

Japanese Achieving Objectives Kuo Min Tang Attacks Rising Workers' Movement

War in Manchuria have been rapid in the spite this, and the present bourgeois past week. The Japanese armies proceeded so swiftly to remove Chinese forces from any control of Manchurian Japanese. The Kuo Min Tang govern soil that the foreign powers, who had ment of Chiang Kai-Shek further pronot even sharply reprimanded Japan's ceeds against the working class. It miltary aggressions before, called upon has forbidden strikes and brands the Japan to halt her advances. Great Bri- suspension of work "as illegal in times tain and the United States particularly of crisis". Suppression of workers' orintervened when it appeared as if the ganizations and execution of labor mili-Japanese would also seize the city of tants and Communists continue as the Chinchow, the last hold of China on Manchuria. U. S. Secretary of State Stimson's alleged statement that "Japan can read the Fenprekor despatches which was running amuck in Manchuria" tend- give graphic first hand pictures and exed to bring diplomatic parleys, carried planations of the situation and actions on for the most part secretly, to a head. For the moment, at least, the Japanese march upon Chinchow has been halted.

But what is outstanding in the Manchurian situation is that the Japanese imperialists have achieved virtually all their objectives in Manchuria and are now in a position to make "concessions" to the "demands" of the United States cleared Manchuria of nearly all Chinese forces and influence for the time being, The so-called International Commission of Inquiry into affairs in Manchuria and China will, when it begins its tasks of legalizing the exploitation and dismem berment of Manchuria and China, have to do so while Japanese troops occupy Manchurian soil at all strategic points. Japan has virtually forced the other imhad little choice in the matter) to recog- League of Nations. This bourgeois govnize the validity of her so-called treaty from a powerless China at the point of the Chinese bourgeois is to develop as a gun.

The Chinese Bourgeoisle Capitulate Before the Imperialists

The Chinese bourgeois government of Chiang Kai-Shek has all but totally surrendered to the demands of the Japanese imperialists, as well as to the pressure of the capitalist powers led by the United States and Great Britain. After much bluster that the Chinese government would consider no negotiations between Japan and itself on disputed questions, until Japanese military forces had evacuated Manchuria, the Nanking government is now ready to concede that vital point and to place her reliance on the International Commission of Inquiry. A foreshadows greater miseries for the Chi-

Developments in the Sino-Japanese gestures of defiance against Japan. De character, in the main, of the boycott. it has been a thorn in the side of the policy of the Kuo Min Tang. Our readers in other columns of The Militant in China and the Far East generally.

Relations With the Soviet Union

Despite these actions and policies of the Chinese Nationalists, there is considerable effort being exerted for the resumption of relations with the Soviet Union. It is sad to have to say that the Chinese Revolution of 1927 was destroyed by Chiang Kai-Shek and the Kuo Min and the imperialist powers associated Tang which was then fully supported in the League of Nations. Japan has and endorsed by Joseph Stalin and the Comintern over the protests of the Left Opposition. It is perhaps fitting that the hands of Chiang Kai-Shek should again seek to grasp those of Stalin whose policy leads everywhere to the destruction of international socialism and solidarity of the working masses.

The Canton Government, of which Engene Chen is foreign minister, charges Nanking with failure to resist Japan's perialist powers (bourgeois China herself invasion, and decries reliance upon the ernment which has fundamentally the "rights" in Manchuria, rights obtained same aims as Nanking, realizes that if a power and be able also to resist the Chinese toilers, it will have to show at least some semblance of resistance to the invaders.

> Arising out of the Manchurian situa tion, Pravda, Moscow, raises the ques tion of recognition of the Soviet Union by the United States as one means whereby confusion and understanding between the various countries may be alleviated or removed, citing the Sino-Russ Eastern Railway dispute as a point.

Winter will slow down military operations in Manchuria. Meanwhile Japan remains intrenched in Manchuria and, on the whole, regards with equanimity, the forthcoming commission of inquiry, to be extended to five members to insad reed indeed to lean upon and which clude a small power. Only the Chinese bourgeoisie have cause to tremble in their Militant Workers Rally to the Defense of Soderberg, Bunker and Trajer

Statement and Appeal of the Marine Workers' Defense Committee To All Workers and all Workers' Organizations:

Comrades and Fellow-workers:

On Tuesday, November 17th, the New York newspapers carried sensational stories of the arrest of the secretary and four other members of the Independent Tidewater Boatmens' Union on charges that they had engaged in a plot for "the wholesale bombing of barges in New York Harbor". It was claimed that the guilt of the arrested union members was clearly established and admitted; that they had "confessed" to the crimes charged against them. The stage was all set for the breaking up of the union and the railroading of the arrested men to prison terms of twenty-five to forty years.

An investigation of the case by lead ing members of the Tidewater Boatmen's Union and others soon put another face on the affair. As a result of this investigation we say now:

Workers, they are trying to put over another frame-up; pay no attention to anything they say in the capitalist press until you read the following statement of the case on behalf of the defendants: 1. They have not "confessed". The ing to do in the well-known labor cases

only confession the police have obtained of the past. It is sufficient only to reis the "confession" of their own stool- call the Mooney base, the Sacco-Vanzetti

, pigeon and agent provocateur, a police case and the case of Moyer and Haywood ment on convicted criminals in prison. character who has undertaken the role for an intelligent worker to be on his But the New York police are not in the of a modern Harry Orchard. On this guard against this factor in the framepoint the defendants have made the folup game. lowing statement in a letter to the de-

The flimsiness of the present case was given a striking illustration already at the preliminary hearing set for Tuesday, "We want to make it clear to all those November 24. Fearing to trust the agent concerned that not one of us, the underprovocateur to cross-examination by the signed, is guilty of any part of the crimes defense attorney at an open court hearcharged against us and have contended ing, the prosecution rushed through a so throughout the whole case, no matter secret indictment by the Grand Jury the what the daily press may have said to night before in order to avoid the hearthe contrary. We are framed and acing. And they have already been obliged cused by one William Hoyle, a member to dismiss the charges against Reilly, of the union whom the police are using one of the original defendants. against us. Our stand has been, is now,

Concerning the stool-pigeon Hoyle and and always will be, one of not guilty. his role, John G. Soderberg, secretary Our only crime has been that of organof the Independent Tidewater Boatmen's izing workers in an industry where ex-Union and one of the defendants, writes ploitation has reached its very limit. in a letter from jail:

"Who is this Hoyle? What is his record? A conviction in Providence for larceny. Fired off his last three jobs,

not for organization activities but on account of drunkenness. Unable to get a job in the harbor he hit on the idea of making easy money by trying to involve his own union comrades in some tangle ... He went to Hickey (manager of the O'Boyle Towing Co. and complainant in the case) in open court (at the arraignment) in front of us all, asked for and received \$10 or account for sending four men up the river for 40 years or more".

Perjurers, stool-pigeons and agents provocateur have played their perfidious role in every conspiracy against militant labor leaders.

No intelligent worker who knows the history of labor and the frame-up system would convict anyone on such testimony.

3. They want to destroy the Boatmen's Union. The Independent Tidewater Boatmen's Union is the real target of the conspiracy of which the defendants are the immediate victims. This is clearly shown by the whole procedure during and after the arrests. The police did not ing.

lations with the Soviet began pouring simply arrest the defendants as would down from the Northeastern provinces be done in an ordinary criminal case. that has been said it seems to us pershortly after the Japanese occupation, They raided the union hall and drove fectly clear that this case has a vital everybody out. They tore the telephone which began on September 19. Public interest for all workers' organizations, organizations of the most reactionary from the wall and smashed the furniture. and that all workers owe an obligation They carried away the books and records of solidarity to the defendants. Dynamtype, chamber of commerce, merchants' guilds, etc., kept the wires hot for weeks of the union. Then they put a police ite plants and dynamite plots are a compadlock on the hall and barred the mon menace to all. We have seen with burning petitions on the subject. members from admittance. And they enough of this game in our own experi-Demand For Renewed Relations Increases didn't stop there. In the days follow-To these petitions was added on Octence; we have read enough about it ing the arrests and the sensational stor- in the history of the labor movement in ober 17 the voice of Noh Teh-hui, chief ies in the press, police and detectives earlier generations. We dare not turn Chinese delegate to the Moscow conferwent onto the boats, where the members aside and let the arrested marine pute. Noh, who has been languishing in of the union were working, and warn ers fight alone. If the movement can ed them that if they did not tear up be terrorized by the cry of dynamite, if their union books they would run the everyone turns away the minute the risk of being involved in the case. All police announce the "discovery" of these facts are testified to by officers bombs, then no organization, and no acand leading members of the union. tive worker in the labor cause is secure What is the reason for this campaign from attack. They can plant a bomb of terrorism? If the case against the in any office, produce a stool-pigeon to accused men is an ordinary criminal testify and railroad anyone they please. case, if they are interested only in ap- They have done it many times before prehending criminals, why is such an and they will do it again if we do not assault made against the union? These investigate and expose every case and are questions which every worker must, come to the aid of the intended victims. ask. The answer is simple enough. The The duty of all class conscious workunion, to which the defendants belong, ers is clear. Soderberg, Bunker and organizes the harbor boatmen and fights Trajer must be provided with competent for a minimum wage standard for them. legal defense. The labor movement must In the recent period sweeping wage cuts be informed of the facts in the case and against these workers have been made the issues involved. Searching investiby various companies in the harbor. The gations must be condudcted to unsover union fought this wage cutting campaign. the whole conspiracy and bring every It upheld the standards on the boats thing out into the light of day. under its control while the unorganized For these purposes, and at the urgent boatmen had to submit to heavy reducrequest of the defendants, the undertions. The Tidewater Boatmen's Union (Continued on Page 4) holds a position of gerat strategic importance in the organization of all Entertainment for workers in the New York Harbor. It has been established and functioning for «El Soviet» a period of more than ten years and has built up a stable group of union fighters. John G. Soderberg, as secret-NEW YORK ENTERTAINMENT ary of the union, was one of the leading **ON SATURDAY** spirits in the struggle. The other defendants-Thomas Bunker and William An affair for the benefit of El Soviet, Trajer- were active workers for the official organ of the Left Opposition of union. Therein lies the explanation why Spain will be held on Saturday, Decemthey were selected as the victims, and ber 5th, 1931, beginning at 8 P. M., at why their arrest was ony a cover for the headquarters of the New York a terroistic assault against the union. Branch of the Communist League (Op-4. Bestial Third Degree Torture. The position), 84 East 10th Street. Workers laws of all the states prohibit the in- are cordidally invited to attend. Refreshfliction of "cruel and unusual" punish- ments will be served.

least restrained by this prohibition in their treatment of prisoners whose guilt

remains to be proven. Their brutal maltreatment of helpless prisoners who fall into their hands is as notorious as their graft, as their framing of women and their support of the bosses in every labor struggle. In the case of the accused marine workers they have outdone themselves. In their efforts to compel the defenseless prisoners to "confess" they have resorted to bestial and inhuman torture. Read the statement of one of the prisoners.

"Half an hour later I was arrested, and in less than an hour Trajer (a boy of 20) was brought in and shown to me just long enough for me to see his swollen and blood-smeared face (which was shown me for effect)."

"The police were beating me unconscious in their endeavor to force me to plead guilty. All known tortures were used by the police (beating of testicles with blackjacks, punching and squeezing of same, etc.'

They talk about crime? What crime can be more terrible, what greater offensive against humanity can there be than the torture, by these methods of the dark ages, of helpless prisoners in the dark corners of their jail? Yes, crime has been committed; but it is you. police guardians of property, who are the criminals!

No only do they condemn themselves before humanity by these tortures; they also refute their own accusations against the prisoners. If they have proof of their guilt, then why did they resort to torture to compel "confessions"? This is the question which will logically arise

in the mind of every unprejudiced person. And when, on top of that, it is taken into consideration that even this torture could not exort "confessions", the presumption of innocence on the part of the defendants becomes overwhelm-5. Our Duty of Solidarity. From all

News from the Far East

China Seeks to Renew Soviet Relations

SHANGHAI-Nov. 1, 1931. Far East- | whose firm stand with regard to her ern Press Correspondence—(Fenprecor) position in Mauchuria, far from weak--While the terror against Communists ening in the face of rival imperialist and revolutionaries of every shade conopposition, has stiffened into blunt detinues unabated,d Nanking government fiance. Urgent requests for resumption of re

politico-military circles are being agitated at the moment over the question of resuming relations with Soviet Russia. Relations were broken off in 1929 by the U. S. S. R., as a conquance of Chinese raids on the Peking and Harbin consulates during the Sino-Soviet dispute over the Chinese Eastern Railway in July of the year.

The current agitation for diplomatic resumption is a direct outgrowth of the Japanese imperialist invasion of Manchuria. A large bloc of Chinese politicomilitary opinion is convinced that only

If this is a crime, then we will continue to be criminals, but we most emphatically deny guilt of the matter charged against us by the police." 3. The role of an agent provocateur. The case against the accused union workers consists of the statements of

fense committee:

one man who has undertaken to furnish the necessary "evidence" to send them to prison for the rest of their lives, as so many police perjurers have been will-

nese people.

Rarely has a government in all history been so suppine and groveling before its foreign imperialist masters,from Japan to Italy, Great Britain and the United States. as has been the capitalist government of Chiang Kai-Shek. The latter has not moved in reality one iota to resist the Japanese invasion, despite the strong and growing protest and demands of all elements in China, particularly the workers and poorer peasants. Chiang's boast that he would lead the military forces against Japan on the Manchurian front has proved to be an idle boast. He remains in Manking.

The Oppression Against the Chinese Masses

But if Chiang Kai-Shek and the rest of the bourgeoisie behind him have been wholly weak and lax in opposing the Japanese imperialists, they have been working overtime once again to smash the rising movement of the workers, peasants and students, whose wrath and demand for struggle against all forms of imperialism, foreign and native, has grown rapidly again in the past weeks. But Chiang denounces the demonstrators, not only against his bloody regime, but against Japan. The economic boycott against Japanese goods and its possibilities is frowned upon by the government, and efforts are made to make the boycott innocuous, colorless and merely



Labor Temple 14th Street andd Second Avenue QUESTIONS and DISCUSSION

ADMISSION: 25 Cents **Unemployed Workers Admitted Free** Auspices: New York-Branch Communist League of America (Opposition)

boots. Japan's capital investments of \$750,000,000 (figures of 1930, from World Almanac of 1931) appear indeed to be secure. Nor has it great qualms just now over its investments in China itself which, among others, include outright ownership of 43 cotton mills, with 1,397,-272 spindles and 13,981 looms.

The Importance of Chinchow

Japan's hope to seize Chinchow, against which the other powers set up a screeching howl, is easy to understand. It was the last hold of China in Manchuria. Chinchow, says a report of the National Geographic Society, is the chief city of Southwest Manchuria; it is the center for Chinese trade. It is one of the most

strategically located cities in the Far East and has the only railroad which links China and Manchuria. It is China's open "front door" to Manchuria which China must hold to have any say in Manchuria.

Now there are discussions for the es tablishment of a "neutral zone" about Chinchow, and, further, December 15th is suggested for the withdrawal of troops from Manchuria. Negotiations are slow and, it is expected, will be long drawn out, during which time, nevertheless, fighting of one sort or another will continue, and working class victims of capitalist militarism will be killed. The Nanking government will accept whatever is handed to them by the imperialfor a "formula", not a solution, to the

Manchurian problems.

Revive the Workers' Movement In China

The Communists and militants in Japan and China are increasing their activities. That is the best hope for a correct ultimate solution. In Japan there have been manifestations by the workers against the Japanese attack uopn Manchuria. In China, as has been pointed out, the working class is endeavoring to rebuild its economic and political organizations, and is arousing itself for struggle against the Chinese bourgeoisie and the Kuo Min Tang betrayers, against the militarists and landlords of north and south and the institutions of militarism and capitalism in China. The Chinese toilers are once again building for the future, for the only lasting solution, for a Soviet China. It is for the American workers to assist the Chinese masses by organizing their forces against the strongest of the imperialist powers, the United States, whose claws are sharpened for a grip on China. -MARTIN ABERN.

through cooperation with the Soviet can China effectively block Japan. The fulfillment of their dearest wishes would be realized if the Soviet Union were to take up the cudgels against Japan in the present crisis.

As delegates from Nanking and Canton met here this week to attempt a rapprochement and redivision of the spoils, reports began emanating from authoritative sources that negotiations for resuming relations with Soviet Rus-

sia would soon be tentatively begun. The issue has been given additional impetue by the patent failure of the League of Nations to handle the Manchurian situation and the expectation that the League will be forced to receile before Japan

Militant Situation is Critical

The critical financial situation of The Militant makes it necessary to continue our appeal for financial assistance for the paper. There is no other way to ports on the Amur River. Previously make certain the appearance of the Weekly Millitant but to ask our supporters and readers to help financially. Every reader of The Militant, we feel sure, will do everything possible to assure its continuance, We now ask for immedi- to Habarovsk.

ate aid; it is the only way out of our ists. The League of Nations is seeking present difficulty, and to enable us to build more solidly for the future.

Our organization, the Communist Lea gue of America, takes pride in the international character of The Militant, an outsanding feature which is not even remotely approached by any other paper of the Communist movement. With this issue, still another development in this respect is recorded; namely, the utilization of the press service. Fenprecor. which will enable us to furnish our readers with accurate, detailed and comprehensive data on the situation in the Far East. So long as The Militant is able financially to do so, it will continue this press service.

Our situation remains precarious; our financial weakness hinders the development of many of our other projects. We call upon all our readers to help The Militant NOW Make a donation TODAY. And better yet, decide to make a weekly contribution for the sustenance of the Weekly Militant.

Send all money immediately.

THE MILITANT 84 East 10th Street, New York, N. Y.

ence on the Chinese Eastern Railway dis Moscow since last March without making any progress, wired Marshal Chang Hsueh-Liang, deposed Manchurian warlord,d to urge the Nationalist Government to undertake resumption of relations "with a view to securing Moscow's help in the solution of the Manchurian crisis" says a dispatch to the China Press of Shanghai.

Generally influential opinion in the north among the bourgeois merchants and military whose economic positions have been jeopardidzed by the Japanese occupation soon crystallized into what has became a persistent demand for resuming relations with China's northern neigh-

Coincident with this agitation comes a report from Harbin that distinct changes have already taken place in Sino-Soviet relationships up there in the last two weeks. The press in Harbin has suddenly been given permission to

freely publish news from Russian sources. Chinese river craft are now permitted to carry grain through to Soviet tugs towing grain barges had been permitted to proceed only as far as the mouth of the Sungari River, where the barges were taken over by Soviet steamers. Now they are pushing right through

On the 28th and 29th of October alarmingly worded reports were circulated in China from Japanese sources "disclosing heavy movements of Soviet troops on the Manchurian border. Tokyo's foreign minister, Baron Shidehara, forthwith instructed the Japanese ambassador at Moscow to "express" Japan's concern at the reports . . . and to ask the Soviet

Government to refrain from activities which are liable to arouse military apprehensions". When Karakhun retorted with a sharp denial of the rumors, which

he characterized as "provocative", Japanese official circles officially expressed official relief, and declared they had known all along the rumors wer scarcely credible.

A transparent plan on the part of the Japanese was seen in the exchange to help justify before the world their failure to withdraw from Manchurian soil before the date set by the League of been repudiated and characterized in its true dimensions by Japan.

Although the Nanking Government is (Continued on Page 2)

Swabeck National Tour Well Under Way

The National Tour of comrade Arne All the branches have written in to Swabeck opened in Boston with a mass the National Office of the Communist meeting on November 27th. Sessions League of America, expressing great were also held by Swabeck with the satisfaction that the national tour has Boston Branch of the Communist League been arranged. The remainder of comof America (Opposition) in connection rade Swabeck's schedule follows:

with various activities, among them trade Chicago, Ill. Dec. 8, 9, 10, union work, the I. L. D., etc. 11, 12, 13. From Boston comrade Swabeck was Springfield, Ill. Dec. 14. scheduled to continue on to Toronto, St. Louis, Mo..... Dec. 15, 16. Canada and thence to Detroit, and then Kansas City, Mo. Dec. 18, 19, 20. Nations resolution, which has already for a stay of 6 days in Chicago, com- Minneapolis, Minn. Dec. 24, 25, 26, mencing on December 8th, where there 27. 28. 29. will be held open forum lectures, a mass Chicago, Ill. Dec. 31 and meeting and Branch gatherings. Detail-January 1st sued a statement on the 30th that no re- ed reports on comrade Swabeck's tour Youngstown, Ohio January 3 quest has even been made to Soviet Rus- will begin in the next issue of The Mili- Cleveland, Ohio January 4, 5. tant. Philadelphia, Pa. January 10.

Book Review

"Lenin" by Prince D. S. Mirsky—Little Brown & Co.

In a booklet on the history of Rus sia, Prince Svyatapolk-Mirsky conclude with the thought that Soviet Russia re presents a new type of civilizationcivilization in which Eastern (Asiatic) ideals predominate over Western (European) ideals. And that is good, he thinks; for Eastern culture (ignorance, mysticism and mendicancy) is to him superior to Western culture (the machine and its resultants).

That is the springboard of his accept ance of the present-Stalinist-regime in Russia. Soviet Russia does not re present to him the fulfillment of an idea -a social idea—the Marxian idea; but it represents to him rather a counterposing of cultural forces-the East vs the West, Spengler vs. Marx. And so we have another apostle of National Socialism as against World Revolution.

Friends and enemies are not the choices of accident. Too, it is no accident that Lenin should have at one time chided Stalin for his nationalistic compulsions. And when the latest of tion could be answered categorically the Trotsky killers, the professor and The evidence of an interested witness Prince, Mirsky, comes to make his peace, was not as "safe" as of a witness absofourteen years after the event, with the lutely disinterested in the outcome. In Soviet Revolution, it is because-"the the light of the emphasis it received in 5 or 6% were Communists. He denied Communists-were better patriois than the Judge's charge to the jury, the oral the National Russians-" In fact it evidence of the police spy Leopold was taught the use of force or violence for was "this patriotic acceptance of Soviet presumably counted as "disinterested". policy" that led him to undertake the The court ruled out as inadmissable all biography of the firmest disciple of evidence of the activity of the party in class struggle. A clash in the distant Marx-the creator with Trotsky-not so the labor movement that it conceived much of "a new State" but of the first as not bearing on the particular issue of Party speaks against force and violence dictatorship of the proletariat over an "force and violence". Wih due regard to The day to day struggle concerned wage area comprising no less than a sixth of these limitations, which operate in other reductions, unemployment, etc. There the earth's sufrace. And why not? If soc- jurisdictions, it was still necessary and was no suggestion of a present overial patriots and epigones can write books on Leninism why can't a reac- fence. To what extent did the accused overthrow is what the party was organtionary epigone and patriot write a book succeed? on Lenin. Of the two the latter is less harmful.

Such belated courtesies to the Workers' State from all manner and shape of former aristocrats, intelligentsia and down right red baiters seems to be the mode now. All, however, under the guise of the National Socialistic (socialism in one country) principle. In Germany, recently, an entire group of intellectuals and army men came out in favor of the Theses and Statutes of the Comintern, C. P. G., declaring it the most patriotic party in Germany and seeking a national socialistic solution for the economic ills of the land. Each theory evolves its own practice. Strange theories -strange adherents.

The Prince's Hero Is-Stalin

As for the book itself, it is the most the party committee, etc. All this painpuerile attempt at biography since Emil staking accumulation was intended to this discontent and discord and regard Ludwig sat on a high chair. To attempt bring home to the jury that the Com- the consequent class conflict as ultimatethe life of a great man and leave out munist Party of Canada was admittedly ly inevitable. We do not seek to bring that period in his history which has been a section of the Comintern, that it was most instrumental in bringing out his subordinated to the "instructions" of is merely our hope that the workers' the press. the Crown prosecutor, Mr. greatness and importance is, at best, an Moscow, and accordingly the agent was opportunity to seize power will come Somerville, thought it best to add his effort at taxidermy and not biography. responsible for the plans and acts of the when the revolution breaks out . . . our own pleasant note. Not only were the There is nothing in the book that one, principal. Mr. Norman Somerville, the ultimate aim is a farmer-labor governwith a fairly adequate acquaintance of Crown prosecutor, was not satisfied with ment in Canada and a system of Soviets revolutionary literature, especially that eloquent quotations from fundamental or councils but not necessarily by over- membership or been expelled. "Under pertaining to Soviet Russia, does not documents. The police had also seized throw. We feel that the system will this last class," he believed, "would some already know. There are a few specious what purported to be a pamphlet of Vas- decay and collapse of its own accord such former leading members of the and rationalized defenses of his real hero siliev of the Organization Department of . . . The present system of government Stalin. Our author, seemingly under the the Comintern, in which the author un- will not be in existence by the time the spell of Yaroslovsky, tries a little per- dertakes to discuss more efficient meth- inevitable struggle arrives . . . all we editor of the Worker." version of Party history, himself. The ods of workers' self-defence for protec- seek is the amelioration of the lot of reference is to November the seventh. tion of open air demonstrations against the workers, under this or any other qparters in Winnipeg have been raided According to John Reed (and you have any ensuing police attacks. The Crown system . . . The tendency of capitalism your choice as to your historiographer) attempted to link this pamphlet up with was to supercede democracy by Fascism Marriot, has been placed under arrest. it was Lenin who insisted on that date a demonstration in Toronto in which cerfor the Revolution to take over power

The Defendants Before the Docks in Canada

The Goverment Aims to Attack All of the Communist Forces; An Evaluation of the Defence

at the Toronto assizes was not of the party. There had been no language sec accused as individuals only but of the tions of the party since the re-organiza-Communist Party of Canada. That cir- tion in 1925, and the Finnish Society and cumstance placed a great responsibility Ukrainian Farmer Labor Temple were independent organizations. The minority on the comrades to conduct their deactive in these organizations naturally fence in accord with revolutionary tradisought to influence and direct their poltions and in a manner promoting the icies by the same methods of persuasion political education of the masses. The open to others. accused could not resort to a merely

To the question if the purpose of the legalistic defence without grave sacrifice Communist Party was to bring about change of government by force and rules of court procedure and the excluviolence the witness replied: "We teach the inevitability of the collapse of capino less weighted in favor of the prosecu- talism. The present system was essen tion than the section of the Criminal tially a system of government which had Code which was the basis of the in- grown out of private property relationdictment. The presiding Judge would ships and so could not be expected to not, for example, permit explanatory function for socialism. When the work ers obtained political power they would create their own state".

Tom Ewan, secretary of the Workers League, testified that this organization had a membership of 25,000 of which only He again quoted from the Statutes of that the Communist Party advocated or industrial change. It was the capitalist class which resorted to violence in the future was inevitable. The Communist throw of the system but an eventual ized for.

There was no organic connection be-] tween the Comintern and the R. I. L. trial", he said, "have drawn a distinc-U. He suggested that there was little tion between two classes-the proletaressential difference between the work and iat, covering all wage workers, and the aims of the Workers Unity League and an ordinary trade union organization. tions obtaining between the party and the Finnish society.

Bruce's Testimony

Malcolm Bruce denied knowledge of dom of our representatives in Parliaany workers self defense corps in Canada. Violence had come from the police. "We don't create or foment strife or

program of the Sixth Congress, the minutes of the Political Bureau, cablegrams discontent or discord," declared comrade Bruce in the course of examination by that passed between the Comintern and defence counsel. "We merely recognize about an armed revolution in Canada. It icies and principles. In a statement to

... armed revolution lies in the lap of tain policemen were alleged to have suf-l history. We recognize an evolutionar

It was common ground that the trial, had any "organic connection" with the vocated. "I don't believe in violence Lenin's classic opposition to this theory nor does any Communist . . . While of the "elemental development" of the there has been violence in historica workers' movement is well known. "With changes, it has been the result of the out a revolutionary theory there can be no revolutionary movement . . . the work fight by the privileged classes to retain ers do not automatically develop a socialtheir privileged position." Violence is coming and is bound to increase but "if ist consciousness . . . without a party of our own, it is impossible to wage such the people are to learn force and violence it is not from us." He concluded with a struggle for the dictatorship of the proletariat . . . the revolutionary socialan expression of the hope that the out democrat is a Jacobin bound up with the come of the trial would be an increased organization of the class-conscious prorealization of the need for working class organization. letariat. . . . " He fought tooth and nail

against the Menshevik proposals to lib **Prosecution and Judge in Joint Attack** eralize the party by the admission of The Crown Prosecutor addressed the the pre-October counterparts of some Jury last. It was a savage recapitula-'Friends of the Soviet Union''. The tion. He disclaimed that this trial was communist Party of Canada is yet a pro an attack on socialism or communism paganda organization. Nobody pretends "if it could be advocated in a legitimate that there is an immediate struggle for fashion" nor was it an attack on trade power. For the final struggle the Comunionism which was "protected" by the munist party must count its supporters institutions of the country. "Nowhere n the millions, not thousands. All the was there more freedom of speech than more necessary is it to emphasize the role in Canada". The men in the box conof the revolutionary party. The workers stituted the general staff for civil war. of the Labor Party and the Social Demthe Second Congress and alleged that the ocracy. The Comintern has paid for its role of the Communist Party had been entente cordiale with the British trade clearly set forth there. The time to put union bureaucracy and the Chinese Kue out a fire was before the conflagration. Min Tang and its reliance on "workers "To convict is to declare that revolution and peasants' parties". shall not prevail in Canada, that Moscow Other Shortcomings of the Defense shall not dictate to Canada . . .' He Another marked shortcoming in the wound up by invoking the "shadow of

Remembrance Day" and the sacrifices in the war.

Aim To Attack All Communist Groups After the Judge's charge to the Jury

the verdict was a foregone conclusion. "The documents and testimony at this bourgeoisie comprising all others with the petty bourgeoisie in between. In a Tom Hill was examined on the rela- democratic country like this, where the proletarian of today may be the bourgeois of tomorrow, is it just and proper to set one of these classes against the other . . . The law is the collective wis-

ment and must be obeyed. . . . The verdict is already known to the readers of The Militant. The Attorney-General of Ontario has graciously offered to make the mass of evidence available to any provincial attorney-general who has never yet been guided by faith, hope may undertake prosecutions against other and charity and it will not meet the revmembers of the Communist Party or against organizations with similar polwith the Sermon on the Mount. It will 4000 members of the party liable to prosecution, but any who have dropped its panoply of police, militarism, bureaucracy, judges and jailers, and its basis of finance-capital and monopoly, the Communists cannot advocate the policy of party as Jack MacDonald one time party the struggle for power with folded arms. secretary, and Maurice Spector, former Lenin and Marx were in complete accord

that the proletarian revolution could not Since this statement, the party headbe realized "without the forcible destruction of the ready-made bourgeois and the District Ogranizer there, C. state machine and its replacement by a new machine".

The standpoint of the Crown was the

munist "believes" in force or violence.

In the Far East

(Continued from Page 1) sia for aid, nor has any offer ever been received, the reports that negotiations for resumption will begin are still circulating and are widely credited. A Peiping report on October 31 in the Chinese vernacular press announced the arrival of a Soviet representative in the old capital to discuss the matter with Marshal Chang.

So Kuo Min Tang China is again turning to Soviet Russia, just as it did in 1924. The government now seeking to resume "friendship" with the U.S.S.R. is nothing more than a band of militarists backed by bourgeois merchant-bankers who sold the revolution in 1927 for a mess of imperialist pottage, who have been waging ceaseless war against revolutionary peasant and workers and students, who have washed the country red in the blood of its own people. For reasons of expediency, the Soviet Union may welcme resumption, if only because it might have a restraining effect on the White Terroy, which still continues in all its ferocity.

CLASS BASIS OF THE have paid dearly for their illusory hopes ANTI-JAPANESE BOYCOTT

SHANGHAI—(Fenprecor)—The boycott movement against Japan, though operating under anti-imperialist slogans, possesses no real anti-imperialist character. This is clearly evidenced in the class composition of the various anti-Japanese associations and the type of activity which they sponsor.

The leading group, with headquarters defense was the obscure stand on the fundamental problem of the revolutionhere is the Anti-Japanese and National the conquest of power, in other words the Salvation Association. Its membership dictatorship of the proletariat. In their is composed of bankers, merchants, innatural desire to prove that "force and dustrial operators, well-to-do students violence" were not the product of mere and professionals and it confines its advocacy or propaganda but of existing measures to driving Japanese goods from property relations, the defendants leaned the Chinese market. To give the moveover backwards and involuntarily drew ment a popular character, it draws bea picture of an increasingly violent capi- hind it the docile membership of the yellow, Kuo Min Tang controlled trade talism and a social-pacifist communism. It was stated and repeated that no comunions.

Attempts by the class conscious work-Of course no Communist believes in ers to demonstrate their genuine anti-"force and violence" for its own sake. imperialist sentiments, to raise genuine But we Marxists do something more than anti-imperialist slogans and thus create deplore the violence of the possessing a mass movement which would logically classes. We give no direct or indirect possess a revolutionary character, are aid or comfort to the constitutional il- ruthlessly suppressed by the authorities. lusions fostered by the reformists of a Such a movement would be inevitably democratic transition to socialism. Capi- directed dagainst the Kuo Min Tang govtalism, in the words of Marx, comes drip- ernment which for four years has acted ping from head to foot, from every pore, as the conscious agent of imperialism on with blood and dirt. The capitalist state behalf of the foreign powers.

In the seizure and confiscation of Japanese goods in the large centers, in the olutionary challenge of the working class penalization of Chinese merchants handling such goods and in all similar activavail itself of the fraud of parliament- ities, the boycott movement has revealarism while it is still an effective opiate ed itself as a new and rather violent of the masses; it will resort to the un- phase of the inter-capitalist competitive masked terror of fascism when "dem- process of which it is merely an unusual ocracy" fails it. Against this State, with extension.

The Exploiters Band Together

A genuine anti-imperialist movement in China would have to direct its activities against all the violators of China's soverignity without regard to nationality. But while proclaiming their opposition to Japanese aggression, the Chinese bourgeoisie and their governments in Nanking and Canton still maintain and thrive on friendly relationships with the other robber powers who for a century have been filibustering -in China. And the sincerity of their anti-Japanese declamations can be measured by their strenuous efforts to "protect Japanese lives and property" from the threatened attacks of a real popular movement. In Canton an anti-Japanese demonstration by students of the Sun-Yet Sen University was fired on by the police. Twelve students were killed and twenty seriously wounded. To allay popular feeling, Chief of Police Nin Wan ordered the arrest of the officers who gave the order to fire. He released them a few days later and resigned his position, being succeeded by General Neung Nenping, commander of the Second Army.

Evaluation of the Defence

which proved to be an entirely success ful choice. According to the Prince however, it was Trotsky, against the wishes of Lenin who held to that date and was almost responsible for the "Revolution ending tragically!"

Every chance our author has of belit-The Militant, considering the source from which the vituperation flows.

BOOKS BY

REVOLUTION

Introduction by Max Shachtman

COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

A Criticism of Fundamentals

Introduction by J. P. Cannon

THE SPANISH EVOLUTION IN

DANGER

64 pages, paper cover, 15c

Introduction by Max Eastman

600 pages, \$5.00

The Trade Union Question

Introduction by J. P. Cannon

64 pages, paper vocer, 15c

OF THE U.S.S.R.

48 pages, paper cover, 15c

By Max Eastman

Order through

PIONEER PUBLISHERS

84 East 10th Street,

New York, N. Y.

SINCE LENIN DIED

35c

-10c

140 pages, hard paper cover,

30 pages, paper cover,

6. MY LIFE (Autobiograhy)

3. THE SPANISH REVOLUTION

fered injuries. But of course the crux of the Crown's

case was that the whole program and strategy of the party were based on the advocacy and defence of "force and vio-

of positions of principle. It was patent-

ly in the nature of the case that the

sionary technicalities of evidence were

statements where, in his view, the ques-

possible to develop a revolutionary de-

The Prosecution's Material

Following the testimony of Leopold,

the Crown read an enormous number of

exhibits, the booty of the police raids,

into the evidence. The prosecution quoted

profusely from the organ of the under-

ground days of the party, The Commun-

ist, from the Worker, the Communist

Manifesto of Marx and Engels, the

the 21 points of admission adopted at

the Second Congress, the reports of pro-

ceedings of successive Congresses of the

C. I. and conventions of the party, the

tling comrade Trotsky's role in the Bol- instruct you that if you think force and shevik Revolution is well utilized. But violence a logical, natural result of their that should not be news to readers of teachings, it is a matter of law that they are advocating, advising and defending force and violence for the over-

—М.

Party History

Leon Trotsky into the box was Tim Buck, the party s cretary. He described the formation of the Communist Party of Canada from the various groups of the Communist and United Communist Parties of Am-1. THE STRATEGY OF THE WORLD erica, which had branches in this country, and from other elements of the former socialist and trade union move-86 pages, two-colored paper cover, 25c ments. The period was overshadowed by the Palmer raids in the States with THE DRAFT PROGRAM OF THE their mass deportation and the War Measures Act and Orders in Council in the Dominion which had outlawed a whole series of socialist organizations. Here lay the reason for the underground character of the party in the early days But in December 1921 the Workers Party was organized from a preliminary Conference, and in 1924 the underground party was wound up and the Workers 5. THE REAL SITUATION IN RUSSIA Party became the sole Communist Party in the country, frankly associated with 364 page book, formerly \$2.00; now \$1.00 the Communist International. There had never been any real difference in the objects of "Z" and "A". It was the lapse of the War Measures Act, the 7. COMMUNISM AND SYNDICALISM widening of democratic rights which had made an open party possible, which could participate in muncipal campaigns and parliamentary activity. PROBLEMS OF THE DEVELOPMENT

Dealing with the trade Union Policy of the Party, comrade Buck denied that the Workers Unity League was the "in-158 page book, printed in London, 1924 dustrial department" of the party. In 50c the first stage of the career of the party, .Special Rates in Bundles of 5 or more. the emphasis had been on an amalgamation campaign inside the old craft unions in favor of industrial unionism, a campaign which had received wide support until the A. F. of L. bureaucracy tries. countered it with expulsion of the militants and closer collaboration with the

process going with two currents in soc iety leading towards a conflict. A rev olutionary crisis would arise from grad-

lence", or as the Judge charged, "I must throw of governmental and industrial in-

stitutions. It is not a question of time, but a question of the intent and meaning of their teachings and documents."

The first of the accused who went

Trade Union Policy

for it came out of the struggle, not the reverse. But the Communist Party was class by organization in capitalist coun-"We are placed on trial as having ad-

ual worsening of the conditions of the workers whether there was a Communist | That indispensable attribute is not, howparty or not . . . The program of the ever, exclusively Bolshevik. Our criter-Communist International was a question not of application but of interpretation. Some parts applied in Canada and were carried out and some did not." He agreed however that the Comintern program contained the underlying principles of the party operations so far as they could be applied. In reply to questions of the Crown, Bruce denied knowledge of any Workers Defense Corps in Canada or that he had voted or advocated them. He agreed that he believed in the proletarian dictatorship.

Buck's Arguments

On the seventh day of the trial, Tim Buck, who conducted his own defence, delivered his address to the jury. The fact, he declared, that the party had been in existence and operated publicly for ten years went to the root of the situation. The Judge however refused him the privilege of referring to the activities of the party in the working class movement "outside the evidence". The Communist movement, he proceeded, was world-wide. The present general program was the historical continuance of the Communist Manifesto of 65 years ago, based on the principle that all history was the history of class struggle. The program of the Comintern was also an analysis of society and the present crisis.

"Revolutions don't come because parties make them, but because history proceeds forward from one epoch to another. In each system is the germ of the next under the weight of its own contradictions. The world war was an expression due to the fact that the producing powers of the capitalist world had come into insoluble contradiction with state boundaries. Imperialism has developed the pre-requisites for socialism. Communism is the only alternative to fascism. The class struggle grows whether the Communist Party was in existence or not,

ion of the merits of the defence must be political. To the Communist, the courtroom is another forum for the program of class struggle. To dilute it before the jury is no more permissible than on the floor of the House of Commons. "Ideas have their own logic and explosive force" The principal defect of the defence was the lapse (at times amounting to a negation) from the Leninist conception of the vanguard role of the Communist Party in the struggle for the proletarian dictatorship. The defendants' keynote

was that "parties do not make a revolution . . . we teach the inevitability of the collapse of capitalism, that is all . . .

Though never guilty of the caricature of it sometimes drawn, it is for this very theory of "spontaneity" that Rosa Luxemburg has been subjected to countless post-mortems. In effect there was a re-"the level of the forces of production". To explain the material and objective pre-requisites of the revolution was entirely correct. What was wrong was to obscure and mimimize the function of the revolutionary party. Our positions on this head have been incontrovertibly established by Marx and Lenin. Granted that no social order disappears which has not developed its maximum productive forces and that if there were the possibility of a fresh organic development

of capitalism today, the proletarian revolution would be impossible. What has that in common with "economic determinism" or fatalism? It certainly does one." Capitalism must eventually fall not mean that the old order collapses of its own weight when it becomes economically reactionary. Determined by the concrete situation, the will of the class and its crystallization in the party constitute an integral element of the historic process. The bourgeoisie will not abdicate: it must be conquered. Neither bourgeois decline nor proletarian dictatorship are automatic. The epoch of imperialism has created the world-wide conditions for the proletarian revolution. In this epoch it is assuredly not true

increasing the resistance of the working that "parties don't make revolutions". Contemporary history alone affords a dozen examples in Germany, Bulgaria, China, Spain and elsewhere, of revolu-

vocated something we haven't advocated tionary crises which the ruling class employers. Neither the Workers Unity or taught. "Force and violence was not "surmounted" in the absence of a com-League nor the Farmers Unity League something which grew up by being ad- petent revolutionary party.

continuity of the legal system before, We have acknowledged the technical during and after a revolutionary crisis. circumstances that embarassed the de-But law is the handmaiden of social fence. We add that we do not impugn forces. The common law crime of Sedithe personal courage of the accused. tions conspiracy failed to overawe the American Revolution; the Constitution failed to deflect the American Civil war. Codes and injunctions have notoriously failed to solve the fundamental contradictions of social systems in decay. The proscription of the Communist Party is the vindication of its necessity. The repeal of section 98 of the Criminal Code should be immediately inscribed in letters of fire in the program of demands of every working class organization in the country.

-MAURICE SPECTOR.

Published weekly by the Communist League of America [Opposition] at 84 East 10th St., N. Y. EDITORIAL BOARD

THE MILITANT

Martin Abern James P. Cannon Arne Swabeck

Entered as second class mail matter November 28, 1928 at the Post Office at New York, N. Y. Under the act of March 3, 1879.

Vol. I(V, 34 (Whole No. 93) Saturday, NOVEMBER 28, 1931 Subscription rate: \$2.00 per year; foreigh \$2.50. Five cents per copy. Bundle rates, 3 cents per copy

IN THE NEXT ISSUE

By Leon Trotsky: "On the Tasks of the Left Opposition in England and India.'

(Some Critical Remarks on an Unsuccessful Thesis).

2. A review of the labor and political situation in Greece.

3. Fenprecor despatches from Shanghai on developments in the Far East. 4. In Italy: "The Dictatorship of the Black Shirts on the Threshold of Its Tenth Year and the Problems of Revolu-

tionary Struggle" by Feroci. 5. Other significant articles on events in the international labor and communist movements.

Distribute The Militant. Subscribe! Be sure to get your copy of The Mili-East 10th Street, New York, N. Y.

Chinese Police Attack Demonstrating Workers

The government proclaimed martial law, machine guns were set up in the streets and Canton became an armed camp. Pedestrians were subjected to rigid police interrogation and searchings at strategic points and approaches to government offices where armed police were reinforced by gendarmes and soltreat to Kautsky's apologetic theory of Max Shachtman Maurice Spector diers. 4,000 soldiers were concentrated in the centre of the city; motor cars and rickshas were stopped and searched. Many arrests were made.

In Chapei, a working class district of Shanghai, Chinese police fired on a party of demonstrators, killing two and seriously wounding several others. There followed almost immediately a proclamation of martial law in Greater Shanghai and the institution of regime similar to that introduced in Canton.

The Anti-Japanese and National Salvation Association in Shanghai passed a resolution this week which states that "henceforth badges shall be worn by officers of the Association and in future persons found participating in patriotic movements who are not wearing such a badge will be branded as traitors and treated as such".

Meanwhile news begins to trickle down that the small Chinese shopkeeper is beginning to suffer from the stoppage of Japanese goods. From Tsingkiangpoo, Kiangsu, comes a report dated October 28th that all shops in the city closed down as retaliation for the Association's sealing up and detention of all Japanese goods.

Times have changed and historical roles have been reassigned. Up to 1927 Chinese workers and students were the victims of shots fired by foreigners in tant each week. If your dealer does defense of imperialist privileges. Today not handle it, write to The Militant, 84 the shots come from rifles handled by Chinese soldiers and policemen.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1931

The Communist movement in France today finds itself in an extremely difficult position. The tremendous sweep of enthusiasm for the Communist International in the early years following upon the Russian revolution, reaching a high point when the Left wing won a majority at the Tours congress of the French Socialist Party, has been considerably arrested in recent years. Here, as everyrectly, open wounds-on the body of the movement. A few instances, tersely stated, will prove adequate.

A brief four years ago, the C. G. T. U. of the party, had at least as many memitself in the grip of a profound crisis, having lost almost half of its members, fensive against the C. G. T. U. and the these terms: while the C. G. T. has about 700,000 in party all along the line, and already a similar proportion of its membership. The Y. C. L. reveals an even worse state of affairs. The central organ of front and is conducting the work of rethe party, l'Humanite, reports an uninterrupted decline in circulation. Or, better vet, let us quote directly from an unpublished resolution adopted at the enlarged District Committee meeting of the Paris region of the party:

Revelations of the Party Conference of Paris

"(a) The membership of the party is stagnant. The applications made hardly suffice to compensate the losses suffered in certain centers and the fluctuations which continue to be very substantial.

"(b) The Unitary trade unions have lost, in 1930, an important number of adherents. In spite of the seriousness | just as "decisive" as those which preof such a fact, the loss of members has not been arrested in the first semester of 1931.

ceded it.

Another Scapegoat Is Discovered

and frequently further back. This time,

the international Communist movement.

In the columns of **PHumanite**, one

reads now that most if not all of the tri-

bulations of the party are to be traced

to what is currently known as "the

group", that is, a clique of leaders of

the party and the Youth. Just what is

"the group"? One of its leading mem-

bers, Billoux, gives the following infor-

"(c) The sale of l'Humanite has been in constant regression for a long period.

"(d) This weakening of our organization indicates a loss of influence which manifests itself in the assemblages (less attendance at meetings and demonstrations) and in the course of certain elections where, side by side with some progress, we have observed retreats.

"(e) While the Socialist Federation makes an effort to win the workers' strata, while it fights stubbornly for our troops, we record no work to win over the socialist and C. G. T. workers.

"(f) One of the most disturbing and most serious facts is that the offensive against wages in the metal industry developed this year without our having prepared and organized the resistance.

"(g) Our organizational positions in the shops are becoming constantly weaker. One might say almost non-existant.

"(j) The Youth organization is stag-

"(k) In the various mass organizations

Political Banditry in the French Communist Party

THE MILITANT

The Party is Conducting Factional Struggles Without Principles or Platform

where else, the ravages of Stalinism tion of the failing health of the party. in the leadership of the party?) proceeds "denies having known of the existence of munist International. In the Political have left their painful scars-more cor- If anything, it has gone from bad to systematically to demonstrate to the the group but acknowledges having Commission, Doriot, at that time a conworse. And at the present moment, the membership what scoundrels their preparty is threatened with heavy blows decessors were and what chemically pure directed at the most important domain Leninists the party is now endowed with of Communist influence upon the workin the person of the new leadership: the trade union center under the control ing class: the trade unions. The details Thorez, Frachon and Co. At the same of this phase of the problem must be time, the "excesses" of last year's Stal- critical" confession in l'Humanite. bers as the reformist unions-some 400,- left for a more extensive account. It inism are conveniently ascribed to the 000 in each. Today, the C. G. T. U. finds is enough to state here that the reform- poor scapegoats. For example: Thorez ists of the C. G. T. have taken the ofwrites indignantly about "the group" in

Right wing current has forged to the -on the question of trade union unitywhich the helpless and hopeless Stalin- not repeat in every line of the theses youth and the trade unions with the to be got rid of-and were. the term social-fascist. The group was single aim of gaining control of the ist leaders of the O. G. T. U., whose national congress is assembled in Paris as impregnated with the sectarian, Leftist party apparatus? How was it able, from these lines are written, show themselves spirit, the comrade considered as a step an obscure group of Communist Youth, towards opportunism the effort, recom- to gain such decisive control of the to be incapable of counteracting. When mended by the International, with a view party, to represent it in the highest inone adds to this the fact that the discontentment of the party membership towards convincing the socialist work- stances of the Communist International manifests itself not only by voting ers otherwise than with epithets [Aha!] against the bureaucrats with their feet, . . And perhaps we shall still have to but also by mutterings and even by

establish to what extent the sectarian open protest, those in the slightest inipractises of the group contributed to dis-national-in its best days and in its tiated into the methods of operation of orienting the party, to disarming it be- worst-of factional and group struggles Stalinism will immediately realize that fore the bourgeois and social democratic for party leadership. But these were the stage is all set for a "new turn", enemy, to what extent, finally, the group carried on in the open, their existence facilitated the frankly opportunist mistakes which we must establish at the with very tangible points at issue. Around moment when the party is once more tak- them took place open, and sometimes

ing the first steps in the tactic of the very violent, discussions. After a cer-But no "turn" is complete on the united front". (11-3-31.) Stalinist stage without a villain, that

Bad? The Artful Dodger himself could triumphed and the course of the party is, without the revelation of a scapedo no better! And not only on the ques- was clearly identifiable with the people goat, or a number, or group of scapegoats, to whom is attributed all the evil tion of "social-fascism". It appears that who directed it. Such internal disputes of yesterday, all the maladies of the all the blunders and crimes, in the theorparty, and all the responsibility for etical as well as in the practical domain, committed in the trade union question what has happened since the last "turn" should legitimately be ascribed to "the group". The apostle Thorez vouchsafes mutations. however, the "discovery of those responsible" has laid bare a case of political us this revelation also: "By forgetting banditry which, at least so far as the or not knowing these elementary truths, the group did considerable damage to writer knows, is unique in the records of the work of redressment decided upon by the party since July 1930, particularly in the relations between the party and the trade unions." (10-31-31.)

The Paris resolution referred to above, to explain the situation which it speaks about in such detail, announces that "the fact that one of the principal leaders of the district, comrade Celor, belonged to the group constituted in the ly conspirative character. Struggle for

party. facing Communism in France, the anwithout a political basis. It is a fact small fry. They were the leaders of the l (International Red Aid, Workers Inter-national Relief, Friends of the Soviet that we had no special political platform. party and nothing less. Barbe was a londow should not be better treated then to the political platform. The most shadow in the most shadow Union, Tenants, etc.) there is a stagna-But we considered ourselves as the only member of the Political Bureau and of leaders should not be better treated than in the very nature of Stalinism: a false struggle against the group". That is the ordinary revolutionary worker". It policy, a policy of blunders and uninter- how the Stalinists hope to distract the the Executive Committee of the Comones capable of applying the correct polwas only after an indignant intervention rupted defeats can be imposed upon the tion or a retrogression of membership attention of the party from their own munist International, where he represented the French party. Celor held the of a Comintern delegation that the secitical line." (11-2-31.) worker-Communists only by a bureauenormities, from their own incapacity, Confirming the confessions of Billoux retariat was obliged to pay the fine. Stated in moderated terms, the recratic machine which crushes the party from their own blunders in permanence. same two positions. Raymond was on the representative of the Political Bureau Barbe's reluctance to see Thorez at solution of the Paris district indicates to pieces as it rolls along. A more saliwas on the Central Committee of the large is now easily comprehensible in the ent and unanswerable example of this Let us hope that the Left Opposition the present state of affairs in the ranks at the Paris district committee meeting in France, despite the fewness of its numof official Communism in France. based | mentioned above, Frachon declared that light of the [•]revelations—Thorez and process than that presented by "the party and a member of the Secretariat. "the group constituted in the Political bers, will be able to arouse at least a Barbe were at sword's points in the upon conditions obtaining in the most group" cannot be given in the recent Billoux was secretary of the Young Comsmall but resolute section of the party important and strongest sector of the Bureau has existed for seven to eight party and the bourgeoisie had simply history of Stalinism. To find a communist League and member of the Exvanguard which will start delivering party-Paris. In the provinces, the years, that it had groups in the regions, done Barbe a decent turn by incarceratparison one must depart from the domain ecutive of the Young Communist Intersome imperatively needed blows, not only in the districts, in the Paris district, in ing Thorez! Only, it must be borne in tableau is considerably more depressing. of the labor movement and search in the national. Coutheillas was on the secat political banditry but at the whole the Confederal Bureau [of the C. G. T. mind that if such conduct cannot be sewers of bourgeois politics: the seven **Preparations For Another "Decisive** retariat of the Y. C. L. Galopin was on U.]" rotted foundation of Stalinism which uncalled Communist, it can surely be com-Turn" years' history of "the group" is comthe Confederal Bureau of the C. G. T. U. derlies it. pared to the conduct of a gangster toparable only to the conduct and methods Explaining Away the "Excesses" The "decisive turn" of the middle of Their influence extended far beyond the -MAX SHACHTMAN. wards his rival. of Tammany Hall. Its success would of Stalinism limits of seven clansmen. The report last year, even if one is to take only the The writer recalls further an incident undoubtedly excite the admiration and Paris, November 11, 1931. The group disclosed, the new group of the Paris meeting declares that Laradmissions made officially by the Stalinthe Party. The membership began to see, workers, and although these same work- | ized.

tem.

Party.

ists, manifestly resulted in no ameliora-| (for what else has replaced the old one, riber, the secretary of the Paris district, at the 1925 Plenum of the Young Comworked under its influence." No less a scious or unconscious agent of "the Stalinist statesman than Pierre Semard, group", launched a furious and thorsecretary of the party until a short time representative in Moscow of the French ago, made the same admission in a "self- Youth League, Mouton. The violence own admission. In the very first artitack was made were incomprehensible at The question immediately arises:

How was this group which, if we are to that Mouton be sent back to France. believe Thorez, has neither a definite Now we learn the reason for the demand, "A comrade of the group condemned political platform nor any principles, which was in no way at all motivated its ranks. The party has lost at least with considerable success. In the ranks by the Central Committee thought that and which always voted approval of the by Doriot in his two speeches. It apof the C. G. T. U. itself, a substantial the Communist International was back- decisions of the International-how was peared that at that time Mouton was a sliding to the Right and revising the this group able to exist for seven or political friend of Treint, the leader previous theses on social-fascism. And eight years as a closed and unknown of the French party in 1925." The group" formism within the revolutionary ranks what was the argument, or rather the faction, carrying on its machinations and was busy cutting Treint to pieces and pretext, invoked? Simply that we did maneuvers throughout the party, the Mouton was only one of many who had

Who Are the Fighters Against the Left party policy." (10-28-31). **Opposition?**

Still another characterization of "the group" and its members cannot be them were and are still to be found in There have been numerous instances in the history of the Communist Interpulsion of the "Trotskyists" from the was known, they had distinct patforms, tain period, one standpoint or the other olutionary path." (2-1-28.) It does not constitute the very life of an active, lusty revolutionary political movement ture to oneself the cynical laughter that which is closely connected with the must have shaken Barbe internally while course of events and their constant persault upon the "factionalists" of the

Sordid Practices Revealed

-the Executive Committee?

And now, where was the party all these But what we have here is an entirely seven-eight years while the bandits were and a radically different matter. The "group" was constituted without any bership, with its control over party polpolitical platform. Its existence was never communicated to anyone other than answer is: it was there, but it had nothits own chiefs. It never strove to gain ing to say in the matter. The memberplaces and posts in the party leadership ship became a mere shadow on the wall, in the name of a political line different going through certain formal motions from that pursued by the incumbent which were never registered in actualleadership. All its actions bore a pureity. Everything was decided outside of the ranks of the party itself, in the sec-

Opposition.

perhaps the envy of John Curry, McCooey and Boss Vare of Philadelphia.

* * * *

But, it will be said, the "new" party leadership nevertheless did uncover them and pillory them in public. Like most half-truths this is worse than a falsehood. The fact of the matter is that "the group" was not uncovered in the interests of Communist purity and probity of conduct. The fact of the matter is, further, that Thorez and Co. knew oughly nauseating attack upon the then of the existence of "the group" many months ago, at least, and this by their and the gross language in which the at- cle mentioning even the existence of "the group" (but taking care even then the time, as was the categoric demand to omit the names), Thorez wrote at the end of October:

> "In July, the C. C. established, in spite of its May resolution, not only the development of the group spirit but also the existence of a closed group whose members submitted to the discipline of the group, met outside of the regular organisms of the party in order to put their heads together and to determine their common attitude in all the problems of

The fact of the matter is, still further, that "the group" was known even before July. In the middle of 1930, at the moomitted. As should be expected, all of ment of the "decisive turn" which followed after the heights of the "third the very forefront of the struggle against period" had been attained, the Political "Tortskyism". At the very moment when Bureau was reorganized precisely in Barbe and his pals were carrying on order to destroy the domination of Barbe their conspirative faction work, Barbe and Co. It was reconstituted with Thorez, proclaimed at the 1928 congress of the Monmousseau, Semard, Frachon, Cachin, French party, in speaking about the ex- Doriot and Barbe, leaving only the lastnamed as a representative of 'the group". party: "It is to insult the memory and Why then are they exposed only now, at all of the teachings of Lenin even to this late date? For the reason we mendare to refer to the actions of Lenin tioned at the very outset. The condition of in order to render legitimate the fac- the party has reached so serious a state tional work of the Opposition which only and aroused so much disconentment in leads to the demoralization of the work- the party that another "new turn" has ing class, to deflecting it from the rev-been decided upon. A Stalinist turn has as its sina qua none, its absolutely inrequire penetrating imagination to pic- escapable pre-requisite, a group of scapegoats. In France, the scapegoat is "the group". It offers itself willingly, as the delivering himself of this righteous as public self-flagellations of its adherents demonstrate. As a reward for this final phase of the conspiracy against the party. they are let off with a "punishment" which is nothing less than a direct insecretly at work? Where was the mem- citation to a repetition of such work. Lozeray, for example, after a public icies and party leadership? The only avowal of the fact that he had acted for some eight years as a common bourgeois politician, as a bandit instead of a Communist, is "punished" by being made full-time treasurer of the Workers' Sport Federation.

What Needs To Be Done

mation about it (all quotations are transleadership of the party, contributed political control without political prinret meeting places of a self-perpetuating lated directly from l'Humanite . itself): But Thorez, Frachon and Co., to whom ciple, without a special platform, by ex-(h) The demonstrations of February greatly to the development of such a clique without principles or a feeling of cynicism and Stalinist corruption are not "Actually constituted since 1923 in the clusively conspirative methods, is known state of affairs". And it is in this re-25, of May 1, of August 1, of Septemresponsibility. In the face of the recent alien qualities, are not interested in that. struggle against the opportunist policy by the short and ugly term: political solution that we learn for the first time ber 6, brought out only a tiny number revelations, what do all the discussions All they require is a scapegoat for themof the party leaderships of those days, banditry. in the French party signify? What value selves. The party membership is restwho it was that constituted "the group": of workers. this group, as leader of the Communist ... the enlarged District Committee "(i) The district revealed an almost A couple of instances will serve as have all the party conferences and con- less? Then throw it a bone! That is Youth, helped greatly in the purging of approves the condemnation of the grave additional support for this designation. complete passivity in the course of imgresses, which were supposed to decide why the campaign is being conducted the party and in its formation. The mismistakes committed by Barbe, Celor, What l'Humanite does not tell the party the questions of party policy and to selportant national and international so furiously in the columns of l'Humanite take of the comrades belonging to this Raymond. Lozeray, Billoux, Coutheillas, events: Spain, Roubaix, Germany, trip members is an incident like the followect the leadership of the party? In this against "the group". That is why the group is only the greater because of it. whole sordid history, where can one find attention of all the party meetings is to Paris of General Bono, voyage of Galopin and condemns the group work ing: When Thorez was serving a term "In the meetings of the regions and Reynaud to Indo-China, etc. carried on by Celor in the Paris disin prison at Nancy in 1930 for "violat- the merest trace of party democracy? being turned in that direction. That is of the district committees, many comtrict". ing the press law", Barbe, who was in Nowhere, for in France as everywhere why it is already common knowledge rades have asked for clarification on the the party secretariat at the time, made else in the Stalinist International, party that, in face of the tremendous problems nant and has found no support in the Who Are "The Group"? Central Committee resolution where it The members of 'the group" are no a whole series of demagogic arguments democracy has long ago been ruthlessly

PAGE 3

The Work of the Greek Opposition The Archio-Marxists Lead the Workers in the Class Struggle

On behalf of the International Sec- ness of the ideas of the Left Opposition, fractions of the Left Opposition in the retariat I visited the Greek comrades, with whom I stayed four days. I became convinced that the Left Opposition in Greece has become a leading revolutionary force in the young working class movement there. I must emphasize the fact that the whole revolutionary movement, both Party and Opposition, is being frightfully terrorized, that anti-Communist laws and special courts are prevalent, that severe penalties (lately five and six years of prison) are being imposed for mere membership in a communist group, and finally, that the Party and the Opposition work under strictly illegal conditions.

In spite of all this, the Opposition is strong in numbers; counting all Greece it has today about 1,400 members. Its strongest centers are Athens, Piraeus, and Saloniki, which are among the most in Greece. We must however remember that these 1,400 members without exceporganizations

All work is strictly divided among the members, the activity of each is under exacting supervision, as all comrades must give an accurate report twice a month on their activity, and a true collective cooperation rules in the organizaction. I had the opportunity of talking workers' monthly, (b) a shoemakers' the judges and the audience, "The workto a group of comrades from Saloniki, who were in Athens for a conference. trained cadres in the labor movement, and is distributed throughout the en- to four years in jail. This action how-

and they carry on an untiring fight for Left trade unions. clarification among the workers. The Opposition in Greece, called the 'Archio-Marxists'', far outnumber the and fully approves the political lines of Party, not only in membership, but also in the number of readers of their press,

not to speak of its quality. Even if the Party received more votes than the Left Opposition in the past, it must be remembered that the Party carries the authority of the U.S.S.R. and of the C. I. on its banner. In all activities outside the elections, as an organized force, it is clearly proven that not the Party, but the Opposition, enjoys the confidence of the Greek working class.

Let us let the facts speak for themselves.

The Press

Our comrades began with a magazine which appeared twice a month. Now it important centers of the labor movement appears twice a week with an issue of in front of Athens University, at which 6 to 7,000 copies. Our comrades are now issuing, or causing to issue under their tion are firmly established in all mass influence, the following papers: 1. A theoretical magazine, appearing monthly

monthly, (c) a monthly paper for war

with an issue of 4,000 copies. 2. The trade unions which are under

in spite of the refusal. It took place at the well-known trial of the two soldiers, Party members, who were condemned to death. A demonstration was organized the majority consisted of oppositionist comrades; a severe collision with the police took place, some of the comrades

lines of the Left Opposition. To name tionist comrades were sentenced to four

only the most important, (a) A bakery years in jail, only for shouting out to

old Party comrades.

The Proletariat, in Saloniki.

were wounded and some arrested, but one comrade was able to deliver a speech. Then followed demonstrations in the our influence issue a number of papers

Next week they will also begin the

publication of a new monthly in Jewish,

Political Activities

These at first consisted of the offer to

the Party of a united front in the strug-

gle against terror and reaction. The

court-room. In the course of the trial which are edited completely along the of the two soldiers one of the Opposi-

Unemployment Since February 1930 the work of organizing the unemployed has been be 3. The Union of Employees of Banks gun, accompanied by frequent collisions with the police. In Athens, Piraeus, and Corporations issue a monthly pubthere is a committee of 50 unemployed, lication. This union has 1,200 members in Saloniki of 30 members, who direct these organizations. Lately general mass the Left Opposition. All the comrades who issue this magazine are among the meetings have been organized. In Athens

there were 1,000 participants, in Piraeus 1.500 and in Saloniki about 2,000. An unemployment meeting in Saloniki was charged by cavalry, and some were wounded. As a result of our activity so

far, the unemployed already receive free soup. Our Opposition was the first to take up the struggle for the demands of

The work of the Opposition in the the unemployed, only afterwards did the trade unions is concentrated under the Party made no answer. They realized it Party take it up. One thing should be pointed out-the class enemy, and its slogan, "For Trade Union Unity-Against savage armed forces, makes no distincthe Splitters !" Everywhere in the worktion between the Opposition and the ers' centers, among the workers of the

Party and those who are under reformist The demonstrations of war orphans should also be mentioned here. We carried through a demonstration in front of the political office of Venizelos, in which some 1,000 took part. In an encounter with the police a great many were wounded.

Elections

that the Archio-Marxists are no "Archio- ers follow our Opposition in the daily fascists", but together with the Party struggle and in all extra-parliamentary activity, still at the elections they conare struggling against the hated systinue to regard the Party as the only

forced a small number of its adherents to leave its ranks. These are the sorepresentative of the U.S.S.R. and of called "Fractionists", who reunited with the C. I. At the later elections our elements which had already previously comrades understood this mistake, formbeen expelled from the Opposition. At ed a united front with the Party and first this took on a purely personal char-

lective organizations of the prisoners.

This was accomplished only by a correct

united front tactic toward the party.

Trade Unions

called on all workers to vote for the acter, through mudslinging and slander Party. This action was greeted with en- of various comrades. Later, however, thusiasm by the Party comrades and the they took the viewpoint that the Opposipressure became so strong that recently ion must give up all political as well the Party leadership was compelled to as trade union struggles, and thus idealtake the Opposition back into the Red ized the beginning stage of the Opposi-Relief. In all the prisons, too, the $O\bar{p}$ - tion, which had been based on work in position have been received into the col- narrow circles.

> Under this slogan they acquired a group of elements who have no understanding of mass struggle. The struggle of the Opposition against this slogan forced the "Fractionsts" to drop it, but later they took up the slogan of democratic centralism, which they understood as meaning that the majority must submit to the minority. The theses of "Fractionists" appeared in the "Pali" (the theor-

Organization

etical monthly of the Greek Opposition). influence, this slogan finds ready accept-At the moment this group is in course ance. For instance, as a result of the of disintegration; the honest elements untiring work of the Opposition, reunion are returning; the rest, consisting of has been achieved in the bakery and shoe corrupt elements, has formed a block trade between our unions and the reformists. Now, after this reunion, the with the Spartacus group, and both of them support the Stalinists in their dirty leadership is in the hands of the Opstruggle against the Opposition; in fact, position. The same results were achievtheir slanders are more bitter and saved with the food industry workers. We

age than those of the Stalinists. On the At the elections the Party received forced the Stalinists to accept the remany more votes than our Opposition, union of both organizations and to take most important questions, such as the evaluation of Fascism, trade union unthe bakers' union into the general fedbut this is explained on two groundds: ers produce and have to starve, while 1. The members and sympathizers of eration of food industry workers. The ity, the immediate threat of war against the U.S.S.R., they take the same posi-Opposition hopes to win over the whole invalids, "The Voice of the Sacrificed", you gentlemen do nothing and live on the Opposition in Saloniki are partly tion as the Stalinists. They have all They were almost without exception (d) a monthly paper for students. Each the fat of the land!" For this insult grouped around young worker elements, federation in a short time. The same formed a Holy Alliance with the purworkers. They are among the best of these has a circulation of 6 to 7,000 to the judges our comrade was sentenced who have not yet reached the legal voting tactics are being applied in the leather pose of breaking down the oppositionist age, 2. Although the Party is constantly and building construction trades. The organization.

very active in daily work, fully pene- tire country. All this work is control- ever showed good results for the future losing influence and now has little in- unions which are led by the Opposition trated with the conviction of the correct-' led and directed by the strictly-organized development of the united front with fluence among organized trade union' are the most active and the best organ-

(optinued on page 4)

The participation of the Opposition in the general class struggles in Greece

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1931

Marine Workers' Defense Is Organized The N. Y. Forum

(Continued from page 1) signed have taken the initiative to form a defense committee. Legal counsel has been retained and a campaign of publicity and agitation has been mapped out. and we will continue to be criminal, but The Independent Tidewater Boatmen's we most emphatically deny guilt of the Union,, three weekly labor papers and several organizations are already represented in the defense committee andd backing its fight. This is only a beginning.

PAGE 4

It is the aim of the committee to broaden its membership to include representatives of all tendencies in the labor movement. The defense committee invites the cooperation and support of all workers, of all organizations, parties and groups regardless of the differences between them on other questions, who are willing to stand together in solidarity with Soderberg, Bunker and Trajer in a common fight against a brazen frame-up.

Address all communications and send all funds to:

MARINE WORKERS' DEFENSE COMMITTEE 84 East 10th Street, New York, N. Y. Carter Hudson, Chairman Carlo Tresca, Secretary James P. Cannon James Gilday Ben Gitlow Norman Hawkins Sylvan A. Pollack

A. Ribarich I. Zimmerman

A LETTER FROM THE DEFENDANTS Tombs Prison New York City November 24, 1931

Dear Comrade Cannon:

We want to make it clear to all those concerned that not one of us, the underso throughout the whole case, no matter what the daily press may have said to the contrary. We are framed and ac- ganize and fight to the bitter end. cused by one Willian Hoyle, a member of the union whom the police are using against us. Our stand has been, is now and always will be one of not guilty.

Chicago Lectures

The Chicago branch of the Communist League of America (Opposition) has organized a number of mass meetings and open forum meetings, since the opening of its own headquarters. The following is a partial list of scheduled meetings:

Sunday, December 6th, at 2:30 P. M. Subject: "The Imperialist Contradictions in Manchuria" by Hugo Ochler.

Thursday, December 10, at 8 P. M.: Subject: "The Left Opposition and the Economic Crisis" by Arne Swabeck. Sunday, December 13th, at 2.30 P. M.:

Subject: "A Bourgeoisie Or Soviet United States of Europe," by O. Carlson. Sunday, December 20th, at 2.30 P. M.

Subject: "Socialism in England," by John Edwards.

Sunday, December 27th, at 2.30 P. M.: Subject: "Can Capitalism Solve The Economic Crisis," by John Mehley.

The meetings will be held at the headquarters hall, 1435 No. Wesetrn Ave. Admission is free. All workers are invited to attend.

Our only crime has been that of or ganizing workers in an industry where exploitation has reached its very limit. If this is a crime then we are criminals matter charged to us by the police, We hope that the workers of the un-

ion of which one of us is Secretary will see through the whole miserable frameup and will redouble their efforts to organize and fight those responsible for the miserable conditions existing in our industry. We further trust that our union members individually and collectively will give the Committee all their support financially and otherwise to fight this frame-up to the bitter end. This is a fight, not of one or two or three individual members but a fight of the whole working class, organized and unorganized, and just as the political opinons of those in here may differ somewhat, our common cause still binds us; so must all class conscious workers on the out-

side sink all their political differences St., and Second Avenue, comrade Cannon and get together as one with the Comittee and do their bit in the struggle. We also wish to make it clear to all concerned that we leave our case fully and unconditionally in the hands of the Committee founded by yourself and comrade Tresca at the beginning and now further augmented by other workers. Stalinist Attack on We leave all details as to our defense, selection of attorneys, methods of defense, collection of money necessary for the defense and any other matters pertaining to the case entirly in your hands and we are satisfied to trust to the

Committee's judgment in all matters in the case or pertaining thereto. We hope and trust that the Committee

will be successful in its cendeavor, but successful or not, we want you to know that we appreciate all you have tried to signed, is guilty of any part of the crimes do and we realize your tremendous efcharges against us and have contended forts. We expect no gratitude or mercy from the boss class. We ask for none, but we ask the workers to organize, or-

> (Signed) J. Soderberg, Wm. Trajor, T. Bunker, Members of the

I. T. B. U.

JEWISH WORKERS ATTENTION

the Left Opposition is calling upon all workers in sympathy with the project of a Jewish paper to come to a meeting on Saturday, December 5th, 2 P. M. The meeting will be held at the headquarters of the Communist League, 84 East 10th

EXPIRATION OF SUBSCRIPTION If the number of your wrapper is 93 or under, your subscription has expired. To ensure that you do not miss a single issue of The Militant, send in your renewal immediately to The Militant, 84 East 10th St., New York, N. Y.

of Mooney. The main speech in the dis-

cussion was made by comrade Stamm of

stressed the importance of a genuine

BOSTO!

"What Next in England" was the topic discussed by J. P. Cannon at the New York Forum of the Communist League of America (Opposition) last Friday, November 27. The defeat of the

Labour Government, the betrayal of Dear Comrade:

MacDonald, the poor showing of the One of my English friends wrote to me on the 9th of October, prior to the British Communist Party in the elections and the perspectives for the Communists parliamentary elections, about the fast were dealt with by comrade Cannon. A growth of the Communist Party, and of preliminary review of the economic sita certain approach of the rank and file uation in Britain accompanied the members in the I. L. P. towards Comspeech. The role of the United States, munism. My correspondent speaks also which has superceded Great Britain as of a regrowth of the Minority Movement the leading imperialist power, was disin the trade unions and the growing leadcussed. The effect of the Stalinist pol- ership of the same Minority in the sporicy on the British working class and the adic strike movements. These isolated Communist Party was set forth, particuinstances in the background of the world larly as arising from the Anglo-Russian crisis and the national crisis which Committee, which made ineffective the England is going through allows us to independent role of the Communists. accept the idea that in the last two years there has been a strengthening of Questions and discussion followed, after which the meeting adjourned. the Communist Party. The elections At the next Forum, Friday evening,

brought an absolute disillusionment in this respect. Of the many hundreds of December 4th, at the Labor Temple, 13th thousands of votes which the Laborites will talk on the New York "Dynamite lost, the Party at best swung to its sup-Plot", its significance and the necessity port 20,000, which is, in consideration of for all workers to rally on behalf of the increased total number of voters, an invalid conjunctural fluctuation, and not the defendants. Workers are urged to come early in order to get a seat. The by any means a serious political conquest. Where is the influence of the lecture starts at 8 P. M. Party among the unemployed? Among

tern.

the coal miners? Among the young generation of workers who, for the first time, voted? Actually, the election results are a horrible condemnation of the policies of the Party and the Comin-

I have observed very little the tactics tacus Workers Club in New York, com- of the British Party during the last year rade Papas, formerly a Party member and I do not want to give judgment about and now a member of the Spartacus what it learned, or whether it really Club, protested vigorously against the learned anything. However, it is clear Stalinists for the expulsion of supporters, to me that independent from its recent and sympathizers of the Left Opposition and latest errors, the Communist Party is paying by its impotence of the past year, for the shameful and criminal politics of the Comintern, bound up with

the Anglo-Russian Committee and later with the "Third Period". These errors were ruinous especially for England. Traditions of the English Proletariat It surprises one anew, what a terrible load of humilitation, conservatism, bigotry, conciliation, respect to the summits, to titles, to riches, to the Crown drags in its thoughts the English working-class which is at the same time capable of grand revolutionary insurrections (Chartism, pre-war movements of 1911, movements following the war, the strike

movements of 1926). The English proletariat, the oldest, with the most traditions, is, in its thinking methods, most empirical, carries in its chest two souls, and turns, as it were, with two faces to historical events. The contemptible mercenary and servile bureaucrats of the Trade Unions and the Labour Party give expression to all that is rotten, humiliating, serf-like and feudal in the British working-class. Against this, the tasks of the Communist Party consist in giving expression to the potential revolutionary qualities of the British working-class, which is very great and capable of developing immense explosive powers. But in the very critical period of British history, 1925-1927, all the politics of the British Communist Party and the Comintern consisted in the slave-like assimilation of the Trade Un-

A Letter to A Comrade -- by Leon Trotsky

The British Election and the Communists

sciousness of the workers. The bureau-| English proletariat, it will be followed mechanically fasten our leadership, onto

the working class: on the one side with the aid of cash and repression, on the other side with the help of abrupt leaps, the blotting out of traces, with lies and calumnies. But this is totally untrue. The English workers think slowly, since their consciousness is filled with the rubbish of centuries. But they think. Single articles, appeals, slogans, generally pass them by unnoticed. However, whole periods of politics (Anglo-Russian Committee, "Third Period") in no respect pass without a trace, at least, with the most progressive, militant, critical and revolutionary section of the working class. When one imagines the education of the revolutionary consciousness as the cutting of threads on a screw, one must say that the leadership of the Comintern, at each time, does not employ the proper tool nor proper caliber, and not in the direction necessary, thereby breaking the grooves, crumbling and demolishing. Without the smallest exaggeation one can confirm that from 1923, (for England especially from 1925) had the Comintern not existedd, we would have today in England an incomparably more important revolutionary party. The last elections illustrate with power that frightful conviction.

Tasks of the British Left Opposition Here begins the task of the Left Opposition. The English Communists, among whom are naturally many devoted, honest, self-sacrificing revolutionaries. cannot but be discouraged with the results of a decade of activity, and that in the exclusively opportune conditions. Pessimism and indifference can also take hold of very good revolutionaries when they do not understand the causes of their own weaknesses, nor find the way out. Criticism, i. e., in the light of Marxism that openly illuminates the path of the Party, its zig-zags, its errors, the theoretical roots of these errors-that is the foremost and necesary condition for the regeneration of the Party. It is especially necessary, when this has not been done, to begin the publication of the most important documents of the International Left Opposition concerning the question of the Anglo-Russian Committee. This is the point of departure

for the English Left wing. he Left Opposition in England, just as Communism generally, has the right to count upon a promising future: British capitalism falls from great historical heights to an abyss-that is clear to all. One can, with assuredness, say that the recent elections represent the last gigantic rise of the national "grandeur" of elections, official English politics will in the coming period pay heavily.

The bankruptcy of the great national heroes of the three parties, just as the bankruptcy of British capitalism, are absolutely inevitable. Despite all obstacles from the C. I., the mole of the British revolution borrows much too good its earthly path. One has every added the wife of a duke, the wife of right to hope that these elections are an Earl, the wife of a viscount, and the

cratic bankrupts believe that one can by the powerful blossom of their revolutionary soul.

Yet, immediately the victory of the conservatives brings heavy trials for the English proletariat and the deepening of international dangers. Especially does this endanger the U.S.S.R. Here we can see what little aid was brought to the U. S. S. R. through the uninterrupted cry for her "defense".. For a period of two or three years, one expected this defense from Purcell, Hicks, Citrine and later this defense was taken by the Communist Party against the "socialfascist" proletariat. And now, it has in the defense of the U.S. S. R. all in all received 70,000 votes. All that the Left Opposition demanded, the rupture of the shameful block with Purcell, was charged by Stalin as a refusal to defend the U. S. S. R. from British imperialism. Now we can draw the balance: Nobody has given such service to the expiring British Imperialism as the Stalin school. Of gourse, the chief of this school earned two orders of the Garter.

The British Left Opposition must begin systematic work. You must establish our staff-center, though a small one. You must build your own pubilcation, even on a modest scale . . . It is necessary to have a steady, uninterrupted activity, analysis, critique and propaganda. It is necessary to educate our cadres, although in the first stages few. The fundamental power of history is in our favor. When, in England, more so than elsewhere, Communism in a short time can conquer the consciousness of the wide masses, so can conquer, in the same short time, within the Communist movement, the supremacy of the ideas of the Left Opposition, that is, the ideas of Marx and Lenin. I sincerely wish our British friends success on this path.

With best Communist greetings, Yours,

L. TROTSKY. Kadikoy, November 10th, 1931

NOTES FROM ENGLAND

LONDON-Many workers were intimidated into voting for a "Nationalist" candidate by a warning enclosed in their pay envelopes. It was stated that unless a nationalist government was returned, the mills or works in question would have to be closed.

* * * *

Lawyers are more numerous in the newly elected House of Commons than they have been in any previous Parliament. They number 135. 121 are barristers and 14 solicitors. The Commonthe British bourgeoisie. However, it is weal rightly regards this preponderance the rise of a dying lamp. For these of the legal element "as very unhealthy for the nation."

* * * *

The same paper, which stands for land restoration without compensation to presont holders, also states that more than 30 heirs of peers and holders of courtesy peerage titles have been returned to the House of Commons. To these must be

 $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ The New York Jewish group of

Street, New York, N. Y.

Greek Worker NEW YORK .---At a recent meeting of the Greek Spar-

from the Club. He also assisted the Left Opposition

comrades in the distribution of the Manifesto of the Greek Opposition and of the leaflets advertising the Opposition forum. As a result he was summoned on Nov-

ember 19th before the executive committee of the Club and reprimanded for the distribution of the leaflets. On Sunday, Novmber 22 he distributed the Manifestos and was threatened with physical attack. On the next day, Monday, while comrade Papas was sitting around and discussing the Manifesto with other workers, a member of the Greek District Bureau of the Party tried to incite others to beat up comrade Papas. A sympathizer protested strongly against such methods and advised the district bureau member not to employ such "ideological" weapons against Opposition sympath-

izers. But after this sympathizer left the hall and comrade Papas descended the steps of the Club, he was attacked by five Party members. Comrade Papas was indignant at such

cowardly attacks and proposed to retaliate, but the comrades of the Opposition cooled him down. The Opposition comrades warn the Party members against these fascist methods of discussion as against ideological arguments and will defend themselves against any future attacks of the Stalinists if they will not learn better nor desist from such practices.

BOSTON MEETING

CHINESE COMMUNIST GETS TEN YEARS

SHANGHAI-Nov. 1st-(Fenprecor)-Zi-Ah-mei, Communist and trade union leader, received particularly merciful treatment from the Chinese authorities here this week. He was sentenced to a mere ten years and six months for his participation in a recent strike of the tramway operators and conductors in the Shanghai Fench Concession. "Incriminating documents" found in his quarters were Communist pamphlets and notes concerning the labor situation here. Zi loses civil rights, whatever they may be in China, for twelve years in addition to his sentence. Ordinarily Communism is punishable by death.

COMMUNIST BEHEADED

PEIPING-Nov. 1st (Fenprecor)out here to see young Sung Hou-mei, 21 Huge crowds of morbidly curious turned with a two-handed sword. In cool and in the Staunton Labor Temple, Lodge bold reply to the howls of the mob Sung | Hall. on Sunday, November 29, at 2 P. announced his death would be worth M. while if it helped to lead to the establishment of the Soviet system in China.

TIENTSIN-Nov. 1st-(Fenprecor)-Military and political authorities are systematic mass activity for the release feverishly preparing precautionary measures here in view of a report that Chinese Communists are planning to hold the St. Louis Communist League of Am a congress on November 7, in honor of erica (Opposition) who, basing himself the anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolu- on Tom Mooney's appeal of August 20 tion.

Read! Subscribe! Young Spartacus Published by the National Youth Committee, Communist League of America (Opposition) YOUNG SPARTACUS New York, N. Y. 84 East 10th Street Enclosed please find fifty (\$0.50) cents for one year's subscription: Name Address City State

It is necessary that every member of Excellent interest was manifest among the Party should study calmly and with the greatest objectivity, first the subworkers who attended Arne Swabeck's stance of the differences of opinion, and lecture in Boston on November 27 on the then the development of the struggles results of the British elections. Numerwithin the Party. Neither the one nor the ous questions were asked of the speaker other can be done unless the documents even after the close of the lecture, by

of both sides are published. He who close party sympathizers, including a takes somebody's word for it is a hope- couple of Negro comrades. A good less idiot, who can be disposed of with collection to defray the expenses of the a simple gesture of the hand."-Lenin. meeting was taken up.

Illinois Miners on the Go for Tom Moonev

STAUNTON, ILL .-united front; the broadening of the con-The campaign for the release of Tom ference to include other organizations Mooney has broken ground in the coal in the vicinity of Staunton; mass meetfields of Illinois. On the initiative of ings, demonstrations, etc. Elected on the the St. Louis Branch of the Communist resolutions committee were Tash of the League of America (Opposition) and Communist Party, Clarke of the Comthru the instrumentality of the St. Louis | munist League of America (Opposition) United Front Mooney Conference, the and Hede (U. M. W. A.).

movement has got under way. Twenty-The committee presented two resolu six delegates,-from eight U. W. M. A. tions. Both were adopted unanimously. locals representing approximately 5,000 The resolution referring to the criminal selves into class enemies. This is the miners, the Communist League of Amer- syndicalist law was amended following years old, and officially listed as a "not- ica (Opposition) and the Communist a heated discussion but the spirit of the ist Party, or, rather, of the Communist PartyI, responded to the call of the document remained unchanged. Tele orious Communist", publicly beheaded Staunton Pardon Mooney Club and met grams were sent to Governor Rolph, demanding the immediate and unconditional release of Tom Mooney; to the Prosecuting Attorney of Franklin County, workers?

After disposing of preliminaries, the Ill., demanding the quashing of the in conference buckled down to business. dictment of the seven victims recently The conference elected its officers and committees then proceeded to a discus- Mooney greeting him and pledging a sion on methods for the beginning of struggle on his behalf.

A motion introduced by a U. M. W. A which appeared in the Illinois Miner of November 28 to the effect that Tom from every control of the masses. Its League of America (Opposition) was to debate with Chas. Blome against the re- circular. The C. C. of the British Comlease of Mooney, and demanding that the Illinois Miner print a correction, was unanimously carried.

An executive committee representing each local union, the Communist Party, the Communist League of America (Opposition) was elected and will work out plans to broaden the conference and ertend its activity. We would like to inquire of the Communist Party as to whether its participation in this conference is a change of policy, and why the I L. D. and the N. M. U. were conspicious by their absence? The conference was a succeed from

many points of view. The delegations were representative ones, and militancy was outstanding. -GEORGE CLARKE.

ion leadership, its idealization, blotting out its treason, and fastening the confidence of the working-class to it. The young British Communist Party was because of this deeply demoralized. The whole authority of the October Revolution, U. S. S. R., Bolshevism, was in this year attached to the support and solidification of the conservative and servile tendencies of the British working-class.

The Laborites Use the Stalinites

After the Laborites had utilized the Stalinites to the end and kicked them aside, the chapter of Trade Unionism was mechanically substituted under the caption of the ultra-Left jump to the glory of the "Third Period". The slogan of "Class Against Class" was now issued,

interpreted as a slogan of the struggle of a handful of Communists against the "social-fascist" proletariat. When yesterday Purcell and Cook were friends and trustworthy allies of the Soviet Union, today the workers who vote for Purcell and Cook transformed thempolitical orbit of the British Commun-

International. Can we expect another surer way to trample the prestige of Communism and to undermine the confidence of the Party by the awakening

The Moscow bureaucracy of the C. I. at every step runs against a blind alley arrested, and their release; to Tom with its nose, commands a turn either to the Left or to the Right. That is

not difficult. All these Kuusinens, Manuilskys, Losovskys, etc., are apparatus also-and this is the important thing-

James P. Cannon will speak at the I. W. W. Forum in New York at 90 East 10th Street, on Sunday, December 6th, 1931. The subject of comrade Cannon's lecture will be "Class War Prisoners and Labor Solidarity." He will review the famous labor cases of the past, the attitude of militant labor toward them, and draw conclusions re-

garding the problem of labor solidarity in the cases of the present day.

the last rise of reliance of the millions daughter of a baron.

of workers on the capitalists, lords, intellectuals, educated and rich persons, those united with MacDonald and the Commonweal, will publish details of the Sunday Pudding. These gentlemen will land-holding of those peers who have find no secret. The real secret is this: heirs or other relatives in the Comthe Proletarian Revolution. Just as the mons, with some particulars of untitled actual elections prepare the smash of landlords who have secured election by the conservative and servile soul of the their dupes.

In a future issue the same weekly,

The Work of the Greek Opposition

(Continued from page 3)

This has still further hardened the Opposition, and in spite of the machinations, it has been successful recently in strengthening its influence, particularly among the party cadres influence is growing in all Jts. the cities, large and small. Entirely new groups have been formed in Macedonia among the tobacco workers, as well as in Larissa, Lamia, Thassos. They are holding a great number of sport meetings, and meetings of refugees. In addition, they have two well-developed artistic groups, who carried on propagandist performances with great success especially in Athens and Saloniki, and among the sympathizers in rural districts. At present these performances

have been forbidden by the police.

Formation of Cadres The entire work of training which was carried on in the past, has shown good results. Today they have a large nummen, free not only of serious Marxian ber of trained workers who know how of the Anti-Communist Law, (f) Abolicord as denouncing a malicious slander training and revolutionary horizon, but to apply Marxist principles, in political questions as well as in those of strategy Struggle for the unemployed, struggle and tactics. Although the work was be- for decent social insurance, support of Stamm in the name of the Communist politics has a pure chancery character. gun by a group of intellectuals, about the unemployed. A tactical turn is for them only a new 85 to 90% of it now consists of work- Differences with the Party on Concrete ers, who are engaged in the productive process. They have Marxist schools, which are attended by adherents. This the organization of their first congress. The basis of the local organization is sheets, in strikes and through active

participation in all daily struggles of the workers, the Opposition shows its real face.

An organ for functionaries is pub lished whose first issue appeared after Aug. 1, and whose second issue came out the beginning of September.

Spartakos

As to this sterile and petty-bourgeois group, they have already frequently given their views. Still, they tested them again from a political standpoint through | October 1931

publication of an open letter, calling upon them for work in common, for discussion of various questions of tactics, etc. This, as they pointed out, would then lead to a fusion in the future. No answer. On the contrary, the petty struggles of this gorup became even sharper, and dirtier. Our Greek comrades think it is the duty of the International Opposition to express its opinion of the Spartakos group and to condemn it as a group with which we have nothing in common.

The Slogans of Our Organization

The Congress of the Opposition will be held in about two months Against the Party they put up the slogan of the reunion of the two political organizations. They have already published a series of articles on it in their organ, "Davlos": 1. For trade union unity---against the splitters! 2. A group of democratic slogans, (a) Freedom for trade unions, (b) Freedom of the press, (c) Freedom of Assembly, (d) Freedom for political organizations, (e) Abolition

(a) Evaluation of Fascism. (b) The immeddiate threat of war against the U. whole work is reflected in the theses for S. S. R., (c) Trade union questions, (d) Against the theory of socialism in one country, (e) Against "social-fascism". the cell. Through the press, in fly- It should be mentioned here, that on all these questions the Spartakos group and the "Fractionists" drift along at the tail of the Party.

We must develop and make closer our contact with our Greek section so as to exchange our experiences internationally. It is therefore of great importance to report more often in our press on their activities and to give them at the same time for their press authentic reports on the situation in the various European counries. -A. S-in.

munist Party, according to its strength carries out the orders. But all of these circulars, through the corresponding politics, transport themselves into the con-

CANNON TO SPEAK BEFORE I. W. W. FORUM