Steel Wage Hike Leaves Profits At All-Time High

By George Lavan

A one-day strike of 600,000 CIO steelworkers sufficed to persuade the monopolists of basic steel to come across with a wage increase averaging 15c. an hour. The brief strike followed a •

month of negotiations under the The 15c. settlement is conwage re-opening clause in the sidered relatively large. That is, two-year contracts which were relative to increases in the past signed a year ago. On the eve of few years and to the Ford and Steelworkers President David J. was the case in the auto industry, McDonald. In preparation for the where the same boom conditions prevail, a tough policy by the strike the Big Six basic steel companies banked their furnaces and union leaders could very likely have brought double the increase: laid off men. At midnight, June 30 - the actually gained or could have set

deadline - steel locals, without new standards for the industry formal notice from the top leader- as the 30-hour week at 40-hours ship, closed down the plants that pay.

Profits are so great this year produce 90% of the country's steel. These were U.S. Steel, that the steel barons did not Bethlehem, Republic, Jones and even dare put up the usual argu-Laughlin, Youngstown Sheet and ment that their industries could Tube and Inland. The slogan was not afford greater wage increases the time-honored "no contract, no than they were offering. The week before the companies began work.'

Before 10:30 next morning banking their furnaces for the giant U.S. Steel had seen the strike, production in the Pittslight and made the pattern-setting burgh area hit 101.6% of capacity 15c. offer which was quickly This was no freak. The first week accepted.

TERMS OF SETTLEMENT

97.4% of national capacity. Busi-The 15c. is the average in- ness is so good in steel that even crease. The lowest wage classi- the expected seasonal decline has fication in the steel mills will get not developed.

The quarterly report of the U.S. only the across-the-board increase of 111/2c. The other 31/2c. will be Steel Corporation shows that in divided unequally among the the first three months of 1955 it higher classifications, with the produced and sold 481,000 more lion's share going to the skilled tons of steel than in the same (Continued on page 3) workers.

of this summer showed an in-

dustry output of 2,350,000 tons or





THE MULTANT PUBLISHED WEEKLY IN THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

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Martial Law in Chile Aims signed a year ago. On the eve of the wage re-opening period the corporations had offered only a 10c. wage in-crease. This was termed "com-pletely inadequate" by United Steelworkers President David J. Steelworkers Presid **Unions Plan 24-Hour**

. V

Ten Years Ago in Chile



Chilean worker (above) holds aloft banner of newspapers soaked with blood of nine comrades murdered by strikebreaking police. The massacre led to general strike Jan. 31, 1946. Today Chilean workers are preparing another general strike protest against martial law repressions of current strikes.

aged to get into Santiago over the week-end. Army telephone operators and foreign cable companies are handling emergency service inside Chile, but the normal communication service is completely shu down.

army in control.

parracks.

were in use.

industrial regions including San-

tiago, the coal-mining area around

placed on alert orders in their

The workers in government-

operated railroads, bus, streetcar,

postal and telegraph services

vent on strike. Army troops were

mobilized to move a few trains

but no streetcars were operating

in Santiago and only a few buses

By July 4, four out of five

service stations were closed for

lack of supplies. Only one train.

using gasoline and kerosene, man-

Strikers have demanded wage ncreases of 25,000 pesos and up A raging inflation has cut the standard of living far beneath subsistence levels. Free market exchange is at 640 pesos to the dollar. The plight of the working class has become desperate.

workers went out on strike. President Carlos Ibanez at first said he would not declare a "state of emergency." But when with the bourgeois Radical Party. he saw the power and determina-tion of the strikers who ignored and the union bureaucrats have all government pleas and threats, attempted to moderate and conhe changed his mind and put the fine the struggle of the workers. But the revolutionary content

General Strike for

All Workers' Demands

By Myra Tanner

July 1, one day after 60,000 transport and communication

Martial law was declared in six provinces of Chile on

"Emergency zones" were created of the struggle is to be seen and anny officers were given dic- precisely in the scope and intentatorial powers throughout Chile's sity of the workers' struggles for economic demands - demands that the ruling class of Chile are Concepcion, the steel works at utterly incapable of satisfying.

Huachipato and Chile's largest RECENT STRIKE WAVE port, Valparaiso. All troops were

During the last few months a strike wave of unprecedented proportions has swept all of Chile. Some tens of thousands of hospital and health workers went on strike for four days in June. Union officials accepted wage concessions negotiated with the zovernment. But the rank and file refused to accept the settle-

Four-and-a-half thousand steel workers at Huachipato went on strike. Militant unionists from the El Tofo mine evacuated the mine center and staged an heroic march of 46 miles. More than 130,000 students from every section of the school

(Continued on page 3)

Students Protest

Letter Contest Opened **On Labor Party Topic**

Labor's Daily, July 2, published a front-page box in which it invites its readers to participate in a discussion on the question of a labor party. After stating the arguments against the idea of a labor

party, as formulated by AFL type it, double spaced, or write President George Meany, the it clearly on one side of the sheet. editors invite readers to send in Date it, and don't forget your their own opinions. Labor's Daily full name and address. (Name offers a prize for the best letter withheld upon request.) Send it published each week. to: Editor, Labor's Daily, P. O.

unionists who are seriously con-

They are confronted by the fact that the Democratic Party doesn't Willow Run Strike belong to labor. Nor does it seem vehicle for labor's aspirations.

men'?"

Legislation that labor wants read: passed just doesn't come through. They did no better than Eisen- grade. In an editorial Wedneshower on the minimum wage. day the Detroit Free Press said: While they increased the amount by ten cents, they defeated extension of the coverage to more ategories of workers. Equal pay

hower so far has won his demand for Jim Crow Reserves. And the witch hunt harasses labor under Demographic spectrum of the did The Free Press is an unabashnower so far has won his demand Democratic sponsorship as it did under Republican.



There are undoubtedly militant Box 6177, Charleston, W. Va. sidering the idea of a labor party.

to function in any way as a. Shows Up Role This becomes increasingly clear of UAW Officials

By William Bundy DETROIT, July 2 - "Why don't they call us 'labor states-That's what Walter

when he saw a newspaper headline on his conferences with George Meany in Miami which "Labor Bosses Meet." Well. Reuther has made the

"For the benefit of those who tend to live in the past when they talk about labor leadership, we would like to point out the for equal work which the union statesmanship and recognition of movement has demanded for responsibility lately exhibited by women is still blocked. Eisenthe UAW international."

Democratic sponsorship as it did inder Republican. Labor's Daily is the only daily more than once been strongly MARK SOUTHERN STRIKES

nion paper that has the backing attacked by the UAW interna-

Five year ordeal ended, Professor Owen Lattimore is shown above with his wife. The Justice Dept. finally dropped its persecution of the Far East expert after the U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals sustained Judge Youngdahl's ruling that the key counts of the perjury indictment were vague and meaningless.

New Witch-Hunt Chief Cracks Whip in N. J.

By Daniel Roberts

SWP Candidate for N. J. Senate, Essex County

NEWARK, July 1 - Dr. Robert Lowenstein, Estelle Laba and Perry Zimmerman - three teachers dismissed last week by the Newark Board of Education for invoking their constitutional rights under O

the Fifth Amendment before the works. He sternly warned Mayor Walter Committee — have ap- Leo P. Carlin to "examine his conpealed to State Education Com- science as to future and present missioner Frederick M. Raubinger appointees" to the Newark Board for reinstatement. The three were of Education. dismissed on the charge of "conduct unbecoming a teacher" by CARLIN OBEYS the narrow margin of a 5-to-4

The vigorous campaign waged 30 to reappoint Mrs. Lodovico by the teachers and other civil Mancusi Ungaro whom he, himliberties defenders in Newark in self, had named to the Board last defense of the right to use this | year. She had voted for the teachconstitutional protection without ers' reinstatement. fear of punishment helped to expose the witch-hunting nature of look upon their narrow one-vote the House Committee on Un- victory as too close for comfort American Activities.

WALTER'S "COMMAND"

vote.

The resistance was so strong eign Wars and Knights of Columthat Rep. Francis Walter (Pa.), bus have raised demands that the the Democratic replacement for four minority board members McCarthy as chief witch-hunter, resign. Two N. J. Democratic Conapparently felt he could not gressmen, Rodino and Addonizzio depend on the Newark authorities to carry through with the teach- pressured to join the witch hunt. er's victimization unaided.

On June 22, he made a speech in Congress, reported in the board's majority. Newark Star - Ledger, deploring the "failure of the Newark school the opposition to the witch hunt board to take action against the into silence, the temper of resistthree teachers." He then repeated ance is still strong. all his committee's smears against

the three. This was obviously meant as a Evening News on July 1 and 2

command to the school board, and taking issue with that paper's it served to expose as a lie the support of the teachers' dismissal Un - American Committee's claim and backing the three teachers as to be acting as a mere investigat- well as the four minority board ing body. members.

After the school board's action, The witch-hunters have scored Walter was reportedly "upset" only a tenuous victory. This could by the marrow victory. By way be transformed into a clear-cut of retaliation, he threatened to defeat for them should the call more teachers before his com- Newark labor movement enter the mittee in Washington within a struggle on the side of civil few weeks and give them the liberties.

of a sizeable section of organized tional for its anti-labor policy. labor. It has a national circulation What prompted this flow of and is sponsored by the Typopraise so sweet to bureaucratic graphical Workers Union. ears was the manner in which

in Labor's Daily letter column on objections of the ranks to the Columbia ended victoriously. In 9the question of a labor party recently negotiated contract. As Miami, Florida, and in Louisiana, but not put to work, and timeshould prove interesting and in- the Free Press puts it: "Con- however, bitter strikes by AFL and-a-half for all work outside structive. We reprint the invita- fronted with a flurry of wildcat hotel workers and CIO Sugar normal duties. Especially imtion of Labor's Daily in its strikes and petty rebellions, the refinery workers continued. top men who have in their hands entirety.

Want a Labor Party?

accord with their obligations." President George Meany of the Let us take the case of the GM AFL said this week that he automatic transmission plant at the ten-state area - was 100% doesn't think American workers want a political party of their this.

own. Meany has also said in the past that a labor party in this country would only be formed if unions got as little out of coltract, the plant employing 8,800 behind it but for legal reasons lective bargaining as they do in some other countries. strike sparked by the cutter- have "right to work" laws) were What do YOU think about a

labor party for the United grinders, who objected to terms non-member strikers. which excluded them from the eight-cent raise for skilled work-Write a letter to the editor. If ers. This same issue played a your letter is adjudged the best key role in other "wildcat" of the week in which it is pubstrikes which hit many GM lished, you will receive a oneplants in the Detroit and Flint in some cases it meant traveling year subscription to Labor's areas since June 13. Men doing Daily - free!

the same work in Ford and Your letter, with others, will Chrysler plants are classified as be published in our "My Time to Speak" column, on the editorial

(Continued on page 2) Limit your letter to 200 words,

and are trying to resume the offensive. Reactionary organiza-Seamen tions such as the Veterans of For-

States ?

The Democratic Newark mayor

complied when he failed on June

Generally, the witch - hunters

By James O'Hara recent concession won by the pulsory government action to cided in the joint study. - both touted as liberals - were Both have done so with statements supporting the school angry buzzing among the op-

erators and the newspapers for Despite these attempts to cow government action to "contain" the American seaman.

wide fund to provide a measure contract benefits were surrenof unemployment insurance to dered despite demands by the It can be gauged by numerous seamen. Seamen are not covered operators. The actual extent of letters published by the Newark by state unemployment insur- the unemployment insurance fund ance laws. This new fund, to- which the union chooses to call gether with the existing pension | the "employment security plan" and welfare benefits, vacation will not be known for some a time of serious crisis. pay and the forty-hour week time. Both the union and the

> par with workers in other well- study to work it out. organized industries. CALL FOR HELP

By John Thayer

- involving some 750 drivers in

more than 1.000 miles.

Another advance for unionism was chalked up by Southern workers as the three-month strike of Greyhound The discussion being opened up the UAW leaders handled the bus drivers in ten Southern states and the District of

> portant, since it begins cutting The Southern bus drivers' vic- away the North-South wage difthe longterm welfare of UAW tory has resulted in the first ferential, is a provision for an members unflinchingly acted in union contract for the Greyhound extra penny for every five miles company in this area. The strike driven. The contract will expire at the end of 1956.

Willow Run to see how they did effective from April 8, the day it SUGAR STRIKE

In the feudal sugar baronies began. It was led by the AFL On Wednesday, June 22, one Motor Coach union. Over 600 of only a short distance from New week before the deadline for rati- the strikers belonged to the Orleans, 1,500 Negro and white fying the newly negotiated con- union. The others were solidly members of the CIO Packinghouse Workers have reached the threeworkers was closed down by a (almost all of the states involved month mark in their strikes against the Godchaux and Colonial Sugar companies. These com-

panies have tried to operate their For two months the company refineries with scabs. Godchaux maintained a tough attitude, refusing even to meet with union was the first to attempt this at its refinery in Reserve, La. Comrepresentatives. Strike meetings pany agents scoured the countrywere well attended even though side for as far away as 200 miles

in a scab-recruiting campaign. Although they have succeeded to clude union recognition, a 5% | a limited extent in this dirty busiskilled, but GM uses a different wage boost, a guarantee of \$110 ness, it has by no means broken term for the work-"tool sharp- for every two-week period in the strike. Moreover, the com-

GENERAL STRIKE CALL The Labor Confederation CUT), which corresponds to the AFL and CIO in the United States, has called a 24-hour general strike throughout Chile for Thursday, July 7. The general strike is being organized, not only to support the transportation and communication workers, but to set forth the demands of all Chilean labor for wage rates commensurate with inflated prices. President Ibanez has refused to meet with union representatives to negotiate on the workers' demands until "all strikes are ended." However, the workers have remained firm. The transport workers union stated that the strike would continue "until our demands are met."

Osvaldo Koch, the Minister of Interior, told the press that the strike movement has only economic objectives and "lacks revolutionary content or contacts.' His optimism is based on the fact that the Stalinist and right-wing vision. Socialist parties are in alliance

In Guatemala A student demonstration in opposition to the Guatemalan

dictatorship of Carlos Castillo Armas was organized by a law student group known as El Derecho (The Right) Association on June 25. Permission for the parade was granted by Armas after the group made it known that the demonstration would be held whether the government gave permission or not. The parade started with about 400 students. By the time it reached the plaza in front of the national palace, it had grown to about 3,000.

The arrangements committee for the demonstration had to give a promise, in advance, to the Armas regime that the parade would not be used for political purposes or as a sounding board for opposition to the government. However, the demonstration became just that. One of the speakers vigorously defended the legally elected government of Arbenz which was overthrown last year by the Armas military clique under Wall Street super-

Terms of the settlement inwhich drivers are available -

(Continued on page 2)

Gain Jobless Benefits in New Contracts

NEW YORK, July 5 — The unions and are asking for com- with conditions yet to be de- tionary potential for the future. the shadow of civil war over all the CIO and the membership For the present, however, the maritime labor. limit seamen's wages and condi- But it is obvious on the face NMU gain is important in that The CIO maritime leaders, put tract improvement.

from the East Coast and gulf tions. Congressman Bonner of of the plan that should there be it stands as a sharp challenge to eral and vague first reports put quickly depleted. Like all the has become the proponent of a seamen. Sections of the AFL dustry in decline.

Nevertheless the principle that model and announced that he far apart. Curran had advanced increase rank-and-file hostility puts the American seamen on a operators are to make a long capitalist industry is responsible was prepared to furnish cut- a similar proposal a year ago against him. He did receive for the security of the worker rate crews under the cut-rate when he tentatively suggested warm commendation from the The proposed plan provides and must make provisions for agreement to any ship operator that in order to help revive press, the ship operators and for a limited amount of insur- this security is becoming a part in the nation.

ance to a seaman unemployed of the consciousness of workers Lundeberg's action came at would have to make concessions. but the damage he dealt him-The ship operators are plead- and yet seeking work. For a everywhere in the U.S. This in the moment of the first all-mari- This suggestion was received self within the maritime labor ing to Congress that it is be- limited period he will draw in- itself is a progressive step for- time union conference to discuss coldly. In the meantime the movement is deep and far reachyond their power to cope suc- surance as long as there is ward in working-class thinking merger possibilities. It served to campaign for the guaranteed ing.

cessfully with the maritime money in the fund in accordance containing a profoundly revolu- blow up the conference and cast annual wage began to roll in began to press demands for con-

Curran chose to follow the on the defensive by Lundeberg's trom the East Coast and guil ship operators has stirred an North Carolina now heads a a serious decline in shipping as the Lundeberg-influenced sector aggression, formally repudiated course of seeking new gains and committee preparing such a bill. well as a decline in shoreside of the maritime labor movement. his program and thereby im- correctly rejected the contention The NMU also secured other job opportunities the unemploy- Harry Lundeberg, the AFL sea- measurably increased their pres- of the operators that the deminor concessions. From the gen- ment insurance fund would be man's leader on the West Coast tige and strength among the mands of the union put the in-

> Lundeberg must now produce opposition and a hot controversy the same gain for his membership and most likely will. The deep rivalry and competition between the seamen's organizations serves at this moment to stymie

will be absolutely worthless in in all departments. He advertis- Actually the thinking of the sell-out Lundeberg proposes. ed this cut-rate agreement as a Lundeberg and Curran is not too All he has been able to do is to coastal shipping the seamen some labor-hating congressmen

The NMU won an industry- out by the union no existing other cushions and built-in sta- program to cut wages and con- maritime unions joined them in bilizers that are designed to ditions on American vessels. eliminate the hazards of an- Lundeberg actually signed an is still raging over "Lunchbox's"



THE MILITANT

Monday, July 11, 1955

Chinese Trotskyists Explain Mao's Purges

[The following article by Mer | the Fourth International played | [The San Fan anti-three evils Li-dar, published as a pamphlet a heroic role in the war against April 16 by the Chinese Section viewpoint of the genuine Marxist into the underground. The Eng- Tr.] leadership of the Chinese work- lish translation is by Hong ing class. The Chinese Section of Ying. - Ed.]

Page Two -

 movement was a campaign Japanese imperialism and in the against corruption, waste and Chinese Revolution, suffering par- bureaucracy among government of the Fourth International, has ticularly heavily from the repres- employees. The Wu Fan - antijust been received by the Mili- sion of the Chiang Kai-shek five - movement hit bribery, tant. Dealing with the purge of regime. The Mao government, tax evasion, theft of state proptwo important Maoist leaders, however, upon assuming power erty, cheating on government announced by Peking March 31, hunted down and assassinated contracts, and stealing economic its analysis is of exceptional in- "Trotskyists" on a nation - wide information from the governterest as an expression of the scale, forcing the organization ment for private speculation. -

> trailed the Central Government, exceeding it in compromises with the capitalists, landlords and

When the "Resolution on in the 17th session, August 7, Strengthening Party Unity" was 1952, the chairmen and vice-But these were nothing more passed at the Fourth Plenum of chairmen of the provinces of the Central Committee of the Liaotung, Kirin, Heilungkiang and Chinese Communist Party (CCP) Sungkiang, which are under the in February 1954, it was our Northeast People's Government, impression that the party faced were dismissed along with the a big internal purge. But just mayor and deputy-mayor of who the targets were remained Shenyang.

a mystery since the CCP never Kao and Jao were transferred saw fit to disclose any concrete to the Central Government in facts about "the disruption of 1953. At the Fourth Plenum of the

party unity." Now the purge of Kao Kang and Jao Shu-shih has Central Committee of the CCP lifted a corner of the veil. in February 1954 the resolution On the fourth of this month, on party unity was passed. On

Peking announced the expulsion June 19 a resolution abolishing of Kao Kang and Jao Shu-shih. First Class Administrative Dis-So far as these two are concern- tricts throughout the country ed, the purge is not the begin- was passed by the 32nd session ning but the end. It is custom- of the Central Committee of the ary in Stalinist parties to con- People's Government. At the First National Peoduct a purge behind closed doors. At the end the doors are opened ple's Congress, held in Septemfor an official announcement of ber 1954, Kao and Jao were guilt based on one-sided or neither representatives nor gov-

framed-up accusations against ernment officials. the victims. The purge of Beria Finally, the party's National and Malenkov followed such a Conference on March 31, 1955, pattern. So did the purge of Kao approved the "Resolution on the and Jao. Nevertheless we can Anti-Party Conspiracy of Kao trace the course of the current and Jao" that revealed their expurge in the background of past pulsion.

These nebulous facts indicate events. Going back in the complicated the course of the secret purge of lists of appointments and dis- Kao and Jao. Because of our missals passed by the Central understanding of the character Committee of the Chinese Peo- of the CCP bureaucracy, we ple's Government, we find that weren't caught by surprise.

What Kao and Jao Represented

According to the National Con-| trying to seize power in the ference resolution, Kao Kang party by "shameless deceit" was guilty of the following since 1943; of leading a rightist crimes: engaging in "conspira- tendency while in the East China region, capitulating to the captorial activities aimed at seizing italists, landlords and rich peasleadership in the party and the state," a conspiracy that dates ants; and, after his transfer, of party. The bureaucratism of the growth of new cliques. back to 1949; violating the pol- combining with Kao Kang CCP fosters both. Moreover, icy of the Central Government, against the party.

The CCP cited no evidence to undermining party unity, and substantiate the charges, and of carving out an "independent kingdom" in the Northeast recourse Kao and Jao were given gion; attempting, after his trans- no chance to defend themselves various big administrative areas Even a political faction must fer from that area, to instigate publicly.

From what we know of the rank and file party members in the Army against the Central past records of the two, the the summits of the party. Sec- obtained by Mao in the CCP is not Government; splitting the party Kao tendency was comparatively tionalism became apparent in the result of correct theoretical into a "Party of the 'Whites'" to the left, the Jao tendency the responsible heads of the big and political leadership but the [as opposed to "Reds"? - Tr.] more to the right of the Central administrative areas, although in result of a combination of the inand a "Party of the revolution- Government. In the Northeast, varying degrees. Kao Kang was fluence of the armed peasant ary bases and the army," de- Kao was far ahead in stressing the most serious of them and the masses and of clique methods claring himself to be the rep- the fight against bourgeois in- only one with an inclination that broke Mao's rivals. resentative of the latter; finally, fluence, a fight begun by him toward the left.

than the first buds of the two tendencies. They never reached the point of developing oppositional lines against the CCP leadership. The degree of opposition was not the real reason for the purge. Mao had no need to expel them for that or to force Kao Kang to commit suicide "as an ultimate expression of his betrayal of the party.' The main reason for the severe punishment visited upon them by the CCP Central Committee was the growing regional

influence of the two on their home grounds (especially Kao Kang in the Northeast) and their engagement in anti-Central Committee clique formations. It is certain that the left and right shadings of the tendencies represented by Kao and Jao are a reflection of the "complex and acute class struggle" in the country, and, at the same time,

a reflection of the differentiation in the two poles of the CCP's opportunist line. The rightist tendency was fostered by Mao's opportunism from the beginning.

In addition, the shadings reflect something else. The sectionalism and cliquism of Kao and Jao are a result of the CCP's Stalinist system, which

fosters such trends. Cliquism developed as the twin Sun." Cliquism and sectionalism are of bureaucratism. expressions of one and the same

thing in different circumstances. tinuous oscillation. The domi-Cliquism is an organizational nant clique takes advantage of tendency within the party itself. its bureaucratic positions to Sectionalism is the way cliquism strike at the other cliques. But becomes expressed in the sphere the strengthened bureaucracy in of political power outside the turn becomes a hot bed for the

Since fundamentally different bureaucracy itself. is of course impossible to form

At present cliquism and sec- factions based on the differentionalism exist not only in the tiation of political principles. of the CCP and in the regional appear as a clique. party leaderships, but also at The present leading position

First Mao struck at Li Li-san's



The widow of Chen Tu-hsiu (left) stands beside the monument erected to the renowned Chinese Trotskyist leader (right) who died May 28, 1942. Chen Tu-hsiu, dean of the college of letters at Peking National University, founded the Chinese Communist Party. He served as its Secretary-General from 1921 to 1927 when he was ousted by Stalin's orders. In 1929 he helped organize the opposition to Stalinism in China that soon became part of the world-wide Trotskyist movement. In 1932 he was arrested by Chiang Kai-shek and sentenced to 13 years in prison. He was released in 1937 after his health was seriously undermined. The Maoists razed Chen's tomb to the ground as part of their consistent efforts to prevent the Chinese working class from developing its own political leadership and taking an independent course. But the Trotskyist movement founded by Chen continues to uphold the banners of Marxism, as the article on this page indicates.

direction of the Third Interna- Shao-yu (Wong Ming), the heir istrative Districts: North China, tional in the days of Lenin. In designated by Moscow. Finally, Northwest, Northeast, East 1924 Stalin usurped leaderhip of by purging Chang Kwoh-tao, he China, Central South, Southwest. the Third International; and the formed a dominant clique around Chinese Revolution of 1925 - 27 himself, through this gaining China, where the Central Govwas brought to catastrophe by his control of the whole party or ernment dominates directly bepolitical line. On the defeat of the ganizationally and utilizing this cause the capital is there, a revolution, Stalinist degeneration bureaucratic control in turn to Northeast People's Government permeated the CCP. Organiza- further strengthen his own was set up for the Northeast, tionally, the CCP's inheritance of clique. and Military Political Committhe Stalinist party system is As a practitioner of perma- tees (later changed to Adminismanifested by the absence of party nent cliquism, Mao found it trative Committees) for the four

democracy, the prohibition of op- necessary consciously and con- other Administrative Districts. positional ideas, the bureaucra- tinually to foster hero worship Top rank cadres were placed at tic control of all activities from of himself by the party mem- the head of each. top to bottom, and the forma- bership and cadres, having him-Thus from top to bottom -

tion of permanent cliques. self extolled as the "Oriental the Central Government controls Mao picks his cadres on the provinces control the regions,

The process is one of con- basis of personal loyalty. Those the regions the villages.

The Problem of Sectionalism

The heads of the big Adminis-1 into private kingdoms. On the trative Districts rose from the other hand they absorbed inpeasant army, originally as lead- digenous CCP forces, some of ers of Field Army Districts. whom extended into many rethey are closely linked to the political ideas are prohibited, it Each had a base in his own mil- gions, and opposed infiltration itary forces and his own clique. by rival Administrative Districts In the absence of peasants' and or Field Armies.

As a result of the developworkers' democracy and a soviet system such as was known under ment of sectionalism, the heads Lenin, and the existence in their of the Administrative Districts place of a bureaucracy, these considered anyone sent in by Administrative Districts, as in Mao's Central Government as an the case of the political power enemy and covertly sought to of the state, were placed com- oust him. This could finally pletely out of the control of the come to collision with the Cenmasses. Consequently, the in- tral Government. evitability of sectionalism.

Sectionalism thus has its ex-On the one hand, the heads planation. The gravest instance was a leader together with Liu veloped than any of the other of the Administrative Districts so far is the Northeast, which Tse-tan of the armed peasant Administrative Districts.

who do not meet the test are has not relied on supervision by | fer of Ho Lung, vice-chairman dealt with as enemies to be ex- the masses, nor based political of the Southwest Military Popower on democratic control by litical Commission, to the Cen-He can permit no rival cliques, the workers and peasants in tral Government where he serves yet the reality continually crossorder to hinder, weaken and de- nominally as vice-president but es his aims, for his cadres na- feat the trend. He does not even actually is in charge only of the

turally imitate his practices, utilize the highest powers of the Physical Culture Commission. foster hero worship for them- party and the state which he The transfer of Yeh Jan-ying from Canton is another interest-For example, the United Army ing example. Besides serving as cliques. These cliques may form of the Northeast Democracy led mayor of Canton, he was presieither inside or outside Mao's by Lin Piao grew continuously dent of Kwangtung and viceduring the war against the president of the Central South Following the CCP's coming to Japanese occupation. After Ja- Military Political Commission. power, cliquism found its sup- pan's surrender, this army sud- Tao Tse has temporarily report in new social forces. Under denly became a tremendous force placed him as president of the attraction of material in- through supplementary arma- Kwangtung and Ho Wei has reterests, cliquism emerged from ments transferred by the USSR placed him as mayor of Canton. internal party spheres to be- from the Japanese Kwangtung Since the First National People's Congress, Yeh has not held

Because of this new striking any position of actual power for its growth than during the power, Lin Piao's unit was dis- but has been limited to commiscivil war. The elements acceler- solved by Mao. A large part of sar of the Defense Commission. ating sectionalism are the vast it was transferred to the South Still another example is Liuexpanses of Chinese territory, and Southwest after being as- Pei-ching. Formerly the highest the backwardness of the economy signed to the Fourth Field head of the Southwest Adminisand communications, and the Army. trative District, he is now nom-Although at present Lin Piao inally commissar in the Stand-

is still high in Mao's favor, ing Committee of the First Na-A striking example of the having been promoted to re- tional People's Congress and forces at work is provided by place the purged Jao Shu-shih commissar in the Defense Comas Commissar in the Political mission. Actually he is only in of the whole country, Mao found Bureau, his military power has charge of the Training Departdisappeared. ment under the Defense Com-Another example is the trans- mission.

tions of the country under the direct domination of the Central

The CCP was born under the of the party by striking at Chen Government. He had to divide the country into six big Admin-

Finally, we can cite the case | The economy of the Northeast of Li Li-san. Expelled long ago has a specific character. At the by Mao, he came back into a end of the war against Japan, position of prominence and pow- the big industries left by the er. After the liberation he was Japanese imperialists were graba commissar of the Central Gov- bed by "bureaucratic capital." ernment and head of the Labor [Capital owned by the coterie of Department. But around the Chiang Kai-shek. - Tr.] Since First National People's Con- the liberation they have been gress, he was no longer in of- state-owned. Hence a large profice. Probably he had been purg- portion of the state's heavy ined, for nothing has been heard dustry is in the Northeast.

Because of this particular development, while the rest of the country remained unstable immediately after the liberation, the Northeast had its own economic and currency system.

Besides this, since the Northeast borders the USSR and was lier phases Mao's way of coun- also the territory liberated with tering the growing sectionalism the help of the Soviet Red based on several provinces was Army, it is conceivable that "to send the wolves away from Stalin fostered the sectionalism of the Northeast as a future Last June he tried another counter in restraining Mao. With device. Abolishing the First Stalin's death, the Kremlin's mas-Class Administrative Districts, he ters, embroiled in their own afcontrol of the Central Govern- Kang in a bid for Mao's backA. F.

Such were the elements fosmile "Long March" of Mao, he was stronger and more fully de-

The backing of his clique by

of him since. This fate was not due to his own weight as a sectionalist or cliquist. Most likely he indicated his dissatisfaction with the Centhe provinces and cities, the tral Government by lining up behind Kao Kang. Thus we see that in the ear-

the woods."

put the provinces directly under fairs, withdrew support of Kao ment. Then, after the First Na- ing. tional People's Congress, he separated the power of the mili- tering the development of Kao tary from the administration by Kang's "independent kingdom" setting up a State Council paral- of the Northeast. From what lel to the Defense Commission and was revealed in the resolution of placed both under his control. | the National Conference last Kao Kang originally was not month, it is apparent that Kao in Mao's fold. Before the 2,500- Kang's "independent kingdom"

struggle in Shensi. After the lib-

come sectionalism. Conditions Army.

now are much more favorable

prestige of participating in Mao's

the fact that after the liberation

it impossible to bring all sec-

With the exception of North

victory.

In East China, it is true, Jao rich peasants.

fighting for the post of general earlier than the Central Gov-Let us illustrate how the Stalsecretary or vice-chairman and ernment. (The San Fan and Wu inist party system of the CCP CCP to move to the Stalinist- big industry with members of kingdom." premier of the State Council. | Fan movements started in the fosters cliquism and sectional- controlled district of the time. their own cliques, thus convert-Jao Shu-shih was accused of Northeast.) ism.

clique, forcing the center of the mined the administration and developed into In face of the growing ten-Then Mao seized the leadership ing the Administrative Districts dency toward sectionalism, Mao

... Southern Strikes

... The Willow Run GM Strike

(Continued from page 1) eners" and avoids the higher

The walkout quickly won the support of other workers in the plant who had their own reasons for protesting the contract.

grams from the company sus- But the vote was overwhelmingpending them from their jobs on ly in favor of continuing the the grounds that the contract specifically provides that participation in "unauthorized work stoppages" is grounds for dis- Free Press again) "unflinchingmissal. The UAW international ly acted in accord with their leaders promptly exhibited their obligations" and repeated their "statesmanship and recognition of responsibility" by publicly declaring the strike to be "illegal." | not be responsible for members

On Friday a large crowd of fired in such strikes, and that angry pickets milled around the the workers ought to be happy plant shouting down attempts of with "the best contract this the union officials to call them union has ever negotiated." off the picket lines. There were bitter men in the crowd, defiantfusion. ly waving yellow slips of paper in front of them, telegrams of



suspension. A half dozen pickets | court order prohibiting mass were arrested in the events of picketing at the plant on the the day. The plant stayed closed. basis that it was in violation of

an agreement between the com-OFFICIALS THREATEN That night International and the UAW, the local, and a num-Local 735 leaders called a meet- ber of the strikers responsible Thursday night more than 40 ing to get the workers to return if it continued. The company of the strikers received tele- to work and accept the contract. sent an open telegram to the International Union saying: "This is to advise you that strike. In spite of this mandate this illegal course of action on from the membership, the UAW the part of certain of your leaders (in the words of the membership leaves General Motors no alternative but to take every proper step available to it under our agreement, and unassertion that the strike was der state and federal laws to "illegal," that the union could prevent further loss . . . and to restore production in the plant." Additional deputies were put on call by the sheriff's office.

Tuesday morning the newspapers headlined stories of a the strike are the judges of the They were roundly booed, and the meeting broke up in conplant, and Tuesday afternoon a third meeting was held. UAW

The plant stayed closed Saturday and Sunday. There were two more arrests. Another meetship. He said:

ing was called for Sunday afternoon by the officials of the International who stated that there hadn't been enough members present at the Friday meeting for the vote to count (although the hall had been packed). "We are confident that a true expression of the majority will mean an immediate return

to work," they said. Sunday's meeting was orderly but noisy, the officials taking a fiance, but the pressure was too lot of strong criticism from the much. The vote was taken, and membership. The vote (for the with the boos still ringing in sake of consistency, this figure his ears, Livingston tasted vicis taken from the Free Press' report) was "almost nine to tory. The workers voted two to one" in favor of continuing the

strike. Once again the UAW of the fired workers is still unleaders rose to the stature of decided. "statesmanship" and announced that this vote didn't count either. As far as they were concerned, present time Reuther and Co. the strike was still illegal. BAN MASS PICKETING Then the company took the with the workers in the auto towns.

ball. On Monday it obtained a plants?

(Continued from page 1)

pany is having trouble with its scabs. A group of at least thirtyfive strikebreakers, shamed by pany and the union, and naming. the picket lines, left in a body with their luggage. The company guards have been keeping strikebreakers in the plant by gunplay. There have also been numerous instances of threats uttered and shots fired at the strikers.

An attempt by Colonial Sugar to reopen its refinery in Gramercy, La., failed miserably. Not a single member of the union

responded to the back-to-work appeals. Moreover, not a single strikebreaker appeared despite the fact the company had its busses and a fleet of cars lined up in the town to facilitate the back-to-work movement. Aiding the attempts to break

back-to-work movement at the two parishes (in Louistana, counties are called parishes). In St. John the Baptist Parish, in vice president John W. Living- which the feudal Godchaux

ston spoke before the memberdomain is located, the whole strike leadership - 30 men and "The International Union will one woman - face jail terms. not support the stoppage. Gen-| Seven men have already been eral Motors could sue us and given 60 day sentences. The 31your local for every cent we member executive board of have in the coffers." He threat- UPWA Local 1124 is being tried Worker, says: "White and Negro | The New York locals are also ened the strikers with expulsion for contempt of court. Soon after from the union by saying, "I the strike began 76-year old hope we don't have to kick peo- judge L. R. Rivarde, a friend of ple out of the union.'

the sugar barons, issued a sweep-The meeting was lively as ing anti-labor injunction covering

usual. There were shouts of de- not only the strikers but the whole population of St. John the Baptist Parish. The women of Reserve have launched a petition drive to recall Judge Rivarde. This can be done under a rarelyused state law.

one to return to work. The fate WIDE COMMUNITY SUPPORT The morale of the strikers is high. Indeed, it is not just a Is it any wonder that at the strike of two locals, but of two towns against the companies. Community support is practically seem to be more popular with solid. What were founded as com- Louisiana will succeed in having This is the millionaire playboy and the Big Business press than plany towns have become union

ing financial aid from other breaking action of Governor Packinghouse locals and also from Kennon.

CIO and AFL unions. All as-MIAMI HOTEL STRIKE sistance is deeply needed and In the Miami area the strike

welcomed. of 2,800 hotel workers continued There are daily strike meetings and on June 26 a mass meet- in the face of hamstringing court ing in the Reserve High School injunctions and the right-to-work law. Because of the injunctionauditorium was attended by strikers and by sympathetic unionists happy judges, only two of the 22 struck hotels can be picketed from all over Louisiana. Women The union has appealed these inworkers and wives and daughters of strikers have been very active junctions to the Florida Supreme Court and the whole Florida labor in strike work. A special women's meeting is held weekly. At a movement is watching this imecent one the women asked to portant legal fight.

take over the picketing. An Particularly galling to the arrangement has been worked out strikers is the blackout curtain whereby the women take over the hotel owners association has some of the daytime picketing. lowered over the strike. The One of the most heartening hotel owners are big advertisers aspects of the strike is the in- in newspapers throughout the terracial solidarity of the sugar country and they have used their workers. The two towns and the influence to kill most of the news

union locals are about evenly about the strike. Even paid ads composed of Negro and white. submitted by the union have been refused by some newspapers. The white workers are mostly An attempt to break through descendants of old French settlers.

during the Self - segregation at meetings, this news blackout has been made which had always been the by the AFL international union custom in the past, has mostly and by sister locals. In New York torial staff, when they said in disappeared in the course of the City, for example, the restaurant strike and the daily meetings. As workers staged a one-hour protest the June issue of the UPWA's demonstration in Times Square Anmy of June 27th: "The most newspaper, The Packinghouse on behalf of the Miami strikers. picket together, eat together, and planning a 1,000 car motorcade to Miami to force the papers to

Militant subscribers." The labor press has been digpasts of the big-shot Miami hotel owners. A lot of the data comes coming and a complete analysis from the Kefauver committee of our successful sub drive will reports and shows connections be mailed soon.' with gamblers and other under-

world figures. An idea of what Minneapolis: "The Editor's letter pledged that they would prevent the hotel owners are like may on the Militant subscription camany shipments of raw sugar from be gathered from the fact that Cuba to the struck plants. The the person listed as president and paign very aptly expressed our estimation and bore out our exgeneral manager of the Roney a similar embargo during a 1953 Plaza Hotel, one of the swankiest perience here in Minneapolis. We fell in' readily with the plans for of the "gold-plated sweatshops" At the moment there is a grave on Miami Beach, is none other the campaign and wound up really surprised with the quantity danger that the labor haters of than Corporal G. David Schine. of subs brought in. . . Please take care of the enclosed one-year the national guard called into "subversion expert" who figured St. Louis's Dick Clark writes

eration, he became vice-president | part of the army cadres was the of the Central Government and source of the theory advanced Chairman of the Northeast People's Government.

This government, due to the early liberation of that area, was formed in 1947. The Northeast, consequently, forged ahead of the rest of the country in economic recovery, construction, and the strengthening of political power. It naturally became a norm for the whole country and

the esteem in which Kao Kang

was held rose accordingly.

by him of "two parties," which was aimed at mobilizing strength against the moves of Mao's Central Government Under these conditions, Kao

Kang could not be reduced by simply transferring him to the Central Government. He had to be destroyed, politically by expulsion, and probably physically too, as the reference to "suicide" would indicate

[To be concluded next week.]



Although it is nearly a month |"I followed your suggestion and since the conclusion of the sub- sold a new six-month sub on a scription campaign, subs continue | local delivery basis. I have three

to come in from the promises for subs later." branches. Many of Subs have been coming in from these subs were Pittsburgh, Detroit and Philapromised to our delphia. St. Paul has been conagents during the sistently sending in subs, and campaign, and by Helen Baker of Seattle says: "I returning to the po- am enclosing one more sub. We tential readers, these are following up on some of the promises were car- promises and will be sending in a ried out. few as time goes on. Clara Kaye Other subs are a came in on a discussion of

result of continuing Zionism while delivering a copy the work started of the Militant. This reader, alcampaign. All this | ways intensely interested in both

proves the correctness of the the Militant and the F. I., happoint made by the Militant edi- pened to have some friends in when Clara arrived. She was their letter printed in the Militant | urged to speak on our position on the question.'



The Big Four Conference Friday, July 29, at 8 P. M.

At 3000 Grand River, Rm. 207 Free for Unemployed Donation 25c.

the strike areas. A state senator in the news a year ago as Senator renewal." The strikers have been receiv- has already requested this strike- McCarthy's favorite army private.

about aiding the Louisiana strik-

ers. The Cuban labor leaders

Cuban labor movement enforced

refinery strike, in Louisiana.

fight the battle hand-in-hand." International solidarity of labor notice the strike. was effectively demonstrated when delegations from the Cuban ging into the somewhat shady Confederation of Labor and the Cuban Federation of Sugar Workers flew to UPWA headquarters in Chicago to confer

Subscription \$3 per year \$1.50 for 6 months. Foreign \$4.50 per year; \$2.25 for (nonths. Canadian: \$3.50 per year: \$1.75 for 6 months Bundle Orders: 5 or more copies 6c each in U.S., 7c each in foreign countries.

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A VIEW

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THE MILITAN' Published Weekly in the Interests of the Working People THE MILITANT PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION 116 University Pl., N. Y. 3, N. Y. Phone: AL 5-7460 Editor: MURRY WEISS **Business Manager: DOROTHY JOHNSON**

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Monday, July 11, 1955

Vol. XIX — No. 28

Reactions to Steel Settlement

For the most part the steel settlement (see page one) was greeted with an air of sober satisfaction by the capitalist press. The New York Times expressed relief: "A serious storm that twenty-four hours ago seemed perilously imminent has suddenly blown, as it were, out to sea."

In a more somber vein the Wall Street Journal commented, "A steel wage increase which will result in increasing steel prices an average of \$7.50 a ton is by no means a cause for unalloyed rejoicing. But the settlement is not without its satisfactions." The main satisfaction cited by the WSJ is that "a settlement was reached without a strike."

The Christian Science Monitor reacted with bubbling enthusiasm. Over the lead article July 1 it ran the headline: "Economy Boom Halts Shortest Steel Strike." In thus ascribing the basic cause of the settlement to the prosperity of the economy the Monitor is not far from wrong.

The steel settlement, even more than the recent one in auto, reveals that the highest circles of Big Business are willing to give some concessions and keep the plants open as long as the avalanche of profits keeps rolling in. Behind this willingness, of course, is their realization that a tough policy means bitter class struggle. So, with the eager cooperation of the labor officials they are willing to grant some concessions and postpone show-down fights with the working class.

But the Christian Science Monitor could not refrain from milking the cow of the capitalist war boom for just a little more than it has to give. Swept along by its own enthusiasm the lead article becomes arrogant and boastful: "The fast settlement, perhaps above all, is a signal that United States capitalism, sharing its evermounting prosperity with its workers, is still on the up-and-up — making economic history in unprecedented boom that is putting to shame the Marxist dogma. . . Where, it is being asked, is the 'suffering' proletariat'?. . . Labor is in many ways today just another part of the great American middle class. . . Capitalism isn't what

it used to be!'

The only thing omitted from this braggadocio is the most salient fact about the prosperity of American economy; namely, that it is based on the most colossal military build-up in the history of the world. This build-up, which devours two-thirds of the national budget and constitutes the main support of the "prosperity," is leading towards a war which admittedly will ing to get excited about. After isms that have never been put into question the very existence of humanity on this planet. That's the truth about the "up-and-up" of American capital- judgment. ism. Take away this hideous crutch and it will be "down-and-out" for capitalism.

Also, isn't it a bit of an imprudent sneer, "Where is the suffering proletariat now?" Capitalist prosperity or no capitalist prosperity, war or peace, the proletariat, in the U.S. and in the world, does plenty of suffering. Let the editorial snobs of the capitalist newspapers get out of their air conditioned offices and go down to the auto plants and steel mills and see how the workers earn their wages under U.S. capitalism. And let them go into the sweat shops of the North and South, the agricultural fields, the slums which still grow faster than any other feature of American life. and tell the workers that Marx has been refuted, because, you see, there is no more suffering in the working class.

We Marxists have no reason to deny the fact of prosperity in the U.S. But we see the prosperity of American capitalism in its true context, in a world in which capitalism is in convulsive decline, suffering serious defeats from the colonial people, in the context of the inexorable laws of the capitalist system which has led it to the brink of doom. The stimulation of a sick economic system with the narcotic went into the streets to voice of war preparations may get the capitalists their demands for the right of hopped up and glassy eyed about their "triumph," but class conscious workers must keep a steady eye on the main curve of history in its world-wide evolution. This curve shows unmistakably the doom of capitalism and the eruption of all its contradiction's right here in its last remaining stronghold.

Are Civil Liberties Being Restored?

The news on the civil liberties front last week showed two opposite currents. First was the trend of toning down the hysteria and undoing some of the "excesses."

For example, the Department of Agriculture cleared Wolf Ladejinsky, whom six months ago it had labelled a security risk. A federal judge ordered expunged the disloyalty stain on the record of former diplomat John Stewart Service. A House committee quietly dropped from the new federal housing bill the notorious Gwinn amendment barring "subversives" from low-rent housing projects. But a contrary trend was markedly visible. First, the Senate Internal Security subcommittee put on a witch-hunt circus worthy of the days when McCarthy was chairman. A character the committee had dredged up somewhere told spy stories of the fairy tale genre. Then an attack was launched on the New York Times. The smear was that a suspect Times reporter had endangered the success of the Korean War by his news stories. In the same week, a school, for the first time in history was ordered by the Subversive Activities Control Board to register as a Communist front. Finally, the House unanimously approved increasing Smith Act penalties from six years and \$5,000 fine to 20 years and \$20,000.

All this shows how tenuous and ineffective is the policy of trying to trim down the witch hunt rather than to destroy it. men and women of the leather This "practical" policy of attacking the industry stirred the working class witch hunt on its periphery rather than throughout Chile. striking at its heart is actually the height 1946 GENERAL STRIKE of impracticability. It can yield only deceptive successes on the least vital cases. It will not drive the witch hunt out of political life. Indeed this very policy enables them to strike back because they utilize its basic assumption, which is that gles of that year grew out of govthere must be a loyalty program, Smith ernment attempts to destroy the Act, etc., to protect us from the "Communist menace." Only a return to full civil liberties for all political views, including that of the Communist Party, can smash the witch hunt. That means fighting the very concepts of a subversive list, Smith Act, and loyalty program. The ruling class will not easily give up these strong basic positions it has captured in the post war assault on American political freedom. It will take a strong the worst inflation in the world. power to dislodge them. Only labor has that power. Up till now it has hardly used it in the defense of civil liberties. It is time it took on this task.

An Auto Worker's Views on Automation

[We are reprinting in full a letter | er with us. They have all been from an auto worker to the Chi- laid off.

cago Daily News, June 23, the editor's note, and a comment by Howard Mayhew in behalf of the thing but eat out of your lunch Chicago Branch of the Socialist pail. In operation, it makes Workers Party. Mayhew's con- many strange noises. It is known tribution to the discussion was published in Chicago and distribut- to set up and keep this machine ed to auto workers there. - Ed.] running.

To the Editor Chicago Daily News: I've been reading a lot of the girls left. statements and articles about "automation" and what a big, bad bogeyman it is. Really nothall, "automation" in our moderntouched by human hands. day factories simply replaces human judgment with mechanical a tremendous victory in its

But I've waited in vain for Ford and General Motors, even somebody to speak up who really knows about "automation" and what it does to the people in the plant. I'm here to say that "automation" IS a modernday ogre, swallowing up jobs by the hundreds-replacing workers

with machines. I know all the arguments fa-

asylum for Peruvian students

who had been expelled from

Argentina as suspected "com-

munists." The students demanded

the expulsion of those Chilean

government officials who were

responsible for denying this tradi-

The militancy of the strike

wave can be seen in the fact that,

for the first time in Chile's his-

tory the tactic of the sit-down

strike was used. Twelve thousand

leather workers occupied more

than 160 factories. Union bureau-

crats ended the sit-down strike

after promises of arbitration. But

tional democratic guarantee.

voring "automation." After all. Mayhew's Comment we can't stand in the way of progress, can we? But the argument that "automation" will

create jobs is one that I can't automation in General Motor's work for the sake of work it is it? Since the workers do the giant locomotive plant poses a clear that our problem is not in producing — yes even produce In my department in the plant question that faces us all in his where I work, we used to have letter published in the Chicago where else. But, as Waldron the bosses use to displace them 100 women making generator Daily News. Having put the ex- asks, are "We here to stay?" — what is more reasonable than straps for diesel locomotives. ample before us of an automatic What will automation mean to to distribute that production as and peace. These girls operated punch machine displacing 100 employes the workers in the plants, and, it is needed in the interests of presses, annealing ovens and in a single department, Waldron we should add, what is to be the entire population. Under a

here to stay.

But are we?

ment that automation will create These 100 women are no long- jobs." He concludes with the mass constitute the dominant duced the more we would have

though the people who have al-

ready lost their jobs due to

"automation" may not think so.

In my opinion, there is no

In their place, there is a machine-50 feet long, does everyas a "generator strap swedging and annealing line." My job is I might add, I am not getting any more money for running this machine than I did before "Automation" it's wonderful. Why, they have factories today that turn out complex mechan-The UAW-CIO has achieved

GAW employment plan with HOWARD MAYHEW

displacing workers with machines thought-provoking question-"In -or who can't afford their high my opinion, there is no question price - simply fails in the comthat automation is here to stay. petition or is forced to merge. But are we?" The historic trend of the accu-

question that "automation" is Yes, automation is here to stay. Essentially automatic Tom Waldron machines are labor saving de-Melrose Park vices. The history of the advance of civilization is the history of

the economy of time needed for the production of socially neces-Tom Waldron, a worker with sary goods and services. Unless a first hand experience with one holds that there is virtue in

the automatic machines which the machine itself, but some-

system of production for use in-

continues.

ment.

private profit as God, the owner

installs the automatic machine

to increase his profit. But clear-

section of the entire population. and the capitalist incentives for Therefore the problem of auto- unemployment and the capitalist profit drives for markets (which mation involves the future of the country as a whole. The key lead to war) would be eliminatto the answer comes down in

the final analysis to this - who Because the wage workers and owns the machines? If the working farmers constitute the overwhelming majority in this machines continue to be privately owned the answer must incountry we have every right to evitably be increasing unemploysee to it that laws are passed to prevent the corporation owners Why must this be true? The

from using their economic power to pervert automation into an private owners of the machines instrument to throw workers out are captives of their own sysof employment, as they do totem, helpless to do anything about it if they wanted to. With day.

This of course means that labor must exercise its independent political power.

We are fast approaching a ly, it is not the expensive macrossroads in history. Only the chine but the elimination of the organized political unity of the wage workers, that the machine working class can protect civilmakes possible, that increases ization by turning the "ogre" his profits. Any individual capof automation (as Tom Waldron italist who has scruples about characterizes it) into a mechanism for abundance for all.

How can this be done? The first step would be for the unions to throw off the yoke of subservience to the capitalist mulation of greater and greater Democratic and Republican parwealth into the hands of fewer ties. They would do this by orand fewer people on the one ganizing their own independent hand, and the increase of the Labor Party. Then for the first insecurity and misery of the time the majority of the people mass of the people on the other, in this country who work for wages would have their own What then is to be done about

representation in government. The choice for us therefore is -Capitalist automation with its unemployment and war or socialist automation with abundance

> Howard Mayhew, for the Chicago Branch of the Socialist Workers Party 777 W. Adams Street, Chicago, Illinois

hand-taped coils for the genera- says he "cannot buy the argu- done about it? The wage workers in their stead of profit the more we pro-

... Martial Law Declared in Chile (Continued from page 1) dollar, larger "depreciation of owns the famous "mountain of capital" allowances and untaxed copper" south of Santiago. system throughout the country

U.S. copper interests in Chile "reasonable profits." An agreement along these lines succeeded in February in forcing was signed by Ibanez with com- the government to revise the coppany officials last December. But per law to the advantage of the so far popular resistance to this U.S. copper kings. capitulation to Yankee imperial-Above all the U.S. interests

ism has prevented the agreement want to crush the militant labor from becoming law. movement of Chile. They would U.S. capital also dominates the like to put a military dictatoreven more important copper inship in power as they have done

dustry of Chile. The Anaconda in so many other Latin American Copper Mining Company, one of countries. the Big Three in the U.S. copper The working class of Chile.

business, owns rich enough mines however, is one of the most milito last a century even if productant and powerful in South America. It will not be easily crushed tion were increased considerably. The Braden Copper Company by its enemies.

the bold assault on the "sacred" right of private property by the

(Continued from page 1) settlement as a vardstick. Mcperiod in 1954. It did this, more- Donald aimed for 21c. (one cent the South. over, with a payroll that was \$3 more than Reuther). Although he

MEXICAN WOMEN VOTED | the Peoples of Cameroon which for the first time in a general has demanded an end to the members of the lower house of

* * *

do-China in 1956 were agreed upon in the truce reached at Geneva last year. One reason the U.S. puppet regime of Ngo Diem in South Vietnam is opposed to living up to the terms of the truce is because there are eight million more Vietnamese in the North than in

* * *

ing out that the Spanish people

had hoped that the victory

against the fascist powers i

the Second World War would

bring liberation to Spain, the

Spanish people has felt itself

more and more betrayed by a

point was the infamous pact be-

ween Franco and the USA.

Even Soviet Russia has 'for

the (Franco) Blue Division."

o-work movement collapsed. The

'wildcat" strike, involving 14,-

up in the harbor of Antwerp

since the strike began.

miners said, "Since then

Algeria.

due to the fact that the United

* * * THREE THOUSAND PEOPLE States is widely recarded IN ALGERIA were jailed durresponsible for the June 16 naval officers revolt against the Peron government. struggle for the independence of * * *

vear.

the

World Events national election on July 3. New

> Mexico's Congress were elected. Twenty of the candidates seeking office were women. OVER ONE HUNDRED MEN AND WOMEN WERE ARREST-ED in Saigon, Vietnam, for demonstrating in favor of elec-

tions to unite North and South Indochina. Elections for all In-

trusteeship, the election of a legislative assembly and independence, called its members out on strike against all European employers. The French are accused of massacring 5,000 Africans and burning the African section of the port city of Duala in its effort to suppress the mass upsurge. These charges are now being investigated by the UN Trusteeship Commission.

* * *







- Page Three

Thanks for Nothing

The Republican National Committee claims a record for the Eisenhower administration for the increase in the number of women in high public office. The Republican record, they say, serves to "highlight the thirty-five years of woman suffrage."

There are 17 women in the U.S. Congress, 308 women in State Legislatures, about 50 women mayors, 150 in judicial posts, four of them working as federal judges.

The Democrats also like to crow about the room they have made for women in public life. Governor Harriman, a few months ago, even went so far as to suggest that women in the Democratic Party should "rebel" against the domination of important party committees by the men.

In a bid for the women's vote and in order to get willing campaign workers, the capitalist politicians open the door a wee bit and allow a few women to get public jobs. Then they pat themselves on the back for their liberal ideas on equality.

If they are such great champions of women's rights, why don't they put their money where their mouth is? Why have both Democratic and Republican parties failed to pass legislation to give women equal pay for equal work?

This kind of equality would cost the capitalists millions of dollars in the United

States. Words are cheap. But real equality is much too expensive for the boss parties.

When there are not enough men around to fight the wars and produce for wars, the capitalists are happy to discover that women can do a "man's job." But when production is curtailed, they say, "a woman's place is in the home."

The capitalist parties do nothing for the more out of Latin America than women who work for wages. They do even Western Hemisphere in the form less to ease the burden of the working of capital. class housewife. Sylvia Porter, N. Y. Post columnist, after noting the mass production technique of office cleaning, asked the question: "Is it ridiculous to suggest cleaning of homes might be placed on that basis too?" And further: "Is it nonsense to suggest the concept of the community nursery could be vastly developed and extended?"

These suggestions, and many more ideas that would ease the life of working class women, are "ridiculous" only if one asks the capitalist rulers to hand them to us. terests to grant bigger and better Mass handling of laundry, for example, is already quite common. Yet millions of housewives still have to do the family wash by hand.

The women who have begun to think about politics in the last ten years, will delaying a \$25 million program do some thinking of their own. To Eisen- for necessary new machinery and minority of the executive board hower and the Democrats they will say: "Thanks for nothing." Then they will join the labor movement to fight for real equality for all women.

The current mass upsurge of the workers is reminiscent of the 1946 general strike that brought to a standstill all industrial and commercial activity. The strugunions of 12,000 striking nitrate workers. The general strike followed the police murder of seven

workers and the wounding of more than a hundred others who were demonstrating in support of the nitrate union.

The present crisis that is sweeping Chile is a result, first of all, of the disastrous inflation that has steadily grown worse. At the end of 1954 Chile was suffering Only South Korea came close to the inflation that has impoverished the people of Chile.

U.S. capital.

The cost of living increased last year by 78%. During the first six months of this year the peso dropped another 84% in value.

WALL STREET'S ROLE

The economic difficulties in year since 1916. Chile, as in all of Latin America. Despite the union's position of are primarily to be laid at the strength McDonald did not know doorstep of Wall Street. Big Business in the United States gets 40% of all its foreign investment profits in Latin America. As a matter of fact, the U.S. takes

annually at least \$1821/2 million it puts into this part of the warned the union against "unadmonishing that the "major

This huge drain on the wealth n South America is particularly nind. true of Chile. The two principal

contract for an estimated 20c. an export commodities of this country - nitrate and copper - are unemployment benefit), McDonald rimarily under the domination of knew where to set his figure. This Wall Street's greed for super-

orofits from the labor of the workers of Chile is instatiable. This year extraordinary pressure was brought to bear on the Chilean government by U.S. inconcessions to foreign capital. The Anglo - Lautaro Nitrate Company, controlling interest of arm-in-arm tours of steel plants

which is owned by U.S. imperialists, produces 65% of all Chilean nitrate. This company has been modernization in an attempt to An election fight in the union will force major concessions from the soon reach a climax.

For these reasons McDonald Chilean government. The company's demands include alteration had to get a respectable settleof exchange rates in favor of the | ment. Taking the UAW-Ford 20c.

million smaller than in 1954. This is now quoted as saving that next. year the steel union will go after increase in production by almost "an honest-to-God" Guaranteed ing the first week-end in July a half-million tons with a work Annual Wage, he offered to take on suspicion of giving aid to the force reduced by over 25,000 men the 21c, in the form of a 16c, an shows the tremendous increase in steelworkers' productivity and the hour wage boost, a 5c. an hour

GAW (Reuther's formula) and a beginning of automation. three year contract. The steel PROFITS PER WORKER corporations, however, turned this The profits of U.S. Steel for down and insisted the talks be

the first quarter of 1955 went up confined to the wage re-opening 62% to \$72,652,000 after taxes. clause and not contract changes. Steel union economists estimated Even so the steel settlement that the company made a net compares favorably with the auto profit of 54c. on each hour of settlements. As McDonald's boostwork done by each employe. Based ers are already pointing out, it on profits before taxes, the figure means "double the money in the comes to a profit of \$1.09 on each nav envelope" of the auto increase hour of work. These figures are, Also, the union's hands are left of course, much lower than the untied for a new contract fight a reality. They are based on the year from now. The settlement will probably bolster McDonald's company's own published figures which are carefully doctored to position in his own union and in

the merged AFL-CIO. minimize the profit picture. According to the CIO econo-

UNEMPLOYMENT PROBLEM mists, U.S. Steel could have given In any event the unemploy. a 30c. an hour wage increase and, ment problem will confront the without raising the price of steel, steel leadership more and more. its net profits for 1955 would still have been higher than for any Even under the present boom

BRAZILIAN DOCK WORKconditions the union has 156,000 ERS in the coffee port of Sanunemployed. Most of these are in tos, Brazil, went on strike July fabricating, but U.S. Steel is now 1 to suport union demands for just what to ask for. He went producing more with less workinto negotiations asking a "sub- ers. The already undertaken builda 30% wage increase. Three stantial" increase but not naming ing of new plants will speed the thousand workers began their strike after rejecting a 25% a figure. There was no hint of automating of steel workers out sking for the 30-hour week. In- of jobs. Last year, when producoffer. deed, he feared that expectations tion was down, there were over

might get out of bounds and 200,000 unemployed steel workers and many more thousands were reasonable' demands this year, working only part time. The only answer to this deadly problem is goals" of 1956 must be kept in the 30-hour week at 40-hours pay.

Lest anyone feel sorry for the When Reuther signed the Ford steel comporations, it should be noted that they feel' quite happy. hour (including 5c. supplementary They know that they have got off cheaply. Moreover, they took the occasion of the wage' settle-

was based on two factors. Mcment to boost steel prices a whop-Donald's rivalry with Reuther ping \$7.50 a ton. This not only (they head the two biggest CIO passes on all of the wage increase to the consumer but it gouges out mions) for power and prestige in big new chunk of profits for

the about to be merged AFL-CIO; secondly, protection of his own he steel corporations. The \$7.50 increase caused even position in the steelworkers. Never he New York Times (July 2) to a popular leader, he has been much criticized for his unabashed arch its eyebrows and report: The size of the increase came as

with the steel barons. Further, his a surprise to industry experts who had forecast a maximum rise attempt to put an office stooge of \$6.00 a ton." into the union's Vice-Presidency has been challenged by a sizeable

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116 University Pl., N. Y. 3, N. Y.

TWO ATTACKS ON THE CHINESE MAINLAND by MINE WORKERS IN SPAIN Chiang's nationalist "commandos sent an open letter to the Minin recent weeks were repulsed ers' International Federation proby the Chinese army, according testing the fact that an observer to reports from Peking. A total delegate of the Franco Governof ten nationalist raids on the ment was admitted to the In-Fukien coast of China were reternational Labor Conference ported since December of last held in Geneva recently. Point-

THE BRITISH DOCK STRIKE ENDED July 4 when workers in the northern ports voted to resume work. London dockers voted two weeks ago to return only when the northern ports agreed to do so. The six-week disloyalty whose culminating strike left the basic issue of bargaining representation for the National Amalgamated Stevedores and Dockers Union ungotten' to settle accounts with resolved. But the strikers in the northern ports, in voting to return, insisted that recruits be retained by their union and the fight for recognition continued.

BRITISH BOMBED TRIBAL VILLAGES in the Aden Protectorate Area of Arabia. The Royal British Air Force carried out the bombing. The Colonial office BELGIAN DOCK WORKERS claimed that tribesmen killed a entered their second week of civilian and three government strike on July 3 when a back-|guards.

BRITISH CONSERVATIVES 000 longshoremen, began June are casting longing eyes overseas 27 when a dozen workers were at the Taft Hartley Act. Using refused unemployment compen- the dockers' and seamen's strikes sation on the ground that they as the pretext a propaganda camhad refused job offers. More paign is being haunched on the necessity to curb strikes. The, than 270 ships have been held Economist, voice of Britishcapital, advocates measures that would prevent strikes unless all. IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA other avenues were exhausted and WAS NATIONALIZED July 1. the workers had taken a secret. The owners of India's largest ballot. Others recommend setting 34-year-old banking institution up "impartial tribunals" to deal with strikes.

> **REFUGEES** from North Viet-18 a demonstration of many hun-

THE FRENCH CAMEROONS, the International Armistice Conformer African colony of Ger- trol Commission declaring they. many, now under United Na- would not move until they were" tions trusteeship, has joined the sent home. A list of 1,000 names. tide of African revolt against was presented for immediate. imperialist rule. The Union of repatriation.

bought shares in the Bank for nam are demanding repatriation. the rupee equivalent of \$105 in increasing numbers. On June.



were generously compensated to the complete satisfaction of Indian businessmen. Those who

The Negro Struggle By John Thayer New Developments in 'Little Scottsboro' Case

Last week this column told the story of the brutal, unprovoked beating of a 16year old Negro youth by a Georgia state trooper. The victim was William H. Owens of Kentucky. He had taken a job driving the family of an elderly white barber from Kentucky to Florida. The state cop was incensed at the sight of two white women sitting in the front of the car with the Negro youth.

He stopped the car, beat and choked Owens, hit him over the head with handcuffs, ordered the protesting family away, "because I don't want any witnesses," and finally took Owens off to jail.

Here are the subsequent developments in this case of police brutality. Ted Poston, reporter of the New York Post, telephoned Chief of the Georgia State Police, Colonel W. C. Dominy, to inquire about the case. Dominy said: "That n - - - r is quite fortunate that he ain't down here now. In fact the n - - - r is very lucky to be living. He was most discourteous and rude to the trooper. And it's a wonder he wasn't shot. Of course he (Trooper J. W. Southwell) hit him over the head with his handcuffs — but only once. He had to bump him over the head with something in order to bring him to his senses."

The four members of the Mattingly family, who begged the cop to stop his terrible beating of Owens, state that the youth offered no resistance, only pleading for mercy.

Then the Chief of Georgia's State Police declared that he had thoroughly investigated the case, that it was completely closed and that, "I think the officer is to be praised for exercising such restraint. Southwell had an accident about a year or so ago, and he had no business fighting up and down the road with a n - - - r. Any other officer would have shot him and had it over with. I still say the n - - - - r's lucky."

The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People on July 1 demanded that the U.S. Justice Department investigate the case of young Owens.

In Georgia the State Conference of NAACP branches also demanded that Governor Griffin investigate the beating of Owens. Apparently because of indignation over the case in New York and elsewhere, Gov. Griffin, an avowed enemy of the NAACP, felt it necessary to reply. He said he was ordering an investigation. The investigator would be no other than Colonel W. C. Dominy, Chief of the Georgia State Police, who has been gouted extensively at the beginning of this article.

It is apparent to all what kind of an "investigation" Dominy will make. What isn't as apparent, because here we are dealing with slicker customers, is the kind of investigation the Department of Justice will make, if it investigates at all. This outfit, with its FBI and crime laboratories. is a bunch of real eager beavers when it comes to witch hunting - if they can't find witnesses they'll produce a Harvey Matusow or Paul Crouch. But when it comes to investigating white-supremacist Wants Articles violations of Negroes' civil rights their heart just isn't in it.

Every employer, from the individual to the giant corporation, believes he is entitled to a "fair profit" under this system of "free enterprise." By this he means he is entitled to all he can get. But in the realm of war contracts where does "fair profit" end and profiteering begin? This question is causing dispute in Washington.

Under Roosevelt's "equality of sacrifice" program during World War II, cost-plus contracts generally provided for an average profit of 12%. This same figure was also the basis for the now defunct Excess Profits Law, which began its calculation of profits by exempting 12% of capital investment from the tax.

Roosevelt began his program by demanding that workers give up their overtime pay and work six or seven days a week at ten hours a day. But when a corporation made a huge profit on its war contract a representative of the Government Renegotiations Board sat down amicably with a

The Woes of Profiteering

By Robert Chester

stitute a Renegotiations Act howls of anguish and threats were heard.

In the course of the House Committee's hearings Theron J. Rice, of the U.S. Chamber of Commerce, flatly stated that the corporations "have little interest in that the socialist and liberal selling to the government" if their contracts were to be renegotiated. Ross Nichols of the National Association of Manufacturers claimed that renegotiation would provide no incentive to cut costs on war contracts. In other words they threatened, "We want more profits or we tion in the Militant soon. won't play.

The Wall Street Journal, however, admonished these crass spokesmen and pointed out that the Act was a corporation's best defense against charges of profiteering. The secret of this "restrained" and "sober" view of the Journal is that they are speaking for the Big Boys at the summit. Unlike some of the smaller fry, (millionaires instead of billionaires) they are not interested in public brawls writers covering very intelligently the evils in the South

VOLUME XIX

Testifies at Vaccine Probe

Dr. Jonas E. Salk (r.), developer of the polio vaccine, chats with Dr. John R. Paul of Yale University before their appearance at the House commerce subcommittee. Dr. Salk told committee he doubted vaccine was harmful in any way as some scientists and government officials have intimated.



On Delinquency

Editor:

tem.

New York.

Editor:

I enjoy reading the Militant those seamen who are awake, each week. It has many able and those who are asleep, so writers who cover both the labor that they will understand the and international scene very whole truth of this rotten systhoroughly. tem, and have it rescinded once Now that the capitalist press

and for all and its apologists are using J. M. much space trying to apologize Marcus Hook, Pa. for juvenile delinquency, pro-

claiming back-to-God movements, [We agree with the writer of etc., as the solution, it's time the above letter that the new hiring setup in the NMU estabpress begin digging up statistics lished by Joe Curran violates the to prove that juvenile delinquenold democratic rotary shipping cy is maladjustment due to the system. This is the result of breakdown in the economic systrying to live with the Taft-Hartley law, and represents a I hope to see articles pertain- most serious retreat on the part ing to this much discussed situa- of the union. The trouble with these retreats however is that Also, recently I read in the the union's enemies are never

Militant of the pamphlet, "How satisfied. Give the devil a finger to Spot a Communist." I im- and he wants the whole hand. mediately made application for In our opinion there is no way a copy of this brochure. En- out except through a militant closed herewith is the reply from | battle to repeal the Taft-Hartley the Dept. of the Army, Informa- law as well as all government tion Section Hq. First Army, attempts to regiment seamen -Governors Island, New York 4, Ed.]

New "Get Bridges" Trial Opens in San Francisco

"Not that I recall."

details over 22 years old.

MORE MEMORY WIZARDS

By Roy Gale SAN FRANCISCO, June 30 The Government, on June 20,

THE MILITANT

MONDAY, JULY 11, 1955

any such position?" "Not that I know of." opened its.civil suit to strip Gillard then referred to testi-Harry Bridges of his citizenship. mony Bridges had given at previ-They charge that Bridges lied in ous trials in an attempt to trip 1945 when he denied membership him up. Bridges explained that: in the Communist Party to get 'We are dealing here with 20 years, a couple of million words and whole books full of testimony. What I said before is a matter of record." Following Bridges on the stand

witnesses whose memories, like fine wine, seemed to improve with The Government's first witness age. For sinstance John H. Schomaker remembered details of communist, who gave testimony lesigned to prove the Communist paid \$25 a day and said he aver-

Then, in a surprise move, the

as an adverse witness. Bridges was forced to take the stand in spilte of vigorous protests by

> defense attorneys. The prosecutor, Lynn J. Gillard, then asked the following questions: "Were you ever a member

the Communist Party?" the Coast Guard, but was cleared "Nope," replied Bridges. after he testified for the Government in the Los Angeles Smith "Were you ever a member of Act Trial. Saunders memory only an organization that advocated

took him back to 1936, a mere 19 the overthrow of the Government years. He told of a meeting held by force and violence?' in the Mission District of San "No."

Francisco where Bridges was in-"Were you ever a member of a troduced as a speaker. This time faction of the Communist Party ?' Bridges turned up as "Comrade "Meaning what?" Rossi.'

Gillard then explained that a Bruce Hannon, a former longfaction was a group of Communist shore official who had testified for Bridges in the 1939 deporta-Party members who belong to another organization, a trade union tion hearing before Dean James for example, and meet to decide M. Landis turned up as a Govon party strategy within the orernment witness this time. Hannon recalled a 1938 meeting with ganization.

Bridges, William Z. Foster, then Bridges said he had never been National Chairman of the Commember of a faction. munist Party, Jack Stachel, Wil-"Were you ever issued a mem liam Lambert, Louis Goldblatt, enship book in the Communist Secretary-Treasurer of the ILWU, Party, Mr. Bridges?" Gillard conand John Schomaker. tinued.

Roy Gale

The reason for the meeting, "Nope," replied Bridges. "Did you ever pay dues to the Hannon recalled, was to settle a warehouse strike involving 75 ommunist Party? workers. It was feared that the "No "

"Were you ever elected to any strike, by banning "hot cargo," would tie up the waterfront. Hanosition in the Communist

I discipline of the Party could "Were you ever appointed to prevail on the warehouse leadership to settle the strike. He claimed that Bridges wanted the strike settled for fear that it would jeopardize the Party's hold

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on the waterfront. It was brought out in cross examination by Richard Gladstein, one of Bridges' attorneys, that Hannon had talked to the Immigration and Naturalization officials about establishing definite proof of his citizenship. Hannon

were a long string of Government was born in Canada. Nearly all the Government witnesses were "professionals" or owed the Government some favor.

STOP-WORK MEETING a conversation held in 1933 in a

In contrast to the string of paid restaurant on lower Market Street. witnesses who testified against He recalled a long conversation with Bridges and Bruce B. Jones Bridges was the testimony of the men in his union. On June 6, about what name Bridges should they held a stop-work meeting use as a Party member. They finally agreed on "Dorgan." protesting this latest attempt by Schomaker then left the restauthe Government to give Bridges a one-way ticket to his native rant for "10 or 15 minutes." Australia. Upon his return he saw an ap-

Even some of the daily papers plication card with Harry Bridges' doubt that the Government has name on one side and Harry the right to keep trying Bridges Dorgan on the other. A rather over and over again on the same remarkable feat of memory for charges, even though, technically,

there is no double jeopardy. An editorial in the June 6, Coos Bay Another man with a long Times said: "To our knowledge memory was one David L. no other man in the history of the United States has been so Saunders, a seaman who was screened from the waterfront by | hounded. The full power of the mightiest government on earth has been brought against one man for 20 years. It is questionable that Mr. Bridges' evil deeds are so great when so much government effort has brought so little results."

The trial has been adjourned unitil July 11.



his citizenship papers. The Government is out to prove two things — that the Communist Party seeks to overthrow the Government by force and violence and that Harry Bridges was a member of the Party before he

received his citizenship papers. was John Lautner, an avowed ex-Party seeks to overthrow the Government by force and violence. He is one in the stable of "professional experts on Communism" which the Government keeps on hand for these trials. He gets

ages \$125 per week.

BRIDGES' TESTIMONY

Government called Harry Bridges 21 to 24). and in disagreement

with him is the San Francisco meeting of March 28, 1955. Therefore I hope that you will take it up and enlighten all

corporation executive and worked out the size of the rebate. This pleasant procedure, of course, did not prevent the growth of a new crop of millionaires. By this method only \$11 billions were returned to the government out of the hundreds of billions raked in by wartime contracts.

After the war a clamor was raised to "free the hands of business." The Renegotiations Act was terminated. But with the Korean "police action" came another flood of fat war contracts.

Another Renegotiations Act was passed, this time with a number of "exemptions" for the suffering corporations. As a result only \$355 million out of the tens of billions paid out have been refunded.

With the end of 1954 this Act died although war orders continue at the same high levels. When a move was begun in the House Ways and Means Committee to rein-

with the government about their profits. plaguing our capitalist society. Editor: They have more effective ways of arrang- More power to them. ing such matters. After all, who runs the government anyhow. A quiet chat with Charlie Wilson over at the Defense Department; a few words with this or that billionaire in the cabinet and matters can

be ironed out. For smaller corporations on the make, however, these "smooth" techniques are not feasible. They must use every means of pressure and when called to account,

then scream about their rights under "free enterprise."

There is one way of putting a stop to these conflicts between the government System Criticized and Big Business, and among different sections of Big Business itself. Nationalize the war industries under workers' control! Then they'll all scream in one chorus, unitedly. But it won't do them any good.

Notes from the News

ACTION FLARED UP in the 15-month Kohler strike in Wisconsin July 6. One thousand workers successfully prevented the company from unloading clay from a freighter in the dock area of Sheboygan, Wisconsin. In addition the property of several scabs in the area was damaged. Mayor Ploetz announced to the crowd at the dock that Sheriff Mosch had taken over law enforcement in the city. The NLRB will hear the union's charges of unfair labor practices by the Kohler Co. on July 20. * * *

WHEN A FACTORY OWNER is convicted of setting fire to his own plant, that's news. Ray V. Cantrell, owner of a pajam'a factory in Bessemer, Alabama, accused the workers picketing his plant of arson blut a jury found him guilty instead. At the time of the fire Cantrell was filling orders for a plant in Miami closed by a strike.

A NEGRO VETERAN, Harold Miller, convicted and given a life sentence on the charge of rape, has the backing of the Illionois American Civil Liberties Union in his appeal. He was accused by a woman suffering from schizophrenia with delusions and hallucinations.

A SHORTER WORK WEEK and a guaranteed annual wage are demands recommended by the Glass Bottle Blowers Association. Lee W. Minton, President of this old, established, craft union, gave these demiands as the necessary answer to automation. "Everything will be automatic except a new job for the union people who will be displaced," he commented.

AWARE, INC., the self-appointed censor to "combat the Communist conspirarcy in the entertainment world," was roundly condemned by a

two-to-one vote of the American Federation of Television and Radio Artists. The resolution of condemnation charged A/WARE with using "the now familiar smear methods of interference and innuendo from alleged 'public records'."

NEBRASKA'S "RIGHT TO WORK" BILL prohibiting union shop agreements was upheld in the state Supreme Court when it ruled that the Federal Railway Labor Act, which permits the union shop, was now superseded. In this ruling state slave labor laws take precedence over federal law. The unions are appealing to the U.S. Supreme Court.

THE CIO WOMEN'S LEAGUE of New Jersey held its first constitutional convention. A total of 150 women, representing seven CIO unions to which they or their husbands belong, set themselves a rounded program of political action and community service. They also have a program of strike service which includes activities such as telephone contact work, collecting food for strikers' families, and marching the picket lines.

CURRENT SMITH ACT VICTIMS now total 115. They include 17 still in jail, 57 awaiting Appeals Court decisions, 33 awaiting trial under the "fonce and violence" clause of the Act. Two have been convicted and six are awaiting trial on "membership in the Communist Party" ruling. Not included in this list is the large number under persecution by other witch-hunt laws. Also not included are those who have served their sentences under the Smith "Gag" Act and have been deprived of their Civil rights, like the eighteen Socialist Workers Party and Minneapolis also the NMU Pilot, so that you Teamsters Union leaders who were convicted in the first Smith Act trial in 1941.

very intelligently

C. M. C. Cleveland, Ohio

[C. M. C. encloses a letter] from a Lt. Colonel Yeiser, Assistant Adjutant General, U. S. Army, stating that the pamphlet has been rescinded and that no further distribution will be made. The army withdrew the pamphlet after a barrage of editorial

ridicule from the labor and liberal press. - Ed.]

New NMU Hiring fact as one worker put it to me, being sick.'

I would just like to send you these few lines, concerning the new group hiring system that worked the longest made the has been established in the Na- same as when they first started. tional Maritime Union by Joe Also there was no retirement Curran and his gang. Now this with pay; when you were rekind of hiring system is no good tired you were fired. And senat all. Because, as you can see, iority meant only that you knew this kind of setup would only profit one group — that is, only harder and faster. those in Group 1. I think that This wasn't just you will agree with me, that this is unfair towards the balance of seamen that happen to One man offered me a job as a be in the unfortunate groups 2,

3 and 4. Because, as far as this hour. The union jobs paid a litgroup business is concerned, tle better. For example a union they stand the chance of maybe never shipping out. Now I have an hour.

seen the working of it in many ports that I have been in. I have had talks with many seamen like myself and they don't like this kind of system at all. It seems that they really want to do something about it. I, guess that they might not know

exactly just what course of action to take so that they can make the system come back to the rotary shipping like it was before.

Therefore, I said to myself that I would drop you, the people of the Militant, a few lines

to outline it to you. The recent shipping system should be abolished and we should return to the rotary shipping system like tions. it was before, instead of having this rotten system of group shipping, which was cooked up by a few big brains in the NMU National Council Meeting. And so I now send you the National Shipping Rules and can read J. B. McDougall's speech on the West Coast (Pages

Party?' Traveling through the South I saw some of the conditions to which workers are subjected. I

was in the southern part of Texas and obtained a job as a laborer. We were paid 70c an SAN FRANCISCO, June 27hour for digging ditches for a water company. Most of the How many times does a man workers were Mexican-Amerihave to go on trial for any one "crime" in this country? If your cans. They reported for work at 7 A.M. and worked as late as

name is Alfred Renton Bridges, 6 or 7 P.M. They had no unions, better known on the waterfront as Harry Bridges, it means that and of course, no vacations, paid you have been on trial for 21 or unpaid; and no protection in years. For the same "cnime," case of accident or sickness. In

Harry Bridges has been under "You'll be lucky if you have a job when you come back after government fire since 1934 when the Immigration Service tried to deport him to his native Aus-There was no question of

tralia. The government decided raises. Even the ones who had that Bridges was an undesirable citizen after he led the West Coast longshoremen to victory in the 1934 strike. It was the first time in decades that the longshoremen had been able to win union conditions. more and were expected to work

'COMMUNIST" CHARGE

naturalization hearing. He was This wasn't just an isolated found guilty of criminal perjury Since 1934 Bridges has been case. Jobs were hard to find and and sentenced to five years in subjected to one criminal trial, the pay was always very low. two congressional bills, two deportation hearings, and four bricklayer's helper for 65c an other major government investigations. In every case the govrun out. ernment pressed the same issue. carpenter made \$1.50 to \$1.75 Bridges, they charged, is a

THE "NEW" CHARGES

'communist"? Through the years The workers who think that there has been no other charge they can get along without that they could bring against unions, or who think that unions him except that he allegedly are no good, should take a little held political views that were charged the same thing — Bridges is a "Communist." The trip to some of these Southern allegedly subversive. Now he states and find a job. They'll must face the court again. The current civil trial is only the soon see why more and more government charges that Bridges

shops are running down there. | lied when he denied that he was They have a near-perfect set up a communist to get his citizenfor super-exploitation. ship papers in 1945.

But the recent strikes in the A fitting title for an autobiography, if Bridges is thinking of South show that the workers are beginning to fight back against writing one, might well be "My Life in the Courtrooms." He this exploitation. We union would have plenty to write about. workers up North should do all we can to help our sister and He could tell of the eleven weeks in 1938 when he had an brother workers in the South to administrative hearing before organize and get some decent living wages and working condi- Dean James M. Landis. He was cleared when Landis ruled that there was no evidence to sup-J. M.

ternational, 116 University Pl.,

New York 3, N. Y.

port the charges that Bridges New York City was a "Communist." Usually a elear-cut ruling that the accused For only \$1.25 you can get a s innocent ends the prosecution. That is, for any "crime" except one-year subscription to the Marxist quarterly, Fourth In-'Communism.'

He could then tell of the two congressional Bills that sought to deport him because his pres-



ence was "hurtful" to the U.S. | latest in a long string of at-One bill failed to pass the Sen- tempts to deport Bridges.

ate and the other was declared The new case is based on Section 305 of the Nationality unconstitutional The next event in Bridges' life Act of 1940, which states: "No person shall become a naturalbefore the bar of "justice" was in 1941. It was another deportajzed citizen who believes in, adtion hearing. This time, before vocates or teaches or is a member of or affiliated with any Charles B. Sears, a retired New York Judge. After ten weeks of organization that (believes) in testimony, Judge Sears saw his the overthrow of the Government duty and ruled that Bridges was by force and violence."

The new trial will center deportable. This attempt on the right of Bridges to stay in this around two main issues. Was or country was finally quashed by is Bridges a member of the the U.S. Supreme Court in Communist Party and if so is 1945. Bridges then applied for the Communist Party an organicitizenship and was naturalized zation which seeks to overthrow the Government by force and in September 1945.

Bridges next went on trial violence. Nov. 14, 1949. This time, the

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prison. This conviction was set aside July 15, 1953, when the U. S. Supreme Court ruled that the statute of limitations had Now Bridges is 20 years older than when the Government first tried to give him a one way ticket to Australia. Always they

Government charged that Bridg-

es lied when he swore he was

not a Communist in his 1945