

Published weekly by the Communist League of America (Opposition) at 84 East 10th Street, New York, N. Y. Entered as second class mail matter, November 28, 1928 at the Post Office at New York, N. Y. under the act of March 3. 1879.

be preserved.

body of imperialism.

In 1848 Marx and Engels, in the im-

mortal Communist Manifesto, exultantly

cried: "A spectre is haunting Europe-

the spectre of Communism". With the

Russian Revolution of November 1917

this spectre became a reality of the mod-

ern world, the first death-thrust of the

unsheathed proletarian sword in the

The Proletarian Dictatorship Is

Established

VOLUME IV, NO. 30 [WHOLE NO. 89]

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1931

<u>
HEMILITANT</u>

After the British Elections

Preparing the Road for Sharpened Future Struggles

larly in Europe, will increase in stature England", page 91).

Unquestionably the most outstanding among the generally extra-ordinary results recorded by the British elections of Oct. 27 is the crushing blow dealt to fabian reformism. In the immediate sense and by way of parliamentary representation, reaction gained overwhelmingly. But in its more fundamental aspect, these elections have compressed into one expression the fact that the British workers are becoming disillusioned with this insidious corrupting influence of reformism, but have not yet learned the revolutionary way out. In this respect the elections record one serious obstacle diminished.

The conservatives increased their vote mandates now having 472 seats in the 615. In the same comparison, that is, with 1929, the Labor party lost over one and one half million votes. In the apportionment of seats in parliament they are now minus 214, having been reduced to a mere fraction of 50 members in the in its internal class relations, they will house. The Communist party polled a total of 74,824 votes, compared to its 50.000 votes in 25 electoral districts in furious conflicts for the world economic 1929 and 53,000 votes in the 1924 elections.

The Labor Party Prepared for Present Situation

Undoubtedly the two years reign of the labor government succeeded admirably in laying the foundation for what is happening now. It would be entirely inadequate to speak only of its treason able role. In fact it performed the historical function of reformism which in evitably followed the road from a pro gressive position to that of reaction.

With the accelerating decline of Bri tish imperialism, altered also the position of the Labor party reformism. Thus, when the capitalist masters, in an effort to save the sinking pound, made their categoric demands for further drastic reductions in the working class standard, these people were faced with either complete submission or the revolutionary alternative. The latter, of course, his majesty's ministers would never ac cept, so MacDonald, Snowden and Jimmie Thomas went with the national govern ment to "victory". The others attempted to stick to their fabian reformism and were pretty well wiped out of parliament. This vote of Oct. 27, happening in a country with a decisive proletarian majority, represents first of all the despair caused by the miserable role of

"On the day when the English prole- so with the United States, Great Britariat frees itself from the mental base- tain's main competitor. However, the ness of Fabianism, humanity, particu- conservatives majority can be expected to more than repeat its infamous record by at least a head." (Trotsky-"Whither of the former tenure in office, of which the trades union act became the out

standing example. New Relations and Labors' New Road British capitalism finds itself today already reduced to a smaller ration in world economy. That it will fight more desperately for its diminshing ration is already indicated, but the most immediate front it will seek at home. The slashes in the working class standard which have so far taken place, can be considered only the preliminary' skirm ishes and a prelude to what is coming. For that the way has been well pre pared by the two years reign of the "labor" government. The workers at this moment, perhaps more disorganized than ever, are undoubtedly looked upon from the 1929 elections by more than as easy victims by the conservatives who three millions; it gained more than 200 will now continue the task of their predecessors and consider the election vic-House of Commons out of a total of tory a license to go to the extreme limit. While these elections merely reflect the deep going changes now taking place in the general structure of British imperialism, in its relations to other powers on the world market, and particularly

> also undoubtedly in more than one respect mark a serious turning point. The rations and for division of the world can be expected to develop at an accelerated pace. But above all, the sharp ened class relations within will compel

a new constellation of forces. On a whole it can easily be assumed that what now looks like a body-blow to British labor may rather prove its rebirth on a high er plane. The role of the official par liamentary labor opposition can become only a very limited one. In reality it will register a body blow to the miser- of the world proletarian revolution. able fabian reformism, which although

Friday, November 6, 1931

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> Lecture by ARNE SWABECK

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League of America (Opposition)

NEXT WEEK: Friday, Nov. 13: THE HAYMARKET MARTYRS Their Tradition and their Place in History Lecture by James P. Cannon $\bullet \bullet \bullet$

Gotha Program, was the necessary trannot dead, in this new situation of sharp sition measure employed by the worker class relations will be compelled to ing class in the long, hard road toward the establishment of a genuine Comgive place to a new and a revolutionary outlook. In this respect the elections munist society—a society without the excan become a milestone on the road forploitation of man by man and thereby ward for British labor. To the degree without classes. The Kautskys and the Mensheviks, et al, abandoning Marx's to which it has become freed from the mental baseness of fabianism, to that ideas, lost their base, and since then have degree it will be able to commence its stood upon the ground of revisionism solution on the revolutionary path. and reformism.

For the Communist party the future possibilities are that much more enhanced. If it can solve the very serious problems of correct policy, it has the there began the first acts in carrying the workers and peasants met defeat opportunity of reviving the splendid traditions of the Chartist movement and tific socialism. The Russian Revolution with the slogans of Bread, Peace and a revival on a higher plane—on the plane



The dominant event now in Far Eastern politics is the Manchurian occupation which startled the world like lightning from the blue. Japanese imperialism has carried out the wishes and plans, which it entertained for years, to subjugate Manchuria to its own territory. It chose the right moment to tests and resistance among the people strike since the world economic depression has so seriously affected the United up to now are chiefly words and sentimental phrases which are characteristic States of America and England, even as it chose the right moment during the

to the claws of Japanese imperialism. A two years in order to understand the wave of indignation and fury is spread- present situation of the Party. Between ing throughout the whole of China, stu-September 1930 and January 1931, there dents are out in the streets haranguing were two overturns in the Party which the masses for decades. Its consummathe crowd, mass meetings are being held, resulted in the complete elimination of anti-Japanese associations organized; the the Li-Li-Sian group from leadership. anti-Japanese 'boycott is to be streng-It was sacrificed as a scape-goat to cover thened, circulars, leaflets and placards the adventurous sins of the Stalinist E. distributed. But unfortunately the pro- C. C. I.

> Influence of the Past on Present Chinese C. P.

> > (Continued on Page 3)

of the petty-bourgeois movement. The workers are not now participating ac-Central Committee of

The 14th anniversary of the Bolshevik | means of production and distribution | of the Soviet Union and the internation-Russian Revolution is at hand; and were socialized and nationalized. For al proletarian movement, gave rise, under the proletariat of the entire world cheers the first time in the modern imperialist the aegis of Stalin and Bucharin, to new epoch, by the act of the proletarian rev- formulations, new ideas, false interprethe first working class to achieve power over the capitalist class. The heritage olution, "Socialist production upon a tations and revisionist theories of Marxpre-determined plan became henceforth ism. The tremedous damage which the of the October Revolution, precious to possible" (Engels). Not through the epigones of Lenin-the Stalinist-Bucharin the toiling millions everywhere, must hazy dreams of the Utopian socialists, but scientifically, following the basic plans of Marx and Engels, socialist

Hail 14 Years of Soviet Rule

Fight to Preserve the Traditions of the Bolshevik October

construction began. The Epoch of Wars and Revolutions There began that experiment in humanity-building when ultimately, "The government of persons (the State) is replaced by the administration of things; and by the conduct of the processes of production." (Engels).

The Leninist estimation of the present The major act of the Russian proleimperialist epoch is that it is the "epoch tariat, in the program of revolution, was of wars and revolutions." With the adthe seizure of political power as a class; vent of the Bolshevik Revolution, the it established State power; it set up the establishment of proletarian Soviet dictatorship of the proletariat which, as power, the two phases of the Leninist Marx proved in the Criticism of the view were realized. The World War. that enormous but inevitable disaster of civilization, which forever damned capitalism in the eyes and minds of the thinking and revolutionary workers and peoples of all lands, was first given a deadly blow by the uprising of the misery-ridden workers and peasants and soldiers of Czarist Russia. The epoch of capitalist war had met its complemen and master-the Proletarian Revolution. The Kerensky socialists and mensheviks When the Russian masses, under the |---the protectory of the interests of the leadership of the Communist Party, of Russian bourgeoisie-who tried to hold Lenin and Trotsky, assumed power, back the realization of the demands of

through the economic program of scien- The Bolsheviks, penetrating the Soviets proceeded with the social measures put Land, won the masses to their slogans forward by the early leaders of scien- and received the mandate of the Rus--A. S. tific socialism, Marx and Engels. The sian people to carry through the Bolshevik program.

Carrying Out the Program of Communism It became possible then to initiate the work of carrying out successfully the principles of Communism-a task which, as Lenin pointed out in his brochure. the Soviets At Work, would comprise the physical and intellectual efforts of tion would witness the complete transformation of the means of production and distribution and the outlook of man upon the world—a transvaluation of values that would raise mankind to a historical level never before conceived cite here some factual material. by man. Though begun in Soviet Rus-

It is really amusing to read the Com- on an international scale through the Centrists and Right wing. In the 14th intern's letter of last November to the instruments of Communist Parties and year of the Rusian revolution, the Left Communist International as guides and the Chinese Com munist Party, condemning the policy of leaders of the working class. To this its criticism of the Stalinist Comintern the Li-Li-Sian group. The gist of the end the Communist International, with and ratified the platform and perspecletter was that "the course of armed the leading spirits then of Lenin, Trot tives of the Left Opposition both in reuprising is already decided, the signi- sky, Rakovsky, Zinoviev and Platten gard to the situation in the Soviet Unficance of the establishment of the Sov- was formed in 1919. iet government lies in the fact that the During the fourteen years of the Rus-Chinese Communist Party is on the road sian Revolution there have been also six towards armed uprising in the big and congresses of the Communist Internabiggest cities", but "comrade Li-Li-Sian tional. During these 14 years of prosaw the ripening of the revolutionary letarian power in Soviet Russia, there war. It is impossible for the Kuo Min situation on a national scale," and "pro- have been mighty achievements despite posed to start an armed uprising in Han- the many and persistent efforts of the kow when the Chinese Communist Party Russian bourgeoisie, White Guardists broad masses. The only alternative for has in that area only two hundred Party and the world imperialists led by Amthe Kuo Min Tang government is to ap members and one hundred and fifty red erica, England and France, to smash the Soviet Power. Military interventrade union members." But the executor Li-Li-Sian should tion, civil war, sabotage, famine, etc. have fully the right to ask the sages failed. The power of the Red Army, of the Comintern why they decided on the fundamental acts of the socialization ths course of armed uprising in the big and nationalization of the means of proand biggest cities when they themselves. duction (to the fullest extent possible admitted in the same letter that "the under the given conditions) the power above all, of the ideas and ideal of rising tide of the labor movement, gen-Communism, that penetrated the conerally speaking, even in the decisive insciousness of the masses ever more and dustrial cities (Hankow, Shanghai along more, held the Soviet Power and the Yangtse, not to mention Canton, Hong-Communist Party firmly together through hong, Darien, Harbin, etc.) lags behind all struggles and vicissitudes. the peasant movement. Even in Shang-

school of thought-have committed to the immediate and historical interests of the Russian and also the world proletarian revolution, is here briefly outlined.

Property-land and the means of production-remain socialized in the Soviet Union. The monopoly of foreign trade, a mighty pillar for the maintenance of the proletarian dictatorship, exists. The years in which Lenin and Trotsky led the destinies of Soviet Russia, the best period of Communist leadership, have instilled millions of workers with the understanding and need of Communism. Despite the Stalinist perversions of Marxist-Leninist theories and practice and the disfiguration of Revolution, there remains tremendous ideological strength in large sections of the Communist party and the proletariat, largely unexpressed because of the suppressive methods of the Stalinist regime against the worker-Communists and Left Opposition.

Stalin and Menshevik Hopes

The revision of the doctrines of Marx and Lenin by the Stalinists has given aid and comfort to the theories of Menshevism. Menshevism insists that the zig-zags and revisions of Leninism by Stalin and Bucharin are historically inevitable, and that the present leadership of the Comintern is adapting itself accordingly. Menshevism denies that the assumption of power by the proletariat in a socalled backward country economically, as in Russia, can become the means whereby the proletariat can proceed to the introduction of socialist principles of production and distribution, and it maintains that if a working class attains political power under such conditions, the drift must be back to capitalism, in order not to "skip any stages" in the historical economic scale. But the years of the Russian Revolution under Lenin and Trotsky are a living refutation of the Mensheviks and made easier the defeat of the latter both in Soviet Russia and on a world scale. However, the official paraders of Communism, the Stalinist regime, have made simpler the tasks of the Menshevik slanderers. We

The Left Opposition has consistently sia, this objective could only be achieved discussed the issues dividing it from the Opposition finds that time has confirmed

the Labor party. Only in that light can also be explained the small vote of the Communist Party. It failed to indicate the revolutionary way out.

Does Mac Donald See His Finish? In his statement, thanking the voters for their "confidence", Mac Donald says: The very emphasis of the response is embarrassing, but I appeal for forbearance as well as confidence. . . . " Perhaps he sees in this response already the forebodings of his being thrown away as a useless tool now that he can no more effectively serve to keep the workers under illusions. At any rate the conservatives wil not be slow in taking full charge of affairs without being much cause much more worry to its leader as generals of the Chang Hseuh Liang it has been reduced to an extent of be-

ing pretty safe from any further splits. One of the first issues which the conservatives can be expected to ride and complete control over the territory through rough shod will undoubtedly be where they were the rulers. They look their much cherished protective tariff. on helplessly at the Japanese bombard-As a solution to a decadent industrial ing burning, pillaging and killing. system operating in a country which has | The Resistance of the Chinese Masses now become the classic example of imperialist decline, protective tariffs can at of which stands Chiang Kai-Shek, is no But it will be certain to add its part in ness" and "endurance" to the people the sharpening of imperialist antagon- just as the Manchurian generals practise isms in the world market and especially non-resistance in delivering the people

World War to put up the famous twenty one demands upon China. The Japanese imperialists are always at work to keep China in a state of schism and discord, and to make the militarists fight

each other in order to fish in the troubled waters.

After the suppression of the revolution, after the slaughter of tens of thousands of the revolutionary masses, the Nanking government is degenerating to the same fate as the former Peking government. It can offer no resistance against the aggression of foreign imnerialists, except that it still uses many revolutionary phrases which are anachronistic reminiscences of the past revhampered in parliament. Even the Lloyd olution. In the face of a predatory war George section of the liberals should not launched by Japan against China, the

> group only retreated as the Japanese army advanced, and laid down arms to let the Japanese army have a free hand

The Nanking government, at the head best, have a very questionable value. better. Chiang Kal-Shek preaches "calm

On July 4, 1931 we revived the Week-

ly Militant and for four months now we

have again issued the paper. It has

been hard, but we believe that the sup-

porters and sympathizers of the Left Op-

position want to maintain the Weekly

Militant at all costs. Support from each

subscriber and sympathizer to the cause

of the Left Communists will assure the

existence of the Weekly and help to de-

From New York, a total of \$150.00 has

reached The Militant since our appeal.

House to house collections are being un-

dertaken, sympathizers and subscribers

visited. Chicago states that supporters

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sponse of its readers. DON'T DELAY!

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THE MILITANT

there will be reached immediately.

velop it on stronger foundations.

PRESERVE THE WEE

We are compelled to continue our pub- compelled, because of lack of funds, to lic appeal for funds to SAVE THE discontinue the Weekly Militant. This WEEKLY MILITANT. Donations are was a hard blow to the revolutionary beginning to reach us, but they are far movement. We were determined to retoo small as yet to ensure the continued cover and return again to a weekly paper existence of our paper on the present at the first opportunity.

basis. A policy of the utmost economy is followed scrupulously to hold the cost of publication of The Militant to the absolute minimum. No other working class publication ever was conducted or such an economical basic as is the case with the organ of the Communist League (Opposition). For this reason, our readers can feel confident that whenever public appeal is made for The Militant, urgent and immediate necessity for bare existence and maintenance of the paper makes it so. We ask our readers to HEED OUR APPEAL TODAY AND

SEND IN DONATIONS AT ONCE. On two occasions we have started the Weekly Militant. The first time was on November 30, 1929. After seven and a half months of existence, during which the Weekly Militant demonstrated its effectiveness on various issues before the working class-the textile and coal miners' struggles, information on world

events, Communist policy, etc .-- we were 84 East 10th Street, New York, N. Y.

tively in the anti-Japanese imperialism movement because they are not quite recovered from the wounds they suffered, and there are still rigorous restrictions against them.

> What is to be done to beat off the foreign invasion? What will be the outcome of it? Many public and legal organizations are clamoring for a war against Japan. But a war against Japanese imperialism means a revolutionary Tang government to conduct such a war because it fears the awakening of the peal to the League of Nations and to America for interference in favor of China.

Kuo Min Tang's Shaky Position

Until now it only received a rebuff from the League of Nations. After all, the latter is quite in line with Japanese imperialism, expressing satisfaction over the sophistic Japanese explanation that the military invasion is not military occupation, etc. The only road open to the Nanking government is to negotiate directly with Japan, to put up with hai and Hankow, the spontaneous strike the loss of territory and to swallow the insult. But in the long run, will the people not be exasperated by the gov ernment's capitulation to the clattering of weapons and the unsheathing of

swords by Japan imperialism? The Canadian Party logic of events should lead to the serious shaking of the Kuo Min Tang rule and should open many possibilities for Com-

munist agitation. The Kuo Min Tang rule has experenced this year the most severe crisis League have been in forming a mass desince its advent to power in China in expression as the Workers' Rights and 1927; its inner deep antagonisms be Anti-Deportation Conference. tween the Chekiang and the Kwantung

factions, the revolt of the Northern In all leading cities of Canada where militarists, the peasant war in central a branch of the C. L. D. L. exists, con-China, the growing misery of the massferences have been organized for the es due to heavy taxation and high cost defense of the Communist Party. In ployed. of living, the unprecedented flood disas- Toronto, where the headquarters of the ter, and the Japanese occupation of Party are located, and where the trial Manchuria are bound to exert a revolu- will take place, a conference was organtionary influence upon the masses. Here ized on September 28th, which was atand there we hear always the bitter tone tended by 129 delegates representing 49 of enmity from the lowest strata of the organizations, and consists of an effort masses against Chiang Kai Shek, Chang to form a united front of various sec-Hsueh Liang and the Kuo Min 'Fang tions of the Labor movement, as evidenced by the nature of the organizations rebecause they advocate non-resistance to presented, reformist unions, Labor party, the Japanese aggression. But where is fraternal and cultural bodies, and orthe Communist Party which can utilize successfully the hostility of the people ganizations sympathetic to and under the ideological control of the Party. The against the Kuo Min Tang to overthrow composition of the conference has shown its rule? In other words, where is the that if proper tactics are adopted united Communist Party, the only party existfront can be attained. It seems that the ing in China, which is against all shades Party leaders are learning a few lessons of the Kue Min Tang?

We need to write the history of the from the catastrophic policies of the last Chinese Communist Party in the last few years; that the present trial means

Lenin Dies; Stalinism Rises

struggle did not develop rapidly. In the The death of Lenin, which came af-May and August demonstrations of this ter four Congresses of the Communist International had guided the destinies

Leaders on Irial

Since the arrest of the nine Party the legality or illegality of the Communleaders in Canada last August, the main ist movement, and strangulation or burefforts of the Canadian Labor Defense eaucratic control of the defense move- by the Left Opposition under Trotsky's ment would have serious repercussion in leadership. In a fundamental, principle fense movement; this work has found harming the cause at a critical period. The first meeting of the conference in other ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE RUS-Toronto adopted a resolution giving an SIAN REVOLUTION BELONG TO THE analysis of the situation in Canada, of LEFT OPPOSITION.

the various phases of capitalist breakdown leaving an army of 600,000 unem-

Instead of granting unemployment insurance to the hungry, capitalist economy "strengthens" itself by adding to its police forces, and using more outrageous methods of violence as instanced by the shooting of three striking miners in Estevan, Saskatchewan. Canada has also broken off all diplomatic and commercial relations with the U.S.S.R., and is now a leader in the Christian anti-Soviet blockade.

The Decisions of the Defense Conference The conference accepted the Workers' Rights and Anti-Deportation Bill, and the following are its main clauses: 1. Freedom of speech and assembly

- for the working class
- (Continued on page 2)

ion and internationally.

In the year 1931 there took place the trials of the engineer specialists and Mensheviks on charges of sabotage and counter-revolutionary activity against the Soviet Government. The Opposition warned the Party against the Stalinist methods which made it so easy for Mensheviks and intellectuals of the old order to step into positions of significance, without any check, in the fields of economy and politics. The party and the Soviet Union paid the price of this "reconciliation" with window-jumping Bessedovsky, the Agebekovs, the Ramzins, the "Mensheviks-Bolsheviks, and countless others.

The Opposition Platform Serves the Workers' Interests

Advances in socialist construction in the domain of industry and agriculture have been made-notable ones. The Left Opposition led the struggle, resisted for years by Stalin and Bucharin, for a vast increase in Soviet and collective farms and for a swifter industrialization policy. Under Opposition pressure the Stalinist "Left" swing began. We will not deal hear with the caricature the Stalinists have made of a sound collectivization and industrialization program, but concern ourselves with the main outlines. The Five Year Plan, the and programmatic sense, these and many

In respect to Soviet economy, the Left Opposition proposed the abandonment of the Stalinist policy of economic isola tion, the theory of an isolated, self-sufficing Soviet economy able to build a "complete socialist society" (Stalin) with the existing economic perquisites of Russia. The Opposition insisted that the false theory of socialism in one country, the foundation of Stalin's "theories", be discarded. The Opposition proposed a foreign trade policy that would link the needs of the Russian Revolution with the requirements of the world's workers affected by the world economic crisis. The monopoly of foreign trade by the Soviet Union would be the lever for a controlled economic collaboration with the capitalist world. Concretely, further, Trotsky proposed 2. Protection of foreign-born and Bri- to this end that the Comintern initiate

(Continued on page 4)

THE MILITANT PAGE 2

A Union Delegate on the Mooney Meets $|I_n Sec. Two C.P.|$ Amter Proscribes Opposition at Forum The party has for some time been con-, slander too vile and low but he was

On Oct. 15th, the night I intended to] make the report to my local union on the Mooney United Front Conference called by the I. L. D., what did I find! fending the workers in the class strug-I. L. D. After him, the leader of the Molders' Conference for not seating the delegates of the I. L. D. and the Party) got up and made a motion that since I was a delegate to the Mooney Conference the local should hear my report first and then act upon the appeal in accordance with it.

Of course, this T. U. J. L. leader either through laxity or inattentiveness was blankly ignorant of what had taken place at that conference. He labored under the illusion that my report would be favorable and that the local union would automatically respond to the ap peal.

Then came my report, which was abou as follows:

"Mr. Chairman and Brothers: This l L. D.-Mooney Conference was a mere mass meeting. Its representation was to go into conference with it. Housewives, the W. E. S. L. the R. F. Band, the L. of Struggle for N. R., B. the T. U. U. L., etc. Local Union 2090, U. B. of C. & J. of A. was the only organization present which is affiliated with the A. F. of L.

ference. The resolution was presented in complete form, and no one could add a suggestion to it. Four delegates representing workers' organization were not seated and were ousted from the hall. The whole Mooney Defense campaign

was turned into a general goulash. . The I. L. D. acts now almost as if it were a strictly party defense organization, as is shown by the conduct of the Morgenstern-Goodman case in Philadelphia.

Therefore, I move that this locar union withdraw its delegation and abstain from any further participation in these fake united front conferences, until the leadership of the I. L. D. changes its policy in united fronts.

My motion was seconded, whereupon the T. U. U. L. leader made an amendment: that we defer action on the motion and invite another speaker from the I. L. D. to explain the action of the I. L D. at this conference and also their gen eral policy, and then act upon my motion.

'El Soviet' Out

The first issue of El Soviet, weekly

organ of the Left Opposition in Spain,

Hacker Lies On Oct. 29, Hacker, the I. L. D. district organizer, appeared on the floor of our local union. He spoke for 30 min-A representative from the I. L. D. (a) utes, mentioning all the cases the I. L. Kentucky miner) presented his creden- D. had defended, and said that the I. L. tial and asked for the floor, which was D. was a political organization and all granted him. After dwelling at length its present actions were based on past on the "victorious" Mooney Conference experiences. Then he came with an outand the great work they had done in de- right lie, and said that at this conference they were compelled to put the gle, he appealed for financial aid to the Trotsky elements and "agents of the capitalist class" out of the hall because they T. U. U. L. group (who had enjoyed my had disrupted every speaker at every report on the Mooney Molders Confer- third or fourth word, and that in all ence—a report in which I condemned the their activities they were confronted with cils disappeared from the map." But these same elements, who find their way

> I was then given the floor and of presented by the Centrists: course I had to deny his statement that

anyone would have known that there A. (Opposition) present—at least, no question of disruption could have been sent to fefute what I said. I asked the speaker for what purpose the I. L. D.

and the Party sent their delegates to the Mooney Molders' Conference, so long as they had officially denounced the com mittee in the Daily Worker and refused Was it point out to him that the reasons for not seating the delegates at the Mooney is a long time since one dared to state Kuo Min Tang) several of our comrades C. W. L. branches of the I. L. D. and Molders' conference, and the reasons for conference were identical, and that just as Muste, Lefkowitz and company were afraid that the delegates from the I. L.

The credentials committee was ap- D. might offer policies to the conferpointed before and outside of the con- ence that would be accepted in preference to theirs, thereby throwing them out of the limelight, so were the bureaucrats of the I. L. D. afraid that the Trotskyists might do the same to them. The easiest way out for the time being was to declare them to be disrupters and counter-revolutionists and throw them

out of the hall. On the Morgenstern and Goodman case: since at our last meeting it was denied that the I. L. D. refused to defend these boys, I was compelled to write to

the Morgenstern-Goodman Defense committee for the facts in the case. When I read them off before the local union, Hacker was obliged to admit that the I. L. D., has not defended them.

In conclusion: the local union did not act on my motion to withdraw, nor did it act on the appeal for financial aid. But the chairman let Hacker know that in the future, if we are invited to a united front conference, (by that we understand that all workers' organizations must be seated) that what took place

at the I. L. D. Mooney Conference must not be repeated. -W. H. H.

A lecture on the "Rise and Fall of the British Labor Government" will be given by comrade Arne Swabeck, member Delegate from L. U. 2090, U. B. of C. & J. of A. of the National Committee, Communist Maxim Litvinoff, Soviet Foreign Com-

(We are of the position that it is League of America (Opposition) on missar, left for Turkey recently to re-

NEW YORK .---A membership meeting of section two, Communist Party, New York district, was called for October 27, to hear a report by S. Perila on work among the unemployed. It is hardly possible to imagine anything more colorless and ineffective, deprived even of an iota of a revolutionary aspect. It was a boresome

repetition of well-known "failures" "We miserably failed because we had nothing to offer to the unemployed" Therefore, "soon after the famous March 6th demonstration, the unemployed counhow to remedy that small matter and to in there under assumed names. And so develop a clear-cut program of demands and action? Here is the prescription

1. To build unemployed councils; 2 these delegates were guilty of any dis- to penetrate the A. F. of L. unions with ruption tactics. As a matter of fact, if the demands for: (a) exempt stamps for they had been quietly seated, hardly unemployed; (b) unemployed fund drawn from the bosses; (c) rotating jobs; 3 were representatives from the C. L. of Unity of employed and unemployed. Al of this is to be achieved by the "united front from below". Which reminds one raised. I challenged any delegate pre- of the housewife who, being asked how to cook jelly from cherries, replied 'Buy two pounds of cherries, a pound of sugar and cook it."

A Rank and Filer Speaks Up

It was quite logical then that a com rade took the floor and said that he did of such insignificant trifles as the N. E. not see the face of a revolutionary party P. the Anglo-Russian Committee and 90 per cent bodies organized by the C. for construction or disruption? To this in these demands, and that a united front the emaciated Chinese Revolution of 1925-P., such as the I. W. A., the Working Hacker failed to answer. I went on to from below alone is no united front at 1927 (in which the Chinese Communist all. It is interesting to remark that it

openly his opinions in the Communist not seating delegates at the I. L. D.'s Party. S. Perila in reply, said, "I shall and commissions in the speech and to at not discuss with comrade L-about the statement he made. He shall be called tions with the comrades present. to another place and we shall discuss there." Thus, Perila, like a true petty bureaucrat of a low order of comprehen-

sion, spoke up. This statement made by one of the 'leaders" and not by a labor faker, called forth an indignant protest of a rank and filer who criticized Perila's remarks as terroristic and threatening tionl meeting, soon worked up a frenzy against a comrade who expressed his views. One could feel the silent approval of the membership on the protest against Perila, and the latter evidenotly But it remained for the realized the effect of his unguarded revelations on the methods of the present

party regime Perila then stated that comrade L-is to be called to the section committee and he will be given a chance to explain his atus readily responded: "Hang them !" statement in front of the section membership. The question really is whether the bureaucrats are courageeous party enough to confront and to reply to a President of Manhattan held forth for Leninist definition of Communist tactics, of a real united front policy.

BOSTON LECTURE!

ducting an open forum in New York on able to fish it up to cover his own incompetent and ignorant blabber that to-Sunday nights. Assuming that an open forum, conducted by the Communist day takes the place of Marxist education in the Stalinized party. Finally, party, is the place for workers to clarin the midst of the frenzy, he succeeded ify themselves on questions of fundamental revolutionary policy, Opposition in putting through a motion depriving Oppositionists of the floor at the future comrades have been attending the forforums um, with the object of learning from

We can be quite certain that the "vic and discussing with comrades of the oftory" of this arrogant flunkey of the ficial party, what the attitude of Com-Stalinist regime will not stand to his from the I. L. D. Conference the repremunists toward such important problems credit. His reckless mismanagement of sentatives of the Left Opposition whose as the united front tactic, the Negro the party's affairs in Cleveland and members and supporters have for years question, unemployment, etc., should be. more recently, in New York, by far efface been leading fighters on behalf of After all-as Amter himself perhaps unwittingly exclaimed -the determining it. Lynching tactics as a whole have no place in the revolutionary movement. factor under such favorable revolutionary conditions as exist at present, is the They have their own logic, and we need party. And for us, Oppositionists at only turn to Amter's former cronies, the self-same Lovestoneites who first least, the party means chiefly the repreemployed these tactics against the Left sentative of the ideology of the working class, the protagonist of Marxist Opposition; the Left Opposition will ideas applied to all phases of proletarian wipe out this vilification of the movement together with the rest of the Stalactivity.

As usual, our comrades took their inist scourges that at present petrify it For the present, we will merely content places at the forum last Sunday, Novemourselves with saying that not even a ber 1st, when the redoubtable Israel Amthousand Amters can succeed in separ ter, top-sergeant of District Two, condeating the Opposition from the party scended to instruct the advanced Communits workers of New York in the post-October history of the world revolucore of living Marxist thought. and tionary movement, on the occasion of the thereby alone its penetration into the fourteenth anniversary of the Soviet Unvanguard of the revolutionary movement 'ion. After he had disposed very easily is inevitable. Means will yet be found! I. L. D.

Party-"cooperated"-with the bourgeois took the floor to comment on omissions tempt comradely discussion on vital ques

Amter Proscribes Opposition

Immediately as our comrades took th floor, the grumblings of the corporals and subalterns of the official apparatus became audible. Isolated booings and threats against the "insolent" Trotsky ites who dared to attempt discussion at what was apparently a workers' educaamong the stampeded party members, who at first showed themselves eager to listen to the words of the Oppositionists

dauntless top-sergeant himself to whip up the sentiment into a veritable lynching spirit, by such provoking shouts as: "Do you know what would be done with people like these in the Soviet Union?' To which obedient lackies of the appar With that same fire with which he exorts the exploited bank deposits to militant class action, the future Borough more than fifteen minutes against the young Opposition comrades, with no

Litvinov In Turkey A Moscow dispatch announces that

Work In I.L.D

OPPOSITION ACTIVE DESPITE BUREAUCRATS

We have received the official proceedings of the I. L. D. Mooney Conference of Oct. 11, in New York, sent out by Hecker. The proceedings protest, and rightfully as that "the organization which for years has used the policy of mass protest which Tom Mooney now calls for,-the International Labor Defense, was excluded from this conference of the labor bureaucracy", that is, the Mooney Conference of Sept. 24 called by the Musteites, S. P. leaders, Byrd Kelso of the Mooney Committee, etc. So the I. L D. took a leaf from the S. P.ites, Musteites and outright fakers and expelled Mooney, Billings and all class-war prisoners. In view of the latter fact, the official proceedings brazenly lie when they declare that "the members of this organization (Communist League of America, Opposition) who until their recent expulsion, were members of the I. L. D., had carried on disruptive work within the I. L. D." Our members in the I. L. D., those expelled and those who remain there today, are among the most active of its workers, ready to carry out all tasks assigned to them, and have fought for a genuine policy of labor ranks. Our faction is built on the sound defense, which the I. L. D. must espouse again,-propaganda and defense for all class victims of the capitalist class regardless of their politcal or other views. We will insist upon such a policy for the

The Party Discusses the Negro Problem Marxists and Communists, we approach

NEW YORK.

The Communist League (Opposition) | the Negro from a class viewpoint. We ious questions facing the revolutionary Developing Class Struggle in the South'

with Tom Johnson as speaker. tant outside the Forum hall. The atphysically attacking workers who held system.

political views other than those of the official party. The infuriated Amter answered point blank: "Yes, this is the policy of the Communist Party!"

Policy on the Negro Question At the forum itself, comrade Johnson

developed his subject in accordance with oners. the official party policy of the "right to self-determination for the Negroes in the Black Belt, if they so desire." But Johnson went far beyond even this relatively mild phrasing. A few outstanding quotations from his speech will amply illustrate.

"There is a growing national consci ousness arising among the Negroes, and ation, and as a final smashing blow he (We are of the position that it is league of America (Opposition) on missar, left for furkey recently to re-ncorrect for delegates from local un-rectriced and at the Ambassader Condense control into the minter The proof lies in the fact of the Garvey tells us the Negroes have no music. (!) corner of ister last winter. The press comments align movement." "The revolutionary nation-"The comrade further quotes Lenin, pass through the stage of the bourgeoisdemocratic revolution. We must therefore support this nationalist movement support the Timpanny movement in Irebecause it is a revolutionary movement; land and they had no language of their and we must develop the national con- own? Does the comrade want to foist sciousness of the Negro people". (!) In those words are embodied the essence of Johnson's position. He advocates, not an approach to the Negro as a worker, a proletarian, but as a member of a "nation", which has foundation only in the head the speaker. The Negro and the Class Viewpoint.

continuing with its efforts for comradely aim to develop his class consciousness, discussion with Party members on var- not "national", which means here racial consciousness. I further quoted Lenin movement, again sent its representatives on the slogan of self-determination, the to the New York Party Forum on Sun- features which characterized a national day, October 25th. The subject was "The minority; homeland, language, culture, religion. I applied this to the Negroes in the United States, maintaining that Before the meeting began, comrades there was no basis for viewing the Negro Morris and Rose distributed The Mili- as a national minority, either in theory or fact. I also, in concluding, and tack of the previous week upon us was speaking as a member of the Left Oprepeated, the two comrades beaten and position, called for the unity of the Comforced away. Israel Amter ccme around munist movement, for the reinstatement e short time after and was approached of the Left Opposition into the Party. by comcade Ben Grossman, not a member I asked for a comradely discussion of of the Left Opposition. Comrade Gross- this and other principle questions in an man informed Amter of what had oc- effort to come to a common ideological cured and asked Amter if the Party ap- viewpoint which would prepare us for proved yet of this hooliganism, such as united struggle against the capitalist

> Comrade Lillian Bord then obtained the floor. She_spoke on the Scottsboro case and the necessity for a genuine united front of the working class, led by the I L. D., for the freedom of these boys, of Mooney and all class war pris-

> Johnson then summed up. Holding his remarks on my discussion to the last, he proceeded to an outright demonstration of demagogy of the worst sort imaginable. Johnson said: "The comrade from the Left Opposition came here and delivered a powerful argument against the slogan of the right of self-determinthose things" (why not try reading Lenin. comrade Johnson?) "Didn't Lenin a religion upon the Negroes because they have none? . . . The Negroes have a homeland, here, the United States-(Here we applauded, as did the whole audience, but)-"right here, in the Black Belt . . . and we must develop their national consciousness to make them aware of it" (!).

workers and Communists in Spain. Among the contributors to the first number are L. D. Trotsky (Andres Nin, Henri Lacroix and other leaders of the Spanish Opposition and proletariat.

Part of the contents of El Soviet include articles on: The Duty of the Moment; the Constituent Assembly (Cortes); the Parliamentary Elections; the Telephone Strike and its Development; the Persecution of the Communist Press; Greetings from L. D. Trotsky, the International Secretariat, the National Conference of the Communist League of America (Opposition; Workers Life; For a Genuine Universal Suffrage; Marking the Boundaries of the Communist Factions; the Agrarian Revolution; the Opposition Center at Madrid; Editorials and other articles.

The Militant sends its greetings to El Soviet and the Spanish Opposition on behalf of the revolutionary workers and Left wing in the United States. We are sure that El Soviet will prove a weapon in the clarification of policies in the Communist movement and in the struggle for the unification of the forces of Communism, and in the day to day battle for a Soviet Spain. The Spanish Opposition, in addition to El Soviet, also publishes a monthly theoretical organ, Communismo, and have issued a number of pamphlets and books by Nicolai Lenin, L. D. Trotsky, Andres Nin and others.

Copies may be obtained through A Gonzalez, 84 East 10th Street, New York, N. Y.



Saturday Nov. 14, 1931

All aboard for a Real Good Time! To celebrate the opening of the Chicago Headquarters of the Communist League of America (Opposition)

1435 No. Western Ave. DANCING - ENTERTAINMENT -Fun Galore! Admission. 25 Cents Auspices: Chicago Branch, Communist League of America (Opposition)

greeted with enthusiasm by the advanced ions, such as the above-mentioned, and at the Amba other workers' lorganizations, to with- Berkeley and Warren Aves., under the that there is "no political significance" draw as delegates in protest against the auspices of the Boston Branch of the attached to the trip. Perhaps not in the narrow and incorrect policy of the I. L. D. Rather, we propose that such delegations should retain their representation and continue their appeal to the

rank and file delegates to overrule the methods and policies of the bureaucrats of the Stalinized I. L. D.-Ed.)



- refugees Cessation of police terrorism
- Freedom to form political association
- Repeal of Section 98 of the Crimin al Code, under which act the Communist leaders were arrested.

This Bill was unanimously adopted. It also resolved that the conference recognize the C. L. D. L. as the workers

defense organization in Canada, and also undertakes to reach every labor organi zation for the aid of the arrested. It accepted a quota of \$50.000.00 to be raised, and endorsed the collection of 100,000 signatures for the support of the Bill.

An executive of the conference was elected of seventeen delegates, which includes a member of the Toronto Branch of the Communist League (Opposition). Our Branch, under the specific prevailing conditions, decided, for tactical reasons, not to ask affiliation to the conference directly as an organization, but our comrades are active in the conference in the collection of money, signatures and the general defense work. The Branch is preparing a manifesto explaining our stand, and calling upon all workers and sympathetic elements to give full support to the Party in its fight for a legal existence.

The Regime of Police Terror

Mass Meetings have been called for view of the fact that the Workers' Rights October 28th, under the auspices of the and Anti-Deportation onverence regards United Front Conference, and also for itself as a united front conference, is the November 2nd. the day the trial begins Toronto comrades' tactic not understand and a call to workers in the factories for one day strike. Owing to the un- of the Canadian defendants and against mitigated police terror in Toronto it was impossible to hold a meeting within the Stalinists which prevail in their activcity, and had to be held just outside the ities, is not to make such "concessions' city limits. Free assemblage in halls, or to Stalinism for the sake of formal unin streets, is denied to the Party, the F. ity. Our comrades should at once put S. U. and all I eft wing organizations. The ban now extends to the reformists, and even the Fellowship of Reconciliation is denied the rights of democracy. A few weeks ago at a gathering of soul- Communist League (Opposition)

tion). 'The admission is 25 cents

Subscribe to YOUNG SPARTACUS oragn of the Communist Youth Opposition. Fifty Cents per year.

Leaders on Trial

- by the minions of law and order. Our branch has attempted to hire halls to hold a meeting, but it has been found
- impossible to do so. The purpose of these united front

meetings is to imbed in the consciousness of the workers that the attack against the Party is a prelude to a further attack against the whole labor movement that the interests of the Communists are those of the whole working class. A successful fight in this trial can only be predicated upon a genuine mass move-

ment of all ranks of the workers. A united front of all workers and poor farmers, meployed and unemployed, for the defense of the Communist Party. This is our slogan.

AN EXECUTIVE MEMBER OF THE WORKERS' RIGHTS AND ANTI-DEPORTATION CONEFRENCE

(The Militant endorses fully the efforts of the members of Toronto Branch of the Communist League of America (Opposition) on behalf of the indicted members and leaders of the Communist Party of Canada. We are however firmly of the opinion that the Toronto comrades made a serious error when they did not send delegates officially in the name of the Toronto Branch of the Communist League to the United Front Defense Conference. We cannot think of any

tactical considerations that would per mit of such a policy: Particularly in able. The way to fight best on behalf the stifling bureaucratic methods of the the Stalinists to the test on their latest "turn" on the united front in defense work, by demanding admission to the conference in the name of the Toronto

Communist League of America (Opposi- ordinary run of things. What is of moment, however, to revolutionists and Communist workers is that a Soviet Commissar, functioning under the banner of Communism, finds it easy to converse with the persecutors of the Turkish Communists. Still, these friendly visits, of "no political significance", are understandable from the signer of the imperialist's Kellogg Pact, not to mention that "friendly understanding" between Stalin and Kemal Pasha who exiles Leon Trotsky, the world's outstanding living Bolshevik, to It took the floor and stated that as a little island on Constantinople's out skirts.

May we just add the society column touch by informing our readers that Litvinoff has not made a "friendly little call" upon comrade Trotsky. Yes, indeed, such a visit would have political significances.

MASS MEETINGS

ST. LOUIS .--- A mass meeting to celebrate the 14th Anniversary of the Russian Bolshevik Revolution is scheduled fer St. Louis, Mo., on Saturday, November 7th, 1931 at 8 P. M., at the Cruden Branch of the Public Library. The speakers will be Joseph Angelo of Springfield, Ill., John Roberts and Tom Stamm. Admission is free. The meet ing is under the auspices of the St. Louis Branch of the Communist League of America (Opposition).

Mass Meeting at Staunton, Ill.

An anniversary meeting in celebration of the 14th year of the Russian Rev olution will take place at Staunton, Ill. on Sunday, November 8th, 1931, at 2 P M., at the Labor Temple, Lodge Hall. The speakers are Joseph Angelo and John Watt, representing the Miners' Educational League and Tom Stamm for the Communist League of America (Opposition).

A mass meeting to demand the release of Tom Mooney and Warren Billings will be held at Staunton, Ill. on Sunday, November 15, 1931 at 2 P. M., at the Labor Temple, Lodge Hall. The speakers will be Charles Bloom, representing the St. Louis, Mo. Metal Trades Council, and Tom Stamm for the Communist League of America (Opposition).

MILITANT DANCE

The Third Annual Militant Dance of the New York branch, Communist League of America (Opposition will be held Saturday evening, November 21, 1931. The place is the Stupvesant Casino, 9th St. and Second Avenue. Come and give us an opportunity to get better accurainted -HERBERT CAPELIS.

FOR YOUR LIBRARY

Books by Leon Trotsky

THE STRATEGY OF THE WORLD REVOLUTION 86 pages, two-colored paper cover 25c Introduction by Max Shachtman

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IN THE INTERNATIONAL OF LABOR **Reviews and News of the Working Class and Revolutionary Movements**

ranks.

C. C. I.

Stalinist Formulas

LETTER FROM GERMANY

The New Party Turn The Menace of Fascism Increases

...

The dramatic and gigantic convulsions | is the fact, that for reasons of presuge of world capitalism are at present un- the former policy cannot be liquidated and continues in existence altogether infolding over a far vaster scene than that organically side by side with the latter of Germany. All attention is converging and in contradiction to it. However, from the point on England.

> Social Democrats Discussing Russo-German Relations

omic support from Soviet Russia.

field must not be lost sight of for a single moment. For the economic reserves of British imperialism are incomparably greater than those of Germany, which have been dilapidated and wiped out by the war. Besides, and that is the main factor as proven by the everytlay experiences, no Communist party exists in reality in England; while in Germany, despite all the mistakes, we have a Communist party that counts as a serious factor.

of view of the revolution, the German

Nevertheless, the internal situation in Germany is not devoid in important events these last few weeks. Above all, there is the reappearance of the National Socialists on the political arena, as expressed on the one hand, by their return to parliament and, on the other, by extra-parliamentary actions. Thus, on the Jewish New Year the National Socialists organized a veritable little pogrom, similar to their attack on the shop fronts last year. The measure taken against them are of no account, the ring leaders were not even summoned to court. We see therefore, that in view of threatening weather, the bourgeoisie is once more forced to utilize the National Socialists after discarding them for six months, and despite the internal successes of the Bruening policy, it is obliged to consider once more seriously what an extraordinary dilemma the Socthe prospect of Fascist arms.

Fascism Again Shows Its Fangs

At the time when the bourgeoisie withdrew the Fascists from parliament and the great strike struggles showed that the trade union bureaucracy was still quite sufficient to "pacify" the working class, we characterized this as an "honorable" retreat of the National Socialists, as a clever economy action of the bourgeoisie which only nourishes its bloodhounds to the degree to which it needs them-while several panic sowers raved about an approaching Fascist putsch. And in the same maximer, while Thaelmann bragged about the "decomposition" of the Nazis we maintained that they would return, because neither the objective factors (the crisis, ruin of the petty bourgeoisie) nor the subjective factors (unsound policy of the C. P., the state of division and indecision of the proletariat) had disappeared. Experience has proved our contentions to be correct. In the meantime, fascism has gone through several transformations in its structure ("legalization") which makes its dependence on finance capital, if possible, even more apparent than before and which has made the

fear of the winter. The leadership wants in advance to deprive all eventual rebellions of an organizing center. 'How can all this end up? The policy of the C. P. during the last few years prevents this opposition from turning toward the Communists. If it does not capitulate, it will be forced to create a new centrist party.

The Social-Democratic Opposition and the New Centrist Party

the opposition to cease all practical activity or to face expulsion. This crass measure is undoubtedly explained by its

Such a party is historically outlived The social democracy has likewise been forced to take a much greater poliin Germany and the historic failure of tical initiative. And it cannot be denied the Two-and-a-Half International will also always serve as an enormous obstathat it employs a certain aptness in docle to such innovations. On the other ing this. It is struggling persistantly hand, the tendency in favor of such a and even resorts to old articles by Engels to justify its theory of the "lesser party is very strong.* This is due to the evil".* It is particularly occupied with fact that many have forgotten or have an intense discussion on Russo-German not at all gone through the experience of the Independents, whereas the misrelations, for the present as well as after the revolution. It denies that Rustakes of the C. P. exist before the very sian credits would have any effect in eyes and in the memory of all. Such a obtaining work for the German workcentrist party will naturally lead to a ers, bringing the most ridiculous argugreat confusion and will be a great ments against them, which shows what obstacle in the development of the Gera tremendous propaganda force Communman revolution.

ism possesses and to what degree the In conclusion, I want to give another Opposition was justified when it proexample that illustrates vividly the posed, two years ago, the slogan (the physical decline of the German working slogan of large, long-term credits to the class under the crisis and under the yoke Soviet Union-Ed.), which the party of the decrees. The German professors characterized as "counter-revolutionary". sho up to now have been so proud that Under that same angle, the socialist Germany outnumbers France in jobless party is also carrying on its agitation and cannon fodder, are emitting cries of on, "Is a Soviet Germany Possible?", indignation and despair. For the first still "proving" in a dishonest and intime, the percentage for the number of ept manner, that a Soviet Germany birtus in Germany has fallen below that would not be able to get sufficient econfor France. While in France there are 18.1 births per 1000 inhabitants, there

are only 17.5 per 1000 in Berlin. All this in reality only proves in -E. BAUER. Berlin ialist party already finds itself. It is un-

fortunate that even the leadership of the * Referring to the support ("tolera C. P. is forced to recognize the fact tion") given the Bruening government that its members in the factories are in- in view of the "greater evil"-prospec capable of facing this question, simple tive fascist domination. -Ed.

as it actually is. This is the punishment * In the next issue of the Militant we for the education carried on in the Stalwill bring an article dealing with the de inist spirit and in the sermons on the development of the revolutions in the velopments of this tendency and with "national" framework during the last creation of the new centrist "Socialis: Labor Pure --Ed. few years.



Developments in England and Ireland that in many areas the workers are left In less than a week from now the leaderless as far as the party is concern-General Election will be over; in the ed. The Election Manifesto of the party meantime all parties are as one in their gives no lead for workers in constitu efforts to veil the class issues that lie encies where there are no Communist candidates: that is, no lead as to what at the root of the recent events in Great should be done by workers on polling Soviet Government", "Defend the Sov-Britain. Mr. Snowden-two months ago the day. Since there are over 600 seats and jet Union", "Down with the Kuo Min

financial genius of the Labour Party- only twenty-five Communist candidates Tang", "Down with Imperialism", etc. on paper, and is not a realized power." entertain no illusions. The peasantry has described Labour's policy as "Bol- it will be readily seen how the policy In principle the party rejected the dem- A letter published by the party organ, either follows the bourgeoisie or follows Mr. MacDonald, of 'concentration' will work. shevism gone mad". now leading the Conservatives, explains More 'Self-Criticism' that he is still a Socialist, Mr. Thomas At a recent meeting of London factory endeavors to prove that the policy of group and local Party Committee memthe late 'National' Government saved the bers, W. Rust opened a discussion on workers from increased unemployment. the party's policy in the crisis. He at-From the platform of the Labour Party, tacked opportunist tendencies within the Mr. Henderson explains that he is not party saying that the party had, during opposed to the idea of a national governthe past few weeks, been dragging along ment, and spends most of his time tryat the "tail" of the mass movement, that ing to convince his followers that the it had pursued a concilliatory line to Labour Government did not agree to wards the Independent Labour Party and 'cuts', or rather that they only agreed had committed numerous Right errors "provisionally". All the old catchwords. This was true but Rust is as responsi-"tariffs", "free-trade", "currency reble for these mistakes as anybody in the form," "nation before party" and so on, party leadership. At a conference of are being trundled forth a hundred times London party members, held early in a day in newspapers, on posters, and ership. September, he ignored to answer quesfrom all platforms. tions on this point. He attacked the line Sir Oswald Mosley's 'New Party' is of the Left comrades in the party and now openly fascist; its programme is one ignored the manifestations of the Right of open dictatorship and around its cantendencies at the conference itself. And, didates are grouped trained athletes for as editor of the Daily Worker, Rust has the defence of their meetings. But the helprü more than anybody to add to the workers have replied to this in no unconfusion existing in the party. certain fashion. It is impossible for The fact that he is raising points of Mosley to hold a meeting without it criticism shows that the leadership realending in a pitched battle. At Birmingizes its weak position and that we can ham 15,000 workers howled down the expect, within the near future, a state speakers and then, after dealing with of "self-criticiste" within the parky. the stewards, chased the speakers from The comrades of the Left Opposition the platform. In Glasgow an 'admission should be pressured for it and win the by ticket meeting was stormed by thoumembership to their point of view, not sands of workers and broken up. merely by criticising the present policy There are twenty-five Communist canof the party but also by setting a policy didates; already some eight or nine of of its own for the party to adopt. them are in prison. The authorities are The Irish Ferment making every effort to cripple the Party. Candidates and their agents are jailed, The new 'Coercion' laws of the Irish the printer of the Daily Worker has been Free State Government have drawn atsentenced to nine months imprisonment tention to the tense situation existing in the Irish Free State. All of the miliand scores of local unemployed leaders are in prison. This is an indication of tant working class organizations have what will happen after the election, for been declared illegal, including the varthe employers will certainly begin a big ious Revolutionary Workers' Groups, the wage-reduction offensive resistance will Friends of Soviet Russia and the 'Workalso in a change in the personnel. In | tempt to organize resistance will be | ers' Research Bureau. The insurrectionmet by all the forces at their command. ary republican groups have also been Provided the party works along the declared illegal, and flogging and the right lines it should gain support and death sentence are to be the punishment added influence: this throws great re- for acts endangering the "Public Safesponsibilities upon comrades of the Left ty". Twelve people are already await-Opposition for the present leadership is ing trial before the special Military incapable of doing other than blunder Tribunals and there are signs that befrom left to right and add confusion to fore long the threats of the Cosgrove Government will be translated into deeds. the already confused state of things existing. The party is extremely weak in Ire-The party's election campaign has been land, but apparently the insurrectionary very badly organized and their policy section of the Republican movement was has been one of confusion from start to preparing for some form of action or the members (members who fear to be finish. The insistence of the locals in other: this, coupled with the position of expelled save themselves by formal reputting up 'demonstrative' candidates industry, has driven the Government to cantations; those who are ably and her has partly prevented the carrying out harsh repressive measures. I will send the last congress of the Red Trade Union of the original plan of 'concentration' fuller details when things are a little so long as these conditions exist, the upon selected constituencies. But in clearer and more information is availof the creation of new trade unions, but London, acting under Party instructions, able. In the meantime an agitation is together men struggling for ideas, ceases rather the work in the Free Trade Un- many party members are deserting their beginning here, and as far as possible to exist. The Chinese party is thus liqions was stressed. But what is unfor areas and keeping in places where a openly in Ireland. tunate about all these healthy attempts, party candidate is going to the poll. So London, October 21, 1931

While we are writing these lines, a very important crisis is taking place in the Socialist party. The leadership of Manchurian Events and the Communists the party has put the alternative before

> (Continued from page 1) year (1931) . . . the participators were shadow of the party.

only the vanguard of the vanguard. The Yet we read in an appeal to the Comproletariat is very weakly organized." intern, R. I. L. U., etc., by the C. C. The defeat of the "red army" at Changof the Chinese C. P. that it spoke as sha in August 1930, and the subsequent "the Communist party of China with its regime of white terror made the E. C. 190,000 members and the millions of C. I. shudder at the consequences of its workers and peasants-"! (Inpreccor, own policy, and was the real reason for No. 38). And still the rabid reaction replacing the Li-Li-Sian leadership in rages throughout China. In fact, in the order to save the face of the C. I. and Shanghai Eastern district-the biggest to sidetrack the wrath of the Party industrial district-there are party members only in one big factory, numbering

The letter blamed Li-Li-Sian for the about 20, but when meetings were callfailure "to organize and strengthen the ed, those attending were not as many revolutionary base, to unite the Soviet as five! The late Hsiang Chu-Fa, in his districts, to consolidate the conquests report to the fourth plenum of the party already made . . . to organize the re-(January of this year) said: "The red treat and draw in the reserves", and trade union movement has sustained for the attempt to cary out "the tasks great loss and damage, the membership of the occupation of Changsha and the in the whole country greatly decreased. To take the example of Shanghai, the preparatory march on Hankow which the Red Army has not the strength to membership (in the red trade unions) fulfill." Upon such feeble arguments has dwindled from 4,000 to about 1,000. the E. C. C. I. announced the line of In Shanghai, we have no connection with many workers' struggles, there are many Li-Li-Sian to be principally antagonistic and mutually exclusive from the line strikes which we cannot lead."

of the E. C. C. I. and to be anti-marx-In other industrial cities, the situaist and anti-Leninist". They adopttion both of the party and the red trade ed two formulas: to consolidate the union movement is only worse. There is not the least indication to prove that revolutionary base" and "to struggle for things have improved for the better. the victory in one or several provinces".

The aforementioned letter of the E. The Protective Ambiguity of the C. C. I. has set the central tasks of the day for the party as follows: (1) to sel-The Stalinist directives are always ect and consolidate immediately the real double-meaning and therefore infallible. red army of workers and peasants. Even Since the sixth congress of the party at the beginning it numbers only 40,000 (1928), the perspective of the party had to 50,000 strong. (2) to establish immebeen to "struggle for victory in one diately a powerful and capable Soviet or several provinces." Whoever was government with a majority of Commundoubtful of this perspective at the time ists and get the best non-party workers, of low tide of the revolution was called peasants, and soldiers to join in it. (3) a liquidator and counter-revolutionary. In the non-soviet districts to develop the But when the most loyal and most coneconomic and political mass struggle and sistent Stalinist, Li-Li-Sian, seriously in the process of struggles to organize strove for this perspective (capture of the masses. Changsha and the preparatory march on

Actual Conditions in the "Soviet' Areas Hankow), then he was all of a sudden Thus the chief attention of the Stalfound not to have consolidated the revinist bureaucrats is paid to the Red olutionary base, he was branded as anti-Army and the Soviet government, and Leninist and having principally noththe slogans "Defend the Red Army", ing in common with the line of the E. "Defend the Soviet government" are written as placards on all occasions The letter of the E. C. C. I. was fatal whenever there is a big event taking to the party and opened a new page in place. The workers in the cities are inits life or, rather, its degeneration. Poliduced not to believe in their own organitically it means the complete ideological zations and strength but to believe in disarming of the party, the loss of its the liberating role of some force outside perspective and orientation. Hitherto them-the Red Army and the Soviet disthe whole party had been educated by tricts. But what are the real conditions the perspective, although a false one, in the Soviet districts and the Red of the immediate seizure of power "in Army?

one or several provinces" and "the arm-First of all, it was Stalin who said at the 16th Congress of the C. P. S. U. ed uprising in the big and biggest cities", but with the downfall of Li-Li-Sian in the party, this perspective was that in China "it was said that there scattered to the winds. This perspecis formed a Soviet government." But tive is replaced by such empty slogans later on the letter of the E. C. C. I. categorically denied this and said: "there is as "Defend the Red Army", "Defend the not yet a Soviet government in China; if there is, it exists only in the leaflets, Party Construction discloses the real contic slogans. The slogans of armed

| left undone. All that remains is a faint just as they addressed the former governors.'

> "Owing to the fact that the masses do not understand the Soviet, therefore in the red districts there are concealed many reactionary elements, and the Soviets are helpless toward them . . . "Party Construction"-N. 3-3-1931).

Mismanagement in Peasant Affairs

The editor of this organ pointed out that such things happen also in the Kiangsi Soviet districts. The party press and the letter of the E. C.C. I. complained that the rich peasants, and even the small landlords creep into the Soviets, into the Red Army and into the new organs of power. The land was divided in favor of the rich peasants; the poor peasants, the agricultural laborers and the coolies are not organized into unions. The Soviets are not elected but appointed, etc., etc. But the Chinese Stalinists, together with the E. C. C. I. attribute all this to the faulty line of Li-Li-Sian. Therefore they issue on paper such slogans as "Against corruptions", 'Against bureaucracy", "Against the Right tendency"

They fail to understand that the causes lie deeper: in the nature of the peasantry, which is completely incapable of independent political action; that when the city proletariat remains passive, it is inevitable that the peasant guerrila warfare degenerates.

The red peasants partisans have withstood three campaigns started by the Nanking government against them during the past year, even though troops, armed with modern munitions, often outnumbered them two or three times. Yet the red partisan army has defeated them successively, killing two divisions commanders. The weakness of the government army lies in the fact that dissensions exist among the generals and the soldiers are not quite willing to fight (they complain against their officers, underpay, bad treatment), while the red partisan army enjoys the support of the peasantry; this gives them a big advantage in conducting the war. If Chiang Kai-Shek is helpless even in the face of the red partisans in one province, Kiangsi, when in the cities, dark reaction

heaval of the entire nation? The Kiangsi partisan warfare in a certain sense is a standing indictment of the crimes of Stalinist leadership in the second revolution, when it capitulated before the bourgeoisie. This time the Stalinist leadership capitulates before the peasantry, concentrates its whole work in the partisan warfare, dissolves the party into the peasant masses, giving up city work; makes the proletariat look up to the red partisan army as its savior just as it formerly made the proletariat believe in the bourgeois Kuo Min Tang as its savior. Let us the proletariat.

governs, how can he cope with the up-

PAGE 3.

road toward coalition still more ac cessible than was previously the case.

On the other hand, Bruening is constantly making attempts to extend his base, since his position is extremely precarious. The extra-parliamentary defeat at Geneva was this time quite complete. Despite this, German capitalism has as yet been reluctant to capitulate, it still hangs on to its program: equal rights, instead of subordination to the other capitalist robbers. This position is possible only due to the incessant and furious attack on the standard of living of the working class, due to the unlimited and unheard of support granted to the crippled private enterprises by the state. With this aim in view, the different provinces, Prussia and Saxony among others, have issued for their part, decrees that grant the reduction of salaries for the functionaries, layoffs, tariff increases, the suppression of the budget for cultural subsidies, layoffs of teachers, reduction of pensions, in short, all the measures that go under the name of national self-defense. Simultaneously, there has been a new, violent attack against the working class.

The Communist Party Changes **Its Course**

On the occasion of the mutiny of the British sailors, which produced great enthusiasm among the German workers, more than half of the Communist papers have again been proscribed. In addition, Bruening has ordered the creation of special tribunals. This is very significant among other preparations for the winter, since a great number of militant revolutionists have already been arrested. These events, the unadmitted defeat of the referendum and the directives of the E. C. have forced the party to change its course. This expressed itself stead of Thaelmann, the notorious Heinz Neumann is now being played up. In any case, it is surprising (and after all the years of the "third period" it is even unbelievable) that offers of discussion are made to the socialist leaders at public mass meetings, which has not failed to produce an embarrassing effect on these people, who have taken recourse to the vilest sort of police tactics. In replying to the program of "National Self-defense" with concrete counter-proposals. with the program of the "Red Self-defense", we find a crying contradiction to the practice pursued up to the present by the party. In the same way, at Opposition, there was no longer any talk

uprising and Soviets are not taken off dition in the Soviet districts which enthe agenda. It is necessary to prepare. tirely confirms the views expressed by But either this perspective will not be the Left Opposition. Let us quote a when the broad masses are indignant taken seriously by the party ranks, or part of it.

the party in the future will head into another catastrophe, the blame for which will be laid upon the executors. Such is the mechanism of the Stalinist leadership. Therefore, the letter of the E. C. C. E. swore that only those who have done badly, the masses . . . consider the nothing in common with Bolshevism can interpret this line as a line of retreat, Just the contrary, this is a completely masses adopt the attitude that since they disordered retreat which sowed confusion among the ranks of the party and lesparty comes to rule them". sened their confidence in the party lead

"Most party leaders in the Soviet districts are kept secret from the party The Weakening of the Party Apparatus ranks. The Communist members do not Organizationally, the letter of the E. know what the Communist party is. At C. C. I. means the mechanical removal the time of the suppression of the Wangand the expulsion of responsible but not Ching-Wei group (Kuo Min Tang Reso meekly obedient party workers. Most organizationists), they wept at home beof the old leading members and cadree cause they thought they had joined the were removed and replaced by inexperireorganizationists. The responsible party nced and theoretically poorly educated workers forget the party. For three or students returned from Moscow who enfour months, the party organizations and joyed absolutely no confidence in the nuclei have not held meetings." In the party and who are distinguished by their mass organizations there are no party absolute obedience to the directives of groups.

the E. C. C. I. (its representative was "The majority of the comrades of the red districts are corrupt, become bureau crats and express a Right wing tendency They think that since political power is already conquered, nothing more is to be done, they engage themselves for whole days in the hunt of women. . . . "The responsible comrades of the Sovhai and North China and has its own iet government do not give solutions to

the general practical demands of the masses. At the same time the rich peasants occupy two thirds of the positions in it. The majority of the com-

missars are bureaucrats, so that the and address the' commissars as "sir",

It is just at this time, when the Manchurian events stir the whole nation, over the non-resistant policy of the Kuo "Concerning the influence of the party Min Tang, when the mass movement

among the masses," the letter from the flows over the dams of the Kuo Min Western Hunan and Hupeh Soviet dis- Tang, when the students and the downtrict runs, "because the propaganda work trodden masses come out spontaneously was not done on a general scale and and write in handwritten placards against Japanese imperialism, just at Communist party is little better than the this time, when the leadership of the Kuo Min Tang, and in many places the Communist party is required, there is no Communist party. In face of such a are the subjects, it doesn't matter what great hurricane which arouses millions to the danger, the Chinese party com-

pletely fails to understand the meaning of this invasion as the grabbing of Chinese territory, the wringing of concessions and special rights which are possible because the Chinese Revolution is at its lowest point. The party sees the Japanese invasion only as an intervention against the Chinese revolution and the Soviet Union. Therefore their slogans, "Down with the intervention against the Chinese Revolution and the Soviet Union", "Defend the Red Army and Soviets", etc., are not grasped by the masses

What an irony of leadership if we are to remember the following part of the letter of E. C. C. I. which said: "The E. C. C. I. deems it not only feasible but necessary to maneuver with the imperialists-we must at the same time with all means weaken the alliance of imperialism with the Chinese counterrevolution, to avoid the decisive conflict with it till we consolidate ourselves, to postpone the decisive struggle with the imperialists."

The Manchurian event is a great warning to the revolutionary Communists in masses have no confidence in the Soviets China when a national ferment is not (Continued on page 4)



To celebrate the third year of the appearance of THE MILITANT. AT

Stuyvesant Casino 9th Street and Second Avenue ON

Saturday Nov. 21, 1931 - at 8 P. M.

DANCING - GOOD TIME FOR ALL - BUFFET Admission: 50 Cents Auspices: New York Branch, (Communist League of America (Opp.)

centre and local organizations. Still other important workers, removed from positions,) went over openly to the enemy, and organized skillfully the spy work which led to the arrest of tens

of important party comrades (among them comrade Hsiang-Chu-Fa), to the disclosure of underground party organizations, and to the standstill of party

work. The arrested comrades were shot immediately without any ceremony. The party press often complains of the unprincipled and personal fights of the different groups. They become distrustful of each other and lack the spirit of comradeship. So long as the free discussion of the problems of the revolution is prohibited, and the leadership

dominated by careerists, and the party demands obedience and lip-service from severing are found outside the party); party, as an organization which groups -ANGLICUS. | uidated and destroyed by Stalin. He has completed what Chiang Kai-Shek has

Miff. Therefore, these students are also called Miff's-group). Some of the former leaders were relegated to local work. Others were expelled and formed a Right opposition which bears a prominent economist tendency. This opposition at first attracted many workers in Shang-

THE MILITANT

(Continued from page 1)

of large and long-term credits to the

this living slogan as counter-revolution-

ary. It conflicted with the theory of

The Conditions in the Factories

It is axiomatic from a revolutionary

standpoint and the aspect of the develop-

ment of workers' control, that for every

increase in the productivity of labor in

the Soviet Union, there must result an

approximately corresponding increase in

the standard of living of the workers-

their wages, working conditions, etc

The industrial proletariat particularly,

the carriers of the future hopes of hu-

manity, must participate in every gain

But under Stalin, there has been by

In the field of foreign policy, there

early days of Lenin, Trotsky and Chich-

erin. It is indeed a long journey from

capitalist powers who also signed it.

the Party. The Party, in a fundamental

etc. The actual role of the Party as

The Stalinist policy is the policy of

and large a policy of production for the

made by industry and agriculture.

"socialism in one country".



AMTER WILL GET YOUR **MONEY BACK?**

PAGE 4

The New York municipal election campaign of the Communist Party has crete issues of the class struggle. And with a growing response. The Opposinot been without its funny side, even if the joke has been at the expense of tion comes out the gainer from every Communism. This was to be expected encounter. with Israel Amter as the head of the the offensive, and their confidence grows ticket. Amter is the candidate for boro every time they pit the platform of the president of Manhattan. If he is not Marxist wing against Centrist empiricelected it will not be because he did ism, whether it be in a general discusnot try; not because he stopped short of gion of principles or in the consideraextravagant promises. The revolutionary tion of tactics in a single action. In this Marxists have always regarded elections conflict of ideas which is at the bottom as an opportunity for revolutionary proof the factional division in the Communpaganda Amter has been demonstrating ist movement, even the youngest and how they can also be utilized for the most vulgar reformist vote-catching. We Opposition have an incalculable advanare well enough acquainted with the typical American bourgeois politician, among whom the reformist socialists can be in- of the Centrist leaders is demonstrated that the Stalinist bureaucrats cannot cluded, who promise the voters anything on every occasion. and everything. It is a strange role for Communists, however, and not an edify-

ing one. The Daily Worker of October 27th reports the appearance of our candidate at a meeting of depositors of the U.S. Bank the Mooney campaign they could not who are still whistling for their money. answer. The open forum conducted by It was evidently an enthusiastic gatherenlivened lately by the participation of ing. "A great ovation was given Amter when he was introduced", says the report. And the jubilation of his hearers did not stop there. "Several times during his speech he was loudly applaudting hooligans upon the young Marxists ed." If these cheers were for Com, munism one could only be glad. But ing last Sunday| But that is a poor rethis, unfortunately, was not the case. The depositors had something far more immediate in mind when they shouted for the standard-bearer of the revolutionstronger (than the hooligan's fist and ary party. They were simply excited at the prospect of the recovery of their lost deposits, and were hailing the man is an intensification of the political acwho dangled this prospect before them. tivity of the Opposition, as was indicat The report in the Daily Worker quotes Amter as saying: "The Communist Party ed by the National Conference, the first pledges to you that if I be elected I'll fruitful results of which have already use all my official power as boro presi- been recorded. These activities and reand small depositors for a militant the Left Opposition are learning how

fight to get their money back." Such are to conduct the political struggle. This the campaign arguments of Stalinist is not a secret art. It consists primar-Communism. With all due respect to the intentions ist ideas and the intransigeant defense

of the candidate, we do not think he of them. The Opposition is armed with could make good with this promise even an invincible platform which has been if he is elected boro president. We go verified in every concrete question by the further and say such promises should test of experience. It is this fact which not be made by a Communist in any case. gives the Opposition fighters such un-It would be far better and certainly for more in keeping with the elementary increasing influence in the ranks of the conceptions of Communism to ex- proletarian vanguard in proportion to plain to the depositors that the ex- their activity and aggressiveness in ex propriation of small owners by bank pounding the platform. swindles is just as much a part of the capitalist system as their ruin by competition, and that salvation lies in the revolutionary overthrow of the regime and not in the promises of a city official to halt its normal processes and restore that which existed yesterday.

Communism is the doctrine of the socialization of property, including the banks. The small proprietor engrossed with his little store, his little farm or his little bank deposit is not a Communist. He can become one only insofar as he comprehends the hopelessness of the contest with centralized capital and adopts the property viewpoint of the prothe members of these doomed classes

New York, N. Y. Under the act of letariat. Communist propaganda among March 3, 1879. Vol. IV, No. 30 (Whole No. 89)

Martin Abern

Max Shachtman

will prevail over it.

What is needed to hasten this victory

bounded confidence and assures them an

THE MILITANT

Published weekly by the Communist

League of America [Opposition]

at 84 East 10th St., N. Y.

EDITORIAL BOARD

Arne Swabeck

Entered as second class mail matter,

November 28, 1928 at the Post Office at

-J. P. C.

Maurice Spector

FORCLARITYANDACTION | Hail The Russian Revolution !

«Young Spartacus» to Appeal to Membership of Y.C.L.

Three leading members in the Chic- Opposition is keenly felt. An organ that ago District of the Young Communist would reflect these developments from ences, forums and other places where the League were recently expelled from the their inception, influence them with its radical workers come together and deorganization. All three comrades, Norfend there the ideas of Marxism on conman Satir, Ruth Andras, and Nathan Gould were former members of the Dis-trict Bureau. They were expelled because of the sharp criticism they levelled at the character of the regime that Wherever we have forces they are on prevails in the Y. C. L. In essence it was an attack on the strangulating bureaucratism in the Y. C. L.

C. L. and for genuine Marxist education. The action of these comrades must be hailed as a progressive sign and a reawakening iny the ranks of the Y. C. L. When it is recalled that practically the Militant could not possibly have that appeal for young Communists that a sepone form of expression of dissatisfacarate opposition youth paper would untion in the Y. C. L. for the past period most inexperienced representatives of the has been an ever-accelerated turn-over doubtedly have. The appearance of in membership, then this latest manifes-Young Spartacus will unquestionably tage. The appalling ideological poverty tation is indeed insignificant. It proves arouse widespread interest in the ranks of the Y. C. L. It will immediately pose rob all the young Communiss of a sense The whole district apparatus of the of self-reliance and capacity to think, I. L. D. in New York had to be brought though they may clothe themselves in down upon a single branch to expel two the mantles of official Communism and young Oppositionists whose questions usurp the traditions of the October revand arguments regarding the policy in olution.

An interesting aspect of this latest rethe official Party in New York has been that it originates almost wholly on youth from above, will concern themselves with grounds. It does not assail the policies "Trotskyites" who have gained ground in of the Party, it is not organizationally more about them. every discussion. It is true that the related to any group in the Party, nor bureaucrats revenged themselves by set- does it connect itself ideologically with any Party current, as for example, the to beat them up as they left the meet- Left Opposition. While this demonstrates the vitality of the Communist youth and compense. The Communist workers will augurs well for the future-the ability know how to pass judgement on this of the youth on its own initiative to fight form of "debate". The political line is for a correct regime-it at the time reveals a profound weakness. If this revolt were not to transcend its present stage, it would merely dissipate itself, and lose the real value it could contribute to the Communist movement.

We Must Reach Y. C. L.

It is particularly when faced with of our project. We are confident that such developments that the unpostpon- their response will be commensurate dent to organize all the 400,000 workers sults demonstrate that the adherents of able need for a youth paper of the Left with their understanding.

Activities in the Ranks of the Opposition ily in the assimilation of scientific Marx-

We have mentioned in a previous issue our intention of organizing a group of active Militant builders. This is now taking form and has already some results to show. We named already in our announcement some comrades upon whom we relied to make this a live item. This depends entirely upon their activities. We have heard directly only from two of these comrades mentioned by name. Meanwhile a number of others have already made their application and ecome accepted in the group.

The qualifications for membership are very simple. Just hustling for Militant subs. and in this manner building the circulation to make the Left Opposition organ a much more powerful medium a much more powerful organizer for our movement. This includes also the secur James P. Cannon ing of renewals for the expired subscriptions. We are sure we have many comrades ready and willing to take up this work.

> We list under this heading only such readers who on their own initiative dents should send in their names at C. I., social-democratic theories would sent in their sub or their renewal.

-G. R.

- C. R. Hedlund, Minneapolis

ist apparatus which tolerates no critic-The class in the "Fundamentals of ism or program other than its own. Thus, Communism", conducted by comrade the proletarian dictatorship still exists, but Stalinism is eating at its roots and Martin Abern has begun, and classes are its heart, the Party. held each Monday evening at the hearquarters of New York Branch of the Communist League (Opposition), 84 E. isolation for the Soviet Union, an under-10th Street. There is still opportunity estimation of the role of a Communist to enroll before the next class, after Party and the Communist International. which registration for this class is closed. With the acceptance and espousal of the

The class in "Marxism" to be conanti-Marxian theory of socialism in one new subscriptions and renewals secured ducted by Arne Swabeck will begin on country, it was inevitable that not only by the efforts of our comrades, not those Monday, November 9. Prospective stu- in the Soviet Union, but throughout the once.

in time take their hold.

During the period of Lenin's life four Congresses of the Communist Internaa world-wde campagn for the extension tional took place, as follows: First Con-Soviet Union by the capitalist countries. Third Congress-1921: Fourth Congress Stalin and his stupid lackeys branded -1922. Lenin's death followed in January 1924 and the Fifth Congress was in 1924; four years elapsed between the Fifth and Sixth Congress of the C. I. in 1928; three years have since passed and there is not yet a word about a Seventh' Congress. Thus loudly, but without words, shouts Stalin his contempt for the Comintern.

Here we will only mention that Stalinism, carried over into many other countries, as in Great Britain, hoped to jump over the inevitable step of the development of a British Communist Party, and thus helped to carry out the mangling of the British proletariat and Party through the "actions" of the now dead, but unlamented Anglo-Russian Committee. And the manner in which Stalinism aided by Mensheviks like Martynow, helped to strangle for years to come the Chinese Revolution. Need we mention how the Communist International ignored, and Parvda lamented, that the Spanish Revolution, still in mighty motion, might hurt the preservation of the peace of Europe; forgot the cause of revolution and clung instead to that pitiful reed of peace by agreement with capitalism, "of collaboration peacefully of the Soviet and capitalist world." (Litvinoff).

Soviet Russia — the Fortress of World Revolution

Despite all, Soviet Russia remains the fortress of the world revolution, its prelude. The Russian Revoultion still is powerful in its own right-despite Stalinism. The fundamentals remain-which the second party and fourth international has been a wide departure from the advocates fail to see-: The prevailing property relations are the socialized and nationalized means of production and that period to the "diplomacy" of Stalin distribution; the monopoly of foreign and Litvinoff who finds it possible on trade by the State remains as a bulwark, behalf of the Soviet Union, to sign the The Proletarian Dictatorship stands; Kellogg Pact of the imperialists and to Soviet Russia is a WORKERS' GOVjustify this non-revolutionary action on ERNMENT. The education of the massthe ground that the Kellogg Pact en- es, the militancy and achievements of forces "moral" (sic!) obligations on the the workers and Bolsheviks during all the years of the Russian Revoultion, The Changes in the Communist Party have planted deep the roots of revolu-In the Communist Party of the Soviet tionary practice and the doctrines of Union there have been tremendous Marx, Engels, Lenin, Trotsky. On an changes, which took on the speed of a international scale, in varying degrees, locomotive with the expulsion of Leon this is true also. Therefore, the Inter-Trotsky and the Left Opposition from national still lives and the Opposition calls for the policy of the regeneration sense, is non-existent: it is melted into and reform of the Communist Parties the masses by the method of mass infil- and the Communist International. The tration into the party by whole factories, Opposition and its ideas live and will conquer. The HERITAGE OF THE the leader of the masses is vitiated by RUSSIAN OCTOBER STILL REMAINS. the bureaucratic control of the Stalin- It is for us to be dedicated to the task of preserving that heritage and increasing its wealth. Stalinism destroys, but Leninism rebuilds again and again on a higher plane.

The Platform of the Opposition-And the Future

With comrade Trotsky and the Russian Opposition, we say, even as it was said to the Stalinist Central Committee on October 23, 1927:

"We stand at the helm of Bolshevism. You will not tear us away from it. We are going to hold it true. You will not cut us off from the party. You will not cut us off from the working class. We are familiar with repressions. We are accustomed to blows. We will not sur-Theory has no boundary lines. Even render the October Revolution to the polvorkers, is being conducted by the as the Left Opposition warned, national fitics of Stalin-the entire essence of which is contained in these few words: League of America (Opposition). For ist Parties in other countries (witness Repression of the proletarian nucleus, particulars, write to Leon Goodman, the German Party and the recent refer- fraternization with the compromisers of endum). The theory of "socialism in all countries, capitulation before the one country" became "internationalized". world bourgeoisie

C. Sheckett, Boston Joseph Carter, New York H. Capelis, New York P. Shulman, New York M. Kent, New York Sylvia Bleeker, New York Jack Carmody, New York D. Plarinos, Youngstown, O. L. Brayer, Cleveland

C. Sheckett, Boston 1

Leon Goodman, Phila.

N. Y. CLASSES BEGIN

Our Young Spartacus must become a positive factor in saving for the Communist movement those innumerable young workers who are lost in the astounding turn-over in the Y. C. L. Our paper will explain to them the causes for their unfavorable reaction to the life of the Y. C. L. and show them the way which will lead to a Leninist regime in the Y. C. L.

But in order to transform our good plans into better reality, we must have the assistance of all those advanced Communists who realize the significance

in the minds of numerous Y. C. L. memsake of production, a false concept of bers the fundamental questions that sepsocialist construction; productivity has arate the Left Opposition ideologically increased at the expense of the working from the Stalinist and Lovestone facclass: that is a damning indictment of tions. For the first time young com-Stalinist practices. The regime within rades who hitherto have been oblivous to these burning issues, and have followed the shops has deteriorated. More, not volt against the bureaucratic regime is in blind faith the decrees handed down less, control, must be vested in the workers in their shops, their committees, their unions. Instead, manthese problems, and will want to know agers, trade union officials and State and

advice and criticism, point out the nec-

essary steps, and finally guide them into

the Marxist channels of the Left Opposi-

tion, is the next link that the Commun-

ist League of America must forge in its

chain of steady progress. Our Young

Spartacus must become a powerful in-

strument for the intensifications of the

struggle against bureaucracy in the Y.

The Young Vanguard, even were it to

appear with unfailing regularity in the

party bureaucrats increase their domination over the workers. Dissatisfaction naturally arises with this non-proletarian policy; workers shift from job to job, hoping for betterment; shop control and discipline become weakened, which the Stalinist bureaucracy thinks can be over come by decree. A principle of Communist management and workers' control is involved in these prevailing Stalinist methods in the Soviet Union.

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should emphasize this idea all the time Such events as the bank failure create favorable opportunities for its reception. Therein lies their chief value to the rev olutionists.

The Stalinists, who stand everything on its head, have not made an exception of this question. In their frenzied endeavors to mobilize the petty-bourgeoisie for the election they do not stop at holding out to the samll owner the utilized owing to the absence of a Comillusion of security in his possessions. munist party. The ferment is so deep

They even promise to restore that which and strong that not only the lower sechas already been taken away. And this, tions of the Kuo Min Tang are more mind you, under the existing capitalist pronounced dissatisfied with the policy regime in which the progressive expro- of the o cial Kuo Min Tang, not only a journal organizing workers. In Shangpriation of the small owners and the is the military grip to a certain degree hai, we are organizing anti-Japanese imsmall producer proceeds by a law of the slackened so that the masses are to a system itself. By such methods the pet- great extent free to write slogans, hold ty-bourgeois masses will not be won meeting and express views; but even in swamp.

THE OPPOSITION ON THE OFFENSIVE

Out

The correspondence from the field in the Kuo Min Tang itself is guilty since the recent issues of the Militant tell a it cannot put the country in order. The convincing story of the increasing activity and aggressiveness of the members of the Communist League. The reports, show beyond all doubt that the systematic educational work, upon which our faction is grounded, is being supplemented more and more by direct participation in the life of the Left wing labor movement. The Oppositionists are penetrating into the unions and non-party rade Trotsky, then the blows of the Kuo

Read !

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1931 Bundle rates, 3 cents per copy

certain opinions are expressed against

the random slaughter of Communists be-

cause they are vigorous youths, and that

masses need leadership. Provided with

correct tactics, the Comunist party would

Progress and Hardships of the

Left Opposition

The Chinese Left Opposition, after a

Soon

During the last two weeks the follow-Subscription rate: \$2.00 per year; for- ing comrades have results to show for eigh \$2.50. Five cents per copy. their efforts by way of actual subscrip- Communism, composed mostly of young tions secured.

Manchurian Events and the Communists on May 21-22 of 13 comrades, one of (Contiued from page 3)

whom is a member of the standing committee, another important Opposition worker was arrested on August 16th. Despite the blows dealt to our organization, we still march forward, publishing perialism associations among the Kuo Min Tang workers.

Our central organ, The Spark, now over to Communism, but the Party itself the Nanking government, the strong bul- has been transformed from a semi-monthwill be dragged into the petty-bourgeois wark of reaction and counter-revolution, ly into a weekly, unfortunately in mimeograph form. Besides, there is a local Shanghai semi-weekly for the workers: we are planning to start another legal and printed paper. The workers now are beginning to move and we shall grow with their movement. The sustenance of the national movement hereafter will chiefly depend on whether the workers will actively enter the arena with anti-Japanese strikes and manifestations.

Despite the fact that the Stalinists continue to slander us and call us liquidalong period of disunity, no sooner had tors and counter-revolutionaries, the rulachieved unity under the leadership of ing Kuo Min Tang has a sober view upon the International Secretariat and comus. The Stalinists fail to compromise us by expulsion: the public and the working-class recognize us as Communists, just as we never fail to recognize Wang Chang-Wei and Co. as Kuo Ming Tangists despite their expulsion by Chiang Kai-Shek. By the expulsions, the Stalinists only weaken Communism and make possible their bureaucratic selfpreservation.

In the theses of the propaganda de partment of the C. C. of the Kuo Min Tang, sent to its local organizations, after analysing the controversy between the Stalinists and the Trotskyists, they reacted in the following words to the controversy: the tactics of the "Trotskyist" group towards China are more venomous and dangerous than those of the Stalinist group. After the defeat of the Stalinist tactics of guerilla warfare, the Communist party will go over to the Trotskyist tactic. In the near future, there will inevitably be a split into two parties." The Kuo Min Tang indeed knows which of us is the more serious enemy. It is a better answer to the Stalinist slander than any on our own part. We hope only that the time is not far distant when this "danger" will be turned into a real one. Shanghai, China, October 2, 1931

NIEL-SIH.

STUDY GROUP A study class in the Fundamentals of

Philadelphia Branch of the Communist socialism developed among the Commun-327 So. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CHICAGO CLASSES A class in the Fundamentals of Communism is being conducted by comrade Charles Curtiss on Thursday evenings at the headquarters of the Chicago Branch of the Communist League (Opposition), 1435 No. Western Ave.

the day, the central slogans of the Com-Additional study classes are being conducted by comrade Hugo Oehler in the to the fact that the best defense of the form of a Marx-Lenin study group, and Soviet Union and for the temporay stavalso a class in the Fundamentals of Coming off of another world war, was munism by comrade John Edwards at 1118 West Madison Ave.

Chicago workers wishing to register n any of these classes may do so by getting in touch through the Opposition headquarters.

The Development of National Socialism

With it, to mention but this major cause.

there followed the decline of the Com-

munist parties. The War Danger and

Defense of the Soviet Union became,

without relation and analysis to the

current situation and burning issues of

"The platform of the Opposition is on the table of the Party. The proletariat thinks slowly, but it thinks strong. The decision lies in the last account with the political course, and not with the bureaucrat's fist. . . .

"Your persecutions, expulsions, armunist Parties. Lip service was given rests, will make our platform the most popular and the closest and dearest document of the international workers' movement. Expel us. You will not stop best carried through by a consistent the victory of the Opposition-the vicstruggle against one's own capitalism on tory of the revolutionary unity of our living issues. The Communist Parties party and the Communist International."

Proletariat Greets Sailors' Strike

"Comrades! Your strike frightened

-MARTIN ABERN.

Greek Left Opposition in Appeal to British Sailors

have in the main become reduced to au-

xiliaries for the Soviet Union.

(We reprint here the leaflet address- | open alliance with the landowners, mine- | our power to obtain the reinstatement ed to and distributed among the British owners, bankers and other big capitalists of all expelled Left Communists into the sailors on October 10th at Salonica, Communist Parties. and militarists. The same dirty job is

Greece by the comrades of the Left Opposition in Greece, the organization of the Bolshevik-Leninists (Archio-Marxists). The previous issue of The Militant mentioned this distribution of an

appeal at the time of landing of the sailors from British boats. We are glad to print the entire appeal as an evidence of the policy of international solidarity on behalf of the working class.-Ed.) The appeal follows:

THE APPEAL TO THE BRITISH SAILORS

"To the British Sailors.

"To the British Working Class and the

world proletariat.

"Comrades:

"A month ago 12,000 sailors of the British Navy struck in protest against Committee and on instruction from the the attempts of British capitalism to Communist International from which the shift the burden of the economic crisis. best Bolsheviks, among them Leon Trotengendered by the capitalist system, sky, the collaborator of Lenin, were exonto your shoulders and those of the British workers. They are cutting down pelled. the unemployment dole, reducing wages, while the expenses for armaments, for in your country also, the great work the preparations of a new war are conto redress the Communist Parties, with tinually increasing. the assistance of the International Left "At the head of these efforts the capi-

Communist Opposition, is going on. At talists of your country put the traitors the head of this task is Trotsky, the position and comrade Trotsky! of the Labor Party-the MacDonalds, organizers of the Russian RED ARMY Snowdens and Thomases-who made an AND NAVY. We all must do all in tion !

committed against the British workers by the Hendersons, Maxtons and Kirkwoods who are agents of the possessing world capitalism and met with great enclasses among the British proletariat. thusiasm from the world proletariat. "The post of these traitors is full of You, by your action, have forced the such treacheries against the working capitalists to retreat. You have learned from your own experiences that only class. In the General Strike of 1926 the same leaders betrayed the struggle of your organized and concerted action secures victory. Your example revives

the British working class, with the colthe history of the Russian comrades laboration in this instance of the Stalhoisted the flag of the Revolution and inist leaders of the British Communist aided in the destruction of czarism. Party.

"Comrades! Today, in the whole world,

Hence, the world proletariat considers your action as a good beginning and blow "When the Communist Party of Great against the British money bags. To-Britain could have really become the gether with the proletariat of your counvanguard of the struggling proletariat try, you must accomplish the destruction and unmaskedd the treachery of the Macof your capitalist regime, under the Donalds, Citrines, Purcells and Company, leadership of the Communists and the the British Communists worked hand in hand with them in the Anglo-Russian

International Left Communist Opposition. "The Greek workers are whole-heartedly with you.

"Long live the British Sailors!

"Long live the British Red October! "Long live the Soviet Socialist Workers' Republic of Great Britain!

Long live the Soviet Union!

"Long live the International Left Op-

Long Live the World Social Revolu-

Watch For It Published by the National Youth Committee, Communist League of America (Opposition) YOUNG SPARTACUS official organ of the Communist youth opposition in the United States, prints news, articles, educational material and editorials on the economic and political situation in the United States and elsewhere, particularly as related to the youth and young workers in industry. It prints also the writings of Leon Trotsky and other leaders of New York, N. Y. 84 East 10th Street Fifty (\$0.50) cents per year (Canada and Foreign \$0.65) 5c per copy. ***** YOUNG SPARTACUS New York, N. Y. 84 East 10th Street Enclosed please find fifty (\$0.50) cents for one year's subscription:

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the International Left Opposition of the Communist movement.

Young Spartacus

organizations. They appear at confer- Min Tang fell upon us. After the arrest

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grow rapidly.