October 6, 1964

Dear Horgani

Although your "Dear Markist-Humanists" latter of August 23 was not a personal letter to me, I should like to reply to it. I do not intend, however, either to engage in a top loose use of the word " counter-revolationary" as you do, much less take igno with such an adjectival ascault as your "compulsive, hypocritical, dog—matic," Instead I wish to limit agent to what I consider the two fundamental points; the mode of production, on the one hand, and a philosophy for the 60's on the other.

Not because I have a predilection for 19th century philosophy, but because the points at issue were treated so benically by Harr, I should like to begin with his conception of why production is the determinant of all class. (I do hope, Morgan, that we have sufficient in comment that I need not hurry to explain that by "the determinant" I seem nothing so vulgarly materialistic as either the Communists or the capitalists mean in their use of this term; by he have and for Regal "the whole in the bruth" and it's only within that totality, which includes outbure as well as sconcaics, that determinant is used.) In his "Introduction to the Chitique of Political Economy" ——
I'm referring not to the book — Marx says that none people only to the fact that examy societies live by plunder; others by politics; and still others by religion.

Beveribeless, for people to have something to plunder, constring had to be at hand for plunder and that assembling at hand differed in various societies depending on the mode of production. For any recall that when he reports this thought, in a foothote in Confiel itself, at which point he also brings in Corventor Ren Religion. In a foothote in Confiel itself, at which point he also brings in Corventor Ren Religion. It is foothote in Confiel itself, at which ho with the sunday only feals with the land-ownership by the medieval church; but also the very superior—to-capitalistic-entarialism politics, the Greek Eglig. Just recently. I read a book, a very weighty book in which the specific sentence I'm referring to was said in a very casual way, as if not deserving of more than the phrace he gave it, the fact that in the great folopounesian Mare the decisive battle was wen by the best correson, of the victory of this cover they were entitled not only to the spoils of victory, but also to a say in the manner of running the Greek state, including the foreign policy with Fersian and all other contestants for what was then world power. And once these carseen were given voice in the policy, there

Mow, you can say that the crew produced nothing, and indeed they didn't, except when engaged in fishing instead of military exploits. And that was precisely Marx's point when he stressed that whereas our world lives at the expense of the proletariat, the ancient lived at the expense of the slaves, and because the slaves were the only ones who did produce and the prolatariat did not, the Greco-Roman world was brought not merely to defeat, but to a total destruction. Furthermore, Marx continued, the slave revolts, as brave as they were, could not bring on a society of a higher order media a different mode of production arose, and the reason he "preferred" capitalism as against feudalism or slavery was that this mode of production had within itself not alone its "inevitable" collapse, but the class that could reconstruct it on never and totally different beginnings. You may think that our proletariat is a minority class, and purely by virtues of numbers if nothing else, can no longer perform the revolutionary role either history or Marx, whichever you prefer, assigned to the class. All I want to stress at this point is the fact that some very fundamental looking classes

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existed in Marr's time other than workers and capitalists: the very veighty landlord chass on the one hand, and the mot-so-weighty but very vociferous petty-tourgeois intellectuals on the other. It took Marr very nearly 20 years before he decided that the landlord class would be dealt with no earlier than Vol. III, as a sub class, sharing with the capitalist, the surplus value created by the proletariat and the peasant. And it took all his skill as a historican of so inconsequential a here as "little Hapoleon" — The Eighteenth Browning — to settle accounts with the brilliant intellectuals who were proving to him how far recoved they were from the petty grossy man to whom Harr seemed to have likened than, whereupon Harr answered that they may indeed be, in status and in brilliance as far removed as they say and are; nevertheless, they cannot, in thought, now any further than the petty groser does in action.

The whole point is that production, be it enterated or otherwise, sate the condition of both relations at men at the point of production, as well as these not having anything whatever to do with production, but who nevertheless must well east to live. Yood, shelter and clothing still remain the primary pasts in as advanced a land as buckward a one as the Cambia. I believe that you understand this, then all other questions about how many are used in production now, and how many will be used before the municar bomb destroys all of society, can easily be dealt with statistically. (I enclose the report to the Convention which will dispose of that question from the statistical point of view.) Here what interests me is the methodology of deciding that constitutes a class. I cortainly cannot see how you think that the state—applicable such antegonistic elements as the recipient of relief and the dispenser of melief.

Now lot us get down to the question of the philosophy of the 60's and shether that really is so different from the philosophy of the 1950's that somehow Marxist-Humanists must, in order to prove that they do not beliefe in the theory of the "infallibility of the leader", aimit that they are wrong, and dispose of themselges. I suppose, in the duestin of history. You yourself still admit that the humanism of Harn should certainly be discussed further, thatwork es solf-activity and realization of all human potentiality is of the essence, and that the relationship of exploiter and exploited Our certainly not be disponsed with even though you are ready to define those terms The da evidently new forms. The MINA truth is, of course, that the huminism of Marxies was not only new in the 1950's, or to be more precise, the old (1844) that had to be removed for our day, but that our day includes the 1960's as well. Must in new and what I have been working on, as you know, for many years, is the spelling-out , not either in blue-rint form or in uncritically following "the war on powerty", but spelling out in the sense of despening and expanding the philosophy of freedon. philosophy of freedom, in abstract form, was dealt with in the most profound manner by Hegel in "The Doctrine of the Notion". This is the part of the Science of Lorio that This is the part of the Science of Logic, that still awaits to be transcended. It deals with the hows and whys of the birth of a new society. But it is doubt with in such "idealistic" terms that the rouder thinks that it is a question of more philosophic category, such as subjectivity, judgment, syllogism, teleology, analytic, synthetic and dialectic cognition, all ending in the Abnolute Idea, that the impression given is that it is a question only of thought and not of actuality. If ever there was a need of a "meterialistic" reading of the Absolute Idea it is now, and I mean NCW. And it would be a very brave step, dear Morgan, if you came to my aid in this, for I have no safe havens -- not even in Marx and Lenin, (because their problems were for a different age) nor even in Marcuse, much less any old radicals. And neither in philosophy, nor in accommics, is time of such short duration as you would be willing to set a period to on the question of the African Revolutions and whether or not they "lived up to my prophety".

Yours,

P.S. Please forgive the involved style; I have just returned to town and an full of the Absolute Idea which I saw very clearly on the St. Clair River, but not on Grand River.