Dear Horbert Harcusot

Now that the school secson is drawing to a closely perhaps you will take that trip to Detroit, and thus see that it is not a question of "my" direct translation of idealistic philosophy into politics, but the dialectical development of proleturian politics itself as it struggles to rid itself of its specifically class character in its novement to a classless society. That is why I "translated Absolute Kind as the new society. You seem to think that I thus minimise the "negation" which the application of the Regelian dialectic to political phenomena presupposes. But surely Regel's Absolute Idea has mothing in common with Schelling's concention of the Absolute as the synthesis or identity in which all differences are absorbed by the "Cres". Lenix sort of put a period in that chapter when Regel speaks of the Idea as Mature, pointing out that Regal was stretching a hand to materialism. That was as far as 1915 could reach. It was far enough: for his transformation of everything into its paposite was no abstraction but the transformation of the imperialist war into a civil war.

But this is 1955, and if 4 decades dose not mean all new, we should surely start at losst not with Lenin on the eve of revolution but Lenin after conquest of power. 1922-5 shows how hard Lenin Labored to find the semething which would make his Universal—that everyone to a man run production and the state—a reality. He came up with the notion that what is needed is that "the work of the party must be checked by the non-party masses". He small thing for the creater of the party as the knowing of the proletarist!

30 years later when neither the state withered away nor the party checked itself but, on the centrary, turned into the one-party state, we must ten that the point to day is the liberation from the party. The withering away of the state (Bossn't Bugel's phrase about the "falling off" of the Idea regind you of this?) is no overnight job and the party not in power does remain the knowing of the prolatariat and hance a much more complex job, its withering away or falling off". But in that contradiction does lie the movement toward liberation and theoreticians can least of all allow themselves to be analyzed by any divisions between philosophy and politics. In truth, only when you do have the "translation" in wind; andposit the prolatariat, the freely associated prolatariat, as the Botion, can you hear the Idea at all. What is it that hazel phrases it? "The self-determination in which alone the Idea is is to hear itself speak?

Do I sound brash when I may: do come here and listent; Vithout this now impulse from the proletarist the theoretician is not just the absentminded professor inhabiting an ivory tower. He is deed and doesn't know it. Yhat is needed in this age of absolutes is not the separation of politics from philosophy but its integration. We must in fact go a step further than Lenin and where he first saw that his Marxist colleagues, himself included, had not really understood Capital before 1915 for they had not understood the dialectic and ungled us to see Capital as our Logic, we must include in that logic also history and politics. I don't go in for quantitative distinctions: which is the worst evil—the Kautskyans always "teaching" Marx or the Staliniats "applying". 1955 compels that where Hegel made it the job of philosophy to elicit necessity under the semblance of contingency, today's intellectuals must elicit the new society present in the old by seeing the human freedom totally unfolded in freely associated labor alone deciding its own fate.

Yet when I tell my theoretical brethren that I vant the two poles of the book on Marx to be that of automation and the absolute idea, they lock at me as if I were talking a foreign tengue not yet invented, which is a polite way of saying I talk gibborish. But the worker, in his opposition to automation, is counterposing his full development which is at the same time the only total technological development to the mechanical solution (mechanism and chemism) the industrialists and engineers seek to make of automation. The reason this is the age of absolutes is that the objectivity, all objectivity, is now in the prolatarist himself. That is how I read Hegol on the Absolute Idea freely releasing itself.

Inough! I don't know what got into me unless it is the fact that it is a besutiful morning to have evoked this outburst from me. When I sat down to the typewriter it was only to velcome you here.

Or is the outburst just an evasion of writing an actual outline of the book itself? I doubt I will have time to do anything like that defore the fall. (Dees that end your publisher's possible interest in it?) However, I do want you to see not alone the strictly philosophical letters that I showed you, but some of the economic ideas as I maximum outlined them when I intended to write the work on state-capitalism that I spoke to you about for all my writings are built on the necessity, may, urgency, of not tracting dialectics as if it were an adjust to Marx's sconomic theories. I enclose the autline of that work, which I will ask you to please return to me.

Fould you be so good as to mend me the mame and address of that friend of yours you wished me to ment when I was in NT: I nichaid the piece of paper and thus have been unable to write to him; it was impossibly to see him in person as I lest but a few hours after I lest you.

Has your book, including corrected pro for gone to press and are you now a free man?

Yourra