough the Soviet Encyclopedia, which never before had mentioned the LSSP in its section on Celonese political parties, listed it in its 1957 yearly bulletin (1957) as follows in full: "A Socialist Party. Party leader N. Perera. Press organ: 'Samasamajist' (published in English, Sinhalese and Tamil.)"

The Christian Science Monitor (Jan. 11, 1958) printed an interview with N.M. Perera on its front page. The Ceylon correspondent of that paper quotes Perera as saying: "We are a Trotskyist party and we belong to the Fourth International. We recognize the Soviet Union as a workers' state and will support it if it is attacked by an imperialist power. But we oppose Soviet domination over other socialist parties. We have never accepted the proposition that the interests of the working class of various countries should be subordinated to the foreign policy of the Soviet Union." The article points out that the Trotskyists also lead a trade union federation with a claimed membership of 80,000 and that "Among the measures Dr. Perera would carry out, if his party came to power, is nationalization and reorganization of the tea and rubber estates . . ."

less and until the given society in the mass and not by narrow first of all by seeking to dis- ther at a certain stage. The is ready or ripe for it; for, in conspiratorial groups working tinguish the human agency fundamental task of revolution- the first place, not until society independent of the masses. which exercises such force in aries in each age is to discern has reached the point of the The great value of Marxism

mankind's progress at each to become conscious of its task change will the class that has teaches them to discover the to carry out the change itself season of society's ripeness for understand the need for it. revolution. For Marxism is not

Classes, as distinct from indi- only a program of action but The moment this above fact way he produces things. These It will be readily seen that the fact of the class struggle cannot be brought about by the in terms of their experience. indispensable tool of revolu-

of history is realized it is nat- changes in the way of produc- in the process described above Marxism sees that men fall in- mere will of revolutionaries. And revolutions, it must never tionaries and the indispensable In the field of social rela- ural to enquire why social sys- ing things require changes in there must periodically come to different social groups from There can be no revolution un- be forgotten, are made by men guide to revolution.

FUND	SCOR	EBOA	RD
City	Quota	Paid	Percent
SOUTH	\$200	\$215.00	108
YOUNGSTOWN	.,	250.00	83
DETROIT	825	651.50	79
BUFFALO	1500	1165.93	78
TWIN CITIES	1742	1334.00	77
New York	5000	3578.60	71
Seattle		377.00	69
Los Angeles	4600	3010.90	65
Newark		160.00	60
St. Louis		48.00	60

1014.00

444 00

Ethel Peterson, candidate for

59 59

economists.

Rockefeller Plan Bring Gain for Workers?

By Myra Tanner Weiss didn't even taste the printer's require." ink before its calculations were ACROSS THE BOARD?

| work projects will include pro-| offer the hope of a better fu-| cording to a United Nations' the profit obstacle to economic | impressive performance." visions for "acceleration and ture for the American working study, released April 2, the So- growth. Their present struggle When the American workers The Rockefeller Ten - Year deceleration [of construction] class in the next ten years even viet Union faces an increasing for socialist democracy in the take over the means of produc-Plan for U.S. economic growth as the economic situation may in an economic growth plan labor shortage. "The age for Soviet Union will open the door tion in this country and organthat can't get off the paper, is leaving school has been raised to a far more rapid improve- ize a planned economy, an even progress then out of the ques- and the social security retire- ment in their living standards. more "impressive performance"

upset by the economic decline. The long term "plan" looked forward to a 5% annual in-crease in production. Proposals to reach this goal were based to reach this goal were based on a 4% average annual in-crease in the last decade. Even the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait will establish the basis for the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait and the income scale, the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait and the income scale, the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait and the income scale, the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait and the income scale, the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait and the income scale, the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait and the income scale, the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait and the income scale, the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait and the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait and the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait and the past growth of 4% would pow lock michait and the past growth of 4% would provide the past growth of 4% wo

	100	111.00	00
Allentown	112	60.00	54
Philadelphia	528	286.00	54
Oakland	265	139.00	52
Boston	600	265.00	44
Denver	40	16.00	40
San Francisco	440	175.00	40
Milwaukee	300	116.00	39
Pittsburgh	10		
General	177	98.38	55
			s
Totals through			
May 6\$20	0,000	\$13,404.31	67
\$			

1716

750

Socialist Candidates **Open Penna.** Campaign

By June Carey

PHILADELPHIA, May 4, 1958 — A May-Day Celebration held here Saturday evening, May 3, at the Militant asking for too much progress? continue to be the biggest part Labor Forum, marked the formal announcement of the **PERIODIC JOBLESSNESS** Socialist Workers Party in the

of the SWP.

November elections in Penn-sylvania, under the ballot name United States Senator, spoke of "Workers Party." The hall next. She has long been acof "Workers Party." The hall was decorated with traditional May-Day posters. There was a capacity audience of members and close friends and supporters of the Socialist Workers Party.

Chicago

Cleveland

Chairing the meeting, Eloise cialist youth in the Middle Fickland, running for Lieuten- West. She is a founding memant Governor, introduced the ber of the Milwaukee branch essary" part of capitalist econother candidates.

Eloise Fickland, a garment active in workers' education in clear firmness of a lifetime of their duration." To be sure, the all. The object will be to se-Philadelphia.

HOLDS FIRST BOOK

figure in the strikes of 1945-46, in the not too distant future, under capitalism. Agriculture. He was a key fig- enjoy it.

covered by the speakers. ernorship of Pennsylvania.

now look mighty good to the

Let us imagine, however, that the "plan" had never been upset by the beginning of a depression. Let us suppose, furthermore, that it is possible to

plan overall economic growth under capitalism; that conse-of capital depreciation.

quently the Rockefeller "plan" The workers will just get a is not just demagogy but is realistic; that it is adopted by cut in their income tax - but the government and put into only a temporary one. The tax action. And finally, let us as rate will be upped again when

sume that, once put into action, production expands in the hope it yields the result expected by of combatting inflation. And inthe Rockefeller Brothers Fund deed inflation will be eating an years; 2½ percent for interest some real concessions can be Africa. ever-larger chunk out of a report.

What then could the Ameri-Rockefeller "plan" suggests a can working class look forward 50% increase "in Government to in the next ten years? Perhaps the elimination of purchases of goods and services

by 1967." (War spending will unemployment? Would that be of the budget.)

The Rockefeller "plan" in The Rockefeller "plan" takes

sists that "business and labor periodic unemployment for must exercise restraint, the granted. It explains, "An econ- former in its pricing policies, omy of growth is an economy the latter in its wage demands." of change and adjustment. The The fact that labor can't just declines, as well as the expan- vote itself a wage increase, with sions, are part of the necessary or without "restraint," but must adjustment to the process of fight for whatever it gets, while was an organizer for the So-of appitalist account for the bosses have sole pricing

of capitalist economy. doesn't faze power, As unemployment is a "nec-"equalitarians."

In addition the "plan" calls worker, in 1934 campaigned on for Secretary of Internal Af-ployment compensation should for higher living standards for ly for a seat as Magistrate in third and final speaker. A farm-city elections. She has been er at 70 be speaks with the in benefits, and lengthening of in the next ten years? Not at the man whose business it is to profit-making, nevertheless. It city elections. She has been er, at 70 he speaks with the in benefits, and lengthening of in the next ten years? Not at

the I.L.G. She also organized activity in the Socialist move- "plan" does not propose to cure "the full and willing coand pioneered in the Housing ment, having run on the So- cover all who are unemployed. operation of labor and manageand Cooperative Movements in cialist Party tickets in Bucks It does not propose an increase ment in the task of expanding and Lehigh Counties for Con- that would prevent a drop in national output."

gressman. Shoemaker inspired living standards. And it does The summary of the Rocke Opening speaker was Herbert the meeting, speaking on the not propose to lengthen cover- feller "plan" says nothing Lewin, Candidate for Governor. real brotherhood of man under age for the duration of unem- about looking forward to a He is a Westinghouse worker, Socialism, and of his long years ployment. That would also be shorter working day. But it and was an active and leading of effort, foreseeing its triumph asking for too much progress does say something about increased wages. After all, the and also 1957. He attended and being filled with hope and To provide jobs for some of workers should see some gains New York State College of expectation of living to see and the unemployed the report ahead. And so we are told, "The

calls for "a permanent shelf realization of the growth poure in organizing United Auto Issues of state and national of projected public works." tentials we have found in our Workers Local 854 in Syracuse unemployment, end to A-bomb These projects will undertake economy should double real ." Oh joy! But at and carries the card of first and H-bomb tests, better hous- the construction of "urban re- wages . . member. In prior elections he ing and educational programs, development, schools, hospitals this point, the 10-year period has campaigned for the United civil liberties and achievement and highways." But they will of the "plan" is forgotten. Real States Senate, and this is his of a workers' and farmers' gov- not be aimed primarily to meet wages should double "in the second campaign for the Gov- ernment, world peace, were the critical need for schools, next thirty years."

hospitals, etc. The plans for If the capitalist class can't

without favoring any special in- LABOR SHORTAGE

terests or eliminating any large The planned economy in the their revolutionary right to con- ples everywhere demand an ex- toward the end of all economic

gaining on prices."

SOVIET APPEAL

terests or eliminating any large The planned economy in the source of the won't exist. In addition to an is not necessary. The Soviet control U.S. economy either. economics will produce this re- soon become only a nightmarish income tax cut, the bosses will orbit is faced with the opposite But the Russian workers have sult. Only a blind man can memory out of an unhappy get a more moderate corporate problem of U.S. economy. Ac- eliminated unemployment and doubt that it is turning out an past.

.... Soviet Economic Progress Held 'Peril'

(Continued from Page 1) ple will undoubtedly press for demonstrating this to tens of the totalitarian bureaucracy term loans, generally for 12 an improvement of their lot, millions of people in Asia and that now prevails in the Soviet Union. But, with democratic

rates; repayment in surplus made to them without fundatrial and military program." Further, Dulles reports, these

Finally Dulles' admissions management, would not Ameriworker's paycheck, for the commodities, and room for bar- mentally altering the general make clear that as far as their can labor gain immensely from tempo of their present indus- interests are concerned, the public ownership and planning American working people have which lies at the root of Soviet In fact, he reports, "The no good reason to regard the economic progress? Allen Dul-

countries tend to be more sym- trend has already started. The Soviet Union as a peril. Cer- les provides compelling evipathetic to the Soviet mode of Russians have somewhat im- tainly, they want no part of dence that it would.

production than to "the demo- proved living standards and the cratic process of economic de- national output of such convelopment." The Soviet foreign- sumers goods as TV sets and

aid program, he explains, "has washing machines have been particular appeal to the under- stepped up. Some former armadeveloped countries because ments plants are now producing Russia until so recently was an civilian goods." underdeveloped country itself. Dulles ends with a warning

"For some reason the recentthat the Soviet economic chally liberated countries seem to lenge "is one that concerns feel that the Kremlin has found very directly the business leada new and magic formula for ers of our country." these quick industrialization . . ."

omy, the Rockefeller plan for for "honest, responsible trade demand of the Soviet people He's right. There is no danger Louis Shoemaker, candidate progress proposes that "unem- unionism." For what? To fight for better living standards? of Soviet military attack from Oper Won't this throw a monkey the Soviet Union - Dulles the Socialist Party ticket local- fairs of Pennsylvania, was the be greatly strengthened by the the workers, better pay, shorter wrench into Soviet economic made this amply clear. The

> know the answer to such de- is the threat that the Soviet cisive questions. Dulles flatly Union will demonstrate to the states: "The Soviet economy has masses of the world that its momentum and versatility and, economic forms are superior to

while I predict that their peo- those of capitalism. It is already

I III TEIP:	Socialist
I enclose \$ to help in the \$20,000	Election Policy
Socialist Expansion Fund.	In 1958
Name	By James P. Cannon National Chairman, Socialist Workers Party 10 cents
City	PIONEER PUBLISHERS
(Please clip and send with your contribution to Socialist	116 University Place
Workers Party, 116 University Place, New York 3, N.Y.)	New York 3, N.Y.

Local D	irectory	
BOSTON Workers Educational Center, Gains- brough Bldg., 295 Huntington Ave. BUFFALO Militant Forum, 831 Main St. CHICAGO Socialist Workers Party, 777 W. Jams, DE 2-9736. CLEVELAND Socialist Workers Party 10609 Su- rior Ave., Room 301, SW 1-1818. Den Friday nights 7 to 9. DETROIT Eugene V. Debs Hall, 3737 Wood- ard. LOS ANGELES Forum Hall and Modern Book Shop, 02 E. 4th St. AN 9-4953 or AN 3- 33. Book Shop open Mon. 7-9 P.M.; ed. 8-10 P.M.; Sat. 12-5 P.M. MILWAUKEE 150 East Juneau Ave. MINNEAPOLIS Socialist Workers Party, 322 Hen-	NEWARK Newark Labor Forum, Box 361, Newark, N. J. NEW YORK CITY Militant Labor Forum, 116 Univer- sity Place, AL 5-7852. OAKLAND - BERKELEY P.O. Box 341, Berkeley 1, Calif. PHILADELPHIA Militant Labor Forum and Cam- paign Hdqtrs. Socialist Workers Party, 1303 W. Girard Ave. SAN FRANCISCO The Militant, 1145 Polk St., Rm. 4. Open Wed. 4-6 P.M.; Sat. 11 A.M. to 3 P.M. SEATTLE	
Socialist Election Policy In 1958 By James P. Cannon National Chairman,	BOOKS - PAMPHLETS On Socialism And the Labor Movement Order Free Catalog from:	

PIONEER PUBLISHERS 116 University Place New York 3, N.Y.

But what of the increasing THE REAL 'THREAT'



Nixon Visits Latin America

Vice President Nixon's "good-will" tour of Latin America has been a rather hollow success so far. The cry, "Go Home Nixon!" has followed him through Argentina, Paraguay, Bolivia and Peru. In Paraguay, land of General Stroessner's brutal dictatorship, two students were arrested in Nixon's presence - but without protest from him — during a public welcome for him. One of those arrested, an 18-yearold, had shouted "Long live freedom and democracy.'

A day previous in Argentina, a student group representing the University Federation of Buenos Aires challenged Nixon's assertion that the U.S. government regards dictatorships as repugnant. The students cited the U.S. role in organizing the 1954 coup in Guatemala. Nixon vainly denied this. After an hour and a half of debate, he shut off the discussion, saying "We can sit here all morning with you saying we did intervene and me saying we did not . . ."

The facts are on the side of the stu-

dents. With the fake claim of keeping

"Communism" out of the Western Hemisphere, the U.S. State Department organized the overthrow of the legally elected Arbenz government. It did so because Arbenz was instituting land reforms which, while slight, were highly repugnant to the United Fruit Company.

Eisenhower then boasted that: "It would be deceitful if he tried to hide his pleasure over the ouster of the Communists in Guatemala."

An AP dispatch on the events reported frankly that U.S. Ambassador Peurifoy could be credited with the "major part" in toppling the Arbenz government.

Just before Nixon left to spread the gospel about "U.S. non-interference" in Latin-American affairs, a March 16 article in the N.Y. Times saluted the work of the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency. It flatly stated: "It has been established that the agency was behind Guatemala's 1954 revolution." Change "revolution" to its right name — "counter-revolution" — and you have the facts in a nutshell.



"But we couldn't have developed a clean bomb without the tests.

In the Bomb's Shadow

By Theodore Kovalesky

The Couple Behind the Statistic

Less people are getting married as a result of the recession. Newly released statistics show that there were almost 11% fewer marriages in Detroit in the first three months of this year than in the same period last year. In New York there was an 11% drop in the first two months of the year. The pattern is nation-wide.

The experts are now busy calculating what these statistics mean in terms of curtailed buying of new homes, furniture and appliances. They are even trying to dope out the long-run economic effects of the consequent drop in the birth rate.

Cold, hard statistics are necessary and valuable tools. But they should also give cause for some thinking about the human problems that are so coldly mirrored in the figures.

The particular statistics at hand tell us that there are some 900 young couples in New York who were going to get married early this year, but the recession blasted their plans. There were another 375 such couples in Detroit. How many of these young men and women are now living with a bitter, frustrating personal crisis?

It's easy to visualize a typical couple. Perhaps they have been engaged for a good while. The marriage was postponed until he finished his hitch in the service. The girl was working and both were trying to put some money in the bank. The

young man finished his army hitch and found a job. Their life together, their own home, the prospect of raising a

harder. A wind swept across the city, and lightning began

How to make the payments on a have been about 3:30 A.M. home, buy the furniture? How to sum- when a bolt knocked down the mon the courage to embark on a whole transmission line and shorted new phase of life without elementary out the area. financial security? The marriage is postponed. Two young people have been of the blackness. Men and an occasional nickel into the was almost forgotten. At lunch blocked from attaining a vital human women stirred in their beds, juke box. It was late, and the time one warm day, a man goal.

For the experts it's an instructive new set of statistics: For the human beings involved it is a cruel and undeserved

"Get the children!" But his wife, more wide awake, said, "But Paul, it can't

beautiful — a summer day in

April. Then in the early even-

the rain came down. As the radio stations.

are still on." Telephone calls poured possibility of war.

Anti-Jewish actions by the Soviet government and anti-Semitic utterances and reactionary character of such "gen-government and anti-Semitic utterances and reactions" about the Jews, such state-

All day it was warm and But it wasn't the time for en- feet, screaming, "The Russians, beautiful, too warm and too joyment. People looked up, not the Russians!" He ran out with delight, but with appre- through the broken door, folhension, and rushed to their lowed by the rest of the men. telephones to call the Weather Soon it was apparent that an ing the sky clouded over and Bureau, the newspapers, the atomic bomb had not fallen. The men stood around grinning What was it? Was it danger- sheepishly at themselves as they ous? Was it radiation? Surely watched the fire engines speed it must be radiation from the into the oil refinery, where a bomb tests. Would an atmos- | tank far inside the fence had to shoot from the sky. It must phere full of strontium 90 put blown up, leaving a great hole glowing rings around the sun? in the ground, leaving also not the slightest trace of two work-They sat around the bar ers who had been in the imdrinking their beer slowly, get- mediate vicinity at the time of

ting up only to saunter to the the blast. their efforts in print. men's room and back or to drop Months later the explosion

then awoke. A husband mut- oil refinery behind the fence picked up a torn work shoe across the street was nothing near the fence and held it ginleaped from the bed, crying, but a design of electric lights gerly, wondering. But his strung through the darkness. friends shrugged. You can al-What did they talk about? ways pick up an old work shoe The usual things, work or the in the yard of any factory. It be a raid. See, the street lights lack of it, women, prizefights, could have belonged to any-

the atomic bomb tests, and the body. So he threw it down again. It's probably still there

Letters from Readers

Corrects

Previous Letter

Editor: I'd appreciate your making izations, the labor movement, correction of the following etc. And don't neglect the funstatement made by me in a let- damentals of socialism. The ter printed in the March 24 Militant.

I wrote: "But the DW [Daily Worker] and the CP [Com- new people need to hear the munist Party] excluded rankand-file participation in policy formulation, and that is why

they perished." I regret and apologize for having made this factually in-

correct statement. The DW did perish - temporarily at least. But the CP did not. According to the CP's top leadership, the party is in a state of "paralysis" due to a split on basic policies.

But paralysis is one thing and death is another. So my statement should have read: "But the DW and the CP excluded rank-and-file participation in policy formulation. And that is a main reason for the Soviet-bloc countries belong to death of the one and the selfadmitted state of paralysis of the other.

(3) Have a series of articles surveying different areas — the peace movement and its organ-

more material about Trotsky-

Communist Party-influenced left hasn't heard about them in years and ex-CPers as well as

ists abroad.

gospel. (4) Invite guest articles by leaders of other movements going in the same general direc-

tion. If it is a debate, so much the better. (5) Keep publicizing the achievements as well as the problems of the countries in transition to socialism. CP-influenced people have and are

being stopped from coming closer to us by the old saw about the Socialist Workers Party being "anti-Soviet." And I feel myself that in the polemics with the CP, the shading has left something to be desired. The achievements of the

"Paths of Glory" is a grip-

ping anti-war film that realis-

tically exposes militarism. In

the last poignant scene, it

After seeing the film in a

Chicago is notorious for the

reactionary censorship of con-

troversial films. I had the feel-

ing that the good city fathers

had their hand in the statement.

ernment. After all, it's bad

enough conducting a dirty war

in Algeria without having a

Hollywood production come

us, not to the bureaucrats. A. L. Los Angeles

'Paths of Glory' Editor:

G. R.

Improving Militant Editor:

Suggestions for

The Militant is improving in the right direction. However, I showed the poilus' humanity still find it somewhat difficult and love towards an enemy. to get new people to read it. The reason, it seems to me, is downtown theatre, I later saw that the paper is oriented in- it in a neighborhood theatre. In ward and to the initiated. the latter, a screened statement But times have changed! The preceded the showing of the Socialist Worker's Party has befilm that whitewashed the come the major organized French Army staff with words force in the American Left. The to the effect that the case to disintegrating CP forces debe presented was the exception

serve full attention, but the to the rule. new forces must not be neglected. I suggest the following for

our consideration: (1) More news about the workers' struggles of the kind Or perhaps it was a combinathat one finds in Peter Fryer's tion of the authorities with Newsletter. A continuing cam- pressure from the French govpaign to get voluntary correspondents might help. Make sure that contributions get printed, even if in capsule form. Let people see the results of along that spotlights rotten

French generals. (2) Continue the World E.S. Events column, And include Chicago, Ill.



Khrushchev's Anti-Semitism

by its top officials continue to arouse the indignation of socialists in this country.

family was in close sight.

night wore on the rain pounded Then comes the crushing blow of the layoff slip for one or the other, perhaps both.

blow.

out the air raid sirens through-The heavy wailing rose out

tered thickly, then suddenly

The deeds and statements are so outrageous that people who are generally supporters of the Khrushchev regime are troubled by them. Thus on April 20, Morning Freiheit, a Jewish-language daily associated with the Communist Party, again took issue with Khrushchev's slurs upon the Jewish people. (The Worker, however, saw fit to remain silent.)

Freiheit's latest protest came after Khrushchev, in a press interview, declared in typical anti-Semitic vein that Jews are too individualistic and dislike collective labor and group discipline. He offered this assertion as an "explanation" for the failure of the autonomous Soviet Jewish state of Birobidjan established in the 1930's. (He was silent about the part that Stalin's purges of Birobidjan leaders undoubtedly played in the venture's failure.)

Besides the falseness of the charge

ments by Khrushchev, Freiheit points hour! And the bored voice, to drop the bomb on them They laugh at their sudden Soviet propaganda mills.

out, serve as further grist for the anti- growing more irritated with commies before they drop it panic that night. But then, imeach successive call, kept reon us," he reiterated. "You're nuts," the others said "Well, OK. What would you peating, "No, ma'am, there's

Furthermore, says Freiheit, the Soviet nothing to worry about. There's Jews are still subject to governmental no air raid. There's just a short war?" discrimination. "The injustices inflicted on circuit in the line somewhere." Somehow there was no panic. the Jewish people during the last years of the Stalin regime have been repaired no general panic, that is. All of the Stain regime have been repaired the little individual panics re-only in part . . . fundamentally the dis-mained separate and died down they must, "but I don't think Union, waiting, always waiting

tortion has not been eliminated." Soviet Jews are being denied the Finally the sirens moaned to er." rights granted nationalities in the Soviet silence, and a shaken city returned to sleep. Constitution on the claim that they have been "assimilated" into the general popu-There were high, ice-bearing as a nationality."

when no hydrogen bomb fell, the Russians want a war eith- for the radio message that will order them to invade and un-The minutes moved on, the leash the hideous weapon. talk rose and fell. The barroom Meanwhile the stockpile of hydrogen bombs grows ever largcamaraderie was soothing, comfortable

to him. "You want to start a have thought?"

The bartender didn't think

er. When will they be used? lation. At the same time, as Freiheit clouds, the newspapers explain-The depression deepens. Peo-Then abruptly the plate glass points out, "... in their passports and in ed later. They refracted the window blew in like a gust of ple remember the old saying, statistical records the Jews are designated sun's light, spun a rainbow hail, and through the gaping "Either you have a depression, around the sun and enclosed frame poured an unbelievable or you have a war." And they

the rainbow in a halo. The immensity of sound. The lights wonder, will they try to head We subscribe to Freiheit's conclusion: name for it: a 22 degree halo were puffed out like candles, off the depression that way? "The Jewish question still awaits its complex. and in the darkness barstools Will there be war? Will there? It sounds pretty. It sounds overturned spilling men onto When? fundamental Leninist solution . . . The

like one of the little phenomena the glass-strewn floor where The air grows soft with spring. regrettable interview under discussion you call the kids out of the they lay shocked and bleeding. But there is more in the air emphasizes the extreme urgency of this house to look at. "See the For a moment there was total than spring. There is fear. problem." pretty rainbow, Shirley?" silence. Then Feeny was on his Haven't you felt it?

mediately, they ask defensively, Meanwhile the bombers are there would be war. "I'm no continually in the air, poised Communist," he said, qualifying with their nuclear cargo. They

> Soviet Deputy Premier Anastas Mikovan (left) being greeted in Frankfurt by West German Foreign Minister Brentano. They signed a trade pact which will double the annual volume of trade between the two countries to \$300,000,000 by 1960.



PEIPING BLASTS TITO. | Basic wage of bus drivers is People's Daily, leading news- \$27.09 a week; of conductors, paper of the Chinese Communist \$26.53. The Union demand for Party, on May 5 printed an a \$3.50 across-the-board raise editorial polemic against the was stalled in negotiations for Yugoslav Communist Party for nine months while prices kept espousing "anti-Marxist-Lenin- rising and rent control was ist" ideas, "revisionism," "bour- ended. Yet final offer by Longeois nationalism," being "a don Transport Executive was tool of U.S. imperialism," etc. only \$1.19 for downtown Lon-The attack, however, carefully don busmen, nothing for maindistinguished itself from those tenance workers or suburban which marked Stalin's 1948 busmen — an obvious attempt campaign against Titoism by to split the union's ranks. The specifically condemning the union offered to accept that Cominform's 1949 attempt to total sum, but divided equally overthrow the Tito regime. The among the bus system's 50,000 next day Pravda reprinted the workers. Management refused. Chinese editorial in full. In Parliament Laborites are demanding debate on a motion

CYPRUS FIGHTING RE- to censure the Tory govern-

the British were expected to way workers.

offer a settlement. British refusal of self-determination to the overwhelmingly Greek pop- TIC campaign in China high ulation has resulted in the three officials are being ordered to years of guerrilla war and ter- do temporary stints that bring rorism. SHOWDOWN STRIKE IN the rank and file. Thus many BRITAIN began May 4 as Lon- high army officers are doing don busmen walked out. The the duties of second lieutenants

restraint" on British labor. serving as privates.

SUMES. Two British soldiers ment for not making usual atin plainclothes, but on patrol tempts to bring about a settleduty, were killed by terrorists ment after the strike started. on May 4. Simultaneously the Since this is the spearhead of While it may be a bonanza British Governor of the island the Tory one-at-a-time camreimposed the mandatory death paign against all unions asking penalties for terrorists, those wage increases, militant unioncaught carrying weapons, etc. ists are urging that the busmen This marks the end of many be backed up by walkouts of months of truce in which period other unions such as the sub-IN AN ANTI-BUREAUCRA-

them into personal contact with Government provoked the strike and some colonels are getting

Beautiful Apts.! - But Where Will Poor People Go?

By Joyce Cowley

NEW YORK - Washington Moses. Square Village is rising just one block east of where I live, and the first of three giant buildings will be ready for occupancy next fall. I am interested in this development because it is a slum-clearance project, one that for years has

In Defense Of Marxism By Leon Trotsky 211 pp. \$2.7 Struggle for a **Proletarian Party** By James P. Cannon 302 pp. \$2.75 Two books dealing with the building of a revolutionary socialist party in the United States. PIONEER PUBLISHERS 116 University Place New York 3, N. Y.

Washington Square Village organized to protest that this, residents that he wants a the only park in the area, throughway which will cut should be completely closed to Washington Square Park in traffic. two, reduce the recreation

area and create dangerous traf- GIMMICK

fic conditions for the children who use the park. He promised various business interests planning to locate in the new Village that they would have a Fifth Avenue address, as the throughway leading to what is now West Broadway would be

The Third International After Lenin By Leon Trotsky Cloth: \$4.00 Paper: \$2.50 With a new introduction by George Lavan PIONEER PUBLISHERS 116 University Place New York 3, N. Y.

been particularly close to the renamed "Lower Fifth Ave- example to the world at large tendants. heart of Commissioner Robert nue." He is now having diffi- and establishes a new standard culty in delivering on his for those who aspire to provide In fact, it is for the sake of promise because mothers have the utmost in modern living at move into this new develop- whether many of the former living in the future." If you want some concrete

> details about what's ahead of you in this idyllic future, I'll Washington Square Village is mention just a few of the 51 a Title I project. Title I is a features listed in the brochure:

gimmick by which the city air conditioning in all apartbuys land, with federal and ments, uniformed attendants, city funds, clears it, then reprivate terraces up to 18 feet sells it at a loss to private inlong, acres of landscaping, fullvestors, on the assumption that service underground garage, this subsidy will make it posforced fresh-air corridor ventisible for them to build apartlation, telephones in all elevaments at moderate cost for tors, dishwashers in one or two-

'middle income" groups. bedroom apartments. It sounds great but in view

I live in a "cold" tenement and I have a keen personal inof the critical housing shortage terest in slum clearance, so I I wonder whether it is really dropped into the renting office necessary — at least until we catch up and everyone has a statistic statistic statistic of works translated into other of the new project to look over the model buildings and get a corporate all these features in and want to live high, as much little information. I was given new projects. I would like to as \$398. a beautiful brochure which

move to an apartment where I I left the rental office feeling describes the new buildings as have heat and a bathroom, but a little confused. Title I pro-"the shape of things to come I don't insist on a telephone in jects are definitely considered (France), Shakespeare (Britain), in a test fight to impose "wage the beneficial experience of made a living reality." Washington Square Village "sets an every elevator or uniformed at-slum clearance, otherwise it Mickey Spillane (U.S.).

would not be possible to subsi-In spite of these minor crit- dize them with city and federal icisms, I would really like to funds, but I seriously doubt moderate cost for city dwellers ment and the only difficulty is residents of the slums that have everywhere . . . You will be the "moderate cost" mentioned been cleared will move into in the brochure. This just illus- Washington Square Village.

trates that the same words can They have been cleared away have entirely different mean- with the slums themselves. They ings to different people, de- will never "live in the future," pending on their points of view, but will find some other dingy or more specifically in this case. tenement to replace the one depending upon their incomes. from which they were forcibly removed. THE HITCH

The biggest bargain offered for city officials, wrecking comwas 2½ rooms on the second panies, land speculators and floor, without a terrace, for builders, this kind of slum \$132. The same size apartment clearance is obviously not inhigher up, where there is more tended to improve the living light and air, including a ter- conditions of people who oc-

Three rooms with terrace will cost at least \$220 and possibly

\$258. Five rooms with two

BEST SELLERS

languages showed the six top

authors to be Lenin, Tolstoy and Gorki (USSR), Jules Verne

race, will run as high as \$190. cupy slums.





THEODORE WELD: CRUSADER FOR FREEDOM. By Benjamin P. Thomas. Rutgers University Press, 1950, 307 pp., \$4.25 (Book-a-Month price \$1.00 plus 15 cents mailing charge).

The man who "abolitionized" the Middle West, the most effective anti-slavery pamphleteer, the greatest single influence in winning students to the cause, the trainer of professional agitators, the behind-the-scenes strategist and researcher for ex-President John Quincy Adams and the small group of antislavery Congressmen during the fight to preserve the right to petition. This is but part of the record of Theodore Weld and yet he has long been the least known of the great abolitionists.

The fault was not wholly the historians'. Weld made a personal fetish of avoiding publicity, honors and high office in the abolition movement. But though he shunned the limelight he didn't shun danger. His barnstorming tours, his personal braving of dangerously hostile audiences give his career an epic flavor. Previously students of the anti-slavery crusade could find only brief references to Weld's key work. With this first biography he is established as one of the foremost abolitionists.

Though Weld was always a political abolitionist and thus was against Garrison in the movement's split, he married Angelina Grimke, one of Garrison's prize disciples. The Grimke sisters, of an aristocratic, slave-owning, South Carolina family, were the first women to take the public platform. Though this "shamelessness" horrified the conventional-minded, the Grimkes won thousands to the cause of anti-slavery. This book contains excellent accounts of these two remarkable women.

Weld's debut was stormy. It was organizing the greatest academic freedom struggle America had seen. He won over his fellow students at Lane Seminary to active abolitionism. This included intensive educational and social work among Cincinnati's free Negroes on terms of equality that infuriated passed 223-165. the pro-Southern business interests. Their pressure on the college administration led to an order prohibiting the students from such activity. The result was a mass secession in jobless. For those exhausting 1835 which eventually wound up at newly-founded Oberlin their unemployment insurance College which accepted abolitionism and Negro students.

In addition to leading this fight, Weld was building antislavery societies throughout Ohio and organizing a state convention. At the same time he personally converted to abolitionism the former Mississippi slaveowner, James G. Birney, who will be half again the number later would be the presidential candidate of the Liberty Party.

This excellent book has a few shortcomings, reflecting the In most states this will come author's timid liberalism. For example: After the Civil War to another 13 weeks, but in the Grimke sisters discovered that a deceased brother in others it will be less. South Carolina had had two children by a slave mistress. That Weld and the Grimkes welcomed these nephews as kin and helped them through college is gratuitously pictured by the vision that may kill, or at least for a changed economic picture by power. Especially so if that author, projecting his own feelings, as an excruciatingly supreme test of character.

Weld's contributions to the struggle for emancipation and equality are too numerous even to mention in a brief review. They make this book worth the attention of all those who continue that struggle today. Besides filling an important gap in abolitionist history, the book is easy and fascinating reading. - John Thayer



Steel Unionists Urge "30-for-40"

YOUNGSTOWN - A resolution demanding the 30hour work-week at 40 hours pay as a means of combating unemployment was adopted by a conference of District 27 of the United Steel Work-

ers. The delegates represented 41,000 steel workers in the Canton-Massilon-Columbus area. Of these 41,000, there are now 13,000 totally jobless and many other thousands on reduced work weeks. The demand was also supported by a similar conference of District 19 in the Pittsburgh area. Of the 50,000 steel workers in that district, half are now unemployed. Both conferences also adopted resolutions calling for substantial increases in unemployment compensation (state benefits and company-financed combined.) They demanded up to \$80 a

week instead of the present 65 percent-of-earnings limit. Stingy

Jobless

(Continued from Page 1) Republican bill, was quickly

This substitute bill does nothing whatever for uninsured benefits between July 1, 1957 and April 1, 1959 (when the temporary law itself expires) there will be an extension. It

of weeks allowed by state law.

Incorporated from the Democratic-sponsored bill is a prodelay, extension in many states.

tion of extension by a state's

due them under union contracts, some may refuse to economic conditions in which ratify. Even if this is not the to negotiate. case, there will be the delay

of calling special sessions of the Fla.). To Democrat Herlong the shorter work week as its one.

went the reactionary honor of major demand this year was introducing the measures. He actually fighting to put the attacked the more generous union in a position of strength bill as a "dole" which would at the 1958 negotiations.

the police.

ously

THE MILITANT

VOLUME XXII



Steel Output ... Auto Negotiations In

|counter the bosses' power (Continued from Page 1) ably be an extension of the moves with appeals to "pubpresent contract or a new one lic opinion." But in the class struggle it is power that counts. involving only minor gains. The union would then hope The "public" also is impressed at the expiration time. But the power consists of the mobiliza-This requires specific ratifica- auto bosses would have won tion of the largest section of an all-important point-namely the "public" - the working legislature before federal loans force the workers to sacri- class - around a struggle for become available. Since state fice because of the recession. real social gains. "Thirty for legislatures are strongholds of Furthermore, speed-up would forty" is a demand that the reaction, as is shown by their continue against a rank-and- workers should not be forced refusal in a number of states file laboring under a spirit of to sacrifice during recession. On to permit jobless workers to retreat. With all this, there is the contrary, the recession, receive the SUB (Supplement- no assurance that when the when it is urgently needed to ary Unemployment Benefits) extensions expire, the union reduce unemployment, is precisely the time it should be would not face similar or worse fought for most vigorously.

Had the leadership of the This situation confirms the UAW devoted the past year to wisdom of those forces in the popularizing this demand, to legislatures or refusal by reac- union who pushed the demand getting the rest of the labor tionary governors to call special for 30 hours work for 40 hours movement on record in favor pay. That minority of delegates of it, and to rallying the re-The successful substitute bill who stood up against Reuther's sources of the major unions bewas sponsored by Representa- machine at last January's hind it, the UAW would now tives Simpson (R-N.Y.), Har- special UAW convention and enjoy a powerful bargaining rison (D-Va.) and Herlong (D- pressed for the union to keep position instead of a weakened

FARMERS LEAVE The Department of Agricul-

ture reports that some two milaid some "people who just don't In junking that demand, lion persons in the U.S. left want to work." **He boasted af-** Reuther was following the logic farms last year.

MONDAY, MAY 12, 1958

Buffalo

34.5%

By Charles Seaman

At

five.



By Tom Leonard

MINNEAPOLIS, May 1-The trade union movement is pressing for substantial wage increases in current contract negotiations despite continuing layoffs in this area,

According to statistics re-leased by the state employment security department on April 26, 8.2% of the 593,800 workers in the Twin Cities products 3.5%." pected gains in seasonal employment in construction, agriby continuing layoffs in manufacturing, railroads, and some service trades. The report esti-

5,200 in non-manufacturing emfor the same period last year, while in manufacturing there will be a job loss of an esti-

mated 1,460. Recent layoffs indicate that he latter figure is a conservative one. The Ford auto assemoff about 400 workers for an picket line for three weeks. indefinite period. Nearly 400 plant to Pennsylvania. The Northern Pacific Railroad is

laying off 300 workers in BUFFALO-As Wall Street's Brainerd for two weeks starting increase. happiness boys sing out that the May 2. Currently over 200 bottom of the recession has been Northern Pacific workers are on reached, steel production in the a two-week layoff at the St.

Paul car repair shop. Buffalo area has dropped to MEMBERSHIP DROPS 34.5%. Wickwire Spencer is

down to one furnace out of ference of District No. 33 of the from 371/2 hours to 35 hours. three, Republic two out of nine, United Steel Workers of Amerand Bethlehem Steel is operat- ica which represents Northern growing tension between the ing only eleven out of thirty- Michigan, Northern Wisconsin unions and the employers is

Thousands of steel workers in the area are walking the streets had fallen from a peak of 32,- been flooded with 114 requests and just about all are on short 652 last October to 26,562 at for conciliation assistance since work weeks. The rank and file present. The April 23 Minne- March 1. are deeply concerned about the apolis Star observed that out of On April 10, Sam Romer, a worsening conditions. Regard- this paid membership, "10,775 staff writer for the Tribune, less of the cheerful idiocy of reported that they are working spoke of a threatening "labor the politicians, cold reality dic-only part of the time. Some storm." He quoted an unnamed tates to the men that no work mining companies are using a company spokesman as saying, equals no money, no money system of laying off employees "It's not the union leaders who equals no buying, and no buy- every fourth week." The USW are at fault . . . They know ing equals more layoffs. Steel conference went on record de- the situation's rough. But they union members are earnest and manding "action now - not in are being pushed by their own eager to find out what can be the distant tomorrow" regarddone to reverse the trend. At- ing a solution to unemploytendance at union meetings is ment.

12.2%; meats, poultry and fish 11.8%; and cereals and bakery area — about 49,000 — were out layoffs, reduced work weeks and increasing living costs,

NUMBER 19

rank-and-file workers are showculture, etc., have been offset ing a growing willingness to resort to the strike weapon to improve wages and job conditions.

mates that from March to July On April 4, Several members United Steel Workers' members struck the Thermo King Comployment compared to 11,840 pany and settled three days later for a 15-cent increase and a cost of living escalator clause. WAGE GAINS

On April 25, 230 members the International Association of Machinists returned to work at the Cornelius Co. with a 10bly plant in St. Paul has laid cent increase after manning the

On April 9, Local 183, Launworkers were layoff victims of dry, Dry Cleaning and Dye a "run-away" shop when West- House Workers union voted to ern Electric moved its St. Paul authorize a strike against the 105 plants they have under contract. One of their main demands is a "substantial" wage

On April 20, the Minneapolis-St. Paul Mailers union Local 4, voted to go on strike against the Minneapolis Star and Tribune. In addition to a wage increase, Local 4 is demanding Last week in Duluth a con- a reduction in the work week Another indication of the and all of Minnesota, reported the report of Charles Johnson, that, because of the growing Minneapolis Labor conciliator, depression, its paid membership who says that his office has

neonl

ter its passage that his was su- of his position which counts on perior to the original Republic- concessions from the bosses an bill because it made the without real struggle. In an extension or not of compensa- economic crisis, that becomes failures in Southern Wisconsin on the problem of cutbacks. tion "completely voluntary with the logic of disorderly retreat. in 1957 than at any time in

BUSINESS FAILURES There were more business

Reuther now attempts to history including 1932.

larger and talk focuses directly CALL FOR UNITY

One union member at a re retail food index advanced 1.2 of months." cent meeting made an appeal percent from February to for unity among the member- March," according to the Bu- and the grocery bills are stay. ship. "We've got to bury our reau of Labor Statistics. The ing up sky-high. We aren't differences. The company is getting tougher by the day and we with March 1957, the index for final." better stick together." He was

leader as saying "I know the In addition to layoffs, the company doesn't think the cost of living continues to spir- money's there. It might make al upward. The April 24 Tri- some sense if we could just bune reports that "the Mpls. suspend everything for a couple

Romer also quotes a union

"But the boys aren't happyreport added that "Compared settling for peanuts, that's



PHILADELPHIA -- The tragic killing of In-Ho Oh, a 26-year-old exchange student from Korea, by a juvenile gang moved the people of West Philadelphia to hold, a

lems. With SUB and state benemass meeting at St. Andrews Because they had been unable to pay the admission to a dance at the same church three nights before a group of eleven neighborhood youngsters, aged 15 to 19, had killed the Korean student while robbing him.

The protest meeting was sponsored by the Powelton Neighbors, one of several such neighborhood organizations

which exist in this city. The church was quickly filled and loudspeakers were set up for the crowds standing outside. The audience was composed of housewives, teenagers, students, teachers, Negro and white workers.

The audience gave Police bons a rough time. He was con-

To counter such attack the en their union consciousness 125 policemen on Saturday foot . . . We are blessed by and act as an effective force to nights. resist the anti-union drive of

the steel corporations.

Episcopal Church, April 28. street lighting in the district. It was pointed out that the business district areas were brightly lit and that people's living areas deserved as much consideration as commercial property. It was asserted that if there had been lighting instead of almost complete darkness on the particular stretch of street where In-Ho Oh was killed, the tragedy might not have occurred. Authorities hastily promised the lighting would be improved.

General views on juvenile delinguency expressed by the audience included the ideas that it was a problem of society as a whole and that the blame should not be put on parents alone

Commissioner Thomas J. Gib- KOREANS SEEK MERCY

From Pusan Korea, In-Ho sistently put on the spot by Oh's parents sent a letter to statements and questions from the mayor and the University being able to get the death Also discussed with consid- penalty for hoodlums who com-

Supports Hospital Seattle Labor trike SEATTLE, April 26 - The | sick and injured to its own ad- | annoyed the head of the hospi- | Council write all affiliated lo- | have "my baby born on the

At the last regular meeting

of the King County Labor

Council, the hospital workers'

ed on strike progress. He out-

lined the difficulties being en-

the states."

sessions.

workers at Swedish Hospital vantage. here have been on strike for the past six weeks demanding able: wages ranging from \$1.09 | costs have been tagged on, the to \$1.30 per hour, no unemployment or industrial accident in- exclusive of doctor bills, X-rays business agent, Hooper, reportsurance coverage, and no bonafide health and welfare program.

newly organized by the Hospi- lance. The police have been in tal Workers Union, Local 301, the habit of escorting trucks two of the many hospitals in the toughest jobs of organizing ness agent, was beaten by ities for publicity in the daily the windows, windshield and newspapers, radio and TV, is did other damage. Goons or ed that all unions send their

union recognition. The condi- institutions, it costs \$26 a day strike by casting blame on the tions under which they pre- for a bed and by the time union. viously labored were intoler- nursing, medication and extra

> average patient pays \$40 a day, and other services. The pickets at the hospital

countered and stated that if his have been subjected to constant union did not get support from These workers have been police harassment and surveilthe rest of the labor movement, the strike "would go down the which has contracts with only through the picket line and an- drain." When he and the international representative comnoying pickets and union offi-Seattle. It is up against one of cials. Eugene Hooper, the busi- pleted their reports, Jack Wright, delegate of Internationthat has been attempted here in goons. The auto of the union's al Molders Local No. 158 took recent years. The Hospital As- international representative was the floor, and after making a sociation, with wide opportun- attacked by vandals who broke plea for solidarity of the unions behind the strike, recommend-

trying the old trick of misdi- provocateurs have hurled stink-recting public sympathy for the bombs into the hospital and force the picket line, that the the membership. unemployed members to rein-**New York** Introductory Offer Spring Bazaar The New York School of A 6-Month Subscription Social Science announces that its annual Spring Bazaar will be held Saturday, To the Militant Only \$1.00 May 17, at 116 University CLEVELAND Place. Doors open at 12 noon SPECIAL FEATURES The Militant 3rd floor. "The Ohio Right-to-Large Selection: Hand Work Bill." Speaker: Jean Si-Created Jewelry - Pro-116 University Place mon. fessional Art Showing For Sale - Books -New York 3, N.Y. LOS ANGELES Art Objects - Etc. "Fidel Castro and Cuba's All our friends are urged Fight for Freedom." Speaker: to contribute such items as Theodore Edwards. Friday, May costume jewelry, records, art Name 16, 8:15 P.M. 1702 E. 4th St.; obiects. Solicit stores you Forum Hall. Discussion and Reregularly do business with freshments. for contributions of food, Zone.. Street clothing, toys, furniture and TWIN CITIES cosmetics. If you can't bring "Radioactive Fallout - What in the merchandise, arrange It Is and How It Affects You." for pick-up by calling AL-City State Speaker: C. P. Barnum, Assoc gonquin 5-7852. Prof. of physiological chemistry

vantage. In the hospitals, which are **built with ball bearings and sling** ance and then made a motion a scab hospital," hearten the now claiming to be charitable shots-all to try to discredit the that the body write the City pickets. This husband insisted on seniority, job rights and Council protesting the action of his wife be taken to another hospital, which the docior at the company policy of forcing The motion was promptly first refused to do, since virtuthem to share the work is makseconded and carried unanim- ally all local doctors are ening it tough. ously. Whereupon the delegate gaging in the strikebreaking Unfortunately, many of the

from Machinist Lodge 79 mov- practice of sending all their ed that the Council write all patients to Swedish instead of locals in its jurisdiction re- other hospitals. Despite the requesting donations to the strike actionary hand of the AMA, so fund. This was carried unanim- | flagrantly displayed, the strikers are slowly gaining support

The strikers held a meeting and strength. Here in Washington, labor is the following evening and the faced with the task of defeatmembers were jubilant over the fine demonstration of soli- ing Initiative 202, the right-toscab law. At the Labor Council darity by the Labor Council. The Hospital Association meeting it was pointed out that made its first offer last week a defeat for the hospital workto the union. Since it included ers would be a victory for the a refusal to rehire a group of right-to-scab forces, and that unionists, it was rejected by a small union like theirs presented a weak link in labor's

Support to the strike is grow- chain unless supported by all ng. Incidents like that of one unions. But when all stand solman, who brought his wife to idly together, there is no weak the hospital to have a baby but link and the smallest union is refused to enter the hospital as strong as the entire labor because he wasn't going to movement.



at the Univ. of Minn.; Thurs. Militant Forum. Sat. May 17, May 15, 8 P.M.; Andrews Hotel, 8:30 P.M. 10609 Superior Ave., Minneapolis M3; Ausp.: Twin Cities Labor Forum.

Book-a-Month THEODORE WELD:

CRUSADER FOR FREEDOM By Benjamin P. Thomas 307 pp.

Original Price \$4.25 Book-a-Month Price \$1 (plus 15 cents postage) PIONEER PUBLISHERS 116 University Place New York 3, N. Y.

fits amounting at most to 65% of their take-home pay, many family men are finding it harder to meet their bills. The cost of living is continuing to rise. One-third of the membership is out of work and more layoffs are looming. The feeling among the ranks is that the steel companies will lower SUB payments, claiming that the fund is being exhausted.

brothers who are laid off were-

n't there to point up their prob-

Recently the steel companies threw out a feeler to the union about foregoing the July wage increase that they are guaranteed under a three-year con tract. The men were inflamed over this arrogant attempt to welsh on the contract. MacDonald has assured the membership that no deals will be made, but

this indicates what the steel corporations have in mind.

union must propose action that members of the audience. When of Pennsylvania asking "the will meet the unemployment they demanded more police most lenient treatment posproblem. The New York Dis- protection, specifically in the sible" for the youngsters accustrict leadership of the United form of foot patrolmen, Gib- ed in their son's death and say-Steel Workers has shown some bons demurred by saying that ing they were raising a fund concern but no direct action what was being asked would "to be used for the religious, has been taken. As a first step cost "a tremendous amount of educational, vocational and sothey could organize unemploy- money." This evoked an uproan cial guidance of the boys when ment committees, call for a with people shouting that they they are released." Philadelphia moratorium on debts in order paid taxes and that they want- officials, however, brushed aside to check the growing tide of ed some protection instead of the bereaved parents' plea for repossessions, evictions and fore- brutality from the police. In mercy. District Attorney Blanc, closures. Measures such as these the face of this storm Gibbons calling for the death penalty will weld the unemployed backed down and promised foot for all the accused despite their workers to their union, strength- patrolmen during the week and ages, stated: "We cannot pussy-

erable fervor was the poor mit murder."