Where John Gates **Stands Today**

(See Page 2)

Vol. XXIII - No. 5

Convict 7 in Ohio T-H Case; More Frame-Ups Planned

CLEVELAND, Jan. 28 - The recently unveiled threat to the labor movement, known as the Taft-Hartley "conspiracy" charge, became a deadly reality today as a

jury here declared all seven Odefendants guilty. The team of New York, Portland, Seattle and attorneys assigned by the Depart- Los Angeles.

ment of Injustice to test-fire this new weapon against labor is rejoicing and mapping a host of that they will appeal the verdicts similar trials throughout the of all seven. Sentencing is set country.

criminal indictments in at least \$10,000 fines. six other cases involving alleged Communist conspiracy if guilty verdicts are returned in the conspiracy case in the federal court," mediately after the guilty verdict

was that the cities in which the

Winston, Green Lose High Court **Smith Act Appeal**

'issuing a directive," etc. JAN. 28 - Two of the Smith Act victims still in prison, Gildenied that their affidavits were bert Green and Henry Winston, false. Although the government were denied a new hearing by produced four FBI agents and the U.S. Supreme Court yes- four ex-Communists turned proterday. Despite the fact that fessional witch-hunt witnesses, only one of them gave testimony these two men might never alleging Communist Party achave been convicted if the tivities by the Haugs in 1950-53, 1957 ruling of the Supreme the period covered by the af-Court had been in effect at the fidavits. This witness, Fred Gardner, quit the CP in 1956 and subtime of their trial in 1949, they sequently appeared as a profesmust stay in jail. sional informer before various

Both Green and Winston government agencies. His current were given additional senten- career as a labor bureaucrat is ces of three years on contempt also based on professional antiof court charges for jumping Communism.

charges is now before the Su-preme Court. A decision is ex-Detroit; Chicago District 1 and the reversal of the April depected soon.

try to explain its inconsistency Federation of Labor; Amal-for the Reuther proposals, say-zuela has toppled the regime class district. Other revolution-army colonels was set up as workers would be prevented from ascertain, from financial reports, The Supreme Court did not on Smith Act convictions. It gamated Meat Cutters and ing, "If you want a place in of Marcos Perez Jimenez, U.S. ary outbreaks took place in the the government of the country. designating a union as their rep- the plans of the workers for ormerely rejected the prisoners' Butcher Workmen Local 500, the sun you have to expect imperialism's favorite Latin cities of Maracay, Barinas and This junta sent Jimenez an ultiappeal.

Attorneys for the Cleveland defendants have already advised **Big Locals** for Feb. 14. Maximum penalties "The government will seek are five years, imprisonment and

The three-week trial was the **Hit Reuther** government's guinea-pig experiment to find a new way of using the Taft-Hartley law. Instead of the Cleveland Press reported Jan. prosecuting Fred and Marie 27. Word around Cleveland im- Haug, a husband-and-wife team long prominent in the Ohio labor the unemployed and of the movement, on a charge of falsely rank-and-file production worklabor movement would now be signing the T-H non-Communist attacked were: Detroit, Chicago, affidavits, the government chose ers were pushed aside by the

to let that indictment moulder in well-oiled Reuther machine at the special United Auto Workthe files. Instead they devised a catch-all "comspiracy" indictment ers convention held in Detroit, to involve five others, charged Jan. 22 to 24. with such "overt acts" as talk-This special conference, orng with the Haugs or with one iginally intended to concretize another, "attending a meeting," the mandate of last April's 'transporting [in an auto] a per-

UAW convention on the shorter son known to be a Communist," work week, dropped that demand and instead endorsed The Haugs have consistently UAW president Reuther's "share-the-profits" scheme. It also defeated efforts of rankand-file delegations to put teeth into the struggle against speed-up.

Gimmick

DETROIT - The needs of

The opposition to dropping the shorter work-week demand was not well organized and mustered only between 10% and 20% of the approximately 3,000 voting delegates against Reuther's proposals. The vote, nevertheless, revealed a growing gap between the Reuther leadership and the rank-andfile.

six locals of the Packinghouse cision to the membership back

Eisenhower Urges Congress To Tighten Screws on Labor

THE

THE MILITANT

INTERESTS

NEW YORK, N. Y., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1958

OF

At Auto Union Convention

WEEKLY IN

Steel Unionists See Congress About Jobs



Presidents of Steel Workers locals getting a politician's handshake from Senate Democratic Leader Lyndon Johnson (left center) and Vice-President Nixon. Mass unemployment in steel industry led to holding of conference in Washington. There USWA President David McDonald said the prime demand for next contract would be the shorter work week with no reduction in pay.

Venezuelan People Oust unjust ruling of 1951. Both men gave themselves up in 1956. T-H case are the following: Ford their appeal on the contempt charges is now before the Su-Detroit; Briggs UAW Local 212,

By George Lavan

throughout the capital and the revolution. A five-man jun- labor practice." A union would be would open the books of the The heroic revolutionary casualties were especially heavy ta, composed of Rear Admiral prohibited from picketing in labor movement to the employers

Ignores the Unemployed Asks Extension of Gov't **Interference in Unions**

PEOPLE

PRICE 10c

JAN. 28 — The President submitted his "labor message" to Congress on Jan. 23. The day before, the Labor Department reported that nearly one-third of the nation's industrial centers were 🖲

suffering "substantial" unemployment. Over six per cent of the workers in these areas are idle. Eisenhower's proposals are deigned, the President claimed, to protect the workers, "individual rights." Needless to say, however, nothing was said about the protection of the most elementary "individual right" of all — the right to a job.

THE WORKING

In his message Eisenhower proposes to amend the Taft-Hartley law to give greater protection to employers against the "secondary boycott," Eisenhower would prohibit a picket line - even if the overwhelming majority of the workers want to strike - against a "secondary employer" as long as the employer was not engaged in producing "farmed-out" work from a struck plant. Thus if the majority of the workers in a plant wanted to strike against a boss who was using scab materials, the law

period had elapsed.

would prohibit them from doing mit, on penalty of criminal so. The "individual right" of one charges, "detailed annual finanman, the boss, counts for more than the individual rights of the character and the shall be available for public examina-



EISENHOWER

tion." Of course, a union's finan-

Even more dangerous to the cial records should be available working class is Eisenhower's for study by the union's memand troops. Fighting spread It therefore tried to take over proposed definition of an "unfair bers. But Eisenhower's plan Workers; Lake County (Ohio) home. But he urged support action of the people of Vene- in the Catia section, a working- Wolfgang Larrazabal and four demand of recognition and the as well, enabling them to One can imagine the howl that would be heard from the inspection, exposing their payment

Launch Petition Drive To Win Sobell Release

By Myra Tanner Weiss

JAN. 28 - A nation-wide petition campaign has been ship. launched by the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell asking for Executive action to free the scientist in

Alcatraz prison. Thousands of @ people will be approached all over the country and asked to join a mass appeal to the President to end immediately Sobell's unjust imprisonment.

The terrible facts of the frame-up of Morton Sobell will be told to all who can be reached in the course of this petition drive. Sobell was sentenced to 30 years in prison in the "atom-spy" trial of 1951 that took the lives of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. Sobell was never accused, let alone convicted, of the theft of atom "secrets." The infamous "conspiracy" law enabled the government to get a conviction without specific charges of crime or proof that a crime was committed.

Sobell and his family were kidnapped from Mexico. The prosecution then told the court that he had been legally deported, concealing evidence of Sobell's plans to return to this

country. New evidence of this freedom to the streets of the fact obtained by Sobell's friends nation. Every opponent of the

Sobell was convicted on the port to the petition drive now Elitcher, who feared a perjury the new issue of the tabloid, indictment by the government. giving the facts of the case, in court with his freedom.

The Supreme Court last fall N.Y. refused to study the Sobell case despite widespread convic-

Those who believe in justice amalgamated local's annual conwill carry the fight for Sobell's ference in New York.

to get blistered." American dictator.

PUBLISHED

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Significantly, the major oppo-The struggle against the bru- in the oil field areas. Ford, GM and Chrysler plants. tical junta (committee) of all pons, presumably from sympa- Trujillo. Reuther's main backing came from smaller, scattered locals— put out leaflets calling for a ing was at first very unequal.

who are much more dependent general strike to begin at noon The revolutionists fought mainupon and more easily intimidat- on Jan. 21. Other leaflets, sign- ly with stones and Molotov ed by the International leader- ed by the Venezuelan Student cocktails (incendiary bombs

Front, appealed to students, made of gasoline-filled bottles) Had a roll-call vote been Front, appealed to students, made of gasonne-nied bottles) order to tamely accept another they want unlike about which allow The way for Eisenhower's anti-labor program was paved by the taken on the Reuther scheme, dent strike to begin the same tanks. On the second day of military dictatorship. The unithe opposition vote would have day.

been greater than it was. For delegates from larger locals 'DOWN WITH TYRANNY' represent more members and carry up to 7.5 votes each, while those from small locals universities remained closed and support of army units, the to accept the military junta as carry as few as one. However, at the appointed hour huge Venezuelans besieged the presi- the ruler of Venezuela. it is only on a roll-call ballot throngs of demonstrators en- dential palace and central po-

that the representation votes tered Caracas' downtown Plaza lice headquarters. are cast.

Instead, the vote on Reu- With Tyranny." They were im- brass came to the conclusion masses. The first step was to of court actions. mediately attacked by police that Jimenez' fate was sealed. (Continued on page 4)

Cambinas. The latter two are matum that night. Within a has already "legally" recognized

few hours the dictator was on another organization or where sition to dropping the shorter tal military ruler of the oil- Though the Patriotic Junta a plane en route to exile in the workers rejected the union dustrialists if someone tried to work-week demand came from rich country reached the show- which had called the general the Dominican Republic, the as its bargaining agent within open their books to public indelegates from large locals of down stage when a secret poli- strike had secured some wea- bailiwick of his fellow tyrant, the last 12-month period.

> WANT FREEDOM RESTORED However, the workers and students had not sacrificed their their own bargaining agent and blood in battle against the mili- prohibit them from changing spection. tary dictatorship of Jimenez in their minds about which union

the fighting army units began fying aim of the revolutionary to join the revolutionists leav- movement was restoration of ing only the police loyal to civil liberties and establishment On Tuesday, Jan. 21 all the dictator. Now in possession of political democracy. The schools from kindergartens to of machine guns and with the civilian Patriotic Junta refused Admiral Larrazabal there-

upon had to begin a course of this plan in tying up union ject the Reuther-Meany policy of Silencio with shouts of "Down By this time the military concessions to the popular resources indefinitely by means kowtowing to the McClellan

(Continued on page 2)

of fees to union-busting outfits, LIMITS CHOICE OF UNION etc. But there is not much danger These provisions would restrict that the Administration will the right of the workers to select

propose that company books should be opened for public in-

The way for Eisenhower's anti-Congressional "investigations"

New legislation proposed by carried on during the past year Eisenhower, claiming to protect by the McChellan Committee, the workers from corrupt prac- whose majority is Democratic. tices of union bureaucrats, would Thus the offensive now being only extend government control mounted against the unions is the over labor and open the door to joint activity of both Big Busicourt actions. The employers ness panties. To defend itself, the would have little difficulty under labor movement will have to reprobers, break from the Demo-

The unions would have to sub- crats and build its own party.



By Harry Ring ne labels "revisionism" and "ultra-leftism."

The factional division in the This claimed position is bit- ing, the party remains in the have continued to suffer from leadership of the Communist terly assailed by Stein who critical state into which it has the deep-rooted evil of bureau- to dissent is vulgarized and dis- not better . . . Party has become so pro- charges that in reality Dennis been plunged in the past two cracy, which is not so easily torted to such a degree as to nounced that the warring has aligned himself with Foster years . . . This . . . is in large eradicated. There continues to convert the party into little for answering this question, to groups are now speaking of the and Ben Davis in a drive to measure due to the serious in- exist strong criticism by our more than a 'caretaker' organi- explain why ten months after serious danger of split in the block the decisions of the past ternal situation in our move- members that leadership and zation, conducting a 'holding the Party convention we are in shrunken organization.

letin, Party Affairs, which pub- independence from the Kremlin, national leadership and in a and that arrogant attitudes to has never been tested in court. witch hunt will give full sup- lishes a polemical exchange be- of now joining Foster in his number of state organizations the membership persist on all tween national secretary Eu- stand against the CP partici- have become so marked that levels of party organization. word of one witness alone, Max under way. Both petitions and gene Dennis and national or- pating in the process of social- the party is confronted with Such complaint is unfortunateganization secretary Sid Stein. ist regroupment and of at- new fragmentation and dis- ly justified." The debate took place at the tempting to re-establish a persal of forces, including the Elitcher was never arrested. He can be obtained by writing to December meeting of the Na- bureaucratic control over the very real threat of a split." party.

DENNIS PRETENSE

the party leadership was be- vote against endorsing the No- . . The national leadership, rather in the fundamental diffronts," that is, against what ration.)

Opening the debate, Dennis - but at the whole leadership." have abandoned Marxist ideol- we have arrived at this situadeclares: ". . . generally speak- He goes on to note: "We ogy . . .

January issue of the CP bul- vention mandate for ideological views and alignments in the ship fully into its confidence, ideological trends."

HITS BROADER PARTY

Dennis continues: ". . . the However, he adds, these "are (The lineup in the 20-mem- national leadership has reached not the basic cause of the cri- elements as the Fasts and bers of this organization until ber NEC in the present struggle a virtual impasse in its func- tical problems in the national against such groups as the quite recently but who are not When the major division in was indicated by an 11-to-7 tioning, bordering on paralysis leadership today. This lies Trotskyites."

tion that Sobell did not get a IUE Local 485 presented checks tween the Gates and Foster vember declaration of 12 Com- quite properly, has been sub- ferences that exist between us." STEIN ON SPLIT DANGER fair trial. Will justice thereby of \$1,000 to the NAACP's wings, Dennis and Stein munist Parties in Moscow. Such jected to sharp criticism by the one such major difference he emerged as the co-spokesmen endorsement was viewed as a entire membership. This criti- says, is with those who think clares "... the Party as Com-American people permit an in- nine Negro students at Little for a "center" grouping. In repudiation of the independence cism is directed not only at the party "should freely em- rade Dennis says, faces a crisis, nocent man to waste his life Rock's Central High School. The the present debate Dennis con- mandate of the past convention. specific individuals or group- brace within its ranks the most even the danger of a split. It in the terror prison of Alcatraz? ceremony took place at the tinues to present himself as Dennis voted with the minority ings - such as the chief spokes- diverse ideological trends, in- is necessary to be absolutely waging a struggle "on two in favor of endorsing the decla- man of the pre- and the post- cluding those expressed by the frank with ourselves and our convention factional alignments Fasts, Clarks, and others who membership in finding out how

tion and why we continue to "Along with this, the right remain in it as it gets worse

"We have the responsibility national convention. He brands ment — especially to the sharp membership are still separated operation' pending the forma- a worse position relative to the The scope of the crisis is Dennis as guilty of trying to ideological division in our by a gulf, that the leadership tion of some sort of 'broad' so- American people than when graphically described in the achieve repudiation of the con- ranks . . . the polarization of still fails to take the member- cialist party embracing all this convention made the overcoming of the Party's isolation Instead, Dennis declares, "We it's main task . . . The bitter must . . . carry on a more ef- truth is that not only is the

fective fight for our Marxist- Party isolated from the people Leninist ideology. And this in general at a time when the must include the waging of a reverse should be taking place, consistent polemical and po- but we are more and more isolitical struggle against the lated from the thousands of ideological positions of such Communists who were mem-

> members today, though they consider themselves part of the American Socialist movement." The twin source of the crisis. Stein points out is the continuing refusal to act independently of Moscow dictate and (Continued on page 2)



MORTON SOBELL





THE MILITANT

Monday, February 3, 1958

Where does Gates go from

here? He says he doesn't know.

NewRank-and-File How Gates Views Socialism Today Workers' Group **Formed in England**

By Peter Fryer Special London Correspondent

Last weekend I was in at the birth of the first rankand-file industrial movement to spring up in post-war Britain under what is best described as Marxist influence and, largely, Marxist leadership.

For months now Britain's building workers have been feeling the brunt of the capitalist offensive. Thirty thousand of them are out of a job and another thirty thousand have left the industry because conditions are worsening. The likelihood of the renegades from our party is that unemployment will continue to grow. And on building site after building site the first victims of the bosses' offensive are the militants.

Page 2

It was to defend the militant workers from victimization, to rouse the whole industry in detense of jobs, and to put pressure on the leaders of the building trade unions to fight the bosses instead of twiddling their thumbs, that 130 workers from 49 jobs and 64 union branches gathered in confer-

BEHAN OPENS MEETING

The opening statement was made by Brian Behan, a 31year-old bricklayer's laborer who has already established a reputation as a rank-and-file leader and a doughty opponent of bureaucrats of all shades. It was Behan who for months, as a member of the British Com- Fleet Street, the British Stalinmunist Party executive, waged ists would have been only too Hungary and over various do-Easter; resigned from the party; spoke up against the Stalinist and capitalist versions of the Hungarian Revolution at the Trades Union Congress; and recently joined the editorial board of The Newsletter.

Behan is the very antithesis of the smug, sleek, pompous, desk-bound Jack-in-office who is so often found in trade union head offices and district offices in Britain. He spoke to the

LITTLE HITLERS delegates as a fellow-worker, Here is a case in point. An wearing workers' clothes and

using workers' language, salted important strike of dockers has just broken out in Liverpool, with Irish wit. (It is a wit he shares with two brothers who the great west-coast port. I are achieving fame in other cannot write very much about it this week because it has only fields: one, Brendan, is a writer of rip-roaring, Rabelaisian just started, and only the bare and from the point of view of facts are known so far. The the Lord Chancellor, England's full-time officials of the Transcensor, only - just - performable port and General Workers' plays about working-class life; Union have, it seems, been

(John Gates, former Daily Worker editor who resigned from the Communist Party Jan. 10, wrote six articles for the

New York Post Jan. 20-25 entitled, "Why I Quit the Communist Party." The following report on these articles prepared by Harry Ring is presented for the information of our readers. Ed.)

"I did not quit the Communist Party in order to enlist in the cold war. The ideals which originally attracted me to communism seem to me the ones that give meaning to life, and they are worth trying to realize. I left the Communist Party because it no longer affords a way to further these ideals." This statement by John Gates in the New York Post illustrates his present political viewpoint. What he has to say in the Post series is essentially what he had been saying for the past two years as a member of the Communist Party.

needless to say, on the London INDICTS CAPITALISM

Daily Worker's banned list. No Outlining where he stands writer is allowed to mention them even by implication. No doubt the ban was relaxed just the tiniest bit for Williamson (whose reports of last Easter's British CP Congress, by the way, were nothing short of fairs, its politics . . . The fallacy and irrationality of capitalist

I for one am quite sure that if The Newsletter hadn't carried material on the New York Daily Worker's closing-down, the London Daily Worker would

ing-down of the New York

Daily Worker, in the course of

which he said that "the slander

that the Daily Worker was sus-

pended to get rid of Gates"

was being spread by "the cap-

italist press in Britain and some

Well, well. The names of

F-y-r and The N-wsl-tt-r are,

who are its hangers-on.'

scandalous).

have felt able to get away with the tiny and almost gloating news-item it carried. As for the "renegades" and "hangers-on" smear, I would bet my last shilling that if some of us had gone over to

a fight against the leaders over pleased to give the matter enormous publicity. It's the mestic questions. He polled 188 fact that we haven't that causes votes at the party congress last them chagrin and concern. I have heard from a number of areas of solemn investigations that are under way into alleged connections between various opposition-minded party members and The Newsletter. Even those who don't agree with our policy find that they have to take The Newsletter

if they want to know what the Daily Worker is keeping from them!

self.'

WM. Z. FOSTER.

now, Gates presents an extensive indictment of capitalism as an outmoded social system. "Our society," he writes, "feels a crisis in every realm-in its moral outlook, its economic af-

society still lies, as I see it, in that production depends on the profit of the few rather than the use and welfare of all of us. In this fabulous new era of atomic energy, automation, and

the conquest of space, production for the private profit of the few becomes incompatible with the needs of society as a whole. "Socialism," says Gates, "seems to me the necessary and inevitable way of resolving what is wrong with this society, while preserving what is best

within it." Until a majority of the American people are convinced of the need for socialism, he continues, "the immediate need is for popular regulation, for control and for curbs upon Big Business. So long as the interests of Big Business dominate both political parties, such controls will not be enacted. A new political advance is needed to

bring the representatives of the working people, Negro and white, the farmers, the liberal middle class into Congress it-

On the world situation, Gates outlaw war as an instrument ing Potash.



differences between the U.S. and the Soviet Union."

FOR POLITICAL FREEDOM IN THE SOVIET BLOC

Gates points to the manner of the USSR's giant industrialscientific advance as "the most corresponding political ad- timate of its present size. He vance. The Soviet people have doubts that there are more far to go in acquiring control than a few hundred Negroes over the selection of their lead- remaining in the party and ers and their policies. They says its present age level is need freedom of discussion, and "well in the 50's." He estimates a mechanism for choosing be- an exodus of 10,000 members tween alternative leaders and during the past two years. This policies.'

society demands political de- gress line. mocracy on a level higher than BACKGROUND OF CRISIS anything which exists in the most advanced capitalist countries.

Of the American Communist Party, Gates says that it "has become irrelevant, and it is not my objective to spend time trying to get members of the party to leave it. That is a decision for each individual to 1919." make or not." At the same time he denies 'the charge that the party is a foreign conspiracy, urges defense of its civil liberties and calls for freedom for Smith Act victims Gil writes: "The time is now to Green, Henry Winston and Irv-

many times in many areas."

competitive coexistence the ba- Gates sees three positive ac- zation. had written to him sis of settling all outstanding complishments: the mass work about a bitter struggle between of the 1930's, the support to the New York leadership and the Foster leadership in the national office.

> Clark became critical of the party line and Starobin withdrew after his proposals for a change of line were rejected. Both Clark and Starobin saw the party stand as "ultra-leftist. Gates continues: "These moods were everywhere. The California Communists had

On the general issue of so- who considered it impossible to ialist democracy he writes, "To thwart the Fosterite drive for fulfill its promise, a Socialist a return to the pre-20th Concenter,' as we called the national leadership."

While the Communist Party erisis erupted as a result of the he, himself, was developing

Khrushchev revelations, Gates sees the crisis as having ". . long, twisted roots. Though related to Soviet events, the whole story has to be taken back to 1945, and probably even further back than that, to

were happening abroad which Concretely, Gates says, the coincided with our behind-thedivision began to manifest itbars appraisals of the Party's self in the party leadership work at home. Stalin had died, during the period that he and within a few days the 'Jewish the other Foley Square defend-

doctors plot' was revealed as a ants were in prison. He reports hoax. Lavrenti Beria, the Sothat during that time his wife, | viet Police Chief, was executed, Lillian Gates, who had been a turning out—so it was said—to of national policy and to make | Reviewing the party's history, leader of the New York organi- have been an imperialist spy

Describing how Dennis, Rob-

national administrative com-

rom way back. Working peo- | Soviet intervention in Hungary, ple in East Berlin demonstrated I found myself saying, is a against the government of which crime, a crime it will take they were supposedly the backyears to overcome. I cried out: 'For the first time in all my

"Soviet newspapers were years in the Party, I feel warning about the 'cult of the ashamed of the name, Comindividual.' What did this munist!' My colleagues sat with phrase mean if not a retroac- frozen faces. None of us would tive criticism of Stalin himself? ever be the same again, nor Dennis could not see that. If could we for long continue to Beria were a rat, how did this live in the same movement." jibe with Stalin's intimate reliance upon him. To Dennis the question was 'impermiss- He does not "want to go from ible'

one sectarianism to another. At the same time, Gates saw The answer to the present the easing of war tensions as splinters on the Left is not to placing a big question mark form another." over the party's analysis. "For

WANTS DISCUSSION the virtual inevitability of war was a key idea in our ranks; He looks to the development if it could be receding so fast, of a new radical movement maybe our Party had mis-"that will be acceptable to subjudged this crucial matter. Maystantial sections of the labor be this pessimistic view of the movement, of the Negro people. danger of war and our estimate Its Americanism will be unof impending domestic fascism challengeable. It will act within —the premise on which several our Constitutional framework. co-leaders had gone into the It will not go down the deadunderground' and taken much end street of sterile anti-Sovietism . . . Neither will it be of the Party with them-had to be re-examined." unduly influenced by Socialist

POLAND, HUNGARY

While there was heated dis-It was during this same period in 1953, he adds, that cussion over these issues on his Joseph Starobin and Joseph return from prison, Gates says the big division in the party leadership actually came in 1956 with the Polish and Hungarian events. "I remember rising to speak. I said Khrushchev almost created catastrophe by trying to unseat Gomulka in

"As for my personal political plans," Gates says, "I do not profess to have all the answers. After being so certain, and dogmatic, on most of what I did for a quarter of a century, I am not inclined to make hasty decisions. I want to talk with people - those who know me and those who don't. I want Poland, that Gomulka had sav- to do some listening, some reed socialism in Poland . . . This flecting, some studying."

movements abroad.'

Political Action Debated At San Francisco Forum

By Leigh Ray

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 25 - Vincent Hallinan, Progressive Party candidate for President in the 1952 elections, called for the building of a party of socialism to give the young people some

quiescence of the labor movehope to march on to the future. He was speaking at a meeting ment and said that he could of the Independent Socialist not see a mass turn to social-Forum held here last night on ism or toward a labor or third the topic of "The Independent party at this time. "American Voter in the '58 Election." politics are on dead center," he The speakers, besides Vincent said.

Hallinan, were Philip Burton, If the depression deepens and the present California drive for Democratic Assemblyman from the 20th District, and Richard the "smash - the - union" bill Lynden, Secretary-Treasurer of meets any success; if the candi-Local 6, International Long- dates of the Democrat and Reshoremen and Warehousemen's publican parties do not take Union. satisfactory positions on these

There is no essential differproblems facing the labor ence between the Democratic movement, then new leaders and Republican parties, Hallinan will come forward and it will stated. "Neither is the better be possible to move forward. of two goods." "We must not be impatient," he

"The last four Secretaries of said. "We must do a job in the State, under two democrats labor movement and

Loyalist Spain and the support to the U.S. government in World War II. MASS EXODUS Discussing the catastrophic decline of the CP over the past mportant fact about the Soviet 13 years, he sets its 1945 mem-Union." At the same time, he bership at 75,000 and says that states, "it is far from making 7,000 may be an optimistic es-

Parting of the Ways

been in such conflicts with Foster's aides that they conducted their Smith Act defense on mass defection was by those their own. Most of the party's trade unionists had their own bitter beefs. More and more they had lost confidence in 'the

the other. Dominic, is a singer trying to prevent members of of folk songs who has been re- the other port union, the Nacorded by Alan Lomax.)

INJECTS SOUR NOTE

like Behan, men from their industry's grassroots, crossed the t's and dotted the i's of his keynote speech. The only jarring note was struck by a delegate called Jack Pascoe, who is a member of the Communist Party executive, and who spoke sourly about "false voices" which were telling the workers how to fight the employers and leading them astray.

No one had any doubt that it was the Newsletter pamphlets on sale at the conference that he was referring to; it was a pity he did not say openly whose "voices" he meant. But the fact that the Communist Party had to send its people to this rank-and-file gathering is a tribute to the deep roots that the movement for militant resistance to the employers is striking. With or without the Communist Party, the British workers are going to hit back. And among their leaders will be many who grew up inside the party, but who are now seeking real Marxism and real militancy outside it.

* * *

It was interesting to see in tend that all is quiet in the the London Daily Worker, the port of Liverpool.

day after Pascoe's reference to And then they wonder why "false voices," an article by the Daily Worker Fighting John Williamson on the clos- Fund is so poorly supported!



From 25,000 members in 1943 to about 2,000 today - the figures dramatize the collapse of the Canadian Communist Party. Unlike the American CP, the Khrushchev revelations did not produce a protracted factional struggle in the Canadian party. Tim Buck, long-time leader of the party and faithful echo of the Kremlin, smashed the opposition quickly. But the party still fell apart. Canadian socialist Ross Dowson gives a comprehensive report of what happened in the Winter Issue of the International Socialist Review.

Send 35c for a copy International Socialist Review **116 University Place** New York 3, N.Y.

phere within the party. tional Amalgamated Stevedores

and Dockers, a democraticallyrun body, from getting certain Other speakers, all of them, types of work. Various officials of the bigger union have been throwing their weight about, deciding who shall be hired, turning back members of the other union, calling them nonike little Hitlers.

Thousands of men are now on strike in Liverpool and adjacent ports in protest against this attitude. Feeling is running high against the TGWU officials, the windows of their

offices have been stoned, and pickets are out along the waterfront. Members of both unions are on strike-for many of the TGWU members are fighting alongside the "blues," as the NASD members are called because of the color of their union card. And what has the Daily

Worker, that self-styled working-class paper to sav about this strike this morning, the day after it began? Nothing. Nothing whatever. Not a sentence, not a syllable, not a word. Rather than hurt the feelings of the TGWU leaders whom they are currently woo-

ing, the Stalinists prefer to pre-



Turning to the problem of As an example of the one party bureaucracy, Stein asks: "Have we made one iota of adside of the problem, he cites an experience of the Minnesota vance in developing Marxismparty. It drew up an official Leninism, applying it, interpretstatement on Jim-Crow housing | ing it to the needs of our counwhich Stein says was privately | try? Or have we been deluged agreed to by Negro-community from certain quarters since the leaders. But, "The next day . . there appeared an editorial in one word only; reaffirm, reaf- the 12-party declaration by unionists, and generally acting the Negro press charging the firm, reaffirm! Don't dare think! ramming a motion through the Party with being a Soviet Don't dare ask, don't dare agent and damning it for get- challenge, don't dare interpret!"

mittee, Stein says, "Comrade "Where in heaven," he asks, Dennis comes in and presents

... Deep Split in CP Leadership

(Continued from page 1) | perience has been duplicated | "since our Resolution on Hun-| the National Administrative

....Venezuelan People Oust Dictator

(Continued from page 1) add two civilian members ic tatorship.

the junta. The second step was WALL STREET WORRIED the setting up of a 13-man cabi-

net. This was composed entiremore capital invested in Vene- leader Jovito Villalba told a eaucracy as of old." ly of civilians save for one military man, Col. Castro Leon, try except Canada, is extremewho had led the unsuccessful New Year's day air force revolt against Jimenez. The junta is now composed of three military officers and two civilians. In attempts to placate the masses, the junta has promised overthrew political democracy rights of our workers." prosecutions of the hated secret in Venezuela. Jimenez has repolice for the torture and mur-

ceived unusually high honors GUATEMALA der of political and trade union from Washington, including the prisoners; the firing of the entire police force of the federal district of Caracas; and the

holding of elections this year. HUNT DOWN POLICE

lan

uprising has been the Bring Military Coup — Army votes with those of rightist can- jority rule." hatred of the police, particular-|Sulks in Background as Left-|didate Ydigoras, who through-| Stein then challenges Denly the secret agents. Summary ists' Power Rises."

fighting and in the several days Street standards the civilian in the election, in which none tion? The differences here are Forum. following on all known inform- Patriotic Junta is dangerously of the three candidates received between those of us who beers and members of the secret anti-imperialistic. It is a united a majority, will prevent the lieve that this Party as it is, police that were caught. In one front of four parties for the Congress from choosing the is for ever and more, the orcase a mob even invaded the purpose of obtaining civilian candidate of the Revolutionary ganization that will lead the Nicaraguan embassy and shot a government, elections and civil Party. That party's last elected American working class to Sosecret police lieutenant who liberties. One of these is the president was Arbenz, who was cialism, and those of us who through Feb. 16, "The Road to had sought asylum there. Add- Communist Party. Though it is overthrown by a U.S.-sponsored believe that this party . . . can Socialism," Instructor, Daniel ing to the crowd's fury was the smallest of the four, its in- "revolt" headed by its late rebuild itself and become a the fact that, before they were clusion in the junta is for stooge Castillo Armas.Indicative powerful force in the struggles "The Negro Struggle for Equaloverwhelmed, the police killed Washington like a red cloth to of the widespread resentment of today and in bringing about ity." Instructor, George Lavan. sixty prisoners in their cells in a bull. The largest party, Ac- against U.S. manipulation of a Socialist regroupment in the Mondays, 7 P.M. through Feb. 17. the central police headquarters. cion Democratica, is the party Guatemalan politics is the fact United States, capable of lead-Also found there were the which won 80 percent of the that the anti-Communist news ing American workers toward Murry Weiss. Mondays, 8:45 chemically preserved and label- votes in the 1948 elections and paper La Hora recently referred Socialism. It just so happens P.M. "Historical Materialism," led limbs of former prisoners, which was shortly thereafter

position and union figures who vance.

had simply disappeared during Even the moderate or center as the "Colonial Office."

gary, have we ever again taken Comn statement. an analytical approach to events 'We are not endorsing, com- and one Republican, have all there." in the world and in the Soviet rades. All we are doing is hail- been from the Mellon banking Union, without experiencing ing,' he says. 'All we are doing interests," he said. He closed

the most bitter resistance by is greeting. Comrades Foster, Davis, and "All we are doing," Stein not to turn back but to look Democratic Party either by continues, "is indirectly endors- to the future, a future of soing the view that revisionism is

cialism. ert Thompson and Davis tried the main danger. All we are Philip Burton maintained that Convention with one word and to put the CP on record for doing is endorsing the view that the more fruitful work could voting for their candidates. In this and the other are certain be done within the Democratic the discussion, Vincent Halliuniversal truths, etcetra, bind- Party. "We have practical tasks nan said that it would be beting on all, otherwise you are revisionists." and listed the necessity to in-

Assailing a proposal by Dencrease unemployment compennis for a Resident Board, Stein sation, pensions, the minimum party in the interests of all the declares, "Well, let's take the vagueness out of it, Comrade Dennis! Put it on the table! politics on Mars, but in Cali-You want a Secretariat to be fornia. We can remake the face re-established . . . a political of the Democratic Party as we the nine years of Jimenez' dic- party, Republican Democratic secretariat. And maybe the want it.'

Union (URD) is speaking out same people that used to be against U.S. imperialism's role the political secretariat before in Venezuela. Upon his arrival . . . That's what you want . . U.S. imperialism, which has from exile in New York, URD a re-establishment of the bur-

Gates describes the doubts

about party policy while in

prison and relates them to the

post-Stalin developments in the

Soviet Union. Recalling discus-

sions he had in prison with

Eugene Dennis and Robert

Thompson, he writes: "Things

zuela than in any other coun- welcoming crowd of thousands Extending the attack to Fosat the Caracas airport that the ter and Davis, Stein charges y worried over Jimenez' down- U.S. favors tyrants and that that as far as they are confall. This dictator was the joint "we have many matters to set- cerned, "Minority or majority

creation of the U.S. oil com- tle with it." He laid down as a doesn't matter. The minority panies and the State Depart- condition of security for U.S. can drive the majority out of ment, both of whom backed capital that it "respect our the Party, and is doing it. Has Case and Civil Liberties." Ausp.: the army coup of 1948 which national sovereignty and the been doing it for ten months." Jack London Club. YWCA Build-

"The Calif. sue, Stein continues: source of bureaucracy in the

Elsewhere in Latin America Communist Party is the idea pinning of a U.S. medal on him U.S. imperialism was suffering that someone can do your by President Eisenhower. It is setbacks. The recent Guate- thinking for you. That there is by Sol and Carol Blackman, folprobably more than wishful malan elections showed a defi- a Pope, that there are Cardi- lowed by food, refreshments and thinking that makes the Wall nite defeat for Colonel Cruz nals — that's the source of dancing. Saturday, Feb. 8, 8:15 Street Journal headline its main Salazar, known as "Washing- bureaucracy. Once you accept P.M. at 777 W. Adams. Contri-As in the Hungarian Revolu-the Left in Versnuls Could ton's candidate." It is believed that idea there can be no de-bution: \$1.00. Students: 25c. tion, a feature of the Venezue- Revolu- Wilitam Gran Could that Salazar will combine his mocracy! There can be no ma- Ausp.: Militant Labor Forum.

out the campaign denounced nis on regroupment: "What do "Prospects for American Labor at 1303 W. Girard Ave. Ausp.: vengeance was taken during the The fact is that by Wall him as a U.S. stooge. This move you mean by a holding opera- In 1958." Ausp.: Militant Labor Militant Labor Forum.

New York MILITANT LABOR FORUM CLASSES. Sundays, 5:30 P.M. Roberts. Sundays, 7:15 P.M. "The Soviet Union," Instructor, some of them well-known op- overthrown with U.S. conni- to the Latin American Division one we adopted at our Conven- classes at 116 University Place. of the U.S. State Department tion and at the July meeting of

the National Committee."

The discussion period centered around the possibilities of with an appeal to those present gaining something from the supporting them, working in the Young Democrats, or by in the legislative field," he said ter to be only a handful with a program to build a third wage and public works among American people than to bow these tasks. "We are not doing down to parties dominated by a few monopoly capitalists which the record shows can go nowhere but to war and de-

Richard Lynden spoke of the struction.

Calendar of Events

Berkelev Friday, Feb. 14, 8 P.M. Clinton Jencks will speak on "The Jencks Hammering at this basic is- ing, 2134 Allston Way, Berkeley,

> Chicago "Nightmare," an original play

ciliation; Paul Greenberg, Forum Chairman, East Side Guardian Club; Bert Deck, Editorial Board Member of the Young Socialist. (Organizations listed for identification only.) Adelphi Hall, 74 Fifth Ave. Contribution 50c.

Philadelphia

posium and discussion on

cialism and Ethics." Dick De-

Haan, Doctoral Candidate in

Philosophy, New School of Social

Science; Tony Ramirez, Member

of Youth Fellowship of Recon-

"The Fight for Peace in the Sputnik Age." Speaker: Murry Friday, Feb. 14, 8:15 P.M.

San Francisco

Celebrate Negro History Week: Saturday, Feb. 8, 8:15 P.M. Bill Morgan will speak on Desegregation and the School Crisis. Ausp .: The Labor Forum. 1145 Polk St.

Twin Cities

John T. McManus, National Guardian General Mgr., speaks on Why The Left Must Unite." Sunday, Feb. 9, 8 P.M. AFL Hall Rm B3, Minneapolis, 117 S.E. 4th St., Joint ausp .: Twin City Labor Forum and National Guardian

Friday, Feb. 7, 8 P.M. Sym- Associates.

THE MILITANT



Worker who recently resigned from the Communist Party.

In his last article Gates says he does not "profess to have all the answers." And he remarks, "After being so certain, and dogmatic, on most of what I did for a quarter of a century, I am not inclined to make hasty decisions." He further announces, "I want to talk with people -those who know me, and those who don't. I want to do some listening, some reflecting, some study."

We for our part welcome this approach by Gates and are ready to do everything in our power to promote and develop a free and fraternal discussion of the problems and issues that confront, not only Gates and his associates, but the entire American radical movement.

There are thousands of actively oriented radical workers who have left the Communist Party and its periphery who are eagerly listening to the discussion and seeking answers to their problem. It is clear that the discussion and struggle within the Communist Party itself is far from over; on the contrary, it appears to be entering a more acute and feverish stage There are in addition organized tendencies like the Socialist Workers Party. Then there is a definite circle of readers and a formation of opinion around the National Guardian, perhaps the most numerous of

agreement on common actions among all these forces.

We cannot agree with Gates on many of the views he expressed in his Post article. For example, we think it is misleading and false to seek the source of all the evils in the Communist Party in its alleged past "sectarianism" and to depict the CP's support of American capitalism during World War II and the Browder period as the golden era that American radicalism should return to. We believe that Stalinism, which is essentially a virulent form of opportunist class collaboration, is the root of the evil that derailed the radical workers movement in the U.S. and throughout the world.

We also feel that Gates fails to approach the crisis of American radicalism from the starting point of the irreconcilable division between those who seek to accomodate "socialism" to the U.S. State Department's demagogy about the "free world," and those, among whom Gates is included, who take their point of departure from the need to resolve the crisis of the socialist movement within the framework of working class opposition to U.S. Big Business foreign policy.

However, these differences with Gates only underscore the need for discussion and a determined effort to understand one another's point of view without prejudice or bitter recriminations.

questions of their lives - how hey live, work, think, play - are Beck, democracy is completely to elect candidates for office -

in reality decided by others. We workers have even less lemocracy on the job. Orders from above determine

a sham. The rank-and-file unionist has the speed of our work, our no real say about major policy if they don't. methods of working, general shop questions, no real freedom to conditions, length and time of

Workers must win the right to relief periods and breaks (if any). choose and elect leadership, no be intimately involved in all

Get Important Backing

controlled by people like Dave

non-existent. And in most other

unions, democracy is a formality,



Shown with civil-liberties attorneys are the five young Spanish seamen who attempted to flee Franco's fascism by going to Mexico. U.S. immi gration authorities intercepted them after they jumped ship in San Diego and are trying to deport them back to Fascist Spain. The Workers Defense League recently announced formation of a committee to aid them. On it are Norman Thomas, James B. Carey, Victor Reuther, Dwight Macdonald, Charles S. Zimmerman, Prof. Paul R. Hays and other labor liberal figures.

ecause of McClellan committee sion from the floor. Or the right nvestigations and beat a shameful retreat, meekly bowing to all of them approved by the matheir enemies and offering to chine. Or the right to vote cooperate with them in full!

acceptance of a contract in the The repressive laws and the face of threats and personal abuse cooperation of the labor bureaucrats in enforcing them prevent free discussion and free association among union members.

Radicals are ostracized and isolated, if not expelled outright. Tried-and-true union militants fight for union democracy is at cannot speak their mind on the the same time the fight against union floor. Foreign-born workers all anti-labor and anti-civil liberface deportation threats if they ties laws. speak "out of turn." So the con-A real say in what goes on in

servative bureaucratic leaders the country — that is what every have their own way. They grovel worker wants. But capitalism can before corporation and governnever offer more than the ment officials but threaten and bully and intimidate the workers. the real thing. Only socialism can

There can be no union demoprovide it, for socialism means cracy under the present labor precisely the democratic rule of cadership. This leadership must the working people. be replaced not only with dif-The road to the socialist future ferent people, but with different lies in the development of true

people with a different program – a program for militant economic action, for independence from government control and for

abor haters, the racists, and the independent labor political action. thought-controllers we must fight Unionists can free themselves for and win the democracy of the heavy-handed rule of the wherein we can genuinely express bureaucrats to the same extent

and satisfy our needs and inthat they stop supporting capitalist politicians. terests. As the unions are independent, so shall they be free. As they are ing class and its allies, the work-

Concerted action of the workfighting organizations for the ing farmers and the Negro peowelfare of the membership, so ple, alone can achieve genuine shall they be democratic. The democracy in America.

Reuther's Latest Gimmick

Walter Reuther, United Auto Workers president, claims his "profit-sharing" plan is designed primarily to increase the workers' purchasing-power. This, in turn, Reuther contends, will stimulate the economy. And prosperity will once more spread over the land.

Assuming Reuther's economic theorizing is correct, that an increase in purchasing power will do what he says it will, the question then is - why doesn't Reuther fight for increased purchasing power?

Reuther's "profit-sharing" plan is, at best, only a wage-deferment plan. Even if the workers were to receive a bonus, they would have to wait for more than a year to collect it. This is a postponement of "increased purchasing power." And could such a bonus even begin to compensate for the millions of dollars in purchasing power that would be lost in the meantime as a result of auto layoffs? Essentially, Reuther is telling companies — never mind a big wage increase now. Things are tough. We won't make things tougher. We'll give up those demands we thought of making which would

(The following are excerpts

of letters and telegrams ex-

pressing sorrow over the death

of Laura Gray, Militant staff

artist, who died on January

11. They are from Socialist

Workers Party branches, from

individuals and from other so-

cialist organizations. — Editor.)

To many comrades, to many

workers outside our ranks, the

name of Laura Gray has al-

paper will never be the same.

to do its cartoons, but the in-

Laura will not be replaced.

imitable touch of Comrade

part of every issue.

immediately increase the workers' purchasing power. We won't ask for a 30-hour week at 40-hours' pay. And you can reward us sometime in the future if our sacrifices now yield you a profit greater than 10%.

If at the end of the year the auto barons, by laying off workers, keeping car prices high and getting tax concessions from the government, gather in a big enough profit would get a bonus.

In the meantime, not having to pay this sum out in weekly paychecks, the companies would accumulate it, invest it, and make an extra sum in interest. This is what the "Big Three" did with the Supplemental Unemployment Benefits (re-

Victory After a 22-Year Fight

(The Supreme Court decision | ever since. Unable to find work | against Charles Rowoldt at 7:00 last December overruling depor- during the depression years, oclock in the morning, and tried tation proceedings against Rewolldt was helped by the Un- to rush him out of Minneapolis Charles Rowoldt marked another employment Council to get relief and then out of the country, in important legal victory in the and he became active in the order to prevent him from testing fight against the witch-hunt. unemployed movement. In 1935, the legality of his deportation. Fortunately, Rowoldt succeeded Abner Green, Executive Sec- he became secretary of the Henand can't conceal it all (for their records retary, American Committee for nepin County local of the Work- in getting word to a friend and are still a closed book), then the workers Protection of Foreign Born, ers Alliance. That same year, he only emergency court action by succinctly gives the history of briefly summarized. reviewed the history of the case joined the Communist Party and the Minnesota Committee for in a Jan. 10 press release, which remained a member for about Protection of Foreign Born citizen's right to travel and the Department's campaign to muzsix months. prevented Charles Rowoldt's deve print below. — Ed.)

On Feb. 5, 1936, Charles portation on that day in March JAN. 10 - Some day next Rowoldt was arrested for de- 1955. The Committee's attorney week, the mandate of the United portation to Germany on the got a Federal judge to sign an States Supreme Court will be charge of membership in the order staying the deportation entered in the records of the Communist Party. That was the until the deportation order could Federal District Court in Min- beginning of the Rowoldt case be tested in the courts. Rowoldt

Lamont's Basic Pamphlet On 'The Right to Travel'

THE RIGHT TO TRAVEL. By Corliss Lamont. 1957, 41 pp., 10 cents, Basic Pamphlets, (Box 42, Cathedral Station, N. Y. 25, N. Y.)

In this little pamphlet Corliss | DuBois, Rockwell Kent, Linus Lamont, the humanist scholar Pauling, Donald Ogden Stewand civil liberties champion, art and numerous others are what used to be the American

Also analyzed is the State

high points in the current bat- zle the press by refusal of passports to reporters desiring to The right to travel traces go to China. William Worthy,

back in Anglo-American law to a correspondent for the Balti-Magna Carta forced from King more Afro-American, challeng-John of England in 1215. One ed this dictate and had his pass-

JACK WRIGHT

semblance of it. It can never offer

democratic processes in all main

To stop the war-makers, the

avenues of life.

Dage S

member when it was called the Guaranteed Annual Wage?). Up to last November the "Big Three" had paid out less than \$11 million in SUB funds. At the same time the companies made a profit of some \$7 million in interest on the SUB funds they

"hold" for the workers. Reuther's "profit-sharing" gimmick is an even worse pig in a poke — that is assuming the poke isn't completely empty.

was a mistake and conceded that Messages Tell of Sorrow Over Laura Gray Death the government should not have tneated Charles Rowoldt in the manner that it did.

have intended to suggest to you that you consider the publication of a selection of her ment and threats by the Justice cartoons in pamphlet form. I Department, especially during am sure were you to take the the years of the post-Second first steps that we would be in World War hysteria.

SIX MONTHS IN CP

Born in Germany in 1884, Charles Rowoldt emigrated to the United States with his wife in 1914. His wife died in 1918

following the birth of their son. In 1930, his son died of acute appendicitis. Rowoldt moved to Germany the following day. Minneapolis, where he has lived

neapolis, bringing to an end the for Charles Rowoldt as well as was released meanwhile in \$5,000 government's attempt to deport for the American Committee for bail. Charles Rowoldt to his native Protection of Foreign Born which

Later in 1955 the Federal Dishas defended him these 22 years. trict Court sustained Rowoldt's Rowolldt's deportation proceed- deportation, as did the Federal Court of Appeals in St. Louis. An portation proceedings against ings were halted by the outbreak Charles Rowoldt 22 years ago. of the Second World War and appeal was filed with the United After 22 years of relentless per- the proceedings were stayed by States Supreme Court in January secution, harassment, question- the Justice Department during 1956. ing, deportation hearings, threats the war years. Then, in the course

In March 1956, the Supreme and intimidation - it is now of the post-World War II Court agreed to hear the Rowoldt established that the whole thing hysteria, Rowoldt was again appeal. The case was argued in

arrested in 1948. October 1956. In June 1957, the Supreme Court ordered that the Charles Rowoldt was ordered deported for a second time in case be reargued and it was re-

1949. But, following a Supreme argued in October 1957. Then, on The story of Charles Rowoldt | Court decision that the Justice | Dec. 9, the Supreme Court ruled is not an unusual one insofar | Department had failed to provide | that the record in the Rowoldt as many immigrants in the non-citizens with fair deportation case did not warrant deportation; hearings as required by law, Rothat, while Charles Rowoldt had large number of non-citizens woldt had to go through a third been a member of the Communist were subjected to similar harass- deportation proceeding in 1951 Party, the character of the and was ordered deported a third association was such that it should not subject him to detime in 1954.

Then, suddenly, one morning in portation. Charles Rowoldt is now 73 March 1955 — without any prior years old. For the first time in 22 notice or warning - Charles Rowoldt was arrested in his home at | years, he knows that he can live | merely a privilege to be grant-7:00 A.M. by two immigration in the United States — after ed or withheld as the State Deagents and taken to the County having been ordered deported jail. He was told that he would three different times, after points out, "even though combe sent to New York that after- having been once snatched from moon by airplane and that he his bed and only 24 hours away from a deportation boat, after

countless threats and endless millions of others in a wellharassment by agents of the Immigration and Naturalization

Service. To Charles Rowoldt, those 22 pression, and go easy on critiyears are lost and nothing could cizing government policies make up to him the suffering and tensions to which he was so foreign relations - you will unnecessarily subjected. His sole consolation is that, as a result of his suffering, the democratic to pressure the American peorights of foneign born Americans have been advanced. Some day, as a result of decisions in cases

Court in behalf of 32 naturalized Callow of Cleveland. Since 1935 to Justice Department harass-Walter-McCarran Law.

> **BOOKS - PAMPHLETS On** Socialism and the Labor Movement Order Free Catalog from: 116 University Place PIONEER PUBLISHER New York 3, N. Y.

"It stated: port invalidated as a result. shall be lawful in future, un- The pressure of public opinion less in time of war, for any- and of the publishers' organizaone to leave and return to our tions has forced Dulles into a kingdom safely and securely by partial backtracking, which conland and water" This cedes nothing in principle, on fundamental freedom remained this particular issue. Currently inviolate in the United States the defiance by a number of until 1947. Indeed for gener- American students who visited ations Americans could travel China last summer has resulted abroad without any passport. in a number of other test

tle to restore that right.

When, prior to World War I, a cases. few European countries began For a brief yet comprehento require visitors to carry sive account of the constitupassports, they were issued by tional and civil liberties aspects the U.S. State Department as of this important sector of the convenience to Americans fight against the witch hunt going abroad and were merely and of the legal victories and certificates of identification and defeats so far registered, this citizenship. Today, of course, little booklet well lives up to they have become a prerequisite the name of the series of which

RIGHT ABOLISHED

to travel.

But the U.S. government, in the course of the present witch hunt, has declared that Americans have no right to travel partment sees fit. As the author paratively few Americans are Court on Jan. 13, when a feddirectly affected, the Secretary eral district judge ruled adof State is indirectly warning versely. It will now be appealed to the U.S. Circuit Court.

especially in the sphere of receive no passport.' In this way the State Department helps ple into political conformity; for not many Americans want to risk losing the opportunity of going abroad." Lamont shows how the State Department's refusal of passports on political grounds to alleged radicals, liberals and

even to some conservatives, who entertain critical opinions of U.S. foreign policy, violates the First, Fifth and Ninth Amendments to the Constitution. He lays bare the devices by which the State Department has revoked and by ruse seized

passports and traces the slow

man, Leonard Boudin, W. E. B.

civil-liberties battle against this violation of freedom. The legal points scored in the cases of Dr. Otto Nathan, Max Shacht-

publicized way: 'Unless you abrogate your First Amendment rights of association and ex-



The Soviet Union WHAT IT IS

-John Thayer

WHERE IT IS GOING

it is number ten — a basic

A guide to the study of Leon Trotsky's "The Revolution Betrayed."

By Theodore Edwards (Bulletin of Marxist Studies No. 2) 88 mimeographed pages \$1.00

Pioneer Publishers 116 University Place New York 3, N.Y.

ways been coupled with the Militant. She was an integral Now that she is gone, our Someone else will come forth

LAURA GRAY

her vivid, thought-provoking stood her; and she knew us . . . cartoons will miss her more In Comrade Gray we have lost in the Militant. that rare artist who had given than words can say. Therefore we renew our her great talents to the work-Milwaukee pledge, and will strive the ing class. harder, to build a world in

will not be known. This, we of our beloved comrade, Laura believe, is what Laura would Gray . . . In all fields of activity, she was anxious to want us all to do. Pittsburgh serve. In one field she ranks

* * *

honored list of comrades who movement . . . Our Laura will Comrade Laura Gray, a coura- it. We add her name to our the American revolutionary have fallen in the struggle and not be forgotten. we pledge anew our efforts to * * * achieve the socialist society for which she gave her life.

The death of Comrade Laura working class — and to the tionary militant that Laura was filed by the New York law grounds to sustain a deporta-Gray touches us closely. A Militant. For some time now I Gray was.



through her brilliant cartoons

which war, hunger and disease We mourn with you the loss of dedicated party worker.

The International Secretariat ment. These cases will all be in the years from 1928 to 1931. are subjected as a result of the

Chicago of Marxist revolutionary ideas persecution of the foreign born tion proceedings. for many years.

We were shocked to hear that ganizations, we salute with violation of constitutional guar- land ordered the proceedings Oakland and Berkeley Laura Gray has died. A ter- emotion the memory of the in- antees of free speech, free press cancelled, pointing out that the rible loss to the American spired artist and the revolu- and free assembly. The brief charges were insufficient

United States are concerned. A

Germany.

The government started de-

a position to help finance such

a project. What more fitting memorial could we devise? We

are looking forward to hearing from you on this suggestion.

Toronto, Canada * * * It is sad to have to write a

message on the death of a comrade. But when death strikes down a gifted comrade all loved and admired — and



Please accept sympathy of the filing of an "Amici Curiae" nounced by the Foreign Born such as those of Charles Rowoldt, the entire . . . branch for loss brief with the U.S. Supreme Committee in the case of Leon the foreign born will see an end

St. Louis citizens whose citizenship was this man has been persecuted ment and an end to the undeattacked by the Justice Depart- for Communist Party affiliation mocratic treatment to which they

of the Fourth International re- affected by the court's decision Father of eight American-born police-state provisions of the among the best produced by ceived as a grievous blow the in the case of Stanley Nowak children, Callow lost his job in announcement of the death of of Detroit which is now before a steel mill and suffered many difficulties in getting employ-

All 32 cases are instances of ment because of the deporta-

on the grounds of their past or On Dec. 23 Federal District

In the name of all our or- present political views, in clear Court Judge Jones of Cleve-

Paris, France firm of Donner, Kinoy and Per- tion order.

would be placed on a boat for

The Immigration Service moved



The Negro Struggle

How Negroes Helped Lumbee Indians

[The rout of the KKK by the Lumbee Indians near Maxton, North Carolina, has caught the imagination of the whole world. That the Negroes of the area cooperated with the Indians and were in reserve as reinforcements if needed, is a highly significant fact. The following story, reprinted almost in its entirety, is by Alexander Barnes in the Jan. 25 issue of the Carolina Times, one of the outstanding Negro papers of the South, published in Durham, N. C. - Ed.]

MAXTON - This little farming town never did get excited over the fact that the Ku Klux Klan was going to hold a demonstration here and neither were the Negro citizens alarmed over the fact that the Lumbee Indians had vowed to break it up.

A check of the Negroes as late as last night (Tuesday) revealed that they had been informed earlier what was going to happen and at one time had been invited to take part.

An Indian leader called upon a few of the outstanding Negroes on Friday night and told them that they were not looking for a fight with the Kluxers, but if they (the KKK) staged a demonstration in or near Maxton, they would really have a fight on their hands.

The Negroes readily agreed with the Indians and told them they were with them 100%. The Indian leader told them they would be notified if their help was needed.

It was not long before he returned to the Negroes and told them that they were well fortified, but would like to have their moral support. The Indian leader expressed fear that the Klan might get the jump and meet Friday night. It was then that he told the Negroes that they were going to the scene of the proposed meeting to get the "lay of the land." He said that if the Negroes wanted to they could come along. The Indians arrived at the proposed site

early Friday night and it was not long before five carloads of Negroes also arrived. Both groups were well armed. After it was determined that the Klan would not appear Friday night, everybody went home and waited for Saturday night.

This writer talked with several local citizens, and it was established that practically every Negro in or near Maxton was at the scene Friday night. They were armed according to reports. . . .

The Negroes and the Indians enjoy a good relationship here and in the county. The two races have mixed for years without serious trouble and members of both week at the top of our often visit the homes of one another.

ing the county, and in many instances have wage has been achieved." voted the same political ticket, a move which insured the winning of a public office by an Indian in the last city election. A Negro missed the city council by only a few votes in that election.

Ford 600 Upholds For 40 (The following statement ap-

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pearing on the front page of the Jan. 25 issue of Ford Facts.)

Since 1951 Local 600 has fought for "30 for 40" with increased take - home pay. This demand was reaffirmed unanimously by the Local 600 Executive Board at its meeting January 7, the General Council at its meeting of January 12, and the committeemen's meetings held January 16, 1958.

The 1955 U.A.W. convention voted: "To place the winning of the shorter work union's collective bargaining They have joined in many issues affect- agenda after the guaranteed

> The 1957 U.A.W. convention voted: "To make the shorter work week, with increased take - home pay needed to expand purchasing power, the next major collective bargaining objective of our union."

The more than 8,000 laid-

U.S.A. and all of those now working who fear that they too may lose their jobs as a result of the growing depression, believe that the quickest way to provide more jobs is by establishing the shorter work week with increased take-home pay.

> Towards this end we call 1958 U.A.W. Special Convention to implement the actions of the 1955 and 1957 convention by establishing as a major contract demand in the base rate to \$2.27 per hour.

a roll-call.

delegation.

around.

JOBLESS NOT PRESENT

The debate on the collective

chair between the speakers.

demand like 30 for 40 to rally

delegate who has taken the

floor has talked about the prob-

LIKE '43 PROPOSAL

"This is the first convention

THE MILITANT

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1958



Headed by two-year-old Jimmy Denmark, wives and children of striking bus drivers in Los Angeles parade their solidarity with husbands. Demonstration was in answer to unsigned letters in newspapers purportedly from wives of strikers denouncing the walk-out.

Shorter Week Is Issue off from the Ford Rouge Plant, the 150,000 unem-mloved in Detroit, the 250.-

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 24 - | \$98.88. Next December the 40-4-million without jobs in the | The longest transit strike in hour week, without overtime, this city's history ended today. will bring \$90.80. After fighting for 54 days 1,200 Fringe benefits

members of the Brotherhood of year contract include double-Railway Trainmen voted by a time, in place of time-and-askinny 21-vote margin to ac- half, for holiday work and rise in pay to \$2.50 an hour. vides for the 40-hour week but the company will now pay the upon the delegates to the with the base pay raised from full cost of the health and identical. \$2.06 per hour only to \$2.16. welfare plan; and men with

the old 48-hour week brought from Seoul.



By Jack Wright Socialist Candidate for Seattle City Council

SEATTLE, Jan. 22 - A volunteer committee composed of Mr. Hubert R. Dewitty, a prominent community leader, Mr. Richard Fraser, a member of my campaign ommittee, and myself, yesterday

alled on Mr. Fitzgerald, Seattle Fire Chief. We asked him two questions: (1) "Why are there no Negroes on the Fire Depart-ment?" (2) "Have any Negroes made application for employment?

To the first question Mr. Fitzerald stated, "I have no jurisdicion over the examination or election of Fire Department peronnel. When I need firemen I equisition them from the Civil Service Commission which examines all applicants and sends me those who qualify." He said further that during his 20 or more years as Fire Chief no Negroes had been qualified by the Civil Service Commission and that therefore none had reached his department.

Mr. Fitzgerald also said, "I am not opposed to hiring Negroes on this Department. On the contrary, should welcome them and you that they would ssure receive the same treatment as anyone else." In answer to the second question he stated that to the best of his knowledge very few Negroes had made application for jobs on the Fire Department. The following day Mr. Palm of the Civil Service Commission was visited and asked the same ques-Fringe benefits in the twotions. He stated that the reason

no Negroes had ever been qualified by the Commission was that they could not meet the educational requirements. This did not seem reasonable to

me because many Negroes had passed the tests for the Police eligible for retirement now Department. Mr. Palm agreed The settlement accepted pro- after 25 years rather than 30; that it was strange because the qualifications were educational

> Mr. Palm said, "You must admit that Negroes have made considerable advancement in the last years." To this I replied that they certainly had; but they had done it the hard way, mostly UN forces in South Korea are by their own efforts, and it would surely be much easier for

8

Thus a 40-hour week, without

shorter work week with in- \$86.40 take home pay, whereas according to a Jan. 29 dispatch them if public officials would

cept a compromise settlement. eight hours' straight pay for Their chief demand had been holidays not worked. Previously for reduction of the 48-hour the men got nothing for holiwork week to 40 hours with a days not worked. Men will be

Next Dec. 1, by which time 10 years' seniority will get the rescheduling to the 40-hour three instead of two-week vaweek will have been completed, cations. an additional raise will bring

Endorses Socialist Dr. Jay W. Friedman, National Committee member of the American Forum for Socialist Education, gave his

Dr. Jay W. Friedman

NUMBER 5

endorsement to socialist candidate, Jack Wright, for the Seattle City Council. Wishing candidate Wright "courage and success," Dr. Friedman attacked the "immorality, malethics and impracticality of the Republican - Democratic coalition" which has "failed to secure peace, to stabilize the economy, and to develop healthy programs for the elimination of our social, economic, physical and mental ills. The nation is in dire need

of alternatives. . ." Dr. Friedman also wrote in his letter to candidate Wright that "my endorsement of your candidacy does not constitute endorsement of the Socialist Workers Party per se." He advocated unity of all socialists in election work rather than "championing any particular organization.'

replied he did not know why more of them did not make application for the Fire Department. I

amswered that after 46 years of bumping their heads against reality, Negroes were most likely discouraged in making attempts to get into the Department.

Our volunteer committee feels certain that a discriminatory double standard is being applied by the Civil Service Commission. This deprives Negroes and other minority groups of their rights, under the City Charter. We are pledged to see this thing through and we are not going to kill this cat by choking it with cream.

(See "How Much Say Do You lend a helping hand. Mr. Palm Have?" by Jack Wright, page 3.)

Look at the Bright Side

By Joyce Cowley

The thousands of workers who have been laid off in the past few months probably consider unemployment a misfortune. They take a pessimistic view of the immediate future and fail to see anything positive in the situation. (I never did either when I was hanging around employment agencies, or tramping from one to the other in a futile search of work.) Those not directly affected can be "impartial," look on the bright side, and even predict that compensating factors, like moral strength, will result from the present slump in jobs.

Take, for example, Babson's Salescaster of Dec. 31, a weekly bulletin which forecasts and analyzes economic trends. The feature article, "Take a Sane Look at the Future," condemns "loose careless talk about recession and depression." This is followed up by an explanation of Newton's law of action and reaction, which applied to economics means that "there will be periods of good times followed by equivalent periods of poor times which will, in turn, be followed again by good times.'

MARKET WENT DOWN; NOT UP

Only a short time ago, the Salescaster points out, it was a common assumption that wages and the stock market would go up endlessly: "Companies were fighting for college graduates at the

fall, with the exhaustion of inventories and the impetus of defense spending, the "reaction" will peter out and an upward trend will set in once again.

There may be more than five million people unemployed during this reaction period, but -"Actually, it may well have a very healthy, sobering effect on both workers and management. Perhaps workers will come to realize they must give management a little more honest effort for a day's pay. . . . Perhaps, too, we shall all be awakened to the realization that all values cannot be reduced to the dollar sign. A few months of reaction may well start us thinking, with the result that we shall wind up morally stronger individuals and a stronger nation. Our long-term economic outlook can be nothing less than excellent!"

EVERYTHING IS FOR THE BEST. . .

If you are about to lose your home or your car because you can't meet the payments - if your menu planning consists mainly of thinking up new ways to serve hamburger (when you can afford the 1958 negotiations a that) - if the pavement is starting to push up through the sole's of your shoes as you keep creased take-home pay. walking, asking and hoping, don't get in a panic about it. Just bear in mind that in our capitalist

ployed in Detroit, the 250,-000 jobless in Michigan, the

Show Solidarity

highest salary starts ever. Today, however, many of last June's graduates are already unemployed; the basic steel industry has dropped operations to below 70% of capacity, carloadings are down nearly 20%, and the stock market is off about 100 points in the Dow Industrial Average."

But this is O.K. It will reassure those graduates, as well as unemployed workers without a degree, to learn that it all fits in with Newton's law of action and reaction. A "reaction" is perfectly normal and there is no need for panic. "The realist knew this must happen. This is life under a free economy.'

The article cheerfully concludes that things are not so bad, right now unemployment compensation will help offset "leaner purses" and by next

economy this is a perfectly normal period of reaction. As the Salescaster says, it may start you thinking. Does it really make sense to cut back

production while so many people lack elementary necessities and could use a few luxuries, too? Isn't it dangerous, in the age of the H-bomb, to depend on war production to pull us out of depressions? Does sanity consist in accepting depressions, unemployment and war as inevitable, instead of trying to change the economic system that creates them? Can we build a different type of economy in which plannig and cooperation replace the competitive anarchy of capitalism?

I base my own optimism about our long-term economic outlook on the answers that unemployed workers will give to these questions.



IF AMERICA SHOULD GO most startling and illuminating Bolshevism? A masterful an-COMMUNIST. By Leon Trot- account of the present frame alysis of the question by the sky. 21 pp. 25 cents. Pioneer of mind of Soviet students and co-leader with Lenin of the intellectuals. Russian Revolution. Pocket Pamphlet No. 7.

cents.

This article originally appeared in Liberty magazine in 1935. It discusses what life would be like in a socialist America and what the possi-

bilities are of that coming about. An introduction by Robcle's merits in the light of the the official court record of the Communist Party, this pamphwell as its pertinence to today's the National Secretary of the problems. * * *

RUSSIAN YOUTH AWAKES -An Eyewitness Report. By Maurice Pelter. 14 pp. 10 cents.

This pamphlet from Great Britain by a young man of political perspicacity, who attended the Youth Festival in Moscow last summer, gives the

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* * * AMERICAN STALINISM SOCIALISM ON TRIAL. By AND ANTI-STALINISM. By James P. Cannon. 111 pp., 50 James P. Cannon. 48 pp. 15 cents. A historical document of im-Written before the semi-reportance that is at the same pudiation of Stalin in the ert Chester analyzes the arti- time exciting reading. This is USSR and in the American

events since it was written as direct cross-examination of let discusses the need for a clear policy of anti-Stalinism Socialist Workers Party at by socialists and at the same

America's first Smith Act trial time shows the reactionary the famous Minneapolis Lacharacter of the red-baiting bebor Case.

ing carried on by social-democrats, liberals and labor bur-THE CASE OF THE LEGeaucrats under pretense of LESS VETERAN. By James anti-Stalinism.

Kutcher. 178 pp. \$1.00. REGROUPMENT - A Pro-The protagonist of one of grammatic Basis for Discussion America's most dramatic civilliberties cases tells his story. of Socialist Unity. 8 pp. 10

This is more than an account cents. of the witch-hunt firing of the double amputee and his eight- situation confronting those so- than we propose ["profit shar- time, these figures indicate that the fight for jobs vear fight. It is a social document about growing up in the wish to break down the bar- backs on those unemployed." depression years and soldiering riers which heretofore have isoin the bloodiest campaigns of lated workers in the various

day America. This is a state-

World War II. radical organizations from one another. It presents a practical * * *

VISM. By Leon Trotsky. 29 pp. of socialist forces in present-15 cents.

shevism? Or is it a negation of cialist Workers Party.

Major Auto Locals Hit Reuther S (Continued from page 1) | against each other. Ernest Ma- | ther's original argument that | capitalistic newspapers, that it | recognize the strongest opposi-

sented. The opposition failed to jected in 1943." muster the 800 individual-dele-

all the delegates so that the lame excuse that the shorter branded as inflationary.) thousands of unemployed De- work week was still on the troit auto workers could not 1958 agenda because the work- A CAPITALISTIC TRICK?

attend as visitors. Room was ers could vote to use their made, however, for at least one share of profits in the form of Tarrytown, N.Y., said the ecoposition delegates.

pay, it would not help raise a had dropped the shorter week the tail end of the sessions, While Reuther and his sup-U. S. Sputnik one inch off the demand. He said he told the when two thirds of the deleporters spoke of the necessity ground.

Dodge Group on 30-for-40

I have attended in 20 years," the Fight for 30 for 40" distributed at the special said Ford Local 600 president convention of the United Auto Workers held in Carl Stellato, "where every Detroit last week. - Ed.)

With thousands of Dodge workers idle, and lem of unemployment . . ." He mass unemployment on the increase among UAW said, "the unemployed cannot members throughout the country, we say that we turn to GM, Ford and Chrysler, must win the shorter work week in '58.

or Washington or President The four million unemployed in America today, Eisenhower. They can turn only with a possible eight million in the near future, to the union. Unless we do stand before us as living testimony to the greed An analysis of the present something more constructive of the corporations for super profits. At the same cialist-minded workers who ing"] we will be turning our through the shortening of the work week must take precedence over any other economic demand. To drop this demand would mean turning our backs on our jobless brothers and sisters.

Stellato confined his state- We cannot agree with the thinking of the Inments to the shorter work ternational Executive Board which points to the program of steps to facilitate week and did not attack the economic slump on the one hand and the Soviet STALINISM AND BOLSHE- the discussion for a regrouping profit-sharing scheme itself. He Sputnik on the other as reason to defer action on called for a referendum vote the shorter work week.

on the issue. Other delegates We were convinced in April in Atlantic City, Is Stalinism a logical and ment officially adopted by the pointed out that the profit- and we are convinced now when we say that 30 for necessary outgrowth of Bol- National Committee of the So- sharing scheme would pit work- 10 plus increased take home pay is the beginning ers in different corporations of the solution to unemployment.

ther's proposals was by show zey, Chrysler Local 212, said, dropping the shorter work-week was a GM trick." of hand, with each delegate "I was terribly disappointed by demand was necessary in light The manner in which Reuther Budd Local 306, Chrysler Local casting but one vote, regardless what I consider to be a glori- of the Soviet Sputnik and the handled the speed-up issue was 212, and Dodge Local 3, have how many workers he repre- fied incentive plan that we re- consequent need for increased further evidence of the grow- already voted to support deproduction in the U.S. How- ing gap between the leadership mands for a roll back at cor-Paul Silver, president of De- ever, Reuther did not repeat and the ranks. The importance porations like GM or for the gate votes necessary to force troit Local 351, the only mem- this argument at the conven- of this issue, which the Dodge establishment of industry-wide ber of the resolutions committee | tion. Instead he argued that | Local 3 rank-and-file delegation | production standards. But dele-

who might have been expected 1958 would be a tough year for (see text of its leaflet, page to bring in a minority report, labor and the UAW should not four) had helped raise to a po- wanted to ask for inclusion of The conference was held in failed to do so. He supported antagonize "public opinion" by sition of first importance at the their demands in the resolution a hall barely large enough for Reuther's scheme, with the making demands that might be April convention, was stated were simply not given the floor. convincingly by a delegate from

American Motors Local 75 in Milwaukee.

Robert Lopez, GM Local 664, He pointed to 20-year stanof Reuther's paid International shorter hours. His statement nomic recession was a further being lost because of producdards in his shop which were representatives to sit with each was booed by a number of op- argument for the shorter work- tion standards at GM. He noted

week rather than an argument that the company was often John Davito of Cleveland against it, as a number of Reu- willing to grant a wage inbargaining demands was spirit- GM Local 45 referred to the ther's floor supporters contend- crease if, in return, manageed and lasted six hours, al- "hot words in April and the ed. John McCarrell, GM Local ment were allowed to more though speakers from the floor cold blast in January." and said 544, Pittsburgh, Pa., reported than compensate for it through were limited to five minutes that if all the workers put in that he had remained at his the speed-up.

each and Reuther kept inter- 24 hours a day for the next local hall when he read the As at the last convention, the jecting his remarks from the year and contributed all their newspaper reports that Reuther speed-up resolution was left for members who demanded an ex- gates had left the hall. Chair-

(This was a reference to Reu- planation "not to believe the man Reuther simply refused to

Our Rank and File delegation has also considered the share-the-profit proposal which the International Executive Board is apparently offer-

ing as a substitute for 30 for 40. It is our unanimous opinion that this demand offers nothing to the jobless worker. For the worker who is still employed, it is dressed up incentive plan which can set Chrysler workers competing with Ford workers and with GM workers.

AND ON SPEED-UP

Auto workers, and most recently the Chrysler workers, have had a belly-full of the attitude which encourages one group of workers to compete with another. That is why we ask that the convention also take action to establish uniform production standards throughout the industry, based upon the best prevailing; and that production workers councils be set up to determine and police these standards.

We, of the Dodge Rank and File delegation, know that our problems and attitudes are shared by a great many other delegates. We urge a joint fight to reaffirm the just and necessary program adopted by us last April in Atlantic City.

> RANK AND FILE DELEGATION Dodge Local 3

tion spokesmen in this debate. gates from these locals who When challenged by a delegate from Diesel Local 163.

Reuther said that "the problem is to get GM workers to fight," and that when they are ready, he will authorize strike action.

RELIES ON ARMS BUDGET

Running through Reuther's numerous speeches at this convention, like a blood-red thread, was his reliance on armaments spending to provide full employment. Thus the resolution on unemployment puts "defense contracts" ahead of public works as methods for alleviating unemployment. The first words in this resolution are: "Whereas: The free world must fully grasp the dimension of the world challenge . . . " Time and again during the convention Reuther spoke of the "need" for more military strength.

It is symptomatic, of the extent to which the UAW has retreated under Reuther from its once proud position as the most progressive mass force in America, that the question of prosperity based on peace, not war, was raised by only two delegates, Charles Brooks and Victor White, both from Can-

Nevertheless, the gap which is already widening between the UAW ranks and the officialdom under the pressure of unemployment and speed-up can be expected sooner or later to encompass the great issues of war and peace as well. The question of how soon the strained ties will break, depends upon the emergence of a courageous, determined and well-organized opposition, which recognizes the historic importance of the stakes which are now on the table.

of winning "public opinion," the opposition delegates stressed the need to win the active support of the unemployed, and of the ranks of the union generally, who need an inspiring

(We reprint below the text of a leaflet entitled "Rank and File Delegates of Dodge Local 3 Back