

Takoradi, Ghana
14th July, 1963.

Dear Grandma!

If your little grandchild fails to carry out an assignment at the proper time, you spank him if he is not quick with an apology! I realise that I have delayed too long in writing and I speedily apologise and ask for forgiveness.

These has been very many things wrong with me for the past four months and all my correspondents have been let down. Each time I decide to write something unforeseen comes up and I have had to make an opportunity pass by after another but, today, nothing short of a miracle can stop me from writing.

This is being done hurriedly, so, please, in reading it, try to forget about grammar, good spellings and all the niceties which characterise a good English writing — moreover, as this comes from an African.

I am really delighted to have had a second letter from you and to learn that you have had another publication for the enlightenment of the world. I have read your Political Letter (New Series No. 4) and the outline you give of your new publication. It is comprehensive but I am glad that you invite readers views and suggestions to ^{up} improve.

2/ bring it up to date - The publication may be complete but your invitation is the surest way to get to know if there are any loopholes in it and also to know how and what others think. I hope when I get my copy, I shall be able to express a view on it.

Your Political Letter speaks of Rajakarun, Eichmann's right-hand man - Hitler's assistant in crime. It seems the world has not learnt anything from history, for we have a duplication of these bloodhounds who have been placed in power by accident and force in many parts of the world. These parties do not have any connection with Hitler - on the surface, at least - nor the Nazi Party - because these two are on approbrium, at least, to all humanitarians. But some of these present-day ruling parties, especially in Africa, ape Hitlerism and Nazism. Some, in fact, out-Hitler Hitler in trickery, thievery, treachery, torture methods and in all the infamous T's. An (in) famous political leader in Ghana is reported to have told his close friends that "it is very good and advantageous to us to be Hitler-like at home only if we do not cause international war, as Hitler had blundered and done".

These Hitlers of today cover their misdeeds with fine and euphonious

3 pronouncements to fool foreigners. But we who are living within hear much of their actions and deeds than their 'fine' words, as the former are much louder than the latter.

To fool outsiders the more, especially those from other African states, they are invited to Accra and are given red-carpet treatment. These officials and semi-official visitors, apart from the many amenities they are allowed to enjoy and overtures by Nkrumah, such as a guide of a party indoctrinated tight-skirted wench, a pocket allowance of £8 (\$22.40) a day, are awarded Diplomas in Economics, Political Science (Nkrumahism) and Trades Unionism after a days 'University education' at the exclusively C.P.P. activists' Kwame Nkrumah Institute of Economics & Political Science in Winneba. No people could be so manifoldly fooled!

Last year, a Kenyan visitor to Ghana on returning to Nairobi exclaimed that 'Ghana is paradise on earth! It is the political Mecca of Africa!' And, Nkrumah, the Muhammad Four time! I presume that if the last August-bom that disloyal bomb, had got Nkrumah, the visitor would perhaps have added that he had visited and seen the Flagstaff House, the tomb of Muhammad!

Kenyans, Nyasas, Malians and Somalis visitors, apart from the free board, lodging, transport expenses paid are given as much as £8 per day pocket money, while a Ghanaian labourer, the producer of the wealth, earns 6/6d (91 cents) per day,unday unpaid.

4/ The Somalian students we have here on State Scholarships enjoy every facility with us on the Campus, yet they are paid £8 per week pocket money while Ghanaian parents with children to educate and feed find it extremely difficult to cater fully for their charges.

Nkrumah does all these to advertise himself, he has on many occasions claimed that he is the greatest African political leader. But this is a view history will decide. Nkrumah claims that all other African leaders, except Modibo-Kita, Dr. Hastings Banda of Nyasaland, and Sekou Toure of Guinea are imperialist agents.

Mr. Sekou Toure has recently joined these 'imperialist agents' by his condemnation of the assassination of President Olympia of Togo, by his joint communique with Nigeria as regards de jure recognition of the new Togo regime and his invitation to President Charles de Gaulle of France.

Radio Ghana has in recent days had many insulting things to say about President Sekou Toure. The radio which is government controlled has bluntly told 'poor Guinea' that but for Ghanaian aid she would not be in existence as France withdrew everything including the little money that Guinea had in the Treasury, immediately she attained independence. That Guinea has been most ungrateful in going with Nigeria against Ghana after tricking Ghana into loaning her £10,000,000 sterling. That Guinea and Sekou Toure have had a lot to say about the 'just assassination' of Mr. Olympia, and Toure has even gone as far as to call

for a U.N. enquiry to bring the culprits to book, and if possible, to the guillotine; and, as a sockdolager, President Touré invites General de Gaulle, 'the imperialist and Guinea's adversary'; and not Nkrumah, the Osagyefo, the saviour of Guinea, Ghana and the Congo!

With all these happenings, President Touré who is a man who possesses the *Savoir-faire* has been very diplomatic. He has although been pertinacious in his association with Nigeria and the views he holds as regards African unity and affairs his few remarks in reference to Ghana has been praises, and praises for Nkrumah. And the Nkrumah press has been splashing these Touré praises on the front pages. In fact, as my Nkrumait friends have told me, "sometimes, we do not know whether to whip Touré or to pat him on the back!" They are flabbergasted by his wisdom. Mr. Touré knows that Nkrumah likes nothing but praises. No leader can be so flapdoodeled!

Ghana has been lavishing gifts of money and scholarships on certain dependent and independent African states in order to woo them to her side, but the question many are asking is: will these states, in the end, go with Ghana? Guinea

6/ is cold, Mali is on the fence and Congo (Leopoldville) now curses our hospitality and punctiliousness. With these experiences, the only wise thing for Ghana is to use the loan from the world Bank and the U.S.A. in improving the living condition of the impoverished civil servants and the peasants of Ghana.

Here is a trick indebted workers adopt to evade their creditors: If A is indebted to B, A goes to C who is a friend and arranges with him to appear at A's office on pay day so as to snatch A's pay packet from A's hands as if A is really indebted to C. This leaves B in an awkward position; B cannot collect the loan he had given to A back because, it is in his presence that C has snatched everything that A has had for the month.

This sort of trickery is on the increase in Ghana because the workers are taxed beyond endurance and prices of commodities and services have risen to the point that the workers cannot make ends meet.

When a worker is unsuccessful to adopt this trick he returns home at the end of the month empty to face the landlord and his family in agony.

"7. A few days ago, in Ghana Parliament, Nkrumah told the world a lie when in a speech about the Addis Ababa Conference and the Charter of African Unity rapped Portugal in these words: "Portugal is the poorest state in Europe and the average Ghanaian, as our statistics show, is now wealthier than the average citizen of Portugal." Yes, he refers to our statistics - Ghanaian statistics.

We have also heard of Russian statistics and Chinese statistics and how false they are. And since Nkrumah has been continuing Nazi, Russian and Chinese statistical methods to prove things, we are not surprised when he tells the world that the average Ghanaian who pays £5 out of basic wage of £10 to the landlord and $\frac{1}{5}$ of the remainder to government taxes is better off than the average Portuguese.

I think that Ghana and Portugal are equal economically and politically - both nations are admittedly, ~~not~~ economically backward, and politically both are prison-houses of nations. What of freedom of speech and association in these two countries which have earned the odium of Autocracies by the actions of their present leaders?

Those who have had the opportunity of reading the reports on the trials of Mr. K.B. Ofori, the imprisoned member of Ghana's parliament and that of also imprisoned Jose Bernardino, a student of the Higher Technical Institute of Lisbon University and General Secretary of Inter-Association of

8) Students of Portugal, can answer best. In both cases, no witnesses were called, and in the case of the latter the P.I.D.E. and the judge reiterated second- and third-hand information as charges against the accused. ~~The~~ Ghana's equivalent of this infamous P.I.D.E. was represented at the trial of Mr. Otchere by Nkrumah's fellow tribesman who has been promoted Attorney-General, Mr. Kwaw-Swanzy, who read very long and confusing statements which he alleged to be confessions by Mr. Otchere, but which every Ghanaian knew were false. Mr. Otchere was not allowed to make any statement in court. He was however asked to make his plea after the Attorney-General had read the indictment, and Mr. Otchere, of course, pleaded 'not guilty' and added that he had been refused a counsel and also permission to see any of his relatives while in prison. The Attorney-General denied any knowledge of hearing of the case was this, and the case was adjourned for judgement to be given a few days later. When the day came, Ghanaians were told that the prisoner could not come to court. He had been beaten to near death we later learned from discharged prisoners. Mr. Otchere, an avowed anti-Nkrumah, had originally been accused of having a hand in an illegal bomb-buying deal, but this charge was dropped and was convicted on a fabricated charge of "attempted suicide". Perhaps the authorities considered the original charge less serious than the suicide charge! Mr. Otchere

is currently serving a five-year prison term.

Perhaps, the only difference between Ghana and Portugal is that the latter is anti-white while the former is pro-communist. Portugal is led by a scholarly leader whom no panic can ruffle, while Ghana's leadership is the opposite. Nkrumah, the Show Boy of Ghana, believes in empty verbiage and gaudy showmanship. I think that this infamous Portuguese leader has some advantages over Ghana's Nkrumah and this pushes Portugal a little bit ahead of Ghana.

It is an offence to join any political organisation which does not sing the praises of Nkrumah in Ghana, while in Portugal it is an offence only to join pro-communistic organisations.

Nkrumah's criticism of Portugal therefore amounts to the provincial pie-bald black sheep reproaching his equally pie-bald neighbour on account of his very colour.

Apart from his many instruments of "mass-persuasion" or instruments to force the people to follow him, apart from his many overtures to other African States to boost his wonkey reputation, Nkrumah has a very well paid court-crier, Mr. Akuffo, to compile and sing poetic appellation.

of in his praise over the radio.

These are women who are paid very fat salaries (minimum £80 per month) in all the regional centres of Ghana whose only duties are to sing Nkrumah's praises and to shout encomiums while he speaks.

I happened to meet some people who are allowed to meet Nkrumah and they told me, "He (Nkrumah) says, if the people are fed up with me and will now not show spontaneous admiration for me, I shall make them do so. I have the money to give out to them, the radio, the Young Pioneers, the Police and the Army are all mine, and these can entice, persuade or force any people to do my bidding." And he is really using these many instruments effectively to advantage. He has even gone farther by splitting the workers' united front. He is now increasing the salaries of certain categories of workers, such as the Army, Police, the Nurses and the workers at the Flagstaff House, Nkrumah's residence, members of which are now all Niemas - people of Nkrumah's little tribe.

Nkrumah today holds on to power by means of propaganda. He tells us "If they don't say ~~that~~ then art,

"I say I am". He always points out the things he had done for Ghana and Africa in general, which are false. Ghanaians know that Nkrumah spends £5,000 on a school building and tells us that he had spent £50,000 — the £45,000 goes to his favourites and his own accounts in Egypt.

Alan Bullock in his 'Hitler, A Study in Tyranny' tells of this saying by Franz von Papen, the pre-Nazi German Chancellor, "Great men are not created by propaganda, but grow until their deeds are acknowledged by history," and adds that, those who aspire for fame should "first of all think of quiet selfless service, and of reward and recognition only at the very last, or not at all."

President Nkrumah better take a leaf out of this von Papen book and stop these "I have done this, and I have done that" for Africans "don't buy a goat by the way it bleats". We have his portrait on our coins, our stamps and a £34,000 statue of himself at Parliament Square but we consider all these needless. Where are the many statues build in memory of Joseph Stalin in Russia and in Hungary and in East Berlin?

The Trades Union Congress of Ghana exists only on paper, today, never telers John Kofi Tettegah still enjoys his fat pay of £5100 per annum. After Nkrumah had thrown

12 - in much money to help build it and united the workers, he has realised that the workers can turn the tables on him at any time if they remained together and united, as the 1964 strikes has shown. So, in recent months, he has pruned and trimmed the T.U.C. to a mere skeleton. All the T.U.C. bosses have been found new jobs in the Statutory Corporations, the Flagstaff House and in the C.P.P. Secretariat and yet retain their salaries as fit and designation as T.U.C. officials. They come together only when foreigners come from in to meet the T.U.C. officials of Ghana or a delegation of T.U.C. officials are required to go abroad to represent the Ghana T.U.C. But there has been no reaction from members of staff who have been affected by this "trimming" because, as one of them told me, "I now enjoy even a higher salary."

In deed, and I repeat, the Ghana T.U.C. is non-existent — it exists only in a name. The workers whose working conditions and pay have been improved have been asked by the government to withdraw from the T.U.C. and form any association or organisation they like. So members of the Teaching profession, Nurses, Police, Court Officials and members of the T.U.C. secretariat are out, leaving the only the meagrely paid civil servants to contribute 24 shillings per annum per member for the so-called T.U.C. officials to share.

13. During this year's celebration of the Ghana Railways 60th Anniversary, an engine driver upon hearing that Nkrumah would be calling to speak to the workers commented "This Nkrumah is getting too uppity, and one of these days, we are going to run him down like the Choo-choo train." Nkrumah learnt that the workers were not very much in his favour as when the struggle for independence started, so he stayed away from all the functions of the celebrations.

Ever since Nkrumah formed his Convention People's Party (C.P.P.) in 1949, the slogan of the party has been "FREEDOM". How sad it is that this good slogan has tended to be in bad hands! Ghana has been independent for six years now, and three years after Republic and up to the present, the year 1963, the people still shout FREEDOM! Freedom from what? one may ask. And the unwary may think and answer that it is freedom from poverty, ignorance and many of the infirmities which tie humanity down to mediocrity that the people are inveighing against. Yes, but no, madam. It is genuine freedom - the freedom which an American sage has ~~seen~~ defined as man's

14 inalienable right, that the people -
of Ghana shout for. Freedom to speak
one's mind, freedom to associate with
all peoples, freedom from fear of
detention, freedom to enable lawyers
to appear in courts to defend accused
persons without fear, freedom to enjoy the
fruits of our labour, the freedom
which emboldened us to fight the
British lion and defeated it! Yes, that
is the freedom the workers and
people of Ghana shout for today -
six years after independence and it
three years after the republic has
come into being.

Nkrumah denies us this freedom,
but we feel that freedom is something
like the free air we breath, and one
must not make noise about it
before one is allowed to enjoy it. With
that same emboldenment and sense of vit
with which we won our national freedom
from the British Imperialism, we shall
win our fight for genuine freedom
from this black neo plutocracy which
oppresses us. In attaining this end, we
know that it will take a little killing of our
selves, as the Algerians urge., but out of
that "shall rise the sun of freedom"
Better a revolution at whatever cost

(15) and which will bring us genuine freedom
than this assian quietude. The powers
that be know that we are conscious
of their grip on us and how determined
we are to shake them off our backs
at any moment, so they are leaving
no stone unturned to imprison all the
militant workers and are fortifying
themselves against the day when the
workers shall be in a position to join
battle with them.

Nkrumah, now rule by terror,
intimidation and bribery: On 14th
February in Kumasi, the City Council
held elections to appoint a new chairman
and his vice. The Chairman, Mr. James
Dunson, a ruffian and a person of very
questionable character (He was a gambler,
a street fighter, a jockey and later, an
attendant for Army offices during the war)
was challenged in the Council's elections
by Mr. Yiadom Sefa-Boakye, a very gentle man,
a qualified nurse who runs a private
hospital in Kumasi. James Dunson had
been the chairman of the council for four
consecutive times, spreading over
eight years continuously, and during that
period bribery and corruption had been
on the increase. Dunson had awarded
contracts to some European Building Contractors,
Boris and Lawrence, and had asked
them to build ~~them~~ a palatial house off the
Technology road in Kumasi, as a tip.

16/ But the contractors made the mistake of finishing the building, which is the tip, before the real contract - the building of Kwame Nkrumah Market in Kumasi.

When Owusu saw that he has had a fine building with swimming pool, marble decorations and all that can make a King laugh, he arranged with his friends at the Flagstaff house and had the poor contractors deported immediately. The contract has been given to another people who has finished with it.

When the Kumasi City Council elections came on on the 14th February, the councillors who knew of this unscrupulous deal vowed to topple James Owusu, Nkrumah's Kumasi representative. Fourteen of the twenty two voted for Sefa-Brukye and eight voted for Owusu. Owusu's defeat was unbelievable. He at once dashed to Accra, crying he saw the Osagyefo, the saviour to save him and on the 15th, the following day, the election was declared null and void. Owusu was forced on the Council as chairman and the fourteen council members who had voted against him were thrown out of the council by an order from Nkrumah.

It is known that this James Owusu and one Ebene Djan, Ghana's Director of sports had been taking bribes for Nkrumah between 1951 and 1959, so he is determined to silence

17. these his agents in fraud, always
and he has got to, because, when
Steve Djan was jailed in the early 1950's
for fraud, he did not mention Nkrumah's name.

That Nkrumah indulges in such
dirty and unfair practices is evidence
~~from~~ in the case of Savundranyagam
the Ceylonese Commercial magnate who
was swindled for his £100,000 by the
Nkrumah administration and deported.

One S.I. Idris, a Deputy Minister of
Information, had taken the money and
given Mr. Savundranyagam false letter
confering the right of ^{exploiting} prospecting all
minerals in Ghana on his company—
the Camp Bird of Britain.

When the case came up months later
Nkrumah had then travelled to Britain
and Idris alleged that he had signed
the letter on "instructions from above"
and that he had given £25,000, out of
the amount, to Nkrumah, and £10,000 to
Mr. Baidoo Ansah, the present Ghana's
Ambassador to Japan.

When Nkrumah returned from Britain
to learn that Ghanaians were advocating
for a commission to enquire in this Savundra
nayagam affair, he announced; "so far
as I am concerned, this Savundra
affair is closed, and closed forever!"

18/ Savundra was deported and that
was the end of the affair.

This Baaboo Ansah, Nkrumah's tribe-
man, was involved in an illegal
coining incident and as the case was
being heard before a court, he was
appointed Ghana's ambassador to
Japan. The case was dropped.

That the present Nkrumah govern-
ment is composed of crooks can be
inferred from Nkrumah's own speech
over Radio Ghana on April 8, 1962. In the
speech, he indicated indicted all his
closest friends: Kojo Bo Tsoi, Komla
Gbedemah, Krobo Edusei, E.K. Bensah,
W.A. Wiafe, Ayeh-Kumi, Korboe, Inkumbi
and many other top men of his admini-
stration as thieves who live beyond their
means. He asked them to either
surrender their properties in excess of
£20,000 to the state or quit their posts.
All refused to surrender a cent worth
of property. Edusei pleaded for time
to complete the imposing, magnificent and
palatial house he was putting up in a
Accra, and which was estimated then
to worth £79,000, before handing it
over. But before then, he had queried
whether he should throw his monthly
salary of £425 into the sea, seeing that

19 he was, before he went to parliament, a £7-10/- (\$22) a month newspaper worker. Mr. Gbedemah, being annoyed at Nkrumah's 'arrogance', left the country incognito to fight and expose Nkrumah from abroad.

But Nkrumah, seeing the danger Mr. Gbedemah presents, sent emissary after emissary to persuade his erstwhile lieutenant to return to the fold; Gbedemah would not, except Nkrumah assured him that there would be no dictatorship in the country. Nkrumah would not share his powers with any man so he refused to accept Mr. Gbedemah's condition. He, however dropped the idea of purging his party of all those 'thieves' he had discovered on the 7th April, (he made the speech on the 8th April), and 'Botio, Edusei, Bensah and Aye-Kumi retain their palatial buildings, the famous £3,000 gold bed and thousands of pounds sterling they had stolen and kept in the banks in Ghana and abroad till this day of writing, and still hold their posts. He realised that to practise Bolshevik methods in Ghana would lead to his early end.

Nkrumah also retains his under-estimated personal estate of £120,000 at Abari, his £500,000 castle in Egypt. His shipping agency, OSCO (meaning, Osagyefo Shipping Company) in Accra and Takoradi flourishes and earns him much profit. His £45,000 building at Sekondi Bakau which has been hired by the Western Region's Commissioner for office

20/ at £400 per month is equally very ^{to} ~~to~~ ^{as} ~~as~~ ^{be-} ~~be-~~
lucrative.

All these make the average Ghanaian thinks that socialism is a fine ideology which has gone astray or being purposely prostituted by capitalists in socialist garbs, and many Africans now so are so disillusioned that they refuse to listen to the so-called Socialists.

When the notorious Preventive Detention Act was being introduced by the government, many people inveighed against it on the ground that it was being done purposely to arrest political opponents (In fact, I was all for the Act) (Mr. James Duran, the present chairman of the Kumasi City Council was all against it; he spoke against it at a mass rally at Dunkirk in Kumasi when many people were urging the government to hurry it through parliament). But we were assured that, it was meant ~~for~~ to detain all bad people such as, thieves, murderers and hooligans who disturb the peace of the populace, and yet are set free by the law-courts. However, the Act, after gripping almost all the leading critics of Nkrumah, turned to grip the boys Nkrumah had trained to beat up his political opponents, especially in Kumasi, after he had gripped those for the opposition in Accra - the Tokyo Joes. These he called the hooligans and thieves.

After the arrest of these so-called thieves and hooligans, thievery and

and hooliganism did not disappear from Ghanaian society but, rather, went on and still goes on in a large scale. The very people who had passed the P.D.A. and had arrested the thieves found that thiefless vacuum could not be created, and so they had to fill it "by hook or by crook". To cut things short, their only hope of filling the vacuum was "by crook" and they themselves became the thieves. They, by contrivances sign cheques (checks), ostensibly, to do secret government business, and pay to their personal accounts monies from government funds. They charge contractors large sums of money as tips when they are offering them contracts. They take heavy bribes from enterprising youths before offering them scholarships or well paid jobs. They by unfair means swell the estimated cost of projects so as to pay the excess amounts into their personal accounts.

On Republic Day in 1960, President Nkrumah told his party activists to refrain from collecting the "usual 10% which is paid into the C.P.P. coffers from contractors" as Ghana was starting a new era. A party official I met told me, "If Nkrumah says that we should not turn the pipes into

22 The party tank, we are going to -
turn them into our pockets!"

Nkrumah and his band of party activists who lead the C.P.P. are shily dubbed by the Ghanaian public as "Ali Baba and the 40 thieves" - with Nkrumah as Ali Baba. These people use the theme "Socialism", their 'open sesame' to fool Ghanaians and outsiders alike, especially, unwill African states, into believing that the ordinary Ghanaian is satisfied, and that real social justice prevails in the land. But any visitor who opens his eyes properly to see things clearly and clears his ears and listens to the ordinary man in the street attentively will know how phoney Ghanaians know that all these assertions are.

That the whole of Africa is disappointed by the so-called socialists is clearly shown by the result of the Addis Ababa Conference. Ghana, who has been very obstreperous in advocating socialism was not listened to by any African state. Ghana was excluded from all the important committees, and Nigeria, Guinea, Liberia and Tanganyika scored very highly

' 23 at the conference, because the delegates were much interested in work and not noise, they were interested in practical application of decisions and not mere passing of resolutions only to be put into pigeon-holes today and thrown into the waste paper basket tomorrow, as many Nkrumah conferences had tended to be. In fact, the conference at Addis Ababa elbowed Ghana out completely in an attempt to keep communism out of Africa. The unity of the African peoples at Addis Ababa was a big blow to Russia and communism.

Nkrumah, today, is a confused man we have never seen before. Early this year, he forced the USSR and the U.A.R. to close down their Culture Houses in Accra, because, these two countries had refused to recognise the new Togo regime led by Dr. Nicolas Grunitzky, but had recognised the Iraqi regime. Messrs. Yablekov and Ahmed, the directors of the two 'Culture Houses' had to go away.

Nkrumah charged that because Togo, had no oil unlike Iraq had no oil hence the Egyptian and Russian refusal to recognise it. (I had the opportunity of meeting Mr. Yablekov of the Soviet Culture House before he left and my very good friend who used to travel with him from Accra to Asamankese on holiday trips tells me that he has once told him the what the Ghana Government practices is neither socialism nor communism.) met Dr. Ahmed that we should not

+ tank, we are going to
24 of the U.N. culture house also) to
One point of disagreement between
Ghana and Russia is that, Nkrumah, like
Mao Tse-Tung, is a disciple of Stalin, but
the present Russian friends of Nkrumah
are trying to persuade him from this
discipleship. Nkrumah very much
admires the 'tremendous advances'
the Chinese Stalinists have made
within a decade of communism and
has vowed that Ghana should follow
the Chinese line (see the enclosed press
clip marked 'A')

Nkrumah says that as from next
October all Ghanaians soldiers are going
to farm. Soldiers I have interviewed
say they are not Chinese, but, if they
say they should go to the farm, they
would very much like to go with their
guns as the Ghananian farmers do.

One officer spoke bitterly against the
idea of going to farm, and said that
their duty is to defend Ghana not
only from attacks physical attacks by
foreigners but "we are also the
sentinels of Ghana's liberties." "If they
mean to take away all our liberties one
by one as they have begun to do, then
we as soldiers have to do our duty."

Indeed, totalitarians ~~fail~~ always
fail where they think that they are
impenetrable - in brainwashing etc. to
as you said in your letter. Mr Chapman
had to resign from the headmastership

25 of Achimota school, because the government suspected that he had instigated the students to repudiate the formation of a branch of the Young Pioneers Movement in the school. The students had looked at a Cabinet Minister who had gone there to force them, if persuasion failed, to join the movement. You see, even children are resisting things which they consider are detrimental to their mental development and freedoms.

Last week, the students of Mfantsipim College refused to form a branch of the Young Pioneers there (see newspaper clip marked 'B' from Nkrumah's Ghana Evening News of 9th July)

A student from Mfantsipim has told me that Nkrumah cannot turn them into steam figurines to act at the fantoccini he is staging.

Everybody, except those with whom he shares the wealth, is against him and his ideas.

As regards Dr O'Brien, we all admire the stand he took during ~~this~~ his assignment in the Congo.

Fighting against the whole Capitalist world as he did was no mean achievement. He studied the temperam-

✓ of the Afro-Asians, and he being Irish, a people who have themselves suffered some sort of imperialism, decided to do the will of the Afro-Asians and the humanist world, apparently, to beseal the British government and their friends. He, by this, caught the eye of the world, and he was in great demand by many countries.

Ghana's president, who is always after materials for propagandistic blast saw the opportunity and seized it when O'Brien left his Congo post with his new wife. And as you know, he is here as the Vice-chancellor of our University. Nkrumah knew that if he offered and O'Brien accepted the Vice-chancellorship of the University, he could use him to further his aims. And since his arrival here, his pronouncements have not been too pleasing to us, so far as Ghana's internal affairs are concerned.

But we had an inkling of what has made a man who not very long ago proved to the world that he abhorred oppression of man by

27 man, and exploitation of any sort, changed so suddenly, in the May issue of the DRUM magazine! He intends to be with the University for three years and thereafter make his home in Ghana to devote all his time to 'original thinking, his specialty'.

How can a man of this intension criticise the Govt of Ghana, Nkrumah; Osagyefo (the warlord or redeemer or deliverer), CIVITATIS GHANIENSIS CONSUTOR; President of the Republic of Ghana; General Secretary of the C.P.P., Supreme Commander of Ghana's Armed Forces; Chancellor of Universities of Ghana; and before he married Fatima fitz of Egypt, the Husband of all spinsters of Ghana. Indeed, it pays to do the will of more powerful men. And Dr. O'Brien has not acted unnicely.

I shall advise that you forget about him at present. For, if it is his nature to fight alongside the oppressed, it is likely that after he had got what he wants, he will ~~break loose~~ burst out and the opportunity will then offer itself for the renewal of your friendship.

Students of the University to whom I have spoken maintain that Dr. Conor Cruise O'Brien is a very high voltage Nkrumist. I feel you will loose the chance of meeting him in future, if you publish any adverse report about the

23 - Vice-chancellor now.

Nkrumah, in an attempt to win back a little of the confidence of the workers of Ghana now promises to give free text books and reduce the prices of Gba Khaki which school children use in making their uniform. A Reverend Minister commenting on this free text-books propaganda said: "He (Nkrumah) has caused all the Missionary bookshops to give up all school text books in stock to Government for payment, yet he has not paid a penny to them (Methodist & Presbyterian book depots). He and his band of well-paid political associates ride about in big, luxurious cars, eat delicious foods and on top, drink champagne at our expense. He thinks that he and all those people he himself has told us are dishonest (his April 8, 1962 Dawn Broadcast) will be there on our backs always. He does not know, but God in His good time will smile them and fall never to rise again."

Before this poor believing minister preached this sermonette he had asked, and been told that his two young listeners were not of the Nzema tribe.

Last week, at Accra, a palm wine seller was nearly knocked over by a taxi cab, and when he crossed to the other side of the street, a bystander queried him, "Why did you do that, you see, that car nearly killed you? The wine seller explained "If it had killed me, that

27. would have been much better. The Gold Coast could not save me, so, definately Ghana cannot. All I know is that when the individual gets broke, he has to go to the government for loan, that was Gold Coast, but now, in Ghana, it is rather the Government who are forcefully loaning from the already impoverished individual to be repaid after 10 years time, even. There is no guarantee that they will honour their promise — a people who do not know truth. So the car and its driver would have done me a very kind service by killing me. The saddest part of the whole affair is that these Nkrumah Ministers increased their pay and those of their relatives before introducing this compulsory loan scheme, so it does not affect them in any way. When the stander-by pointed out that his remarks were loud and if a Young Pioneer or a C.P.Ist overheard him he would be in trouble, the wine seller retorted, " You and I who say that we are outside the prison walls are no much freer than those within, so let me have the peace of mind which this tropical breeze offers."

All these show that Ghanaians are

39 really fed up with Nkrumah and his administration, and they are only waiting for an opportunity to divorce themselves from him.

Nkrumah and his men we call sikadicious people (meaning avaricious people). In Ghanaian dialects, money is called sika, and to eat is di, so literally, a sikadicious person means "a money eater". SIKADIOUS is a word which has been coined by Ghanaians to describe Nkrumists, because they love money, women, wine and luxurious things than the people.

The Nkrumists have invented a method of deflating funds. I have already pointed some out. Every project or scheme they undertake has to be scrapped and restarted afresh after millions of pounds sterling had been spent, and this gives them the opportunity to pass some of the money into their pockets and into the C.P.P. coffers also. They charge their usual 10% private commission from a manufacturers and contractors who work for the state. So when a project is completed it shall have cost the state twice to four times the actual cost. For instance, the estate

(3) - housing estate scheme at Axim in
Nzema, Nkrumah's tribal area, was originally
estimated by the Department of Public
Construction at £14,000. But either through
accident or design the contract for the
buildings was taken from the D.P.C. and
given to a private contractor, Mr. Ansah,
who charged £28,000, and the public
know that a very high party personnel
had £8,000 out of the amount for his
use.

By the way, the houses at Axim are
not necessary, as that town is not
cosmopolitan but a little village. There are
two small government departments whose
total staff is under twenty — the Meteorolo-
gical Dept and Health Department. But
because Nkrumah comes from that area,
he had to build for them. While the workers
~~at~~ in Accra, Kumasi, Sekondi-Takoradi,
Tamale, Koforidua & Cape Coast have
no accommodations, modern estate
houses are empty in an Nzema village.

In Accra, the estate houses have been
shared by the Cabinet Ministers, Parliamentarians,
the C.P.P. activists and their girl friends,
while the workers hire rooms at exorbitant
rates from private landlords and Cabinet
Ministers and C.P.P. Activists who have
put up mighty mansions. At the moment
in Accra, a room measuring 12 ft. by
12 ft. costs £5 monthly.

Again, the government told the
workers that they were going to pay

32 - us fortnightly instead of once monthly. Now, after the machinery for the preparation of Payment Vouchers had been bought, and after the Govt. Agents had collected their illicit commissions from the manufacturers, the scheme was dropped.

Again, all commercial lorry drivers in Tropical Ghana were asked to wear black ties (cravate) while on duty, and High party officials made thousands of these ties and sold them to the drivers at very high rates. They managed to get a law passed which made it an offence punishable by a fine of, at least, 20 shillings when a driver is brought before a court for failure to wear the tie. And, after these Party Officials had made much profit, the scheme was dropped, and now the drivers can go out without their ties on, and they can still look decent!

The Ghana Ministry of Health has as two of its branches, a Nutrition Unit, and Community & Public Health Nursing Unit which are charged with the responsibility of advising Nursing Mothers on proper methods of feeding and caring for the child. The staff of the Nutrition Unit is paid a little less than £14 per month after months of training. But in order to create

33 jobs for which offer high salaries for the privileged children and girl friends of the officials of the Nkrumah gang, a Nutrition Board, quite different from the Unit, has been set up. It is only the known children of Nkrumah's C.P.P. officials are given jobs on the Board, and the starting pay is £24 per month as against £14 per month paid to the nonentities in the Nutrition Unit. These girls of the Nutrition Board do absolutely nothing: They go about the streets or occasionally dash along the street in a fast car, strongly perfumed and heavily made up, and indulge in conversation with everyman they know in the streets.

I happened to meet one of these girls one day and queried her jovially as to why she was not at her proper office at that time, and her reply was, "I, too, am enjoying the 'Work and Happiness' which the Osagyefo promises. You may not know, but, there are two types of people in Ghana today, those who do the work and those who enjoy the results of the work." So I cut in with the question, "You mean those who share the work and those who share the wealth?" and she answered

34 with a grin, "Exactly, that is 'Work and Happiness', isn't it?" I laughed her question off.

These Nutrition Board girls are all scholars in either school or Nursing colleges and, yet, are today enjoying better pay than their successful counterparts in the Ministry of Health. The scholarly girls of the Nutrition Unit have sent petition after petition to the authorities explaining that they have been better trained and are doing more strenuous work than the leisurely girls of the Board so they are entitled to equal if not higher pay. But the authorities have told them that the Unit is part of the Civil Service where salaries are traditionally low, and the Board is a Statutory Corporation financed by Government, so they cannot expect to have equal pay, as each is governed by different set of rules and regulations. So the disparity in pay stands.

A Nutrition Board girl complained to me that their Boss, Dr. Kute-Dankwa has engaged his own niece on the Board with a commencing salary of £48 per month. The girl

' 35 has just come off School,
explained.

Apart from the above, the following
is another example of the classless society
Nkrumah is building for Ghanaians:

In finding jobs, all are asked to go to
the Labour department. But, of course,
it is only those whose relatives are not known
C.P.P. adherents and Nremas, who cue
at the Labour offices for jobs which
take months, and sometimes years, to come.

The privileged C.P.P. adherents and
people of the Nreme tribe (Nkrumah's tribe)
get well-paid jobs at the Flagstaff House,
Nkrumah's fortified residence where a
company of soldiers (all Nremas) under five
officers are stationed, at a salary of, at least,
£45, per month. Recently workers from
the Kingsway Stores and the Labour depart-
ment told me that their former co-workers
had been given jobs at the Flagstaff House by
the Osagyefo because they happen to be Nremas.
The chap from the Labour Department was
getting £10 per month and the one from the
Kingsway was getting £16 per month, but at
the Flagstaff House they are getting £45 per
month each.

Another worker at the Timber Marketing
Board, Kumasi, has told me that a Mr. F.M. Ackah
a Nema boy, who had been sacked by the Board's
Headquarters for inefficiency, had been given a
special letter by the Osagyefo for re-instatement
and promotion as Assistant Purchasing Officer.

36/ with a commencing salary of £720 per annum, and "he is with us now".

You see how the living conditions of these socialist advocates and their relatives contrast with our austere life?"

In Ghana, when a person favoured by Nkrumah steals, the authorities close their eyes on the theft. But let him fall from the Osagyefo's favour, and they dig the bones of the centuries' old theft to exhibit to the public. I will give two instances only, although they abound.

Ghana's Minister of Foreign Affairs, Kofi Botsio, when he fell with Mr Gbedemah from the Osagyefo's favour, was accused by the authorities of buying old unserviceable but repaired fishing boats as new ones for the Ghana government, and together with certain people used very large sums of money. A committee was appointed to enquire into the fishing boats affair, and it was proved that there had been something fishy and that the accusation was right. But, at that time there was a strong underground movement by Botsio's constituents and friends to convince Nkrumah to re-instate Botsio, as he had not made any acrimonious pronouncements as Gbedemah, his equally fallen friend, had been doing in Europe and elsewhere. Nkrumah, realising how dangerous it would be to have both Botsio and Gbedemah together outside against readily agreed to

37/ have him back as Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the Fishing Boats report was thrown into the waste-paper basket.

Mr. Ako Adjei, the former Minister of Foreign Affairs who is at the moment detained under the preventive detention Act is being tried for fraud in the sum of over £28,000 sterling. He is alleged by the state prosecutor, Nkrumah's butler, to have told how he had taken the money from the Ghana Commercial Bank, ostensibly to do some secret government business but had given it to a Spirit Zebra to be doubled for him and had been disappointed and lost the whole amount.

It is a well known fact that if poor Ako Adjei is able to get people to plead with Nkrumah for him, he would be set free and resume his Ministerial post.

Ghanaians are, today, very much indignant about this un-socialist socialism being dramatised by the Nkrumah administration. But when they meet in the restaurants, in the barbers' shops and in the drinking saloons and discuss Ghanaian affairs, they end with the now hackneyed expression, "But when you point out

38/ all these evils, you the next day you find yourself in Nsawam." (Nsawam is where they have the £600,000 security Prison)

Because of this the Ghanaian intellectuals are leaving the country at such an alarming rate that the Government has passed a special law to restrain them from leaving the country. And even Ghanaian students who qualify abroad are reluctant to return to Ghana.

A Ghanaian student in Britain has written to tell me that the news that the Ghana government intends to award some 800 scholarships to some students here so as to complete their studies and return home to serve is nothing laudable. It is only a way to bind the students and force them to return home on completion of their studies.

He said, "This belated gesture is our right, and will not in any way change our minds about this unpopular government. We are all qualified scholastically and deserve some sort of financial assistance, but we know how the government has hitherto awarded scholarships. Either one has to bribe them or one

39 must belong to the Nsene tribe, and with these qualifications one can obtain a scholarship to study overseas whether one is qualified scholarly or not. It is only in exceptional cases that youths have been awarded scholarships on merit.

With the unity of Africa looming on the horizon, all workers know, all students know, the peasants and even the politicians know that sooner rather than later a new government which will not indulge in the propagation of any ill-digested theories, that will not live on our backs and sick our blood dry at the expense of the happiness and well-being of the people is being born.

I shall write again and give comments on M&F and send you the views of some friends who have read it.

I end with the fervent hope that true socialism shall be achieved in our time: And that all men; Africans, American Negroes, Lithuanians, Latvians, Hungarians and the Germans of the Soviet Zone of ~~East~~ Germany shall be free sooner than we expect.

Fraternally,

MF

P.S. Have you seen the paper "The Ghana Student" published somewhere in the U.S., by the Association of Ghana Students of the Americas. The editor is "Kwaku Baah". He has many Ghanaian - student contributors and assistants who are very conversant with events here at home.

The first issue came out somewhere in November and a copy reached us here from London. They did not show where it is printed nor their address in U.S.A. There is a contribution by one Akwawua who is a known militant agitator. They may live in the Chicago area, if not in Detroit. ~~we~~

It lies.
we
in
the
highs.