weether the second The 1912 of the 1920 in concerns (a) for the BIACK MOSES, by Edmund David Cronon, U of Wis. Press, ,1955 P.37 - "Up to this time (1919) no Negro org. had either serious attempted or succeeded in org. of the Negro masses. None of the were him. La Yours Coho racial improvement groups, such as Nat. Urban League or WAACP, had directed much attention to lower-class Negroes, but had instead depended upon the upper classes, both wh &N, for intellectual &financial support. THIS WAS A BASIC WEAKNESS THAT TENDED TO SEPARATE THE BULL OF THE COLORED POPULATION FROM ITS LEADERSHOP...." " Now we have started to speak, and I am only the forerunner of an awakened Africa that shall never-go-back to sleep." Marous Garvey established in Jan. 1918 NEGRO WORLD, (p. 45) "most remarkable journalis tic ventures ever attented by a Negro in the US & it drew from Claude McKay, a sometime Garvey critic, the grudging praise of being the best edited colored weekly in NY." Claimed circ.of 200.000 "reaching the mass of Negroes throughout the world."
p.46CERTAIN SECTIONS PRINTED IN HRENCH & SPANISH for benefit of West Indian & Central American Negroes. The front page of the paper always carried a lengthy edit proudly addressed to the "Fellowmen of the Negro Race", &signed, "Your obedient servant, Marcus Carvey. President General."

p.47 darvey proudly recalled...strtring heroiswor such leaders of slave rebellions as Denmark Verey &Nat Turner. The struggles of Zulu & Ottenton warrior against European rule, histories of Moorish & Ethiopian empired & intropid exploits of Tousewint L'Ouverture against the French in Haiti -a s well as references to great colored divilizations at a time when white men were only barbarians &savages. MARVEY: "We are the descendants of a suffering people; we are the descendants of a people determined to suffer no longer."
(NYT, 8/3/20, coveringlargest - 25,000 ever held in Madison Sq. Garden) "We shall ask, demand, & expect of the world a free Africa"
"Declaration of the Ris of the W People of the World" demanded, among other things, capitalization of Negro; in/1929/NYState Ed of Education so ordered &1930 even NYT did so, explaining in an edit "in recognition of racial self-respect for those who have been for generations in the lower case, the .130: Carvey, Philosophy &Opinions, II, 379 .charged that Du Bois sabotaged UNIA to further his own PanAfrmovement, called WEED "purely and simply a white

Den Davie Jr., Daily Worker, June14,1940, claimed real blow to Garveyism was

man's nigger"

given by the OP"(p.149) -dominated American scene from 1914-1921-Chicago Defender on his death 6/22/40, p.169

-deacribes per. following WWI --era of New Negro reaction to the race riots Afrustrated hopes of the war years &it was an age distinguished by the great artistic &literary activity that has been justly called Negro Renaissance. Carveyism was for the most part decisively repudiated by Negro intellectuals (& yet) Claude McKay, Langston Hughes, Countee Cullen, poets but Carveyian appealed to drams of MIMS.

p.186 E intellectuals

In Sa New world and called 18 for Ath 1917 1919

P.203 Staude McKay, 1937 (A Long Way from Home) "A WI charlavan came to this country full of antiquated social ideas; yet within a decade he aroused the social consciousness of the N masses more than any leader ever did."